Price One Cent.

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

But One Important Nomination Sent to the Senate Yesterday.

Patent Commissioner Seymour's Son III.

GAZETTE'S BUREAU,
709 EAST CAPITOL STREET,
WASHINGTON, MARCH, 31.

DEAR GAZETTE: -The only important nomination sent to the Senate to-day was T. W. Cridler, of West Virginia, for Third Assistant Secretary of State. Neither were the names of Andrew D. White, for the mission, to Germany, or Ex-Commissioner Butterworth, for the Patent Office, sent in as heretofore announced they would be.

0 0 0 Senator Thomas C. Platt and Gen. Stewart L. Woodford were among the President's callers to-day. 0 0 0

The President this afternoon signed the Mississippi flood joint resolution, making an appropriation of \$250,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi River from the head of the Passes of the Gulf to the mouth of the Ohio River, and to supply deficiencies in the appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897.

Secretary of State Sherman was able to visit his office in the State Department this morning, and he devoted the most of his time while there to receiving people interested in consular appointments. When he eturned to his residence for lunch he remained there the rest of the day. One of the visitors to Secretary Sherman during the morning was Archbishop Ireland.

A committee from the Cigarmaker's International Union, headed by J. J. Lynch, of Chicago, and F. F. Tracy, of Boston, is in Washington. The union enrolls about 150,000 people, and has made a formal protest against the changes in the duties on tobacco, as made in the Dingley bill, claiming that they will deprive many workers of employment by causing a larger propor tion of the cigars consumed in the United States to be made abroad.

Representative Heatwole, of Minnesota, has introduced a resolution for a banking and currency commission, which is in line with the recommendations of Mr. McKinley's inaugural address and of the Indianapolis conference. The resolution recites that in view of the present inadequate banking system it is desirable that Congress have the aid of experts in making of youth."-Hour. changes. The commission is to be composed of four citizens eminent in trade, political economy, and banking, to be appointed by the President, two Senators to be appointed by the Vice President, two Representatives, to be appointed by the speaker, and the Comptroller of the Currency, and the resoluprovides that it shall report to Congress the first Monday of next Decem-

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, Consul General at Havana, has been notified by cable that his services will not be needed after April 15.

The notice from the State Department is nominally in the form of a leave of absence beginning at this date, but it is understood both by him and the department that his successor will be on the ground at that time. Gen. Lee expects to come to this country at once.

The Dingley tariff bill passed the House this afternoon by a vote of 206 to 121. Five democrats voted for the bill, otherwise the vote was on party lines. The chief debate of the day was on the amendment introduced by Mr. Grosvenor, making the duties of the tariff bill take effect on importations ordered after April 1. Various points of order made by the democrats were over ruled and the amendment was passed, Mr. Dingley made the closing speech and scored the democrats for their filibustering tactics. The galleries were filled with visitors in the closing hours of the debate.

Mr. Joseph Pulitzer, editor of the New York World, has taken Mrs. John A. Logan's house, Calumet Place, for two months, and will shortly occupy it

There was quite an enthusiastic gathering of ex-Union soldiers at Grand Army Hall last night to form a Soldiers and Sailors' National Monument Association.

Hon, John S. Seymour returned here last evening and was kept at home to day because of the illness of his little son who had his tonsils cut by the surgeon, hoping to relieve his painful attack hackman in Stamford, died Tuesday

HAD A STROKE.

Norwalk, Stricken with Apoplexy in New York.

His Condition Said to Be Serious.

George H. Raymond 2d, who resides at No. 6 Harriet street, this city, had a stroke of apoplexy in the Liberty Building, No. 123 Liberty street, New York city, yesterday afternoon, and was removed in an ambulance to the Hudson street hospital, that city, where his condition is said to be serious.

Mr. Raymond is forty-four years old and is well known in town. He has been connected with numerous enterprises here, and at present is manager of the Raymond Heating company with offices in New York city.

At one time Mr. Raymond was president of the Raymond Furnace company, whose foundry was located on Water street, South Norwalk. He was also connected with the old Austin foundry on Mechanic street, this city, when it was operated by the late S. E. Olmstead.

NORWALK GETS \$855.

March Liquor License Money Divided by County Commissioners.

Treasurer Henry Lee of the board of County Commissioners, yesterday, sent to the treasurers of the various towns in the county, checks for the amount due the towns on the division of the money received during March for liquor licenses. Of the total Bridgeport received \$104.50; Greenwich, \$190; Danbury, \$285; New Canaan, \$11.40; Fairfield, \$285; Stamford, \$997.50; Norwalk, \$855. The County Treasurer received \$143 60.

"We would sooner send to tried and true friends, gifts that should contain within polished panels and plush linings the germs of deadly disease than send to their families a newspaper conservative in pretense and churchly inmein, whose columns contain, at the side of religious otices, glaring announcements of unprincipled men, that insult adults and pollute the innocence

Proposed New Park.

It is understood that the County Commissioners are interested in having a triangular piece of ground on the Westport road near the Children's Home, transformed into a park. The Commissioners propose acting with the city in bringing about such a desirable result, and it is also understood that the Tramway company will contribute to the extent of carting all of the dirt needed for such improvement. By all means let us have the park.

The Kidlet Takes An Extra Dose.

The "Kidlet" of Norwalk's yellow journal took another dose of "dope" yesterday. It must have been an extra large dose, as the effusion he poured out while creditable to Paterfamilias. was a rank infringement on the prerogative of Ananias.

Death of John Brown.

John Brown, a representative from Windham in the Legislature, died at his home in that town, aged eighty. He was the oldest member of the House. Last Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Brown observed their fiftieth wedding anniver-

Aid For Ansonia Library.

John F, Holden, a director of the Ansonia Public Library, has received a check for \$1,000 from Oliva E. Stokes. of New York, to be used for the Library. This institution was founded by Caroline Phelps Stokes, also of New York.

Rowland B. Lacey Dead.

After a few days, illness with pneumonia, Rowland B. Lacey, one of Bridgeport's most venerable citizens, passed away at the home of his daughter. Mrs. S. S. Hunter, yesterday.

Woman Suffrage Rejected in Connecticut. The House, yesterday, rejected all bills conferring on women the same rights of suffrage as men enjoy.

Died of Apoplexy.

James Scully, for several years a of \$3,000 yesterday afternoon. evening, in the lock-up, of apoplexy.

NEW TROUT LAW.

George H. Raymond 2d, of The Legislature Passed a Resolution Making the Open Season for Trout Fishing from April I to June 15.

The Season Shortened Fifteen Days.

The GAZETTE stated yesterday, in reply to numerous inquiries, that there had been no change in the Connecticut trout law, and that the speckled beauties could be caught from April 1 to Legislature of the Old Dominion. July 1, as formerly.

The committee on Conference of the General Assembly, however, who had the proposed change in the law in charge, yesterday reported favorably on the resolution making the open season for trout fishing from April 1 to June 15, which shorters the season 15 days. The House adopted the report and passed the bill, which was transmitted immediately to the Senate, where it also passed.

As the law now stands trout fishing in Connecticut must cease after the fifteenth day of June.

JUDGE HOWARD CURTIS.

Elected by Legislature for Fairfield County Common Pleas.

In the Senate yesterday, a resolution was adopted authorizing the Governor to appoint a commission of three to sell the state reformatory site and to investigate the matter of a state reformatory and report to the assembly of 1895. A bill was also passed in the Senate providing that all street railways shall pay 4 per cent. of their gross earnings into the town treasuries instead of into the state treasury as at present.

In the House the bill substituting February 12 for the celebration of Lincoln's birthday instead of October, was favorably reported.

Howard J. Curtis of Stratford, was elected Judge of the Fairfield County Common Pleas court in both branches.

HER DRESS IN FLAMES.

Presence of Mind Prevented Serious In jury to a Little New Haven

Girl.

Julia, the 12 year old daughter of Charles A. Merwin of 33 County Street, New Haven, was badly burned vesterday. The child was raking up leaves in the back yard at her home and putting them on a bonfire. She came too near the blaze, and in an instant her dress was in flames.

No one was near and as she made no outery, she might have been fatally burned but for her remarkable presence of mind. She quickly ran into the basement and throwing herself into a sink full of water, managed to extinguish the flames.

Her back was quite badly burned. but her prompt action prevented any serious injuries, and she was resting comfortably this afternoon.

FIRE IN GREENWICH.

Handsome Summer Residence of W. S Dole Destroyed.

The handsome summer residence of W. S. Doles of New York, at Cos Cob was completely destroyed by fire yesterday. The fire was discovered by the drivers of two furniture vans which were passing the house. The teamsters broke into the house and awakened the care taker and his wife, who were found almost sufficested by the smoke. Most of the furniture was saved. The house was valued at \$10,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

House and Barn Burned.

The house and barn at Salisbury owned by Contractor James Levi of Norfolk and occupied by William O'Connor, were destroyed by fire Tuesday night. The fire is supposed to have started from an overheated kitchen stove. The loss is about \$2,000; insurance \$1,200.

\$3,000 Fire in New Haven.

Fire in the grocery store of the G. W. Loveland, at 135 Saltonstall avenue, New Haven, did damage to the amount

-Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

KEEP CASH AT HOME

Connecticut Oyster Capitalists Frightened by the Virginia State Legislature.

Chesapeake Bay Growers Given a Title to Grounds on Fox Island and Then Sued for Infringing on the

Natural Rights of the State.

in Virginia by a recent decision of the

A large amount of Connecticut capital has been prevented from investment

Last summer, William Ellinger, who owns several hundred acres in oyster farms on Fox Island, in Chesapeake Bay, visited several places in Western Connecticut, and represented that he had just been given a title to his farms by the State Legislature and that he

wanted about \$50,000 to develop them. The matter was looked into; it was seen that the land was admirably adapted for producing a fine quality of oysters, and a number of capitalists of the state interested themselves in the scheme. They have raised the money and were all ready to put it into the scheme, provided, of course, that the final trip to the grounds proved everything satisfactory.

Yesterday a letter was received from Mr. Ellinger, in which he stated that the Legislature had taken radical action recently in appointing a Commission which had been given farms in a similar manner, had infringed on the natural rights of the State and had given the case ever to the Attorney General to

The Attorney General has, it is stated by Mr. Ellinger, declared that the State has no grounds to stand on in making the claim, as Mr. Ellinger has received a vested right to his grounds.

Mr. Ellinger declares that the matter will be settled soon, but he states that he will not invite Connecticut capital till he has a clear claim to the land involved. It is probable that a representative of the Connecticut capitalists who are thinking of developing the Fox Island grounds will visit the spot at

The action of the Virginia Legislature is thought to be unwise, as it defeated a scheme to bring Northern capital to that State and develop its resources. From what the capitalists have learned of the matter the action of the Legislature in giving Mr. Ellinger a title to the grounds and then practically revoking it, is almost unprecedented.

FOR A PLEASURE RESORT.

A Large New York Transportation Company Wants to Purchase Little Captain's Island.

In the hearing before Judge Mead, of the Greenwich Probate court, upon a petition brought by Fred S. Gwyer of New York, for a settlement of the administrator's account on the Lyon estate, Saturday, counsel claimed that Gwyer was the secretary of a large New York transportation company which was desirous to obtain the title of Little Captain's Island, for the purpose of making a pleasure resort, to which excursion steamers could be run from New York. The island comprises about four acres of ground, about a mile and a half from the Greenwich shore, and has one of the finest beaches to be found anywhere slong the Sound. In 1856 the Lyon family bought the island at sheriff's sale, and Gwyer purchased a one-fifth interest. He immediately began a partition suit, but, as one part belonged to an estate that had never been settled, the court decided that the partition suit could not go on until the Probate court had made disposition of that part belonging to the unsettled estate. If the transportation company can secure this island, it is intended to erect pavilions and places of amusement, and to run steamers regularly to and from New York. A steam launch would also ply between this island and the Greenwich

The Sick.

John Jarvis' condition is reported as being serious.

James Mitchell remains about the same. His condition does not warrant much hope of his recovery. William H. Olmstead was slightly

improved of his illness yesterday. William E. Dann's condition is reported as being about the same as yes-

Frank Foster is convalescent of a three weeks' illness.

-A GAZETTE ad. wifl pay you.

FUNERAL OF MRS. FAHEY.

Largely Attended from St. Mary's Church, this Morning.

St. Mary's chure was crowded this morning, by those in attendance at the funeral of Mrs. John Fahey who died at her home on Elm street on Tuesday. A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated with Rt. Rev. Michael Tier-

ney, bishop of the diocese of Hartford,

(a son of the deceased) as celebrant, as-

sisted by Father Furlong as deacon,

and Father McGuirk of Hartford as

master of ceremonies. Among the distinguished clergy pres-

ent which included about forty priests, were Vicar-General Mulcahey of Hartford, and Father Leo, O.S. S. of Winsted, and about fifty Sisters of Mercy from different parts of the State.

The services were of a very impressive character and a hush of due solemnity pervaded the church while the mass was being celebrated. The pallbearers were children and grandchildren of the deceased. There was no ostentatious display and the funeral was conducted in a reverent and quiet manner fitting to the age of the deceased who was universally respected.

The interment was at St. Mary's cemetery the remains being followed to the grave by a large cortege of mourners.

CAN SEE THE FIGHT.

The Anti-Kinetoscope Bill Failed in the House Yesterday.

It looked at one time yesterday as if the sporting fraternity of the state were about to be doomed to a dire disappointment, Connecticut had but a small representation at the big fight between Fitzsimmons and Corbett at Carson City last month. This was doubtless due to lack of money. Many of the sports down the road dropped money in the pool room at Stamford, and things have been very quiet of late in the sporting world.

The highflyers had, however, accepted their plight manfully, and decided that they w uld accept a view of the fight through a kinetoscope as a welcome substitute, and at a greatly reduced rate. The announcement a few days ago that one of the large theatre managers had procured the right to

exhibit the views was greeted with joy. However, the outlook was dubious yesterday and it looked as if the joy of the sports would be doomed to sorrow when Representative Tucker of Ansonia offered a resolution in the House, designed to prevent the exhibition of the prize fight pictures in the state. The sense of the resolution is that any person who shall exhibit or display any photograph or series of photographs of any prize fight shall be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned not more than two years; also any person renting a building for such purposes shall be liable to a fine of \$1,0.0.

This resolution as new business required unanimous consent. But an objection was raised and it was ruled out. The hearts of the sports will therefore throb with joy, for they can witness the fight at a moderate rate.

GOLD TURNED TO SLAG.

Disappointing Experience of Local Capitalists With Mt. Carmel Mine.

The supposed gold mine at Mt. Carmel has developed into a slag bed. The smelting plant, which was set up last week, was abandoned Saturday, and work has been given up.

The mine is on the property of John Dickerman, a farmer near Mt. Carmel. S. A. Hart and Allen Osborne, together with several other New Haven mer, entered the scheme, put up the necessary cash and had the smelting plant set up.

Then James Fream, of Chestnut street, West Haven, an experienced smelter and engineer, was sent up to Mt. Carmel and started to work. For Mt. Carmel and started to work. For two days he melted everything in sight, and at the end of that time the stuff was sent to New York.

The assay there developed enough gold to burnish a safety pin. Instead of the \$25 to \$30 a ton expected, the assay showed hardly a trace of gold.

The stockholders very disgustedly shut down and went back to New Haven, taking Engineer Fream with them. The mine will not be operated.

Joint Trackage.

The matter of joint trackage as between the Street Railway and Tramway companies up and over Mill hill, so called has been satisfactorily settled, and is in operation to-day. The Street Railway sprinkler allayed whatever dust there was on the hill liable to blind any one to the part of such settlement.

-All the Successful Merchants of this City Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

MISS THEM.

The Latest Ads. Received Before Going to Press.

By the People and For the People.

DIED.

Lockwoop—At Norwalk, Tuesday evening, March 30, 1897, William B. E. Lockwood, in the 75th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence on Fri-day afternoon, April 2, at 3 30 o'clock.

WANTED.

WANTED:—Responsible agents to solicit orders for custom made clothing at porular prices, address, Rosenberg Manufac-turing Co., 56 Bleeker street, New York.

OST—Between Cranbury and South Nor-walk, this morning, a hip rubber boot. The finder is requested to leave the same at the Warwick Hotel.

TO RENT:—A house of eight rooms. 20 Center Ave. Suitable for either one or two families. Two minutes' walk from trolley line. Inquire at No. 6 Orchard street. Al tf

TO RENT-Store now occupied by Mrs. Wilmot Fawcett, in James' Block, on Water street, on and after April 1st. Also apartments in the same building. Also apartments on Cross street. F. Sr. John Lockwood, Trustee.

Pekin Duck Eggs. Stock from J. Pau-kins' yard last year; 7tc per setting. Mrs. E. NoLAN, Wilton, Conn. mr7 tf

Rollar, Willow, Collin.

Rollar, Willow, Collin.

Rollarius N. Couch, situated at No. 38
Maple street, on high ground, ove looking the
twin cities of Norwalk and South Norwalk,
Norwalk Islands and Long Island Sourd, fora
distance of some twenty miles. The dwelling
is nearly new; has 10 large, commodious rooms,
with modern improvements; about two acres
of land, fronting on said Marle street, which
could be sold to good advantage for building
lots; abundance of fruit; excellent well of
water. Apply to O. E. Wilson, Room 3, Gazette
Building, Norwalk, Conn. m19 tf

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

FAIRFIELD COUNTY SAVINGS BANK.

NORWALK, CONN. March 18, 1897.
The Board of Directors of the Bank have this day declared a dividend at the rate of four per cent. per annum, from the earnings of the current six months. to be credited to depositors April 18t, and payable on and after April 10th. VICTOR S. SELLECK, Sec'y.

TO the Board of County Commissioners for Fairfield County:
I hereby apply for a license to sell spirituous and in oxicating liquors, ale, lager beer, thine wine and cider, at 26 Day Street, Town of Nor-

wine and cider, at 28 Day Street, Town of Norwalk.

My place of business is not located within 200 feet in a direct line of a church edifice or public school-house, or the premises pertaining thereto, or any post-office or rubbic library.

Dated at Norwalk this 25th day of March. 1997.

AUGAUST FIELDES, Applicant.

We, the undersigned, electors and tax-payers, as defined by law of the Town of Norwalk, hereby endorse the application of the abovenamed Augaust Fieldes for such license.

Dated at Norwalk this 25th day of March. 1897.

Augustus E. St. John. O. E. Barker, Christian Michel, John Oldenschlager, Edw. L. Hafner.

Hainer.

I hereby certify that the above-named endorsers are electors and tax-pavers, as defined by law, of the 'lown of Norwalk.

Dated at Norwalk this 23th day of March, 1897.

HERBERT R. SMITH, Town Clerk.

Hoyt's Theatre.

SOUTH NORWALK. One Week, Commencing

MONDAY MARCH 29, 1897. Engagement Extraordinary,

THE SAGES X La Motte Sage, A. M. Ph. D., LL D., Ogla Helene Sage, assisted by A. B. McDole, M. A., and others in a marvel-

LeGrand Hypnotisme

seen in theatres, Indorsed by clergymen, physicians, dentists, scientists, lawyers, teachers and the leading

people everywhere.

Performance refined, remarkable, interes - ing and extremely laughable.

Program changes nightly.

Prices—15, 25, 35 and 50 cents¹

Closing Out Sale

FAWCETT'S.

3 WATER STREET, NORWALK, CONN. Everything to Be So d

Regardless of Cost on Account of |Removal Commencing Saturday, March 3, and Continuing Until

Everything is Sold. Store Open Every Evening

Until 8 o'clock.

BILLY BIRCH TO THE EAR. The Once Famous Minstrel Answers to the

Charge of Intoxication. "William Birch to the bar!" called the clerk in the New York Jefferson

Market Police Court recently. An old man, bent under the weight of years, stumbled forward with the aid of a cane and stood before the Magistrate. The clerk whispered something to Magistrate Cornell, and the latter looked startled. Then he asked:-

"Are you Billy Birch, the minstrel?

The old man nodded assent.

"Well, you are charged with being drunk, and I am sorry for it 'Billy,' I saw you in your heyder, and you were my favorite minstrel, What have you to say for yourself?"

The veteran dropped his head. He did not reply.

"Well, 'Billy,'" said the Magistrate, "you seem to be thoroughly cast down by your misfortune, and for the sake of the fun you provided for me in the old days, I will discharge you. Be a good boy hereafter. Good-by."

The famous old minstrel tottered out of court with his kind faced wife holding one arm and a stalwart young man supporting the other.

"Mr. Birch is not quite clear in his head," said Mrs. Birch. "He has had two strokes of paralysis, the last about a year ago. Since then, at times, he has had trouble with his speech, and he has been very weak on his legs.

"Billy" Birch's home is a modest little place. The "King of Negro Minstrels," as he was called in the old days, has no money, although the famous combination of Birch, Wambold and Backus is supposed to have gathered in about \$1,000,000 profits. "Billy" lost his share in Wall street. In speaking about it lately he said:-

"I was in the black-faced business as a funny man from 1844 to 1884, and, although I was never cut out for a humorous role, I made money. In the latter year, when I went into Wall street as a financier, a calling to which I was really born, they broke me."

His good wife keeps the wolf from the door by taking in lodgers.-New York Herald.

A Misnomer.

The stage manager was thoughtful. "I think we'd better cut that line," he said.

"What line?" asked the leading man.

"The one that reads 'Apparel oft proclaims the man."

"I don't see why. It has come down to us without protest from the day that Shakespeare wrote it until now,' said the manager, irritable, "of course it was all right when it was written. There were no girls in knickerbockers then, and very likely there was a good leal of truth in it."-Pearson's Weekly.



The Honorable J. F. Greer, one of the Best known and most highly respected county Judges of the State of Florida, vertes of his horrible sufferings from Inf minatory Rheumatism:

Inf minatory Rheumatism:

Geffice of J. F. Greer, County Judge, and Creen Cove Springs, Clay Co., Fla. Sentement Twenty-three years ago I was attacked with inflammatory rheumatism. I was attacked by the most eminent physician in the find. I visited the great Saratoga forings, N. Y., the noted Hot Springs of Arkensas, and many other watering places, aiways consulting with the local physicians for directions, and finally came to Florida, ten years ago. About two years ago I had a severe attack of rheumatism, was confined to my room for twelve weeks, and during that time was induced to try P. P. P. Lippman's Great Remedy, knowing that each ingredient was good for impurities of the blood. After useing two small bottles I was relieved. At four different times since I have had slight attacks and each time I have taken two small bottles of P. P. P., and have been relieved, and I consider P. P. P. the best medicine of its kind. Respectfully, J. F. GREER.

James M. Newton, of Aberdeen, Ohio,

James M. Newton, of Aberdeen, Ohio, says he bought a bottle of P. P. P. at Hot Springs, Arkansas, and it did him more good than three months' treatment at Hot Springs.

Theumatism, as well as sciatica and

gout, is cured by a course of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy.

P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, is a friend indeed to weak women. It is a positive and speedy cure for general winkness and nervousness.

All skin diseases are cured by it; any-

All skin diseases are cured by it; anything from pimples to the worst cases of eczemas succumbing to the wonderful healing powers of P. P. P.

Dyspepsia and indigestion in their worst form are cured by it. As a tonic to restore the appetite and to regain lost vigor, it is simply marvelous.

D. P. P. is the best spring medicine.

P. P. P. is the best spring medicine in the world. It removes that heavy, out-of-sorts feeling and restores you to a condition of perfect physical health. For Indigestion, Sick and Nervous Headache, Sleeplessness, Nervousness,

Heart Failure, Fever, Chills, Debility and Kidney Diseases, take P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, the most wonderful medicine in the world

Sold by all druggists.

LIPPMAN BROS., Apothecaries, Sole Prop'rs. Lippman's Llock, Savannak, Ca.

FLOODS STILL RAGING.

The Situation In Arkansas Is Becoming More Desperate Daily.

Helena, Ark., March 31.-The situation here today is worse than ever be-fore. The river rose two and a half inches during the last 24 hours, and a stiff gale has been blowing almost without a moment's cessation since Sunday night. Mayor Fitzen issued a proclamation today calling upon all ablebodied men and boys to secure spades and put themselves under the command of the superintendent of the

The proclamation met with hearty response, and 500 or 600 men are working on the levees, while many others are on the hill filling a long line of wagons with dirt to be conveyed to the weakest points. The levees are in good condition considering the long siege, but the heavy wind and the knowledge that the river is to rise for several days longer has nerved every man for a desperate fight. Captain Nolty of the rescue boat Titan reports a break at Wood Cottage landing. The break is 500 feet wide. This break will put all the country not already inundated under water down to Laconia.

At Helena hope is strong, but a desperate fight is being made all along the levee. Today the entire front will be raised from one to two feet, making the levee from four to five feet higher than it was when the flood commenced. Many proffers of assistance have been received, but Helena feels that she is able to take care of herself. More tents are due here today, but more refugees are reaching here from every quarter.

The Levee Broke.

Greenville, Miss., March 31. - The levee broke at Mound Landing, Miss., 15 miles north of this place, at 3 o'clock this morning. The water will overflow Greenville and all towns west of Deer Creek. The break at Steads Landing, near Perthshire, Bolivar county, is reported to be 1,500 feet wide. The entire lower half of the delta will be under water within three days. All ablebodied men have been called out to throw up a protection levee around this city.

Corbett Follows Fitz.

San Francisco, March 31.-Jim Corbett left this city last night with his trainer, McVey, for Salt Lake City, where he is booked to give an exhibition tomorrow evening. Fitzsimmons will also give an exhibition in Salt Lake City on the same night. Some small bets were made yesterday that Corbett will attract a larger crowd than the champion. The Californian says that he will try to exhibit in every town and city that his successful opponent will appear in on his journey through the states to New York. Corbett says that he will keep after Fitzsimmons until the champion will afford him an opportunity to either win back his lost laurels or go down a whipped man for the second or last time.

Death In His Fall.

Chicago, March 31.—County Commissioner Nicholas Petroe fell over the railing of the front stairway at his home, at 285 North State street, at 2 o'clock this morning and received in-juries from which he died half an hour He returned at that hour with a party of friends and, as they were chatting pleasantly, he started to go up stairs. Upon reaching the top he lost his balance and fell over the railing into the basement areaway. His skuil was fractured.

A Brazen Burglar.

Nyack, N. Y., March 31.-A burglar entered the residence of Dr. L. D. Couch early this morning and pointed a revolver at Mrs. Couch, who was sleeping with her two small children. She screamed and frightened the intruder away. The burglar next tried to enter the residence of Dr. Philys Moeller, where he was found by policemen. He fired five pistel shots at the policemen, who returned his fire, but escaped.

George L. Converse Dead.

Columbus, O., March 31.-George L Converse, ex-member of congress, died today. Mr. Converse had been a strong figure in Ohio politics. He was over 60 years old. Before the war he was prosecuting attorney of Franklin couny and later he served in both houses of the state legislature. In 1877 Mr. Converse came within a few votes of the gubernatorial nomination. From 1878 to 1885 he was in congress.

New Taxes In Spain.

Madrid, March 31.—The government is contemplating imposing new taxes in order to provide for the Cuban war expenses. It is rumored here that General Sanguilly will succeed General Ruis Rivera, now prisoner in the hands of the Spanish, as commander of the insurgent forces in the province of Pinar

Key West, March 31.-The tug Monarch has been captured by the revenue cutter Winona and was brought here this morning in charge of one of her officers. The tug is now at the government dock. The crew refuse to make any statement on the subject.

Cheap Liquid Air.

Washington, March 31.-United States Consul General De Kay, at Berlin, has reported to the state department the invention of a process for liquefying air by which the cost of production is brought down from \$2.25 to 21/4 cents for reducing five cubic meters.

The New York Strike. New York, March 31.—Apparently no change has occurred in the status of the steam fitters' strike in this city. None of the strikers, it is said, has applied for work, and all of the shops are picketed to prevent new men from

Iron Workers' Wages Reduced.

Bellaire, O., March 31.-Notices have been posted of a 10 per cent reduction in the wages of the 500 employees at the tube plant of the Riverside Iron works at Benwood, which will go into effect en April 6.

Wealthy Man's Suicide.

Geneva, N. Y., March 31.-Charles F. Houghton, principal owner of the Corning Glass company and reputed to be worth 'haif a million dollars, shot and killed himself here this morning.

Mrs. Flatt Not Seriously Ill Washington, March 31.-Mrs. Thomas C. Platt is not seriously ill, so Senator Platt's private secretary says.

A Bank Officer Indicted.

St. Paul, April 1. — The grand jury returned an indictment against William Dawson, Jr., cashier of the failed bank of Minnesota, charging him with falsifying the records of the bank in charging an item of \$100,000 against the Fort Dearborn National bank of Chicago when, in fact, that bank owed the Bank of Minnesota nothing.

A Mammoth Piece of Slate.

Bethlehem, Pa., April 1.-The Keystone. Slate company of Chapman's quarries has successfully blasted the largest solid piece of slate known to the slate industry. The block, which was moved at least six inches from its original bed, measured 67 feet in length, 14 feet deep and 13½ feet in width. It weighed nearly 1,064 tons.

The Bahia Uprising.

London, April 1.—A letter received here from Rio de Janeiro today gives some particulars of the serious defeat, in the state of Bahia, Brazil, of a government force, commanded by Colonel Moreire, early during the present

A Daughter to Mr. Carnegie.

New York, April 1. — A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, at their residence 5 West Fifty-first street. Mr. Carnegie is at his counry home in Greenwich, Conn., where he is recovering from a severe illness.

Killed in an Explosion.

Chicago, March 31.-Two men were killed and four seriously injured by an explosion in the northwest water tunnel at the foot of Oak street today. The dead: Owen O'Malley, Peter Gallagher. The injured: Thomas Gallagher, Dennis Hayes, Patrick Conway, George

Murdered by a Tramp.

Columbus, O., March 31.—The body of Mrs. John W. Miller, a farmer's wife at Black Lick, this county, was found today. She had been assaulted and murdered Monday by a tramp employee, in the temporary absence of her husband. The tramp escaped.

American Tobacco Dividend.

New York, April 1. - The directors of the American Tobacco company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent on the preferred stock and a dividend of 2 per cent on the common stock in place of the usual quarterly 3 per cent dividend.

189	17	APRIL.		1897		
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		MOON	V'S PH	ASES	3.	

Moon 1 11:21 p.m. First 10 3:27 cuarter 10 a.m. 17 a. m. Quarter 23 p.n.

Bunting Down South. The most patient man on earth and

the most uncommunicative is the cracker of Florida, .

I employed one to go with me and carry my traps on a deer hunt. I had been informed that there were plenty of of the animals near a certain swamp. I accosted a native:

"I am informed that there are deer in this section?"

"Yaas." "Are there?"

"Yaas."

"Can I hire you to carry my luggage?"

"Yaas."

We got ready, and I asked: "What direction?"

"Don't keer."

We tramped all day, cracker carrying the traps and not saying a word. We camped out at night, the cracker building a fire and cooking supper. The next day we found no indication of deer, and still the cracker said nothing. That night I asked:

"How soon do you think we will find any deer?"

"Never."

"I thought you said there were plenty?"

"Not hyar." "Well where are they?"

"T'other side swamp." "Why didn't you say so long ago?"

I asked, angrily.
"Yo' never axed me."

The next morning we retraced our steps and two days later reached the other side of the swamp without another word from the cracker. We had not been there an hour before I killed a fine buck, and we secured four the first day. It was a beautiful huntingground, and I was surprised to suddenly come upon a large residence.

I could not understand how the deer remained so close. "Who lives there?" I asked the

cracker.

"Jedge Simmons." "Who is he?"

"The man as owns this park and these deer."

I did not wait to interview the Judge, but paid the cracker and left that part of the State.-New York

"Each season," the old hymn tells us. "hath its own disease." But one of the worst complaints of which the modern social and industrial organization is a victim is common, in one form or another, to all seasons. Bad roads are a perpetual evil. At some times they are worse than at other times, but they are always bad. And the curious feature of the case is that those who are neglectfully or wilfully responsible for their badness use them and have to use them when they are at their worst, while those others, out of foolish and injurious spite against whom the responsible people persist in maintaining the badness of the roads, have to use them for only a short time when they are in the least bad state.



Largest package-greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

New York,

Philadelphia.

FIEL INSURAN

A Wise Man Keeps his Home Insured Against Fire.____

BEST: COMPANIES REPRESENTED

W. H. BYINGTON,

ROOM I, GAZETTE BUILDING, - - - - HORWALK, CONN

CAMPAIGN

IS OVER

NOW is the TIME

To Subscribe for the

WEEKLY N. Y. TRIBUNE.

Both Papers Sent to one Address

for \$1.00 a Year

THE DISTINGUISHED CHEMIST.

The Late Henry A. Mott, Ph.D., LL.D., Certified:

"My investigation of Allcock's Porous Plaster shows it to contain valuable and essential ingredients not found in any other plaster, and I find it superior to and more efficient than any other plaster."

are the highest result of medical science and skill, and in ingredients and method have never been equalled.

They are the original and only genuine Porous Plasters, upon whose reputation imitators trade.

Ask for Allcock's. See you get Allcock's.

Insist upon having Allcock's Porous Plaster, the only perfect Porous Plaster. Take no other, even if solicited to do so.

www.www.www.co

KRUGER'S CHANGE OF BASE.

The Transvaal President Displeased by the

Attack on Queen Victoria.

Cape Town, April 1.-President Kru-

ger, it is announced from Pretoria, has

suspended his grandson, Eloff, from office for making a speech in which he insulted Queen Victoria and Great Brit-

ain. The president, in a newspaper interview, expresses his sincere regret at

of Swazis and whites near Barberton,

and it is feared serious trouble is im-

pending. The whites have sent an ur-

gent request for a police force, which

One of the Raid Leaders Released.

Willoughby, the military commander of the Jameson raid into the Transvaal,

who was sentenced to ten months' im-

prisonment in Holloway jail on July 28, after having been convicted of violat-

ing the foreign enlistment act, was re-

TO RELIEVE GENERAL LEE.

A Report That His Successor Will Take

Charge In Cuba on April 15.

une has a Washington dispatch today

saying General Fitz Hugh Lee, con-

sul general at Havana, has been noti-fied by cable that his services will not

be needed after April 15. The notice from the state department comes nom-

inally in the form of a leave of ab-sence beginning at that date, but it is

understood by him and the department

that his successor will be on the ground

at that time. General Lee expects to come back to this country at once.

The Cuban Reforms.

Madrid, April 1.—It is semi-officially announced that the scheme for Cuban

An Anti High Hat Bill.

Albany, April 1.-Mr. Koster (Rep.,

Lewis) introduced in the assembly to-

day a bill providing that any persons

who, in any public place of amusement and occupying a seat therein, shall wear

headgear of such proportions as to ob-

struct the view and shall refuse to re-

move such obstruction shall be liable to

The Graduated Transfer Tax.

Albany, April 1.-The assembly has

passed Mr. Dudley's bill to amend the

tax law relative to graduated transfer tax by a vote of 131 yeas to no nays.

A Child Dies From Burns,

15, who was badly burned Monday by

her dress catching fire, has died at the

The Weather.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Quotations of the New York Stock

Exchange.

General Markets. NEW YORK, March 31.—FLOUR—State and western weak and lower to sell; city mills patents, \$4.60@4.90; winter patents, \$4.55@4.75; city mills clears, \$4.60@4.70; winter straights, \$4.20

(24.39).

WHEAT—No. 2 red ruled weak and lower in consequence of liquidation, favorable crop news and disappointing cables; May, 76 15-16(2).

77 9-16c.; June, 77(2).

CORN—No. 2 was firmer on big clearances and covering; May, 30½c.

OATS—No. 2 were steady; track, white, state, 22(2)(2); track white western, 22(2)(2).

22@29c.; track, white, western, 22@29c. PORK—Dull; mess, \$9@9.50; family, \$9.50@

LARD-Easy; prime western steam, \$4.40

BUTTER-Firm; state dairy, 14@20c.; state

creamery, 14@3c. CHEESE—Quiet; state, large, 9@12½c.; small, 9@12½c.

EGGS-Steady; state and Pennsylvania,

10@10/3c.; western, syac.
SUGAR—Raw firm; fair refining, 2 15-16c.; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 5-16c.; refined active; crushed, 5/4c.; powdered, 4%c.
TURPENTINE—Quiet at 29/4@29/4c.
RICE—Firm; domestic, 4@6/4c.; Japan, 4/4@

Ilec.
TALLOW—Quiet; city, 3%c.; country, 8lec.
HAY—Dull; shipping, 50@55c.; good techoice.

Fair, followed by cloudy; northeast-

Troy hospital.

Closing prices:

Troy, N. Y., April 1. - Mary Burns,

a penalty of \$5 for each offense.

reforms will be introduced in April.

Chicago, April 1. - The Chicago Trib-

leased from prison today.

London, April 1.-Major Sir John

Eloff's "irresponsible references." A fight has occurred between a party

Beware of imitations-those that look like Allcock's.

P. W. BATES

42 WATER STREET,

cicit fid as fre an assortment of Monumental & Cemetery Work

As can be found in any Yard in the State. Look it over and get prices before going elsewhere,

W. H. HAYWARD & CO.

Peasion Attorneys and Solicitors,

709 East Capitol Street,

WASHINGTON, D. C

All classes of claims prosecuted before the Interior Department. Rejected pension claims a specialty. Correspondence solicited.

A PURE MALT EXTRACT. A SUBSTITUTE FOR SOLID FOOD.

Highest percentage Extract. Lowest percentage Alcohol. An effective Tonic. An agreeable Beverage. A mild Stimu lant. Just what physicians will prescribe for Nursing Mothers. Convalescents and victims of Insomnia or Nervous Disorders resulting from Impaired ous Disorders resulting from Impaired Digestion and Overwork.

For Sale and Delivered Anywhere

Long Island Bottling Co., 280-284 Bergen St., Brooklyn,

FOR SALE BY

EDWARD P. WEED.



25C.

Ask Your Druggist

PRIVATE

Instructions given in

BOXING

at the pupil's home.

CLASS

Now forming, and applicants desiring to join should apply at once to

Prof. Geo. Yoerger, i South Norwalk. or at this office.

An Oklahoma Town Practically Obliterated by the Storm.

MANY CORPSES RECOVERED.

Numbers of Others Are Supposed to Be In the Ruins-Unfortunates Penned In the Wreck and Burned to Death-Hundreds Injured.

Guthrie, O. T., April 1. — Reports from Chandler state that 45 persons were killed and 200 badly hurt by the cyclone at that place. A message was received here from Chandler asking for more help. The surrounding towns were notified and rescuing parties have started for the scene of disaster, which

is 45 miles away. The entire business portions of the town burned after being wrecked. It is now thought that there are 25 or 20 more dead bodies in the burned ruins.

Some of the dead are J. Woodward and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Woodman, Mrs. Henry Mitchell, Mrs. Thomas Smith, Attorney John Lawson, F. De Moff, Emma Dressinger, D. C. Johnson and wife, Mrs. Philip Johnson and child, Mrs. Dr. Lee, A. W. Keller and wife, unknown woman and babe, five un-

known children.

Among the fatally injured are Arthur Jewett, Peggy Johnson, Mrs. Frank M'Cann, D. C. Gooding, Maggie Reaves, Andrew Asher and wife, Mrs. Cullum, Jennie Woodsworth.

The following are reported among the injured: John M'Cartney, brother-in-law of United States Marshal Nagle; E. N. Niblack and father, John Fister, Mrs. Emma Foster, two daughters of County Treasurer Ulam, Samuel Win-throp, George M'Henry.

An Unfortunate Family.

John Woodyard and wife of Eldorado, Kan., visiting there, were instantly killed, their little daughter was fatally crushed and their son badly hurt.

James Dawson of Lincoln, Neb.,

awyer, was burned to death. The scene is awful, and several of the injured are raving crazy. The main street of the town is a mass of dead and injured people and teams, wagons, buggies, trees and debris from the buildings.

Chief Justice Dale, who was holding court, ran with his wife to a hollow and held her behind a large bowlder, and both were unhurt.

Every building but one on the main street was wrecked and burned, including the courthouse, postoffice, News and Democrat offices, Lincoln County bank, New York store and several hotels.

Several of the wrecked buildings took fire, and the debris was burning fiercely at last accounts. Many of the injured have been burned to death while pinned fast under the debris.

In the building, it is reported, five in-

jured people were burned to death, and at another place the bodies of three unknown children have been taken out. All of the physicians of the town, save one, met death in the storm. Nearly all the physicians of Guthrie have gone to the scene of the disaster in wagons.

It was about 6 o'clock when a terrific tornado, followed by hail and flood, swept through Chandler. Three-fourths of the residences and business houses were totally wrecked or badly damaged.

Ruin and Darkness, Then Fire. The courthouse, in which Chief Justice Dale was holding court, was taken off its foundation. Darkness at once came on and the work of rescue was carried on under the greatest difficul-

The telephone office was destroyed and at 10 o'clock last night a telephone was connected with the wire two miles away and a message was sent here for assistance. That connection has since been destroyed.

Chandler was a town of 1,500 people. It was built on a hill, in thick timber, and the mass of torn trees and wrecked houses made it impossible to reach the injured in the dark. On every side could be heard groans and cries for help.

Texas Feels It Too.

Fort Worth, April 1 .- Another cyclone passed over this city, this time catching the south side. The chimney of the Mulkey Memorial church was blown down, and, falling on the parsonage, crushed in the roof. Several houses were unroofed, and the houses of ex-County Treasurer Thomas Bratton and Mrs. Cline were blown from their supports. Mrs. Cline is reported Exchange.

New York, March 31.—Money on call nominally at 114@134 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 314@4 per cent. Sterling exchange easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.874 for demand and \$4.854 for 60 days. Posted rates, \$4.864 and \$4.88\cup4. Commercial bills, \$4.85. Silver certificates, 6134@62\cup4. Bar silver, 61 11-16c. Mexican dollars, 434\cup4\cup4. Government bonds strong. State bonds quiet. Railroad bonds firm. Closing prices: injured. A negro church in the extreme southeastern part of town was blown down. So far no loss of life has been reported.

Other Towns Damaged.

Kansas City, April 1.-Reports received here indicate that the cyclone which destroyed the town of Chandler, O. T., also passed across the state of Kansas, though in less destructive form. Florence, Kan., reports a severe windstorm that blew down several buildings. Great Bend reports a heavy wind, accompanied by hail and rain, Wichita experienced the heaviest rain ever known there, accompanied by

SUBSTITUTION

the FRAUD of the day.

See you get Carter's, Ask for Carters, Insist and demand

Carler's Little Liver Pills,

The only perfect Liver Pill. Take no other,

Even if Solicited to do so. Beware of imitations

of Same Golor Wrapper, RED,

ARE YOU THUS?

Some Pertinent Querles-A South Norwalk Experience.

Is your head stuffed up? Is the breath bad? Do scales form in the nose? Does the nose bleed easily? Do you sneeze a great deal? Is there a pain over the eyes?
Is the voice husky? Do you spit up slime? Is there a buzzing sound heard? Are you gradually becoming deaf? Is there a ringing in your ears?
Is the sense of smell leaving you?

Does it hurt the ears when you blow your nose? Does your nose di charge continually? Do you snore at night?

Is there a pain between your shoul-

ders? Do you hawk to clear the throat? Is there a dropping in the throat? Is the throat dry in the morning? Are you losing the sense of taste? Do you take cold easily?

If you have any of these symptoms you are suffering from catarrh in some form. California Catarrh Cure will instantly re

lieve and speedily cure you.

Mr. H. L. Woodworth, of 1 Burbank street, South Norwalk, says: "I have been troubled with catarrh for some been troubled with catarrh for some time; my head and nose seemed pretty well stuffed up, and the quantities of matter that run into my throat at night, would cause me to hawk, spit, and often gag in the morning, before I could clear my throat. I got some California Catarrh Cure at Plaisted's drug store, and already these symptoms are very much better. My throat is finely free from all matter in the morning, and my whole head feels much clearer."

California Catarrh Cure is for you, too.

California Catarrh Cure is for you, too. In case of colds it is invaluable, as it helps in breaking them up, and entirely prevents a cold "hanging on," as well as attacks of acute catarrh which so often

follow a severe cold in the head
California Catarrh Cure is sold by all dealers for 50 cents; three times as much

There will be a muster at Buckingham Post, G A. R., headquarters to-

Baby's Best Friend_Mother,_Next Dr Hand's Colic Cure,

HARTFORD, CONN., Oct. 26 '95—The Hand Medicine Co.—"By request of my wife the undersigned writes you 'that baby's best friend is her mother,' and next best is Dr. Hand's Colic Cure. Used same for past months. It is impossible to write our appreciation of your proper to write our appreciation of your preparation and do most cheerfully request all mothers to use same for their little ones. Our baby is now teething. W. Lincoln Barnard." Sold by all druggists, 25c.

The Women's Relief corps of Buckligham Post, G. A. R, will meet tomorrow afternoon.

Great Trinmph

Instant relief and a permanent cure by the great remedy, Otto's Cure for Lung and Throat diseases. Why will you irritate your throat and lungs with a terrible hacking cough when Edward P. Weed, Norwalk, or George C. Stillson, South Norwalk, sole agents will furnish you with a free sample bottle of this guaranteed remedy? Its success is simply won-derful, as your druggist will tell you. Sampefrl ee. Large bottles 50c and 25c.

The Catholic club met last evening and voted to attend the laying of the corner-stone of St. Joseph's church at South Norwalk next Sunday.

Glad Tidings

The grand specific for dispepsia, liver complaint, Kheumatism, costiveness, general debility, etc., is Bacon's Celety King for the Nerves. Thisgreat herbal ronic stimulates the digestive organs, teguates the liver and restores the system to vigorous health and energies ples free. Largepackages 50c and 25c. Sold only by I dward P. Weed, Norwalk, and George C. Stillson, South Norwalk.

Water Commissioner Fred Mead who has been seriously ill, called on his neighbor, W. H. Olmstead, yesterday. Mr. Olmstead is a very sick man.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neurale ia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits.
T. F. Anthony, Ex-Postmaster of
Promise City, Iowa; says: "I bought
one bottle of 'Mystic Cure' for Rheumatism, and two doses of it did me more good than any medicine I ever took."
75 cents. Sold by N. C. Baur, Druggist, 55 Wall street, Norwalk.

Peter Callahan the far famed awning maker is busily engage 1 about town in taking orders for and putting up awnings. An awning put up by Mr. Callahan is bound to give satisfaction.

SAVE YOUR LIFE

By using "The New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the Kidneys, Bladder and Back in male or female, It relieves retention of water, and pain in passing it almost immediate and pain in passing it almost immediately. Save yourselves by using this marvelous cure. Its use will prevent fatal consequences in almost all cases by its great alterative and healing powers. Sold by E. P. WRED, Druggist, Norwalk, Conn.

Officer John H. Kenney will resume work to-night after baving been incapacitated for duty by rheumatism for

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN- O.

Asklyour grocer to day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food a package of GRAIN-O, the new modernic drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without delicate stomach receives it without distress. ½ the price of coffee. 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all gro-

The ushers at the Opera House were yesterday sworn in as special policemen.

Advertising that Pavs

The Successful Merchants in Norwalk all advertise in The GAZETTE because it keeps them in touch with the entire purchasing community.

New York and Norwalk Freight Line DAILY.

PROPELLERS

of Norwalk, Eagle and Vulcan

Will Leave Pier 23, E. R., N. Y. (Beekman St.). or

NORWALK AND SOUTH NORWALK

AT 5 P. M.

Leave South Norwalk Daily at 6 P. M.

Leave Norwalk Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5 P. M.

70U read this advertisement If it had been yours and others had read it, how much good it might have done. Send in your adv and we will do the rest. Rates on application.

SCHLEICHER & SON'S

There is simply no use comparing this piano with any other on the market.

IT LEADS

when it comes to

TONE FINISH, DURABILITY. RIGHTNESS IN PRICE.

-Office and Factory, Pacific Street,-STAMFORD, CONN.

THE EVENING GAZETTE

NTERED AT THE POST OFFICE IN NORWALK AS A NEWSPAPER.

M AIL SUBSCRIPTIONS

DAILY, one year, \$3; six months, \$1.75; three months, \$1.00; one month, 30c.

WEEKLY, one year, in advance. \$1.00; six months, 60c.; three months, 35c.

THURSDAY, APRIL 1, 1897.

Military Instructions.

The idea of teaching military tactics in the schools of this country is met with favor in most of the states, and the plan has been so extensively adopted that the government is pushed to furnish instructors as fast as they are

There is a bill now pending in the Connecticut legislature to make military training a part of the public school system of the state. There is no other exercise that is equal to it in all re-

It is approved by the government, it is practical knowledge, and it affords all around development for youth. The inspector general of the army, referring to military instruction in schools in his last annual report says:

"Military instruction deserves to be an assured feature of education in this country. Its influence in developing mind and body, in teaching method and precision, self control and obedience, discipline and manliness are incalculable. * * * Lessons learned in boshood are seldom forgotter, and the seed planted by the government is sure to come to the surface in a future generation, when the need may be greatest."

There are to-day in the country fifty. six institutions at which proficiency in the military department is necessary for a diploma, and at sixty-three prizes are offered for excellence in military work. The tactics are taught in a great many schools, and the excellent results DO YOU KNOW favor an extension of the system. In time it is sure to be adopted in all the states as it should be.

A Desirable Citizen.

Colonel Pease is a somewhat venerable Rhede Island publisher. He visited Washington some days since as candidate for public printer and was promptly run over by the everywhere prevailing scorcher.

The Washington Post thus narrates the accident and gives vent to its feelmags in a way to show that it desires the Rhode Islander to at once become a citizen of the Nation's capital:

It appears that Col. Pease, of Woonsocket, R. I., is a very desirable kind of a citizen. Col. Pease is merely a visitor in Washington at present, but he hopes to settle here for quite a term of years, say four, and therefore it is in order to consider him as an addition to the community. Col. Pease is an applicant for the position of Public Printer. He is said to have a strong New England indorsement. If the Post were in the business of recommending aspirants for appointment we should be inclined to take a very favorable view of Colonel Pease's application, but the Post is not. We can appraise the Colonel only as a private individual. We can examine his record and then tell ourselves whether we should like to have him move into

Upon the whole, we are anxious to annex Col. Pease. Assuming to be true the current story concerning him and a certain local bicycle rider, name unknown, we are quite sure that we should like to have not only the Colonel himself, but several thousands more like him. Perhaps we had better repeat the story, however. It is to the effect that on Friday evening Col. Pease emerged from his hotel and started across the street. Just as he stepped from the curbetone into the roadway he was struck by a rapidly-moving bicycle, knocked down and run over. All accounts agree up to this point. Beyondit the versions vary. One says that the Colonel, rising to his feet simultaneously with the wheelman, rushed at the latter without any preliminary conversation and proceeded to wipe up a very. large superficial area of the thorough; fare with his once proud form. Another has it that the Colonel was disposed to treat the collission as an accident, but that the cyclist, mistaking this philosophic attitude for timidity or guilty conscience, ruffled up to him and wanted to know why the thingabob he didn't get out of the way-what he meant by upsetting a bicycle rider in such fashion. Then it was, according

to the latter version, that Col. Peace put off his meekness as though it were a linen duster and smote the cyclist several large Homeric smites. The public may choose between the two accounts. The undisputed fact remains that Col. Pease was knocked down and run over by a swiftly-moving bicycle and that he got to his feet in time to give the rider two left hooks, one straight punch, and a right upper cut, which, together, temporarily reduced the scorcher to the moral and intellect ual condition of a lump of glucose.

Upon this record, and without asking any further questions, we accept Col. Pease as a welcome and desirable addition to Washington society. He fills a long felt want. We need such men in our business. We can make room for several thousands of them. There are persons here quite ready to knock down or otherwise punish scorchers who run over pedestrians. We know of many who have sworn to inflict dire vengeance on any rider who throws one of them to the ground and passes over his prostrate form. Doubtless there are whole regiments of citizens pledged to this. But in Col. Pease we have a combination at once novel and important. He is not only anxious to punish the person who runs him down with a bicycle, but he seems to have the capacity of recovering in time to carry out his programme. What the community needs most is a large number of citizens able to get up and pulverize scorchers after having been knocked down. What we want is action. With Col. Pease permanently located in our midst the reckless wheelman would soon begin to disappear, and then good bicycle riders, together with the general public, would rejoice.

Piano Lessons, MRS. GEORGE W. BRADLEY, (daughter of the late Wm. R. Nash.) gives efficent and satisfactory instructions on the Pian a her home No. 193 Main street

That you can save money by buying your Meats and Fish at

F. W. SMITH'S,

55 Main Street. Everything First Class.
OPEN EVENINGS

THE EVENING GAZETTE

CHECKER-BOARD BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

	Contract Section 1	Safes For Rent.	,				
NORWALK				PIEL BROS'.		FRED A. WALTE	T
Fire Insurance Co.		A LUABLES STORED		Real German Lager,		HARNESS AND	
In Successful Oper-		Safe Deposit Vault		On draught and in Bottles,		HORSE GOODS Repairing of all kinds done at short notice	
ation Since 1860,		NATIONAL BANK		RATCHFORD'S,		Harness made to or	
No Outstanding Claims.		OF NORWALK,	2	44 Main Street		der a specialty 31 MAIN . 7. NORWALK, CONN.	
	GAZETTE ADS.		Geo. W. Raymond,		Chas. T. Leonard		W. BYINGTON
			Staple and Fancy		COAL, WOOD,		W DTINGION
	BRING		Groceries		BLUESTONE AND MASONS' BUILD-	6	INSURANCE.
			Provisions		MANUFACTURER OF CEMENT -:- PIPE.		THE ORDING
	GOOD RESULTS	Y SAFETY OF THE	No, 9 Main St.		Office and Yard, 33 to 44 Water Street.		Room 3, Sazette Buliding.
G. Ward Selleck,				S. B. Wilson,			7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
BEST GOODS,				Carpenter and			
TEAS and COFFEES)r.			
18 WALL ST.				OFFICE. 92 Wast. Norwalk, Conn.			
			Edgar Buttery, Nurseryman,		A. R. MALKIN		Painting, Paper
			NORWALK, CONN. Trees. Shrubs and Plants. Strawberry		Carpenter		Painting, Paper Hanging, Kalsomin- ing and Hardwood Finishing,
			Plants a Specialty. Brandy Wine, Rio and Marshel, 30 other		and Builder,		C. L. PLATT,
mg n			Varieties		SAWING AND PLANING		52 Wilton Avenue, Norwalk, Conn.
			Office, 6 Water St. Nurs'ys, Broad River.		76 Franklin Ave, NORWALK, CONN.		Send for book con- taining samples.
Frank T. Hyatt						PARLOR	
DENTIST,						BARBER-:-SHOP,	
DENTIST						H.S. LEOBOLD.	
8 West Avenue.					• 10 •	47 Main Street.	
			Send Your Order to		TRY		
			HUNT & ZELUFF,		WEED'S		
			When You Want a Nice Fresh Fish		SODA WATER		
			60 Washington St. SOUTH NORWALK.		12 7 7 7		4
	# 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ENTERPRISE			38 Wall St.		6
•	- Mari	Bottling Works,					
		7 Wall Street.	*				
		FINE ALES AND LAGER EXPRESSLY FOR FAM-			e ú	,	
		Mail orders receive				42	
	H	prompt attention.					
NASH & VANSCOY Dealers in—	in the following the state of t			EMBOSSING			Job Printing
CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE.	* 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	The first of the first	in the second of the second	DONE AT			OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
PLUMBING, STEAM AND GAS FITTING.	$\phi \in X \times Y$	Variable Latin of			16 AN	e la creix do acodo	EXECUTED AT THE
Cor. Main & West ts			1	THIS OFFICE.			GAZETTE OFFICE
80, NORWALK, CT	L. Brancon Black		l <u>v.</u>				

Boy's Suit.



NO. 154-PRICE, TEN CENTS. [HINTS BY KATE WALLACE CLEMENTS.]

and full blouse of white cambric. The stylish jacket in Eton effect has a wide back, and is simply shaped by shoulder shoulders. and under-arm scams. The upper portion of the fronts are reversed to form pointed lapels while below this point they flare widely apart showing the dainty blouse underneath. The two tions seamed sleeves are cut in the regu'ation coat style. The shaping of the trousers is accomplished by inside and outside 54 in material. leg seams and the closing is affected at the sides. Inside bands at the top are | yards of 36 in wide goods.

This natty little suit comprises three attached to an under waist by means of pieces, boy's jacket, short knee trousers | buttons and button holes. At the neck is a smart tie and sailor collar of the blouse falls deeply across the back and

Tweed, cheviot, homespun cloth, corduroy velvet and velveteen are among the chosen materials for making, while braid and buttons form appropriate decora-

of material for medium size 11/2 yards of

Quantity of material for blouse 21/4

ದ್ದ ್ಯೂಲ್ ನಾಯ್ ಕ್ರಾಮ್ ಕ್ರಾಮ ಕ್ರಾಮ್ ಕ್ THE EVENING GAZETTE ORDER, BLANK.

For the Above Pattern, No. 159.

Cut this out, fill in your name, address and age, and mail it to the PATTERN DEPARTMENT, EVENING GAZETTE with 10 Cents. Write name and address carefully and leabily to insure delivery.

	NA	ME		• • •	
100000			ь		

STATE..... All patterns being mailed from the publishers, about a week will elapse after orders are sent in before patterns are received. Law are and a series of the se

THIS & SPACE IS (CONTRACTED FOR BY

CHILDREN'S

:GARDINER & MITCHELL.

Wagons, Carts, Barrows, Hoops, Garden Sets, Kites, Marbles, Tops, &c.

School Supplies

We have the biggest Tablet in town for 5 cents.

Sizes are 4, 6, and 8 years. Quantity | Real Estate and Steamship Agent.

JOHN T. HAYES,

5 MAIN STREET, - - - NORWALK.

HERE'S YOUR CHANCE.

A fine building lot on Wilton avenue. If you intend to build, look at this before purchasing.

Water, gas and sewer on the avenue.

Will be sold at a Bargain.

W. H. BYINGTON, Real Estate and Insurance Ruom I. Gazette B'l'd.

THE Ætna Life INSURANCE

Made the Following Gains in the Year 1896:

Increase in Income,

\$1,057,816.28.

Increase in Assets,

\$1,997,234.42. Increase in Surplus.

\$198,816,81,

Increase in New Life Business,

\$1,598,668,00.

Increase in Life Insurance in Force.

\$5,608,680.00.

Increase in Accident Insurance in Force,

\$21,736.500 00

Increase in Accident Premiums.

\$175,086.72—or 62 per cent.

Increase in New Life Insurance Written in Connecticut,

\$310,642.00.

Increase in total Life Insurance in Connecticut.

\$472,569.00.

From the increased Surplus the usual increase of dividends to policy-holders will be paid in 1897, making the Twenty-Fifth Regular Annual Increase of Dividends to the insured, and a record unparalleled in the history of life insurance.

Notwithstanding the material increase of new business on which the expense in Life Insurance is chiefly incurred, the ratio of expense to income on the Life business of this company, excluding the Accident business, is somewhat lower than last year, and is 23 per cent. less than the average expense of the ten leading "purely mutual" companies for the Year 1895.

Their figures for 1896 have not been published.

MORGAN G. BULKELEY, President,

J.C. WEBSTER, Vice-Pres. J. L. ENGLISH, Sec. H. W. ST. JOHN, Actuary.

C. E. GILBERT, Ass't. Sec. W. C. FAXON, Ass't. Sec. Accident Department.,
G. W., RUSSELL, M. D., Med. Director, JAMES CAMPBELL, M.D., Med. Ex.

E. E. HALLOCK, Ceneral Agent, 5 Hubinger Bld'g., New Haven. J. I. HUTCHINSON, Ceneral Accident & gent, Hartford. sumed today.

Everybody Knows

that carelessness, chemicals and common soaps make combination in the laundry which is simply fatal to shirts, collars, cuffs and other linen, and more people are finding out every day that by the modern methods of washing clothes, the sun=

Sunlight Soap

the clothes not only receive no injury in the wash, but are actually preserved, as the dirt which would produce wear and decay is taken out without rub-bing, without boiling, without chemical action.

Sunlight Soap Saves Clothes

Lever Bros., Ltd., Hudson & Harrison Sts., New York.

HERE AND THERE

An Epitome of Happenings of Interest to the Public.

Garnered With Scissors and Pencil.

Norwalk Red Men will visit Stamford

Did any of you catch a trout to-day ?

Rev. E. II. Coley will preach in Grace church to-night.

The board of health held a regular meeting last evening. It is not believed that Joseph Reister

er has gone to Germany. The fire companies will hold special

meetings to morrow night.

Twenty-one wanderers put up at the Hotel Howard last night.

-You can find a full line of fish, clams, excallops and oysters at Gregory's Wall street market.

Mrs Stiles W. Curtis is reported as being better of her illness.

Rev. T. M. Crowley of New Milford preached in St. Mary's church last evenin .

Miss Mary Saunders of Paterson, is visiting Mrs. James Moore on Plymouth avenue.

To-day is pay day at the Selectmen's office and all connected with it are deci dedly busy.

There were three real estate sales in Norwalk last week and the mortgages amounted to \$10.164

The infant daughter of Mrs. Tony Pennebra will be christened at St. Mary's church Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Sarah Bessey and her niece, Miss Amanda Smith bave removed from Franklin avenue to Merwin street.

There will be a dance at St. John & Fiedlers hall Broad River, to-morrow evening.

Street Commissioner Kellogg is having the city catch-basins cleaned out, and is putting River street in repair.

Rev. George W. Nichols is not ill as has been reported. His many friends was not tiue.

A horse belonging to a South Norwalk livery stable ran away at Broad River, yesterday, and continued the run to the stable without doing much damage.

St. Mary's parochial school was closed to-day, out of respect to the memory of the late Mrs. John Fahey, whose funeral took place to-day. Deceased was the mother of B shop Tierney.

-The meats sold at Gregory's mar ket on Wall street are always as represented and are sold at prices which those who study economy will appreci-

At a meeting of Buckingham Post, G. A. R. last evening, it was voted that ment was not accepted by the manufacthe Post attend the unveiling of the Grant tomb in New York on the 27th. Arrangements will be made at a later meeting of the Post.

was held from her late home on West States has issued a circular stating that avenue this morning. The remains were taken to Bridgeport this afternoon for interment in the Mountain Grove cemetery.

At the First Congregational church this evening. Dr. T. K. Noble will give as a prelude to his Lenten Sermon, twenty-six ways suggested by Scripture in which the growth of a church may be hindered and its usefulness crippled.

Contract Awarded.

The contract for the building of the new Methodist church at South Norwalk, has been awarded to Builder S. M. Randall, of New York. The plans call for a very attractive looking church edifice. Mr. Randall's bid was \$38,475. The highest bidder was S. B. Wilson, are Claus Doscher, A. Frederick Behre, C. H. Tiebaut, W. H. Logan and Fred-

Met

South Norwalk.

Branch Office of GAZETTE No. 12 North Main Street

G. B. Boice, of New York, is here to-

day. Butler Lodge, I. O. O. F. held a reg-

ular meeting last evening.

Harry Stone has returned home from visit with friends in Newark, N. J. Rev. Mr. Booth of Bridgeport, will preach in Trinity church to-morrow evening.

· Miss Maggie Utes has returned from a two weeks' visit with friends at Dalton, Mass.

Minnehaha Division, S. of T. met at the home of Mrs Webb, on Burbank

street, last night. Frank N. Ferris has purchased an Eagle and goes flying about the town

at a high rate of speed. South Norwalk Red Men will go to Stamford to-night and hold a wow-wow

with braves of that city. Dr. Willis H. Crowe formerly of this city, has been appointed a member of the town board of physicians at New

Several young men from here went to New York to witness the parade of the "greatest show on earth," and they

came back. A horse valued at \$250 and belonging to Jacob Raymond died last night. The carcass was taken to Toner's morgue this morning.

It will interest the ladies to learn that there will be a millinery opening next Saturday at S. S. Tillotson's on North Main street.

-Don't fail to attend S. S. Tillotson's Millinery opening, Saturday and Monday. Stylish hats at popular prices. 16 North Main street. A 1 3t.

The Sages will give a private exhibition in hypnotism at the Old Well H. & L. parlors. Yesterday afternoon they. entertained the teachers of the public schools at the home of Principal Foote.

Charles Diver an employee of the Detroit Stove Manufacturing company is a guest of his brother E. K. Diver on Stevens street. This is Mr. Diver's first visit here in three years. He has two children -boarding on Hanford place.

Mr. Jere .Donovan is in receipt of a letter from his daughter, who is in Montreal, in which letter she gives an interesting account of an earthquake, which cocurred in that city. It was her first experience with earthquakes, and it was a startling one.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Sages.

The Sages gave another of their interesting hypnotic entertainments at Hoyt's Theatre, last evening, before a large audience.

At 10 o'clock the young man who was put to sleep Monday night, and placed in the window of George R. Van Alstyne's store, on Washington street, where be was viewed by large crowds, was carried into the theatre and awakened. It required five men to hold him during the awakening, but he soon came to himself, apparently none the worse for his forty-eight hours' sleep. He was weighed by Dr. Sherer and found to have lost seven and one-half pounds during his sleep

Another entertainment will be given this evening with a change of program.

Thought He Would Skip.

Mrs. Tanner made complaint this will be glad to learn that the report morning that she believed that one of her boarders, who was at work for the Tramway company, on the improvements on the Westport road intended "skipping his board bill." Chief Bradley served a warrant on the boarder and he explained that he had no intention of cheating his landlady. The matter was settled by the boarder turn ing over to Mrs. Tanner enough of his pay-checks to liquidate his indebtedness to her.

Boston Granite Cutters' Strike.

Boston, April 1.-The granite cutters of Boston, Cambridge and vicinity, who have been on a strike for several weeks, returned to work today, a settlement having been reached. The men struck because the new annual agreeturers, and for some time no work has been done in the granite yards.

Baltimore, April 1.—President Isaac E. Emerson of the National Associa-The funeral of Mrs. George Nichols tion of Naval Militias of the United the 17th and 18th of June have been fixed as the dates for the annual meet-ing of the organization. The meeting will be held in Boston on board the United States ship Minnesota.

Bill Aimed at Nepotism.

Albany, April 1. Relatives of officeholders will have little chance for preterment if the bill introduced by Senator Ford today goes through. It provides that no person shall be appointed to a state office unless he has lived five years in the state, nor to a local office unless he has lived three years in the locality.

Another Sugar Refinery.

Albany, April 1. - The New York Sugar Refining company of Long Island City was incorporated today with erick Brommer, all of Brooklya.

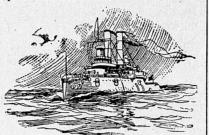
Battleship Iowa Preparing For Her Official Trial Trip.

THE PRELIMINARY TESTS.

Nearly Sixteen Knots an Hour Attained Under Ordinary Conditions-A Slight Accident In New York Harbor.

Where the Test Will Be Made.

New York, April 1.-The battleship Iowa, bound for her official trial trip off the New England coast, reached the Brooklyn navy yard today after a successful run from Philadelphia. She will be put in drydock for a few finishing touches to make her trim and fit for the speed test between Cape Ann. Mass., and Cape Porpoise, Me., next week. The contract speed requirement is for 16 knots, with a bonus of \$50,000 to her builders, the Messrs. Cramp, for every quarter knot in excess of that fig-If her behavior on the run from Philadelphia be any indication of her powers, she will exceed the stipulated speed and earn a handsome premium



THE BATTLESHIP IOWA.

for her makers. This is the last of the warships for which such a bonus will be offered. The Iowa had three runs between the lightships off the five fathom bank. This is a distance of 11.125 knots, and the trials were made under forced draft with ordinary coal. The speed attained on the first and second legs was 15.30 knots an hour, but on the third she spurted up to 15.75. The revolutions of the screw were 104 under a steam pressure of 140 pounds and the maximum indicated horsepower 11,000,

with 110 revolutions. There was a light southwesterly breeze during the trials, but the sea was smooth and there was no vibration whatever. Captain Sargent, who navigated the ship, and Superintending Engineer Edwin S. Cramp, who exercised general supervision, were entirely satisfied with this performance and are confident that the Iowa will make a record on her official trial. It had been anticipated that tests would be made looking to an alteration in the pitch of the screws, but everything worked so smoothly that it was decided to make no change.

A Seagoing Battleship. The Iowa, which is the first of the new navy's seagoing fighters, left her pier at Cramp's shipyard, Philadelphia, at 7 o'clock Monday morning and steamed slowly down the river, the craft dot-ting the stream bidding her a shrill parting salute. The usual difficulty of getting over the shoals near Reedy island involved a delay until 6 o'clock in the evening, and the intervening time was utilized in the adjustment of the compasses. She anchored at the Brown shoals, five miles inside the capes, at 11 o'clock Monday night, and at 6 the next morning weighed anchor and pointed her nose to sea. The capes were rounded a half hour later, and the Iowa made for the southwest lightship off the five

fathom bank. The morning was consumed by the speed tests, and at 12:15 o'clock she headed up the coast, doing a steady 14 knots all the way to Sandy Hook. which was reached at 6:30 o'clock last evening. Here a pilot was taken aboard the Iowa entered the harbor About two-thirds of the way up the main channel and just outside the Narrows the first difficulty of the trip wa encountered, and that was a trifling one. The Iowa's starboard bow struck can buoy No. 6 a glancing blow, and the anchor chain of the buoy became entangled in the propeller blades. It took an hour's work to get the buoy free and then she was cast adrift. No damage was done to the Iowa. At 11 o'clock last night the ship was anchored off Tompkinsville, and today she passed up the East river and harbored at the navy yard. As the big warship steamed up the stream she received a worthy greeting. Every boat on the river saluted her, but the first to greet her were her sister ships, the Indiana and Massachusetts, which were lying off Tompkinsville.

Plans For the Official Trial.

The Iowa acknowledged their greet ing with a half dozen wails of her siren. At the navy yard she anchored beside the cruiser New York, which was hav-ing muster, and as the Iowa was being made fast the band of the New York played "The Star Spangled Banner. The work of scraping her bottom and painting her will be promptly begun. This will probably occupy until Saturday, and at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of that day she will steam for Boston

The trip around will be made by a party of government officials, who board her here, and the official trial board will convene in Boston, where she is due on Sunday night. On Monday she will steam over the course to that the buoys are properly placed and the vessels marking the course are in position, and then she will return to Boston harbor. Tuesday will be devoted to a general cleaning up of ma-chinery and boilers, and the trial will be held on Wednesday. Throughout the trip from Philadelphia the weather was perfect and the sea smooth. There were no official guest aboard.

A Fire Island Bill.

Albany, April 1.-Senator McNulty (Dem., Kings) introduced a bill in the senate today to make Fire island the site of the state camp of the national The bill carries an appropriation of \$25,000, to be used by the adjutant general in making the necessary equipments for the island for camp purposes. It is hardly probable that it will receive favorable attention.

The Upper Hudson Clear.

Saratoga, April 1.—The log jam at Hadley was successfully started and moved forward without doing damage All danger is passed, and the upper Hudson river is now clear of obstruc-tions. The logs, which were piled 40 to 60 feet in the air, presented a grand spectacle as 'bey moved.

A Fortress Bombarded by Christians. War Seems to Be Inevitable. Khania, Island of Crete, April 1. -The Christians have bombarded the blockhouse above the Izeddin fort,

which, together with the foreign ironclads, replied with shells. The bombardment was continued until 11 o'clock last night and was re-

War Seems Inevitable.

London, April 1.-A dispatch today from the correspondent of The Daily Chronicle at Elassona, the headquarters of the Turkish army in Macedonia, ters of the Turkish army in Macedonia, says: "My opinion is unchanged. War is inevitable if the negotiations of the powers fail. Thirty thousand insurgents, armed to the teeth, are awaiting at a certain point on the frontier. A week from today is the anniversary of Greek independence, and it is difficult to believe it can pass without the en-thusiasm breaking its bounds, though Prince Constantine's orders are to exercise the utmost strictness to prevent unauthorized action."

The correspondent of The Daily Chronicle at Volo, Greece, telegraphs: 'A thousand reservists reached Volo today. This is extremely important, as I am canfident that the national society is beginning to move. A public meeting held here this afternoon sent a deputa-tion to welcome Prince Constantine and tell him that the whole population hopes for an immediate advance. The crown prince thanked them for their loyal devotion, said he was profoundly touched by the boundless enthusiasmand added: I am confident that if the cruel neces sity of war should arise we shall all be ready to do our duty for our country. Let us still hope, however, that peace will crown our just and patriotic ambitions. In the meanwhile let us feel perfect confidence in the decisions of the king and the legal authorities, who will, without doubt, take everystep necessary for the safety and honor of the coun-

The Blockade of Greece.

Paris, April 1.-It is announced here this afternoon that the powers have decided to proceed with the partial block-

Valuable Horses Burned.

Baltimore, April 1.—The large barn on the farm of William Baker, just outside the city limits, was burned today, together with its contents, which in-cluded two valuable horses, five vehicles and several sets of fine harness.

To Rebuild a Shoe Factory.

Portland, Me., April 1.—The shoe factory of L. P. Hawkins, at Deering, which was burned March 13, will be replaced by the A. H. Berry Shoe company. Mr. Hawkins has agreed to manage the new factory.

Claim a \$10,000,000 Estate.

Halifax, April 1.-Joseph A. Pushee of this city and others have entered a claim to a portion of an estate in England and Scotland, which is said to be worth \$10,000,000. The property is known as the Clarke estate.

Albany, April 1. Senator Grady's bill prohibiting the desecration of the American flag was taken up in the senate today and the amendment to have it not apply to political campaigns was defeated.

To Protect "Old Glory."

Girl Attempts Suicide.

Gloversville, N. Y., April 1.-Phebe Sutliff, 18, granddaughter of ex-Sheriff Sutliff shot herself in the right temple after having quarreled with her lover Little hopes of her recovery are enter tained.

NO HUMBUG HERE.

Norwalk Indorsement is What Counts With the Public.

You can't for I the public all the time, They will find you out at last. Every time a man is fooled Another skeptic is made. Many the remedy that makes the skep

It fails to keep its promise. Doane's Kidney Pills bring renewed

fe ith. They cure the skeptic. Plenty of proof of this at home.
Norwalk proof for Norwalk people. Our citizens say they cure backache. Cure urinary disorders.

Experience has taught them this is so Conviction for every sufferer. In the testimony of friends and neigh

Mr. Thomes Cooney, residing at No. 73 Harbor avenue, dockmister for ten years and for thirty years a sailor says
"When a boy I fell from a tree striking a fence. This accident left me with back trouble, and the life on the water with its hardships added the r share until I found backache was more or less a steady thing, coming on from time to time. I did not understand that it came from the kidneys, but reading that Doane's Kidney Pi Is cured back ache I got a box at Hale's drug store, and was surprised to find how quickly they acted. They sim-ply cured me and that is all there is to it, you may be sure I have a good word for Doane's Kidney Pills, they have done such good work for me. I shall be glad to tell any one about it who wishes to

Doane's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents, Mailed by Fos-tel-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole Agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doane's, and take

GRAY HAIR RESTORED to its natural color by LEE'S 12.0 a bottle CANT, no dye harmless, pleasant odor, \$1.00 a bottle CLEP'S HAIR TONIC semoves dandruff, stops hir from falling out and promotes growth \$1.00 a bottle LEE MEDICANT CO 108 Fulton St., N.Y. FDEE Hastrated Treatises on Hair on application FREE

for sale by E. P. WEED, Druggists. Raymond & Son.

Successors to George H Raymond

Furniture Dealers and General Funeral Directors

46 and 48 Main St., Norwalk, Conn. Residence, Berkeley Place.

Techone No. 77-1.

THE CRETAN HUDDLE.

R PALMER COX BROWNIEBOOKS OUR READERS (THE EVENING CAZETTE.)

Beautiful Illuminated Covers HIS QUAINT CONCEITS

HAVE NEVER BEEN EQUALLED

ALL HIS BIRDS, EROWNIES, AND BEASTS are arrayed in varied garments, much as ordinary human beings dress. Walk on two legs, think as men; and women do, talk to each other, go to house-

keeping, dance at weddings, etc., etc. These books are crammed from cover o cover with the quaintest conceptions in PICTURE and STORY; enough to crac your sides with merriment and SET THE

CHILDREN WILD WITH DELIGHT. He Never Was That Could Hold Palmer Cox!

He Is the Most Brilliant Juvenile

All the children love Palmer Cox's Brownies. We want every tot in town to have a set of these, so they will be given out FREE TO OUR READERS. All we ask is that you send this order to the publishers. It Cets the Books.

TO GET THEM. Send this "Order" direct to the publishers and books will be sent you by return mail

60c Worth Free.

Cul This Out ORDER

> **HUBBARD PUB. CO..** 1023 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Please mail me the Following Four w Palmer Cox Brownie Books:

Busy Brownies Gock Robin Funny Foxes Birds' Wedding

Enclosed Please find 10c. to pay Wrapping and Postage.

Address,......StateState Charge to Account EVENING GAZETTE, Norwalk, Conn.

Warranted Solid Cold. Beautiful Chased Holder.

LINCOLN FOUNTAIN PEN TO NO

You may think it cannot possess merit or durability, the price is so low; but the "Lincoln" is a \$2.50 pen reduced to \$1 0). It is durable, always ready to "go" but never drips, the ink flowing steadily and uniformly. They are in use in this office, giving the best of satisfaction, and they are in use in the base, insurance and business offices and among all classes of users of pens in Norwalk and vicinity.

Orders are received from all parts of the country. Samples to be seen and orders received at the GAZETIE OFFICE.

OLSEN BROS.

WE SHALL ENDEAVOR TO ECLIPSE ALL FORMER EFFORTS AND MAKETHIS THE GREATEST SHOE SALE

EVER KNOWN IN NORWALK. -:- -:- -:-Here are a few of the Bargains:

200 Pair Childs' Shoes, Pat Tip, Spring Heel per pair, Pii rMisses' Pat. Tip. Spring Heel Shoes worth \$1.25 at 200 Pair Men's Shoes, Lace and Congress, worth \$1.25 at

 Our Men's \$5.00 Enamel Shoes.
 reduced to

 Men's First Quality Hip Rubber Boots, worth \$3.85.
 at

 " Storm King Rubber Boots, worth \$3.50.
 at

 2.50

 " Short Rubber Boots, worth \$2.60.
 at

On April 5th we will give away another beautiful Store er Bicycle, your choice of either Ladies or Cents, and REMEMBER, you get a chance on this beautiful wheel with every 50 cent purchase made at our Store.

OLSEN BROS,' WHITE SHOE STORE.



SPECIAL OFFER!

Five 26 in. Boys and Cirls Bicycles, Regular price \$50, Will Close out at \$25. ONLY FIVE LEFT. A LARGE STOCK OF

RAMBLERS STORMERS IDEALS -23 in. STORMERS -21 in. STORMERS Full Line of Sundriss. WHEELS SOLD ON EASY TERMS.

THE J. T. PROWITT CO.



wavs. A man may commit suicide in a reat many ways. Shooting himself through the head is quicker, but it is no more certain than neglecting his health. If a woman saw her husband with a pistol to his head, she would take prompt and vigorous measures to save him; but might see her husband

A man's life may

on the down-grade to disease and death on the down-grade to disease and death without seeing the scriousness of it. One-sixth of all the people who die, die of consumption. Consumption doesn't come all at once. It is insidious. The seeds of it are seemingly insignificant. Most people do not know how it starts. Thousands of people are on the road to consumer the seeming of the people are on the road to consumer the seeming the sands of people are on the road to consumption and don't know it. Whenever there is loss of flesh—paleness—wasting away—look out. Consumption easily finds a foot-hold in a weakened lody. Low vitality, impure or poor blood, imperfect digestion, nervousness, sleeplessness—all these lead to consump-

Taken in time, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will prevent the de-velopment of the disease. Taken according to directions, it will positively and perfectly cure ninety-eight per cent. of all cases of consumption, whether incipient or fully developed. Consumption is a disease of the blood. The "Golden Medical Discovery" is a cure for all blood diseases, no matter in what part or how

they manifest themselves.

If you want to know all about it, and what it has done for other people, send twenty-one (21) one-cent stamps to cover the cost of mailing only for a FREE COPY of Dr. Pierce's great 1008 page work, "Common Sense Medical Adviser." Every family should have a copy of this book for ready reference. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

MRUMMAN BROTHER

- MANUFACTURERS OF -

IMPROVED SODA AND MIN-ERAL WATERS.

Flavoring Extract,s Also the Olden Time Syrups and Root Beer. Fruit Juices, Jemon Soda, Soda Water Sarsaparilla, Supplied in Steel Fountains. Birch Beer, Seltzer and Vichy in Siphors.

H. J. & G. S. GRUMMAN,

Department.

WORD THE WISE

Manufactur Merchants, ers, Lodges and Societies will consult their own interests by giving us a call.

REMEMBER--If you have

work to do, write to us.

WHAT GAGE SAID.

PROPHESIED IN 1891 THE PREDICA-MENT OF OUR TREASURY DE-PARTMENT IN 1893.

His Often Quoted Address of 1894-Important as Outlining the Present Views of the Secretary of the Treasury-Importance of Credits-Real Money Versus Promises to Pay—Makeshift Legislation— Summary of Defects of Our Currency

The new secretary of the treasury, Lyman J. Gage, is not a novice either in the theory or practice of financial affairs. Long before most bankers and business men were greatly concerned about our national finances he saw danger ahead and prophesied what wouldand what did-happen, unless certain changes were made in our unscientific and unsound financial system.

On Feb. 19, 1891, Mr. Gage read a paper before the Sunset club in Chicago. After explaining how silver and gold money had been evolved "by the free play of human choice, ending in consensus of action, and never by conventional agreements made in advance," he discussed our own monetary conditions. He pointed out how the United States, by accepting both metals and by allowing its creditors to choose either, kept together the two metals, whose values were diverging rapidly. To the question, Cannot the government continue this policy indefinitely and thus "forever preserve a higher value to the silver coin than its equivalent in silver bullion?" he replied that it could not. "The proportion of silver payments to the government," he said, "will steadily increase until the treasury department will be obliged to either pay in silver or buy gold in exchange for it. With free coinage of silver," he added, "this result will be the sooner reached." Nothing could be clearer or sounder than this. It is precisely what happened.

In the autumn of 1894 he took part in an elaborate discussion of the money question at the Commercial club of Chicago. His address at this meeting is often referred to and is now of much interest, since it contains what he says are still substantially his ideas in regard to currency reform. We quote below the

greater part of this address:
"In speaking upon the subject of our money system one must be aware that in whatever he may say he will excite the hostile criticism and draw forth bitter invective from some one or more of the various factions who are seeking to establish on new and experimental foundations our much disturbed financial structure.

"Through our heterogeneous system the public mind has seemingly lost the power to discriminate between real things and the shadows or signs of things. It is necessary that disguises be pulled aside and that real facts appear.

'There is, in truth, only one real money-viz, metallic coin. It may be composed of gold or silver. It might be of something else, but it is not. Greenbacks, treasury notes and national bank notes are but promises to pay. In the nature of things they can be nothing more. They pass as money, perform the functions of money, often more conveniently than money itself. Because of this confusion comes, and we are led astray. Seeing that the greenback is uttered by the government; that it has, by the legal tender quality imparted to it, the power to pay debts, and that it circulates with all the power of money, discrimination ceases—we call it money—and the idea that government can create money by nction or fiat becomes rooted in the mind. The distinctions just pointed cut are, however, fundamental distinctions. They should be taught in the schools. They are simple, easy to be understood even by a child.

"We admit that on many occasions paper money, whether greenbacks, treasury notes or national bank notes, is more to be desired than gold. Yet more to be desired than either, as proved by the daily conduct of men, is a credit balance in a solvent bank. For, to secure this better form of good, people voluntarily give to the banker these promises to pay-yea, even gold itself-for a credit to an equal sum upon his books. With an entry upon their passbook as evidence of the transaction they claim to have "money in the bank." In popular language, the claim is well enough, but, correctly speaking, it is positively untrue. They have parted with their money, if money they had. It belongs to the banker; it is no longer theirs.

"The consideration they have received is an agreement from the banker to meet their requisitions upon him from time to time. If the banker is faithful to his obligations they have made no bad bargain, for all these things-greenbacks, treasury notes, national bank notes and, to use the popular language, money in bank—are in their nature and essence one—viz, they are forms of credit. Their value, each and all alike, lies in the ability of the owner to convert them at last into the only real form of money now existent—metallic coin. And to push the question a little farther, the only value of the metallic coin lies, not in the coin as a coin, but in the power of the metal the coin contains to exchange for other things.

"It should here be noted that while our silver dollar is real money its power to exchange for other things is more than doubled by another and artificial value imparted to it through the law, which gives it power equal to the dollar in gold to pay customs dues. Having an equal value in this direction, the quantity being limited, it has equal value in all directions, but the difference between the metallic value of the silver dollar and this arbitrary value lies in the realm of credit. What I have so far said lies at the foundation of the subject and must be first understood.

We have now current in the United States available in the purchase and sale of commodities and for the payment of progressive nations are on the gold bass. labor services the following agencies:

"First, gold coin, silver coin-real

"Next, greenbacks, treasury notes, national bank notes and bank checks. The last four to be classified together as forms of credit.

'Their respective legal relationships to real money, however, are not alike. The national bank note and the bank check may both be satisfied by the tender of greenbacks or treasury notes, while the last two are redeemed only in coin or in payment of public dues.

"In passing it may be well to note the relative use of these various agencies in the practical operations of commerce and trade. No better place to determine this can be found than the counter of a bank, and the following statement of the amount of each received by a bank in this city on a recent day will indicate their relative importance in that direc-

Silver certificates
Legal tender notes and greenbacks...
Treasury notes
National bank notes

"Percentage of cash to total credits, 5 per cent.
"The lesson to be drawn from these

figures is this:

"Much the larger part of all our com-

mercial exchanges are carried on by bank checks or other instruments of private credit. These instruments all relate to a certain form of money, in place of which they for the moment stand. If uncertainty intervene as to what this related thing-this money-is, or is to be, distrust and confusion enter in. The mighty agency of personal credit is shaken. Commercial exchanges fall off, trade languishes and industry declines.

"The greenback was issued to pay debts, not to acquire value, or, if value was received, such value was either consumed or converted into value not available in the market. The greenback paid soldiers and government employees; it bought powder and munitions of war. The existence of a greenback is the evidence of a debt not paid. It is a lien upon the future.

"A national bank note, on the contrary, is the evidence of some existing value which lies somewhere as collateral for its redemption. To transfer such values is the only ordinary and proper occasion which cans for their issue. The volume in which they will appear marks the rise in prices or an increasing quantity of existing things. Like the bank check, they will be in active service when trade and commerce are active. Thus they enjoy the principle of elasticity, wholly lacking in any possible form of direct government issue. The method of their retirement is wholly different and subjects the trade and commer e of the country to less dangerous

"There is no reason why the government should act as warehouseman for either gold or silver. Such a function is outside its proper limit of action. But we are faced by the condition, and it is the bete noire of the treasury. The enormous amount of \$500,000,000 of silver, represented by \$338,000,000 in silver certificates, added to the \$150,-000,000 purchased by the government under the Sherman act, constitutes a standing menace to every business inter-

"Our whole monetary system is the resultant of makeshift legislation and unscientific compromises. It is time that reform began. I do not assume to offer more final remedies. In my own opinion the greenbacks should be permanently retired. The silver purchased under the Sherman act should be gradually sold and the treasury notes redeemed and canceled. Some well guarded system of bank note circulation, broader and more elastic than the present national bank act provides, should be inaugurated. Such bank notes should be redeemable at a central place and be redeemable in

"To sum up, the defects of our present currency system are: 1. A confusing heterogeneity which needs simplification. 2. The greenback controverts the principle of paper money-viz, that every note injected into the commercial system should represent an existing commercial value. 3. The treasury note is a standing evidence of a foolish operation, the creation of a debt for the purchase on a falling market of a commodity for which the purchaser has no use—it lies open to the just charge of being both idiotic and immoral. 4. The national bank note nearly conforms to the true principle of paper money, but the unreasonable requirements for security paralyze its efficiency and operate to destroy its elasticity. 5. The silver certificate encourages the use of silver to a larger extent than consists with the safe preservation of that metal on a parity with gold.

"Would a national commission help to promote reform? There is reason to hope that it would be of great service in that direction. Such a commission, if rightly selected, would throw a flood of light upon these involved questions. The information it might gather would be of immense value to all our people and would guide us to wise legislation.

"Emotion and sentiment are not safe guides in matters of science. A clear apprehension of true principles will lead to correct action."

Tom Watson Accepts the Verdict. In a letter printed in the New York World of March 9 Thomas E. Watson. ex-candidate for vice president, says:

If there was any clear meaning in the verdict of last November, it was that there should be no free and unlimited coinage of silver at the old ratio of 16

Condensed Japanese History.

The Japanese government has adopted the gold standard. The Japs are the most progressive people of the east. -Pomeroy (O.) Leader.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF NEW YORK.

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

Statement for the Year Ending December 31st,

According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

INCOME,

Received for Premiums	- \$ 39,593,414 20
From all Other Sources	10,109,281 07
	\$ 49.702.695 27

)6)3 —	<u>18</u>	49,702,695	27
6	DISBURSEMENTS,		
е	To Policy-holders for Claims by Death* -	\$ 12,595,113	39
y i-	To Policy-holders for Endowments, Dividends, etc.	12,842,456	1
e	For all Other Accounts	10,781,005	64
s o	ASSETS.	\$36,218,575	14
	nited States Bonds and other Securities S	110,125,082	15
y e	First lien Loans on Bond and Mortgage	71,543,929	56
d	Loans on Stocks and Bonds	11,091,525	00
t :-	Real Estate	22,767,666	65
n -	Cash in Banks and Trust Companies	12,680,390	00
g	Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Premiums, etc	6,535,555	06
re	r e	234,744,148	42
r	Reserve for Policies and other Liabilities -	205,010,633	72
0	Surplus	\$ 29,733,514	70
e e	Insurance and Annuities in force S	918,698,338	45

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be co liabilities calculated by the Insurance Department CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor.

From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned as usual

Report of the Examining Committee.

Office of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York

TO THE HONORABLE, THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

The undersigned, a Committee apppointed by your honorable body on the twentythird day of December, 1896, to examine the Annual Statement of the Company, and to verify the same, .espectfully

REPORT

That, pursuant to the power and authority thereby conferred, the Committee have at various dates between the date of the said reference and the date of this Report attended at the office of the Company, and have been waited on by the Treasurer the Comptroller, the Auditor and and the Cashier, together with the the respective assistants of such officers, and have carethe Comptroller, the Auditor and and the Casher, together with the the respective assistants of such omcers, and have carefully gone over all the items contained in the said Statement, and have found the same to be correct. They have examined and counted every certificate of stock, bond and other obligation held by the Company, and compared the price at which the same are carried in said Statement with the market quotations and find the same not exceeding such quotations—in fact, in same are carried in said Statement with the market quotations and find the same not exceeding such quotations—in fact, in many cases bely without a state of the company, and find the same to be as stated. They have also verified the valuations of the Company's holdings of real estate and have verified the deposits of money in the various banks and trust companies, and have counted the cash on hand held by the

And the Committee certify that all the books, papers. documents and evidences of title of every description necessary in such examination have been freely submitted to the Committee by the said officers and their assistants, and that the same are accurate, in good order and well kept And the Committee further certify that the investments of the Company are of a high order, and that the system and methods adopted by the Company in recording its transactions and caring for the assets are entitled to commendation

All of which is respectfully submitted

NEW YORK JANUARY 25, 1897.

ROBERT OLYPHANT JAMES N. JARVIE JAMES C. HOLDEN

J. HOBART HERRICK CHARLES D. DICKEY, JR. S CHARLES R, HENDERSON

The company has issued an order whereby women can be insured without the extra charge heretofore required. More definite information on the subject will be furnished by the local agent, Mr. A. H. Camp.

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STRANGE COLOR PHOTOGRAPHS. A Process in Which No Pigments or Col

The London Times says a private exhibition was given a day or two ago of some of the results obtained by the new process of color photography which has been devised by a Cornish man, Mr. Bennetto. The methods and indeed the principle employed, remain the secret of the inventor, and it is intended that they shall remain so until several more details and applications of the invention have been more fully worked out. All that is at present known is that the inventor, who has been occupied with the subject for the last eight years, claims to have discovered the first true and direct system of color photography by which can be transformed to a photographic negative and thence printed on glass or paper the exact natural colors of the object toward which the camera has been directed. He employs no pigments, his plates have not to be washed with various colored solutions, and it is not necessary to view his pictures through any combinations of tinted glasses. The colors are imprinted on the plate just as are the light and shade in an ordinary monochrome photograph and are directly visible to the eye. It may be men tioned that Mr. Bennetto in his earliest experiments could get no effects with a less exposure than three minutes: now he is able to work with exposures of sixteen seconds.

Whatever may have been the methods used, the pictures produced by them attain a high standard of excellence. One of the best specimens shown was a study of a sunrise, taken early one morning in the middle of June, 1895, in which the fiery orange of the dawn and the heavy masses of clouds were admirably represented: The clouds, again, were excellent in a typical picture of Cornish seashore scenery, and the tints of the sand and rocks and their reflections in the pools were faithfully reproduced. On the other hand, in some pictures flowers were rather lacking in lustre. Possibly this is a question of exposure. Perhaps the picture which best illustrated the capabilities of the process was one of a champagne bottle standing on a white tablecloth and surrounded with various fruits. Here there were three or four different whites which were all distinguishable, but which it would probably have taxed the powers of any artist to represent by painting. The gold foil on the bottle was exactly rendered, and it was possible to tell that it was full by the prismatic gleam of the liquid. The one unsatisfactory thing in the picture was a spoon, whose sparkle was quite lost; it looked as if it might have been made of cardboard, covered with dull silver paper. The inventor looks forward, among other things, to revolutionizing by this process the illustration of books and magazines, and hopes to show in the future how to tlash a picture on a screen so that a permanent copy may be left behind.

Desired to be Taken at a Reduction. A man who had been fined several times for drunkenness coolly proposed to the justice to take him by the year at a reduced rate.

consumption reaps his richest harvest where diseases of the throat HOREHOUND and lungs

TAR are neglected. If you have ever tried Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar you know what a safeguard it is against throat and luag troubles. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO., 31 and 33 Vesey St., N. Y., P. O. Box 289.

Horace E. Dann, EXCELSION

Livery and Sales Stable.

Opposite Danbury and Norwaik Bailroad depot Norwalk, Conn. Stylish Single or Double Teans with or without drivers' Safe herses for women

andchildren. . SADDLE HORSES A SPECIALTY

LOCKWOOD'S LIGHT PARCEL and PACKAGE DELIVERY Cheap rates. Will also take orders for messager service in New York. Goods called for and delivered to all parts of the town. Urders received at E. P. Weed's Drug Store Will Street, with telephone connection un. 30.

C E LOCKWOOD.

J. D. Jonnings.

UNDERTAKER

Opposite Street Railway Depot. NIGHT BELL AT OFFICE.

ADVICE.

Cheer up chillun, an' move yoh feet! Doan' ack glum ter de folks yoh meet, Er smile's ez easy ez a sigh, An' it's no mo' wuhk foh ter laugh dan cry. So get in step wif de hurryin' throng Stid "mopin' erlong.

When de bother comes an' yoh chance seems

bad, Yoh makes it wuss ef yoh face gets sad, 'Case it stonds ter reason, er hard-luck tale When it comes ter winnin' yer friends will

So brush yoh gyahments an' hum er song,

Stid o' mopin' erlong.

-Washington Star.

THE PASTOR'S STORY.

The clergyman was a very prudent man, and feared to tell anything which might bring him trouble; then he had such a sense of honor that he was not willing to say anything that could be construced into a violation of confidence. As however, a certain wedding had been described by the parties themselves, and the particulars were known in the town where he formerly resided, he thought he might without impropriety tell a party of other clergymen the story of old Doctor Benjamin Tillotson, who, burying three wives, engaged himself to the only daughter of a rich farmer living some three miles from a certain village.

Miss Maria Cutting had arrived at the age of maturity, and as far as years were concerned was a fitting companion for the man who had been obliged to mourn so much since, twenty years before, he had married his first wife. Doctor Benjamin Tillotson, as he was named in the papers-but 'old Doc Ben" in the stores, behind his back-was a man who was careful to have his speech, deportment, dress and character correct. He was as straight as an arrow-six feet and two inches in height-and when he moved along the street his walk was as measured as his language.

He desired to be strictly obedient to all the proprieties. He always lifted his hat to the ladies whom he met. At a dinner party he sat erect, and told his two or three stories in great detail and in true Johnsonian style. He had the greatest admiration for the learned Doctor Johnson, and regretted the sharp, brisk, newsy address of the day, and was as furious as his calm exterior would permit when any preacher bordered on pleasantry.

Notwithstanding his adherence to old customs and manners he was a most skillful physician. He travelled far and wide, and whether seen by night or by day sat erect, holding his reins tightly, and was never taken at a disadvantage by even the most spirit-

ed of his horses. Once he was thrown out of his sleigh in passing through a snowdrift; his body even then was not thrown into hopeless confusion, but maintained its accustomed posture, and as his horses were well trained, he never was obliged to lose his dignity.

He shaved every morning at break of day, and smoothed his hair so carefully and mysteriously that it was never seen in disorder. His black broadcloth suit never had a particle of dust on it when he was seen in church, or when, after a long trip, he entered the house of a patient. He was immaculate in dress, ceremonious in manner, measured in speech, and attentive to

Maria Cutting's father was an old gentleman somewhere between eighty and ninety years of age, and was in constant need of medical assistance, o that Doctor Tillotson was a fre quent visitor at the "Lodge," the home of the Cuttings. Maria was a very particular housekeeper, and a good manager of the large estate. Since the death of her mother and the infirmity of her father, not only did she attend to the running of the house, but to the affairs of the dairy and the investments, all of which were well man-

She was a pronounced lady in waiting-an "unappropriated blessing," as she loved to call herself. She once said that as Doctor Tillitson was married, this fact precluded her from marrying the only man she ever admired enough to be willing to take as a husband.

When the doctor became a widower for the third time, Maria's admiration for him seemed to grow less. She said to an intimate friend that she could never accept a man, however much she respected and even loved him, whose affections had been given to so many women, and whose heart must be beautifully small for the fourth.

The sudden death of her father, and the doctor's genuine sympathy, shown her amid her grief, placed Maria in a peculiar position, and set her to serious thinking. She came to the conclusion that if the doctor proposed she would accept him, since her loneliness after her father's death could not be endured.

She needed advice in many matters, and so consulted the trusted physician -the friend of the family-and one wise in worldly matters, and a strict member of the church. The doctor was very prudent in his attentions to Maria until he discovered her feelings toward him. The courting must have been ponderous, and the proposal expressed in the rotundest English.

The doctor now and then was seen with a covered buggy, as he travelled on the road which led to the Lodge, and some sharp-eyed persons reported that Maria occasionally accompanied him as he went beyond her house to make professional visits

Rumors began to spread of an engagement between Maria and the doctor. I was not, therefore, surprised when, one evening, he called upon me and announced that he intended to take another companion, one worthy in every respect to follow the departed as a member of his household. The lady who had honored him with her

hand and heart, and though not young could not be considered old, and was therefore suitable for his spouse.

The wedding was to take place in the near future at the "Lodge," which would be kept as a summer house. He desired that everything be done decently and in order. At his request I promised to introduce into the wedding ceremony one or two features which he very much desired. He called several times afterward to be sure that I understood him. He wanted a sort of invocation after the usual questions had been asked and the replies made. This brief prayer, invoking grace and strength from on High to rest upon the two, was to be concluded by "Amen," and then the two were to be declared married, by the use of the common formula. A prayer with a benediction were to conclude the service.

The marriage day arrived. Maria made arrangements to have the best reception ever given in the fashionable town, the scene of so many triumphs. She did not spare expense, saying that as she expected to be married but once in her life, and the doctor might draw comparisons between this and his other weddings, she wished to out-do anything he had experienced in this line.

The house on the wedding day was splendidly decorated. All of the people in society-especially the doctor's patients-were present. Maria was always a little peculiar in her tastes and independent in her actions, and refused to be governed by ordinary rules.

The doctor's face was even cleaner than usual, his hair smoother; his new black suit was perfect, and having added to his costume a white cravat, a pair of white gloves and patent leather shoes, he looked handsomer and statelier than ever.

One thing Maria insisted on as her particular choice in the ceremony. She must kiss her husband first, and after this he could kiss her.

As the two stood in a corner of the large drawing room under the arbor of roses and smilax, they looked as well as any whose knot I had been permitted to tie. Maria, in spite of her determination to appear quiet, was, to my practised eye, somewhat nervous, and her manner indicated that her mind was a trifle confused, as she was once or twice on the point of saying something.

She was quieted by the doctor, who had, as stated, enough experience in the wedding line to make him act as a veteran in the service.

"Maria," he whispered, "compose yourself at this critical time."

The rich heiress-the most independent woman in all the country, who despised weakness in her sex-was brought to a deep sense of her feebleness during the ceremony, when the responsibility of her new relation to the doctor began to dawn upon her. The part which "old Doc" had inserted, and which was his pride, became a great rock of shame and confusion to him from which he did did not recover for years. No sooner had I ended the invocation of which mention has been made, and said amen, when Maria, in her added confusion at the doctor's reprimand, thought the service was over and put her old resolve into execution. Throwing her arms round the doctor's neck, she was not content to give him one kiss, but insisted, in spite of his mild protestations, in bestowing on him a dozen embraces.

The guests could not suppress their laughter. I was utterly unable to proceed seriously. Shutting my eyes I pronounced them husband and wife, and then, with all my suppressed laughter asserting itself in voice and manner, I congratulated the bride and groom, telling them that this was the happiest occasion of my life.

The radiant smiles of the guests adorned their faces all through the collation. Maria was happily unconscious then of her error, while the doctor, though too polite to show anger, and too much under self-control to manifest chagrin, was nevertheless painfully polite, and more than ever en cloyed the biggest words and used the longest sentences. He drew me aside and said:

"My dear pastor, I trust that our married life may not be presaged by the event of today, and interruptions of an inappropriate nature be inserted into the rule of our lives. Though lamenting that our plans, so carefully made, miscarried at the very apex of my harpiness. I have such confidence in dear Maria's love and good sense, shown on ordinary occasions, that I confidently look into the future, believing that in our household we shall ever have harmonious relations, since the agitation incident to a wedding service is exceptional, and not an integral part of life's usual duties."

Having unbosomed himself in this way, the doctor entered into the joys of the day as best he could, and Maria and he lived happily together afterward, with much music and little discord in their lives.

When a Pope Dies.

There is a strange and striking ceremonial by which the Vatican authorities assure themselves that a Pope is dead. The Cardinal Chamberlain approaches the bed of the dead Pontiff, and bears in his hand a little silver hammer. He prostrates himself before the bed, and calls the dead man three times, not by his name as Pope, but by the name that was given him at his baptism. Then he touches him lightly on the forehead three times with the hammer.

The silence which follows this appeal by voice and by touch is final proof that he who makes no answer to it is beyond its reach. After this formality, the Cardinal announces to the waiting priests that the Pope has ceased to live.-Golden Days.

THE BICYCLE LEG.

Wheeling is Not Conducive to Greeful Dancing and is Commended by Some.

Expert wheelwomen as well as be ginners are burnishing their wheels preparatory for the summer. The bicycle dealers are as busy as bees in honey-making time, and, although they do not expect to do such a vast business as they did last year, they expect the trade to increase from this time on. These are merely straws

showing that the bicycle season is on The wheelwomen seem delighted to turn once more to their favorite pastime. For two weeks little knots of them have gathered and discussed wheels and wheeling. A rest seems te have whetted their appetites for bicycle talks as well as runs.

"Bicycling beats dancing, and I for one am glad to return to my second love," announced a dainty locking girl in an imported suit. "Of course it beats dancing; but

why do you say second love?" asked a plump brunette.

"Oh, because I danced before wheeled,' she answered.



Count that day lost whose low descending sun Hath not beheld at least a ten-mile run

"For my part, I've learned one thing this winter," said an athletic girl in a short skirt and a red sweater. "I've got to give up either dancing or wheel-It's impossible for me to do

"The same here," put in three other

"What on earth has bicycling got to do with dancing?" queried the brunette. "You dance in winter; you wheel in summer. Why they should interfere with one another I can't see Of course, I didn't learn to ride until last fall, and-"

"That's the very reason you don't un derstand why we must stop dancing,' interrupted the athletic girl. "You

see, we've developed the bicycle leg.' "The bicycle leg," repeated the brunette, aghast. "What is it? I've heard of the bicycle face, the bicycle back, the bicycle brain and the bicycle voice, but the bicycle leg is new to me. Tell us about it."

"We've got it," put in three others. "And you'll get it if you ride much," said the athletic girl with a malicious laugh. "It attacks women riders a great deal oftener than it does wheelmen." she continued, "probably be cause their muscles are more vulnerable than those of a man. I never rode much until last summer, and didn't notice that my legs had been affected by it at all until the dancing season opened. The muscles of my legs seemed to remain stiff all the evening the first dance I attended, and I was really uneasy, for I thought I'd contracted rheumatism. My legs wouldn't act light, and I couldn't maninulate my feet or make them go. My partners glared at me, and none of them came forward for a second turn, so I pleaded a headache and went home. I was puzzled, but I didn't say anything to anylody, for I'd always had the reputation of being a fine dancer. It was the same thing at the next dance, and the next and the next, and at last it dawned upon me that I had the bicycle leg."

"I had the very same experience," testified another enthusiast. "I, too, used to be considered a pretty good dancer, but since I've been riding a bi cycle I'm no longer a desirable part

"Why, how does wheeling affect the legs so as to make it impossible to dance?" asked a novice.

"Well, it seems we have two sets of muscles in our legs," explained the athletic girl. "One we use in all kinds of graceful exercise such as dancing and Delsarte movements, and the oth ers are used for work. Pushing the pedals develops these working muscles, and the others are overcome, and when you attempt to do the graceful act you are about as graceful as a cow would be. The preachers who oppose dancing would find a good argument in favor of the wheel as a moral agency right along this line. Dancing is unquestionably a form of dissipation; if bicycling does away with that pastime, it will certainly do more than moralists have ever been able to accomplish, and I believe in time that it will. If wheelwomen find out that they have to give up one or the other, I predict the abandonment of danc-

"And I predict the abandonment of the wheel," put in a man who came up in time to hear the last remark. "Wheeling is a fad with women. They won't stick to it, especially if it interferes with their dancing. In another twelve months they will have forgotten that they ever rode a bicy-

A Valuable Man.

"We pay our minister \$2,500 a year." "Ours gets \$4,000."

'Has he ever been tried for heresy?' "No, but he says eyether and nyth er."-New York World.

Vorine Washing Powder

A BABY'S HAT.

Of Pale Green Velvet, Which is More Suit-

able Than White Headgear. Infants' hats have been so exclusively of white material during the past ten years that it is a great relief to see a return to the brighter colors that were formerly in vogue. A most charming little hat is of pale green qlive velvet. The hat was made by a



Washington establishment for the small child of Secretary Lamont. It was sent home a short time ago, and only yesterday the little one was seen in its baby carriage on one of the avenues with this hat upon its head. The top is of a peculiar pattern, turned back, in quaint Normandie style.

The only trimming is a double bunch of creme mousseline de soie at the sides, and over the ears is another bunch of the same goods. Plain cream velvet streamers are tied under the chin.

The cloak that was to be worn with this was of olive green velvet to match the hat, and profusely trimmed with cream-colored ribbon and eiderdown. The lap robe was cream-colored, making a very pretty outfit for any baby.

HIS FEARFUL TEMPER.

The Poor Bishop Had Never Before Known Himself to be So Violent.

Early in Bishop Wilberforce's episcopate he was travelling from Paddington to Oxford in one of the double first-class compartments of the Great Western Railway. His compartment was occupied by himself alone, the other by two gentlemen, both strangers to him. The bishop was, according to custom, writing letters, his hat in the netting, his head covered with a most unepiscopal skull-cap, so that no one unacquainted with his features would suspect him of being a bishop. Ere long, with that quickest of hearing with which all who knew him intimately were familiar, he caught his own name as being the subject of discussion in the adjoining compartment. 'Wonderful man, the Bishop of Oxford!" said one speaker. "Yes," said the other. "But what a terrible stumbling-block that temper of his!" "Temper!" was the response. "I've never heard of it. Pray explain!" "Why," replied the former, "there is an awful fury which seizes him at times; and in his house at Cuddesdon there are recesses made in the passages and in the walls of the staircase, so that, if any of his children meet him when the fit is on, they may take refuge in time to avoid him." Upon this the bishop, leaning forward and speaking through the open window between the compartments, said, "Gentlemen, I have accidentally overheard your conversation. Now I spend more time probably with the Bishop of Oxford in his house than any other living man, and perhaps know more of his faults, of which, no doubt, there are many. But I think I am bound to tell you that this description of temper is not one of them: if it had been, I must have known it." The gentlemen bowed and thanked him. Nevertheless, as he sat back again, the bishop overheard the first speaker whisper to the other, "Just so. That is the way all his friends talk. Nevertheless it is perfectly true."

A Child's Letter.

"Dear father, we are all well and happy. The baby has grown ever so much, and has a great deal more sense than he used to have. Hoping the same of you, I remain your daughter Mollie."-Tid-Bits.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The President has found a refugi from the office-seekers, but it is only available on Sunday. They will for low him to the church door, but not inside.

A prominent citizen of Boston re ports that he went to the inauguration and did not see a single intoxicated person during all the time he was in Washington, But, to speak Bostonese the absence of such vision may be due to position, condition, omission or in disposition.

It is evident that strong pressure will be brought to bear upon Presiden: McKinley to alter the rules governing the classified civil service so as to throw open to the spoiis-seekers cer tain offices brought within the provisions of the merit system during the term of President Cleveland.

Important movements are in progress in New York and Chicago for the regulation of the height of build ings. An ordinance has been passed by the Chicago Council, and now awaits the Mayor's action, limiting the height of buildings in that city to 90 feet. The limit under the present ordinance is 155 feet.

Yellow journalism is having rather a hard run at present, being thrown out of clubs and libraries right and left, with scant ceremony or polite ness, in fact, with none at all. The directors of these institutions unite with an immense and growing num ber of other people in considering its conduct as contrary to morals and public policy. It is apparent that it must mend its ways or its swaggering rhetoricians will soon be barking to empty benches.

So seldom does a man live up to his ideal, or a commonwealth to its moral professions, that the congratulations of the country are due to the State of Nevada. Consistency has there set up its center of gravity, anchored to the utmost limit of public debasement Having legalized prize fighting and thus defied the public sentiment and the laws of every other state on this subject, Nevada proposes now by additional legislation to confer a most flattering testimonial of its regard upon the successful brute in the Corbett-Fitzsimmons combat.

Secretary Sherman, it is reported has been laying down the law about American rights in Cuba, in a style that chagrins Minister De Lome. He is said to have told the Spanish Minister that Americans arrested in Cuba must have a fair trial, according to the terms of our treaty with Spain, and that Spain must abandon the distinction she now makes between American and English suspects, whereupon De Lome is reported to have said that he might as well go home. His home government censures him for yielding too much to the American demands, and the American Administration demands still

According to the statement of Professor Felix Adler, Miss Frances Willard wants to vote "for the sake of promoting the nationalization of business, the abolition of representative government, the enactment of prohibitory laws and the free coinage of silver," a declaration of principles calculated to invite the union of persons who in general are in violent opposi-tion to each other. If she were endowed with the ballot and empowered to work up a crusade on the lines indicated, she would soon find herself at the head of a political sect more curious than useful, pulling all ways, like a newly-yoked pair of Accomack steers.

A Method in His Madness.

Near a certain Scotch town the railway runs for some distance by the fence of a lunatic asylum. Not long ago some workmen were busy repairing the railroad, when an inmate of the asylum approached one of the laborers, and, from his position on the inner side of the enclosure, began a somewhat personal conversation. Inmate: "Hard work that!" Laborer: "Troth an' it is!" Inmate: "Whit pay dae ye git?" Laborer: "Sixteen bob a week." Inmate: "Are ye mairrit?" Laborer: "I am, worse luck-and have six children!". A pause; then the inmate added sententiously, "I'm thinking, ma'am, ye're on the wrang side o' the fence!"



DRAPER GOES TO ITALY

The Massachusetts General to Succeed Wayne MacVeagh.

GLOSING WORDS ON TARIFF.

The Retrospective Clause Making the Bill of Effect on April 1 Causes Dis- . cussion-Cuba Occupies the At-

tention of the Senate.

Washington, April 1.-General William Draper of Massachusetts has been offered the Italian mission and has signified his intention of accepting it. The nomination will be sent to the senate shortly.

There is considerable doubt as to who will get the place of secretary of legation. Former Speaker Meyer of the Massachusetts house is prominently mentioned and is strongly backed, but Senator Hale's son wants the place, and he is likely to get it.

The president today sent to the senate the following nominations:

Treasury—Penrose A.McLain of Pennsylvania, to be collector of internal revenue for the First district of Pennsyl-

State—Thomas W. Cridler of West Virginia, to be third assistant secretary

Postmaster-William H. Hamilton, Ocean Grove, N. J.

The Tariff Bill In the House.

Washington, April 1. - There was but a small attendance on the floor of the house of representatives at the opening of the session today. There was, however, a larger crowd in the

Mr. Richardson (Dem., Tenn.) called attention to the fact that there was manifestly no quorum present, but declined on account of the brief time re-maining for the consideration of the bill to make the point.

Paragraph 66, making phenacetine,

etc., dutiable at 8 cents an ounce, was stricken out on motion of Mr. Dalzell (Rep., Pa.). This sends the articles in the paragraph to a clause making

them dutiable at 25 per cent.

Mr. Grosvenor (Rep., O.) offered a committee amendment, which was adopted, making the rate on dates and currants 2 cents per pound.

Mr. Devries (Dem., Cal.) said that as a representative of the fruit growing district he favored this amendment.

Mr. Grosvenor presented the com-

mittee amendment, about which there has been so much discussion during the last few days, fixing April 1 as the date on which the bill shall go into effect. The Discussed Amendment.

The amendment in full is as follows: "Section 27 .- That all articles mentioned in the several schedules of this act which shall be imported into the United States between the first day of April, 1897, and the date of passage of this act and which were not purchased and directed by the owner to be shipped

for import into the United States by any citizen thereof prior to April 1, 1897, shall bear the same duties to be charged upon similar articles in this act, and such duties are hereby made alien upon such articles wherever and in whatso-ever hands found, except in the hands of persons holding them for final consumption and have no purpose to sell or part with the same or any part or product of the same, and except also in the hands of persons shown to have obtained such articles without notice of the provisions of the act, and any pernot a final consumer or holder, without having obtained an interest in or possession of any such article or articles so subject to duty, except a common carrier or warehouse, shall be liable for the payment of such duties thereon, and the same may be reserved with interest, but without penalty, in an action or suit by the United States against such person or persons in any district or circuit court thereof. And all persons liable under this act for such duty or any part thereof in respect of any shipment, cargo or lot of any article or articles may be joined in the same action for recovery without regard to mutuality or nature of interest or de-fenses, and such joint or several judgments or decrees may be rendered therein, including the enforcement of any such lien as justice and equity may require. In every such case the process of the court in the district where the action or suit is brought and where one defendant resides and is served shall run to and may be served on any defendant in any of the districts. It is hereby made the duty of the secretary of the treasury to prescribe and enforce suitable regulations to carry out the provisions of this section, including

ples of such goods until required for evidence on any such trial." Bailey Objects.

the action in the bonded warehouses of

the United States or any other place

when such goods are deposited or sam-

The Democrats were alert. Mr. Bailey immediately made the point that the amendment was out of order.

Mr. Sherman, who was in the chair,

asked the grounds upon which the point of order was made.

Mr. Bailey said he took it for grant-ed that the chair understood it was ob-

viously out of order, but Mr. Sherman pleaded perfect ignorance and Mr. Bailey proceeded to argue that the amendment could not be held in order after the amendment of Mr. Dockery relating to the suspension of rules on articles had been declared out of order. The latter amendment proposed to exempt articles from taxation in the future, he said, and this proposed to go back and tax them in the past. It was obnoxious to the oldest and best rule of law that a statute should be retroactive.

Mr. McMillin of Tennessee made the additional point of order that the amendment regulated the practice of the courts and therefore was not in order on this bill.

Mr. Dalzell in response pointed out the difference between the Dockery amendment and this amendment. The former was an individual amendment and only in order when germane. This was a committee amendment.

Mr. Bailey denied that the amendment had been ratified by the full committee. He was a member of the committee and had never heard of it. He admitted he had been absent for a few

The members of the ways and means committee filed back into the house and Mr. Grosvenor again sent up the amendment fixing date on which the bill was to go into effect, saying he was "directed by the committee" to do so.

The Homestead strikes furnished a ten minutes' diversion. Mr. Sulzer (Dem., N. Y.) declared that everything in the bill was in favor of the manu-

facturer.
The Grosvenor amendment, making the tariff duties go into effect April 1, was then adopted in committee of the whole by a vote of 150 to 120.

In the Senate.

The Cuban question came up soon after the senate met today. Mr. Mills of Texas presented a concurrent reso-lution instructing the committee on foreign relations to inquire what, if any, obligations the United States government had assumed toward the people of Cuba by preventing the acquisition of that island by any European power and compelling the people of Cuba to remain subject to Spain.

"Let it go over," remarked Mr. Hale (Rep., Me.), and this objection sent the

resolution over until tomorrow.

Mr. Morgan's Cuban resolution then came up. It calls on the president for copies of letters said to have been written by General Maximo Gomez, the Cuban commander, to President McKinley and his predecessor, the letters be-

ing recited in detail.

Mr. Hale suggested that the resolution be broadened so as to include all letters written by General Gomez in-

stead of these specific letters.

Mr. Morgan said he had not heard of any other letters from Gomez, but he was willing to include all that could be

Owing to the absence of Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts, who had taken some interest in the resolution, the matter

The senate then went into executive

The Hoar amendment to the arbitration treaty was adopted by an overwhelming vote.

To Aid Flood Sufferers.

Washington, April 1. — The president has signed the senate joint resolution making an appropriation of \$250,-000 immediately available for the protection of life and property from the floods in the Mississippi river.

One Day's Government Receipts. Washington, April 1.-National bank iotes received today for redemption,

\$341,216; government receipts from internal revenue, \$221,172; customs, \$1,-246,011; miscellaneous, \$16,814.

TROUBLE WITH PERU. Arrest and Detention of an American

Sailor May Cause Complications. Lima, Peru, April 1: - The issue raised between Peru and the United States with respect to the imprisonment of Ramsay, the American sailor, is becoming a serious matter.

The Peruvian government refuses to accede to the demand of the United States minister, Mr. McKenzie, to set him immediately at liberty.

Ramsay was a member of the crew of the Cambrian Monarch. He was arrested by the Peruvian authorities at Callao about three months ago for alleged disorderly conduct. He was thrown into jail and now has been condemned to a year's imprisonment, though without the slightest formality

of legal trial. This action by Peru is in direct conflict with the provisions of article 15 of the treaty between Peru and the United

At the time Ramsay was arrested an English sailor was locked up on a similar charge. He has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment in a similarly arbitrary fashion.

The Massachusetts Democratic Club. Boston, April 1.-The members of the Massachusetts Democratic club

refused to pass a resolution to the effect that the club shall support only those who are in full accord with the Chicago platform. The resolution oc-casioned much discussion. The principal address was made by Warren H. Baker of Newton. His subject was Government by Injunction."

To Prevent a Run on a Savings Bank. Hartford, April 1 .- Judge Hall is-

sued an order restraining the officers of the Colchester Savings bank from paying any deposits to depositors, or from paying any dividends for one year. The injunction was granted on a petition by the bank commissioners to prevent a run on the bank. The commissioners question the solvency of the bank.

Death of a Boston Merchant.

San Francisco, April 1.-C. M. Carter, a wealthy merchant of Boston, died at the Palace hotel from pneumonia and heart failure, aged 60 years. He became ill on last Wednesday, the day of his arrival at the hotel. He had been for a number of weeks making s tour of California and was accompanied by his wife and two daughters.

Traffic Delayed by a Freight Wreck. Ipswich, Mass., April 1.—A freight train on the Boston and Maine railroad ran off the track near here. The locomotive left the rails. Several cars followed, and two of them were considerably damaged. Traffic was delayed for several hours. The theater train which left Boston at 11:30 did not reach here

A New Mill at Fall River Planned.

until 3 a. m.

Fall River, Mass., April 1. — Plans for a new mill of about 50,000 spindles are soon to be undertaken. The structure, which will be one of the most finely equipped in this city, will be of granite, and its appointments will be

He Had Lived a Century.

Chicago, April 1. — Jarius Mears, one of the oldest settlers in Chicago, died at his home in Lagrange, aged 100 years and 8 days. He first came to Chicago in 1835. He served as postmaster at Hillsporo, Ills., under Presi-

Weymouth's Bank Suspension.

Weymouth, England, April 1.-The banking house whose suspension was announced yesterday is the Weymouth Old bank, one of the oldest in Dorsetshire. The liabilities amount to £500,-000 (\$2,500,000).

\$50,000 For an Open Air Fund.

Los Angeles, April 1.—The will of Max Werner of Germany, who died here on March 15, leaves a life estate in \$50,-000 to his mother in Germany, to go to the open air fund of New York city upon her death.

海山

RED ROUGH

and painful finger ends, pimples, blackheads, oily, mothy skin, dry, thin, and falling hair, itching, scaly scalps, all yield quickly to warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

ITCHING HUMORS Instantly relieved by Curroura Remedies.

ALL SIZES POULTRY -: WIRE.

Cut or by the Roll.

- Prices Right. -

Pure Ready Mixed Paints, White Lead, Oils, Turpentine, Benzine, Putty, Glass, Kalsomine, Whiting.

FINE LINE OF PAINT and WHITEWASH BRUSHES H. H. Williams

Schultze's Market.

17 MAIN STREET.

5 RAILROAD PLACE AND XXXX

A few of Our Bargains for This Week:

Leg Lamb,	12c
Buck Shad,	8c
Roe Shad,	10c
Round Steak,	12e
Sirloin Steak.	15c
Try our 8c Rib Roast.	

THIS IS NOT ALL, a visit to either of our Markets will confince you that we know what people want and our prices are always RIGHT.

FRESH FISH OF ALL KINDS.

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The Silk and Dress Goods House of Western Connecticut.

THE BOSTON STORE The Largest Stock of Ready-Made Suits and Jackets In Fairfield County.

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SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1897.

You are cordially invited to inspect our new Paris and London Designs in Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets.

In our GREAT CLOAK ROOM







THE NEWEST TAILOR MADE SUITS, THE LATEST STYLE IN JACKETS. THE CORRECT HANGING SKIRTS, THE PROPER SHAPE CAPES.

Are all ready for your approval. The Tailor Made Suits are made with Eton, Fly Front WASHINGTON ST. BRIDGE $\times \times \times$ and Blazer Jackets, lined with silk, and range from \$7.50 to \$25.00.

CAPES.

Silk Grenadine Capes, \$7.50,

Cloth Capes, \$2 98 to \$12.00,

Silk Capes with chiffon collar, \$7.50.

CHILDREN'S GARMENTS.

Children's Jackets, \$1.00 to \$7.00.

SEPARATE SKIRTS. 25 Black Figured Brilliantine Skirts, 98c.

30 Black and White Check Skirts, \$1,25. 20 Colored Novelty Skirts, \$3.75,

NEW SILKS.

25 pieces newest Spring colors, for waists, 75c. 10 pieces of choice designs, 69c. 8 pieces Printed India Silk, in colors, for dresses or 10 pairs Tapestry Portieres. \$4 98 a pair. waists, 50c. 10 pieces Printed India All Silk, in large new Paris pat-

terns for summer dresses and shirt waists. This is the 10 pairs Nottingham, 49c, best bargain ever offered in Norwalk in the silk line 33c 15 pairs Nottingham, 69c. 10 pieces large Figured Black Brocaded Satin for separ- 25 pairs Nottingham, 75c. ate skirts and capes, 75c.

DRESS GOODS.

It is a wonder to the manufacturers as well as to our customers, the big stock of Dress Goods we carry. It 10 pieces Colored Figured Denims, 15c. is not to us, for our Oress Goods Department is known 6 pieces Old Blue and Fancy Sateens, 25c. from Stamford to Bridgeport, from Danbury to the 8 pieces 50 inch Tapestries, 50c

for the same goods.

10 pieces New Suitings, 25c. 30 pieces N relties. 39c. 25 pieces Silk and Wool and All Wool 50c.

10 pieces Ladies' Broadcloth, for tailor made suits, \$1 6 pieces French Coverts, \$1.25.

OUR DRAPERY DEPARTMENT

15 Large Figured Brocade Satin Skirts, \$10.00.

Children's Suits, \$3.75 to \$9.00.

25 pairs Chenille Portieres, \$1.98 a pair. 10 pairs Chenille Portieres, \$3.75 a pair.

10 Plack Silk Grenadine Skirts, \$10.00.

LACE CURTAINS.

15 Tufted Checked Suits, \$4,98.

15 pairs Nottingham, \$1.25. 22 pairs Nottingham, \$1.50.

Irish Points from \$3.00 to \$10.00. DRAPERIES.

Sound. The prices are lower than any New York house 10 pieces 50 inch Sateen Tapestries, 75c. 6 pieces 50 inch Silk Tapestries, \$1 69. New Tapestry Table Covers, 98c to \$5.

10 pieces the New Covert for tailor gowns, 54 inches Another Sale this week of Granite Iron Ware

Big Drives in Hosiery and Men's Furnishings Buy your Linens now, before the tariff raises the prices 20 per cent., for the Linen

Importers expect an advance after the passage of the Dingley Bill. BOSTON STORE,

CORNER MAIN AND WALL STREETS, NORWALK, CT.

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Mutual Plate Glass Insurance Company

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