

NORWALK GAZETTE.

Founded in 1800.]

An Entertaining and Instructive Home Journal, Especially Devoted to Local News and Interests.

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NORWALK GAZETTE.

THE FAVORITE HOME PAPER.

Independent in all things; Neutral in nothing.

The Gazette has the largest circulation of any paper in Norwalk, and furnishes the lowest advertising rates.

True Heroes.

Up in the little mining town of Plymouth, Pa., a band of heroes—whose names will never be known outside of the community in which they dwell—have toiled for more than six days and nights in continuous effort to rescue thirteen of their fellow-miners who by the collapse of a vast quantity of coal and rock are prisoners in the Gaylord mine. The work is perilous in the extreme and there have been several narrow escapes for the would-be rescuers, but enthusiasm has suffered no diminution nor is there the slightest difficulty in securing the services of volunteers who have the muscle and nerve needed for such work. It may be that when the incarcerated men are reached there will be no life left in their bodies, but there is hope in thousands of hearts, and it is possible that some, if not all, of the unfortunates may come back from the grave. In at least one notable instance miners have been rescued who were entombed for more than ten days. Millions of Americans are praying that the heroism of those who, at the risk of their own lives, are laboring to save the apparently lost, may not be in vain.

Violence vs. Law.

Governor Thomas G. Jones of Alabama has an opportunity to do his state a real service. An aged white woman, who resided not far from Birmingham—which is supposed to be a conspicuous feature in what has poetically been termed "The New South"—was the victim of an outrageous assault and was then murdered by her assailant, presumably to cover up his tracks. The unfortunate woman—who was alive when found by neighbors—could not testify and did not really know whether the villain was white or black, but the customary mob decided that no other than a negro would have been guilty of such a heinous offense, and with that conclusion as a base proceeded to investigate. Two negroes were arrested and questioned, and it was decided by the investigators that one or the other must be the murderer. Each denied all knowledge of the affair, and no one had proof that affected either of the prisoners. Only one of them could possibly have been concerned in the crime—that was the only point that was clearly established—yet the mob hung the two suspects and riddled their swinging bodies with bullets. The lynchers' crime was utterly without excuse and horrible beyond description. Even supposing that one of the two executed ones was guilty, what can be said to defend the taking off of the other? Civilized sentiment has always held it to be better that a hundred guilty men escape, than one innocent man perish, but the Alabama lynchers evidently disagreed with the popular and humane idea. Of course it will be declared aloud that Alabama is not responsible for the awful deed, but the stain lies on the state, unless the state authorities bestir themselves and use every means within their control to capture and punish the murderers who dared usurp the judicial office.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, IT'S "THE KIND THAT CURES."

Mr. Editor:—Evidently the editor of the News has not read the GAZETTE, Sentinel, Hour, or the press of the state, else he would not speak of the green goods article published in that paper on Wednesday as exclusive. Had he read the GAZETTE of Monday he would have found an item referring to the receipt of such circulars in town. Like certain plants the output is perennial, so to speak. The intentions of the News were no doubt with the best of motives, but the boasting of the News being "exclusive" in the publication to the extent of a column or more of the modus operandi of the thieves, has a tendency to make one weary.

H. T.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, IT'S "THE KIND THAT CURES."

Amusements.

NORWALK OPERA HOUSE.

Peck's Bad Boy will appear at the Opera House next Tuesday evening. The company presenting this play is particularly strong this season, each member being selected for his individual ability to portray properly the role assigned to him. The music, which is a bright, particular feature of this excellent entertainment, is all new, melodious and "catchy." A constellation of artists of well-known ability will present a pleasing diversion to the presentation of specialties of refined nature.

EDITORIAL LETTER.

WASHINGTON, FEB. 23, 1894.

DEAR GAZETTE:—The past week has been one of exceptional interest at the Nation's capital. What with the struggle to maintain a quorum in the House, the Tariff, Hawaii and the Hill-Cleveland slugging match in the Senate, Congress has been unwontedly wrought up and upon. There has been a quorum of Democratic members of the House in the city, yet they have played school-boy "hooky" so exasperatingly that Congressman Bland had a party caucus called at which it was resolved to force the attendance of Democratic members. So the extreme measure of arrest and bringing absentees before the bar of the House was resorted to with vigor, but even this last resort failed of its purpose and twice the House was forced to adjourn because of "no quorum present." Of course ex-Speaker Reed had no end of fun and amusement at the expense of his sorely perplexed Democratic brethren, while important and urgent legislative languishes.

A JUSTICE AT LAST.

The President treated the country to an extraordinary surprise in the nomination of Senator White of Louisiana, to fill the place on the Supreme Court Bench, made vacant by the death of Justice Blatchford of New York. As this appointment is also to fill the second circuit, comprising the states of New York, Connecticut and Vermont, it was influentially hoped that either Judge Phelps of Vermont or Judge Simeon E. Baldwin of Connecticut, would be named in the event the President should resolve to make no further nomination from his own state. New Yorkers also feel keenly the slight, as they deem it, to their state, because some one of the Empire state's eminent jurists, not related to either the Hill or Cleveland factions, was not selected. In their chagrin some of the New York Democrats have been heard to say, that Hill having downed the President twice in his Mitchell-Corbett fray, Mr. Cleveland was that and he would have gone to the further banks of the Rio Grande, could he have found a man there who had ever seen a copy of Blackstone, in his effort to pick up a candidate as far removed from his own state as possible.

It is undoubtedly true that the President felt deeply hurt by the second rejection of his New York selection by the Senate. Yet a better familiarity with the unwritten law, the custom and usage, and "Senatorial courtesy" which invariably governs in that body, would have shown the President that the two New York Senators had every advantage over him in an executive session of the Senate. Many Senators like Teller of Colorado, felt it to be a humiliating spectacle for the President to engage in a virulent strife with Senator Hill and a judge of the highest legal tribunal in the land as the shuttlecock. The personal efforts of his cabinet ministers to win votes for confirmation, openly made, also weakened the President's cause.

Every one seemed to concede the legal ability of candidate Peckham and Senator Platt voted for his confirmation, while Senator Hawley voted with Hill. It is a fact of local interest, perhaps, though of the past, that Mr. Peckham was the attorney most active in the prosecution of the Tweed robberies in New York and who secured the release and immunity from arrest of Mr. E. A. Woodward of Norwalk for his supposed relations to the Tweed frauds.

In justification of the President's last selection it is urged that Senator White is a lawyer of ability and not a legal doct, as was the case of Lamar, placed on the Supreme Court bench by Mr. Cleveland during his first term. Justice White's commission was signed by the President Tuesday evening and now the Governor of Louisiana will be called on to appoint his successor to the Senate. The few Democrats in the Senate fighting the Wilson tariff bill accuse the President of selecting Mr. White because he stood out in open hostility to that measure and threatened to join the opposition for its defeat unless the sugar interests of his state were protected by a tax on the chief saccharine product of Louisiana, and the President is opposed to a sugar tax and all mere protective features, in a Democratic tariff bill. Be these accusations worth what they may, the country will be glad to know that the President has selected a capable and worthy man to sit on the Supreme Court Bench. Of course it is a sore disappointment to New York, a state so rich and pre-eminent in judicial talent, to be deprived of an honor it was normally and by precedent entitled to, yet the President is heartily commended by others for abandoning further hostile efforts in perpetuating a partisan state feud, with which the country at large has already become impatient and selecting an appointment wholly outside of the atmosphere of a personal quarrel even though the selection of a judge of the Supreme Court from Louisiana, signifies, in the estimation of many people, a striking reversal of Presidential conditions in 1890.

ALL HAIL, GALUSHA GROW.

Republicans here are jubilant over the election as Congressman-at-large, in Pennsylvania, of grand old ex-Speaker Galusha Grow, by the phenomenal plurality of nearly two hundred thousand. Democrats explain it by saying that his is a Protection state and that the President and his free trade heresies are very unpopular in Pennsylvania and for that reason Grow scooped the Democratic as well as Republican vote. It is more than twenty years since he was such a conspicuous personality and power in Congress.

A MARE'S NEST—PROBABLY.

The Washington Post of Monday copies from the Chicago Record, a four column article over the signature of William E. Curtis, a well known Washington correspondent, in which charges of the gravest character are made against Ex-Ass. Sec. of State Josiah Quincy of Boston, and Patent Commis-

sioner Seymour, for malfeasance in the bestowal of the contract for Lithographic work done on the Patent Office Gazette. These various acts of Mr. Quincy are the foundation for the belief that he is financially interested in this contract. It has been known about Congress for weeks that this matter was to be exposed in the newspapers. A similar array of charges was sent to the Sun, but upon the personal report of Secretary Dan. Lamont, the report states, Mr. Dana was induced to suppress the article.

In answer to all these loose accusations, Commissioner Seymour says there is not one scintilla of fact going to show any malfeasance on his part nor does he believe any fact can be proven to the damage of Mr. Josiah Quincy.

Senator Hale, considered the charges of sufficient gravity, however, to warrant the introduction of a resolution, which passed the Senate, ordering the Committee on Printing to investigate the matter. Mr. Seymour expresses his gratification at the opportunity this will give to silence the unfounded rumors to his or Mr. Quincy's discredit, which have been flying about the Capitol and the country for months past and which have now grown to be a public scandal.

WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE CONVENTION.

The annual convention of the National American Women Suffrage Association, has been in session here the past week, with dear old and well preserved Susan B. Anthony handling the gavel. The women have voted to hold their next year's convention at Atlanta, Ga.

THE TARIFF.

The Democratic members of Senate Finance Committee are still wrestling with the Wilson Tariff bill.

OFFICE ASSESSMENT IN CONN.

Mr. Roosevelt, chief of the civil service commission, has heard all about the stupid assessment circular sent to each Connecticut democratic office holder, by their state committee, and says he shall make a thorough investigation of the matter, and if he finds anyone holding a federal office, implicated in the assanine folly, it shall go hard with him.

REVIVALS.

Moody and Sanky are holding daily and nightly meetings at Convention Hall with a seating capacity of 10,000 and yet thousands are unable to gain entrance. One, and frequently two, overflow meetings are held nightly in adjoining churches, so great is the religious awakening and interest in these gospel evangelists.

PERSONALS.

Wm. F. Rockwell of Meriden, A. E. Tweedy of Danbury, Ex-Congressman John B. Buck of Hartford, Mrs. K. O. Cheney and daughter of Manchester, have been guests at the Arlington with a few days past. Patent Commissioner Seymour left here yesterday for a brief visit home. As ever, B.

TERSE TALES OF THE TIMES.

The National Provident Union will meet to-night.

Samples of Hale's Lung Balsam free. 774-1f

Engene L. Markey of Battle Creek, Mich., was in town this morning.

The executive committee of the Relief association will meet to-night.

Until further notice I shall sell shoes at cost. Jarvis Kellogg, 780-1f

The Fisk University singers will warble in the Opera House, Sunday night.

The Baptist church bazar and supper takes place to-night, at Lockwood's Hall.

A delegation from the Pelican club of Stamford was in town Thursday night. They are all jolly good fellows.

The Jerome May Banjo club, will give a concert at the City Hotel, South Norwalk, to-morrow night.

The Golden Rule Circle, K. D., are in session at the Congregational church lecture room, this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Ruscoe deeply mourn the death of their infant son Alma. The little one died early Thursday morning.

Sherman commandery, U. O. G. C. will celebrate the third anniversary of the organization of the local commandery to-night.

A large invoice of "Old Taylor" whiskey just received at James M. Creagh's on Main street. None better for medicinal use.

Mamie O'Sullivan, daughter of John O'Sullivan, proprietor of the Dorlon House of South Norwalk, is visiting Thomas Bowler of 8 Cherry street.—Danbury Dispatch.

Sheriff Toner was hustling around this morning, with subpoenas for the entire reportorial force of the GAZETTE. They were wanted as witnesses in several important cases at Bridgeport today.

Mrs. Cyrus Weller, nee Annie Barber of this city, and who was terribly burned some weeks ago at her home in Bridgeport has been discharged from the hospital in that city. She expects to visit Norwalk next week.

The entertainment given in the lecture room of the Methodist church, Wednesday evening was well worthy of the patronage accorded. A programme of unusual excellence was presented and those having the matter in charge are to be congratulated. So well pleased were all present an effort will be made to have a repetition of the programme. All did well and were fully deserving of the hearty accolades received.

A whist party will be held at the Norwalk hotel this evening.

Handy to have in the house, Hale's Lung Balsam. 774-1f

William A. Kellogg celebrated Washington's birthday in Waterbury.

An interesting Washington letter from the Editor of the GAZETTE will be found in another column.

A \$125,000 fire occurred in Waterbury early Thursday morning. Conlon Bros. dry goods store was totally destroyed.

Wanted—A young lady having knowledge of book-keeping and stenography. Apply at this office.

Bridgeport papas and mamas are "kicking" because their children are taught to kick in the public schools of that city.

Danny Keefe knocked out Tommy Higgins in three rounds at Greenwich Wednesday night. A number of Norwalk sports were present at the mill.

Charles E. Squire has been awarded the contract for erecting a stone library building in Salisbury, and will probably commence work on the same next week.

A certain Norwalk tenor singer is credited with having celebrated Washington's birthday in Bridgeport by eating two-dozen fried eggs and a two pound beefsteak.

Washington's birthday was more generally observed in town this year than usual. Nearly all of the stores were closed and there was a liberal display of the stars and stripes.

To-day will be a busy one at the big county court house. Three courts will be in session. Judge Torrance will dispose of the criminals. In the Common Pleas Court there are 18 cases on the docket. Twenty cases are on the docket in the Civil Superior Court, short calendar.

In the Superior Court this week Isaac Bedient was sentenced to 30 days in jail for using a horse belonging to deputy sheriff Toner without leave; Charles Smith (colored) pleaded guilty to robbery at Finney & Benedict's store, and was sentenced to 31 days in jail. A number of Norwalk cases were assigned for trial to-day, but were not reached, the time being taken up in the Clark case of Stamford.

The new shields for the police force have arrived and are of a very neat design. The shields of the chief and captain are of gold bronze and those of the patrolmen nickel. The two former are surmounted by an eagle holding in its talons the word "chief" or "captain." The center of the shield bears the state coat of arms and the word Connecticut. At the top and bottom of the shield are the words Norwalk police. The patrolmen's shields bear the words Norwalk Police and are numbered from 1 to 8.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, IT'S "THE KIND THAT CURES."

Woodchoppers' Terrible Fate.

VERDI, Feb. 22.—Five woodchoppers were caught in a snowslide in the mountains. Nothing was known of it until a man heard groans and on investigation found Ed Ede plucked in the snow, where he had lain over 24 hours in a terrific storm. His head was caught between two timbers and pierced by a protruding nail. He was conscious when taken out, and hopes are entertained of his recovery. The names of the other unfortunates are Tom Thrasher, M. S. Wheeler, Michael Warner and Leonard Nelson, all of Reno, Nev. They are supposed to be dead.

Omladina Members Sentenced.

PRAGUE, Feb. 22.—The judgment of the court before which the members of the Omladina secret society have been on trial is as follows: Ziegler is sentenced to eight years' imprisonment; Waigert, Sticha and Hradetz, five years; Wenzel and Cizek, six years; Hein, 18 months, and Holzbach 18 months. Two of the accused were acquitted.

Trouble With Boston Prisoners.

BOSTON, Feb. 22.—There was another outbreak among the prisoners at the house of correction which for a time threatened serious results. Extra guards were ordered on, and the officials still fear trouble. The ring leaders have been placed in solitary confinement.

Bismarck Not Going to Berlin.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—The Hamburger Nachrichten says that while waiting at the railway station for the arrival of the emperor Prince Bismarck, in reply to a question whether he was going to Berlin soon, said: "At any rate not at present. I have nothing to do in Berlin now."

France's Duty on Wheat.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—The commission of the chamber of deputies charged with discussing the question of an increased duty on corn has announced that it has accepted the government proposals, by which the duty on wheat will be fixed at 7 instead of 8 francs.

The Peacemaker Died.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Feb. 22.—Emil Schmidt of Woodbridge died in the hospital from the wounds he received at the hands of John Boetcher when a few weeks ago Schmidt tried to stop a fight between John Boetcher and his (Boetcher's) brother.

An Infant Dies of Smallpox.

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—An incoming immigrant train on the Panhandle road brought to the Union station today the dead body of an infant. Death resulted from smallpox, and the city health department was notified and took charge of the train.

Greater New York Bill Postponed.

ALBANY, Feb. 22.—The greater New York bill, which has to have been discussed in the senate today, has been laid over until Tuesday next because of the absence of Senators Reynolds and Cantor.

It is now Bishop Tierney.

Bishop Michael Tierney was consecrated Thursday at St. Joseph's cathedral, Hartford, in the presence of many distinguished prelates of the Roman Catholic church. There were present over three hundred prominent clergymen from this state and from all over the country. There was some disappointment that Monsignor Salotti, the papal delegate, was unable to be present, as he at first intended to be, but there was no lack of interest in the exercises.

Archbishop Williams of Boston acted as consecrator, assisted by Bishop Beaven of Springfield and Bishop Harkins of Providence.

The master of ceremonies was: First, Rev. J. B. Lougherty of Mystic; second, Rev. M. May of New Britain; third, Rev. M. Sullivan of New Britain. The assistant priest was Rev. P. Edwards of New York; the deacon, Rev. J. Duggan of Waterbury; the sub deacon, Rev. William Slocum of Norwalk, and the notary, Rev. F. D. Bruycker of Willimantic. The assistant chaplains to the bishop-elect were Rev. J. A. Mulcahy of Waterbury and Rev. T. Boderick of Hartford. The other officers of the mass were: Rev. R. Carroll of Bridgeport; mite bearer, Rev. C. McCann of Bridgeport; candle bearer, Rev. T. Stanley of New Haven; book bearer, Rev. E. O'Connell of New London; gremial bearer, Rev. J. Curtin of New Haven; censor bearer, Rev. T. Keena of Stamford; acolytes, Rev. J. Broderick of Meriden, and Rev. R. McGivney of Middletown.

The Psalms were chanted by a chorus of 90 priests. The sermon by Bishop Bradley of New Haven was the effort of a master of oratory and theology.

Bishop Tierney celebrated vespers in the evening. A banquet followed at which the new bishop was presented with a purse containing \$30,850 by the priests of the diocese.

USE DANA'S SARSAPARILLA, IT'S "THE KIND THAT CURES."

In Memoriam.

SHERMAN P. FITCH.

The Rector, Wardens, and Vestry of St. Matthew's church, Wilton, Conn., being duly convened, desire to give expression to their deep sense of loss in the departure from earth of their honored, affectionate, and valued friend. For many years he had been closely identified with the church and with the parish. He was the devout and constant communicant, the efficient vestryman, and clerk; the faithful organist, and zealous worker in the Sunday school for a long period of time. His "good deeds for the house of God, and for the offices thereof" were never failing. They were to him a delight and honor. The special object of his interest and care was, however, the music of the church. This he dearly loved, and to it he rendered a measure of devotion rarely equaled. And in accord with his Christian profession was his daily life, a walk with God. Though it was "suddenly at an instant" that the Master drew near and called him, he was ready. Hearing, he obeyed. "He was not, for God took him." It is for him the better portion, the rest of Paradise, the nearer presence of his Lord, and he is in peace.

May the gracious Father accord to such as especially mourn, the fullness of consolation, and enable them to go on from day to day, in trusting faith, till the dawn of that morning which shall give back what "they have loved long since and lost awhile."

WILLIAM E. HOOKER, Rector.
NATHAN M. BELDEN, Sec. pro tem.

Sons of Revolution.

The Sons of Revolution held their annual meeting in Bridgeport on Thursday. President Jonathan Trumbull presided at the business meeting. President Trumbull's great-grandfather was a governor of the Connecticut colony when the war of independence was declared, and the only colonial governor to cast off the British yoke to be the Republican governor of an independent state. The banquet at the Atlantic Hotel was a brilliant affair. Rev. T. K. Noble answered the toast "Patriot Mothers" in a patriotic and pleasing manner.

Twelve Anarchists Arrested.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—The police arrested 12 anarchists at the lodgings of a leader named Duprat. Among them was the anarchist Bastard, who is supposed to be the author of yesterday's outrages. Mme. Calabresi, who was so dangerously wounded by the explosion of the bomb, and the other people are progressing favorably.

Nicaragua Stockholders Acquiesce.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 22.—A majority of California shareholders in the Nicaragua Canal company has decided that no concerted action should be taken for or against the plan of reorganization. After the meeting, however, a number of the heaviest stockholders telegraphed to New York their acquiescence in the plan.

McKane Hit Again.

SYRACUSE, Feb. 22.—The case of Irvin Van Wie against John V. McKane, the Gravesend boss, has been decided by Referee Charles E. Ide of this city for the plaintiff, and a judgment of about \$3,900 and costs rendered. The suit arose from the nonpayment for some pumps.

Libson Hears Grave Rumors.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—A dispatch from Montevideo by the way of Lisbon says that all the vessels of the fleet of the Brazilian government, with the exception of the dynamite cruiser Niechero, have joined the squadron of the insurgents and sailed away from the harbor of Rio.

M. de Giers Ill.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 22.—M. de Giers, Russian minister of foreign affairs, is critically ill. M. de Giers has been suffering for some time past from asthma, and his sickness has now assumed a dangerous aspect.

ANOTHER EFFIGY AT CORONA.

The White Caps Put Up a Figure to Represent Mrs. Speyerer.

CORONA, N. Y., Feb. 22.—Another effigy dangled from a line stretched across Grand avenue, this village, near the railway station, today.

This one was an impersonation of a woman, and it hung at the side of the one which was discovered there yesterday morning as a warning from the White Caps for Louis Speyerer to leave the town immediately.

The new effigy was clad in a brown wrap and yellow waist. On the back was a placard bearing the inscription: "Louis and I, Guido 25 years, Mrs. Speyerer, your own words."

It is supposed to represent Mrs. Speyerer and to convey a warning from the White Caps.

About a month ago Mrs. Speyerer had her husband, Guido Speyerer, arrested on the charge of cruelty. At the trial before Justice Montgomery M. Speyerer said his wife and nephew, Louis Speyerer, had conspired against him.

However, the judge imposed a fine of \$15. Guido has always appeared to have the sympathy of the villagers in his trouble with his wife.

About two weeks ago he was rearrested on a similar charge and sentenced to 15 days' imprisonment.

At the trial his wife said he should have got 25 years. This is the interpretation of the wording on the card pinned to the effigy.

165,000 PLURALITY FOR GROW.

Solid Democratic Counties Stamp Over to the Republicans.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 22.—Later county returns received today indicate that complete returns will increase the plurality of Grow for congressman at large to at least 165,000. This is the largest plurality ever given by the state for any candidate.

The Democrats were completely routed. Berks county, which has been the banner Democratic county, with majorities ranging from 7,500 to 10,000, gives Hancock, Democrat, only 2,500. York county, another solid Democratic stronghold which could always be relied upon for a majority of 3,000 to 4,000 for the Democratic candidate, entirely flipped her moorings yesterday and shows a plurality of 300 for Grow, Republican.

The three principal anthracite coal counties, Luzerne, Lackawanna and Schuylkill, all slip over to the Republican column.

Among other counties which drop from the Democratic column are Northumberland, Center, Cambria and Fayette, with several close counties to be heard from, complete figures from which will probably place them in the Republican column. These are Adams, Bucks, Clearfield and Clinton.

Philadelphia county gives Grow 53,940 plurality, and Allegheny county (in which Pittsburgh is located) comes in with 30,000. For city councils in Philadelphia the Republican candidates made a clean sweep.

IS IT A GAS TRUST?

Evidence to Show That New York Capitalists Are After a Western Monopoly.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 22.—Evidence tending to show that a wealthy New York syndicate intends to secure control of the natural gas product of Indiana is accumulating. Three years ago Baron Gernanoski, C. F. Detrich and A. B. Proal of New York came here and purchased outright the gas company and the Indianapolis Artificial Gas company.

Nine months ago the same men bought the natural and artificial gas plants at Frankfort, Lebanon and Crawfordsville, paying for the property about \$750,000.

It is announced that Messrs. Gernanoski, Detrich and Proal have purchased the natural and artificial gas plants at Lafayette, paying for the same about \$1,000,000. It is also announced that the syndicate is negotiating for the purchase of the natural and artificial gas plants at other cities and towns, intending to supply manufactured gas as fuel whenever the supply of natural gas shall fail.

A Third Negro Lynched.

BIENINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 22.—Information was received here of the lynching of Lewis Hendricks, the third negro supposed to have been implicated in the assault on and murder of Mrs. Josie Rucker. Hendricks was run down in a swamp.

Two Boys Drowned.

ATTLEBORO, Mass., Feb. 22.—Willie Sullivan and Arthur Desorey, aged 10 and 12 respectively, were drowned in the Dodgeville pond. With three companions they went to the pond to watch men fishing.

Well Known Manufacturer Dead.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Feb. 22.—Charles M. Patch, president of the Colfax Manufacturing company, died today after a protracted illness. He was widely known, especially in eastern insurance circles.

Universal Suffrage In Austria.

VIENNA, Feb. 23.—In this city 21 meetings of workmen were held to demand universal suffrage. Thirty meetings were held in lower Austria, 19 in Moravia and 15 in Bohemia.

Strike Episodes In Kentucky.

MIDDLESBOROUGH, Ky., Feb. 22.—Strikers at Mingo mines fired upon the non-union men and wounded one man. A train load of coal was also ditched. Both sides are firm, and the end is not in sight.

The Buffalo Bills Signed.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—Governor Flower has signed the three Buffalo bills.

The Weather.

Fair; colder; northerly winds.

TO RENT.

Half inch or less, 25c a day or \$1.00 per week

TO RENT—Six rooms, at No. 37 Orchard street. Inquire on the premises of Mrs. S. NICKERSON. 801 35

TO RENT—5 rooms on second floor. All modern improvements. No children. Apply to H. THEILE, East Norwalk.

TO RENT—First floor of No. 4 Elm street, also barn. Apply to O. E. WILSON. 684

WANTED.

WANTED.—To exchange a profitable manufacturing business, machinery included, for real estate. Address A. R. KERN, South Norwalk.



Shiro Kuroda
M. A. C., Amherst, Mass.

A Japanese Student

Health in Danger From Overstudy—
Great Health From Hood's
Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla has benefited people of all nationalities. Testimonial letters are coming to us daily by the hundreds. One of the recent contributions comes from Mr. Shiro Kuroda of Japan, a student at the Massachusetts Agricultural College at Amherst. His letter follows:

"Massachusetts Agricultural College, Amherst, Mass.
"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:
"Gentlemen,—I came to America in 1891 and entered college in the following fall. After the thorough attainment of my education, my object is to return to my native country. But I must not discuss my personal affairs. I wish to

Recommend to the Public
the wonderful healing power of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is peculiar to itself.

"I have been suffering greatly from dyspepsia. I always felt tired and had no appetite whatever, often felt dizzy and even fainted away. My trouble was, no doubt, due to my weak constitution and strict adherence to study. Had I continued in the same condition it would have resulted in a snare to my health, or to my college course at least. Last spring I took three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is

A Wonderful Medicine.
It gave me a good appetite and strength, such as I had never experienced before. Two weeks after I began to take the first bottle I actually gained ten pounds of flesh, and now I am greatly indebted to Hood's Sarsaparilla for that

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures
clearness of my head which enables me to study for hours without dizziness of faintness. It is my desire to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla most highly, as an excellent student's helper."

SHIRO KURODA, M. A. C., Amherst, Mass.
Hood's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the pealistic action of the alimentary canal

STATEN ISLAND'S KING

Erastus Wiman Is Still In the New
York Tombs.

IN NO HASTE TO GET BAIL.

He Is Locked Up In "Murderers' Row"
and Refuses to Make a Statement About
His Alleged Forgery—His Re-
puted Shortage, \$329,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The arrest of Erastus Wiman continues to be the principal topic of conversation in this city. He is charged with forgery and embezzlements aggregating \$329,000. He is under indictments which, if they result in conviction, may put him in state prison for 20 years.

The arrest of the autocrat of Staten Island, promoter of many enterprises, foremost advocate of commercial reciprocity with Canada, a leading member of the principal commercial associations of the city, a prominent lecturer and a man who was generally regarded as a substantial business man up to the time of his failure a year ago is a fact. He was locked up in the Tombs on the commitment of Judge Martine in default of \$25,000 bail.

The arrest was made in his office in the Washington building, 1 Broadway, where Mr. Wiman conducted the business of his Staten Island land scheme. Detectives Von Gerichten and Reilly took him into custody on a bench warrant which had been issued by Judge Martine when at 4:30 p. m. the grand jury had returned the indictments against Mr. Wiman.

The indictment and the arrest caused surprise. Since Mr. Wiman left the firm of R. G. Dun & Co., a little over a year ago, at which time there were suspicions and hints that all was not right between him and the commercial agency with which he had been so long and so promi-



ERASTUS WIMAN.

nently identified, little has been heard of him except when he occasionally lectured. His best known lecture was one that he was fond of delivering to young men on the subject, "How to Get Rich."

\$329,000 Involved.
Hints of trouble between him and R. G. Dun & Co. long ago ceased. His downfall now, however, is due to his dealings with that firm. It was while acting in the special position which he occupied for the firm that he is said to have appropriated to his own use for forgery and otherwise \$329,000 of other people's money.

There was no suspicion outside the grand jury room that Mr. Wiman was even being considered by that body. There was not a suggestion of such a thing. In fact, Mr. Wiman had been almost forgotten since at the time of his failure a year ago he turned over to trustees all the property he

had in the world to satisfy his creditors. It was supposed that that ended the matter. The indictments against Mr. Wiman are both for forgery in the second degree. In each there are two counts—the first charging the forgery and the second uttering the forgery. The first indictment charges him with forging the name of E. W. Bullinger on a \$5,000 check drawn by the cashier of R. G. Dun & Co., by direction of Mr. Wiman, to the order of Mr. Bullinger. This forgery was committed Feb. 6, 1893. After forging the name of Mr. Bullinger, Mr. Wiman is charged with having deposited the check to his own account.

The second indictment charges Mr. Wiman with a forgery quite similar in character a few days before the Bullinger case. The name which was forged was that of Ogden Brower, treasurer of the Campbell Printing Press and Manufacturing company. It was on a check for \$5,580, made to the order of the Campbell Printing Press and Manufacturing company, Jan. 20, 1893. The check had been drawn by the cashier of R. G. Dun & Co. by Mr. Wiman's direction to settle an obligation of R. G. Dun & Co. to the Campbell Printing Press and Manufacturing company. Mr. Wiman, it is alleged, paid the Campbell Printing Press and Manufacturing company with notes and appropriated the check to his own use.

It is not now known how the aggregate of \$329,000, which Mr. Wiman is alleged to have obtained by forgery and embezzlement, is made up, but the figure is given out by the district attorney's office as authentic. Those who presented the facts to the district attorney on which the indictments were based stated that the Bullinger and the Campbell Printing Press and Manufacturing company forgeries were chosen on which to proceed, simply because they were as clear as any cases could be and were so easily supported by reputable witnesses.

District Attorney Fellows has had the case in hand only since Feb. 15. On that day he received a complaint against Mr. Wiman in behalf of the firm of R. G. Dun & Co., for whom ex-District Attorney Nicoll appears as counsel.

Not Unduly Depressed.
Erastus Wiman steadfastly declines to receive visitors since his incarceration in the Tombs, with the exception of his lawyers and members of his family. Warden Fallon says that Mr. Wiman, under the present circumstances, does not appear unduly depressed and seems to take matters easy.

After the first great surprise at his arrest, he seemed to have summoned much courage and does not betray any unusual amount of anxiety.

Owing to the present crowded condition of the Tombs, and on account of the late hour at which he arrived, Warden Fallon was compelled to put him in cell No. 3 on the first tier in this short corridor, which is generally known as "Murderers' Row." Unless he succeeds in obtaining bail Warden Fallon will transfer Mr. Wiman to a cell on the second tier in the vicinity of Mr. Blaut, the ex-president of the Madison Square bank.

Mr. Wiman spent a sleepless night, as is only natural under the circumstances, but he seems to retain a fairly good appetite and ate his breakfast this morning as if he was quite hungry.

Assistant District Attorney Lindsay says that the proof submitted to the grand jury consisted of the evidence of R. D. Douglass, a nephew of R. G. Dun and a member of the firm; Ogden Brower, E. W. Bullinger and the cashier of R. G. Dun & Co. Ex-District Attorney Nicoll expresses a belief that Mr. Wiman will plead guilty, as he has no possible defense.

Wiman's Remarkable Career.
Erastus Wiman is now 59 years old. He was born near Toronto. He became a printer in early life and later was a reporter. In 1861 he entered the employ of Dun & Co. in Toronto and soon after came to New York. For years he managed the business of Dun & Co. Mr. Wiman remained a citizen of Canada and for years talked and wrote in favor of either annexation or commercial union between Canada and the United States.

He then took up great real estate and railroad speculations on Staten Island and dreamed of making the island the eastern terminus of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Up to about three years ago he was looked upon as worth \$2,000,000 or more, but gradually rumors began to circulate that he was financially pressed. His influence waned, and about two years ago he made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. He said then that he had been forced to the wall by rumors.

A Big Theatrical Combine.
PITTSBURG, Feb. 23.—A combination of nine vaudeville theaters was formed in Pittsburgh yesterday, the object being to protect the public and managers from poor performers and worse dramas. The theaters represented were the Auditorium and Monumental of Baltimore; Lyceum Washington; Star, Cleveland; People's, Cincinnati; Empire, Indianapolis; Buckingham and Grand Opera House, Louisville; Standard, St. Louis; Academy of Music, Pittsburgh.

Irish Goods For America.
CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—The Countess of Aberdeen remained here one day in the interest of the promotion of the cottage industries of Ireland by pushing the sale of their products in America. She is delighted with the results of her Blarney castle exposition of Irish industries at the World's fair and also with the business done at her "Irish house" on Wabash avenue, in this city.

A Republican Carries McKeesport.
MCKEESPORT, Pa., Feb. 23.—The excitement over the four cornered mayoralty contest was intense, and the vote was so close that no candidate was declared safe until the last returns were received in the morning. The result is as follows: Andre, Republican, 939; Stratton, Democrat, 934; Thompson, Independent, 932; Reed, Citizens', 731.

New United States Marshals.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: To be marshals of the United States—Frank P. Bradley of Iowa, for the southern district of Iowa; William McDermott of Montana, for the district of Montana; John P. Hunter of South Carolina, for the district of South Carolina.

Another New York Bridge Bill.
ALBANY, Feb. 23.—In the assembly today, by unanimous consent, Mr. Davidson introduced a measure amending the act of 1892 providing for a bridge over the Harlem river at Third avenue. The bill authorizes the comptroller of New York city to pay awards for the lands taken for the purpose of constructing said bridge.

A Pugilist Disappears.
WOONSOCKET, R. I., Feb. 23.—Jimmy Scully, the welterweight pugilist who was in training here to fight Dan Egan before the New Bedford Athletic club, has disappeared. He came here a month ago and began training at the Music Hall hotel, the understanding being that his expenses were to be paid after the fight.

BOTH KILLED.

Two Men Struck By the Fast
Freight.

Said to Have Been Intoxicated.

As the fast freight between Boston and New York, known as the "Washington Pick Up," Conductor Spaulding, was flying towards New York at 12:15 o'clock this morning, and just after passing under the second bridge below Whistleville the engineer saw a party of men on the track ahead of the train. As the engine rushed towards them he noticed two of the men were trying to scale the retaining wall which skirts the track at this point. Just as the train reached the end of the wall both men fell off directly on the track, and were struck by the pilot. The engineer reversed his lever and whistled for brakes and the train was brought to a stop. A search was made and James Healey of Boston, was found lying on the bank dead. His companion, James Whalen, of New York, was found alive, but with his arm and both legs broken and skull fractured. They were placed on the train and brought to South Norwalk. Healey was taken to Gregory's morgue and Whalen to the Norwalk hospital, but the latter died immediately upon reaching the hospital.

Tuesday was pay day and it is said that Whalen and Healey came to South Norwalk with a party of fellow workmen employed by Contractor Brown on the Consolidated Railroad's improvements between Five Mile River and Whistleville and that all became intoxicated. They were on their way back to their lodgings when struck by the freight, and it is believed that they saw the train approaching and tried to save themselves by climbing on the retaining wall, as when first seen one was trying to assist the other, but both being intoxicated they missed their footing and fell on the track in front of the engine.

The friends of the deceased will take up a subscription and see that their bodies are properly interred.

Norwalk Evening School.
The following report was made to the board of school visitors, Tuesday night:

To the Board of School Visitors of the Town of Norwalk, Connecticut.

GENTLEMEN:—The several departments of the Evening School have continued to maintain a good attendance. At the beginning of January, these departments were, for the first time, in session in each of the five districts where they had been established. During the week ending January 6th, the average attendance, based on the reports of the different principals, amounted to 352. For the next three weeks the reported attendance was 363, 378, and 363, respectively. During the following three weeks, ending Feb. 2nd., Feb. 9th., and Feb. 16th., the average attendance was 302, 299 and 248. The reduced attendance for these three weeks was apparently due, for the most part, to stormy weather and difficult traveling. This appears from a comparison of the attendance for different evenings. For instance, on Monday the 12th instant, when a storm was prevailing, the attendance was only 173. On the next evening the attendance was 272. The discontinuance of the East Norwalk department, for the past week has also had an effect in reducing the total attendance. Whether other causes have been operative in this direction it is impossible to say. It is equally impossible to conjecture what the attendance will be during the sessions that remain. At present most of those who have attended for any length of time, still continue to attend, and to pursue their studies with unabated interest.

The attendance previous to January cannot be accurately given, except for the two weeks preceding Christmas, when the East Norwalk and South Norwalk schools were in session. Previous to that time no registers were kept, and only incomplete and unauthenticated reports of attendance have been obtained by the superintendent.

The decorum that prevails in these schools is very noticeable. A visitor is impressed by the attention and earnestness with which the scholars engage in the different exercises. A good deal of individual attention is given to those who in reading, spelling, and number work cannot be readily classified. Interested classes in reading, spelling, writing, grammar, arithmetic and book-keeping are found in each of the schools, while the members of the class in mechanical drawing, recently transferred from East Norwalk to South Norwalk, are showing commendable diligence in their work, and are making good progress.

The expense of maintaining the evening school should be limited strictly to what is necessary to enable it to do the work for which it is designed. This course is called for, both by the general principles of public money, and by the fact that a limitation has been placed upon the cost of the evening school by a vote of the town. Governed by these considerations, the special committee on the evening schools has discontinued the East Norwalk department and reduced the number of teachers in the Centre district from four to two, and in the Winnipauk district from three to two. The committee has approved and paid bills to the amount of \$1,260.39. The items of this expenditure are classified as follows:

Teachers' Salaries, \$974.00
Registration, 10.50
Gas bills, 109.20
Coal, 5.75
Janitors, 67.50
Printing and advertising, 26.10
Supplies, 37.34
Lamps and fixtures, 30.00

The total amount expended, up to the present time, can only be told when the selectmen render a report of the bills paid by them on account of the evening school. That amount, when ascertained, will naturally determine, to some extent, the proper course to be pursued during the remainder of the time the school is in session.

Respectfully submitted,
A. BLANCHARD,
Supt. of the town evening school.

WEDDING INVITATIONS.

Possibly you intend to marry soon. You will want Invitations or Announcements—both. At this point in life it's natural to have a "best-is-none-too-good" feeling. We have several new designs in type especially for this work. We can satisfy your feelings.

George H. Denton & Co..

CARPENTERS,
CONTRACTORS,
BUILDERS!
Plans Drawn, Estimates Given.
All Work Done Strictly First-Class!
Office and Residence, 78 Franklin Avenue.
Shop, 23 Maple street. 0 3rd

Dentistry!

My method of Extracting Teeth is Painless. It is absolutely harmless and there is no ill effect attending it.

Artificial Teeth!

A SPECIALTY.

Dr. Frank T. Hyatt,
8 WEST AVENUE.

Adjoining Methuist Parsonage. Open Evenings.

Now is the Time

To have your

HORSES SHOD!

William P. English,

Horse Shoeing and Jobbing Shop on
Mechanic Street.

Four New Shoes, \$1.25.

HORACE E. DANN,

Excelsior

Livery and Sales Stable,

Opposite D. & N. R. R. Depot,
NORWALK. : : : CONN.

Stylish, Single or Double
Teams

WITH OR WITHOUT DRIVERS
Safe Horses for Women and Children
Saddle Horses a specialty

A BIG DROP
IN
PRICES!

OF MEAT.
Porterhouse Steak, 16c lb
Sirloin " 14c lb
Round " 12c lb
Shoulder " 08c lb
Prime Roast " 12c lb
Shoulder Roast " 09c lb
Pine Beef, 04c lb
Everything in proportion. The cheapest market in town, quality considered.
THE NORWALK MARKET
THOMAS E. SHEEHAN,
30 Water Street. Proprietor.

REDUCTION

Please call and examine
our stock of

Trimmed Hats and Bonnets.

which we are offering at a great reduction. Our imported Pattern Hats we have reduced to one half the original price. Polite attention whether you wish to purchase or not.

MISSSES ST. JOHN,
49 Wall Street.



SARATOGA!

Genuine Saratoga water in block-tin lined barrels direct from the celebrated spring is for sale on draught by JAMES HADDEN, at the corner of Wall and River streets.

THE WATER

Is brought direct from Saratoga and is dispensed in precisely the same condition in which it flows from the spring at Saratoga and is sold at 5 c per glass.

BUILDING LOTS

(ON INSTALLMENT PLAN.)

FOR SALE,

On - Wilton - Avenue

APPLY TO

Charles Olmstead.

SIXTH WEEK PORTFOLIOS NUMBERS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6.



NOW READY

Elegant Art Album

Including views of the world and the world's most famous people, introduced by

John Clarke Ridpath, LL. D.,

America's Famous and Foremost Historian,

ARE - YOU - WITH - US?



If you will go with us in this voyage around the world, you will see many wonderful views and meet many celebrated personages.

26 Weeks, a Different Book Each Week!

POTFOLIO NO. 4 CONTAINS:

Taking Photographs at Peril Straits, Alaska; Steamer and Muir Glacier, Alaska; Totem Poles of Alaska; Old Fur Store, Alaska; Greek Church, Sitka, Alaska; Bedouins at Lunch, Arabia; Mid-way Rest in the Desert, between Mount Sinai and Akaba, Arabia; Greek Church, convent of St. Catherine, Mount Sinai, Arabia; Bedouin Sheikh and Staff, Petra, Arabia; Arabesque Salon; Arabic Sheikh and Dragoman; Capuchin Vault, Vienna Austria; Volksgarten Vienna, Austria; New Opera House, Vienna, Austria; Hofburg Theatre, Vienna; Palace of Prince Schwarzenberg, Austria; Franzensring, Vienna; Halls of the Corporations, Brussels, Belgium.

February 23.

THE NORWALK GAZETTE'S
COUPON FOR

Our Portfolio of Photographs

The World and its People.

What Does It Cost

How to Obtain It
LISTEN Each day cut out the art coupon printed above, and put it aside. When you have saved six coupons bring or mail them to us with 10 cents, and you will receive one Portfolio of Photographs. Each Portfolio contains sixteen pages and there will be twenty-six portfolios. The whole will make the most valuable art collection—such as cannot be met with elsewhere. For your own pleasure and for the education of your children, you should have the complete series and you should seize the opportunity now. Copies of the photographic series No. 1 can be obtained now at the GAZETTE office. There will be a delay of a few days in the filling of mail orders, because such orders are sent by us to the publishers in Philadelphia who mail portfolios directly to the subscribers.

A COPY OF THE BOOK CAN BE SEEN AT THIS OFFICE. Remember, 6 Coupons and 10c in money. If you have a friend who does not take the GAZETTE, tell him of the opportunity.

NEWS OF ANARCHISTS.

A Man Arrested For Intending to Blow Up the French Chamber.

LONDON PAPERS COMPLAIN.

A Unique Apparatus Erected in the Reichsrath—A Friend of Bourdin Arrested—A Bomb Discovered in the Postoffice at Tunis.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—An anarchist named Rivols has been arrested in this city. The London police denounced him to the Paris police as a dangerous man and informed them that he was carrying bombs which he intended to use in blowing up the chamber of deputies.

M. Sauzet, a member of the chamber, says that Rivols applied to him for tickets of admission to the chamber on Monday and Tuesday. M. Sauzet was suspicious of the man and refused to grant the request.

A supposed bomb was found today in the Galerie Montpensier, Palais Royal. It was taken to the municipal laboratory for examination.

English Compliment For France.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Times complains of the laxity of the English policy in dealing with anarchists and compares it unfavorably with the promptitude of action exhibited by the French. The Times, Daily News and other papers protest strongly against the government's delivering up the body of Bourdin and allowing the anarchists to organize a funeral demonstration that would be likely to promote disturbance.

A French electrician named Petit Jean, a close friend of Bourdin, the anarchist who was killed, was arrested today in a workshop situated in the Marlybone district. Petit Jean's father is said to have taken an active part in the commune.

An Ingenious Apparatus.

VIENNA, Feb. 23.—An apparatus has been erected in the reichsrath which will enable the president, in case of an outrage, to close the doors of the house automatically. Other precautions are being adopted by the authorities to protect the public buildings.

A Bomb In Tunis.

TUNIS, Feb. 23.—A bomb, with a fuse attached, was found today by the police in the postoffice. The bomb, which did not explode, is supposed to have been placed there by foreign anarchists.

The World's Fair Paid.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—According to Acting Auditor Barrington, the World's fair directory will have \$1,404,841.81 which can be applied to a stock dividend when the exposition's liabilities, actual and estimated, are deducted from the assets. The report shows that the total expenditures up to Jan. 31, 1894, were \$26,925,689.50, and the total receipts were \$28,404,157.50, leaving a balance on the right side of the ledger of \$11,533,469.06.

Will Prevent a Strike.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 23.—Twelve foundry firms of this city have decided to withdraw the proposed 10 per cent reduction in their employees' wages, and the big molders' strike which was expected to take place will not occur. President Valentine of the Molders' union, with a committee representing the men, succeeded in having the reduction notice rescinded in all but four foundries in the city.

Dissolution Near at Hand.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Scotch Unionist newspapers give prominence to the statement today that all the Conservative, Liberal and Unionist election agents have received instructions to prepare for a dissolution of parliament within a month. It is also stated that Mr. Gladstone may not stand again for election and that Sir James Carmichael will be the Gladstonian candidate.

Reindeer For Alaska.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—A party of 11 Eskimos is at the Continental hotel. The party is on its way to Washington, where the Eskimos have an appointment to meet the president Monday. The object of the visit is to secure an additional appropriation for bringing reindeer from Siberia. These are necessary to furnish a food supply for the natives, who number nearly 30,000.

Shot a Bad Negro.

DANVILLE, Ky., Feb. 23.—Marshal Kirkelder of Perryville had a desperate encounter with James Clark, a bad negro, in which Clark was shot five times and mortally wounded. Clark was under arrest for attempting to enter the residence of Mrs. Sandifer, a lady who lives alone. Mrs. Sandifer shot at him four times, but missed him.

Indians May Make Trouble.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Feb. 23.—The procrastinating policy of the federal government in regard to turning over to the Kiowa Indians \$60,000 worth of pasture money has caused the fear that they will take to the warpath. The Cheyennes are concentrating in large bodies at one of their villages and threaten to make trouble.

Counterfeiters In Petticoats.

OMAHA, Feb. 23.—A gang of female counterfeiters has been unearthed in the city, and two of its members are already under arrest. Detectives were detailed on the case, and Maud Wilson, alias Worden, and Carrie Hart were arrested. The police are looking for Edith Simpson and Mary "Doe."

Cigar Makers Open a Shop.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 23.—The co-operative cigar makers opened a shop here today. It is owned by a number of cigar makers who were thrown out of employment by the recent dispute over labels between Union No. 7 and F. M. Kendrick & Co.'s shop.

Comedian Gardner Seriously Ill.

KENTON, O., Feb. 23.—Charles A. Gardner, the well known German comedian who is playing the leading role in "The Prize Winners," is lying critically ill in this city with inflammation of the bowels. His company has proceeded without him.

A Thief Caught.

LOWELL, Mass., Feb. 23.—A young man named William H. Bent threw a brick through the window of Wood's jewelry store, and seizing a tray containing 20 gold watches tried to make off with it, but was pursued and captured.

Red Flag Startles John Bull.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Special precautions are being taken to guard the arsenal and dockyard at Woolwich, owing to the spread of anarchism.

Read the GAZETTE.

G. A. FRANKE, THE HAIR CUTTER

No. 1 Gazette Building, Norwalk.
HOT AND COLD BATHS.

HENRY HUSS, Restaurant, Cafe and Smoking Room.

GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT,
42d Street and 4th Avenue, New York
Entrance from waiting room of New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

Alex. S. Gibson, Organist of the First Congregational Church

Waterbury, and Teacher of,
Pianoforte, Organ and
Musical Composition.
P. O. Lock Box. NORWALK, CONN.

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO., of Hartford

Incorporated 1812. Charter Perpetual
Capital and Assets, \$8,902,272.64.
Insures against loss and damage by FIRE on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with the laws of compensation.
COWLES & MERRILL,
Sole agents for Norwalk and vicinity.

The Norwalk Fire Insurance Co.

Has now Completed its
32d SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS YEAR,
And has not outstanding a dollar of unpaid losses or claims for losses. No sound company insures for less.
J. DEAVAN, Pres.; G. B. ST. JOHN, Treas.;
GEO. R. COWLES, Sec'y.

FURNITURE.

Geo. H. Raymond, Furniture Dealer,

Has removed to the new and commodious store four doors above his old stand and stocked it with NEW GOODS of the LATEST STYLE and FINEST FINISH.

GEO. H. RAYMOND, Agent.

Furnishing Undertaker and Embalmer.

I give my personal attention to laying out and furnishing everything necessary for the interment of the dead.

Residence, No. 3 Berkeley Place, Norwalk.
Telephone communication with residence.

HENRY TILLY,

CARRIAGE MAKER,

SOUTH NORWALK, CONN.

—Manufacturer of—

Family Carriages, Victorias, Buggies, &c.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING.

UNITED STATES HOTEL

EUROPEAN and AMERICAN PLAN

Fulton, Water and Pearl Sts., N. Y.
GEO. P. HEIPLING, Prop.

Refurnished, new elevator and all modern improvements.
American plan \$2 per day and upwards, according to location of rooms.
European plan, single rooms, 75c and \$1.50.
Double rooms \$1.50 to \$3.00 per day.
Special terms by the week.

New York elevated railroad depot in hotel.
Five minutes walk to New Haven, Hartford & Bridgeport, Clyde & Mallory Steamship line.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,

Low Rates. Prompt Delivery.
Branch Office, Norwalk, at Morris Benedict's.
Main Office, depot, South Norwalk.
L. HUNT, Agent.

Wm. Lockwood,

Real Estate, Insurance and Investment Securities.

—MONEY TO LOAN.—

Insurance Placed in First-Class Companies.

Office—Co. ner Main & Wall Sts., Norwalk

PETER L. GUIGUE, Florist and Nurseryman
man Union Avenue, north of Union Cemetery, Norwalk, Conn. Dealer in Green House, Hot House and Bedding and Vegetable Plants, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, Vines, Cut Flowers, always on hand, and all sorts of designs in flowers arranged to order.
Grading and refilling cemetery lots ended to.

HOUSES AND LOTS

For Sale.

PARTIES

PURCHASING LOTS and Paying for Same, can have what money may be required to Build a House, supplied them at legal rate of interest.

NOW

Is the time to secure a home.

RAYMOND

BROTHERS.

CUMMINGS' SENSATION

He Defied the House Sergeant-at-arms and Moved to Adjourn.

MOTION DID NOT PREVAIL.

Denounced His Attempted Arrest on Washington's Birthday as "Unbridled Tyranny"—Mr. Reed's Little Joke.
Routine Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—Four bright en-signs of heroic proportions flung their folds to the four winds of heaven from the dome of the capitol under the snowclad statue of Freedom this morning in honor of the anniversary of the birth of George Washington. Pursuing a custom established a few years ago, the senate observed the day by reading Washington's farewell address.

Only about 25 senators were in their places when the senate convened at noon. The chaplain in the opening prayer referred to the special character of the day.

Senator Hoar had read a newspaper article alleging the circulation of lottery tickets in Florida. Senator Pasco stated that the people of Florida were taking steps to put down the foreign lottery business in Florida and denied the existence of drawings in the state. Senator Washburn inquired how the senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Hoar) intended to suppress the lottery evil when he had denied in the last congress the power of the federal government under the constitution to suppress a much worse form of gambling—the dealing in options and futures on exchanges.

Senator Hoar replied that his proposition was to prevent the importation of the lottery appliances, a power which congress no doubt possessed.

This Is Always Remembered.

On motion of Senator Gorman (Dem., Md.) the senate agreed when it adjourned today it would be to meet on Monday next.

Senator Martin of (Kan.) offered a resolution instructing the finance committee to prepare a bill for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. He also presented a resolution directing the judiciary committee to prepare a joint resolution providing for the election of senators by a direct vote of the people.

At 1:35 Senator Martin finished reading Washington's address, and on motion of Senator Voorhees the senate adjourned until Monday next.

In the House.

The house, which does not usually meet on Washington's birthday during the long session of congress, assembled today, owing to the tangle which has grown out of the fight over the Bland bill. Chaplain Bagby in his prayer, alluding to the anniversary of the birth of Washington, said: "We thank thee, O Lord, that when the men of this nation were few and feeble and sore oppressed thou didst raise up thy servant, Washington, to be a witness, a commander and leader for the people. We thank thee, O Lord, for his fortitude and patience in war, for his wisdom and prudence in peace and for all the rich heritage of freedom secured to us by his integrity."

The prospects of securing a quorum were not as good today as they were yesterday. Mr. Bland and his supporters were for the first time apparently disheartened, although Mr. Bland refused to accept a compromise proposed which contemplated the dropping of the second section of the bill (providing for the coinage of the remainder of the bullion and the retirement of the Sherman treasury notes of the act of 1890). After the reading of the journal, Mr. Pence (Colo.), rising to a question of personal privilege, corrected newspaper statements to the effect that members of the Populist minority attended the Democratic caucus on the 19th.

He explained that the Populists were in entire sympathy with the resolution adopted by the caucus to the effect that it was the duty of the Democrats of the house to attend the sessions of the house and transact business. But he wanted it understood that the Populists were not attending Democratic caucuses. They would not if they could and probably could not if they would. A sensational scene followed.

Cummings Was Real Mad.

Mr. Cummings of New York arose and in a most vigorous manner denounced an attempt made to arrest him this morning.

"This morning," said he, standing at his seat, immediately in front of the speaker's chair, "at 11 o'clock, while on the floor of this house, I was approached by an assistant sergeant-at-arms and informed that I was under arrest. I refused to acknowledge the service and told him and his bosses to try to arrest me at their peril. I have been on the floor of this house," continued Mr. Cummings, "and day after day in my committee rooms three hours before the sergeant-at-arms has been in this capitol and have been here four hours after he has left. I denounce this attempted arrest on Washington's birthday as unbridled tyranny. In the name of the American people, I protest against holding a farcical session on this national holiday, and in honor of the memory of George Washington I now move that this house adjourn."

A round of applause greeted this statement, but Mr. Dockery, who was in the chair, explained that Mr. Cummings had been recognized only to make a personal explanation, and Mr. Cummings thereupon withdrew his motion.

There was a good deal of excitement on the floor, and Mr. Reed tried to renew the motion, but the chair declared it was not in order, as he had previously recognized Mr. Bland. The latter wanted the privilege of making an explanation, but the loud demands for the regular order cut him off, and he was obliged to submit his motion, which was to close general debate on the seigniorage bill next Saturday at 5 o'clock without explanation. The change in form in the motion for the first time indicated that Mr. Bland's faith in his ability to secure a quorum was wavering.

He realized that if he was to win further concessions to the opposition must be made. On his motion he demanded the previous question. Pending that motion, Mr. Cummings again moved an adjournment in honor of the memory of Washington.

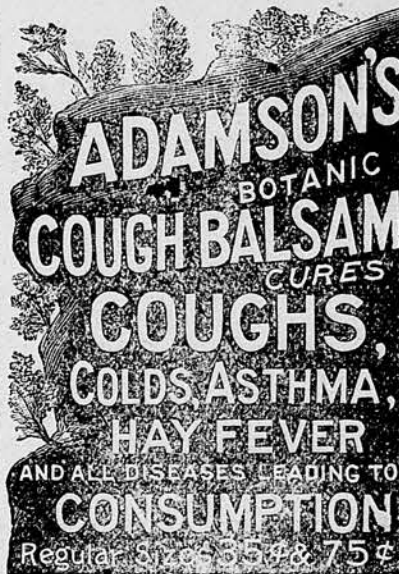
On a rising vote the motion was lost by 102 to 124. Mr. Cummings demanded the yeas and nays. The Republicans and the Democratic opponents of the bill voted for the adjournment, but it was lost—yeas, 117; nays, 140. Upon the announcement, Mr. Reed suggested that the sergeant-at-arms bring to the bar such members as were under arrest. "We ought to have the regular daily jail delivery," he added amid laughter.

Read the GAZETTE

For Chewing

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Everybody should have "Miller" lamps; better than gas, a reading light. We warrant every lamp. We make lamps suited for every use, and beautiful designs specially for gifts; also full line of Onyx Tables.

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—NEW YORK DIVISION—
December 31, 1893.

Trains leave South Norwalk as follows:

For New York—Accommodation trains at 9:36 a. m., 1:11, 2:54, 4:07, 5:20, 6:50, 8:06, 10:23 p. m. Express trains at 5:26, 5:46, 6:15 (local), 6:55 (local), 7:15 (local), 7:54 (local), 8:11 (local), 9:08 (local), 10:11, 11:37 (local) a. m., 12:52, 2:24, 3:40, 4:30, 6:20, 7:57 p. m. For Washington via Harlem River 1:13 a. m. (daily).

SUNDAYS.—Accommodation 9:15 a. m., 6:14, local express, 7:23, 9:28 p. m. Express 5:26, 5:46 a. m.

FOR NEW HAVEN AND THE EAST.—Accommodation trains at 6:32, 7:38, 8:46 and 11:44 a. m., 1:40, 4:40, 5:57, 6:27, 7:28 (to Bridgeport), 8:41, 9:41 and 11:59 p. m. Express trains at 1:05, 1:17, 9:11, 10:05, 11:06 a. m., 12:05, 3:03, 5:07 (Naugatuck Express) 7:10 p. m.

SUNDAYS.—Accommodation 7:28, 9:12 a. m. and 7:15 p. m. Express 1:05 and 1:17 p. m.

C. T. HEMPSTEAD

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ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD IN THE HEAD, BRUISES, SORES, RASHES, ITCHES, AND ALL SKIN AFFECTIONS.

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation.

Heals the Sores! Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

TRY THE CURE!!

A particle is applied into each nostril and agreeable. Price 50c at Druggists; by mail registered, 60c. ELY BROS., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Houses and Lots FOR SALE OR TO LET!

PERSONS wishing to BUY or RENT Houses or Rooms will do well to first call on me and see the bargains that I have to offer.

S. B. Wilson, CARPENTER & BUILDER
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PORTFOLIOS

ONE, TWO, THREE
FOUR AND FIVE,

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Cabinet Photographs, \$2.50 Per Dozen.

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Hard Porcelain Finish on all Photographs.

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3 WATER STREET.

Notwithstanding reports to the contrary, our store is still open from 8 a. m. until 7 p. m., and we are selling Hats CHEAPER than ever.

FELT HATS, 49c up.

OSTRICH TIPS, all shades 50 to 75c

Give us a call, no trouble to show goods, at No. 3 Water street, Norwalk.

MRS. W. FAWCETT.

PIANO LESSONS.

MRS. GEORGE W. BRADLEY (daughter of the late Mr. Wm. R. Nash) gives efficient and satisfactory instructions on the Piano at her home, No. 198 Main Street, 14



EMULSION,
50 CENTS,
Equal to the Best.

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Lowest Rates.

NORWALK GAZETTE.

"Truth above all things."

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1894.

(Entered in the Post-Office as a Newspaper.)

Possibilities of Negro Minstrelsy.

Dr. Dvorak, of New York, asserts that the future for American music lies in the melodies of the negro. His theory is tenable for many reasons, says the Washington Post. The only American composer or performer who has ever attained any signal distinction or been accorded special recognition abroad was Gottschalk, whose renditions of plantation songs, with variations, created a veritable furor in the musical centers of the old world. No one who has ever heard the genuine dark melodies as sung by the people who gave them birth; who has listened to the wonderfully harmonious blending and shading, the striking chords, the delicate turns and sympathetic expression of a band of dusky field hands as they gather about their humble homes after the weary labors of the day, but must confess that in their music is the possibility of the development of a great and unique school.

But if this development is to be made it must be undertaken soon. The songs of the negro, which are worthy of consideration, were born of a condition that is past. They were the outpourings of a race in bondage; all the pent-up yearnings of a down-trodden people, all the miseries of a despised and humiliated class found their only expression in the songs with which they whiled away their periods of rest. The negro, it is true, had his mirthful, lively songs, but not even a condition of servitude could utterly choke the expression of the light hearted animal-ity so peculiar to his race. But there is no music in his jigs, his songs of mirth are grotesque and void of harmony. The songs which sprang from his heart are universally sad, and these alone are entitled to consideration as music.

With the change in his condition has come a change in the musical expression of his soul. All the environments which produced true melodies are gone. There has not been a genuine "lark" song produced in twenty years. In their stead the burnt-cork burlesques have ground out libelous travesties which are to the younger generation the truthful expressions of negro music. The negro himself has done nothing to disprove this. Those of the lower strata who live in cities and villages are, strange to say, particularly fond of the cheap, sentimental rot, such as "Stick to Your Mother, Tom," and have forgotten or never known the beautiful and pathetic melodies which charmed all Europe and have so interested Dr. Dvorak.

The old generation is fast disappearing; the new is musically worthless. If the American school of music is to be founded upon the melodies of the colored race, it will be well to hear and preserve them in their purity as sung by the survivors of the era that produced them and which is now past.

The Supreme Court Vacancy Filled

The President on Monday nominated Senator White, of Louisiana, for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, and the natural expectation that he would be confirmed was immediately fulfilled. Mr. White has certain obvious qualifications for the Supreme Bench. He is in the prime of life, has had judicial experience, and during his brief term in the Senate, where he succeeded Mr. Bustis, the American Ambassador to France, has made a creditable record.

Sheridan Made Him "Whirl."

The New York Commercial Advertiser describes Jubal A. Early as "a tough old fighter who never knew how to quit." If Col. Cockerill intends to make the war a burning issue he will be compelled to look up the war records. Gen. Early didn't do any great amount of hard fighting, but he was a great sprinter. As an equestrian Early had few equals, and at one time it looked as if he might run the Union Army to death. It will be recalled that the Northern troops were trying to catch up with Jubal in the Shenandoah Valley.

ARE YOU A SUFFERER

From Rheumatism or Neuralgia? E. P. Tayer and Solomon Davis speak to Victims of this Terrible Disease.

E. P. Tayer, of East Nassau, N. Y., says: "I wish it possible to speak personally with every rheumatic victim, for I would tell them of my terrible experience and the relief and cure I found in a simple remedy. 'When I first saw in the newspapers, 'Rheumatism can be cured,' I was loath to believe it, but when I found that the statement was made by Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., I inquired into it, and upon his advice I began to use Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. My condition at that time seemed hopeless. I had suffered for fifteen years with inflammatory rheumatism. My physician said I would be a cripple for life, but it was not ordained that way, for I had not used Favorite Remedy long, before I was convinced that it was right medicine, and in a short while I was cured. That was three years ago, and I have not felt a trace of the disease since."

Solomon Davis, of North Kortright, N. Y., suffered awfully from neuralgia and loss of sleep, as he frequently the case with elderly people, in speaking to the writer, he said: "I found that Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy relieved the bowels, improved the circulation of the blood, and the old pain left me altogether. One of Norwalk's physicians recently said: 'There is no reason in suffering with rheumatism or neuralgia, for Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy will cure them. Druggists sell it.'

SPRING NEEDS

WHAT EVERYBODY REQUIRES AT THIS SEASON.

Some Things Are of the Utmost Importance to You.

This Will Tell You Just What You Most Need and How to Get It.

In the spring changes always take place in our systems which require attention. There is a tired, languid feeling, a depression, the digestive organs become deranged, the blood is bad, causing the complexion to become affected and the person feels an inability to work. At such a time a spring medicine is absolutely necessary. It will overcome all these conditions. It will invigorate the blood, regulate the digestive organs, clear the complexion and make you feel strong and well. The following letter written by Miss Nettie Fraser, of Paterson, N. J., will interest you.

"Since my childhood I have been extremely nervous, easily excited and at times suffering with extreme nervous prostration. A year ago last June I was so bad that the attacks were almost hysterical, and my appetite and digestion were in a terrible condition. I also suffered with great mental depression.



MISS NETTIE FRASER.

"I was induced to try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and the first bottle had a wonderful effect on my condition. After four bottles were used I was entirely cured. I never used any medicine that helped me so much, and I would recommend it in the highest terms possible, as too much cannot be said in praise of this wonderful medicine."

We are constantly receiving just such letters telling of the great good which is being done by this medicine. You want health don't you? You want to get up in the morning and feel like doing a good day's work, do you not? And you want your children to feel strong and vigorous, don't you? Well, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy will do all this.

It will give to you and your children perfect health and that is exactly what you want. It is the best spring medicine known and has the great advantage of being purely vegetable and harmless. It was discovered by Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th Street, New York City, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free of charge, personally or by letter.

Seventeen Bridgeport young women have formed a matrimonial club and are advertising for husbands.

An unknown well dressed man, 30, was struck and killed by the Ghost train at New Haven last night.

William Loudergan, a quarryman, was found on the railroad tracks in New Haven yesterday cut in pieces.

The city of Hartford has entered suit against the Hartford Theological seminary to recover \$4,000 back taxes.

In Waterbury Tuesday Antonio Testa, the Italian charged with robbing Nantucket railroad freight cars, was sentenced to eight years in state's prison.

The Methodists of Bridgeport and vicinity are preparing for a grand gathering of the clergy and laity, which is to take place next month for the purpose of promoting the interests of Methodism.

After sales and rumors of sales the saloon run by Sam Merritt, in Bridgeport, has finally been disposed of. J. P. King of Ansonia purchased the place Tuesday afternoon and took immediate charge.

Deputy collector Fox seized a slot cigar machine in the Middleton Wheel Club rooms Tuesday. There it had been for five years. Collector Byrbee says the machines are distinctly illegal and must be suppressed.

Woman's Relief Corps.

The annual convention of the Connecticut department, Woman's Relief Corps, was opened in Rockville on Tuesday with nearly 200 delegates present. The annual reports showed: Expended for relief work in cash, \$1,406; other than money, \$194, turned over to the G. A. R. posts, \$483; to the relief funds, \$145; to the National Woman's Relief Home fund, \$142. Total, \$2,373. The report of the secretary showed a total membership of 2,696. The report of the treasurer showed a successful year financially. All bills have been paid and there is cash on hand sufficient for the present needs of all departments.

How's This.

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by his firm.

West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.; Welding, Kinnear & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.; Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

THE CALCIUM MAN'S VIEWS.

Stage Luminaries From a Hitherto Undiscussed Point of Vision.

"Actors are curious folks," observed the calcium light manipulator of one of the up town theaters to a reporter the other night. He was breathing upon the reflector and then polishing it carefully with a woolen rag.

"Curious in what respect?" asked the reporter.

"Oh, they're queer creatures in every way," returned the other. "Ought not I to know? I've been everything connected with a theater from usher to scene shifter, but Lord preserve me from being an actor! They get more money than most folks, but they never have a cent. Off the stage they're the biggest cranks in the world, and on the stage they're cranky enough, Lord knows. Now, look at me and my profession, for instance. Any one would think that I'd be in solid with the actors, seeing that I light 'em up in pretty poses and bring out the effective parts of the scenes. But, would you believe it, if these stage folks had their way I'd be bonned 20 times a week by the management. Everybody that looks at me before the footlights kicks at me from the chorus to the star and from the second comedian to the snipe.

"There's 200 gray hairs in my head, for which these serpentine dancers are responsible. They're kickers with a vengeance, on and off the boards. Now, I guess I know more about the effects of lighting than they do, but whenever they come hopping on the stage I never catch 'em soon enough to their notions. When they swing around in the butterfly dance, they start off different every time, and if the light glances off 'em for the eighth of a second they're wild with rage. It's their conceit, you know. They want to look sweet 100 seconds to the minute. Then they complain that I catch 'em in the eyes and blind 'em, whereas it's the continual changing of their regulation poses that rattles me.

"Then, when it comes to the chorus, oh, my! If they had things their way, the leading lady wouldn't be illuminated at all. There isn't a word of 'em that doesn't want me to show 'em up for a full minute for the benefit of their gentlemen friends in the audience. They besiege me every night for favors in this way, and I promise—oh, yes, I promise I'll light 'em. But do I do it?"

The calcium man rubbed his forehead and thumb in a suggestive way. "If there's a little half dollar fee forthcoming, they get a flash for 2½ seconds. No fee, no flash!"—New York Recorder.

An Anecdote of Mr. Childs.

This incident has been related of Mr. Childs, and I believe it has never been printed. Stopping one of his head employees one day, Mr. Childs said: "You are not looking well. I think you must be working too hard."

"I am not feeling very well, Mr. Childs, that is a fact," was the answer, "but I guess I will be all right in a short time."

"How would you like to take a trip to Europe?" said Mr. Childs, smiling pleasantly.

"Well enough, sir," was the response, "but I cannot afford it."

"You can afford it," said Mr. Childs, taking him by the arm, "if I pay your expenses and pay your salary to your family while you are gone, can't you?"

The result was the man spent two months in Europe and returned completely restored to health.

"That was one of the best investments I ever made," chuckled Mr. Childs when the matter was called to his attention. "Why, Mr. returned so much improved in health that he could do twice as much work as he could before he left. You see, I was the real gainer by the transaction."

One of Mr. Childs' characteristics was that he never seemed to take any credit to himself for doing a kind act.—New York Press.

Curing Cobra Bite With Strychnine.

Some alleged instances of cures of cobra bite are reported from India, but there is always the doubt that in the "recoveries" reported there was really no poison injected, for the cobra does not inject poison every time it bites. It is stated that some cases of cobra bite have been cured by the hypodermic injection of strychnine, and full details will be awaited with interest, for it is possible that strychnine may be antagonistic to the peculiarly deadly poison ejected from the fangs of the cobra. The poison of that snake is, as a rule, so rapidly effective that few occasions occur where a remedy can be applied with sufficient promptitude to determine whether it is effective or not. All statements about alleged cures are, however, worth careful investigation, for an antidote may at last be found.—English Mechanic.

How Was It?

"My good woman," said the learned judge, "you must give an answer in the fewest possible words of which you are capable to the plain and simple question whether when you were crossing the street with the baby on your arm, and the omnibus was coming down on the right side and the cab on the left, and the brougham was trying to pass the omnibus, you saw the plaintiff between the brougham and the cab, or whether and when you saw him at all, and whether or not near the brougham, cab and omnibus, or either, or any two, and which of them respectively or how it was."—Methodist Protestant.

Savagery in Hawaii.

Adolph Marcuse, a European traveler, describes in a vivid way the savagery which yet prevails in some portions of the Hawaiian Islands. In a visit to the crater of Kilanea he was accompanied by several natives. When night came, they threw into the crater as offerings sacred berries and live fowls, at the same time singing a monotonous chant to Pele, the fire goddess.

Read the GAZETTE.

HOW LEAD PENCILS ARE MADE.

Each Company Has Its Own Process and Uses Secret Machinery.

"There is probably less known about the manufacture of lead pencils than any other extensive manufacturing business," said John M. Ready of New York. "I say extensive business, for many people do not know that there is as much as \$2,500,000 expended for lead pencils in the United States every year. All the machinery used in the production of lead pencils is a carefully guarded secret. It is not patented, but each company has its own process, and very little is known of it by outsiders. The general idea of the method of manufacture can be given.

"The graphite, plumbago or black lead, whichever you may call it, comes from three places—India, Germany and one part of the United States. The American lead is considered the most pure, having about one-third more carbon and much less silica than the foreign article. The plumbago as mined is brought to the factory, when the silica is separated from the graphite by a system similar to that employed in separating free gold from ore. It is crushed into a fine powder and then mixed with water, which flows over 'bumper tables.' The weight of the lead causes it to collect on the tables, and the silica and baser materials flow off with the water. The lead is then taken and mixed with clay in a mortar.

"The clay is used as a temper to the lead. The more clay used the harder the lead becomes, as when the mixture is baked the heat affects the clay, hardening it, while it has no effect upon the graphite. The mixture is then placed in a hydraulic press, which forces it out like a black twine. This is run upon tables, where it is cut in lengths of 7 inches, the length of a regular lead pencil, and straightened. It is then placed in the ovens. I have seen a continuous piece of this mixture of clay and graphite a mile long come from the press. The pieces of lead are taken from the oven and placed in the wood, which is made in two pieces, then cemented together. There is a peculiar fact about cedar, the wood most suitable for pencils. The farther south you go to obtain the wood the less knots you find and the less pitch in the wood. As you come north the amount of pitch increases, and the grain of the wood becomes irregular."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

What a Woodpile Indicates.

What a satisfaction it is to see a generous, whole souled woodpile! It gives one a better opinion of the world and brings up a rich flood of memories and associations. One has no need to be told that the owner is the father of half a dozen boys and girls, and that the neighbors like to gather under his roof during the long winter evenings, when the snow and wind outside but emphasize the warmth and cheer within.

One has no need to call on the imagination to see the great pile of extra logs in the corner, waiting their turn at the fiery carnival, dancing and glowing in the fireplace, or the half circle of merry story tellers gathered about the hearth, eating apples and cracking nuts and exchanging experiences of farming and hunting with each other.

What an open, large hearted hospitality such profusion of wood suggests! It never occurs to one that the owner may be niggardly or churlish. Such a pile of wood can only belong to a man whose heart is large enough to take in the whole neighborhood.

But what a contrast is the woodpile across the way!—a few sticks that even the house dog refuses to sleep behind. No wonder the boys are thin and sickly and the girls weak and discontented. One can scarcely imagine a smile, or a bit of laughter, or a jest passing through a door that overlooks such a pile.—Donahoe's Magazine.

Made by Thunderbolts.

In the museums of nearly all the large colleges you will see what appear to be sandy petrifications much resembling branches of trees. You may conclude that these are the remains of forest monsters that grew in a faraway geological age, but if you will take the trouble to ask your guide, or better still, one of the professors, who are always handy, he will tell you a queer story—one, in fact, that smacks of the marvelous. These tame looking, supposed to be sandy petrifications are, in fact, real "thunderbolts." Scientifically speaking, they are "fulgurites." They are composed of a poor quality of glass and are made by the lightning striking sandy deserts and plunging downward and latterly vitrifying all the sand with which it comes in direct contact. On the Sahara fulgurites are found in every conceivable shape and size, some 30 or more feet in length and 4 inches in diameter, others not larger than a lead pencil and still others not larger than a knitting needle. Scientists usually consider fulgurites as being a good index to the size and force of discharge of the lightning stroke which formed them.—St. Louis Republic.

Couldn't Call It a Cold House.

The best perhaps of the many stories that have long been current regarding the late Lord Crewe in that society in which he was a conspicuous feature is, in the opinion of a writer in The Speaker, that of his remark to his sister, the first Lady Houghton, as they stood watching the fire which all but destroyed his noble ancestral home. "Well, Annabel, you have often said Crewe was a cold house, but you can't call it that now." Crewe was restored at enormous cost by its owner, and it is now one of the most beautiful houses in the world.

A Sad Predicament.

Mabel—I was so mortified at the Pouch mansion the other night.

Flo—What happened?

Mabel—I wanted to laugh in my sleeve, but I had on my décolleté gown and had to hide the laugh in my glove.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Read the GAZETTE.

LEGENDS OF LADIES.

A DISCUSSION OF THE INFLUENCE OF BEAUTY ON THE TENDER PASSION.

Did the Devil Ever Choke the Life Out of a Beautiful Woman?—A Story Which Is Very Lurid, to Say the Least—A Homely Woman Seen Through Love's Eyes.

A discussion interesting to the ladies is running through some of the French papers. Briefly stated, the question is whether or not beauty has anything to do with the kindling of the tender passion. Handsome women say yes; homely ones, or, to be more correct, the less beautiful, say no. In proof of the soundness of their platform, which rejects the plank of affection for loveliness only, the latter have unearthed the dusty old legend of the loves of Leile and Megnoun.

When the king of Persia heard of the smitten young man, he sent for him and asked him how it was that he had become so desperately spoony.

"In order to understand that," replied Megnoun, "you would have to see my ladylove."

"Well," said the king, "let's see the wonder."

Leile was brought before him. She was redheaded, scraggy, squint eyed, stump nosed and freckled face.

"A thousand blizzards!" roared his majesty. "Is this the object of your extraordinary ardor? Splinter my scepter! The meanest slave in my kitchen is better looking than she!"

"Then judge how I must love her," said Megnoun, "since she is as beautiful in my eyes as she is homely in yours!"

So far so good. But here comes the lurid legend of the famous Ninon de Lenclos. Ninon flourished during the reigns of Louis XIV and Louis XV, and many enthusiastic descriptions have been given of her incomparable charms.

Well, one fine day Mlle. de Lenclos was quietly seated in her parlor when the servant came to announce to her that a gentleman wished to see her, but that he would not give his name. She told the servant to say to the stranger that she was engaged with company and could not see him.

"I know very well," said the stranger to the servant, "that mademoiselle is alone. Go back and tell her that I have a matter of the very highest importance to communicate to her."

This strange reply tickled the curiosity of Mlle. de Lenclos. She gave orders to admit him. He appeared before her. He was a little old man, clad in black, with a sinister look. He wore a black skullcap and carried a little black cane. His eyes were full of fire; but, after all, his features were intellectual.

"Mademoiselle," said he, "be good enough to send away your waiting maid. Nobody but you alone must hear what I have to reveal."

Ninon was terrified at first, but at last, remembering that she was in the presence of a little, decrepit old man, she took courage and sent away the waiting maid.

"Don't let my visit frighten you," said the stranger. "It is true that I do not honor everybody in this way, but you have nothing to fear. You have before you a man who is obeyed, more or less, by all the world, and who can bestow at will all the gifts of nature. I was present at your birth. I fashion the fate of all human beings, and I have come here to learn from your own lips how I shall dispose of yours. I bring you the highest titles, enormous riches and an eternal beauty. Which will you have? Take your choice and rest assured that no mortal on earth has the power to give you so much."

"Really, sir," said the woman, laughing, "you are very kind, and the magnificence of your gifts is so great that—"

"Mademoiselle," said he, interrupting her, "you have too much good sense to make fun of a man whom you do not know. Choose quickly. Which will you have—titles, riches or eternal beauty?"

"My dear sir," said she, "there is no room for any hesitation over the good things that you offer me. I'll take eternal beauty. But what must I do to obtain this precious gift?"

"Mademoiselle," said the stranger, "you must write your name upon my tablets." And he presented to her an old blackened tablet, upon which she signed her name. Then he gave her a light tap of his black cane upon the left shoulder. "That will do now," he said.

"You will be beautiful all through your life, and you will live for a long time. You will create passions at a period in life when other women are in the horrors of decrepitude. You will never grow old. I give you the power to charm everybody. During 6,000 years I have traveled through the universe from one end to the other, and upon the earth I have only found four women who were worthy of this great privilege. They were Semiramis, Helen, Cleopatra and Diana de Poitiers. You are the fifth and the last to receive this gift. Ask me no question. You will see me again, once more only, and that will be when you shall have only three days more to live. Remember my name is Noctambule!"

He disappeared, leaving Mlle. de Lenclos frightened almost out of her wits. The career of the wondrous beauty is too long to follow. It is enough to say that three days before her death Noctambule appeared before her, showed her her signature, and in a dreadful voice told her that she was captured; that she lived all her life under the power of Lucifer, and that her end was at hand. On the third day he came and choked her to death!

It is consoling to think that there is some doubt about the exact truth of this story. Indeed it is said that it goes back far beyond the birth of poor Ninon de Lenclos, and that it began with Louise de Bados, the second wife of Henry I, who died in 1599.—New York Sun.

Read the GAZETTE.

WRECKED CREW HOME.

Officers and Sailors of the Kearsarge Arrive in New York.

ADMIRAL STANTON TALKS.

Refuses to Discuss the Responsibility For the Disaster, but Tells of the Events Following It—The Kearsarge Cannot Be Saved.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—The steamship City of Para, with the officers and crew of the wrecked Kearsarge on board, arrived at the Pacific Mail dock this afternoon. The dock was gayly decorated with flags, and over the gangplank was spread a huge American flag in honor of the officers and crew of the Kearsarge.

A press representative, who boarded the City of Para at quarantine, talked with some of the officers and crew of the Kearsarge, who related the story of the wreck of the famous old man-of-war off Roncador reef. Acting Admiral Oscar F. Stanton, who was first seen, gave the following account of the wreck of his flagship:

"The accident occurred at about 2 o'clock on the afternoon of Feb. 2," said Admiral Stanton. "A stiff northeast fresh trade wind was blowing, and there was a considerable surf. The Kearsarge struck rather lightly at first, and then there was a heavy jar and a crash, when the ship went up high and dry on the reef."

"We remained on board the Kearsarge that night and were taken ashore the next day. The City of Para did not come until Saturday, Feb. 10, about a week from the time we went ashore on Roncador island. All hands were taken off the Kearsarge on the catamaran boat after working all night in order to get things ready for our departure from our ship. We sent the catamaran boat ashore about a week back.

Lived in a Tent.

"After we reached shore we gathered together some old sails, awnings and duck, with which we rigged up a tent to shelter us. The weather was quite warm enough to make a tent sufficiently comfortable. To increase the small supply of water we were enabled to carry with us from the Kearsarge we dug a well. We also had what provisions we could save from the ship."

"We had built rafts during the night and early Saturday morning in order to transport what things we could take away from the ship, together with our eight days' supply of water, which permitted one pint a day for each man. There was no excitement, no panic, but everybody was cool headed, and the officers and crew all united in an effort to make the best of the situation."

"Lieutenant Brainard went to Colon as soon as possible in the steam launch of the Kearsarge in order to communicate with the navy department at Washington and charter a steamer to come to our aid."

"Every one who was aboard the Kearsarge, both officers and men, are with us, with the exception of Dr. Barnum, who was detached to the coast survey steamer Bangor at Acapulco. There are 21 officers and 181 men, making up 202 in all, and we are all well. The Kearsarge carried eight boats, three of these on the port side were staved in and one of them was washed away."

One Man Drowned.

"Anderson Robbins, one of the men, was drowned shortly after the wreck. The ship was rapidly filling with water, and Robbins was swimming for the reef, but he could not make it and was drowned. This occurred the day we landed."

"In going ashore they were compelled to go in parties of six, the capacity of the catamaran boat, which was held fast by a life line, which was stretched from the Kearsarge to the shore. When we discovered Fireman Anderson Robbins struggling in the water, we dispatched a lieutenant and several men in a lifeboat to his assistance and made every effort to save him, but he sank before we could reach him."

"After he had got safely ashore Lieutenant Brainard and seven men were dispatched in a lifeboat to Old Providence in order to secure assistance. The City of Para, which he chartered, did not reach us until 10 o'clock on the 10th. She immediately launched two boats, which, assisted by the Kearsarge's four lifeboats, took all hands aboard the City of Para as quickly as possible, when the latter steamed for Colon, stopping on the way at Old Providence to pick up the lieutenant and crew which had been sent by Commander Heyerman to send us assistance."

In answer to the question put to him by the press representative as to the cause of the accident, whether due, as has been rumored, to defective chronometers or otherwise, Admiral Stanton said:

"I cannot say anything in regard to the matter of responsibility for the wreck of the Kearsarge and therefore cannot express any opinion as to whether the wreck of the ship was due to carelessness or defective instruments or to any one on board the Kearsarge. I presume there will be a court of inquiry to investigate into all this, when these facts will be fully developed. The whole thing will come out in due course of time, but what the nature of the court of inquiry will be when convened I cannot say."

Miss retires Follow Stanton.

"Anyhow," continued Admiral Stanton, "I feel inclined to say as little as possible about this matter because of the peculiar misfortune which has seemed to follow me of late. I have had sufficient notoriety already, this being the second time I have arrived in New York harbor under almost sensational circumstances within a short time. I am feeling very happy, and my physical condition, and I might say mental condition, is just a trifle better than it was on the occasion of my last trip up New York bay."

Admiral Stanton as well as all the officers and crew of the Kearsarge wore their naval uniforms. Some of them wore overcoats, a few capes, while a good many were not so fortunate as to have the former.

"I rejoice greatly in the possession of this overcoat I am wearing," said Admiral Stanton, "and I really do not know exactly where I got hold of it. It has felt very comfortable since we got up north and into the cold weather. The clothing I have on embraces about all that is left of my wardrobe, as it was impossible to save very much after the wreck occurred."

In answer to a question as to the possibility of raising and saving the Kearsarge, Admiral Stanton said:

"There is no possible chance of saving her. She was all stove in when she struck the reef, and when we left her she was almost full of water. Even if this were not the case, the weather is such down there that it is very difficult to work on account of the intense heat and blistering sun."

Read the GAZETTE.

"It Takes the Cake."



This cake in every package of **Ivoryine** WASHING POWDER

Every package of Ivoryine that has left our factory since April 1, 1893, has had in it this cake of delightful **Oil of Toilet Soap**. If you want to see what a splendid cake of soap it is, send us four 2-cent stamps, and you can have it by return mail, but we prefer that you buy a package of IVORYINE from your grocer, and get the soap FREE.

The J. B. Williams Co., Gastonbury, Ct., Box M.

ITHACA MUCH EXCITED

People Are Wrought Up Over the Students' Banquet Outrage.

INVESTIGATION TO BE HAD.

Only One Death Has Occurred Up to This Time, but Many Persons Are Confined to Their Beds—The Details of the Deplorable Affair.

ROCHESTER, Feb. 22.—A special to The Post-Express from Ithaca, N. Y., says: The freshmen's banquet, which came off last evening, is the all absorbing topic in Ithaca today. The fact that one woman who acted as cook for the freshmen is dead and that several students are in a precarious condition has given the annual freshmen banquet, which is always accompanied with more or less scrapping, altogether an abnormal interest.

It seems that the freshmen had succeeded in doing what no other class has ever done—kept the secret of the date of their banquet till the day of its occurrence. Consequently the past week has been a scene of noisy tumult and uproar for the under classmen. This bitter spirit has found expression in hazings of every nature, though "milking"—that is, making the freshmen drink a concoction of milk, cayenne pepper, vinegar, etc.—has been the predominant method.

But not until last night, when the freshmen began to gather their forces at Liberty hall, did the anxious sophomores gain the knowledge that the banquet was to come off within a few hours. Accordingly all their men gathered on Seneca street, and when the jubilant freshmen came marching down the hill they were given a surprise party by their foes. Stones, eggs of questionable character, rocks, clubs—whatever was available—were used as weapons to belabor one another in the fight.

A Serious "Joke."

Several students were quickly hustled off to the police station, followed by the angry mob. During the interval thus offered the freshmen gained their banquet hall and after a flashlight by a photographer began the festivities of the evening. Everything went well until about 12 o'clock, when noxious odors of some foreign substance began to fill the air.

The banqueters were dumfounded and the waiters and cooks completely overpowered. The cause of the trouble proved to be the deadly chlorine gas which was generated in large jars placed in the room below and connected with the commissary by rubber tubes. To add to the dismay the freshmen charged that their food was stained by arsenic and jalap.

Physicians were quickly summoned and everything done that was possible to relieve the suffering of the victims. Several stores in the vicinity were kindly given up by the proprietors for the care of the asphyxiated.

The excitement now began to grow intense, and it was only through the good judgment of the older classmen that there was not a panic among the 600 students in their wild excitement to get out of the building.

The reports of the casualties are increasing. Mrs. Jackson, an aged colored woman, died shortly after being taken from the infected hall, while numbers of students are now in bed at their homes under the effects of the poison they inhaled. The best medical service is being provided, and the rumors of further deaths are up to the present uncorroborated.

The whole city and university public are indescribably wrought up over the affair, and efforts are already on foot to discover the perpetrators of the dastardly act.

Who Did It?

There are open threats that if they are discovered little mercy will be shown them. It is stated that every member of the sophomore class and as many others as were connected with the affair will be subpoenaed and examined. The students who were arrested have been bailed and their trial postponed.

The coroner will hold an inquest over the remains of the unfortunate Mrs. Jackson, and the result of the jury's deliberations and any new developments in this most lamentable affair are awaited with extreme interest and anxiety.

Judge McGill Has a Release.

CRESTON, Ia., Feb. 22.—Judge J. W. McGill, a member of the interstate commerce commission, suffered a relapse and is now lying at his home in this city in a critical condition. He has been ill with malaria fever, but it was believed he was convalescing. He came from Washington to spend the Christmas holidays with his family and was stricken with the grip.

Grand and Upright Pianos

IN RARE WOODS.

110 FIFTH AVE., cor. 16th St., N. Y.



ACTIVE EXERCISE

and good food in plenty, tends to make children healthy. If children suffer, however, from Scrofulous, Skin or Scalp, Diseases—if their blood is impure and pimples or boils appear, they should be given the right medicine. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery brings about the best bodily condition. It purifies the blood and renders the liver active as well as building up health and strength. Puny, pale, weak children get a lasting benefit and "a good start" from the use of the "Discovery." It puts on *wholesome flesh*, and does not nauseate and offend the stomach like the various preparations of Cod liver oil. It's *guaranteed* to benefit or cure you, or your money is returned.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures Catarrh in the Head.

BLAND GOT HIS QUORUM

The Persistence of the Missouri Member Rewarded at Last.

A DULL DAY IN BOTH HOUSES

The Day Was Principally Devoted to Trivial Discussion and Bits of Repartee. Senators Voorhees and Chandler Lock Horns.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Only 7 of the 354 members of the house were unaccounted for when that body met at high noon today, and the indications were that the prolonged deadlock would be broken before sundown. After the reading of the journal Sergeant-at-Arms Snow came forward with a supplementary report on the order instructing him to arrest absentees. He reported all but seven members here or on their way, except such as had been excused on account of sickness, and that deputies had been sent for the other seven.

"I would like to know," suggested Mr. Reed, "whether a deputy has been sent after Mr. Johnson of Cleveland? He appears to be recalcitrant."

The sergeant-at-arms stated that Mr. Johnson had been sent for. Mr. Reed further wanted to know whether those members who were here were under arrest.

On being informed that they were not, he desired to know why, inasmuch as there had appeared to be no trouble yesterday about arresting Republicans.

The sergeant-at-arms expressed doubt as to his authority to arrest members on the floor, but the speaker directed him to execute his writ and make the arrest wherever members were found.

Mr. Bland asked unanimous consent that those members who were present be excused, but Mr. Reed objected, saying, "Our people were paraded before the bar of the house yesterday, and now we want to see yours."

Mr. Bland then moved that the house go into committee of the whole on the seigniorage bill, and pending that that all debate be limited to 10 minutes, and on the latter motion he demanded the previous question.

Mr. Bland failed to secure a quorum by a narrow margin, although 11 Democratic opponents of the bill refused longer to join in the filibuster and voted against the demand for the previous question. The vote stood 159 to 11—nine short of a quorum.

Mr. Bland moved a call of the house. The call developed the presence of 271 members, and the vote then returned on Mr. Bland's demand for the previous question on his motion to close the debate. Pages and messengers scurried through the corridors and committee rooms to see that every available vote was cast on this roll call. The Populists did not vote on the first roll call, which nonaction alarmed the Democrats.

Jerome Simpson, when approached, said that they wanted to show the country that the Democratic party was incapable of transacting business. On the second roll call the supporters of the Bland bill were greatly relieved to find that the Populists responded in the affirmative as their names were called.

The 10 Republicans who had been voting with the Democrats, however, except Waugh, Marsh and Murray, with the prospect of a quorum in sight on this vote, yielded to the solicitations of their eastern colleagues, so that despite the great effort to secure a quorum, it again fell short, this time 10 votes—159 to 10.

A Quorum at Last.

When the announcement was made, Mr. Reed suggested that the time spent in trying to secure a quorum could be more profitably spent in debate.

"Will the gentlemen on the other side agree upon a time for voting if the debate is allowed to proceed?" asked Mr. McMillin.

"Certainly," replied Mr. Reed, "we will vote when we get through."

"When will you get through?"

"When we finish."

"It is absurd," continued Mr. Reed, "that gentlemen should insist on having the tail of the situation in their hands before they begin."

Amid cries for regular order, Mr. Bland moved a call of the house, and the speaker declared the McMillin-Reed colloquy out of order and instructed the official stenographers to exclude it from their reports.

Mr. Bland got a quorum at 2:15 on his motion for the previous question on the silver seigniorage bill.

In the Senate.

The senator today Senator Allen (Pop., Neb.) presented a resolution directing the attorney general to inform the senate whether he had, in an opinion to the secretary of the treasury, held that silver certificates are not legal money, and if so to transmit the opinion with all correspondence to the senate. The resolution, after slight amendment, was adopted.

There was a sharp discussion following a question of privilege raised by Senator Voorhees in regard to a publication in the Philadelphia Press to the effect that the Democratic members of the finance committee had been receiving suggestions and directions from the president as to the course to be observed in dealing with the new tariff bill. The paper reported with some detail an interview yesterday between senators on the tariff framing committee and the president.

Senator Voorhees denied the accuracy in any particular of the statements made. He declared that nothing of the kind took place and nothing out of which it could be manufactured. "The circumstantiality of the statement," said he, "involving the president of the United States, was such, and the circulation it would receive so extensive, that I thought it my duty to lay it before the public and start truth on its tardy way afterward. Of course, truth will never overtake it. When I see these things, I sometimes think that seventeenth of the human history is untrue."

Senator Chandler took this occasion to inquire as to the exact membership of the finance committee. "A short time ago," he said, "an order was passed by the senate constituting Senator Mills a member of the committee in the place of Senator McPherson. Does this assignment continue? Which is acting as a member, or are both acting as members?"

A Slight Diversion.

The record shows who constitute the committee," replied Mr. Voorhees. "The record is open to the senator from New Hampshire. If he would get the record and examine it, it would be better than speaking in this way. We are pretty much all at work. The senator from Texas (Mills) is doing and has done some magnificent work."

"Whether it is seeping the committee

Read the GAZETTE.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MAY BE A PRECEDENT.

A Case Before the Supreme Court That May Affect the Princess Colonna.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—It is said by the legal authorities about the United States supreme court that the status of the contention between Prince and Princess Colonna may be materially affected by a case soon to be heard before the court. The differences between the prince and princess have recently attracted attention on both sides of the Atlantic and have been intensified by the princess' escape with her children from France to this country in spite of a decree in the French courts giving the custody of the children to the prince.

The case soon to be heard in the United States supreme court is as to the extent to which the judgment of a French court can be enforced in the United States. The case involves a judgment for about \$400,000, given by the French courts against Hilton, Hughes & Co. of New York. The French judgment is being contested on the ground that the case should have been tried in this country, where the American defendants could have received a full and fair jury hearing. It has also been urged that the French courts give no recognition to the decrees or judgments of American courts and that if an American wants redress in France he must go to France to get it.

Should the supreme court sustain the French judgment, it is said that the precedent will be established governing the Colonna case and other international litigations.

USED ONLY LIQUID FUEL.

A Successful Experiment With Petroleum Residuum.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 22.—The first steamship to cross the Atlantic burning only liquid fuel was the British steamship *Baku Standard*, a bulk oil carrier, which arrived at this port from Shields and Dartmouth. The *Baku Standard* sailed from Dartmouth on Jan. 20 with petroleum residuum as her only fuel. This residuum is a product of oil of little value and no known use unless the experiment of using it as fuel should prove successful.

The most important advantage discovered on the run was that perfect combustion was possible, an end never obtained when coal is used in the fireman. The process consists in forcing the fuel through the center of a steam jet which passes directly under the shell of the boilers, which are protected from the flames by a superstructure of brick.

The heat is so intense that the bricks are changed to a white color, and the heat is then passed evenly over all parts of the boiler shells. The consumption was about 20 tons of the fuel every 24 hours, while in the same time 30 tons of bituminous coal are consumed. On this run the residuum was from Russian oil, but on the outward trip Pennsylvania oil fuel will be used.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Closing Quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Money on call easy at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 1/2 to 4 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.88 to \$4.89 for demand and at \$4.86 to \$4.87 for 60 days. United States bonds, 4 1/2 to 4 3/4. Commercial bills, \$4.85 to \$4.86. Silver certificates, 62 1/2 to 63; no sales. Bar silver, 62 1/2. Mexican dollars, 51. Government bonds firm. State bonds dull. Railroad bonds strong.

Shortly after 11 o'clock the speculation became stronger and more active, and an upward movement was inaugurated, which was in force up to noon, when a higher range of values had been established, ranging from 1/4 to 1 per cent, the latter in General Electric, Chicago Gas, Louisville and Nashville, and New York, Chicago and St. Louis second preferred. The grangers also participated in the advance to the extent of 1/4 to 1/2. Burlington leading. Denver and Rio Grande preferred declined 1 per cent, but rallied 1/2. The market had a healthier tone than for some time past.

London advices stated that assurances have been given the foreign shareholders that the dividend is safe.

A Boston dispatch said the treasurer of the General Electric company is authority for the statement that there is nothing in the company's prospects to give any boom to the shares, but this does not seem to have had any effect on the buying of the stock.

London and the west were purchasers of St. Paul, and a good many orders to buy Burlington came from Boston.

The sugar crowd seemed to be awaiting further advices from Washington before making any extensive operations.

The buying in distillery was said to be for the account of western distillers of that company, but was counteracted by sales for the Keene interest.

The decrease in Atchison earnings for the second week in February has not yet been reflected in the dealings.

Only a moderate borrowing demand for stocks was experienced in the loan market, but full rates were exacted. New York Central and Burlington were scarce.

Closing prices:

Atchison	12 1/2	N. J. Central	115
B. & O.	75	Norfolk	4 1/2
C. & C. & St. L.	30 1/2	Norfolk Pacific	4
Cheapeake & Ohio	17	Do. pref.	17 1/2
Chicago Gas	62 1/2	N. Y. Central	98 1/2
Cordage	15 1/2	Omaha	13 1/2
Cotton Oil	27 1/2	Ontario & W.	15 1/2
Del. & Hudson	13 1/2	Pacific Mail	17 1/2
Distillers' Trust	20 1/2	Reading	21 1/2
Eric	10 1/2	Richmond Term.	4
General Electric	37 1/2	Rock Island	17 1/2
Hocking Valley	19 1/2	Silver Bullion	62 1/2
Lackawanna	16 1/2	St. Paul	57 1/2
Lake Shore	12 1/2	Sugar Refinery	7 1/2
Lead	23 1/2	Texas Pacific	8
Louisville & Nash.	46 1/2	Union Pacific	13 1/2
Missouri Pacific	23 1/2	Wabash pref.	14 1/2
Northwestern	102 1/2	Western Union	83 1/2
New England	112 1/2		

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—FLOUR—State and western steady with wheat; city mills patents, \$3.50 to \$3.55; winter patents, \$3.55 to \$3.60; city mill clears, \$3.55 to \$3.60; winter straights, \$3.70 to \$3.75.

WHEAT—No. 2 red opened weak and lower under active local and some foreign selling. No. 3 steadily turned strong on reported outside buying, which started active local covering by noon all the early loss was regained. March, 61 1/2 to 62; May, 63 1/2 to 64 1/2.

RICE—Dull and nominal.

CORN—No. 2 was quiet, but toward noon advanced with wheat; May, 43 1/2 to 44 1/2.

OATS—No. 2 dull and featureless; track, white state and white western, 28 1/2 to 29.

PORK—Steady; prime western, 24 1/2 to 25; Lard—Firm; prime western, 24 1/2 to 25; Lard—Firm; prime western, 24 1/2 to 25.

BUTTER—Dull and weak; state dairy, 18 1/2 to 19; state creamery, 17 1/2 to 18.

CHEESE—Steady; large, 20 1/2 to 21; small, 19 1/2 to 20.

Good News For Workingmen.

HARTFORD, Feb. 23.—The new Anchor mill in Windsor Locks has started manufacturing tissue paper and giving employment to 100 hands. The Torrington factories have all started on full time, including the Coe brass mill; Turner & Seymour, hardware manufacturers; the Union Hardware company, and C. Hotchkiss Bros. & Co. The home factory in Plainville is running nights. In Williamantic the Windham cotton mill and the A. G. Turner silk mill have both resumed work on full time.

Made a Rich Find.

DURANGO, Mexico, Feb. 23.—James Crandall and L. T. Parker, two American prospectors who have been making a tour through the mineral districts of the state, arrived here today and created a sensation by announcing that they had discovered the long lost Spanish mine of fabulous richness in the mountains near the village of Permad.

Seized For Smuggling Chinese.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Feb. 23.—The British steamer *Fairy* was seized by the revenue cutter *Wolcott* and eight Chinese aboard captured. Two white smugglers, who had command, escaped in a small boat. United States customs officers say the *Fairy* has landed over 100 Chinese recently.

Straw With Ditched Engines.

RENO, Nev., Feb. 23.—Trains that left here at 2 o'clock yesterday are still at Truckee, and two trains that came in from the east yesterday evening are still here. Reports from the mountains are not encouraging. The tracks are said to be strewn with ditched engines and snow-plows.

McKinley in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—Governor McKinley was a guest at the Union League club to-night. The governor arrived in Chicago last night from New York, accompanied by Mrs. McKinley, H. C. Sherrard, his chief of staff; State Librarian J. P. Smith and Railroad Commissioner William Kirby.

More Torpedo Experiments.

NEWPORT, R. I., Feb. 23.—The old *Lay* torpedo station after most rigid examination, and there is no expectation that another accident will cripple it. The mines have been sunk, and on the first pleasant day experiments will be resumed.

Prominent Utican Dead.

UTICA, N. Y., Feb. 23.—Miles C. Comstock, who died here today, was city treasurer of Utica in 1855, mayor in 1871 and police and fire commissioner in 1873. He was also for many years manager of the Utica asylum. He had been a wholesale grocer here for over 40 years.

Y. M. C. A. Secretaries Adjourn.

TONAWANDA, N. Y., Feb. 23.—The fifteenth annual conference of the state secretaries of the Y. M. C. A. closed a two days' session here with a reception and banquet tendered by the Ladies' auxiliary of the Tonawanda Y. M. C. A. About 90 secretaries were present.

Won't Race the Valkyrie in 1895.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Lord Dunsen has stated that Lord Wolverton and himself would build a 70 footer for the purpose of challenging for the America's cup in 1895 if the former would agree with the conditions. He will not race the Valkyrie in America in 1895.

No More Bucket Shops.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—The anti bucket shop bill passed the assembly today by a vote of 93 yeas and no negatives. It makes it a penal offense to sell stocks or futures on margin and fixes a penalty of \$250 for each offense.

Speyerer Heeded the Warning.

COLLEGE POINT, N. Y., Feb. 23.—The effigies that were displayed here by supposed White Caps were taken down quietly. Louis Speyerer, whose effigy was hung up and who was warned to leave town, has done so.

Morristown Police After Burglars.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Feb. 23.—The police authorities are making a vigilant search for the burglars, George and Henry Morgan, who escaped from jail last night, but they have not yet caught the fugitives.

Well Known Writer Dead.

AGUSTA, Me., Feb. 23.—Dr. William B. Lapham of Augusta, widely known as an editor, writer and genealogist, died of Bright's disease at the National Soldiers' home in Togus today, aged 66 years.

Is Guatemala in Trouble?

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Advices received here from Guatemala allege that the Central American republic mentioned has suspended payment, owing to the decline in silver, on its external debt.

Queen Victoria Seems Feeble.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The queen has returned to Windsor castle from Osborne, Isle of Wight. Her majesty appeared to be more feeble than usual and was supported by an Indian attendant.

No Further Use For Dadd.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—At a cabinet meeting today it was decided to recall Colonel Dadd from Dahomey, as it was considered that the country mentioned was now in a fairly tranquil condition.

The O'Connor Bill Passes.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—The O'Connor non-partisan inspector bill has passed the assembly. It provides for nonpartisan boards throughout the state.

Bank of England Discount Rate Lowered.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Bank of England's rate of discount has been reduced from 2 1/2 to 2 per cent.

MELLIN'S FOOD

FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

THE ONLY PERFECT Substitute for Mother's Milk.

Gentlemen—I use Mellin's Food both for myself and children, and think it superior to other prepared foods for promoting strength and health. Yours very truly, Mrs. G. W. SPURR.

Dear Sirs—I feel as though I had a baby that isn't well. I must tell them of Mellin's Food, as it saved my first baby and made a strong, healthy baby of my second one. Mellin's Food is all I promise. Yours very truly, Mrs. E. G. BRADY.

Gentlemen—Have been an invalid for several months and Mellin's Food is the only food I've had that I relished, and at the same time nourished and strengthened. Mrs. A. B. DAVIS.

Gentlemen—We have used Mellin's Food in our family with remarkable success for a very delicate child, other nourishment proving a failure. F. A. STRAKER.

Gentlemen—I cannot say too much in praise of Mellin's Food. I commenced using it when my baby was four weeks old; she was not well then and I feared she was going to be a sickly child, but she commenced to gain rapidly and is now a fat, healthy child, nearly six months old. Mrs. F. H. WHITTIMORE.

My baby which I fed on Mellin's Food fifteen months ago, is now a fat and healthy boy to the surprise of my friends, who all thought the child could not live. Mellin's Food saved him. Mrs. HENRY A. CROOKER.

My boy has never been sick a day since he commenced taking Mellin's Food, nor well a moment before he took it. Mrs. J. REDMOND.

our book "The Care and Feeding of Infants," mailed to anyone, anywhere.

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Grippe

Can be prevented or cured by PAIN KILLER. A teaspoonful in a little hot water or milk before retiring does the business. Easy, but effective. Invaluable also for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat and all Winter Troubles. Sold everywhere. Prepared only by PERRY DAVIS & SON, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

I HAVE JUST SECURED THE LATEST IMPORTATIONS

OF Fall and Winter Suits.

Which I will make up at the lowest cash price.

F. KOCOUR Custom Tailor

17 North Main street, Norwalk.

J. Belden Hurlbutt,

Attorney and Counselor at Law

ROOM 4, UP STAIRS,

Gazette Building, Norwalk, Co

USED A RAZOR.

A Free Fight Among the Italians.

One Man Badly Cut.

As officer Maney was patrolling his beat in South Norwalk at an early hour this morning a man came running up to him and said that Dr. Allen wanted him at his office on Washington street. The officer promptly responded and found Dr. Allen at work sewing up a long cut in the back of Cosman Megno. The officer was told that Megno had been cut with a razor during a fight between two gangs of Italians, who are working for Contractor Brown on the Consolidated Road's improvements below Whistleville. After gathering the facts the officer went outside and blew his whistle calling Captain Colegrove and Officer Pennington. The captain examined the wound, which extended six inches across the man's back. The cut on his coat when measured was found to be twelve inches in length. An artery had been cut and the man had bled profusely.

As soon as the wounded man's injuries had been cared for by Dr. Allen, Officer Maney secured a carriage and accompanied by Officer Pennington started for the barracks to arrest the man who had done the cutting. When they arrived they found that the man, who was only known as George, had fled and he was not captured. The officers, however, succeeded in arresting Joseph Armand, a friend of George, who had drawn a revolver and threatened to shoot any one who interfered with George. Armand was brought to the station house together with his self-acting French revolver. When the case was brought before Justice Barrett he fined Armand \$7 and costs and sentenced him to thirty days in jail.

As far as it could be learned it seems that the fight was between two different gangs and that George, who did the cutting, was the foreman of one of them. It is said that at one time every member of both gangs were participating in the fight, and that when the officers visited the hut they saw a number of men with black eyes and bruised faces.

There was a lively time at the Gem theatre in East Norwalk on Saturday last. Early in the afternoon Sheriff Towner visited the place with an attachment in favor of the musician, but found everything had been placed in Mrs. Kling's name and there was nothing to attach. In the evening Constable Ireland visited the Gem with another attachment in favor of the actors, but he too failed to connect. After the entertainment in the evening a dance was held, which far outdid anything ever known in quiet East Norwalk. There were three women present and about one hundred men and boys. The girls being scarce there was considerable rivalry as to which one of the men should receive a partner. During the scramble Leonard Whitney received several blows in the face from one of the actresses, and in a short time a free fight was in progress. Whiskey bottles flew around the hall, faces were battered and noses punched. The battle waxed hot for a time, but was finally stopped before anyone was killed or badly hurt.

Sudden Death.

Moses Byxbee, a well-known citizen of Norwalk, residing on France street, died very suddenly this morning. Mr. Byxbee was on his way to a house which he has recently had erected on the old Westport road. When in front of the County Children's Home he was suddenly taken with a hemorrhage and dropped to the ground, bleeding profusely from the mouth. He was taken into the residence of Mrs. George Low near by and soon after expired.

Some months since the deceased was engaged in digging a well and in removing a large stone he suffered a strain which resulted in a hemorrhage. He however regained his wonted health, and had not since suffered any ill consequences from the accident.

This morning to a friend who asked him as to how he was feeling, he answered "Never felt better in my life."

Mr. Byxbee leaves a wife and two children—Mr. Frederick Byxbee and Mrs. Frederick Scofield.

A Coming Event.

Invitations have been issued by Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Bartram for the marriage of their daughter Jessie to Ray Washburn of Jersey City. The ceremony is to occur at the residence of the bride's parents in Bridgeport, Thursday evening, March 1, at 6 o'clock. Only members of the families and immediate friends are invited. Miss Bartram is a society belle, exceedingly agreeable and highly accomplished.

What Will I Do.

Medical writers claim that the successful remedy for nasal catarrh must be non-irritating, easy of application, and one that will reach the remote sores and ulcerated surfaces. The history of the efforts to treat catarrh is proof positive that only one remedy has completely met these conditions, and that is Ely's Cream Balm. This safe and pleasant remedy has mastered catarrh as nothing else has ever done, and both physicians and patients freely concede this fact. Our druggists keep it.

Enough For A Necklace.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Gregory had stewed oysters among other things for breakfast Sunday morning. As Mrs. Gregory attempted to cut a large oyster which seemed inclined to stick to the bottom of the plate, the oyster-spoon came in contact with some hard substance. Investigation showed that the oyster had sixty-five pearls in its inside pocket. Enough for a necklace.

The Weekly Record says there is little improvement in the real estate market. For the week ending Feb. 16th Norwalk is credited with no real estate sales and mortgages to the amount of \$3,650. The corresponding week last year the number of sales was 6 and the amount of mortgages \$3,200.

Charles Rowe was thrown from a double-ripper on Spring Hill Saturday night, but fortunately escaped injury, although his clothing was considerably torn. The double-ripper is a menace to life as well as a bugbear to those who coast on single sleds. The use of the same ought to be prohibited.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. James McQuillan of Prospect avenue, Sunday night.

A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry L. Spicer of Wilton avenue, Saturday.

Man has but little here below,

Let him enjoy it.

A man who has good digestion can enjoy life under almost any conditions.

The Dyspeptic.

however, is continually miserable. No amount of prosperity or indulgence can make him otherwise. Life becomes a burden and he looks upon the dark side of everything with the eyes of a pessimist. Nothing will restore him to the proper condition to enjoy life until his digestive organs are set to rights.

Allen's Sarsaparilla

is guaranteed to do it if taken faithfully. No cure, no pay. Sold by all dealers.

S. of T.

Concord Division, S. of T., gave a splendid entertainment Monday evening, which was greatly enjoyed by all present. The first number on the programme was an orchestral selection by Messrs. Richmond and Worden. This was followed by recitation of the "Irish Philosopher" in one of Mr. Greenwood's happiest moods, after which the orchestra made all glad that you and I and the rest of us were present. Fred. Merrill then got sweet music out of flower pots, plates, lamp chimneys, etc. Harry Mitchell and a young man named Hoyt appeared in a farce that threatened to annihilate all and would have done so had not the orchestra taken in the situation and commenced to play a melody that would put a frog to sleep. Then followed another farce in which Fred. Hoyt was "Damon" and Harry Byington, "Pythias." Had either Damon or Pythias been present he would certainly have enjoyed the lunch served after the entertainment, and craved the pardon of the two reporters who drank coffee.

A Norwalk Man Robbed.

A man named Smith, belonging in Norwalk, drove to this city Saturday afternoon and left his horse and sleigh standing on Elm street. Returning in a couple of hours he found that the robe and his overcoat, which he had left in the sleigh, were missing. The robe he discovered hanging across a fence near by, and the overcoat was found further down the street. The pockets had been rifled and several dollars taken from a pocketbook in one of the pockets. It is thought the thief intended to carry off the robe and coat, but fearing detection, changed his mind and cleaned out the pockets of the coat instead.—Stamford Advocate.

Obituary.

SHERMAN P. FITCH.

Sherman P. Fitch, aged 71 years, a native and life long resident of Wilton, died suddenly last night while sitting at the supper table. Mr. Fitch in his earlier years was engaged in mercantile business in Wilton, and was for many years town clerk. In the early part of the '60's he obtained a position in the New York Custom House which he retained until 1888. Mr. Fitch was a dignified and courteous gentleman, a most genial host and in all the various relations of life the measure of duty was heaped high.

Sore Tongues.

Is it any wonder that there are so many sore tongues in town when it is taken into consideration that during the year 1893 there were sold from the local post office 202,155 Columbian postage-stamps and 134,770 of the ordinary kind, making a total of 336,925 stamps sold. If the ordinary boy got the licking those stamps did—well, it would have been a horrible punishment.

25 Cents Will Buy A Wife

or mother a bottle of Dr. Hand's Colic Cure at any drug store. Mrs. S. W. Merrill, of Fairdale, N. Y., says: "Dr. Hand's Colic Cure is far in advance of any remedy of the kind I ever used. It will quiet baby when she is screaming with pain." Ask some mother who has used this remedy about it. When your baby is cross and fretful while teething apply Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion to the gums. Sold by all druggists, 25 cents.

Respectfully yours,
J. T. PROWITT,
Chief Engineer.

Mr. William Mitchell has leased the Gen. Couch cottage on Isaacs street and will move into the same April 1st.

Mother Gray's Sweet Worm Powders.

Mother Gray, a nurse in the Children's Home in New York, has for years treated children successfully with a remedy, now prepared and placed in the drug stores, called Mother Gray's Sweet Worm Powders. They are sold by druggists at 25c a package. They remove all worms, are harmless as milk, pleasant to take and never fail. Valuable for feverishness, constipation and headache, even if no worms are present. Ask your druggist.

The Consolidated railroad has established a post office in its new building in New Haven for the handling of its large quantity of mail.

Two million seven hundred and fifty postage stamps were sold at the Bridgeport postoffice, during the year 1893.

A Favorite Remedy for La Grippe.

"During the epidemic of la grippe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy took the lead here and was much better liked than other cough medicine." H. M. Bangs, druggist, Chatsworth, Ill. The grip is much the same as a very severe cold and requires precisely the same treatment. This remedy is prompt and effectual and will prevent any tendency of the disease toward pneumonia. For sale by Gregory & Co., druggists.

Bethel is to have two new brick school-houses.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no Pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale by F. R. Hale

Men Don't Understand.

"No man ever suffered a single pang like unto woman."

"Women, therefore, gladly turn to a woman for sympathy, counsel, and help in their peculiar troubles."

"Lydia E. Pinkham deserves the confidences showered upon her by thousands. Her Vegetable Compound has done more for women than any other remedy."

"The great cause of woman's misery is in her womb. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound goes direct to the source of trouble, drives out disease, and cures backache, fainting, despondency, bloating, ovarian troubles, and leucorrhœa."

"I would have been in my grave if I had not taken Mrs. Pinkham's medicine."—Mrs. Hannah Hyde, Bethel, Ind.

All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS. Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25 cents.

See the World's Fair for Fifteen Cents.

Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our Souvenir Portfolio of the World's Columbian Exposition. The regular price is fifty cents, but as we want you to have one, we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized. It contains full page views of the great buildings, with description of same, and is executed in highest style of art. If not satisfied with it, after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, Ill.

The Connecticut river is now free from ice.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. H. R. Hale's drug store.

The canal at Stamford is to be filled in at a cost of \$6,500.

Dr. Hale's Household Ointment.

is the finest remedy in the world. It absolutely cures Catarrh. It cures Neuralgia and Rheumatism. Cures Piles like magic. Cures Salt Rheum in the most soothing manner. Cures Inflamed and Granulated Eyelids. Cures Coughs and Croup. Can be taken internally. A positive specific for Pneumonia. Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Chilblains, Sores of long standing. Corns and Bunions are cured quickly, different from all else; superior to all else; it has no equal. 25 and 50c. boxes. Large size cheapest. Sold at H. R. Hale's drug store.

Danbury's annual city election takes place Monday, March 26th.

O. N. Rogers,

Of Adams, N. Y., ate nothing but dry bread for three years on account of that terrible disease, Dyspepsia. He states that he was entirely cured by Dr. Hale's Household Tea and can now eat anything. This greatest medicine known is sold at 25 and 50 cents per package at H. R. Hale's drug store.

The Anchor Paper Mill Co., a New Windsor Locks concern, began operations Tuesday.

Mrs. H. C. Rhea,

of Millford, Neb., says she suffered greatly from a complication of diseases of female weakness and liver and kidney troubles. Her health was fully restored by using Dr. Hale's Household Tea, the most pleasant and most effective medicine known. 25c. and 50c. per package at H. R. Hale's drug store.

Two schooners have arrived from Baltimore, with 8,000 bushels of oyster shells for the lime works of H. A. Stevens, of New Haven.

A child of Mrs. Wm. Kelsey, of Waverly, N. Y., had contracted a severe cold. Mrs. Kelsey procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy which she gave as directed, with the best results. She says: "I believe it to be the best I have ever used." There is no danger in giving this remedy to children as it contains nothing injurious. Then it can always be depended upon for colds, croup and whooping cough, which makes it a great favorite with mothers for their children. For sale by Gregory & Co., Druggists.

CITY OF NORWALK.

A Quiet Meeting But Considerable

Business Done.

Estimated City Expenses \$38,150.

A regular meeting of the City Council was held Monday evening, his honor the Mayor and a full board being present. The following bills were ordered paid: D. Connelly, \$14.87; M. McMillen, \$1.50; Martin Kellogg, \$24; E. Burdick, \$1.05; James Montgomery, \$1.20; P. McCarthy, 50c.; M. Kinsella, 75c.; John Cloughery, \$1.05; Charles Steeb, \$1.50; John Monahan, \$1.05; Levi Burdick, \$6; L. R. June, \$12; G. L. Northrop, \$18; A. A. Martin, \$18; Wallace Dunn, \$32.50; NORWALK GAZETTE, \$26.50; Asa Fancher, \$10; D. S. Curtis, \$10; E. H. Whitworth, \$35.75.

The paying of the above bills was followed by a petition from the reporters of the several newspapers asking for better table accommodations. The prayer was referred to Councilman Boyer with power.

The report of the city treasurer was read and accepted.

A communication from Hope Hose company was presented and laid on the table.

Councilman Osborn as chairman of the committee on police reported on the claims of the ex-police. He was of the opinion that if the court had power to hire they also had power to discharge or discipline. They, the ex-officers, had appeared before the court, and at least one of the number had resigned. The police committee were unanimous in not recognizing the claims presented. The report was accepted and it was a unanimous vote that the claims be not entertained.

Councilman Boyer reported favorably on the clerk of the Water Commissioners bond, and was sustained by the Council.

Constable Grube was appointed to succeed his father as constable at the Grube reservoir.

The Water Commissioners reported a balance in the treasury, Jan. 1st, 1894, of \$4,447.25, less an outstanding indebtedness of \$3,908.30.

H. H. Dutcher presented a claim for damages, the result of a fall on an icy sidewalk on Lewis street. No action was taken in the matter.

The bonds of H. P. Price as city treasurer, D. Warren Fitch, E. J. Hill, O. E. Wilson and E. H. Lockwood, qualifying were accepted.

A communication from the Gamewell Fire Alarm company stating that they were willing "to do right" by the city in replacing certain boxes and accepting the same for old iron was read and tabled.

Councilman Wheeler brought to attention the claim of the Norwalk Gas Light company against what was the borough of Norwalk and suggested that a committee be appointed to make a settlement in which all concerned would be benefitted, or at least that a "feasible" settlement be brought about.

It was voted that the city defend the claim of Sarah M. Hall for damages against the city for injuries received by a fall on the walk in front of the Norwalk hotel some months since.

Mayor Keeler granted permission for coasting on the hill leading into Maple street but wisely barred out the use of the deadly double-ripper.

Councilman Pinneo stated that he had received complaints from the residents in the vicinity of the Electric Light Plant that the company were throwing their exhaust steam into the sewer on Wilton avenue, as detrimental to the health of those living in the neighborhood, and it was voted that the company be instructed to discontinue the nuisance.

The committee on fire department matters reported progress, and the committee and their work was continued.

Chairman of the police committee Osborn reported that there was clothing at the police headquarters that might be utilized for the benefit of the poor and he was instructed to utilize to that end.

City Clerk Lockwood offered a suggestion which finally became a "law," that the police turn over all monies that come into their possession through arrests or judgments by the trying justices, to the city treasurer, and afterward draw the fees due them from the treasurer. The suggestion was formed into a resolution and so passed.

Councilman Osborn made a motion that all bills be properly audited before being paid. The motion was quite proper and consequently received the full approbation of the Council.

Councilman Wheeler, raked up what he called "ancient history" in reference to a vote passed at a borough meeting, duly called, etc., at which meeting it was voted that a sewer be constructed on Butler street. He said that he had been "beautifully let down on" by the Court of Burgesses, all of whom possibly wished him no harm; nevertheless he wished the present councilmen to know that he had not forgotten the edict of the borough meeting. His "prayer" was referred to the committee on sewers.

The different committees reported as follows on the expenses of the city government for the ensuing year:

Finance,	\$18,000
*Sewers,	2,000
Police,	4,400
Highway,	5,000
*Fire,	2,000
Lights,	6,750

*Sewers—outside of new construction.

*Fire—outside of proposed expenditure of \$3,000 for improvements.

It was voted that a call for the annual city meeting to be held on Monday, March 5th, be published in the Norwalk GAZETTE and the Norwalk Hour.

The council adjourned to meet at 7:30 on Monday, March 5th.

O. E. WILSON

General Insurance and Real Estate Agt

MONEY TO LOAN.

Stocks, Bonds, etc., Bought and Sold, on Loans Negotiated at Lowest Rates of Interest

ROOM 3, GAZETTE BUILDING

Common Oatmeal

Is little better than starch, which means indigestion, rough skin, and baldness.

H-O Hornby's Oatmeal

The starches are by a peculiar application of steam converted into sugar. It is the one digestible oatmeal.



People Who Weigh and Compare

Know and get the best. Cottolene, the new vegetable shortening, has won a wide and wonderful popularity. At its introduction it was submitted to expert chemists, prominent physicians and famous cooks. All of these pronounced

Cottolene

a natural, healthful and acceptable food-product, better than lard for every cooking purpose.

The success of Cottolene is now a matter of history. Will you share in the better food and better health for which it stands, by using it in your home?

Avoid imitations—countless—worthless. Stick to COTTOLENE.

Sold in 5 and 15 pound pails.

Made only by
N. K. FAIRBANKS & CO.,
CHICAGO, AND
Produce Exchange, New York
224 State St., Boston.



A VETERAN'S VERDICT.

The War is Over. A Well-known Soldier, Correspondent and Journalist Makes a Disclosure.

Indiana contributed her thousands of brave soldiers to the war, and no state bears a better record in that respect than it does. In literature it is rapidly acquiring an enviable place. In war and literature Solomon Yewell, well known as a writer as "Sol," has won an honorable position. During the late war he was a member of Co. M, 2d N. Y. Cavalry and of the 13th Indiana Infantry Volunteers. Regarding an important circumstance he writes as follows: "Several of us old veterans here are using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve, Heart Cure and Nerve and Liver Pills, all of them giving splendid satisfaction. In fact, we have never used remedies that compare with them. Of the Pills we must say they are the best combination of the qualities required in a preparation of their nature we have ever known. We have none but words of praise for them. They are the outgrowth of a new principle in medicine, and tone up the system wonderfully. We say to all, try these remedies."—Solomon Yewell, Marion, Ind., Dec. 5, 1892. These remedies are sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, \$1 per bottle, six bottles \$5, express prepaid. They positively contain neither opiates nor dangerous drugs.

Sold by H. R. Hale, Norwalk and Geo. C. Stillson, South Norwalk.

A BARGAIN

I have two very desirable Building Lots, centrally located, in a genteel neighborhood, five minutes walk from the bridge, that I will sell at Slaughtered Prices, to close an estate. Apply to : : : : :

G. A. FRANKE, AGENT.

J. D. Jennings,
Undertaker,
4 KNIGHT STREET,
(opposite Horse Railroad Depot
Night Bell at Office.

The New York Weekly Tribune

AND

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE

One Year,

ONE DOLLAR.

Address all orders to the GAZETTE.

JOB PRINTING

THE BEST

THAT CAN BE DONE,

AT THE

Office of the WEEKLY GAZETTE.

THE D. M. READ COMPANY.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

Blanket Sale for February.

B
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SA 5lb Snow Flake Blanket,
Size 60x72, Price 99c6-lb Snow Fla Blanket,
Size 68x72, Price \$1.50A 6-lb White Blanket, in light cot-
ton warp,
Size 63x78, Price \$2 00A 5-lb White Wool Blanket,
Size 60x72, Price \$2.50A 6-lb White Wool Blanket, extra
long wool,
Size 63x78, Price \$3.50A 6-lb White Wool Blanket, extra
long wool,
Size 72x78, Price \$3.98A Heavy White All-Wool Blanket,
good value at \$5 00
Size 72x75, Price \$4.49A Heavy White All Wool Blanket,
Size 72x78, Price \$5.00A Pure White Wool Blanket,
Size 72x80, Price \$5.98A Heavy Blue Grey Blanket,
At \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.85B
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SThis is a Special Sale of Blankets, and housekeepers can save
money by giving this Sale their immediate attention.

THE D. M. READ COMPANY.

DOWN THEY GO.

Prices to suit the times in

Children's Suits and Reefers

New Goods but must go if prices will make them. A
wholesale cut. Some suits one-half, others less than
one-half price.

Children's odd pants from 25c up.

Men's furnishing goods, hats and caps.

Look at our

50-CENT
UNLAUNDERED
SHIRT!Can fit all as we have five lengths of sleeve from 30 to
34-inch inclusive.

W. A. BENEDICT

WASHINGTON STREET

SENTINEL BUILDING, SOUTH NORWALK.

JUST ARRIVED.

Several car loads each of FANCY TIMOTHY HAY,
CHOICE YELLOW CORN, HEAVY
CLIPPED WHITE OATS.
ALL GRADES MIDDINGS, WHITE WHEAT
BRAN, CHICKEN WHEAT.
Call and get prices.

The Holmes, Keeler & Selleck Co., Wholesale Grocers.

ENGRAVING!

FOR

BIRTH AND WEDDING INVITATIONS

Leave your orders at

GAZETTE OFFICE.

Agony is annoyance
concentrated.Beecham's
Pills(Worth
a Guinea
a Box.)

(Tasteless)

are concentrated
remedies for the
annoyance of
Indigestion or the
Agony of Dyspepsia.
25 cents a box.

53

ROBBED OF \$25,000.

Thieves Overpower a Chicago Capitalist
and Escape in the Crowd.CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—The man who was
robbed of \$25,000 in the Wabash avenue
cable car at Twelfth street was R. Clark
Forsyth, a real estate broker and capital-
ist, with an office at 445 Rookery building.
The pickpockets stole a purse containing
\$500 in cash and papers valued at \$25,000
and jumped from the car, escaping in the
crowd.James Cunningham, conductor, tells this
story: "The man was standing on the rear
platform of my car on the open side, with
his back against the car window.""The three thieves knocked his hat off,
and when he stooped to recover it the thief
at his right seized him by the neck and
held him down while the man in front
pulled his coat over his head and found the
pocketbook which contained the money."

Fought With Two Footpads.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 23.—Dr. Francis M.
Abbott was seriously wounded in a pitched
battle with two footpads near the center of
the city. When they demanded his cash
at the points of their revolvers, he drew
his own weapon. One of the robbers fired
in his face, but missed him. Abbott fired,
wounding the first robber, who fled. The
second then fired three shots and fled. One
took effect in Abbott's side and may prove
fatal. The police arrested one of the men,
who gave his name as John James of St.
Louis.

May End the Lockout.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 23.—The miners and
operators of the Massillon coal district
will hold a joint meeting at Massillon to-
morrow afternoon to learn if something
cannot be done to settle the lockout. The
operators posted a notice several weeks
ago that they would make a 20 per cent
cut in wages. The miners refused to
accept, and about 4,000 of them were
locked out.

The Aquidaban Fired On.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—A dispatch from Rio
de Janeiro dated Feb. 21 says: "The insur-
gent steamer Aquidaban, upon departing
from Rio bay at 4 o'clock this morning,
was observed by the government forts and
fired upon. She was frequently hit, but
passed out apparently not seriously dam-
aged. The Aquidaban, accompanied by the
Republica, sailed southward."

Glendyffe to Be Sold.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—Hamilton Fish, Jr.,
announced today that he would not con-
tinue to occupy the historic mansion where
his father lies. Glendyffe, the well known
country seat of the Fish family near Gar-
rison's, in Putnam county, is to be sold.
The estate contains nearly 500 acres of land
on the Hudson opposite West Point.

Mansfield Coal Rioters Sentenced.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 23.—The Mansfield coal
region rioters were sentenced today by
Judge Ewing. Of the 35 foreigners con-
victed, seven were sentenced to the peni-
tentiary for terms ranging from 15 months
to two years and six months, and 28 were
sent to the workhouse for terms ranging
from two months to one year.

Rioting in Providence.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 23.—Because a num-
ber of men employed by the relief commit-
tee on the streets of this city refused to
join a strike to resist an increase in their
hours of labor they were hammered with
shovels and picks in the hands of the strik-
ers and severely injured. The police were
called.

Civil Service Reform at Harvard.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 23.—A mass
meeting of students was held here to in-
augurate a civil service movement at Har-
vard. A. R. Stone of the law school was
elected chairman. The object is to further
the progress of civil service reform among
young men before leaving college.

Paul Jones Arrested.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 23.—While Paul
Jones, the globe trotter, was dispensing
cigars at a local drug store Lawyer T. F. L.
McDonnell served a writ of arrest for debt
upon him and took him to the Narragan-
sett hotel. Mr. Jones settled the bill.

Workingman Named For Mayor.

AUBURN, Me., Feb. 23.—A citizens' caucus
composed chiefly of labor union men
nominated Fred L. Blake, secretary to the
International Shoeworkers' union, for
mayor by a vote of 202 to 61 against the
Democratic candidate.

Wilhelm's Gift to Bismarck.

BERLIN, Feb. 23.—The emperor has pre-
sented Prince Bismarck with a series of
sketches, made by himself, showing the
differences in the armor plates of the war-
ships of the German navy and the navies
of other nations.

Mrs. Martin May Die.

TRENTON, Feb. 23.—Mrs. Martin, who
was stabbed in the cheek with a butcher
knife by her husband, who cut his throat
and died soon after committing the deed,
is in a critical condition today and may
not recover.

Long Distance Walkers From New York.

LATROP, Cal., Feb. 23.—Ludwig Blohs
and August Jakobi, long distance walkers
from New York to San Francisco, 190 days
en route, stopped here tonight. They ex-
pect to reach their destination Friday
night.

A Large Steamship Ashore.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The steamship Ori-
zaba, from Vera Cruz, reports having
passed a large steamship ashore near All-
igator lighthouse. She had a black funnel
with yellow band.

A School Furniture Factory Burned.

GOSHEN, Ind., Feb. 23.—The main fac-
tory of the Noble Manufacturing company,
manufacturers of school furniture, was
burned. The loss is about \$30,000; insur-
ance, \$20,000.

Resignation of a Prelate.

ROME, Feb. 23.—The prefect of the prop-
aganda has forwarded a letter to Arch-
bishop Salpointe of Santa Fe formally ac-
cepting the resignation of that prelate.

Yale Will Not Participate.

BOSTON, Feb. 23.—It is now announced
that Yale will not take part in the fencing
tournament for the championship of New
England in this city this spring.

To Purify Boston Politics.

BOSTON, Feb. 23.—At the meeting of the
new Municipal league of Boston to purify
city politics the temporary organization
was made permanent.

Fatal Explosion in Belgium.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 23.—Several persons were
killed and a number injured at Wetteren
by the explosion of a powder magazine.

The Weather.

Generally fair, with possibly local show-
ers; variable winds.

Read the GAZETTE.

THE MUTUAL LIFE
INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW YORK,

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

IS THE

LARGEST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

IN THE WORLD.

ASSETS OVER 186,000,000.

INCOME.

Received for Premiums,	\$33,594,337 98	
Received from all other Sources,	8,358,807 70	\$41,953,145 68

DISBURSEMENTS.

To Policy-Holders,	\$20,885,472 40	
For all other Accounts,	9,484,567 47	\$30,370,039 87

ASSETS.

United States Bonds and other Securities,	\$72,936,322 41
First lien Loans on Bonds and Mortgage,	70,729,938 93
Loans on Stocks and Bonds,	7,497,200 00
Real Estate	18,089,918 69
Cash in Banks and Trust Companies,	10,844,691 72
Accrued Interest, Deferred Premiums, etc.,	6,609,608 39
	\$186,707,680 14
Reserve for Policies and other Liabilities,	168,755,071 23
Surplus,	\$17,952,608 91

Insurance and Annuities assumed and renewed 708,692,552 40

NOTE---Insurance merely written is discarded from this
statement as wholly misleading, and only insurance ac-
tually issued and paid for in cash is included.I have carefully examined the foregoing statement and
find the same to be correct. CHAS. A. PRELLER, Auditor

ROBERT A. GRANNISS, Vice-President.

WALTER R. GILLETTE, General Manager.	
ISAAC F. LLOYD, Second Vice-President,	
WILLIAM J. EASTON, Secretary,	
FREDERICK SCHROEDER, Assistant Secretary,	
JAMES TIMPSON, 2d Ass't Treas.	
HENRY E. DUNCAN, Jr., Cor. Sec.	
EDWARD P. HOLDEN, Assistant Cashier,	
EDWARD LYMAN SHORT, Gen. Solicitor,	
WM. W. RICHARDS, Comptroller,	
MEDICAL DIRECTORS—GUSTAVUS S. WINSTON M. D.	
E. J. MARSH, M. D.	
GRANVILLE M. WHITE, M. D.	

JOHN W. NICHOLS,

New Haven, Gen. Agt. for State of Conn.

Ira R. Morley,

Special Agent, Norwalk

OLD AND RELIABLE
DAILY DIRECT
FREIGHT LINE
BETWEEN
New York,
South Norwalk
and Norwalk, Ct.
THE PROPRIETORS
City of Norwalk and Eagle

Will leave Pier 23, East River (Beekman New York), at 5 p. m. daily; Sundays excepted. Freight received from 7 a. m. until 5 p. m. Returning boats leave Norwalk at 5 p. m. and South Norwalk at 6:30 p. m. Upon application to agents the City of Norwalk and the Eagle will be sent for special cargo freight, anywhere in New York or local. All persons are forbidden trusting any of the employees of the boats of this line on account of the owners thereof.



WORTH LOOKING AT.
and therefore looked at by everyone—our display of new styles in furniture. The stock fairly scintillates with newness and bristles with bargains. Our goods are always worth more than we ask for them, and that's our way of creating trade and keeping it. Don't go where you'll only see an exhibition of what you don't want, but come and inspect our aggregation of novelties, which embraces all the latest things in bedroom suits, dining room furniture and kitchen outfits. If you want to see what prices look like after a squeeze, just come to our store, 17 Main street.

Re-Upholstering and Repairing Done.

MRS. F. A. BATES
DRESSMAKER.
22 WALL STREET NORWALK

We Dye to live,
While others live to die;
The longer we live,
The better we Dye.
The more we Dye,
The better we live.

C. P. Tocque & Son.,
Dyers and Cleaners
OF LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S
GARMENTS!
Made up or ripped to look like new
Kid Gloves, Cleaned, 10 Cents Up.
All goods done at the shortest notice.
Office and Dye Works:
Broad River, : : : Norwalk.
Goods called for and delivered free of charge.
Lace Curtains Cleaned.
ORDERS can be Left at Betts & Far-
rington's Store on Wall Street.

Pennsylvania Railroad.
Personally-Conducted
Pleasure Tours.

FLORIDA January 30th, February 13th and 27th, March 13th and 27th. Two weeks in the land of flowers on the first four tours, with tickets for as long as four weeks until May 31st. Special train of Pullman sleeping and dining cars. Rate from New York \$30.00, from Philadelphia \$45.00. Proportionate rates from other points.
WASHINGTON January 18th, February 8th, March 1st and 22nd, April 12th and May 3rd and 24th. Three day tours to the National Capitol, covering railroad fare and hotel accommodation. Rate from New York \$13.00 and \$13.50, from Philadelphia \$11.00.
Tourist agent and chaperon accompany each party.
For tickets, itineraries, and full information apply to tourist agent, 233 South Fourth street, Philadelphia; 1196 Broadway, N. Y.; 800 Fulton street, Brooklyn, or 205 Washington street, Boston.
S. M. PREVOST, Gen. Mgr.; J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.; GEO. W. BOYD, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.

Horse Shoeing.
THE undersigned has taken the shop in the front of J. T. Raby's on Cross street, and is prepared to do Horse Shoeing in a first class manner.
JOHN T. LYCETT.

6 6 6 6 6 6

PEOPLE

SAY
THE
BEST
AND
CHEAPEST
PLACE
TO
BUY
MEATS
IS
AT
NO. 6
WATER
STREET,
OPPOSITE
THE
LUMBER
YARD.

CAN YOU CUT?

If so, cut this out and bring it with you, it will entitle you to a discount of 25 per cent. on all goods purchased during the month of February, 1894.

H. H. WILLIAMS,
15 Wall Street.

FAT PEOPLE

Park Obesity Pills will reduce your weight PERMANENTLY from 12 to 15 pounds a month. NO STARVING sickness or injury. NO PURGATIVE. They build up the health and beautify the complexion leaving no wrinkles or flabbiness. Stout abdomens, difficult breathing surely relieved. No experiment but a scientific and positive relief, adopted only after five years experience. All orders supplied direct from our office. Price \$2.00 per package or three packages for \$5.00 by mail postpaid. Testimonials and particulars (sealed) 2cts.
All Correspondence Strictly Confidential.
PARK REMEDY CO., Boston, Mass.

An Amateur Tinker's Experience.
A well known merchant of this city, who is of a saving disposition and of a mechanical turn of mind, has an inclination to attempt to do everything. He considers nothing well done that he does not do himself. The other evening one of the clocks at his home refused to keep time, so he thought he would repair it. He had repaired many a clock before and had not the least doubt of his skill. He took all the wheels and pinions apart and cleaned them. This occupied the entire evening, and when he retired he dumped all the cogwheels and parts of the clock into a drawer in his desk. The merchant is unfortunate, at least at this time, in possessing a son of mischievous disposition who happened to come across the drawer full of wheels. He knew what his father had been doing and thought he would have a little fun. He went to his room where he had a wheel that had been taken from another clock and placed this in the drawer with the other "fixings." That night the father commenced his work of putting the separate parts together. He tried it several times, but always had one wheel left over. The next night he tried the problem once more. Again he failed. For two weeks he puzzled over his mechanical problem, always having a wheel left over for which he could not account. Finally the son, who had been enjoying the sport, told his parent of his little joke. Then he wished he had made no confession.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Branches and Mustangs.
Tenderfoot, by the way, are very apt to mix up the terms "broncho" and "mustang." The mustang is literally a wild horse—that is, one whose forefathers have never been in captivity and whose ancestry is believed to be derived from the horses of the old Spanish invaders—while the bronchos are the children of cow ponies, or horses which have been used and which have been turned out on the range for the purpose of breeding. These horses are branded, and the colts belong to the man whose brand is on the mother. Horses are rounded up every year, and the colts are caught and branded by the owners of the mares with which they are found running, and when they become of breakable age they are taken by the men whose brand they bear. Of course there is more or less of false branding, but where a "hustler" is found engaged in this industry he is generally sent to a place where horses are not supposed to exist and where there is no temptation for him to indulge the fad.—New York Mail and Express.

Don't Crowd the Auctioneer.
There is a diamond of rare value and fine water lying in the heart of the Bank of England vaults that has come to England from the Orange Free State, where it was found by a miner. The stone weighs nearly 800 carats and is the largest in the world. There is evidently to be some competition between would be buyers, among whom is the German emperor. The value of the diamond when it was estimated by the Free State government mine inspector was \$25,000, but the price now put upon it is \$1,000,000.—London Court Journal.

AMUSEMENTS.

Grand Concert
First M. E. Church,
Tuesday Evening, Feb. 27
AT 8 O'CLOCK.

The New York Ladies' Quartet
Mr. Frank Damrosch, Director.
Miss Elizabeth Cornelia Gaffney,
Miss Laura Halstead Graves,
Miss Emma L. Potts,
Miss Zora Gladys Horlocker.
assisted by
Mr. Ericsson F. Bushnell, Bass,
Mr. Richard T. Percy, Accompanist.
Tickets 35 and 50c. Doors will not be open until 7:30.

OPERA HOUSE
NORWALK.
ONE NIGHT ONLY.
Tuesday Evening, February 27th.
Nothing old but the name. Everybody's favorite Funny Show.

Peck's Bad Boy.
After Supper Go and See It.
This year better than ever.
NEW SPECIALTIES,
FUNNY COMEDIANS,
GRACEFUL DANCERS,
PRETTY GIRLS.
An Extraordinary Singing Company.
Success breeds imitators. This is the original version. Reserved seats now on sale at Gregory's drug store Norwalk, and Cook's drug store South Norwalk.
Prices 35, 50, 75.

Friday, Feb. 23.
FREE EYE EXAMINATION.
DISTANT NEAR
DISTANT NEAR
E. HOUSEWORTH
EYE SPECIALIST.
Will visit Norwalk on above date and will make no charge to examine eyes. All glasses guaranteed with prices to suit the times. His way of fitting the eyes is as different from others as day and night.
A. W. Austin's Jewelry Store.

SOUTH NORWALK.

R. D'Aitais is moving to Stamford to-day.
Miss Eva Richards of Chestnut street is visiting friends in Newark, N. J.
The Jerome May Banjo club will be at the City hotel, to-morrow night.
Mr. B. Cobb, a former well-known tailor of Norwalk, is visiting friends in East Norwalk.
Officer Maney last evening served notice on John DeNicola to quit the premises occupied by him on Lowe street.
Mrs. Frances McEwen, widow of W. K. McEwen, the well known hat manufacturer in this city, who died suddenly some years ago at Yonkers, died in Bridgewater on Tuesday.
Undertaker Gregory, this morning, buried the remains of James Healy and James Whaley who were struck and killed by a locomotive near Whistleville early Wednesday morning.

Captain James Donnelly of the barge Popolink, Mate Donnelly, Steward Smith, and "Spikes," president of the Growlers, celebrated Washington's birthday by pitching pennies.
The Italians working on the four-tracking improvements below Whistleville struck for an increase of pay on Thursday, and being refused by the contractor they stopped work. They were receiving \$1.15 per day and struck for \$1.25.
The Consolidated road has issued an order to the conductors of the road that hereafter they will be required to have their time-pieces examined and regulated a specified period during the year, under the direction of the officials of the road.

The police picked up 12 year-old Henry Cockefer last night and put him to bed at the Mahackemo. Young Cockefer said that he had been driven out of the house by his step-mother. He is the youngster, who with an older brother, was arrested some time ago for horse stealing. His brother is at the Reform school.

The O. U. A. M. celebrated Washington's birthday at their lodge room last night. Rev. G. Haulenbeck made the opening address and George Whelpley recited the "American flag." An orchestra present entertained the meeting with excellent music. Supper was served after which dancing was indulged in.

Nellie La Blench, better known as "Boots," mistook the public streets for her boudoir last night and began to disrobe. Officer Gladstone appeared on the scene and despite his blushes was compelled to lock her up. This morning Justice Barrett gave her 60 days for drunkenness and breach of the peace.

Chief Vollmer went to Armonk, N. Y., yesterday and secured Nelson Tuttle's horse which was stolen from Railroad Square Tuesday night. The thief, Frank Darl, was given a thirty days sentence in New York state and in the meantime a requisition will be obtained and the thief brought here for trial as soon as he is released.

G. Washington Gladstone's callopie is in danger. The new night clerk, Rooney, at the Adam's Express company's office startled the city with his high soprano voice last night in calling off freight. Pedestrians and police all stopped to listen to his melodious voice and it is dollars to doughnuts that he and G. Wash will come together before many moons.

The thirteenth annual masquerade ball of the Germania Sengerbund at their hall on the Washington street bridge Wednesday evening was a flatly demonstrated success, as the crowded room fully demonstrated. Prof. Heine's orchestra, which is always good, far outdid themselves in the rendition of numerous choice selections. The tableaux were elegantly presented and well received and the costumes were indeed gorgeous. There were twenty-four numbers on the programme and when at the end of the familiar strains of "Home, Sweet Home" were heard all were loath to depart. To the several committee having the affair in charge belongs the credit for the success of the thirteenth annual ball.

Artesian Wells In South Dakota.
Mr. Duncan McFarlane of South Dakota was talking of the great artesian wells fed, it is supposed, by snow from the Rockies, following the porous sandstone at a depth of from 800 to 1,500 feet below the surface of the ground, and told many interesting stories. He instanced one case of a town's having bored for water, and after hard work having secured a well from which the water would hardly rise to the surface. One Sunday, though, the well broke loose, and as the water flowed away under the snow its course could be marked by the steam rising into the air. The water made its way to a farm a few miles from town and there settled. The owner came post haste to town, and consulting a lawyer was told that he had a first rate basis for damages. The suit was instituted. The snow disappeared, the water had been controlled finally by the town, and the farm remained a great mudbank. The farmer was almost in despair, but finally decided to put in a crop anyhow. Hot weather came, and the country suffered for rain. That mudbank contained a sufficient deposit of moisture, and the crop was in fine condition. The farmer made his way again to town. "Say, Jim," he remarked to his attorney, "how is that suit getting along?" "Oh, it is coming along all right," was the reply, "but I believe the court will deduct the amount of the damages from the price of your crop and award the rest of your profits to the town."—Washington News.

TAKE
AYER'S
the Only
Sarsaparilla
AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.
IT LEADS
ALL OTHER
BLOOD
Purifiers.

A BAD SCALP DISEASE
Scaly Eruptions on Head. Bleeding When Hair Was Combed. Physicians Tried. No Success. Cured by Cuticura.

Our little daughter of four years was troubled with a disease of the scalp. It looked at first like a heavy dandruff which we undertook to comb off, but found that these attempts would start bleeding. We applied to different physicians without success, until at last tried the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and by using your CUTICURA with CUTICURA SOAP, this scalp raised eruption entirely disappeared after three applications, and had no more trouble with it for a year, when it showed up again. We applied it as before, after which it has never given us any more trouble. Am well pleased with the success we had with the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and would cheerfully recommend them in similar cases.
EDWARD KRANICH, Plantsville, Conn.

ITCHING AND BURNING
I have been troubled with Eczema for years, and the best medical help in Boston, and all failed to give me relief from that intense itching and burning. The first application of CUTICURA gave me immediate relief, and at the end of a week the sores were well.
MARIETTA DURGIN,
30 Tremont Street, Chelsea, Mass.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS
CUTICURA REMEDIES cleanse the system by external and internal medication of every eruption, impurity and disease, and constitute the most effective treatment of modern times.
Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, \$1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Proprietors, Boston.
"How to Cure Skin Diseases," mailed free.

PIM
PLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

ACHING SIDES AND BACK,
Hip, kidney, and uterine pains and weaknesses relieved in one minute by the CUTICURA Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing plaster.

48th
Annual Statemen
OF
THE CONNECTICUT MU
Life Insurance Co
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Net Assets, January 1, 1893. \$59,937,395 74
RECEIVED IN 1893.
For Premiums, \$4,623,500 08
For Interest and Rents 3,444,547 64
Profit and loss, 8,328 82
\$7,776,123 54
\$63,813,529 28

DISBURSED IN 1893.
For claims by death and matured endowments \$3,970,458 56
Surplus returned to policy-holders, 1,256,301 69
Lapsed and surrendered policies, 597,235 08
Total to Policy-Holders, \$5,824,015 33
Commissions to agents, Salaries, Medical Examiner's fees, Printing, Advertising, Legal, Real Estate and all other expenses, \$770,158 09
Taxes, 293,156 27
Balance Net Assets, Dec. 31, 1893, \$59,926,199 90

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS.
Loans upon Real Estate, first lien \$37,669,494 26
Loans upon Stocks and Bonds, 1,812,849 00
Premium Notes on Policies in force 1,351,626 21
Cost of real estate owned by the Co. 7,101,311 32
Cost of U. S. and other Bonds, 12,423,628 56
Cost of Bank and Railroad Stocks, 30,960 25
Cash in Banks, 973,999 00
Cash in Office, 3,813 29
Bills Receivable, 990 67
Agent's Ledger Balances, 3,586 58
\$59,926,199 90

ADD.
Interest due and accrued \$1,010,541 36
Rents accrued, 8,271 27
Market Value of Stocks and bonds over cost, 224,102 70
Net deferred premiums, 194,289 69
\$1,437,205 02

Gross Assets, December 31, 1893, \$61,363,404 16
LIABILITIES.
Amount required to re-insure all outstanding Policies, net, Company's standard, \$53,817,154 00
All other liabilities, 1,093,227 74
\$54,910,381 74

Surplus by Company's standard, \$6,446,027 87
Surplus by State reports will exceed 7,250,000 00
Ratio of expense of management to receipts in 1893, 9.90 per cent.
Policies in force Dec. 31, 1893, 65,701
Insuring, \$156,994,498 00

JACOB L. GREENE, President.
JOHN M. TAYLOR, Vice Pres.
EDWARD M. BUNCE, Sec.
DANIEL H. WELLS, Actuary.
ALFRED T. RICHARDS, General Agent.
Room 10, Company's Building,
HARTFORD, CONN.

FREE EXHIBITION!

of Prof. Theo. A. Schurr's wonderful collection of Nature's curiosities, Consisting of Birds, Insects and Reptiles, and in fact 5000 specimens from Europe, Asia, Africa and America, representing 27 years of labor in the wilds of foreign lands. All lovers of Natural History should take advantage of this novel treat and visit this celebrated collection. Don't fail to

SEE THE \$1000 BUTTERFLY!

A case of white mice representing a singing school will interest the little ones, while the most scientific spectator will admire the case showing the anatomy of the rattle-snake, and the evolution of its fangs.
This collection will be on exhibition in our Domestic department until further notice. We cordially invite the people of Norwalk and vicinity to visit our store and examine this most wonderful collection.

Bring the Children with you.

THE NORWALK BOSTON STORE,

TELEPHONE CALL, 57-4.

Corner Main and Wall Streets, Norwalk, Conn.