

WHAT THEY SAY

EVERY EVENING WHEN THE GAZETTE COMES, THERE IS A SCRAMBLE FOR IT. WE DIVIDE IT INTO FOUR PARTS, AND EACH OF US TAKE ONE.

Evening Gazette.

WHAT IT INDICATES.

THAT THE GAZETTE IS A HOMEY PAPER THAT THE GAZETTE IS A NEWSY PAPER. THAT THE GAZETTE IS A CLEAN PAPER. THAT EVERY PAGE OF THE GAZETTE IS READ.

VOL. VII. NO. 1659.

NORWALK, CONN., MONDAY EVENING, JULY 19, 1897.

PRICE ONE CENT.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Tariff Conference Agreed and the Bill to be Reported To day.

Saturday of This Week Will Probably See the End of this Session of Congress.

GAZETTE BUREAU, 1235 NEW YORK AVENUE, WASHINGTON July 18.

The most important and gratifying news of the week was the announcement made late Saturday evening that the Senate Tariff Conference would be ready to report their bill to the House on Monday.

President McKinley decided yesterday that he would not be able to visit Chicago, to be present at the unveiling of the statue of Gen. Logan. The uncertainty as to the date of the adjournment of Congress has finally forced him to give the trip up, much against his wish. He will be in Washington all this week and probably until August 1.

The State Department gives out the following statement:

"This Government has directed Minister Woodford to formally present and press the Ruiz claim for \$75,000.

Mrs. Ruiz's claim against Spain was for \$150,000. It is learned that Spain has offered Mrs. Ruiz \$40,000 in full settlement.

The following guests were at the dinner given Gen. Woodford at the White House last night. President and Mrs. McKinley, Vice President and Mrs. Hobart, Secretary and Mrs. Sherman, Attorney General McKenna, Judge Day, Senator and Mrs. Davis, Representative and Mrs. Hitt, Miss Buckingham and Secretary and Mrs. Porter.

President McKinley and Mrs. McKinley were guests of Secretary Porter at his K street residence Friday night at an informal dinner. The other guests were Vice President and Mrs. Hobart, Secretary Bliss, Senator Hanna, Judge Day and Miss Buckingham.

As to when Congress will adjourn, Congressman Dingley said last night this session will be at an end on or before next Saturday. He also remarked that the McKinley bill was in conference two weeks and the Wilson bill six and taking these cases as precedents the progress made with the present bill is quite encouraging. The only fear of delay is in the liability to prolonged debate.

It has just leaked out that when Hon. Carl Schurz was at the White House a few days ago, the President tendered him the only remaining first-class mission—that at St. Petersburg, to succeed Clifton R. Breckinridge. It is not known if General Schurz will accept the proffered honor as he is reported to be a comparatively poor man and the Russian Mission, like that at St. James, costs the incumbent about double the salary allowed by this government.

It will be good news for the people who have been lucky enough to secure consular appointments, as well as those who rest in confident expectation of favors of that kind in the near future, to know that the President has finally determined to restore the fees that were cut off by the last administration. The order will it is said, be promulgated in a few days.

Col. W. W. Skiddy returned to Stamford last night, fairly well satisfied with his ratings in the tariff bill.

Fifth C. V. Reunion.

The thirty-first annual reunion of the Fifth regiment, C. V., will be held at Middletown on Monday, August 9, the anniversary of the battle of Cedar Mountain where the regiment was so badly cut up. The reunion being on Monday, the usual previous evening camp fire will not be held.

An Ocean Voyage Cheap.

Norwalk people, who have not the money to pay for a voyage to Europe, can get about the same motion if they will ride their wheels to and fro on Wall street between Mill Hill and River street.

Wins the Bicycle.

The following is a copy of the check drawing the bicycle at the Boston Store, Norwalk, July 17:

Check No. 32, dated 7-17 sold on book No. 1, Comb 10.

FEARED SHERIFF.

Siddons-Webster Finish Fight Did Not Materialize.

Deputy Sheriff Stagg There on a Steam Launch in Company With two Constables.

The Webster-Siddons go which was to have been fought yesterday morning bright and early, was not, and the reasons are not many. The principal barrier to the mill was the presence of Sheriff Stagg of Stratford and two constables. Mr. Stagg did not say that the fight couldn't come off. In fact he did not say a word, but simply waited and watched.

There were some 50 sports gathered at Capt. Bond's place in Stratford at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. They were willing and anxious to see a finish fight, and did not desire a disappointment, having already been the victims of two postponements. There was considerable argument over the desirability of fighting for such a small amount of gate money as the 50 would produce, and the chances seemed to point strongly to another postponement.

At this juncture, however, the factor first mentioned made his appearance. The doughty sheriff was the occupant of a steam launch and had for company two sturdy sons of Stratford. Tried men and true were they, ready for a mix up and willing to share in the fines and costs. It was with ill concealed expectancy and impatience that the officials awaited the coming of the dawn and of the prize.

Like the intended spectators a surprise was also in store for them. Their presence became known to Capt. Bond and he informed the crowd. At first a cry of fake was started but this was soon stilled, for the launch and its occupants were pointed out to the doubters. A death like silence fell over the merry makers—for they had been making merry on Capt. Bond's wines and other liquors—and with hardly a word they made preparations for departing. As much as they desired to see two knights of the fist, pound and pummell each other all over the ring, they were not willing to take the chance of spending Sunday in a cooler at Stratford.

Someone in the crowd raised the point that Stagg was only the sheriff of Fairfield County, and had no jurisdiction over Charles Island, where the go was to be fought. Charles Island was in New Haven county within any question agreed all, but there was nothing to prevent the Fairfield county deputy from enlisting the services of the Milford deputy sheriff. It wouldn't take a very long time to secure the services of the Milfordite and the limb of the law would arrive at about the time the go was commenced. After much argument it was decided to call the fight off for the present, until a place other than Charles Island can be secured. The few who had lost their night's sleep for the purpose of seeing some fighting, were decidedly angry. There was no way of getting back to town excepting by the use of shanks mare, the trolleys had stopped running some hours before, and the majority stayed at Capt. Bond's place until 5 o'clock. The others walked to Bridgeport. They arrived footsore, wet and weary, without the slightest desire to see the best fight in the world.

Resisted the Officer.

Complaint was made to Officer Kenney, Saturday night, that Frank Searles was drunk and creating a disturbance on Water street. The officer found Frank on Merwin street, and placed him under arrest. When Chapel street was reached Frank resisted, and the two, together with Mike Barber, who had come to the officer's assistance, rolled in the street. Handcuffs were finally placed on the prisoner, and he was taken to the Smith street lockup. In the scuffle Barber's coat was torn as was Frank's shirt, but the Officer and Mike Donnelly, who also took a hand in the arrest, escaped.

This morning Judge Frost fined Searles \$25 and costs and he went to Bridgeport in default of payment.

Smacked Her Face.

There was quite a lively time in front of the Norwalk Hotel, Saturday night, when a Mrs. Fisher becoming jealous of a woman employed at the hotel, who she claimed was paying too much attention to Mr. Fisher, slapped her face several times. A crowd collected, but Mrs. Fisher escaped on a trolley car.

—Advertise in the GAZETTE.

DR. HUBBARD KILLED

A Fall While Entering His Office Proves Fatal.

His Services Were Valuable When His Country Needed Them.

Dr. Robert Hubbard, one of the oldest, best known and most talented physicians and surgeons in New England, died at the residence of his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Charles Stead, at the Broad street entrance to Seaside park Bridgeport, shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday morning from injuries sustained in a fall the night previous. Deceased was 71 years of age.

Dr. Hubbard's office was located at 248 State street. Leading up to the entrance is a long flight of steps. The physician returned from calls about 10:30 o'clock Saturday night. He had reached the top of the steps when, it is supposed, he was attacked with vertigo from loss of sleep, and losing his balance, he tumbled backward, falling the entire length of the steps and striking the back of his head on the pavement. When assistance reached the physician he was unconscious. The ambulance was called and Drs. Osborn, Gilhuley and Hair responded. The patient was hurried to the Emergency hospital, where it required three stitches to close the scalp wound in the head. The physician was then removed to the home of his daughter-in-law, Mrs. C. E. Stead, No. 3 Broad street. At this time his condition seemed to be favorable to recovery, but later he relapsed into unconsciousness, from which he never revived, and passed away at 2 o'clock Sunday morning.

Dr. Robert Hubbard was born in upper Middletown, now the town of Cromwell, Conn., April 27 1826, being the son of Jeremiah and Elizabeth Hubbard.

Dr. Hubbard graduated from Yale in 1851 as valedictorian of the class. The same year he commenced practice in Bridgeport. On April 25, 1855, he married Cornelia Boardman, youngest daughter of Sherman and Sophia Hartwell.

The couple reared three children, Nellie, Sophia and Sherman. The first married Charles M. Everett and is now living in Rochester, N. Y. Nellie is now Mrs. Courtland Trowbridge. Sherman, the only son, died in 1891 and left his father disconsolate for his beloved wife had been laid away in 1871.

In 1861 upon the recommendation of the State Medical society Dr. Hubbard was appointed by Gov. Buckingham, one of eight medical examiners of surgeons and assistant surgeons for regiments raised in the state throughout the war of the rebellion. In 1862 Dr. Hubbard was commissioned surgeon of the Seventeenth regiment, Conn. Volunteer infantry. After a few months service in this capacity he was promoted to be surgeon of brigade under Gen. Howard and shortly before the battle of Chancellorsville was promoted to be surgeon of Gen. Devens' division. For meritorious conduct at the battle of Chancellorsville Dr. Hubbard was promoted to be medical inspector—assistant medical director—on his staff. At the battle of Gettysburg he served as medical director in charge of the Eleventh corps, after which he joined his regiment at Collett's Station, Va. When the Eleventh corps was ordered to Lookout Mountain he again served as medical director under Gen. Hooker and in that capacity took part in the battles of Lookout Mountain and Missionary Ridge and Ringgold. Shortly after this campaign he was forced to resign his commission on account of ill health and return to Bridgeport where he has since resided.

He represented Bridgeport in the general assembly in 1874 and again in 1876 and was twice nominated for Congressman on the Fourth District Republican ticket. In 1879 he was elected president of the Connecticut Medical Society, in recognition of his ability and services as a physician.

The light has gone out of a life which has been singularly devoted to others. In every home where he was known the name of Dr. Hubbard is a household word and a synonym of kindness and ability. He counted his friends by the thousand and he had not an enemy in the length and breadth of the land. The kindly face and courtly manner of the old school were his, and his absence from many a bedside will be noted with sorrow.

President "Sim" Keith.

At the first annual meeting of postal clerks at Lighthouse Point, Saturday, Simeon Royal Keith of Norwalk was elected president.

WAS DEAD FOR DAYS

"Little Morris" Golding's Body Found in Southport Saturday.

Death Due to Natural Causes—Was Last Seen on Tuesday.

As H. T. Hampton, of Southport, was passing the little shanty in that town known as the Sailors' Rest, Saturday morning, at 11:30 o'clock, he noticed a horrible odor. It was wafted in his direction by the wind and was strong enough to cause his curiosity to be aroused.

He walked over to the shanty and with each step found the odor stronger and stronger, until as he approached the door of the shanty it was overpowering. He broke open the door and his eyes fell upon the body of a man lying in the middle of the floor. A bed, covered with filthy bed clothing, showed signs of late occupancy, and the matted up condition pointed to a strong struggle for life.

An examination of the body, made as quickly as possible, did not show any evidence of foul play, and Mr. Hampton decided that the man had died a natural death. Medical Examiner Donaldson was notified. He responded to the call. After looking at the remains, which were identified as those of "Little Morris" Goldings, Dr. Donaldson concluded that death had resulted from natural causes. The man had been dead since Wednesday, thought the physician. The body was badly decomposed.

"Little Morris," as he was always called, was somewhat of a character in Southport. He was a man of 50 years of age, and of very intemperate habits.

When not intoxicated he performed odd jobs for the neighbors. It has been reported that Golding had saved considerable money, and that as he lived the life of a recluse he probably had concealed it about his home. This, however, is not believed to any extent by those who have known Golding. The dead man was last seen alive on Tuesday. He was complaining of feeling ill at that time.

DARIEN.

Eagle Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1, is arranging for a ladies fair, August 12, 13 and 14.

Miss Foote and Miss Stella Foote are anticipating a trip to Greenacre, Me., for the remainder of the summer.

Rev. J. W. Beach, presiding elder, was present at the service in the Methodist church, last evening.

The Norwalk Tramway Co. is busy putting in the new turnout near the old Hecker homestead. The frogs of the turnout on Railroad avenue were taken up for use on the new switch.

Miss Julia Reitzel, Mrs. Reitzel, her mother and her sister are stopping at Mrs. C. A. White's. Mrs. Reitzel is the widow of a well-known flutist who was a member of Thomas's orchestra for several years and later of the Symphony orchestra.

The Chaucer club took an outing Thursday afternoon, driving to Mrs. Samuel Watkins' house at Ox Ridge and spending the closing hours of the afternoon. Several of the stories of Wagner's operas were read for the entertainment of all, including "Tristan" "Isolde" and "Lohengrin."

Two youths arrested Thursday morning by Constable Keeler for riding on the sidewalk were driven out to Justice Schildknecht's house, were fined \$1.85 each, that amount being the costs. Grand Juror Silliman drew no complaint and advised them to pursue the course they took. They were William H. Jennings and Union Adams Jr., of Norwalk. The incident caused considerable talk about town and the rumor that the fine was \$10 and costs was rapidly spread. The law is observed now. Signs warning cyclists have been put up by the selectmen.

Lee & Hawley Assign.

The hat manufacturing concern of Lee & Hawley of Danbury, made an assignment on Saturday to George A. Kinner, of Bethel, as trustee. An assignment was deemed as the best way of straightening up the firm's affairs.

Tenth Anniversary.

Yesterday was the tenth anniversary of Butcher Fred Smith's experience in business at the corner of Hoyt and Main streets.

—Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

HAD A CLOSE CALL.

Young George Avison Narrowly Escapes Being Ground Up by an Electric Car.

He Loses Considerable Cuticle but is About Again.

Butcher A. A. Avison's boy, George, seems to be a sort of a victim of accidents. He scarcely recovers from one before another follows. Fortunately, thus far, they have with perhaps one exception, proved to be of a not very serious nature.

Other boys perform the same acts as he but luckily escape without injury. Yet others meet with more serious trouble than does young George. It cannot be said of him that he is more reckless than others, but if he happens to be with any of his playmates and there is an accident, he gets more than his share.

His latest accident occurred Saturday evening, and there were two electric cars, a bicycle, two motormen, two conductors, himself, and car loads of passengers at the scene.

George, as is the common practice with many other riders was pedaling his bicycle up Main street in the wake of an electric car. At Nash's corner, so called, near the New Canaan road, he swung his wheel on to the down track not noticing that a car was trotting along down at a fair rate of speed.

In an instant he saw his perilous situation and promptly sheered his wheel to the right but not in time to escape a collision, but he fortunately escaped the dash and struck the side of the car and was tumbled in a heap to one side of the car.

The motorman of the down car who was precluded from seeing young Avison by reason of the fact that he was following the up car so closely, brought the car to a stop.

Avison was able to pick himself up and was taken to his home, and later in company with his father visited a physician who prescribed for the several abrasions and loss of cuticle on the young man's body.

It was a good, healthy, and exciting lesson for the youngster.

PERSONAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Dwyer have been entertaining Mrs. M. Brennan of Montreal, Canada. Mrs. Brennan is the sister of Rev. A. MacDonald S. J., Superior in charge at Manresa Keyser's Island.

Dr. George Van Alstyne of Brooklyn, is visiting at the home of his son on High street.

Chester Benedict, of Norwalk, is a guest of his aunt, Mrs. John Parker of Danbury.

Miss Bessie Crofut of New Haven, is visiting her cousin Miss Agnes Golden on Fairfield avenue.

Miss Daisy Perkins of Wallingford, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Bartram on Harriett street.

Landlord I. G. Hamilton and his daughter, Mabel G. Hamilton, left for Milburn, N. J., this morning, where the latter will remain for a few weeks enjoying herself with relatives.

Miss Eva Darman who has been visiting her aunt Mrs. Cornelius Elwood on Orchard street, has returned to her home in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Sutliff and Mrs. Nichols Griffin of Bristol, who have been sojourning at Hawthorne, Fla., were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Knapp on Union street, South Norwalk, yesterday. They left for their home this morning.

Fred Ambler and Victor Selleck spent Sunday at Ocean Grove.

E. M. Jackson has returned home from Chautauqua.

David Coleman night clerk at the Mahackemo spent yesterday with friends in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry De Forest of Danbury, were in town yesterday.

The family of Jesse M. Ferris left for a few weeks stay at Stockbridge, Mass., on Saturday.

Taken to the Hospital.

A man was taken sick at the Tramp house Saturday night, with an attack of pleurisy and was removed to the hospital by Captain Dann.

—EASTMAN'S POCKET KODAK's reduced from \$5 to \$2.50, at Riggs' Drug Store. j 15 t

—A GAZETTE ad. will pay you.

SUDDENLY STRICKEN.

A Westport Physician Paralyzed at Saratoga Springs.

Dr. George B. Bouton, of Westport, was suddenly stricken with paralysis at Saratoga last evening. Word was sent to Westport and Representative Joseph G. Hyatt left for Saratoga this morning.

EAST NORWALK.

Harry Ainsworth and Harold Ham will start to-day for Bellport, L. I. They will take the train to Bridgeport and from there the steamer Nonowatic to Port Jefferson, remaining in that place over night, and in the morning will wheel across the island to Bellport.

The Epworth League prayer meeting of the East Avenue M. E. church will be held in the church parlors to-night. Mrs. Frank Seymour will lead. Subject: "St Paul as a preacher."

Miss Ida Howell, of Setankel, L. I., is visiting her sister-in-law, Mrs. Jackson, of Seaside place.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Brundage, of Bridgeport, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Townsend of Cove street.

Willie, the son of William G. LeCount is ill with the mumps at his home on East avenue.

While Samuel Benedict and wife of Redding, were driving through Hill street yesterday, the wheel of the wagon caught in a rut in the road throwing Mr. Benedict on his head and shoulder, rendering him unconscious. He was taken to the home of his brother-in-law, Charles Bates on East avenue, and Dr. Baker was called.

FEMINE CHAT.

The secret of true happiness lies in unselfishness.

Cool waves are conducive to the stay-at-homes' content.

Two "bees" are in the summer girl's bonnet, bicycling and bathing.

The woman who can enjoy a joke when it is on her is a very unusual character.

The great problem is not how to make money, but how to keep it after it is made.

When you begin to feel that you could cry at everything, look out for nervous prostration.

Rings that cover the finger from the knuckle to the joint are considered very swell.

The bride who strives for absolute good form must wear a high-necked wedding gown.

The time when patience is the greatest virtue is during the convalescence of an invalid.

Pearls are the fad of the hour, and every debutante possesses at least one string of them.

Isn't it strange how unfamiliar some words look even though we have often written them before?

Beware of the woman who does not love babies. There is something wrong in her composition.

The woman in business can wear out more clothes in one year than the stay-at-home body can in three.

A crest book is kept by every girl who considers herself au fait in the matter of social customs and usages.

One who travels much observes that women on trains are far more inconsiderate and discourteous than men.

There are times when the most strong-minded women feel that they would like to be cuddled just as though they were babies.

The careful little lady always puts the hat pins in the same place time after time, thus avoiding the sponge-like effect that is not charming in millinery.

It rarely happens that the real friend who honestly gives an opinion is appreciated as much as the one who doles out pleasantries lavishly, even though one knows that the latter is frequently insincere.

DEATHS.

HUBBELL—In Norwalk, July 18, Mary B., daughter of the late Mathies Hubbell, aged 79 years.

HOWARD—In Bridgeport, July 18, William S., son of Harry and Harriet Howard, aged 24 years.

HUBBARD—In Bridgeport, July 18, Dr. Robert Hubbard, aged 71 years.

LANE—In Norwalk, July 18, Mary J., wife of David M. Lane aged 68 years.

PARKER—In Bridgeport, July 16, Pauline A., wife of Edwin M. Parker aged 49 years.

STEWART—In Bridgeport July 17, Mary, widow of George Stewart, aged 74 years.

**COAL MINERS' STRIKE.**

It Is Now Likely to Spread in the West Virginia Workings.

**ADVANTAGE WITH MINERS.**

They Appear to Have the Better Position at Present—Plans for a Demonstration—Debs to Make a Speech. Price of Coal Advanced.

Wheeling, July 17.—The advantages now are all on the strikers' side. None of the miners has returned to work. The idle mines are comparatively small, aggregating 400 men, while strikebreakers are more on account of local disaffection than sympathy for the movement, but the strikers are aiding the agitators greatly. Fairmont is problematical. Kanawha leans toward a strike, and Norfolk and Western is sympathetic. The operators will endeavor to keep all hands working on Sunday and out of reach of the organizers. Eastern Ohio is quiet.

**Southern West Virginia.**  
Huntington, W. Va., July 17.—There is a decided change in the coalfields of southern West Virginia. It is now stated for an absolute certainty that inside of 48 hours a majority of all the miners on the Norfolk and Western and Chesapeake and Ohio railways will join the strikers.

**In the Williamson Field.**  
Williamston, W. Va., July 17.—Miners in this field are still working, but show signs of agitation. Eight or ten organizers are working with them, and desperate efforts are making to have them come out.

**Points to Strike Extension.**  
Cincinnati, July 17.—After the meeting here of the West Virginia operators, at which the price for mining coal was increased in order to prevent the men from joining the general strike, The Enquirer sent telegrams to all mining points in that state to ascertain what would be done. The replies received indicate that the West Virginia miners will come out after this week. The miners at Flemington and Aurora were out yesterday. Eugene V. Debs and President Ratchford will speak at Fairmont tomorrow. The men from 18 mines will then form a procession, and they are expected to vote to strike. National Executive Committeeman Fred Dlicher addressed meetings at Montgomery yesterday and Crown Hill last night, and the miners at the following mines decided not to go to work today: Coalburg, East Bank, Black Cat, Belmont, Riverside, Chesapeake and Big Mountain. The Chesapeake and other mines had already granted the advance asked for by the miners.

**Peoria District Joins.**  
Peoria, Ill., July 17.—The miners of the Peoria district have voted unanimously to join the strike. Vice President Hunter of the United Mine Workers addressed a mass meeting held at Bartonville, and after reports from the various mines had been heard a general suspension was ordered. The men refused to strike last week on the ground that the southern Illinois mines were still running and their suspension had much to do with the decision. In consequence several factories will be forced to shut down, throwing out of employment 1,000 men.

**Declined Increased Wages.**  
Springfield, Ill., July 17.—The miners in the Pana district have been offered increased wages by the operators, but they have declined and will not return to work. The families of many of the miners are destitute, and the strikers have organized a commissary department and are soliciting provisions of business men and farmers. More than 100 families are being given rations daily. There are 2,800 miners idle in the Pana district. In Macoupin county the Girard mine is the only one now in operation. The miners at the two mines at Taylorville, 150 in number, have gone on strike. At Decatur 250 miners are still at work and will probably continue so.

**Coal Advanced in Cleveland.**  
Cleveland, July 17.—An advance of 45 cents on all coal from the West Virginia fields coming into Cleveland was made today. The increase was forced by the Baltimore and Ohio, which raised its freight rates on West Virginia coal 45 cents, making the rate to Cleveland \$1.50 instead of \$1.05. It was reported yesterday that such an advance had been made, but the valley people, otherwise the Baltimore and Ohio, denied it at that time. It affects all roads to which the Baltimore and Ohio transfers West Virginia coal. Except for the foregoing the coal situation presents no new phases.

**Fears for the Beacon Dam.**  
Matteawan, N. Y., July 17.—The Matteawan board of trustees proposes to hold a meeting immediately and appoint a committee, with a civil engineer, to inspect the dam at Beacon reservoir, which threatens to burst at any minute. District Attorney Wood, with Coroner Bevier, visited the Melzingah reservoir today with a view to indicting the water company for criminal neglect.

**Hanna Supreme in His County.**  
Cleveland, July 17.—Senator Hanna is now supreme in the political management of Cuyahoga county. The old McKisson committee of 50 gave way to the new Republican county committee, with Sylvester T. Everett as chairman. The fight has been a long and bitter one between the factions in this county and has only been won by Mr. Hanna after repeated defeats.

**No Separation for Earl Russell.**  
London, July 17.—The house of lords today, by a majority of 5 to 4, dismissed the appeal of Earl Russell for a judicial separation from his wife, the daughter of Lady Selina Scott, who has just finished a term of eight months' imprisonment for criminally libeling the earl.

**Shot by His Tenants.**  
Knoxville, July 17.—W. L. Ledford, a wealthy citizen of Charleston, Tenn., was shot and fatally wounded in an affray between himself and Walter and Leather Wolf, two of his tenants. Ledford was shot five times. Neither of the Wolfs was injured, and no arrests have been made.

**HOW IT SPREADS.**

People are Talking All Over South Norwalk. This Report Comes From West Avenue.

How it spreads. Can't keep a "good thing" down. Ever notice how good things are imitated? Better the article, more imitators. Fortunately the public have a safeguard. Praise can't be imitated. And true praise takes root and spreads. Claim is one thing and proof is another. Claim is what the manufacturer says. Doane's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys. Cure all kidney ills. Hundreds of citizens testify to this. Here is a case in point: Mr. R. G. Millard, of 51 West avenue South Norwalk engaged in the fur manufacturing business in West Norwalk says "I have had kidney trouble for years, and have taken so much medicine and been under the care of physicians so often that I ought to be an authority on the question. I seemed to be rid of my trouble for a time, but it showed signs of returning and I wanted to check it. I noticed some published statements about Doane's Kidney Pills and procured a box at Hale's Pharmacy in Norwalk. They helped me, and a continuance of the treatment I believe will eventually effect a radical cure." Doane's Kidney Pills help at first, heal, strengthen, then cure. That is their record everywhere and there are many such cases. You can read about them every day.

**POWERFUL LIGHT FOR BARNEGAT.**  
The French Lens Which Throws Electric Rays 100 Miles Seaward to be Used.  
Barnegat lighthouse, on the extreme eastern coast of the Jersey shore, will soon flash the most powerful light displayed anywhere on the American coast, and at once places this station among the leading in the lighthouse service of the world. Mariners have always regarded it as the most important point to be well lighted south of Fire Island, as the majority of the commerce bound up and down the coast invariably pick up the light going either way. It is now one of the first-class lights of the country, and shows a white light that can be seen twenty-two miles out at sea in ordinary weather. The lighthouse service has now determined to remove this light and substitute the most powerful lens ever constructed, and designed to gather up the electric rays and throw them seaward a distance of at least one hundred miles. These rays will strike the horizon at the same point where those of the oil lamp meet now, and here they will reflect on the skies, and ships one hundred miles at sea passing the point should easily make out the flashes and estimate accurately their exact distance from the shore.

This new lens has been the property of the lighthouse service since the World's Fair, when it was displayed by the French Government as part of its exhibit. At the end of the Fair the United States purchased it for \$10,000, and has since been arranging for its use in one of the first-class lighthouses on the Atlantic coast. Two years ago the board directed that it be placed in the Fire Island lighthouse, as this station was then regarded the most valuable to commerce on the coast. An electric plant was established, but later there came a demand for a light vessel six miles south of the light, and this having been placed in position, the board has decided that the big French lens should go to Barnegat, where it is to be placed early this summer. The new light vessel building for Fire Island is to be fitted also with powerful electric lights, and eventually all the first-class light stations, like the Highlands light and those at the Capes of Virginia and off Hatteras, will have electricity substituted for oil as an illuminant. The electric light is ten times as powerful, and being reflected on the skies from the point where it meets the water, should be easily discernible treble the distance the oil lights show. The lighthouse officers tell of the ease with which the Needles lights are seen flashing in the Bay of Biscay over 100 miles away, and predict that within a year Barnegat and other important stations will display the most powerful lights in any lighthouses of the world.

**The Problem Solved.**

"There is only one way to secure accuracy in our original service bureau," said the Congressman. "That way is to compel the prophets to confine their observations entirely to last month's weather."

**The Advantage.**

"My wife has been studying geology, and the house is so full of rocks that I can't find a place to sit down."  
"What will you do about it?"  
"I've induced her to take up astronomy."  
"Is that any better?"  
"Of course; she can't collect specimens."—Chicago Record.

**A Soft Answer.**

"I am proud to say that my grandfather made his mark in the world," observed Mrs. Colonial Dame.  
"Well, I guess he wasn't the only man in those days who couldn't write his name," replied Mrs. Lutton.

**MUNYONS** Vitalizer is a boon to weak men, young or old, whose powers are waning. Run-down men will find quick restoration to their full powers of body and mind. Munyon's Remedies, a separate cure for each disease, for sale at all druggists. Mostly 25c. When in doubt write to Prof. Munyon, in confidence, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, for free medical advice.

**THE EVENING GAZETTE**

**CHECKER-BOARD BUSINESS DIRECTORY.**

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<p><b>Frank T. Hyatt</b> <b>DENTIST,</b> 8 West Avenue.</p>			<p><b>HUNT &amp; ZELUFF,</b> Fish, Clams, Oysters, Fruits and Vegetables. 69 Washington St. SOUTH NORWALK. LOBSTERS CAUGHT OFF NORWALK ISLANDS. Leave your orders and have them delivered every Saturday, a. m.</p>		<p><b>TRY WEED'S SODA WATER</b> 38 Wall St.</p>	<p>PARLOR <b>BARBER--SHOP,</b> <b>H. S. LEOBOLD.</b> 47 Main Street.</p>	
<p><b>NASH &amp; VANSOY</b> —Dealers in— CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE. <b>PLUMBING, STEAM AND GAS FITTING.</b> Cor. Main &amp; West Sts. 80, NORWALK, CT</p>		<p><b>ENTERPRISE Bottling Works,</b> 7 Wall Street. <b>FINE ALES AND LAGER</b> EXPRESSLY FOR FAMILY USE. Mail orders receive prompt attention.</p>		<p><b>EMBOSSING</b> DONE AT THIS OFFICE.</p>			<p><b>Job Printing</b> OF EVERY DESCRIPTION EXECUTED AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE</p>

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A POSITIVE CURE FOR  
DYSPEPSIA, MALARIA,  
CHILLS AND FEVER, GRIPPE,  
BILIOUSNESS, SICK-HEADACHE,  
CONSTIPATION AND  
GENERAL DEBILITY.

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AT ALL  
DRUGGISTS.

**SAVER**  
MEDICAL CO.  
49 and 51  
Marion St., N. Y.

Restores  
KIDNEY, LIVER  
& SPLEEN.  
Will Keep your  
Stomach in Healthy  
Condition.

None genuine except "Trade  
Mark" blown in every bottle.  
No Woman ought to be without the SAVER FEMALE REMEDY (SUPPOSITORIES). Send for Pamphlet.

Purely Vegetable. Will cure Biliousness, Constipation, Piles, Sick-Headache, and  
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Small Easy taken.

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**PIANOS**

There is simply no use comparing this piano with any other on the market.

**IT LEADS**

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**RIGHTNESS IN PRICE.**

Office and Factory, Pacific Street.  
**STAMFORD, CONN.**

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**GOLD DUST**

Washing Powder finishes her work as fresh and bright as her house is clean.

Largest package—greatest economy. The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.



THE SCOURGE OF INDIA.

A British Ship Carries the Bubonic Plague to San Francisco.

BROUGHT IT FROM CALCUTTA

Three Sailors Were Stricken and One of Them Died and Was Buried at Sea. The Captain Tried to Hide It—In Quarantine.

San Francisco, July 19.—Three cases of the bubonic plague broke out on the British ship Annie Maud during her voyage from Calcutta to this port. One of the men died, and the others are now in quarantine aboard the vessel at Angel Island.

The dead man suffered horribly before his release came, and the survivors will bear the scars made by the ravages of the disease as long as they live.

Soon after the Annie Maud left Calcutta Richard Andree was taken down with the disease. It attacked him in various parts of his body, but most virulently under the arms. The right arm was almost ready to drop off before death came.

He passed away while the ship was in the midst of a hurricane, and all hands were at the pumps trying to keep her clear of water.

Tried to Hide It.

Owing to danger from infection, in spite of the danger to which the ship was then subjected, the body was sewed up in canvas and consigned to the deep.

A few days later F. Gomez and H. Silva were attacked. Their symptoms were the same as in the case of Andree, but Captain Locke did not suspect that he had the plague aboard. The men had swellings on nearly all the glands. The patients were isolated and gradually recovered. Every place where there was a swelling is now marked by a large white scar.

When United States Quarantine Officer Blue boarded the ship, Captain Locke gave as the cause of Andree's death "natural causes." As the plague is epidemic in Calcutta, this naturally did not satisfy the doctor, and he made the captain give him a minute description of the symptoms in the case. When informed that there had been two other cases on board, he sent for the men and examined them thoroughly.

Got It In Calcutta.

Questioning the captain further, he learned that the men in question had freely mixed with the natives on shore, and then the quarantine officer decided that all three men had had the plague in their systems when the ship left Calcutta. A tug was then summoned and the ship towed into quarantine.

"I am satisfied that Andree died from the plague," said Dr. Blue, "and from an examination of Gomez and Silva, I am certain that they also suffered from the disease during the voyage of the vessel to San Francisco. The Annie Maud is loaded with jute and gunny sacks, and when I left Angel Island she was being pumped full of sulphur fumes. The cargo will not be injured in the slightest. The entire crew will be fumigated and then the vessel will be released. This is the first time that the bubonic plague has ever come so close to San Francisco."

YELLOW FEVER ABOARD.

Five Cases on the Steamer Ceylon Quarantined at Baltimore.

Baltimore, July 19.—The Norwegian tramp steamer Ceylon arrived off this port yesterday with five cases of yellow fever aboard.

The Ceylon comes here from Daiquiri, Cuba, with a cargo of iron ore. Previous to her arrival in Cuba she was at Colon, where nine days ago the fever broke out among her crew, four of whom were left in a hospital at the Central American port.

The fever made its appearance again on the run from Cuba to Baltimore, when five of the crew were stricken. Four of the cases are on the road to recovery. The fifth, that of a Norwegian cook, Solomon Olsen, whose condition is serious, was taken ashore and isolated in the hospital. The bedding and belongings of the crew were taken ashore and thoroughly fumigated and disinfected. The vessel is now held at quarantine.

To Explore the Meas Cliffs.

Princeton, N. J., July 19.—Professor William Libby of Princeton university, accompanied by several scientists of repute, will make an attempt tomorrow to explore the famous Meas cliffs in the United States Indian reservation of New Mexico. It is expected that the task will require many weeks for its completion, and the scientific world will watch with interest the results of the experiments which the Princeton professor will conduct.

Rescued From Death.

Boston, July 19.—John Foley, Harry Olsen, John Stone, William McKay and Arthur Gildred, the missing fishermen belonging to the Gloucester fishing schooner Golden Rule, who strayed from their vessel last Monday and were supposed to have been lost, have all been saved, after a terrible experience from hunger.

Shot the Thief.

Susquehanna, Pa., July 19.—The station of the Delaware and Hudson railroad at Lanesboro, was broken into late Friday night, and while the thief was engaged in looting the place he was fatally shot by Officer Lovelace. His identity is unknown, and he confessed to having committed several crimes.

Uncle Sam's Ships.

Washington, July 19.—The Maine has arrived at New London. The Brooklyn has arrived at New York from Southampton. The Michigan has sailed from Mackinac for Detroit. The Alert and Pinta have arrived at Mare Island.

Death From Wire Cutting.

City of Mexico, July 19.—A few days ago a telephone wire was cut near Tacubaya. The offender has been captured and will be shot, as the Mexican law prescribes that punishment for such offenses.

Dead and Unknown.

Natick, R. I., July 19.—The body of an unknown man was found floating in the Pawtuxet river at Pontiac yesterday.

DO YOU SNEEZE?

The Season of Agonizing Hay Fever is at Hand.

Going away this summer? To avoid Hay Fever? Don't do it! Stay at home. And Sneeze? And suffer?

With red and smarting eyes, stinging nasal passages and burning throat? Not at all. Use California Catarrh Cure. Use it early. Use it often. Use it morning and evening. Use it as often as you have to. And avoid Hay Fever. California Catarrh Cure is the greatest reliever of Hay Fever and the greatest cure.

If you want proofs we will refer you to cures.

Mr. Joseph A. Rand, a Newburyport, Mass., man, says: "I was troubled for many years with catarrh and hay fever. I doctored lots for it, but for all the money I spent so, I got no help. My head troubled me so much, that I was kept constantly hawking and spitting. In the summer on the 20th of August, I always had hay fever, which lasted till the frosts came. These attacks always left my catarrh much worse, and at last I had all the symptoms of the disease. As I said, all the doctoring I spent money for did me no good; but by good luck I heard of California Catarrh Cure, and better luck, I used some. The first bottle relieved me at once, and did me an immense amount of good. It cleared my head, and kept it clear, made my throat feel all right, and was so pleasant to take too; I kept on using it right through the summer, and it helped my hay fever wonderfully. It relieves at once and thorough use will cure the worst cases. I am glad to recommend it as it has done so much for me."

California Catarrh Cure is for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents; three times as much, \$1.

Let a man come home with a slight sick headache and the whole house will be more thoroughly upset than if his wife were to be seriously ill for six weeks.

IF EVERY MOTHER KNEW, HER LITTLE ONE WOULD BE SAVED.

Bridgeport, May 3d, '96—Dr. Hand—Dear Sir—"I have used Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion and found it all it is represented. I have had no trouble at all with baby during his teething; it has helped him so much, he teases to have it on his gums. If every mother would use it they would save the little ones a great deal of suffering. Yours respectfully, Mrs. Harry Browne, 614 State street." Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion sold by all druggists, 25c.

When a man whistles you can calculate he is not very angry with you, even though there has been a brisk passage of arms only a few minutes before.

BABY'S BEST FRIEND—MOTHER—NEXT, DR. HAND'S COLIC CURE!

Hartford, Oct. 26, '96—The Hand Medicine Co.—"By request of my wife the undersigned writes you that 'baby's best friend is her mother,' and next best is Dr. Hand's Colic Cure. Used same for past months. It is impossible to write our appreciation of your preparation and do most cheerfully request all mothers to use same for their little ones. Our baby is now teething. W. Lincoln Barnard." Sold by all druggists, 25c.

Black and white checked silk at twenty-five cents a yard brings a fetching gown within the reach of even the most limited purse.

GLAD TIDINGS.

The grand specific for dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, constiveness, general debility, etc., is BACON'S CELLERY KING, for the nerves. This great herbal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and restores the system to vigorous health and energies. Sample free. Large packages 50c and 25c. Sold only by Edward P. Weed, Norwalk, and Geo. C. Stillson, South Norwalk.

Sleeve links in the form of enamel blossoms will be worn in the cuffs of the summer shirt waist.

ONE WAY TO BE HAPPY.

Is to attend to the comfort of your family. Should any one of them catch a slight cold or cough, call on Edward P. Weed, Norwalk, or George C. Stillson, South Norwalk, Conn., sole agents, and get a trial bottle of Otto's Cure, the great German Remedy, free. We give it away to prove that we have a sure cure for coughs, colds, asthma, consumption, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Large size, 50c. and 25c.

Sidewalk dancing and ring games are the diversions of the children these summer evenings

SAVE YOUR LIFE.

By using "THE NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the Kidneys, Bladder and Back in male or female. It relieves retention of water, and pain in passing it almost immediately. Save yourself by using this marvelous cure. Its use will prevent fatal consequences in almost all cases by its great alterative and healing powers. Sold by E. P. Weed, Druggist, Norwalk, Conn.

If you want to write any unkind thing put it down in lead pencil. Then you can erase it after you have read it.

CEREAL COFFEE DRINKERS BEWARE!

If you have been deceived and tried one of the cheap bran substitutes now on the market, claiming to be the original and to have great food value, and you got a pound of poor y roasted bran for your 25c. and a poor, weak, sickish drink (what can you expect from bran.) don't be discouraged but try GRAIN-O. It is made from solid grain, nicely browned and 2 pounds for 25c. Grain-O takes the place of coffee at 1/2 the price. Get a package of your grocer to-day.

BERLIN CABLE LETTER

The Kaiser's Physical Condition Causing Alarm In Germany.

HIS INJURED EYE IS WORSE.

The Accident May Prove More Serious Than Was Anticipated on Account of the Poor Condition of His General Health—The Corn Crisis.

Berlin, July 19.—It is again reported that the physical condition of Emperor William is such as to cause a feeling of genuine alarm among those who are in a position to know the true state of affairs, and the fact that the emperor is returning to Kiel for an examination of the eye, recently injured, goes far to confirm the fears that the accident is much more serious than has been admitted, the danger growing out of the general low health of the kaiser.

The Farmers' Alliance has forwarded a memorandum to the chancellor, Prince von Hohenlohe, to the secretaries of the foreign and interior departments and to the entire Prussian cabinet urging the immediate exclusion of foreign breadstuffs, this exclusion to continue for a period of six months, or until the price of home grain reaches a moderate level previously agreed upon.

The government, the Agrarians and the producers are all placed in a very embarrassing predicament through a miscarriage of the government's attempts to effect a compromise with the striking produce exchanges in the leading German cities, so as to enable the Agrarians to have representatives on the boards of directors and yet have traders in futures attend the exchanges regularly as heretofore.

Low Prices Rule.

The farmers no longer know what prices to ask or expect for grain, no market quotations being published. This condition of things is seriously felt in connection with new crops, especially in the rural districts where the small farmers are powerless and in the hands of unscrupulous speculators.

Cereals have declined in price since May, instead of rising 8 or 10 marks per ton, as Count von Kanitz, the father of the obnoxious new bourse law, proclaimed in the reichstag would be the case, whereas Paris and Budapest cereals have increased in price.

Eight out of 48 Socialists in the reichstag, including Herr Liebknecht, Herr Luetgneau and Herr Stadhagen, are serving terms of imprisonment for the offense of lese majeste. For a similar offense a number of Russo-Polish students of the Technical High school at Charlottenburg were arrested yesterday and taken to the Russian frontier, where they were handed over to the Russian police. Among them was the noted nihilist Witscherwin, who will be immediately sent to Siberia. There have been several other arrests upon suspicion. As a result of a close espionage of the artillery barracks at Uhlenau, the son of a prominent citizen named Wagner and a freshman named Estocq are in custody. Upon the latter were found special maps and charts, with plans of fortifications and a number of letters written in cipher.

Emperor William is greatly displeased with the decision of the court of arbitration which deprives his brother-in-law, Prince Adolf Schaumburg-Lippe, of the right of succession to the regency in Lippe-Detmold. The regency is worth 240,000 marks a year. Prince Adolf is comparatively poor. He has gone back to Bonn to resume his military duties.

Emperor and Prince.

The emperor's telegram to the prince after the decision by the king of Saxony in favor of Count Lippe-Biesterfeld has caused a great sensation among the German particularists. It contains the following sentence, "Detmold could never have a better and worthier master and mistress than you two."

Special offense has been given to this reference to the princess, whose escapades are familiar topic of gossip in court circles, but the tenor of the whole telegram and the fact that the emperor addresses his brother-in-law with the familiarity of private correspondence shows that he did not intend his dispatch for publication.

Baron von Muench, a member of the reichstag, who had been declared insane and deprived of the control of his estate and fortune by order of the courts, has been restored to his civic rights, the court admitting that an error had been committed.

Dr. Reimbold of Weisbaden, the newly appointed professor of social science at the University of Berlin, took occasion at a farewell banquet tendered him to make a sensational speech ridiculing the government's fear of socialism. He said that the method of governing now in vogue in Prussia was a danger for Prussia and for the whole of Germany and predicted that the German people in the coming elections would show plainly that they intended to be ruled no longer as at present. He concluded: "Monarchism is powerless to accomplish radical reformatory measures. Only a free people, though one with a strong government, can accomplish radical reforms."

Embassador White spent the week at Heringsdorf, where he intends to pass most of the summer, only coming to Berlin a day or two at a time to attend to pressing official business.

Will Meet In Buffalo.

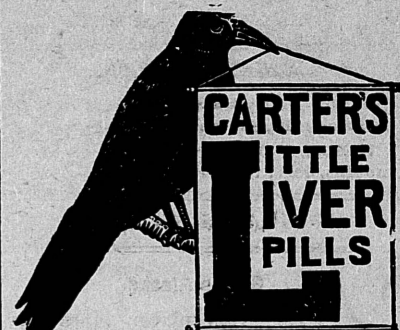
Chattanooga, July 19.—At a meeting of the board of managers of the Baptist Young People's Union of America, Buffalo was selected as the next place of meeting, provided the Buffalo people give assurance that railroad rates and other minor details will be satisfactory.

A Police Justice Accused.

Troy, N. Y., July 19.—Police Justice Barnes of Hoosick Falls has been arrested on a charge of bribery, and the case will come before the Rensselaer county grand jury. The complaint was made by Patrick J. Haren, proprietor of the Union House, Hoosick Falls.

The Weiden House Burned.

St. Albans, Vt., July 19.—The Weiden House, one of the best appointed hotels in New England, was burned late last night. The Weiden House was owned by John Greenway of Syracuse. A number of guests were unable to secure any of their property.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose, Small Price.

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Flavoring Extracts Also the Syrups and Olden Time Fruit Juices, Root Beer, Lemon Soda, Soda Water, Sarsaparilla, Supplied in Birch Beer, Steel Fountains, Seltzer and Vichy in Siphons.

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Beautiful Illuminated Covers HIS QUAINT CONCEITS HAVE NEVER BEEN EQUALLED—ALL HIS!



BIRDS, BROWNIES, AND BEASTS are arrayed in varied garments, much as ordinary human beings dress. Walk on two legs, think as men and women do, talk to each other, go to house-keeping, dance at weddings, etc., etc. These books are crammed from cover to cover with the quaintest conceptions in PICTURE and STORY; enough to crack your sides with merriment and SET THE CHILDREN WILD WITH DELIGHT.

He Never Was Born That Could Hold a Candle to Palmer Cox!

He is the Most Brilliant Juvenile Artist in the World.

Ain't they Comical?

All the children love Palmer Cox's Brownies. We want every town to have a set of these, so they will be given out FREE TO OUR READERS. All we ask is that you send this order to the publishers. It Cets the Books.

HOW TO GET THEM. Send this "Order" direct to the publishers and books will be sent you by return mail.

Cut This Out ORDER 60c Worth Free.

HUBBARD PUB. CO. 1023 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Please mail me the Following Four Palmer Cox Brownie Books:

Busy Brownies Cock Robin Funny Foxes Birds' Wedding

Enclosed Please find 10c. to pay Wrapping and Postage. (STAMPS ACCEPTABLE.)

Name,.....

Address,..... State .....

Charge to Account EVENING GAZETTE, Norwalk, Conn.

YOU read this advertisement. If it had been yours and others had read it, how much good it might have done. Send in your adv and we will do the rest. Rates on application.

FIRE INSURANCE

A Wise Man Keeps his Home Insured Against Fire.

THE BEST COMPANIES REPRESENTED

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EVENING GAZETTE.

ENTERED AT THE POST OFFICE IN NORWALK AS A NEWSPAPER.

MAIL SUBSCRIPTIONS.

DAILY—One year, \$3; six months, \$1.75; three months, \$1; one month, 40c. WEEKLY—One year, in advance, \$1; six months, 60c.; three months, 35c.

MONDAY, JULY 19, 1897

Gold in Alaska.

Some very rich placer mines have been opened in Alaska, or some mining speculators have a lot of chances to be worked off on a too confiding public. The stories of returning miners from the Yukon district with large amounts of gold as the result of a few months' washing are so circumstantial as to give them an air of credibility, and if it were not for the report of lakes of oil and mountains of coal which have appeared in print simultaneously with that of the remarkable gold discoveries, there would be little reason for suspecting the truthfulness of the latter.

There is no good reason, however, why Alaska should not be as rich in gold as California in its palmiest days, and no one need be surprised at an immense increase in the gold production of the frozen territory during the coming year. Owing to the severe climate and the difficulty of reaching the placer diggings of the Yukon, gold digging will be an expensive industry, but your real gold hunter will not be deterred by frost. Gold will buy fuel and a good many other articles of necessity and luxury, and gold will be mined at any hazard wherever it is known to exist in paying quantities.

Hats Off in This Church.

There is nothing slow about the good women of Indianapolis, and the men out that way can't accuse them of doing things by halves. They not only remove their hats in theatres and other places of public amusement, but they have put their veto on the church hat.

It all came about in this way: In the First Baptist church of that city there is an organization called the Woman's Circle. It has a membership of 123, including many prominent society women. At a recent meeting, Mrs. D. M. Parry suggested that it would be an excellent idea for the members of the circle to remove their hats in church, and that all the women in the congregation would be sure to follow their good example. The suggestion took like the measles in a free school, and Mrs. Parry hastily put it in the shape of a resolution. Mrs. Arthur Jordan, president of the circle, was enthusiastic over the idea, and spoke in favor of the resolution, which was adopted unanimously. The women decided that every member should remove her hat the following Sunday and the congregation were amazed when they saw it done. The men in the congregation were so enthusiastic concerning the stand taken by the circle that the ladies of all the other churches in that city are said to be talking about following the example of their Baptist sisters, and many predict that the movement will spread to other cities.

When Mrs. Parry was asked about the result of her work, according to the Chicago Times Herald, she said:

"I offered the resolution in the circle that led to taking off hats and bonnets last Sunday, and I think we all have reason to be proud of the result. I do not think the church ought to be behind the times in any good thing, and now when there is a movement to prevent hat wearing in theaters and other public places of amusement I think it is high time for the church to take action, too. There are two sides to this hat question; one affects the wearer and the other those about her. My attention was first called to the matter by the manifest comfort that hatless men enjoy in public places, and I have often thought that they were to be envied. No one inexperienced in the matter can appreciate the inconvenience and discomfort that comes from wearing a hat or bonnet in a crowded church on a hot day. Besides this, I have always thought that the complaint of men that hats and bonnets, especially when heightened by flowers and other trimmings, are a nuisance was not without some justice, and I am now convinced, after our experience of last Sunday, that we women are not only more comfortable ourselves without hats, but escape giving a cause of offence to others.

Some of the members of the circle did not take off their hats, as they had solemnly resolved to do, but those who did say that they are satisfied that the timid ones will do so in time. Certainly the arguments against hats have special force this year, for never in the history of millinery have such cascades of lace, mountains of ribbons, fields of flowers, and towering forests of feathers been used for embellishing woman's headgear as are seen this summer. The president of the circle says that the Sunday they tried the experiment was the first for some time that she had been able to get more than a partial view of the face of the minister during his sermon, and declares she never appreciated a sermon so much before.

"In fact," she went on, "I did not know what I had been losing all this time till I experienced the comfort of having an unobstructed view of his face during the entire discourse. We may have looked odd to some, and no doubt some of us seemed a little awkward—possibly felt so—but these things disappear in time, and we are all sure that we shall get more good out of the services by reason of the change. It is comforting to know that you are not in the way of some one else, at any rate, and we will have this experience when bareheaded in church."

A crusty New York bachelor, who asserts that he has been to church but once in five years because he could not see the preacher for the women's hats, thinks that the barbarous custom, as he terms it, of the wearing of hats and bonnets in public places is a relic of ancient oriental times when it was a badge of brazenness for a woman to have her face uncovered. The women have clung to it so long that he believes it will be impossible for them to break the custom; but the Indianapolis women vow that they will not retrace their steps now that they have started out to secure the comfort to themselves and remove the grievance of the big church hat from others, and when wo individually and collectively, says that she won't—well, she won't.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail. Mention THE GAZETTE, and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this affair.

Dr. Ross' Sanitarium. For the Treatment and Cure of LIQUOR, MORPHINE and Narcotic Drug Habits. Trained male and female nurses. Send for illustrated Catalogue. Telephone Address, DR. ROSS' SANITARIUM, South Windham, Conn.

Piano Lessons.

Mrs. GEORGE W. BRADLEY, (daughter of the late Wm. B. Nash), gives efficient and satisfactory instructions on the Piano at her home No. 193 Main street.

COMMENCING JUNE 21, 1897. DAILY TRIPS TO NEW YORK. SIDEWHEEL PASSENGER STEAMER BELLE HORTON! Leave South Norwalk, 7:30 a. m. Leave New York, Beekman St., 2:15 p. m., (Saturday, 1:35 p. m.); East 31st Street, 2:40 p. m., (Saturday, 2:00 p. m.) FARE: Single, 40c. Excursion, 70c.

SPECIAL SUNDAY SAILS. JULY 25th to Pleasure Beach. Leaving South Norwalk, 2:00 p. m. Leave Pleasure Beach 5:00 p. m. EXCURSION FARE, 25c.

FREIGHT PROPELLER TO NORWALK AND SO. NORWALK. Leave Beekman Street, N. Y., Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 p. m. Leave Norwalk, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5:00 p. m.

ROSY CHEEKS AND SPARKLING EYES

Follow the Use of Utah Kidney Beans.

The Turners' great discovery. The warning notes from the kidneys are, backache, urinary trouble, frequent thirst, rheumatism, burning urine, dropsical swellings, irregular heart action. Heed the warning at once. Your life is in danger. Utah Kidney Beans regulate the kidneys, cure all urinary and bladder troubles surely and quickly. Utah Kidney Beans, discovered and perfected by THE TURNERS of Philadelphia. THE TURNERS also make PO-MELIA—The Infant's Friend, the Invalid's Benefactor. A perfect food. A new discovery for the little ones and for the weak. TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TURNERS—For sale only in Norwalk by E. P. Weed druggist. R. H. Plaisted, So. Norwalk.

WANTED.

WANTED—A thoroughly competent girl for general housework. Apply at 21 Belden avenue. 35 ft.

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Apply with references to Mrs. W. F. Bishop, 15 Belden avenue, Norwalk. J16 2t

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Four rooms, corner of Wall and River street. Possession given immediately. Rent reasonable. Inquire of JOHN HADEN on the premises. M1-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A Goat, two years old and well trained to harness. Apply to the Miller Boys, Wilton, Conn. M36-tf

LOST.

LOST—A small gold pin, shape of ear of corn. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at Town Clerk's office. J16 3t

N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.

POPULAR EXCURSION

WATCH HILL

BLOCK ISLAND

THURSDAY, JULY 22.

Take note of the Remarkably Low Fare. ONLY \$1.50 ROUND TRIP.

Excursion Tickets, the number of which will be Strictly Limited, will be good only on special train and date as above, and must be purchased before taking the cars, or regular fare will be collected.

Special Express Train, with first-class standard equipment, will leave Stamford, 7:00 a. m.; South Norwalk, 7:15 a. m.; Westport, 7:22 a. m., Connecting at New London with steamer Block Island for Watch Hill or Block Island. Steamer due at Watch Hill at 10:55 a. m., Block Island at 12:15 p. m.

Returning, Boat leaves Block Island at 2:30 p. m., and Watch Hill at 3:20 p. m. Special return train leaves New London at 5:30 p. m. GEO. L. CONNOR, C. H. PLATT, Gen'l Super't. Pass-nger Traffic M'gr. C. T. HEMPSTEAD, General Passenger Agent

DR. C. F. HUGHES,

EXPERT OPTICIAN. Thanking you all for the liberal patronage you have bestowed upon me, I wish to inform the public that at the request of prominent citizens who appreciate my efforts to fit their eyes, I have decided to remain until

JULY 20 EYES TESTED FREE!



CONSULT AT ONCE. Office 65 Wall St., Norwalk.

HERE'S YOUR CHANCE.

A fine building lot on Wilton avenue. If you intend to build, look at this before purchasing.

Water, gas and sewer on the avenue.

Will be sold at a Bargain.

W. H. BYINGTON,

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Room 1, Gazette B'ld.

ROTON POINT GROVE

FIRST CLASS HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.

COMMENCING SAT. JUNE 19.

Daily afternoon Concerts and dancing in the evening.

Performance in Auditorium afternoon and evenings.

ROTONPOINT IMPROVEMENT CO.

STENOGRAPHY, Bookkeeping, Banking, Correspondence, etc., thoroughly taught, by new and exclusive methods. Six months with us equal to a year in any other school.

Wanted, Unemployed Young Men, whose education has been finished in Public Schools, Academies and Colleges, to write for our plan of instruction by mail. We train for practical work and always secure situations for worthy graduates of the Business and Shorthand Courses of



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\$5 REWARD to any one for first information of a vacancy for a Bookkeeper, Stenographer, Clerk or Telegraph Operator which we succeed in filling. Business men supplied with competent assistants without charge. If you are seeking employment and willing to study, send ten two-cent stamps for five easy lessons in Shorthand. Students commence work any time. No vacations. Board and other expenses moderate. Railroad fare paid. If you expect to go to College write for our free catalogue. Address (mention this paper), CLEMENT C. GAINES, President, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

NOTICE. CITY TAXES

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons liable to pay taxes to the city of Norwalk, in the County of Fairfield and State of Connecticut, that the undersigned, Collector of Taxes for said City, on the list of 1896, has received a warrant from the Mayor for the collection of the tax laid by said city, March 1, 1897, on the ratable estate liable to taxation therein; that

Said Tax is Payable July 15,

And that he will be present at the Water Commissioners' Room in the Fairfield County National Bank Building, every week day from 9 a. m. to 12 m., and from 2 to 5 p. m., and evenings from 7:30 to 9 o'clock, from July 15, 1897 until September 1, 1897.

Also, that upon all of said taxes remaining unpaid after the 15th day of August, 1897, interest at the rate of (9) per cent per annum will be charged from the 15th day of July, 1897 until the same is paid.

ADDISON A. BETTS, Collector of City Taxes, List of 1896.

HOSTETTER'S BOTANICAL Extracts WHICH ARE NATURE'S REMEDY FOR STOMACH BODILY BITTERS

DORLON HOUSE

GREGORY'S COINT.

NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON OF 1897.

SHORE DINNERS,

RHODE ISLAND CLAM CAKE, BATHING, BOATING, FISHING.

Electric cars to Hotel, every twenty minutes.

H. E. O'JILLIVAN, Manager.

DAVID W. RAYMOND

Funeral Director and Embalmer

98 Washington Street South Norwalk Residence, Mashaakemo Hotel

CALF PASTURE BEACH HOTEL.

C. A. HUBBARD, Proprietor. SHORE DINNERS! SEA FOOD OF ALL KINDS.

Special attention to Parties, Clubs and Societies. Conveyance connects with Tramway Cars at 5th Avenue. REGULAR SHORE DINNER, 75c.

J. D. JENNINGS, UNDERTAKER!

No. 7, MAIN STREET. NIGHT BELL AT OFFICE.

MEEKER COAL CO.

PLOWS, PLOWS REPAIRED, COAL, WOOD, BRICK,

LIME, CEMENT, TILE PIPE.

OFFICE WITH G. WARDSELLECK WALL STREET, NORWALK

LOCAL DIRECTORY.

NORWALK POLICE DEPARTMENT. Chief, Thomas Bradley; Captain, Walter L. An. Headquarters Gazette Building.

SOUTH NORWALK POLICE DEPARTMENT. Chief, William Vollmer; Captain, George W. Gladstone. Headquarters, Haviland street.

NORWALK FIRE DEPARTMENT. Chief Engineer, J. T. Prowitt; First Assistant Engineer, Fred W. Smith; Second Assistant Engineer, Thomas S. Murray; Fire Inspector, George H. Allen.

SOUTH NORWALK FIRE DEPARTMENT. Chief Engineer, Edward V. Baker; First Assistant, D. W. Harford; Second Assistant, George W. Bogardus; Secretary Department, Andrew J. Crossman.

PUBLIC LIBRARIES. City of Norwalk—Librarian, Miss Dotha Stone Pinneo, 20 Wall N. South Norwalk—Librarian, Miss Angeline Scott, 103 Washington, S. N.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS. Allen, Lauren M., 15 Wash'n, S. N. Allen, Sarah E., Mrs., 11 New, E. N. Baker, Frederick B., 12 F. P., E. N. Baldwin, Arthur H., 83 Wall, N. Bean, Wright B., 5 W. ave., S. N. Benedict, George W., 25 W. ave., S. N. Bohanna, Chas. G., 64 S. M., S. N. Bohanna, John C., 64 S. M., S. N. Brennan, P. J., 57 Riverside ave., E. N. Burke, W. J., Jr., Wash'n, S. N. Burrall, Francis L., 76 S. Main, S. N. Clark, Arthur N., 17 S. Main, S. N. Coburn, J. M., 55 S. Main, S. N. DeWolfe, D. C., 64 S. Main, S. N. Dumortier, John, 9 Wash'n, S. N. Fairchild, J. B., Winnipauk, Glines, W. C., 59 Wall, N. Gregory, James G., 5 W. ave., N. Higgins, Royal L., 55 W. ave., N. Hitchcock, Dexter, 16 W. ave., N. Hitchcock, Walter, 68 Wall, N. Huntington, S. H., 129 Main, N. Kennedy, John T., 18 S. Main, S. N. McGonegal, G. R., 59 West ave., N. Pardee, E. V. D., 35 N. Main, S. N. Peck, Eli J., 66 Gregory P. R., E. N. Phinney, L. N., 26 W. ave., N. Schavoir, Fredk., 9 Wash'n, S. N. Sherer, Henry C., 10 Wash'n, S. N. Smith, Edwin E., "Kensett," N. Tito, V. G., 2 Burbank, S. N. Tracey, William J., 23 W. ave., N.

CHURCHES. First Baptist—Pastor, Rev. Frank E. Robbins, 71 East ave., N. First Baptist—Pastor, Rev. F. V. Atkinson, Main street, Rowayton. South Norwalk Baptist—Pastor, Rev. Richard O. Sherwood, 7 West ave., S. N. First Congregational—Pastor, Rev. Thomas K. Noble, corner Park and Lewis streets, N. Congregational—Pastor, Rev. Gerald H. Beard, West street, Junction North Main and West ave.

Swedish Bethlehem Cong.—Pastor, Rev. Otto Swenson, Riverside avenue, E. N. German Evangelical St. Peter's—Pastor, Rev. Mr. Kohler, North Main street, S. N. St. Paul's Episcopal—Rector, Rev. S. B. Pond, East avenue and Church st., and Chapel of Our Holy Savior, Berkeley street, N. Grace Protestant Episcopal—Rector, Junction Belden avenue and Cross street, N. Trinity Protestant Episcopal—Rector, Rev. F. W. Norris, Fairfield avenue corner of West street, S. N. East Avenue Methodist Episcopal—Pastor, Rev. Arthur J. Smith, East avenue corner Henry street, E. N. Norwalk Methodist Episcopal—Pastor, Rev. F. A. Scofield, West avenue corner Mott avenue, N. First Methodist Episcopal—Pastor, Rev. A. S. Kavanaugh, West ave., S. N. West Norwalk Methodist Mission—Pastor, Rev. Isaac B. Brown, West N. Methodist Episcopal—Pastor, Rev. Henry C. Whitney, Main corner Maple avenue, Rowayton. African Methodist Episcopal—Pastor Rev. I. S. Sands, 15 Knight street, N. St. Mary's R. C.—Pastor, Rev. John J. Furlong, West ave. corner Chapel N. St. Joseph's R. C.—Pastor, Rev. J. T. Winters, Music Hall, S. N. Advent—Pastor, Van Zandt avenue, E. N. Christian Union Association—West Norwalk. Union Church Society—Cranbury.

SOCIETIES, ASSOCIATIONS, ETC. Alpha Wheel Club, 51 Main N. American Legion of Honor, 92 Washington, S. N. A. O. H., Division No. 1, 18 Wall, N. D. of E., Ladies' Auxiliary, A. O. H., 18 Wall, N. A. O. K., of M. C., Pioneer Castle, Gazette Building, N. A. O. K., of M. C., Palestine Castle, 102 Washington, S. N. Arion Singing Society, Madison, S. N. Catholic Club, West avenue, N. C. B. L., Bishop McMahon Council, 18 Wall, N. D. A. R., Norwalk Chapter, Central Club, N. D. of H., Louis Lodge, 102 Washington, S. N. Germania Saengerbund, 162 Washington, S. N. Hat Trimmers' Association, G. A. R. Rooms, Washington, S. N. Improved Order Heptasophs, 102 Washington, S. N. I. O. R. M., Uncas Tribe, 118 Washington, S. N. Independent O. R. M. Schiller Stamm 102 Washington, S. N. K. of C., Catholic Union Council, 20 Wall, N. K. of H., 118 Washington, S. N. K. of P., Olive Branch Lodge, 83 Washington, S. N. K. of G. E., Union Castle, 83 Washington, S. N. Knob Outing Club, Club House near Wilson Point. Naromake Gun Club, 9 Main, N. N. A. S. E., 8 North Main, S. N. N. P. U., Security Council, Gazette Building, N. N. E. O. P., P. C. Lounsbury Lodge, 83 Washington, S. N. Norwalk Barbers' Union, 66 Washington, S. N., 13 Main, N. Norwalk Club, 63 & 65 Wall, N. N. H. F. A., of the U. H. of N. A., 102 Washington, S. N. Norwalk Hospital Assoc., 24 Leonard, N. Norwalk Lawn Tennis Club, Mott avenue. Norwalk Medical Assoc., 63 & 65 Wall, N. Norwalk Yacht Club, Hickory Bluff, S. N. O. B. A. Lodge, 100 Washington S. N. O. D. H. S., Humboldt Lodge, 102 Washington, S. N. Painters' and Decorators' Union, 45 Wall, N. Pequonnock Club, 13 Main, N. Pine Ledge Outing Club, Roton Point N. Robert Emmet Club, 20 Wall, N. S. A. R., Norwalk Branch, No. 5. Sons of St. George, Welcome Stranger Lodge, 13 Main street, N. Twin City Wheelmen, 83 Washington, S. N. O. U. A. M., Defender Council, N. U. B. of C. & J., of America, Norwalk Local, Gazette Bldg., N. U. O. G. C., Sherman Commandery, Gazette Building, N. Central Club, 57 West avenue, N. Woman's Exchange, 57 West ave., N.

MASONIC. St. John's Lodge, Masonic Bldg., N. Old Well Lodge, 29 S. Main, S. N. Washington Chapter, R. A. M., Masonic Bldg., N. Butler Chapter, 20 S. Main, S. N. Clinton Commandery, K. T., Masonic Bldg., N.

ODD FELLOWS. Our Brothers Lodge, 16 Wall, N. Butler Lodge, 130 Washington, S. N. Kaboosa Encampment, 16 Wall, N. Colfax Encampment, S. N. Eureka Rebekah Lodge, 130 Washington, S. N. Norwalk Lodge, G. W. O. of O. F., 83 Washington, S. N.

FORESTERS OF AMERICA. Court Mahackemo, 83 Wash'n, S. N. Court Naruk, Gazette B'ld., N. Star of Columbia Circle, 83 Washington, S. N.

ROYAL ARCANUM. Ponusus Council, Water, S. N. Sherman Council, 126 Wash'n, S. N.

TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES. I. O. G. T., Washington Lodge, Cranbury. Concord Division, Gazette B'ld., N. Minnehaha Division, 83 Wash'n, S. N. Rising Star Division, Crow's Hall, Rowayton. W. C. T. U., City Mission Room, S. N. Y. W. C. T. U., City Mission Room, S. N.

G. A. R. Buckingham Post, Wall, N. Buckingham, W. R. C. G. A. R., Hall N. Douglass Fowler Post, 102 Washington, S. N. Douglass Fowler Post, W. R. C., 206 Washington, S. N. O. S. Ferry Command, 100 Washington, S. N.

**SOUTH NORWALK.**

Branch Office of GAZETTE No. 12  
North Main Street

The Arions sang and otherwise enjoyed themselves last night.

The Elephant club is arranging for its annual clambake and picnic.

Max Singervault is moving into his new house on Clinton avenue, to-day.

The members of the Barbers Union will enjoy a shore dinner at Gregory's Point to-night.

Florence Jennings and her brother Walter are seriously ill at their home on Gerard place.

There was a Hungarian wedding feast and an Italian christening party at Whistleville yesterday afternoon.

The brick building on East Washington street occupied by Grocer Seymour is being connected with the sewer system.

Patent leather shoes are selling in this city at \$1.50 a pair. It is patent to some, however, that they are not the best of patent leather.

James Platt caught a nine pound blackfish yesterday. It is not stated as to whether he captured the fish with a harpoon or an anchor.

The business at the Imperial Cafe under the management of Harry Stone is reported as on the increase. Harry is popular and bound to win.

The managers of the B. B. B. which takes place at the Fair grounds on July 28th wish it distinctly understood that only Union beer and cigars will be sold.

This season's crop of flies and mosquitoes is unusually large. The latter are feasting on the flood of city visitors. In some instances they imbibe until they burst.

Banker W. J. Becker and daughter of New York were the guests of Norwalk relatives yesterday. Rosa will enjoy the invigorating air to be found on the shores, for several days to come.

The employees at Barthols hat shop enjoyed a shore dinner yesterday. It was one of the greatest successes in that line held this season. There was more than enough for the large crowd present.

Dr. L. N. Allen was thrown headlong from his bicycle on South Main street Saturday night, but beyond a torn coat and a general shaking up together with a few pounds of mud, the genial doctor escaped serious injury.

Professor Carl Diel conducted the concert given at Germania hall last night by the Sengerbund.

Commodore John H. Ferris took a party of his friends on his launch, Eva L., to witness the yacht races at Oyster Bay on Saturday night.

The Belle Horton left about two minutes behind schedule time this morning for New York, and as usual, there were passengers left who reached the wharf when the steamer was half way to Gregory's Point.

The fire police will hold a special meeting to-night, and may decide to have an outing.

Miss Eloise M. Nichols of South Orange, N. J. is a guest, of Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Raymond at the Mahackemo.

Carl Schaub is in New York to-day.

Miss Ida Cole who intended going to New York to-day for the purpose of being treated for an injury to one of her ears, caused by an accident while in bathing, was among the passengers who were a few minutes late in reaching the steamer Belle Horton as it left the wharf this morning.

**LOCAL AND OTHER NEWS.**

Rev. E. R. Bennett preached in the chapel at Cranbury, yesterday.

A youngster claims to have counted 150,000 pond lilies on the 14-acre pond Saturday, "and I didn't count half there was, either," he added.

Mr. Edelbert Osterbanks and wife have returned from a vacation trip at Banksville.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Hanlon of Lewis street, at an early hour Sunday morning.

Editor Bross of the Ridgefield Press was in town to-day en route to Hartford.

Mr. and Mrs. George Taft and child, of Brooklyn, were in town to-day.

—Prof. M. S. Rosen, the well-known oculist optician, can be consulted at his office in the parlor of the City Hotel, South Norwalk, Tuesdays, from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Eyes examined free.

There was a lively scrap on Hoyt street Saturday night. The combatants worked themselves into a perspiration, shed a small quantity of blood and later adjourned for refreshments.

Dr. S. H. Huntington was called upon yesterday to dress the left leg of a wounded German who does not care to have his name appear in print. He had accidentally gashed his leg with an edged instrument. The doctor has him well in hand and hopes to have him about again in a few days.

—All the Successful Merchants of this City Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

**Recent Deaths.**

Mrs. Mary J. Hendricks, daughter of the late Aaron Hendricks, and wife of David M. Lane, died at her home on Harbor avenue yesterday afternoon after a long and painful illness. Her husband and one son survive her. She was 68 years of age. Her mother died about one year ago aged over 90 years. The funeral will be held on Wednesday.

Miss Mary B. Hubbell, an aged and life-long resident of Norwalk, died at her home on Main street yesterday. Deceased was a daughter of the late Mathias Hubbell and was 79 years of age. The funeral will take place to-morrow.

**Base Ball.**

In the match game of base ball between the Xavier Deaf Mutes and the Catholic club, at Norwalk Park, Saturday afternoon, the former club was defeated by a score of 17 to 5. The coaching of the visitors was a feature of the game.

In the game between the Arnold foundry and the Charles Finch nines at the Fair Grounds, Saturday afternoon, the former nine was victorious by a score of 11 to 6. The batteries were, Arnoldsites, Dowd and Whitlock; Finchites, Tully and Kensella.

The Arctic and Silver Mines will play at the Fair Grounds, Wednesday afternoon.

**Dead Dogs.**

A pet dog belonging to M. Ratchford was while gambling on the tracks at Winnipauk yesterday afternoon, run down and killed by a Street Railway car.

Nero, a Siberian dog belonging to conductor "Art" Slauson of the Street Railway line, died yesterday. He was a brother of the well-known "Ray" the O. T. R. B. and Phoenix dog who died some months since.

A valuable bird dog belonging to Nimrod Vet Taylor died yesterday.

**Contract Not Yet Awarded.**

The contract for the building of the foundation of the annex at the Union school at South Norwalk has not yet been awarded. The bids of which there were eight were opened Saturday afternoon. The architect has been summoned and it is possible that some definite action will be taken this afternoon.

**Norwalk Wins.**

In the match shoot between the Naromake and Bridgeport Gun clubs at Gregory's Point, on Saturday, the local team won by four points.

For the first time in his life Motor man Lane of the Street Railway line struck something with his car. It was a dog and the dog is dead.

**BABIES HAVE TO BE CHECKED.**

They Are Ticketed in Duplicate to Prevent Possible Loss or Exchange.

A curious feature of a large relief works camp in the Punjab, says the Allahabad Pioneer Mail, where about 40,000 persons are at work, is the arrangement just introduced by which a large number of babies are looked after while their mothers are at work.

Previous to this about 700 or 800 babies of all sorts were all left in one place, and the mothers, anxious in the evening to reclaim their little ones, presented a scene which is better imagined than described. It was not possible even for mothers to find their own babies easily, and the authorities were embarrassed not a little. The officer in charge, however, has treated the babies on the umbrella and coat principle. He has provided each of the babies with a string and a ticket in duplicate, one being hung round the baby's neck and the other given to the mother.

**Are Trusted for Their Car Fare.**

It is perhaps not generally known, even in Brooklyn, that persons of respectable appearance may travel on the street cars of that city when they have no money. A woman who has left her purse at home, or a man who has spent all his change speculating in stocks, if ordinarily dressed, has only to tell the conductor the condition of affairs, on boarding the car, to get carried to any desired point.

The conductor gives the penniless passengers an envelope addressed to the office of the company, in which to forward later the lacking nickel. This is done as a matter of course, and only a passenger who looks disreputable meets with a refusal.

The system has been in operation some time, which is apparent proof that the passengers who thus get trusted for their fares use the envelopes given them for the purpose for which they are intended.—New York Sun.

**Plain Sailing.**

"It seems to me," said one young woman, "that Harold talks more clearly on the tariff than any one else I have ever heard."

"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne. "He has the advantage of not knowing enough about it to get confused."—Washington Star.

**Just the Same.**

Smithy—Jiggers is dead broke, since he broke himself of the borrowing habit.

Barnaby—But he was always dead broke when he was borrowing, so what's the difference?—Philadelphia Press.

**FATHER KNEIPP.**

A Priest Known Throughout the World by Reason of His Water Cure.

Sebastian Kneipp was born on May 17, 1821, in Stefansried, Bavaria. He was a weak and sickly boy, and was expected to die of consumption in his youth. He became a weaver, and followed that trade till he reached his majority, when he turned to the Church and to medicine. In 1848 he began his experiments according to the ideas that have since made him noted, and succeeded first in restoring himself to perfect health. Then he began treating the country people about him, and with a success that caused his reputation to spread rapidly. His work in this way was continued for many years without pay. A few years ago he published an account of his treatment, entitled, "My Water Cure," which made him still more widely known. He had all these years attended to his patients personally, giving them baths himself and personally directing their treatment. So great were the demands on his time that finally the Kneipp-Verein was established, supported by charity, to take charge of the work. Two years ago the Pope sent for Dr. Kneipp to come to Rome and treat him for ailments that arose from a disordered stomach, and in his case Dr. Kneipp was highly successful. The Kneipp institution is now an immense affair, caring for twelve hundred patients, and with all conveniences, under the direction of twelve resident physicians.

Father Kneipp's system was introduced into this country last summer, when a sanitarium according to his methods was established in New Jersey. The chief elements of the system are application of sunshine, fresh air and water. Its most striking feature is the early morning walk, barefooted, in the dew, or even in the snow, that is required of patients. Though this has attracted the most attention, there are other more important matters insisted on, such as baths of certain kinds and frequency, the use of clothing of a sort to admit light and air, the prohibition of alcohol, and the limitation upon a meat diet.—New York Tribune.

**HE ENJOYED THE BOOK.**

And was Desirous of an opportunity to Read the Second Volume.

The Prussians tell a good story of an aide-de-camp to the King, Colonel Malachowki. The man was an exceedingly brave fellow, but very poor, and the King, noting this, hit upon the following plan for presenting him with some money without wounding his feelings. He had a book hollowed out and neatly bound in morocco. In it he deposited five hundred crowns in gold and then sent it to his aide. Malachowki met the King not long after, and in response to the question "How did you like the book?" he made the following reply:

"Sire, I enjoyed the book immensely. It was so excessively interesting that I am more than impatient to receive the second volume."

The King was much pleased at the reply, and when the officer's birthday came around he sent him another book similar in every respect, but engraved upon the front were the words, "This work is complete in two volumes."—Harper's Round Table.

**Blind Watch-Makers.**

There have been blind watch-makers. In former years there was one living at Holbeach, in Lincolnshire. His name was Rippin, and although completely blind he could take to pieces and put together again watches of most delicate construction with surpassing ease. He was robbed once of some of the tiny belongings of his trade, such as wheels, hair-springs, etc.; the thief was traced, and Rippin identified and swore to his property by the touch.

At Barnstable, too, in the early part of the present century, there was another such prodigy. His name was William Huntley; he was born blind, and was brought up by his father, who was a clock and watch maker, to that business. The inhabitants had great faith in him, and he had plenty of employment; musical clocks and watches even were repaired by him without difficulty; and it is said that in some cases where other tradesmen had failed to discover a defect, he detected the fault, and set it right.—Tid-Bits.

**Accomplishments of Royal Persons.**

The Prince of Wales is said to have learned in his youth to make stockings. His son, the Duke of York, learned the trade of rope-making. His late cousin, the Czar Nicholas II, could plough, sow, and reap. The Emperor William is a practical typesetter. King Humbert is not only an excellent shoemaker, but cobbles also to perfection. Oscar of Sweden handles the axe with dexterity, like an approved woodman, not yielding the palm in this respect even to Mr. Gladstone. Queen Victoria is exceedingly fond of knitting. Not many days ago she finished a woolen coverlet and presented it to the oldest and most deserving of the inmates of an asylum for disabled working women in the Isle of Wight.

**Unconsciously Solved.**

First Chappie—I wonder, now Chollie, how the donkey ever came to be used as the—er, emblem of stupidity.

Second Chappie (with a yawn)—Don't know. I'm sure, dear boy; must have been before our day.—Brooklyn Life.

**The Business for Him.**

Mother—I wonder what we can do with Johnny, he has such a way of exaggerating everything. He is always making a mountain out of a mole-hill.

Father—I think, my dear, we had better make him a real-estate agent.—New York World

**THE TOAD AS A PARENT.**

A Peculiarity of This Little Animal Regarding Its Young.

It is remarkable that the toad, loving water as it does, should wander away from watery regions to dry ground, where it can never see a drop of water, except at rain time, and leave its water rights to the undisputed possession of its ranal neighbor, the frog. How the toad loves water must be known to every garden lover. Whenever there is a shower, the creature leaves its cool retreat under the piazza or shed, and stands, as far as his forelegs will let him, erect in the rain, apparently enjoying to the utmost the shower bath.

Our remarkably observant correspondent, Mrs. Wilhelmina Seliger, of Hartford, Conn., placed shallow pans of water in her garden during a rain-storm last summer, and soon a whole bevy of toads were sporting themselves in the water as if they were human beings in the surf at Atlantic city. Whenever they are near the water at breeding time they deposit long, slimy strings of eggs, and the young toad has to go through the tadpole stage in common with his brother frog. But, when they are wholly excluded by distance from the water, they seem to have the power of being viviparous, or bringing forth their young alive. In the water fertilization is effected in the same manner as in fishes, but the method in the land life career is not known. About all that is known is that confined toads are found with little toads, no larger than house flies, about them after a time; and in walled gardens, and places far removed from water, little toads, no larger than peas, wandering around on their own resources, and which could never have been tadpoles, are within common experience.—Meehan's Monthly.

**A Japanese Prison.**

The prison, six miles from Tokio, seems to be a model in its perfect management. We approached a lot of handsome buildings, and I asked if they did not belong to the university. "No; the prison where we are going," the guide said.

And we entered the beautiful grounds, laid off artistically and planted with flowers. The buildings are of brick, one story high, and are filled with many comforts.

Every prisoner saluted us. In the shops all are required to work, and are supplied with all the necessary materials by the government. Some do exquisite cloisonne and wood carving; others make useful articles, such as shoes, buckets, baskets, etc., until you can find almost any article you wish. The articles are sold for just what the material costs.—Atlanta Constitution.

**Got There.**

First Drummer—A few days ago a locomotive lost its smokestack in a collision. Well, sir, they just stuck a barrel over the hole and went along as if nothing had happened.

Second Drummer—That reminds me of an accident that happened to a train I was on recently. The engine jumped the track and was smashed all to tinders; but in five minutes we were moving along toward the next station, where we arrived only a little late. "Humph! How could that be?" "We got out and walked."—New York Weekly.

**TIRES THAT LEAK.**

The Morgan & Wright single-tube quick-repair tire must be regarded as a distinct improvement in bicycle tire construction. It has the following advantages:

While punctures in it can be repaired with plugs, or semi-liquid injections, as well as in any other single-tube tire, it can be permanently repaired by using the quick-repair strip inside the tire. See cut No. 1.



No. 1.

By injecting M. & W. quick-repair cement through the puncture, and then pressing down on the tire with the thumb, as in cut No. 2, the repair



No. 2.



No. 3.

strip inside is picked up by the cement, thus closing the puncture, as in cut No. 3.

The Morgan & Wright single-tube quick-repair tire is guaranteed not porous. This is on account of the way in which it is made. Nearly every rider has heard of tires that "leak like a sieve."

Many tires rot, because water gets into the fabric between the two layers of rubber. The Morgan & Wright fabric is proof against moisture.

Everybody knows how comfortable Morgan & Wright tires are, and yet how seldom they puncture. This is due to the fabric.

Ask any bicycle dealer whether other tires last as long as Morgan & Wright tires. Ask, also, what the Morgan & Wright guarantee means. Morgan & Wright tires are repaired free of charge, at the factory in Chicago or at any of the Morgan & Wright free repair shops, located in the principal cities.

N. B.—When you have a puncture, get right off. Riding a tire flat, when it has a tack or nail in it, may damage it considerably.

**DIAMOND FRAME**

**ORIENT TANDEM, - \$85**

COMBINATION  
**ORIENT TANDEM, - \$70**

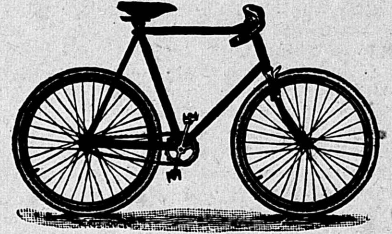
**SECOND-HAND WHEELS AT A BARGAIN.**

Talk quick while I am in humor.

Yours Until Death,

H. A. SAUNDERS, Expert in Bicycles,  
12 North Main Street, South Norwalk.

**SPECIAL SALE!**



**PENNANT BICYCLES \$38.00.**

A first class high grade wheel, large tubing and all 1897 improvements. Made by the Acme Mfg. Co., makers of the celebrated Stormer bicycle. A chance to get a fine wheel for little money.

**THE J. T. PROWITT CO.**

**\$1.00 Warranted Solid Gold. Beautiful Chased Holder. \$1.00**



You may think it cannot possess merit or durability, the price is so low; but the "Lincoln" is a \$2.50 pen reduced to \$1.00. It is durable, always ready to "go" but never drips, the ink flowing steadily and uniformly. They are in use in this office, giving the best of satisfaction, and they are in use in the banks, insurance and business offices and among all classes of users of pens in Norwalk and vicinity. Orders are received from all parts of the country.

Samples to be seen and orders received at the GAZETTE OFFICE.

**Stock and Mutual Management.**

**TEN YEARS' BUSINESS**

IN THE

**ÆTNA LIFE AND CONNECTICUT MUTUAL COMPARED.**

New Insurance Issued		Year.	Amount of Insurance in Force at End of Year.	
ÆTNA LIFE.	CONN. MUTUAL.		ÆTNA LIFE.	CONN. MUTUAL.
		1886	\$92,262,969	\$150,528,923
		1887	97,372,334	150,992,498
\$14,486,886	\$9,369,874	1888	102,904,303	151,361,913
16,233,553	9,068,990	1889	110,669,719	151,739,494
20,399,689	9,245,204	1890	117,656,382	153,234,742
21,406,821	10,620,245	1891	124,907,218	155,043,055
23,370,242	11,811,087	1892	132,778,466	157,737,302
25,471,105	12,291,824	1893	135,450,723	156,994,498
23,381,374	10,649,485	1894	135,907,796	156,686,871
17,956,460	10,331,207	1895	140,027,261	158,042,056
20,744,280	11,518,525	1896	145,635,941	157,422,626
22,342,948	10,355,237			

**TOTAL NEW INSURANCE ISSUED IN 10 YEARS**

ÆTNA LIFE, - - - \$205,793,358  
Connecticut Mutual, - - - 105,261,678  
ÆTNA LIFE over Connecticut Mutual - - - \$100,531,680

**GAIN IN INSURANCE IN FORCE.**

ÆTNA LIFE, - \$53,372,972 or 57 <sup>34</sup>/<sub>100</sub> Per Cent.  
Conn. Mutual, - 6,893,703 or 4 <sup>57</sup>/<sub>100</sub> Per Cent.

**TO RENT.**

The fine office formerly occupied by Police Headquarters. Suitable for Insurance, Real Estate, &c. Possession July 1. Terms moderate. Apply at

**GAZETTE OFFICE.**

**THE NEW TARIFF BILL.**

Dingley Says It Will Be a Law Before the End of the Week.

**THE NEW SUGAR SCHEDULE.**

It Favors the Sugar Trust Less Than the Senate Scheme, but More Than the House Schedule—The Other Changes in the Bill.

Washington, July 19.—Now that the tariff conferees have finished their labors, the end of the present session is in sight, and Representative Dingley expresses the opinion that the bill will be a law and that congress will have adjourned by next Saturday night.

The McKinley bill was in conference two weeks, and after a six weeks' struggle in conference the conferees on the Wilson bill were compelled to abandon all efforts at adjustment. Governor Dingley, who was one of the conferees on the McKinley bill, said that the problems which the present conferees had to solve were both more numerous and more important than those which confronted the conferees in 1890. Yet the present conferees by working night and day, sometimes as high as 14 hours a day, had completed their task in less time than the conferees on the McKinley bill required. Governor Dingley is pleased with the result and speaks in high terms of the spirit the individual conferees had displayed in their deliberations. While there may have been occasional flashes of irritation, he said, there had been no manifestation of acrimony.

Senator Jones of Nevada, holding, as he did, practically the balance of power, both in the senate and in committee, was enabled to secure many concessions for western interests in the senate, and these he held without exception in the conference. He even succeeded in securing a degree of protection for beet sugar greater than was given either in the senate or the house bill.

**The New Sugar Schedule.**

The bill as agreed upon presents an entirely new sugar schedule, at least in the main item of duty on raw and refined sugar—the fourth presented since the bill emerged from the recess of the ways and means committee. The following is the new schedule:

"Sugars not above No. 16, Dutch standard, in color, tank bottoms, sirups of cane juice, melada, concentrated molasses, testing by the polariscope not above 75 degrees, 95-100 of 1 cent per pound, and for every additional degree shown by the polariscope test, 3 1/2-100 of 1 cent per pound additional, and fractions of a degree in proportion, and on sugar above No. 16, Dutch standard in color, and on all sugar which has gone through a process of refining, 125-1,000 of 1 cent per pound additional."

As will be observed, there is an increase of the duty on the highest grades of sugar, bringing the total duty on pure sugar, testing 100 degrees, up to 2 cents per pound. This increase is attained by adding to the senate rate one-half of one-hundredth of 1 cent per pound on sugar testing over 75 degrees, and it is claimed that the increase on the higher grades which this change insures will add immensely to the protection to the sugar beet industry. The refiners necessarily receive incidental benefit from the same increase, but for the process of refining they get only one-eighth of 125-1,000 of 1 cent, as provided by the house bill.

It will be observed that the modification of the sugar schedule still leaves the rate on pure sugar testing 100 degrees 1.95 cents per pound, which was the senate rate. The differential on refined sugar is, however, one-eighth of 1 cent per pound, while the senate differential was one-fifth. The house also secures the elimination of the one-tenth of 1 cent reduction allowed on low grade sugars testing below 87 degrees by the polariscope. It is claimed that the increase on the higher grades of sugar, which will result from the increase of the polariscope graduation allowance, will add materially to the protection to the beet sugar industry. The refiners necessarily receive incidental benefit.

**Other Changes.**

Following are among the more important changes made in other schedules:

Hides, 15 per cent ad valorem, in place of the 20 per cent fixed by the senate. The house representatives made a strong fight to have hides restored to the free list, but they were compelled to submit to the unyielding demand of the senate.

Wool (as heretofore sent out), first class, 11 cents per pound; second class, 12 cents per pound; third class, 4 cents on that below 12 cents per pound in value and 8 cents on that above 12 cents in value. These rates on third class wool were the result of an agreement between the wool growers and the carpet manufacturers.

Lead ore, 1 1/2 cents per pound; pig lead, 2 1/2 cents, the senate rate.

Iron ore as fixed by the senate.

Coal, bituminous, 67 cents per ton.

Tobacco, 1.75 per pound on imported wrappers. This is the senate rate. It is also understood that the action of the senate in striking out the internal revenue provisions on tobacco and leaving the existing law in force was accepted by the house conferees.

Cyanide of potassium, 12 1/2 per cent. This is the senate rate, the house rate being 25 cents. The reduction was demanded by the gold miners of the west, cyanide being largely used in the reduction of auriferous ores.

Boric acid, 6 cents per pound, the senate rate. The senate rate on borax was also sustained, as was that on soda ash, being three-eighths of a cent per pound.

The senate rates on all fruits are retained, including 1 cent per pound on oranges, lemons, limes, etc. On walnuts the house rate of 3 cents per pound was restored, the senate having lowered this rate to 2 1/2 cents.

White pine lumber was restored to the house classification and the house rate of \$2 per 1,000 feet instead of the senate rate of \$1.

**The Reciprocity Clause.**

The reciprocity clause has been transformed into a modification of both the senate and house schedules—that is, the number of articles which can be used

as a basis for reciprocity agreements has been increased by the president's discretion as to rates, and the ratification of treaties by the senate, which was the main feature of the senate provision, has been rejected.

One of the biggest victories won by the house was in the restoration to the dutiable list of burlaps, jute and jute bagging, cotton bagging, gunny sacks, floor matting and cotton ties, which the senate placed on the free list. While restored to the dutiable list, however, the rates are lower than they have ever been on this class of articles.

Another victory of the house was the elimination of the senate stamp tax on bonds and stocks. It was decided that the machinery of collection was too cumbersome.

Raw cotton is restored to the free list, as originally fixed by the house. The senate, with the aid of some of the Democratic senators, made cotton dutiable at 20 per cent.

**THE LOSS OF THE GANGUT.**

Likely to Develop a Scandal in Russian Official Circles.

St. Petersburg, July 19.—A big scandal is likely to develop over the recent sinking of the Russian warship Gangut. No trace of the rock on which she is supposed to have struck can be found. It is now openly charged that her loss is placeable to official speculation, resulting in faulty workmanship. The divers found that the plates had parted amidships for a distance of 40 feet along the line of the rivets, half way between the keel and the curve in the vessel's side. The plates were neither bent nor twisted. The edges of the fissure, which was from 9 to 18 inches in width, were found to be quite clean.

It is believed that the firing of the guns started the rivets. At the time the ship was launched it was apparent that something was wrong, for she drew three feet more than was intended.

Meanwhile the question of the utility of watertight compartments seems to have been settled, for, despite an immense hole and the giving way of several bulkheads in consequence of faulty construction, the Gangut floated for six hours practically without any pumping.

**THE MOUND EXPLORERS.**

Rich Finds in the South Dakota Missouri River Valley.

St. Paul, July 19.—The St. Paul Dispatch publishes a detailed account of an exploring expedition sent out by it in charge of Louis De Lesley to locate, survey and define the prehistoric mounds of the Missouri river valley in South Dakota.

The expedition was so successful that another immense area of work has been opened in the field of archeology. The largest group was located opposite the mouth of Grand river and contains 800,000 square feet of territory with 84 counted and surveyed mounds upon the field, with an elevation of 175 feet above the Missouri river.

Immense quantities of prehistoric specimens were secured and brought back to this city. It seems as though an entire prehistoric settlement had been properly located, including its means of last defense.

**Consular Fees to Be Restored.**

Washington, July 19.—It will be good news for the people who have been lucky enough to secure consular appointments as well as those who rest in confident expectation of favors of that kind in the near future to know that the president has finally determined to restore the fees that were cut off by the last administration. The order will be promulgated in a few days.

**Poor Wales**

London, July 19.—The queen's message to her people from Windsor castle, published yesterday in The Gazette, in which she says that she intends to reign as long as life lasts, effectually disposes of the stale old story published in the United States asserting that she contemplates abdication in favor of the Prince of Wales.

**Charged With Manslaughter.**

Chelsea, Mass., July 19.—F. Henry Davidson, superintendent of wires here, was arraigned in the municipal court on two counts charging him with manslaughter in having through criminal negligence of his duties caused the deaths of William Casey and Patrick Gavin by electrocution. The case was continued until Aug. 12.

**Andree's Balloon Voyage.**

Tromsø, Island of Tromsø, Finmark, Norway, July 19.—Professor Andree and his companions on his balloon voyage to the north, Dr. Strindberg and Herr Fraenckell, were perfectly composed just before their departure. They declared that all eventualities had been foreseen and that nothing could surprise them.

**English Fair Play.**

London, July 19.—The Referee asserts that E. H. Ten Eyck of Worcester, Mass., the winner of the diamond sculls at the Henley regatta, was of the same class as his father, a probationary professional, like the boxer who plays the amateur racket, until being a professional pays better.

**Fight in a Courtroom.**

Kincardine, Ont., July 19.—Daniel Leithead and Police Constable Pratt fought in the courtroom here yesterday. Police Magistrate Barker endeavored to quell the disturbance with a chair, and Leithead is unconscious and may die.

**Silver Service For the Iowa.**

Washington, July 19.—Governor Drake of Iowa, with his staff and a number of distinguished citizens of his state, will be at Newport, R. I., to present to the great battleship Iowa a silver service as the gift of the citizens of the state.

**Both Were Drowned.**

Oshawa, Ont., July 19.—While bathing in Foley's pond, near here, Norman Oke got beyond his depth and cried for help. His companion, Fred Morrow, went to his assistance. Both were drowned.

**Knocked Off the Car.**

Morrisville, Vt., July 19.—George Huse of this city, a brakeman, was instantly killed at Granite Junction yesterday by being knocked off the top of a freight car and run over.

**The Weather.**

The indications are for generally fair and warmer weather.

**THE BENHAM TRIAL.**

Only Expert Testimony Offered in Behalf of the Prisoner.

Batavia, N. Y., July 17.—Banker Wolfe, a graduate of the New York Medical university, was the first witness in the Benham trial this morning. He testified that he had performed about 60 autopsies and then stated his method of performing an autopsy. In reply to a question as to whether he could discover a cause of death in the brain by external examination, he said: "No, sir, I think not."

To the query "Would you be able to find a blood clot on the outer surface of the brain?" the defense objected, and the court sustained the objection.

Dr. Richmond, the next witness, then recited the injury made upon Mrs. Benham at the time of childbirth and asked what the effect would be likely to be upon her general health.

He said it would naturally be detrimental to the general health.

"Would it be likely to cause septic poisoning?"

"No, I think not."

"Would you examine the spinal column?"

"Yes, if I did not find the cause of death elsewhere."

Then the doctor explained that even if a person were shot through the heart, post mortem examiners would not be justified in stopping at that. It would be their duty to look for other possible causes of death.

Dr. Henry C. Boswell of Buffalo next testified on the same lines. When recess was taken, he was still on the stand.

His testimony was purely technical and tended to prove that the autopsy upon Mrs. Benham was not so complete as it might have been.

Benham is still anxious to go on the stand, but his mother asserts that he cannot stand the ordeal.

"You may be a good lawyer," she said to Attorney Mackey today, "but you do not know this boy, and I do. He is a physical and mental wreck, and he would break down, I am sure."

In speaking to his counsel about permitting him to testify, Benham said vehemently:

"If they send me to the electric chair, well and good. I will not blame you, gentlemen, for if you will only let me testify. For two weeks I have felt like the animal waiting for the butcher to come."

"Yes, that's just it, I have been waiting for the butcher to come. I know some things which nobody can tell but me. I want the jury to hear what I have to say."

"Let them cross examine and be — I know what to say, and all — can't prevent me. If you don't let me go on the stand, I'll make a speech to the court."

Then he spoke of May Ward. "I am not a coward," he said, "no matter what the newspapers have said and no matter what the people of Batavia have said."

"I can go to the electric chair and never quiver. If I go, you will see I am no coward, but — I will not see these court lawyers ruin the reputation of an innocent woman without my protest. If it is the last words I ever speak, and if what I say sends me to my death, I will tell the truth, and it is useless for you gentlemen to protest."

**French Rule in Madagascar.**

Paris, July 17.—Figaro publishes a proclamation alleged to have been issued by the chiefs of the Tanalaks tribe of Madagascar, inciting their followers to massacre all the Europeans in the island with the exception of the English, who according to the proclamation must be regarded as allies of the Malagases. Commenting upon the activity of English intrigues in the island, the paper adds, "Wherever the natives revolt against us, we find them in alliance with the British."

**Fusion Suggested in Kentucky.**

Louisville, July 17.—The Republicans of the state are seriously considering the indorsement of J. R. Hindman, who was nominated for clerk of the court of appeals by the gold Democrats. Governor Bradley and Attorney General Taylor, representing the two extremes of the Republican party, agree that a great majority of the Republicans are more than anxious to indorse and vote for the gold Democrat nominee.

**The Transmississippi Congress.**

Salt Lake City, July 17.—The Transmississippi congress has adopted resolutions as follows: "Favoring the annexation of Hawaii; favoring the construction of the Nicaraguan canal; recommending the recognition of Cuba as a nation; providing for a national board of arbitration and for fostering the beet sugar industry."

**Few Sealers Going From Victoria.**

Victoria, B. C., July 17.—Only 30 Victoria sealing schooners will go to Bering sea this season, compared with 64 last year. The low prices obtained for last year's catch are the cause. The British warships Pheasant and Wild Swan will leave Sunday to patrol the sea. The United States has five ships there.

**An Altona Hotel Burned.**

Altona, Pa., July 17.—The Rising Sun hotel, located on Tenth avenue, was gutted by fire early today. The servants, who occupied that portion of the building where the flames originated, narrowly escaped with their lives. The loss was about \$20,000, covered by insurance.

**An Alleged Safe Trust.**

Cincinnati, July 17.—Following the annual meeting of the Herring-Hall-Marvin Safe company in New York, The Commercial Tribune announces that a Safe trust has been formed by Boston capitalists, with its principal factories at Hamilton, O.

**A. F. Dennett Pronounced Insane.**

Concord, N. H., July 17.—Arthur F. Dennett of New York, formerly superintendent of Dr. Parkhurst's Society for the Prevention of Crime, was committed to the New Hampshire Asylum for the Insane in this city today.

**Beef For the Klondike Miners.**

Vancouver, July 17.—Vancouver parties have chartered the steamer Capitano and intend to ship from 75 to 100 oxen to the Klondike gold mines in the Yukon country, where beef fetches fabulous prices.

**The Philippine Loan.**

Madrid, July 17.—The subscriptions to the proposed Philippine loan of 100,000,000 pesetas thus far total only 80,000,000 for the whole peninsula.

**THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.**

OF NEW YORK.

**RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.**

**Statement for the Year Ending December 31st, 189**

According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

<b>INCOME,</b>	
Received for Premiums	\$ 39,593,414 20
From all Other Sources	10,108,281 07
	<b>\$ 49,702,695 27</b>
<b>DISBURSEMENTS,</b>	
To Policy-holders for Claims by Death	\$ 12,595,113 39
To Policy-holders for Endowments, Dividends, etc.	12,842,456 11
For all Other Accounts	10,781,005 64
	<b>\$ 36,218,575 14</b>
<b>ASSETS.</b>	
United States Bonds and other Securities	\$ 110,125,082 14
First lien Loans on Bond and Mortgage	71,543,929
Loans on Stocks and Bonds	11,091,52
Real Estate	22,767,666 60
Cash in Banks and Trust Companies	12,680,390 00
Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Premiums, etc.	6,535,555, 06
Reserve for Policies and other Liabilities	205,010,633 72
Surplus	\$ 29,733,514 70
Insurance and Annuities in force	\$ 918,698,338 45

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be correct liabilities calculated by the Insurance Department **CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor.**

From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned as usual

**Report of the Examining Committee**

Office of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York

TO THE HONORABLE, THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

The undersigned, a Committee appointed by your honorable body on the twentieth day of December, 1896, to examine the Annual Statement of the Company, and verify the same, respectfully

**REPORT**

That, pursuant to the power and authority thereby conferred, the Committee have at various dates between the date of this report attended at the office of the Company, and have been waited on by the Treasurer, the Comptroller, the Auditor and the Cashier, together with the respective assistants of such officers, and have carefully gone over all the items contained in the said Statement, and have found the same to be correct. They have examined and counted every certificate of stock, bond and other obligation held by the Company, and compared the price at which the same are carried in said Statement with the market quotations and find the same not exceeding such quotations—in fact, in many cases below them. They have examined and counted the bonds and mortgages on real property held by the Company, and find the same to be as stated. They have also verified the valuations of the Company's holdings of real estate and have verified the deposits of money in the various banks and trust companies, and have counted the cash on hand held by the Cashier.

And the Committee certify that all the books, papers, documents and evidences of title of every description necessary in such examination have been freely submitted to the Committee by the said officers and their assistants, and that the same are accurate, in good order, and well kept.

And the Committee further certify that the investments of the Company are of a high order, and that the system and methods adopted by the Company in recording its transactions and caring for the assets are entitled to commendation

All of which is respectfully submitted

NEW YORK, JANUARY 25, 1897.

ROBERT OLYPHANT  
JAMES N. JARVIE  
JAMES C. HOLDEN

J. HOBART HERRICK  
CHARLES D. DICKEY, JR.  
CHARLES R. HENDERSON

The company has issued an order whereby women can be insured without the extra charge heretofore required. More definite information on the subject will be furnished by the local agent, Mr. A. H. Camp.

**Board of Trustees**

SAMUEL D. BABCOCK	FREDERIC CROMWELL	HENRY H. ROGERS	GEORGE G. HAVEN
RICHARD A. McCURDY	JULIEN T. DAVIES	JNO. W. AUCHINCLOSS	ADRIAN ISELIN JR.
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HERMANN C. VON POST	S. V. R. CRUGER	WILLIAM BABCOCK	THEO. A. HAVEMEYER
LEWIS MAY	CHARLES R. HENDERSON	STUYVESANT FISH	WILLIAM C. WHITNEY
OLIVER HARRIMAN	RUFUS W. PECKHAM	AUGUSTUS D. JULLIARD	WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER
ROBERT OLYPHANT	J. HOBART HERRICK	CHARLES E. MILLER	JAMES N. JARVIE
GEORGE F. BAKER	WALTER R. GILLETTE	WALTER R. GILLETTE	CHAS. D. DICKEY JR.
DUDLEY OLCOTT	ROBERT A. GRANNISS	H. WALTER WEBB	ELBRIDGE T. GERRY

**ROBERT A. GRANNISS Vice-President.**

WALTER R. GILLETTE, General Manager.	HENRY E. DUNCAN, Jr., Corresponding Secretary
ISAAC F. LLOYD, 2d Vice-President.	ALBERT KLAMROTH, Assistant Secretary
WILLIAM J. EASTON, Secretary.	FREDERIC CROMWELL, Treasurer.
JOHN A. FONDA, Assistant Treasurer.	JAMES TIMPSON, 2d Assistant Treasurer.
WILLIAM P. SANDS, Cashier.	EDWARD P. HOLDEN, Assistant Cashier.
EMORY McCLINTOCK, Actuary.	JOHN TATLOCK, Jr., Assistant Actuary.
CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor.	WILLIAM W. RICHARDS, Comptroller.
C. CLIFFORD GRETSINGER, Assistant Auditor.	HENRY S. BROWN, Assistant Comptroller
JOHN C. ELLIOT, Superintendent of Domestic Agencies.	EDWARD LYMAN SHORT, General Solicitor.
MEDICAL DIRECTORS:	GUSTAVUS S. WINSTON, M. D.
ELIAS J. MARSH, M. D.	GRANVILLE M. WHITE, M. D.

**JOHN W. NICHOLS** New Haven, General Agent for State of Connecticut  
**A. H. CAMP.** Local Agent

Pincoo Called on God to Strike Him Dead, and He Died.

In California the other day a man accused of murder called upon God to strike him dead if he were the murderer, and straightway he fell dead.

Joseph Pincoo, a Portuguese, owned a ranch in the Cleveland district of Merced County.

Assuero lived with no companion but a little dog. One morning the dog came to the De Rosa ranch in a half-starved and dying condition.

The Mexican had been last seen alive on April 15. Pincoo had been seen on that night on the trail which led to Assuero's cabin.

The man was told that he would have to stand trial for his life. He sprang to his feet with arms upraised and clenched hand and face tense with despair.

"Now may God strike me dead if I am the murderer of Assuero!" he cried.

Then his arms sank, he swayed forward and fell heavily.—New York Journal.

ETHERIZING PLANTS.

A Discovery Which May Add to the Resources of Horticulturists.

The discovery of the singular fact that plants can be developed earlier than is normal by exposing them to the influence of ether fumes would seem to add enormously to the resources of the horticulturist.

This raises two questions of which gardeners are now looking with keen interest for a solution. Can the ether dispel the condition of sleep from all plants? Can the plants awakened before their proper time, develop in a normal manner and become useful and salable?

The plants to be etherized are placed in an airtight receptacle and exposed to the influence of the drug from twenty-four to ninety-six hours (usually about forty-eight hours).

Cylindrical glasses are used for small plants. Large plants are enclosed in an oil-painted box, the interior of which is lined with tin foil.

ROSSINI THE COMPOSER.

Noted for His Laziness, but Could Write Against Time When in the Mood.

Very remarkable are the conditions under which musical composers have sometimes turned out their work. Rossini was renowned for his laziness, yet when the mood was on him, or when pressure was brought to bear upon him, he could write against time.

There is another story of the same composer in which one hardly knows whether to consider him particularly lazy or particularly industrious. He was in the habit of writing in bed, and on one occasion, while thus engaged, a trio that he had almost finished dropped from his hand and slipped under the bed.

The sheet was too far away for him to reach it, and to get up and reach under the bed for it was out of the question. There was only one other thing to be done, and Rossini did it. He wrote another trio.

Rossini's characteristics were so well known that sometimes strong measures were taken to secure a composition. The overture to "Gazza Ladra" was procured in a peculiar manner. On the day of the first performance the manager got hold of Rossini and confined him in the upper loft of La Scala, under guard of four scene shifters, who took the text as it was written, sheet by sheet, and threw it out of the window to copyists waiting below.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Japanese Reporters.

The Japanese reporter makes about as much money as the Japanese policeman—that is, \$6 a month. In Tokio some of them make more, and in the smaller towns they make as little as \$2 a month, but \$6 is a fair average.

Interviewing can hardly be said to be popular. The people do not understand it and do not like it. Japan is esoteric and doesn't tell what it knows if it can help itself. Still, there are interviews in Japanese papers. Politicians have themselves interviewed occasionally, and distinguished "globetrotters" usually submit.—New York Post.

Jewels Growing on Trees.

Jewels growing on trees seems rather a freak of the fancy than reality. It is true, nevertheless.

Among the curiosities of tropical plant life are the pearls found occasionally in the coconut-palm of the Philippine Islands. These pearls, like those of the ocean, are composed of carbonate of lime.

The bamboo, too, yields another precious product, in the shape of true opals, which are found in its joints.

The natives of the Celebes use these vegetable opals as amulets and charms against disease.—Scraps.

Those Puzzling Bicycle Suits.

The policeman rapped loudly at the door, and when the servant opened it said:

"Is Mrs. Swellrig at home?" "No, but Mr. Swellrig is."

Touched Before.

Beggar—Can you help a poor man to—

Pedestrian—I think you have touched me before.

Beggar—Possibly, sir—possibly. You see I'm a stranded photographer, and the old habit of retouching clings, sir.—Philadelphia Record.

SCALING WITHOUT A LADDER.

A Pyramid of Soldiers Enables Men to Surmount a 31-Foot Wall.

Corporal Leary, the limberest man at Fort Sheridan, took the chance of breaking his neck and tumbling the storming pyramids of forty-two soldiers in a bruised heap Saturday as he sprang upward from the shoulders of Private Miller, caught with three fingers of his left hand the top of the high wooden wall behind which lurked the enemy, hung for one perilous instant, and then gallantly pulled himself to the top, seized his rifle, and sprang into the midst of the foe on the other side of the improvised parapet in the Coliseum gallery.

The human pyramid swayed, but held its sturdy place while gallant infantrymen swept up the stalwart shoulders and over the thirty-one foot wall to Corporal Leary's support, while a platoon of twenty-five men kept the enemy away in front of the wall.

It was at this point that the regular army officers, who were watching the fray from the Coliseum gallery, led the applause, for Corporal Leary and his comrades had broken the world's escalading record by three feet.

When Corporal Leary climbed to the apex of the pyramid and stood on the shoulders of the men in the top row, the tips of his fingers lacked five inches of reaching the top of the wall. The highest wall that ever was escaladed before was twenty-eight feet, and the men who climbed over that in the military carnival at New York broke the world's record then.

Eighteen of the heaviest and strongest men in the regiment formed the base of the pyramid, ten mounted on their shoulders and leaned against the wall, six stood on the shoulders of the ten, four on the shoulders of the six, and three on the shoulders of the four. Corporal Leary scrambled up this escalading pyramid of blue, and stood on the shoulders of the top three, braced against the wall.

When he stretched out his arms, and found his fingers would not reach the edge of the wall, he crouched, and then, as the human mountain swayed dizzily beneath his feet, with the mighty and yet delicate effort of the trained athlete he sprang boldly five inches upward at the edge of the barrier. He tried to grasp the top of the parapet with both hands, but only three fingers of his left hand went high enough. The pyramid under him was still swaying. He held to the hazardous edge by the three fingers for an instant, and then, with a heave and a twist, pulling his whole body up, caught the wall with the other hand. An instant after he was on the enemy's side of the barricade.—Chicago Tribune.

He Stopped the Procession.

A clergyman, who was also a wit, once preached rather a long sermon on the text:

"Thou art weighed in the balance and art found wanting."

After his congregation had listened for about an hour, some began to get weary, and went out; others soon followed, greatly to the annoyance of the minister.

Another person started, whereupon the parson stopped in his sermon and said:

"That's right, gentlemen; as fast as you are weighed pass out."

All the others waited until the sermon was ended.—Spare moments.

Havana Cigars that Cost \$2 Apiece.

It may interest those who are bewailing the forthcoming scarcity of fine Havana cigars to know that one retail dealer in New York sells and has sold for years cigars of a certain brand at \$2 each. He sells on an average about four of that kind every week. An old Spanish friend of mine, who for twenty years was in the cigar business here, assures me that they cost the dealer about \$1.45 each when put in his show case, so that \$2 is not too much to charge for them. The main points of their cost are the large wages paid to the expert workmen who make them, the very large leaves used for the wrappers and the duty.

VARIETIES.

A railroad superintendent in Pennsylvania has issued an order prohibiting the throwing of rice on railway premises. His act is regarded as a covert attack on matrimony.

"The Gaylord (Kan. Herald) says that the experiment tried there a year ago of electing women to fill all the city offices has proved a complete success, the city business being conducted by them in a careful, economical and efficient manner.

Most of the men in the islands of southwest Japan lead lives of idleness and are cheerfully supported by the women. The males are fond of music, some of them being excellent musicians on various instruments, but it is considered disgraceful for a woman to play.

John G. Marshall, of Baltimore, has a farm in Talbot County, Md., which he has made a refuge for birds. They seem to know that they will be safe on it, and large numbers of them have made it their home, some of them having become so tame that they feed with the chickens.

Filial regard is not extinct in South London. A young man charged with hitting a woman over the head with a beef bone, explained that she had been fighting from 5 o'clock in the morning till noon with his mother, and that he thought it time to stop it. A policeman testified that in the same street two women once fought all day long, stopping only for meals, till one went home and died. Her husband had looked on, calmly mending shoes, while the fight went on.

CHEAP DRIVES FOR INVALIDS.

A Young Woman's Clever Scheme for Turning an Honest Penny.

These are the days when everyone is twisting and contriving to earn money outside of the regular sources of income. Women have frequently shown themselves even better at this sort of contriving than men. One clever little woman, who, in better times, used to drive about with her own horse and surrey managed to pay for the keep of the horse, which was a family pet, by taking out invalids for a drive. The sick people, too, were bent upon economy, and only too thankful for the opportunity of getting a drive for the small sum she charged. Her plan was this:

She had a regular scale of prices. Thirty-five cents took one passenger to the nearest park and back, 50 cents for a longer trip, and so on. She planned her trips in advance and took three with her at a time. The invalids soon found that the companionship was as pleasant as the drive, and no one, seeing the bright hostess chatting merrily with the paralyzed old gentleman on the front seat, while a pale young woman and an older one listened on the back seat, guessed that it was anything else than an attractive family party. A purse hung over the back of the driver's seat, and some time during the drive each passenger deposited therein the amount of his fare.—Chicago Times-Herald.

To Tell Oriental Bugs.

A test of the genuineness of an oriental rug or carpet, which a Constantinople gentleman says is sure, is to examine carefully, to see if each stitch is knotted, instead of trusting to those easily put on marks of age—patches, holes and crooked places. If the stitch is knotted and firm, the rug is genuine; but, if the stitch can be pulled out, it is imitation, no matter how closely the original rug may have been copied in pattern or colored. An oriental dealer's test is to drop a live coal on the rug, and when it has burned a little to remove it quickly with the fingers. If the scorching entirely disappears, leaving the original colors unaltered, it is proof of the genuineness of the rug.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

WIT AND HUMOR.

Lady (to applicant for position as domestic)—My goodness! This reference is signed by Mrs. Upton.

Applicant—Yes, mum, she signed it herself, mum, after I'd been there a week, mum.

"But Mrs. Upton has been dead for twenty years."

"Is that so? Well! well! it's wan place ather another O've been gettin' on that character fur twenty-foive years, an' O' niver heard before that the poor leddy was dead. Hiven rest her sowl!"—New York Weekly.

Visitor (in insane asylum)—What is the nature of that poor fellow's hallucination?

Keeper—He thinks that he invented the various terms used by golf players.

"Of course, it isn't true?"

"Oh, no! He is merely a lunatic, not an idiot!"—Puck.

Mr. Rooney—So yer poor bye, Mike, was s'at up fer loife, Missis McCafferty. Sure, that do be a long s'entence.

Missis McCafferty—Yes, Mistor Rooney, but he do be that dilicate in hith I don't think he'll live to complete it.

German Corporal (to soldier)—Why is the blade of a sabre curved instead of straight?

Private—"It is curved in order to give more force to the blow."

Corporal—"Humbly! The sabre is curved so as to fit the scabbard. If it into the crooked scabbard, blockhead?"

Benevolent Party (cheerfully)—"I see Mr. Edison expects to cure blindness by electricity."

Blind Man (gloomily)—"Yes; these inventions are always driving some poor man out of business."

Miss Millington—How in the world did you ever succeed in cultivating a taste for Wagner?

Mr. Clarkson—Well, I don't know, unless it came to me while I was working next door to a boiler factory.—Cleveland Leader.

"Do you think, Harry, you could induce one or two boys to come to Sunday school?" "I could bring one," he replied; "de udder fellers in our alley kin lick me."—Chicago News.

Teacher (angrily)—"Why don't you answer my question, Bobby?"

His Brother Tommy (answering for him)—"Please, sir, he's got a pepper-unt in his speech."

John Peasley—I see by the Clarion that they're goin' to bring the log of the Mayflower over here.

Hiram Harrow—Gosh! I didn't s'pose there was a splinter of the old boat left.—Twinkles.

She—"Do you know, Harry, father has forbidden you the house?"

He—"Forbidden me the house? I never asked him for the house. His daughter is good enough for me."

The Tragedian—"I understand, Muggs has set to work to improve the condition of the stage." The Comedian—"Oh, I hadn't heard before that he had given up acting."—Yonkers Statesman.

"Well, Willie," asked grandma, "have you had all the dinner you want?"

"No," answered Willie, "but I have all I can eat."

CAKE OF TOILET SOAP IN EVERY PACKAGE OF IVORINE WASHING POWDER

UNCLE SAM'S FORETHOUGHT.

Officials Making Ready to Observe the Sun's Total Eclipse in 1900.

The United States Government is already preparing to take observations of the total eclipse of the sun, which is to take place on May 28, 1900, says the Atlanta Constitution.

Observation stations will be established along the path of the total eclipse, and experienced astronomers in the service of the government will be sent down to take the observations and make the astronomical calculations which it is expected will be so valuable to science and to astronomy.

These observations will be for the purpose of determining the best points at which to establish the permanent stations, where the final observations will be taken during the year of 1900.

The path of the total eclipse will extend in a direct line from New Orleans to Norfolk, Va., and will pass through Georgia in the locality of Macon.

Blank report sheets have been sent to all the weather bureaus in the vicinity of the path of the eclipse, with the instruction to the weather man to secure the services of capable and intelligent men to take the observations and register the results in the sheets made for the purpose. The exact condition of the sky, of the sun and of the whole heavens will be marked down on the sheet every morning of the month when the observations are being taken, and all of the sheets when filed out will be sent to Washington and carefully graded. The permanent observation stations will be established at the points where the first observations taken receive the highest percentage.—New York Mail and Express.

THE TCHUKTCHIS.

A People with no Government, who Value a Wife at a Handful of Tobacco.

The English explorer, Harry de Windt, recently returned to London from the Siberian shores of Behring Strait. The Tchuktchis, he says, are physically a far finer race than the Alaskan Eskimo races, and their women are better looking, but the Tchuktchis are wholly devoid of morality, and will barter a wife for a handful of tobacco. Infidelity is no crime among them. They number altogether about 5,000, and along Behring Strait are seven settlements of perhaps 300 each. The others are scattered along the seaboard of the Arctic Ocean, stretching away to the settlement of Ntjini Kolymak.

The most weird Tchuktchi ceremony is the "Kamitsk." This is simply the putting to death, with their free consent, of aged or useless members of the community. When a Tchuktchi's powers have decreased to an appreciable extent, a family council is held and a day fixed for the victim's departure for another world. Perhaps the most curious feature is the indifference shown by the doomed one, who takes a lively interest in the proceedings, and often assists in the preparations for his own death. The execution is preceded by a feast, where seal and walrus meat are greedily devoured and villainous whiskey consumed.—New York Journal.

Survived the Pic.

The good lady scrutinized him closely.

"Didn't I give you a whole mince pie a day or two ago?" she inquired in tones which resembled an amateur cold wave for iciness.

"Yes, mum," replied the occupant of the outcast overcoat, "I'm the same party; but I've recovered, and if you'll make it plain bread and milk this time, I'll be heartily obliged."—Baltimore News.

Usefulness of the Shark.

The liver of the shark contains an oil possessing medicinal qualities equal to those of the cod. The skin, after being dried, takes the polish and hardness of mother-of-pearl, and being marbled and resembling fossil coral, is largely used by jewelers for the manufacture of fancy objects, by binders for making shagreen, and by cabinet-makers for polishing woods. The glue from the fins is used by brewers and English silk manufacturers.

THE ORIGINAL Boss Cracker Stamped "BOSS" Always the Same

The Pathlight '97 lights the way and stays lighted. All brass, nickel-plated—no tin; outside oil-filler; cotton packed oil fount; double convex ground photo-lens; burns kerosene, throws a light 90 ft. and weighs but 12 ounces. Three years a leader, and three years' improvements now added. Absolutely the handsomest and best bicycle lamp ever made. Sold by all leading dealers. THE PLACE & TERRY MFG. CO., 247 Centre Street, New York. See our new, cheaper lamp—the "Scorcher."

Drink Williams' Root Beer. A temperance drink made from the choicest roots and herbs; has a delicious flavor, pleasing the most fastidious palate; quenches the greatest thirst. The extract is sold everywhere, and is easily and cheaply prepared at home. WILLIAMS & CARLETON CO., Mfrs. Hartford, Conn.

shortness of breath—a sensation of dryness and heat in the throat. Neglect is dangerous. HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

HALE LUG BALSAM 25c.

Ask Your Druggist AT HOME. Don't go out of town to have your Awnings made when you can get them right here at home just as cheap. If you want a canopy for a party or a wedding, I will supply it at two hours' notice. A letter or postal card will receive prompt attention. P. E. CALLAHAN, Awning Maker, 53 Cross St., Norwalk.

**SHERMAN AS A TAIL TWISTER.**

England Believes the United States Is Trying to Force a War.

London, July 19.—The Sunday papers review the letter of Secretary of State John Sherman and comment at length upon the Bering sea controversy. The references of The Observer follow: "As couched, such terms could not be employed by any other civilized nation not determined upon war. If anything is meant by the letter it means a menace to Great Britain, and the combined hostility of the United States and Russia. Unfortunately, the party in power in the United States is under temptations to distract attention from the failure to dispel depression."

The weekly papers take virtually the same view as the dailies with reference to Secretary Sherman's dispatch on the sealing question. The Spectator says: "He scolds the British government as if ministers were a set of mean, underhand, thieving scoundrels. It is absolutely essential that Lord Salisbury should refuse to consider the question in any shape until he has received an apology for such wanton imputations." The Speaker says: "Mr. Sherman is an old man. We hope for his sake that the dispatch was drafted by some subordinate who was for the time being oppressed by the heat. Its language is quite strong enough to justify the suspension of all diplomatic relations if that were worth while."

The Morning Post's editorial yesterday suggesting that the time would come when a certain class of Americans would force a war, represents the true conviction of a majority of the English people, who firmly believe that the United States is seeking a war with Great Britain. An interesting correspondence confirming this view of the matter appears in The Morning Post.

One correspondent says: "History repeats itself. We should at once find that, as in 1812, our cruisers, though more numerous, would relatively be inferior for offensive and defensive operations against those opposed to them. Moreover, as regards familiarity in the use of high explosive shells, both at sea and on shore, we are not in it with the Americans. It seems to me that we are rapidly approaching the crisis in our history which will decide once for all our existence as an empire."

**JAPAN AND SPAIN.**

The Report of Their Alliance Against the United States Said to Have Been Confirmed.

London, July 19.—A dispatch from Paris to a news association says that a continued investigation into the reports of the Spanish-Japanese alliance against the United States government indicates that, despite the repeated denials, there is reason to believe that early developments may prove that there is some truth in the information.

The rumor of the Spanish-Japanese alliance against the government of the United States came from Madrid.

The report has been confirmed by certain members of interested embassies, who are likely to be acquainted with the subject.

**THE BIG STRIKE.**

West Virginia Miners in Line With Pennsylvania and Ohio.

Wheeling, July 19.—A few days ago the representatives of the national assembly of the United Mine Workers of America came into southwestern West Virginia. At that time the mines were in operation, and larger amounts of coal were being turned out daily than ever before in the history of this region.

Today the situation is entirely changed. Working with unceasing energy, the representatives of the miners have turned the scale little by little, and now the miners in the Elkhorn, Logan, Thacker and Shamokin fields, along the Norfolk and Western, have laid down their picks and swore fealty to the cause of their Pennsylvania and Ohio brethren.

They are 5,000 strong, and in addition to quitting work themselves the edict has gone forth from them that the mines in the Flat Top and Pocahontas fields must also close.

The agents of the strikers will leave for the last named fields at once, and there a new campaign will be opened in the expectation that it will be no less successful than here. It is believed that by tomorrow night not a miner in this region, outside of the Winnifrede mines, will be at work, and that in a short time the whole state will be tied up.

**Durrant and the Stars.**

San Francisco, July 19.—The parents of Theodore Durrant, the condemned murderer, have been consulting astrologers to ascertain what the stars say about his fate. Durrant's father is trying to gain permission to photograph his son for animatascopie purposes, but it is doubtful whether the prison directors will permit this.

**Suicide Follows Sunstroke.**

Newark, N. J., July 19.—Richard McLaughlin, who has been ill from the effects of a sunstroke on July 6, committed suicide here yesterday. He shot himself in the heart and died soon afterward.

**Killed by a Trolley Car.**

New Haven, July 19.—Andrea Fréda, an Italian boy 10 years of age, was killed by a trolley car yesterday. The boy jumped from a truck in front of a passing car. Both legs were cut off.

**Bishop Elect Butler Dead.**

Rome, July 19.—The Rev. Father Butler, bishop elect of Concordia, Kan., died here yesterday of intestinal paralysis. He was to have been consecrated bishop by Cardinal Satolli today.

**Cotton Mill Closed.**

Blackstone, Mass., July 19.—The Blackstone cotton mill has closed. The shut down affects 400 employees and will take out of circulation \$2,000 a week in wages.

**Professor Goldschmidt Dead.**

Paris, July 19.—The death is announced here of Professor Goldschmidt, the well known authority upon commercial law.

**Brakeman Guile Killed.**

Susquehanna, Pa., July 19.—Brakeman Charles E. Guile of Corning, N. Y., was killed Friday night by a locomotive in the Erie railroad yard.

—Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

**COLONEL CROCKER DEAD.**

He Was Prominent in Railroad, Political and Club Circles.

San Francisco, July 19.—Colonel Charles F. Crocker died at his country home at Uplands, San Mateo, last evening.

Charles F. Crocker was born 43 years ago in Sacramento. He was the oldest son of Charles Crocker, who, with Leonard Stanford, Collis P. Huntington and Mark Hopkins, built the Central Pacific railroad. Young Crocker was educated in the public schools of Sacramento and the Brooklyn Polytechnic institute. After making a trip to Japan he entered the office of the Southern Pacific railroad as a clerk. He worked his way up until he reached the place of vice president. He was also president of the Market Street Railway company of San Francisco and the Oriental Steamship company.

Mr. Crocker was a Republican, and when George C. Perkins was governor of California Mr. Crocker served on his staff. He was a delegate to two national conventions, and he was nominated as a Republican elector last year. Mr. Crocker was president of the California academy of sciences, a trustee of the Stanford university and a thirty-third degree Mason. He was also a member of the Pacific, Bohemian, Union and University clubs of San Francisco and of the Union club of New York city.

**THE BRADBURY REUNITED.**

The Young Millionaire Takes Back the Wife Who Deserted Him.

Chicago, July 19.—John H. Bradbury, the young California millionaire, and his wife, who eloped a few weeks ago with H. Russell Ward, a middle aged Englishman, who has a wife and family in England, have been reconciled.

Mrs. Bradbury and her mother, Mrs. Banning, reached Chicago last night and were met at the station by Mr. Bradbury. All three repaired to the Wellington hotel. Mrs. Banning taking charge of the situation and answering all inquiries. The husband and wife spent most of the night with Mrs. Banning discussing the proposed reconciliation, and there was not the slightest doubt in the minds of the hotel people that Mr. and Mrs. Bradbury were reunited.

They remained in their room, and Mrs. Banning had all cards and messages sent to her room on another floor of the hotel. She declined to make any answer to inquiries. The reunited couple are expected to sail for Europe in a few days.

**THE DUPONT'S TRIAL.**

It Will Probably Be Delayed Until the End of the Month.

Newport, R. I., July 19.—It now appears most probable that the torpedo boat Dupont's official trial will not come off until the end of the month. The vessel's engines were stripped yesterday and the damage was found not to be so great as was feared.

The bushings in the low pressure cylinder valve were found to have burst, and the broken valve casting will be replaced by a new one, which has been cast and is now in the shops for machining. The whole engine will be examined for grit or other foreign substances, and it is believed that time will be given for due tuning up of the engines before the trial is had.

The builders do not claim quite so high speed as some members of the board figured the craft was making when she broke down. They feel satisfied to say that she was making upward of 30 knots, but do not think she had reached her limit.

**Colored Troops Excited.**

Springfield, Ill., July 19.—Considerable excitement was occasioned at the Chicago and Alton depot yesterday by the colored troops, Ninth battalion, I. N. G., of Chicago, refusing to ride on their return trip in old coaches provided by the Chicago and Alton company, claiming they were condemned and demanding Pullman chair cars. Violence was narrowly averted by the conductor giving the signal to go. The troops boarded the train as it pulled out.

**Missing Grace Stevenson.**

Brookline, Mass., July 19.—Mrs. Stevenson is sadly coming to the conclusion that her daughter Grace, for whom she has been vainly searching for three months, is dead. In spite of the diligent work of the detectives and the extensive publicity given to the case, not one definite clew has yet been obtained.

**Ryan to Fight McCoy.**

Syracuse, July 19.—George T. Cochran of this city, a well known horseman, has deposited \$500 with the sporting editor of The Herald to bind a match between Tommy Ryan, the welterweight champion, and Kid McCoy, the fight to take place at 150 pounds within three months.

**Why the Light Failed.**

Montreal, July 19.—No. 3 lighthouse, located on a dangerous reef on Lake St. Louis, has not shown a light since Wednesday night. Yesterday a party set out to discover the cause. The keeper, Moise Daoust of Lachine, was found lying dead on the floor, probably from heart failure.

**Many Lives Lost In a Mine.**

Cape Town, July 19.—Reports from Kimberley are to the effect that several Europeans and 50 natives were entombed as the result of an accident at the De Beers mine Friday night. Twenty natives were rescued. There is little hope of effecting a rescue of the others.

**A Baby Drowned.**

Fall River, Mass., July 19.—Two-year-old Ettie Winograd was drowned in the creek near the Stafford mill yesterday, while playing.

**A Prominent Maine Man Dead.**

Belfast, Me., July 19.—Sanford H. Matthews, one of the most prominent manufacturers and business men in this state, is dead.

**For Tearing Down Old Glory.**

Toronto, July 19.—Peter Martin, who tore down the Stars and Stripes from the city hall Friday, was fined \$1 and costs, or 30 days in jail as a disorderly, in yesterday morning's police court.

**Fell Into the River.**

Lawrence, Mass., July 19.—Charlie Fodel, 4 years old, while playing fell into Spickett river and was drowned.

—Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

**Schultze's Market.**

A FULL LINE OF FRESH AND CURED MEATS.

- Shoulder Steak.....8c
- Rib Roast.....10
- Fresh Pork.....10
- Veal Roast.....14

FRESH FISH AND . . . VEGETABLES.

PRICE AND QUALITY . . . SATISFACTORY.

PROMPT AND EFFICIENT . . . SERVICE.

Paul Schultze, Jr  
SO. NORWALK.

**COLUMBIA SURETY SPOKES!**

All spokes may break—the spokes that break the least are the spokes you want—the Columbia bicycle direct spokes can't easily break—they are almost spokes of certainty—over 100,000 [milesage] without a broken spoke.

Catalogue free if you call.

F. S. AMBLER CYCLE CO.,  
29 Wall Street.

**DO YOU KNOW**

That you can save money by buying your Meats and Fish at

F. W. SMITH'S  
55 Main Street.

Everything First Class.  
OPEN EVENINGS

**LAWN MOWERS!**

PHILADELPHIA and FAVORITE, Garden Tools, Rubber Hose, Wire Cloth, Window Screens, Screen Doors, Oil Stoves, Mixed Paints.

Lubricating Oil for Lawn Mowers and Mowing Machines, 50c per gal.

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AT  
P. W. BATES'  
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You can find as fine an assortment of

Monumental & Cemetery Work

As bound in my Yard in the State Lot it is and get prices before going elsewhere.

THE SILK AND DRESS GOODS HOUSE.

**BOSTON STORE**

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS AND TABLE WARE.

NORWALK, CONN.

**NORWALK'S :: GREATEST :: STORE!**

**WE ARE CONSTANTLY BUSY.**

We can't afford to be idle and you can't afford to lose your interest in what we're doing. No place in the store is devoid of magnetism. We're doubling last July's sales. Every price we make is an argument for bigger business, and just now all should see how far a little money will go. Visit the store often! The cheapness of summer goods here will surprise, New York prices can't compare. Keep these values in mind for this week.

**WASH GOODS SALE.**

25c Organdies, 25c Lappet Lawns, 19c Dentelle Lace, 12 1-2. 12 1-2c Lawns, 12 1-2c Dimities, 6 1-4.

**DRESS GOODS.**

All light colored dress goods we shall close out at Half Price.

39 and 49c Dress goods, 25c. We shall make prices in this department that will surprise you. 98c Blk. Silky Mohair, 69c.

**WHITE GOODS.**

P. K. in large and small welt, the prettiest material for skirts, 10 to 35c. White India Linen. We bought a case of this beautiful cloth at so low a figure that we will sell them at half price, 10 to 25c. Dotted Swisses 16 to 50c. Nainsooks in plain stripes, 12 1-2 and 15c.

**SUMMER SILKS.**

All silk Indias in navy, black and green, printed in the latest designs, sold by us all season, 39 and 49c. We shall close them at 25c. 1000 yards of Blk. Fig. Greef's Best Indias, worth 89c for 69c. The best silks for skirts. New lot of Blk. Grenadines, 49, 75 and 98c.

**KITCHEN DEPARTMENT.**

Picnic baskets, 15 to 35c. Granite Angel Cake pans, 7c. 3 pt. glass water bottle, 25. 1 qt. Decanter, 10c. 2 qt. glass berry dish, 10c. Lettuce trays, 10c. Glass Flower Vase, 10 in. 10c. Glass Rose bowls, 5c. pt. and qt. milk bottles, 8 and 9c. Oil stove tea kettles, 10c. Porch Screens, 39 to \$1.98.

**BATHING SUITS.**

We are selling double the number of bathing suits that we sold last year, a stock and prices must be the cause, 50c to \$5.00.

Neckwear for Ladies and Gentlemen, 12 1-2 to 50c. Underwear---Ladies' Vests, 13 1-2 to 49c. Gent's undershirts, 25 to 98c. Crash Suits, \$3.50 to \$6.50. Shirt Waists, 25c to \$2.50. Crash Skirts, \$1.50. Ladies' Muslin Underwear---Large sizes, night gowns, 50c. Beautiful Trimmed Skirts, \$1.25 to \$1.98. Duck skirts, 98c. P. K. Skirts, \$1.25.

Remember we give away a first class Bicycle next Saturday night at 10 p. m., June 17th. Save your coupons and win a Wheel.

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CORNER MAIN AND WALL STREETS, NORWALK, CT.

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