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NORWALK GAZETTE.

THE FAVORITE HOME PAPER.

Independent in all things : Neutral in nothing.

Our Apple Crop.

The foreign demand for apples grown in the United States has always been in excess of the supply. Great Britain alone during the nine months ending September, 1894, paid the orchards of the United States \$2,500,009. In view of the fact that the entire apple crop is sometimes threatened by the worms that infest the trees, Secretary of Agriculture Morton has had the matter investigated and finds that spraying with a solution of paris green is a simple and effective remedy which he urges

all farmers and horticulturists to try. A Compliment.

The Connecticut General Assembly paid Hon. William T. Elmer of Middletown a splendid compliment yesterday. Every member of the house and senate voted to confirm his nomination as judge of the superior court for eight years from March 21. The nomination was sent in by Governor Coffin, promptly referred to the committee on judicial nominations, formally reported upon and Judge Elmer was elected by both houses within the hour. One hundred and ninety members voted yea as did twenty-three senators. There was no negative vote in either house.

Why?

A Kentucky woman who belives in women's rights tells The Cincinnati Times-Star the reason why rich American women marry titled foreigners. She says: "As long as the United States denies to American women the rights, privileges and opportunites it bestows on the most ignorant and degraded classes of men, so long will American women of ambition and fortune seek by foreign alliance the privileges and recognition their own country denies to them. When American millionare women marry titled foreigners wemay gather wisdom by fitting the aphorism of the lamented Lincoln to our present condition. 'You can fool all the women some of the time, and some of the women all the time, but you can't fool all the women all the time."

For the Promise of Safety.

The railroad committee of the Massachusetts legislature have reported a bill which requires railroad corporations to adopt the power driving-wheel brake and appliances for operating the train brake system after Jan. 1, 1898, and providing that no train of cars shall be run unless it has a sufficient number of power-brake cars so that the engineer can control the speed of his train without requiring brakemen to use the common hand brake.

The bill further provides that when a railroad company shall have equipped a sufficient number of cars so as to comply with the provisions of the bill it may lawfully refuse to receive from connecting lines any cars not equipped in the way prescribed for Massachusetts cars. On and after Jan. 1, 1898, no cars shall be hauled that are not equipped with couplers coupling automatically by impact and which can be uncoupled without men going between

The bill also provides for grab irons and hand holds in the ends and sides of

This law is designed to make railroad service less dangerous to brakemen and travelling safer for the people.

And Still They Come.

Howard E. Sommeral, assistant train master of the Philadelphia and Reading road at Port Richmond, Philadelphia, has disappeared with several thousand dollars.

William Braunbusch, cashier in Henry Batteman's dry goods store, Brooklyn, disappeared yesterday with \$3,000 after depositing \$1,700 in a bank. Detectives have not been able to find any trace of him.

RECOLLECTIONS

WAR

CORRESPONDENT

BY THE

Editor of the Gazette.

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CHAPTER XLVIII.

Up to Gettysburg, the southern army had fought us with the in easely bitter feeling that we were invaders of their homes. This sentiment now fired our

Human eyes never looked upon such a spectacle as was plainly visible from Cemetery Hill, at noon on July 3rd, along the enemy's front. For a stretch of two miles in unbroken line, rebel batteries were thickly planted. The enemy's purpose was easily understood by every one learned in the art of war, and our guns were soon in posi-tion, to repel the artillery shock, that all knew was sure to come. By Gener-al Howard's invitation I had made his tent in the Cemetery, my headquarters. About noon the General ran in for a few moments, when I ventured to ask his opinion of the situation. 'The enemy" said he, "purpose to break through our center and turn and roll up our divided forces upon their flanks. Be-fore long you will hear thanks. fore long, you will hear the enemy's signal gun and then you will experience such a rumpus as you never witnessed before. There will be a spell of terrific cannonading, then a lull, ending in a desperate infantry charge." "Shall a desperate infantry charge." "Shall we be able to resist their attack?" I inquired. "No one can foretell theresult of a battle," cautiously answered the General, "but our position is a strong one; they must fight us at this disadvantage; I feel very hopeful of the result, but the fight is going to be a tremendous one. A few moments after one o'clock by my watch, not one after one o'clock by my watch, not one only but two, rebel signal guns, broke the long and awful silence of our expectation and dread. Instantly, their whole line of two hundred cannon, with beautiful unison but deafening, terrifying rear, shook earth and air. At first the noise was fearfully distressing

to men and horses. The enemy had ranged their fire too high, and more destruction was wrought over the hill, where their missles fell among the animals, than upon its front or crest, Our artillerymen had been specially ordered not to answer the enemy's fire, until after some ten or twelve minutes had elapsed; to aim their guns very accurately for execution, whenever the wind should lift the dense clouds of powder smoke and not needlessly waste their ammunition. This delay seemed to have encouraged the rebel gunners, for until our batteries opened upon them in reply, they loaded and fired upon us with amazing rapidity and thus in a large degree by useless waste of powder and ball, brought about that exhaustion of their ammunition which in

the end forced their ignominious defeat and flight. After the lapse of about a quarter of make for headquarters where I was asan hour, our guns opened fice along the entire Union line, and then the artillery duel, unequalled in all the annals of war, raged for two hours, with horrible destruction, noise and fury. A rebel battery on their left flank got its guns ranged on the cemetery and a number of our artillery men and horses in front of the cemetery entrance, were killed and wounded, and two or three of our guns were struck and temporarily disabled. number of round-shot and shells lodged in the brick front of the cemetery gate house, others came over among the s, and tore away gravestones and monuments, with ghoulish desecration. At this juncture General Howard rode up to his tent, and seeing me overlooking the scene as one transfixed, advised me to get to the rear as soon as possible, as he thought that the entire cemetery would be swept by the enemy's guns I thanked him for his kindly solicitude, but assured him that I could not think

of changing my position, as nowhere else did I think I could get so good a view of the horribly fascinating conflict, and added to be entirely frank with him, I did not believe I had the courage to attempt a retreat. He rode away saying that he "would not remain there did not duty require it." Glad I was that I remained. The sound of the hoofs of the horse upon which the General rode off, had not died away, when the rebel firing ceased. A gust of wind lifted the smoke from the darkened field below and as far as the eye could reach, solid columns of countless men, were seen moving up, like waves of the sea, in preparation for the final,

merciless, death struggle, known to history as "Pickett's charge." In heavy, dense columns at first, did these dauntless men essay to march across the plain, and then dash up the rise, in our front and the very jaws of death. The sight was grand and thrilling, to note the majestic, steady tread, of these desperately brave men, and horribly sickening to contemplate, that they were our brothers and doomed to certain

destruction. Before they even reached the base of

don courage of desperation. After the smoke from each volley of our guns lifted, the air seemed filled with torn fragments of humanity, while dead men and horses, broken-down guns, and battle wreckage, everywhere strewed the blood-soaked field. The earth seemed to shake under one's feet, as in some tremendous volcanic upheaval, and body and brain to reel, as in a dire tempest at sea, as volley after volley from our long line of guns were rapid-ly fired. The enemy did his utmost to protect his charging columns with his artillery, but to little purpose, and an-nihilation was the fate of Pickett's magnificent division.

A splinter from one of the enemy's

shells struck Gen. Hancock, (the grandest looking officer ever astride a steed,) and so disabled him that Gibbons had to assume his command. With merciless savagery, Pickett had fought his way up to and broken through Hancock's first line on Cemetery Ridge and thus reached "high-water mark" of the desperate fight, yet in the end he was routed, five thousand of his men, and twenty-seven battle-flags captured, and half his command killed and wounded. men, for the first time and with intensimen, for the first time and with intensihalf his command killed and wounded.
Poor, unconquerable Pickett! Such
was his disastrons record, as he field
back to his supports. Our troops, following his retreat, regained all the
ground lost by Sickles, recovered two
hundred and sixty of our captives,
cathered up seven thousand rebel musgathered up seven thousand rebel mus-kets, and our wounded, who had lain unattended on the field for twenty-four

Thus at early dusk was won by our unconquerable soldiery a victory for the Union, and ended the horrible bat-tle of Gettysburg. Who shall know but at that distressful hour of humiliation, when viewing from afar Pickett's destruction, the great rebel commander,

General Lee, saw in mental vision, the sure coming of Appomattox. At dark, the fearful hurricane of missles had ceased, our pickets and vedettes were advanced on the enemy's front and were advanced on the enemy stront and
the sad work of rescuing the wounded
was kept up throughout the night by
both armies. Just after the cessation
of hostilities, I chanced to intercept
Lieut. Col. Albert Wilcoxson, on his
way to Meade's headquarters. He told
me that the Seventsenth Connecticut
boys were then behind a stone wall at boys were then behind a stone wall at the base of the hill. I at once went to them and found Capt. Henry Allen practically in charge of the little remnant left of that noble regiment. He was suffering severe pain from a musket ball wound which had taken off the end of a finger the day previous, and was now badly inflamed, as he had been unable to leave his command and get to the field hospital to have it properly denseted. He told me his men had had neither sleep, rest nor food for three days, most of them having thrown the field hospital to have it properly been badly wounded the day previous, but kept his saddle. He commanded a brigade in McLaw's division, and Long-three days, most of them having thrown the history is the field hospital to have it properly been badly wounded the day previous, but kept his saddle. He commanded a brigade in McLaw's division, and Long-three days, most of them having thrown the history is a state of the field hospital to have it properly been badly wounded the day previous, but kept his saddle. He commanded a brigade in McLaw's division, and Long-three days, most of them have the had had been badly wounded the day previous, but kept his saddle. He commanded a brigade in McLaw's division, and Long-three days, most of them having thrown the had had been badly wounded the day previous, but kept his saddle. He commanded a brigade in McLaw's division, and Long-three days, most of them having thrown the had had been badly wounded the day previous, but kept his saddle. He commanded a brigade in McLaw's division, and Long-three days, most of them having three days. away their rations in the wild and dis orderly retreat of our troops on the first day, through the town. Here I found an appreciative market for the residue of my Hanover sandwiches. The boys had been partially sheltered during the day's engagement, by an old stone fence running along at the base of the hill. A few rods in their front out on the field, a long ridge some three or four feet high, could be discerned, which in the darkness, looked like an embankment thrown up for defense, or the earth shoveled up from some large ditch. Thinking that I might get upon this elevation over the thickly strewn dead men and animals to it, and was shocked to find it a long line of Union and Confederate dead, massed where they had come together in deadly conflict and fallen thus entangled, in great heaps of mutilated humanity. I was only too ready to retreat from the sickening sight and

sured no further fighting was likely to occur before morning. Mounting my poor steed, which though it had been well fed and little used during the day, was nearly frantic with fear, and badly exhausted by intense nervous excitement, I stirted again for my telegraph station at Han-over, via Littlestown. The ride to Hanover by this route, was about the same distance as from Norwalk to Stam ford. The excited state and distress of the poor animal I rode was most pitiful. During the afternoon of July 2d and at the height of the caunonading of the 3d out upon the pike for Baltimore. the enemy's shot and shell had fallen in among the animals tied and corralled about Meade's headquarters, killing and human sense of danger and harm. And yet they behaved not half as ludicrously as I had seen panic stricken soldiers,

fleeing from the battlefield. Fortunately my York horse had proven a remarkably good roadster and of wonderful erdurance. Moreover, more fortunate than others, he had been stabled, well fed and groomed each night, far away from the terrifying sounds of the battle-field. At Littles-town I had him unsaddled and put before the buggy, which change seemed to greatly releive his mind and calm his excitement. About nine o'clock, Tone was at his telegraphic instrument hurrying my message to the Tribune. One of the sad items was the killing of young and gallant Lieut. Bayard Wilkeson, son of my dear friend and Washington-office associate on the Tribune, Samuel Wilkeson. This heroic officer had his battery far out on our right, in a most important yet exposed condition and with Spartan bravery was in its front, rallying his fast falling artillerymen to stand by their guns, when General Gordon ordered two of his batteries to train their guns upon him individually and by destroying him, silence the Union battery, and thus be enabled to advance this rebel division which he,

asked for water and a half-filled canteen was handed him; as he took it, a badly wounded soldier lying next to him on the floor, exclaimed, "Oh, for God's sake, give me a drink." Before touching it himself, he passed it to the thirsty infferer, who drained every drop and handed back the empty canteen. and handed back the empty canteen. Wilkeron turned his face, looked at his comrade in suffering, with a curious, half comical smile and without a word, expired

My Tribune message hurried his heartbroken father to the field, which he reached in time to view the lifeless form of his idolized first-born. No such melting wail of agonized grief, went out from the Gettysburg battle-field as "Sam." Wilkeson's letter writ-ten beside his dead boy, and which still

lives, a model of mortuary rhetoric.

My New York dispatch had again taken its way via the War Department, and been read off to the President, who at its conclusion wired this back to me "Byington, you say, in your report to the Tribune, that Longstreet was killed to-day. Are you sure about that?" I replied with great positiveness that I knew it to be so, as I saw him expire inside our lines. This was an error, and thus occurred. I was riding part cur Seventeenth Connecticut Surgeon, Dr. Robert Hubbard, when he hailed me and said, 'General Longstreet is dying over in that barnyard, (pointing to an old Pennsylvania farm edifice,) I have just come from him. He is mortally wounded and cannot live many minutes. You had better go over and see him." Putting spurs to my horse, I was soon beside a tangled-bearded, ball confederate officer, lying gasping upon a stable-door that had been torn from its hinges. His face and clothing were soiled with grime and blood and I recognized in his features no one that I had ever seen before. While standing over him the rebel chieftain expired. No one about the place seemed to know or care who he was, and to be sure of his identity I rode back to the Eleventh Corps hospital, found Dr. Hubbard, and asked him how he knew him to be General Longstreet? He re-plied that, "When first I saw him, he spoke the name Longstreet and I asked, 'are you General Longstreet?'
He replied to me by half nodding his head in assent and thrice faintly repeating the name, 'Longstreet, Longstreet, Longstreet,' The good Dector did not doubt that it was in verity, the notable Confederate commander, and on this authority, I telegraphed Long-street's death to the Tribune and positively assured Mr. Lincoln of his death.

The next day I learned that the dead rebel General was Barksdale, who had street's corps. He had misled Dr. Hubbard in his dying delirium, by his flickering, shadowy spirit, clinging to his chieftain's name to life's end. I had known Barksdale well, when in Congress. He was then smooth shaven and wore a wig, and I was present in the Reporter's gallery of the House, when he attacked Galusha Grow, who with a well-directed blow sent the pugnacious Mississippian sprawling on the floor of the House. As he lay dying and dead upon that barn-door, not a semblance of the aforetime Congressman was discernable.

Details as to the losses of either army, lists of the dead and wounded, it hungered for throughout the land, whose loved ones were in the terrible fight. So the newspaper dispatches from war correspondents were limited to notable incidents, and generalization as to prospects and results. One event of importance, that I was able to send this evening, was the throwing down of their arms by some five thousand rebels, just below our center, and dashing through our lines to surrender. They had advanced into a pocket, where, on flank and rear, our entilading fire was mowing them down with indescribable slaughter, and death or surrender were the poor fellows' only alternatives. I chanced to see them as they came breaking through to the rear of the line where they were greeted with wild Union cheers. A more dilapidated, discouraged, soiled and famished looking mob of soldiery I never saw. Poor fellows, next day they were marched

It is to be remembered that when I left the battle field, our known victory of the day was not considered complete. wounding large numbers of them, but fortunately injuring but few of our men. The instincts of the poor brutes day, July 4th,) or if a truce, to care for and the smell of blood seemed to the wounded and bury the dead, were have crazed those uninjured, with a essayed for the coming day, that by essayed for the coming day, that by Sunday, or certainly not later than Monday, hostilities would be vigorously renewed. It was not known to our rmy that the enemy had ceased his fighting Friday night, solely because his ammunition was exhausted, and he could continue it no longer. The moment that Pickett's charge was seen by them to be a failure, all the rebel ambulances and empty supply-wagons, were filled with their wounded and

started as rapidly as possible, on the doleful retreat to the Potomac. I had sent personal dispatches to President Lincoln and Secretary Welles, stating that the greatest battle of the war had been fought and though apparently not yet concluded, the advantages thus far, were clearly ours. That great numbers had been killed and wounded; that a railroad from Baltimore to York, had a branch run-ning to Littlestown, within four miles of the battle-field, and of which no one seemed to know; that trains should be at once hurried up from Baltimore with desperately needed supplies for the wounded, and the removal of such as could be transported, to our hospitals established at Baltimore and Washing ton. Before I left Tone, for my weary ride back to Little town, I received an answer from Secretary Welles, stating that trains would be cominced on the our position, our guns, double-shotted with solid shot and shell, grape, canister, shrapnell. old horseshoes, and broken bits of iron scrap, swept their ranks away, as the tornado does the stubble. Pickett rallied column after column, to replace the destroyed and pressed forward, with the wild abanAgainst Squires.

In the Common Pleas Court, civil side, yesterday, Judge Cartis rendered a decision in the suit of Michael G. Keane against Charles E. Squires of this city, in favor of the plaintiff to recover \$373.60 and costs.

At a meeting of the Baptist church society, held last evening, it was voted that the names of Mrs. Charles Barraclough and Mr. Fred Hyatt be blotted from the list of members of the society. In other words they were expelled. The reasons are well known to the public as furnished through the columns of the GAZETTE.

Wants Damages.

J. A. Warner, of Bridgeport, has brought suit against the Western Union Telegraph Co. and the Bell Telephone Co. for injuries received by him while employed as a brakeman on the Berkshire division of the Consolidated, by being knocked off a flat car by a telegraph pole which leaned across the track. One of his hands was cut off by the wheels of a car and he narrowly escaped being killed. He asks for \$10,-

Sold Oleomargarine.

W. W. Comstock of New Canaan pleaded guilty in the United States court yesterday to selling oleomargarine and was fined \$100 with costs of \$100. He lives at "Four Corners," near New Canaau and peddled farm produce in Norwalk and Stamford.

Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue E. N. Sloan, of this city, suspected that he was selling oleomargarine and on making an investigation found sufficient evidence against Comstock. The young man was about to settle the case, but his father advised him to fight it and fight it he said he would. He arpeared in court yesterday with the above result.

Sure Signs of Spring.

The past week has been one of "house cleaning" at the Grumman Bros. bottling works on Main street. Not only has soap and water been freely used, but the paint-brush has been brought into requisition with pleasing effect. The fountains shine resplendent in coats of blue, and the various machinery about the establishment has been painted a rich vermillion. Nor does it end there. The "Olden Time Root Beer" wagon has been made a thing of beauty and the coming season it will no doubt be a purveyor of much joy. The work in the main has been done by such artists as George Grumman and D. Hartley Weeks, assisted by George and possibly better discover what the was of course impossible at this time to enemy was about, I picked my way get, although that was what every soul formed a GAZETTE reporter this morning that he had ordered tons of the 'yarbs" used in the making of this popular drink, of which he expects to sell thousands of gallons the coming season. "There is nothing that equals it" say those in a position to know.

Thief as well as Forger.

No more light upon the conduct of Forger Keyes was gained yesterday, says the Bridgeport Union. The later reports have it that he traveled much, and frequently went to New York where he associated with an extremely fast set, horses, it is said, not being the only thing upon which he spent money. Taking the statement of Judge Selleck as a basis, it does not seem probable Keyes could have been entirely penniless when he went away. Besides the money raised on forged notes. Mr. Seileck says that within a few weeks he gave Keyes his check for \$1,200 with which to meet business obligations, and later said were pressing him, and within a month, \$4,000 to buy his brother's interest in the business. The latter trasnaction was closed.

The last accusation is that he deliberately stole \$150 that was in the desk of Judge Selleck.

Mrs. Keyes says in the matter of the diamonds which her husband pawned, that he informed her he was hard pressed for money and she urged him to take them and sell them if the money would be of any use to him. The diamonds were among her wedding presents. It is believed that Judge Selleck will eventually make good the notes held by Marsh, Merwin & Lemmon, his signatures to which are alleged to be

Amusements.

HOYT'S OPERA HOUSE. Marion Manola-Mason is known the land over as a sweet singer and accom-plished actress, and John Mason is recognized as one of the leading actors on the stage, so Manager Hovt feels justified in guaranteeing that "Friend Fritz" next Tuesday night at his Opera House, will be one of the most enjoyable entertainments of the They bring the original Tremont Theatre cast, special scenery for every act exquisite calcium effects, and novel stage settings.

His Trousers Lacerated.

This morning Dr. George R. McGonegal had a narrow escape from being killed. He was returning from a call on a patient on Spring Hill, when his horse became frightened and ran away. The doctor was thrown out but suffered no injury aside from his new spring trousers being badly lacerated. The doctor walked down the hill in time to meet the young man who had succeeded in stopping the horse. Dropping a silver piece in the young man's hand with the remark "If ever you are sick ce'l on me and the charges will be put on the profit and loss page of my ledger," the doctor regained his previous position in the carriage, and all unruffled drove on to prescribe for his next pa-

A Good Thing and Nothing To Pay.

Just see what Dr. Greene offers to do for all weak and suffering people. He is the most successful living specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. His upparalleled offer to consult with anyone, free of charge, by letter cor-respondence, is doing wonderful good. If you have any complaint which you do not thoroughly understand, and which you would like cured, write the Doctor a letter stating just how you feel and what symptoms trouble you. He will answer it, giving a complete description of your case, explaining the meaning of every symptom, and telling how you can surely get well and strong. He gives most careful attention to each letter, and explains your case so thoroughly that you understand ex-actly what ails you. All this costs you nothing, you have no doctor's fees to pay, and you don't have to leave your home. The Doctor makes a specialty of treating patients through letter correspondence, and they nearly always get well. He is the discoverer of that wonder medicine, Dr. Greene's Ner-vura blood and nerve remedy. Write to him at his office, 35 West 14th St., New York City, and you will undoubt-edly be made strong and well.

THE ROBINSONS CONVICTED.

Clarence Gets a Life Sentence, and His Wife Escapes With Twenty Years.

BUFFALO, March 22 .- The jury in the Gibbs murder trial has found Sadie Robnson guilty of manslaughter and Clarence Robinson guilty of murder in the second

Clarence Robinson was sentenced to life imprisonment and Sadie Robinson for 20

So intense was the interest in the outcome of the murder trial of the Robinsons that the city hall corridors were black with crowding humanity long before the hour of opening of the court. Sheriff's deputies with staves struggled with the throng, and it was with difficulty that a was cleared for the entrance of the handcuffed prisoners and the judge.

When the jurymen were in their places, the intense straining of attention to hear their verdict made the courtroom as silen: as a tomb. The jury was asked:
"Gentlemen, have you agreed upon a

verdict?'

The foreman replied, "We have."

low do vou

'Clarence Robinson guilty of murder second degree; Sadie Robinson guilty of manslaughter."

The verdict was received with great surprise, and immediately a murmur of incredulity ran around the room. But the jury was polled to prove that ears had heard correctly.

Outside the courtroom the news of the everywhere exclamations of surprise greet ed the tidings. verdict spread like a wave of sound, and

Pancoast Will Get a New Trial.

MANDAN, N. D., March 22.-William H. Paneoast, the Ohio bank robber and alleged wife murderer, sentenced to hang May 23, gets a new trial. Pancoast robbed a Medina (O.) bank of several thousand dollars a few years ago, ran away to Canada and thence to Minneapolis, where he changed his name to Myron R. Kent. There he married Miss Julia Holmes, a young lady in the first circles of society, and in the fall of 1892 moved to a farm near Mandan. In March, 1893, Mrs. Kent

Two Chicago Swindlers Arrested.

was murdered and Kent disappeared.

CHICAGO, March 22.—Government postoffice inspectors have arrested A. and Edward Robinson on a charge of using the mails with intent to defraud. They claimed to publish The Ladies' Gem Monthly and have sent out circulars all over the country offering a gold watch as a prize for the solution of a rebus. They would then demand \$1 for the package and sending out the watch. claim that no such publication as The Ladies' Gem Monthly has ever existed, and that no prize watches were ever sent.

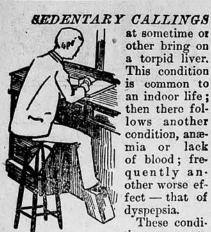
Spain's War on the Press.

LONDON, March 22 .- A dispatch to The Standard from Barcelona says that the issuing of an order by a military tribunal for the arrest of the directors of two local newspapers for publishing articles protesting against the recent riotous conduct of the military in Madrid caused the real authorship of the articles to become known. The writer at once fled to Lisbon in order to avoid arrest. Several other persons who feared the power of the military tribunal have fled to France.

A Well Known Educator Dead.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., March 22. - Dr. Henry Coppee, acting president of the Lehigh university, died today of heart disease aged 75 years. Dr. Coppee was in the class of '39 at Yale and was graduated at West Point in 1845. He was brevetted captain for gallant and meritorious conduct in the Mexican war. He was professor of English literature at the University of Pennsylvania from 1855 to 1866 and was then lected president of the Lehigh university.

N vibirs w anted.



other bring on a torpid liver. This condition is common to an indoor life; then there folcondition, anæmia or lack of blood; frequently an. other worse effect - that of

dyspepsia. These conditions aggravate Your bad temper

is likewise aggravating to your friends. No need to go further, the rest is easy. If you buy a vial of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets you'll find them a natural remedy-mild but effectual. They have a strengthening effect upon the lining membranes of stomach and bowels, hence their effect is lasting. They cure Constipation, Indigestion, Jaundice, Biliousness and Sick or Bilious Headaches, permanently; because they act naturally.

The best medical testimony proves that these cases are best treated by mild methods. One tiny, sugarcoated, Pellet is a corrector, a regulator, and a gentle laxative. They are put up in glass vials, easily carried and always fresh. They are guaranteed to benefit or cure, or the money is returned.

· Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures Catarrh in the Head.



New York Announcement. 'Our American Homes and How to Furnish Them."

'Horner's Furniture The Best in the Market.

All who desire to buy reliable Furniture in moderate priced or more costly grades will find our stock the most advantageous to select from for these reasons: It represents the productions of the best makers only, and is the largest and most varied in America.

The completeness of our assortments can best be understood from the fact that we exhibit more than two hundred and fifty different Bedroom Sets in every variety wood, over 70 patterns of Brass Bedsteads, as well as endless lines of Parlor, Drawing Room, Library and Dining Room Furniture of the most artistic styles, and ranging from the modest and inexpensive to the most elaborately carved and inlaid.

In a word, every article required for use, comfort and adornment in the household can be had with its plainly marked moderate price at our

GREAT FURNITURE EMPORIUM. 61-65 West 23d St., N. Y. (Adjoining Eden Musee.)

Horner & Co.'s establishment is one of the sight of New York.—Newspaper Comment.

IT'S QUITE

To write a convincing advertisement about clothing nowadays. All tailors claim so much, and most of them too much. All I do is to try and get you to look at my new winter stock. My constant aim is to put into the clothes all the attractiveness of artistic fashion and careful making at the lowest possible price. Ask these who wear the latest and finest clothes where they trade and all will tell you with KOCOUR.

17 NORTH MAIN STREET So. NORWALK.



FOR A

NOW

SPRING

The Latest Styles at

E. Gusowski's. Cor. Wall and Water Sts.

Great Removal

During the month of March, we will sell all Crockery and Housefurnishing goods AT COST, in order to reduce stock, before moving into our new store, No 17 Main street, on April 1st.

H. H. WILLIAMS 15 Wall Street

CAUGHT THE VICAR.

Rev. Stephen Endacott was vicar of Lynedon, Bucks. He was a bachelor, in young middle life, on the whole popular with his flock, for he was good natured, easy going and a gentleman. But he was not what you could call a strong vicar or a man of earnest views. He lows another sailed along pretty easily down the condition, anæ-stream of parish life, avoiding storms and collisions and doing what was required of him in a negative kind of way. If he had no very dear friends it was certain that he had no very bitter enemies. Many spoke well of him: none enthusiastically. Some spoke disparagingly of him; none abusively. From this it may be inferred that Rev. Stephen Endacott's character was something of a colorless

> On one point he was particularly cautious. No doubt he had reason. Bachelor curates are the acknowledged prey of amorous spinsters. A bachelor vicar was still more splendid game. The revenues of Lynedon were considerable, the glebe lands were broad, the vicarage was a charming house, just the ideal residence for a lady with good taste. "How pretty I could make that drawing room," sighed one to herself. "What tennis parties I could give in that dear old garden," thought another. "It would be so nice to be taken in by the bishop at the confirmation luncheon," felt a third. But the vicar had no desire for matrimony. He was not susceptible. He much preferred the independence of bachelorhood. Not that he was a misogynist; quite the reverse. A true Christian, he loved all women—as sisters. It might even be said that he adored the whole sex—in that capacity.
>
> Many mothers with marriageable

> daughters, and many, too, with daughters who, from any but the desperado's standpoint, were the reverse of marriageable, tried to stalk the vicar. His caution defied them all. They could not get up a compromising situation. The vicar declined to be committed. When young ladies called to ask him for spiritual advice he was always either engaged or else so busy that he could only spare them five minutes. When he did give them that five minutes it was in his study, a room with large French windows opening upon the lawn. And the gardener generally managed to be moving about outside. There were those who averred that the man was paid extra to do so. At last most of the ladies abandoned the chase as hopeless. One or two, however, persisted. They were true Christians. you see, and liked to exercise the cardinal virtue of their creed, which, according to the apostle, "nopeth all things." The vicar would have been better pleased with a heathenish despair. He was heartily sick of living in a state

The most indefatigable of those who invested this impregnable fortress was Miss Cecilia Dobee. Miss Cecilia Dobee was a lady of numerous experiences. She had in her time played many parts, from that of the fast flirt to that of the slow saint. But in neither role nor in any of the intermediate had she achieved success. It was not her fault. There were facial disabilities. As a flirt she could not make her physiognomy fascinating; as a saint she could not make it celestial. "It does not matter," said some lady friends of hers, "what poor dear Cecilia does with her face. It will always be like a currant dumpling." So it always was. No cosmetics could alter that doughlike complexion.

But Miss Cecilia persevered. Nothing put her off from her apparently desperate pursuit. She lay in wait for the vicar round street corners, and when he appeared always happened to be walking in the same direction. At district visitors' meetings she was invariably the first present, and took the seat next to his. She fixed him with intense glances in the pulpit. She worshiped him with admiring glances in the reading desk. She wedged him into corners at social funcconspicuously that her conduct was a standing joke with all the gossips of the

The vicar was intensely annoyed. But he did not know how to stop it. Had he been a stronger man he might have gone to Lawyer Dobee, the young lady's father, and suggested to him in confidence the propriety of his parental in-terference. But he was weak and vacillating; he had a nervous horror of anything like a scene and a constitutional inability to say unpleasant things. Consequently he did what weak men generally do in difficulties-he let things slide, contenting himself with avoiding Cecilia Dobee as far as he possibly

At length he had the satisfaction of seeing that young lady begin to relax her attentions. The vicar breathed again. After two years his continual saubbings were now really taking effect. He had been wise to wait and trust to time for assistance. Even a rhinocerine hide must be penetrated if you only go on at it long enough. The vicar felt ten years younger. He had actually not set eyes on Cecilia Dobee for a week. On Sunday last, when he preached, there had been no Cecilia's face to worship him from the front seat under the pulpit. At the district visitors' meeting next day no Cecilia had been present to support him. The vicar was sanguine. He quite believed that Cecilia had been choked off.

But a surprise was in store for him. Even the boidest generals now and then make a strategic movement to the rear while planning a fresh attack. Cecilia Dobee, after this short withdrawal of her forces, renewed the attack in a bolder way than she had yet ventured to adopt. It was on February 14 that the vicar sus-

tained the shock of her sudden assault. The morning's post brought him. among other communications, a letter and a packet. The letter was in Cecilia Dobee's handwriting. He opened it with a groan, and read as follows:

DEAR MR. ENDACOTT-I hope you will deign to accept the small offering which I am to-day having sent to you. This season of St. Valentine, with its extra liberties, must be my excuse in your eyes for thus presuming. Ever yours, sincerely, CECILIA DOBEE.

The vicar threw down this note with an angry gesture. He said something about Cecilia Dobee which was not clerical. For the credit of the cloth it is better not to repeat it.

Then he caught up the packet. Its label was ominous. On the head of it was printed the name of a well known Bond street jeweler. The box was suggestively minute. He hastily unpacked it. Then he said something about Cecilia Dobee even more unclerical than his last observation concerning her. There was an excuse for his thus forgetting himself. an excuse for his thus forgetting himself. unanswerable evidence in his pocket. It mot a cent; it is out The valentine, of which she had prayed had been no surprise to him. Probably Wilkes-Barce Leader.

"Advertise in the GAZETTE.

his acceptance, was a small locket such as a man might hang upon his watch chain. And such a locket! An opal heart set in gold and outlined with pearls. On the back was an inscription—the significant word AEI.

To say that Stephen Endacott was aghast at the unblushing effrontery of this valentine would be feebly to express his sensations. He pushed the thing from him savagely; he crumpled up the note with energetic rage; he threw it into the fire. He would have liked to see Cecilia herself consuming in the blaze of that conflagration; he had, indeed, already consigned her to hotter flames.

Then he took a speedy resolution. This time he could not let things slide. There must be no mistake now. He must not keep that obnoxious valentine an hour, unless he was willing to let himself be compromised. He caught up the locket, thrust it into its box and repacked it. It was going back to Cecilia Dobee by the next post. The vicar had rarely before been so angry. He did not even concern himself to answer Cecilia's note. He just sent the locket back in withering silence. If that did not crush her and choke her off for ever, nothing ever would. Per-haps it was as well that she had laid herself open to this crowning snub. The vicar took the locket and posted it with his own hand.

But he had not yet done with Cecilia. When the evening post came in at 7 o'clock, it brought him another packet, larger than the last, bearing at the head of its label the address of a local book-seller. The vicar opened it. A visiting card fell out. He could hardly believe his eyes—"With Miss Dobee's compli-ments." Was it possible that after that tremendous snub which he had inflicted upon her by returning her locket, she had had the face to send him another present? It seemed incredible. But perhaps she had not received the locket when this book was dispatched. He glanced at the work, "Life of St. Athanasius," elegantly bound in morocco, with a gilt cross upon the cover. An unexceptionable present in itself. But under the circumstances any present was an insult. He tore up the card and tossed it into the fire, impatiently. He left the book lying upon the table.

He then lighted a cigarette and sat back in his chair meditating. The vicar did not feel quite comfortable. An idea had suddenly crossed his mind. Supposing, by any remote chance— Ha! The front door bell! What visitor was going to worry him now at this hour of the evening? It was too provoking of people to come after dinner. The vicar's language was again unclerical. It was nearly being still more so-only he checked himself in time-when the parlor maid threw open the door and announced:

"Mr. and Miss Dobee!" The vicar sprang from his chair in a hurry. He colored, and both looked and felt embarrassed. There were no two people in the world, at that minute, whose presence could have made him feel more awkward. Lawyer Dobee, however, appeared to be quite at home. He advanced and shook the vicar cordially by

"Good evening, Endacott. I must apologize for our intrusion. This silly girl of mine said she must come and thank you at once for the handsome present you have sent her. And as I could not let her come alone so late, here we are both together, you see!"
"I-I-" began the vicar, with a very red face, "I-I-"

"Oh, I knew it was you, dear Mr. Endacott," broke in Cecilia, with her most unutterable look. "I recognized your handwriting on the address. It was so good of you. Such a lovely locket. See:

I have put it on. Doesn't it look very

To judge from the vicar's face he did not think that the locket looked at all pretty-that is, if he saw it, which, in his dazed condition, he probably did not. involuntarily looked up to see if the roof The sudden shock of this apalling truth, of the theater was not lifted by the volthat he had been too precipitate in re-turning to Cecilia Dobee a locket which When quiet she had never sent him, had almost stunned him. In the face of an awkward situation he never showed much presence of mind. On this occasion-which, it must be admitted, was particularly awkward-he was simply bereft of his

"I-I-" he stammered, "that is-I-mean-there-there has been a mistake." "Eh!" said Lawyer Dobce, suddenly becoming less cordial. "A mistake? I don't quite understand you, Mr. Enda-

"I-I ought-ought to tell you," mumbled the vicar, more confused than ever.

"I mean to say—the fact is—it is rather—rather difficult to explain."

"So it appears," observed Lawyer Dobee, dryly. The vicar's confusion, his embarrassment, his hesitation about speaking out, suggested an absence of straighforwardness in his conduct which made Cecilia's father eye him very queer-

"The truth is," the vicar blurted out, trying, without much success, to pull himself together, "that the whole affair has-has arisen out of a pure misapprehension. I-I-if you will hear me out I will-will explain at to you."
"If you please, Mr. Endacott," said

Lawyer Dobee, regarding him with a grim stare.

The vicar told his tale. He did not tell it at all well. It was perfectly true from first to last, but it aid not sound true. Lawyer Dobee's cold gray eyes confused him, made him falter and hesitate. He stammered and blushed like a man prevaricating. Consequently his explanation, as he rendered it, was surprisingly lame. It was evident that Cecilia's father did not believe a word of it.

"A most extraordinary story, Mr. Endacott," he remarked at the end. "It is the gospel truth: I give you my

word," cried the unfortunate vicar.
"Umph!" was Lawyer Dobee's only comment. His face wore a very unpleasant expression.

"Come, Cecilia," he said, turning to his daughter. "We had better be going. In view of your extraordinary explanation, Mr. Endacott, you shall—ah—hear from me further."

Lawyer Dobee was not a man to let the grass grow under his feet. Next day he went up to London and interviewed the jeweler from whom . the locket had been purchased. The latter produced an order written in the vicar's hand upon Lynedon Vicarage note paper.

"Please send an appro. pearl and opal heart locket as advertised in this week's Universe, at 7 guineas."

Upon the lawyer giving a written undertaking to restore this document, the jeweler obligingly allowed him to take it away with him. Lawyer Dobee smiled Africa. to himself as he traveled back with the

Nwsboys wanted.

he knew a good deal about it already. In his younger days he had perpetrated more than one excellent practical joke by his skill in imitating other people's writing. This promised to be the most excellent of them all. At the worst Cecilia's little scheme would fail. There was no greater risk. For in case of dangerous developments arising, what easier than to destroy-that is, to lose-the vicar's order?

But probably no dangerous developments would arise. Endacott was so weak, so nervously afraid of a scandal, that he might be bounced into an engagement at once. At all events, Lawyer Dobee meant to have a shot at it.

He interviewed the vicar next day. The following is a fragment from the close of their conversation:

"Very well, Mr. Endacott, if you refuse to acknowledge your own handwriting, I have no more to say. Of coure, I shall take what steps I may consider necessary

to vindicate my daughter."
"But the thing is a forgery—an impudent forgery!" protested the vicar.

Lawyer Dobee shrugged his shoulders.
"A jury will have to decide that point."

he said, coldly. "I wish you good morning, Mr. Endacott."

Lawyer Dobee, however, was incorrect. A jury did not have to decide that point. But after the next annual confirmation in Lynedon Church, when they adjourned to the vicarage for luncheon, it was to Cecilia, not now Dobee, that the Lord Bishop of the Diocese offered his arm .-London Truth.

LINCOLN'S RENOMINATION.

Scenes at the Baltimore Convention on the Final Roll Call.

That was a business convention, and when the roll call began, Maine simply announced its sixteen votes for Abraham Lincoln. New Hampshire, coming next, attempted to ring in a little speech with its vote, but was summarily choked off with cries of "No speeches," and the call proceeded in an orderly manner, no delegation venturing to make any other an-nouncement than that of its vote. The convention struck a snag when Missouri was reached, and the chairman of the united delegations made a brief speech in which he said that the delegation was under positive instructions to cast its twenty two votes for U.S. Grant; that he and his associates would support any nominee of the convention, but they must obey orders from home.

This caused a sensation, and growls of disapproval arose from all parts of the convention; for it was evident that this unfortunate complication might prevent a unanimous vote for Lincoln. The Missouri delegation, it should be understood had been chosen many weeks before the nomination of Lincoln became inevitable. There was never any recall of the instructions given at a time when it was apparently among the possibilities that another than Lincoln might be the nominee of the National Convention.

When the clerk of the convention announced the result of the roll call, it was found that Abraham Lincoln had 507 votes and U. S. Grant 22 votes. Thereupon Mr. Hume, chairman of the Missouri delegation, immediately moved that the nomination be declared unanimous. This was done. Straightway the long pent up enthusiasm burst forth in a scene of the wildest confusion.

Men hurrahed, embraced one another, threw up their .hats, danced in the aisles or on the platform, jumped on the benches, waved flags, yelled, and committed every possible extravagance to demonstrate the exuberance of their joy.

One of the most comical sights which I beheld was that of Horace Maynard and Henry J. Raymond alternately hugging each other and shaking hands, apparently unable to utter a word, so full of emotion were they. And when the big brass band burst out with "Hail Colum-bia!" the racket was so intolerable that I involuntarily looked up to see if the roof

When quiet was restored and business was about to be resumed, the band again struck up "Yankee Doodle" in its liveliest manner, and another torrent of enthusiasm broke forth; and it was a long time before the excited and jubilant assemblage could be quieted

down and order restored.

In those days the mere sight of the American flag or the sound of a national melody would stir an assemblage to fever heat.—Century.

Hawthorne's Early Attempts.

Most of his early attempts at fiction he burned; but in time his hand became surer, and he found that he had learned at last the difficult art of story-telling. His little tales began to be published here and there in monthlies and in annuals. Being anonymous or under differing signatures, they did not attract attention to the author; but in the news-paper notices of the periodicals in which they appeared they were often picked out for praise; and this finally encouraged Hawthorne to gather a score of them into asingle volume published in 1837 under the apt title of 'Twice Told Tales.' Although the little book had no remarkable sale, it won its way steadily; and the readers who had enjoyed Irving's pleasant sketches of New York character in 'Rip Van Winkle' and 'The Legend of Sleepy Hollow' could not but remark that Hawthorne's pictures of New England character revealed a stronger imagination and a deeper insight into human nature. Delightful as was Irving's writing, Hawthorne had a richer style and a firmer grasp of the art of fiction .- St. Nicholas.

London Policeman Sleep.

The London policeman is dignified if slow. The other day a citizen stood in the middle of the read out Pimlico way, shouting "Murder!" and "Stop thief!" A crowd gathered, and finally, after about half an hour, a guardian of the peace arrived, who straightway took the man into custody. When arraigned be-fore a magistrate, he explained that it was all an experiment. He was new to the neighborhood and simply wanted to find out how long it would take to attract the attention of the man on the beat The magistrate discharged him in the interest of science. But the English metropolis has been convulsed by the fact involved in that half hour's delay.

During the last campaign the candidates were all obliged to run the gauntlet of raffle tickets, church fair tickets, sub-scriptions, etc. One of the mayoralty candidates was approached by a tall, motherly looking lady who sweetly solicited money for the missionaries in

"Africa," exclaimed the candidate, "not a cent; it is out of my district."—

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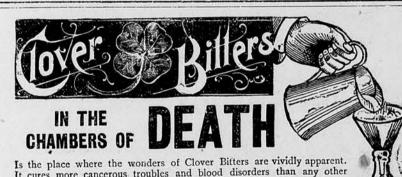
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9,789,634 18 \$30,878,891 26

\$83,970,690 67

71,339,415 92

ASSETS.

United States bonds and other securities First lien loans on bonds and mortgage Loans on stocks and bond

11,366,100 00 21,691,733 39

Real estate Cash in banks and trust companies Accrued interest, deferred premiums, etc.

9,655,198 91 6,615,645 07

Reserve for policies, and other liabilities

182,109,456 14

\$204,638,783 96

Surplus

\$22,529,327 82

Insurance annuities assumed and renewed Insurance and annuities in force Dec. 31, 1894 \$750,290,677 855,207,778 42

Increase in total income

\$6,067,724 26

Increase in premium income

2,528,825 84

Increase in assets

17,931.103 82

Increase in surplus

4,575.718 91

Increase of insurance and annuities in force

51,923,039 96

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SPRING IN GEORGIA.

Sunshine after all the storm-Hints of summer heat, And the clod is getting warm And the air is sweet.

Now the meadow grows to gree And the valley seems, In the color of the scene, Paradise of dreams!

Drowsy echoes from the dells, Soft as whispered words; Tinkle, tinkle, cattle bells-Sing, ye mocking birds!

> Johnny, Johnny, Sure as fate Fish are biting— Dig the bait!
> —Atlanta Constitution.

WILKES BOOTH'S FERRYMAN.

His Death Recalls His Connection With the Assassination of Lincoln.

Thomas A. Jones, who was noted as the man who helped John Wilkes Booth and David C. Herold to cross the Potomac river five days after the assassination of President Lincoln, recently died at his home in La Plata, Md.

During the war Jones owned a farm on the banks of the Potomac, bounded on one side by Pope's Creek, and standing on a high bluff. Through connection with another Southern sympathizer on the Virginia side of the river, Jones was able to keep up communications with the other side, and Jones's ferry became a very popular rendezvous for those who desired to cross the line. It was also used for the smuggling of mails to and from the South. Jones also made a regular business of aiding the blockade runners. A few years ago, after keeping his secret for many years, he published a book in which he described his share in the escape of Booth. He told of the flight of Booth and Herold into Maryland by way of the navy yard bridge, their taking refuge in the house of Dr. Samuel A. Mudd, near Bryantown, Charles county, on the morning after the assassination and the setting of Booth's broken leg by Dr. Mudd, who entertained the fugitives until night. Booth and Herold left Dr. Mudd's house, in the northeastern part of the county, Saturday night, on herseback, for the Pope's Creek ferry. They went to Col. Samuel Cox, the foster brother of Jones, who hid them and sent for Jones to aid them in crossing to Virginia. Jones gave them a boat and in other ways rendered them valuable assistance.

After the assassination Jones was an rested and imprisoned in the old Capitol in this city, but the Federal authorities were unable to connect him with the affair and had to discharge him. For a number of years after the war he held office either under the State or general Government. He was employed in the Washington navy yard, and was dis-placed during the Harrison administration. After that he was made a justice of the peace in Charles county, which position he held at the time of his death. -Washington Post.

What Hawthorne Called Himself,

After the publication of this collection of short stories, Hawthorne ceased to be what he once called himself-"the obscurest man of letters in America." His classmate Longfellow, with whom he had not been intimate in college, reviewed the book with hearty commenda-tion, and Hawthorne wrote him that hitherto there had "been no warmth of approbation, so that I have always written with benumbed fingers." Now at last he basked in the sunshine of public approval, and he was encouraged to go on with his writing. Yet it was five years before his next book was issued, and even then the new volume was only a second series of "Twice Told Tales," collected from the periodicals.

But meanwhile he had come out into the world again, and mixed once more with his fellowmen. He had edited a magazine for a few months; he had held a place for two years in the Boston custom house; he had been one of those who formed a settlement at Brook Farm, and he had married Miss Sophia Peabody. The marriage took place in 1842, and the young couple moved to Concord. went to live in the house which had been built for Emerson's grandfather, and in which Emerson himself had dwelt ten years before. Hawthorne took for his study the room in this old manse in which Emerson had written "Nature;" and in that room, during the next few years, he wrote stories and sketches which were collected into the two volumes published in 1846 as "Mosses from an Old Manse."-Prof. Brander Matthews in St. Nicholas for March.

Makes Tunes With Bullets.

Here is a story from New Orleans that must be taken as it stands. We do not vouch for the truth of it.

"Musical shots," says the tale, "are the latest among the sensations of New Orleans. A sharpshooter of the name of Pardon fires at the metal bars of a set of bells. The bullet, in striking the bar, sound a musical note, and the shots follow each other in such rapid succession and with such accuracy that the marasman is able to shoot any tune that may be desired.

The only thing lacking in this story is some account of Pardon's ability, which we presume he must possess, to shoot chords with ordinary birdshot.-Harper's Young People.

Routed the Fleas.

A storekeeper had a pet dog which was vainly trying to dislodge a flea, when an accommodating clerk took a curry comb from a box on the shelf and combed the dog with it to his great satisfaction. Then the clerk laid the comb back in the box and went to another part of the store. But the dog had taken careful note of where the comb was put, and, after some effort managed to climb up where it was. Taking hold of it with his teeth he dragged it out of the box and let it drop on the floor. Getting down himself he carried it to his place by the stove. Then placing it carefully in the right position he rolled over and over on it to his heart's content, wriggling and twisting all manner of ways the while so as to insure himself a good scratching.

Passing fashions have the same function in the reading of the general public as pickles and Russian sideboard dishes in the dining room. They stimulate an artificial appetite where none exists naturally. But after all it is better to eat because you have had caviare than not to

An evenly balanced horse trade is reported from Maine. Two farmers met and after a long talk one exchanged a horse for a cow owned by the other. Each took his new property home, and on the following morning both animals were LANDSCAPES IN FOUR MINUTES.

A Lightning Artist Whose Pictures At Appreciated in Eighth Avenue.

Down in the lower part of E. shith aven , New York, there is a man who has h seet ce painted in red and black letters on a piece of cloth stretchen over the upper part of his shop window:

"Lightning artist. Elegant landscapes painted and finished in four minutes. Walk in!"

A Sun reporter saw him do even better that he promised. The artist stood in his shirt sleeves in the front window, his easel in front of him and a packing case containing canvases about 12x14 inches at his side. In his left hand he held his palette and brushes, the latter seemingly better fitted for house painting purposes than for the delicate work of landscape painting. He had just placed a new can-vas on his easel as the Sun man approached.

Taking one of his largest brushes he dipped it into a mound of paint on the palette, and then, with a nervous move-ment of the hand, covered about a third of the upper part of the canvas, leaving a gray blue background. Then, with another brush of equal size he laid in spots of white. After blending the two colors the effect, with a good imagination, might be construed into a representation of a cloudy sky. To the right side of the canvas he applied a coat of mottled green, picking it out here and there with yellow and red-autumn foliage on the side of a mountain. Standing off a mo-ment to regard his work, he put a few extra touches on the mountain with his thumb. Then with the brush used for the first layer of sky he filled in the lower part of the canvas with lead colored paint, most of his strokes here being horizontal. Then he added a bit of high light in the center, and at the back a daub of white indicated a boat, the sail coming dangerously near the trees on the top of the mountain. The presence of the boat explained the scheme in gray paint; it was a placid lake, and when a few streaks of deep blue were laid in around the sides one was sure of the artist's intention.

The picture was now finished, and the artist, leaving it unsigned, handed it to his assistant. He had beaten his record by half a minute.

After seeing a new canvas placed on the easel and a sunset sky laid on, the re-porter walked into the store to see what disposition was made of the finished pictures. The store was filled with women, all of a type—that of the tenement life. They all appeared middle aged, were gowned in rusty black and bonneted in the old familiar way one becomes accus-tomed to at early mass in the Catholic church—a rusty black straw, topped with feathers, which show signs of conflict with much hard weather, and flowers that enjoyed their first artificial bloom several seasons gone by. All were with ungloved hands, red, with blunted finger nails, and the wedding ring on the left hand, always seeming too small for

the finger wearing it. These women were grouped about the artist's assistant, who placed the pictures in cheap white and gold frames and auctioned them off. The bidding was very spirited. Fifty cents was the lowest bid considered, and the picture, with the frame thereon, was usually knocked down for from \$1 to \$1.50, the successful bidder carrying away the prize in her hands, after paying heed to the auctioneer's caution to handle it carefully until it dried. In this manner at least ten were sold inside of as many minutes.

GENERAL BOOTH'S PLAN.

His Solution of the Poverty Problem in America.

In all our Salvation Army posts in London we have this sign posted:

No man need beg or starve or steal *
or commit suicide. Apply to the captain for a ticket and he will find you *

That is what every State should have posted in the portal of its prison. The unions are opposed to having men

in prison support themselves. I do not always agree with the unions. Here are four men in a garden. There

is just enough work to keep them. Along comes the fifth man who looks over their heads and says: "Can you give me some work?" They answer him, "No; there is just enough work for four here." He says, 'My God, you are not going to let me starve, are you?" They put their hands in their pockets and take out enough to feed him.

Would it not be better for them, since they must feed him to get something for their money? That is in little what society is in large.

America, has, in common with England the great drawback of an educational system. I don't know whether I dare say anything against education, but it seem to me it is all done for the mind and nothing for the body or soul. The children are brought up to be ladies and gentlemen, not men and women, who must work for a living. They are afraid to put their hands in the dirt or the dish-

The plan for darkest America would be to start little communities-little villages of thirty or forty houses together. Each man would have six or eight acres of ground surrounding the village, and, besides that, would have a common for his cow. There would be hovels for his pigs and chickens, and carts to come around so often to take the produce to the market.

This little farming community would not find life away from the cities such a barren thing. They would have their proper recreations, the bands and the barracks and trips to the city, and while they would not get rich they would make a fair living and a sure one.

None of the colonists will own the land. That is what I want the Government's help in. I want the Government to deed to me in trust this tract of land, to be used for the betterment of these people, giving me the privilege of alienating it or disposing of it only in cases where it is absolutely necessary for the success of

The colonists simply would have the use of the land free as long as they chose to work it. The money to build their little cottages, their sheds and styes for cattle and pigs would be a wanced to them out of their own wages, so that if a man ran away he would run away from his own money, and the sch me would be so much the richer by his running

We have a college in London to prepare teachers for the sixty or seventy colonies which we have scattered throughout the world.



L. Tobacco

sells for no higher price than other tobaccos, but is the Longest Chew. A tencent plug will go as far as two pieces of any other kind.

Just ${f Received}$,

Car load of

Washburn's Flour

Three car loads of 40 pound Clipped Oats. Ten car loads of Choice Michigan Hay, which we will sell in quanti-ties to suit purchaser. below market price.

Raymond Bros.

NEW YORK. NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD

-New York Division. October 1894.

TrainsteaveSouth Norwalk asfoliows: For New York—Accommodation trains as 9.36 a.m., 1.11, 2.54, 4.07, 5.30, 6.50, 8.06, 10.29 p.m. Express trains at 5.20 5.26, 6.15 (local), 6.55 (local), 7.08 (local), 7.55 (local), 8.21 (local), 9.03 (local) 9.58, 10.45, 11.37, (local) a. m. 12.25 2.25, 4.20, 5.20, 6.20 7.57 p.m. For Washington via Harlem River 1.13a.m. (daffy, Sundays.—Accommodation 9 15 a. m., 6.14 (local), 7.23, (local) 9.28 p. m. Express 5.20 5.26 a. m.

(100a1), 1.22, 100a1) 5.27 5.28 5.30 5.30 5.30 5.30 5.40 5.30 5.27 6.27 7.28 (to Bridgeport) 8.41 9.41 and 11.15p.m. Express trains at 1.01.1.20 9.11 10.09, 11.05 a. m. 12.05, 3.03, 5.07 (haugn-tuck Express)7.10 p. m. Sunnays.—Accommodation 7.38, 9.12 a. m. and 7.15 p.m. Express 1.01 and 1.20 a. m. C. T. HEMPSTEAD, Gen. Pass.Agt.

The Norwalk Fire Insurance Co

Has now Completed its

32d SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS YEAR. And has not outstanding a dollar of unpailosses or claims for losses. No sound company theorem for less
J. Beavan, Pres.; G. B. St. John, Treas
Geo. R. Cownes, Sec'y.;

TNA INSRUANCE CO., of Hartford Incorporated 1812. Charter Perpetua Capital and Assets, \$8,902,272.64. Insures against loss and damage by fire or terms adapted to the hazard and consisten with the laws of compensation

COVLES & MERRILL,

Sole agents for Norwalk and vicinity

J. Belden Hurlbutt, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

> Room 4, up stairs. GAZETTE BUILDING.

Truthabove all things."

FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1895.

Entered in the Post-Office as a Newspaper

THREE APPOINTMENTS

W. M. Springer and "Buck" Kilgore Made United States Judges.

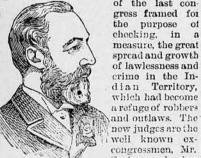
BOTH ARE EX-CONGRESSMEN.

They Were Appointed Under a Recently Enacted Law-William M. Aiken Gets the Position of Supervising Architect of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, March 22.-The follow ing appointments were announced at the White House today:

William M. Springer of Illinois, judge of the United States court of the Northern district of the Indian Territory.

Constantine Buckley Kilgore of Texas, judge of the United States court of the Southern district of the Indian Territory. The two Indian Territory judgeships are newly created offices established by an act



and outlaws. The new judges are the well known excongressmen, Mr. Springer having WILLIAM M. SPRINGER. served in the house of representatives for many years and having taken a prominent part in debates as one of the Democratic leaders. He was chairman of the banking and currency committee in the last congress and of the ways and means committee in the preceding congress. He has always kept up his legal reading and has been counsel before the United States supreme court in many cases during his congres-sional career. Soon after his defeat for

sional career. Soon after his defeat for eongress in the landslide of the last elec-

tion he was tendered the supreme court practice of one of the principal granger roads and had its acceptance under advisetime. He owns a house in Washington and is fairly

well to do. Judge Kilgore had served in the last four congresses from Texas and had attracted a great deal of attention by reason of his vigorous personality and many objections many objections

to various bills. "BUCK" KILGORE. He is a Georgian by birth and 60 years of age. He served in the late war, and his courage, it is believed, will make him useful in dealing with the lawless element which must be tried in the Indian Territory courts.

A New Supervising Architect.

WASHINGTON, March 22.-The secretary of the treasury has appointed William Mar-tin Aiken of Cincinnati supervising architect of the treasury in the place of Jeremiah O'Rourke, resigned.

Some months ago a complete reorganithe supervising architect is relieved of all administrative or other duties save those pertaining to architectural work. The assistant architect now passes upon all questions of material, and he alone formulates all contracts and has general supervision of all work. The general administration of the office and the appointment of draftsmen and clerks are now under his exclusive control, he being alone responsible to the secretary of the treasury. The salary attached to the office of supervising architect is \$4,500 per annum. Mr. Aiken is a native of Charleston and

is about 40 years of age. He is a member of the American Institute of Architects and had the support of 12 members of the Cincinnati chapter of that association. He also had the indorsements of leading citizens of Cincinnati and of Senator Brice, under whose direction he designed and constructed the Brice Scientific hall of Miami university at Oxford, O. Mr. Aiken was a pupil of Richardson, the well known architect of Boston. He is a Democrat and a nephew of ex-Representative D. W. Aiken of South Carolina.

Ito Thinks Ting Dead.

WASHINGTON, March 22 .- Although uncertainty may exist in some quarters regarding the death of Admiral Ting of the Chinese pavy, no doubt seems to have been felt of it by Ito, admiral of the Japanese navy, at the time of the capitulation of Wei-Hai-Wei. Admiral Ting was in command of the fleet at the latter place at the time of its surrender to the Japanese.

Dyspepsia Cured "My wife has been a great sufferer with dys-

Hood's Sarsaparilla have perfectly cured lightest food would distress her terrisleep well nights and she said no one could tell how badly she felt. She was also troubled with sick headaches. She

had tried different kinds of medicine, but none did her any good, At last Hood's Sarsaparilla was ended and one bottle did her so

so much good that she took two more and new she is perfectly well. She is not now troubled

ood's sarsa-**** with any sick headaches aor bad feelings, can eat heartily and sleep well. To Hood's Sarsaparilla belongs all the credit."

DTIS MERRITT, Addison, Maine. ures

Mood's Pills cure headache and indigestion.

The Spring is your most dangerous time!

Get your blood pure and your nerves strong.

r. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy,

IS THE GREATEST AND BEST

Spring Medicine!

Are You Prepared for Spring?



It is necessary to prepare yourself for the advent of spring by taking a spring medicine. Use the remedy which cured S. W. Nourse, Esq., of Hudson, Mass.

"From constant worry over business matters," he said, "I suffered from the loss of sleep, and became so nervous that I was entirely unfitted for my business. In fact, I feared insanity. I used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. The effect was almost magical. I could again sleep, mental composure, appetite, and strength returned. Six bottles of this remedy cured me, and I have remained well to this date. I have recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy to many of my friends and neighbors, and have yet to learn of a failure to obtain good results,"

He was Cured by Dr. Greene's Nervura Blood and Nerve Remedy.

How to Get Well and Keep Well.



Do You Feel Weak, Tired, and Nervous?

The wonderful cure of Mrs. Oliver Wilson, of Northboro, Mass., will interest you.

"I was suffering from nervousness," she says, "caused by female weakness and nervous prostration. I was so nervous and weak I could not go up a common pair of stairs without stopping to rest, and was troubled to sleep at night. I took Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and have obtained my old elastic step around the house, to the surprise of my friends. After creeping around for two years, hardly able to do anything, it has proved a boon to me truly. I know of many others whom it has cured and who speak most highly in praise of it."

They Were Imprisoned by an Explosion In a Wyoming Mine.

RESCUE IS NOT POSSIBLE.

Communication Cut Off by Debris In the Shaft-Bodies Which Were Found Are Badly Mangled-Fortunate Escapes of a Few Persons.

SALT LAKE CITY, March 22. - A terrible explosion at Rocky mountain coal mine No. 5, situated at Red Canon, Wy., is believed to have killed 80 men, who are imprisoned in the mine, in addition to ten who were in the power house above ground or near the shaft openings. The slopes and entrances to the lower workings are all blockaded by wreckage, and it is thought at least three days will be required for res-cue parties to reach the bodies in the mine.

The horror occurred at No. 5, Central Pacific mine, Red Canon, five miles north of Evanston. The explosion in the mine shocked the whole country around, wrecked the power plant, a fanhouse and several other buildings, entailing heavy loss, but the death roll far overshadows other considerations.

Bruce, outside boss; James W. Clark, William Sellers, Jr., and James Gerally, an Austrian, were killed in the power house, while O. Maltby, foreman; Crawford and Andrew Mason were injured and died soon afterward, the last three being about the power house at the time of the explosion.

A few hours later the dead bodies of James Limb and Fred Morgan were brought from the slope, only a short distance down. A great throng of people gathered around the mine anxiously inquiring regarding friends known to be in the mine.

All Are Surely Dead.

All hope of any of them being alive is gone. No one after seeing the ghastly spectacle presented by the two bodies brought out of the slope could have any hope of any in the mine being alive. These bodies were burned and blackened. with garments torn to shreds, making it almost impossible to identify them. How many were in the mine at the time of the explosion will take time to tell, but the best information obtainable places the number at over 80. Nearly all known to be killed leave large families.

Immediately after the explosion Super-intendent Bradbury telephoned to Evanston for all the physicians with an extra train. The Tribune correspondent went on the train and viewed the scenes of the disaster. The relief corps, carrying lanterns, got ready to descend in hopes of rescuing alive some of the vict ms. The blacksmith shop was turned into a deadhouse, with four bodies lying there, one disfigured with its head blown off, the others less man gled. Brave men had tried to descend some of the air and escape slopes without success, and it was not until three hours after the explosion that a volunteer party entered the main entrance to the and soon afterward returned with two bodies. They reported that caves stopped further progress down the slope. Then a party went down to clear away the caves. after which the searching party again en tered.

This slope being down 2,000 feet, with nine levels, each 1½ miles long, it will probably require several days to reach all parts of the mine.

A Few Fortunate Individuals.

A few lives were saved because of the time of the explosion. The miners quit work at 6 o'clock, and it is customary for them to be near the entrance and come out just as the whistle blows. A number of men had come out and some had just left the entrance to the mine slope, away from the working tunnel, when the explosion occurred, thus escaping death. Zeke Baker and his father and a brother came out five minutes before the explosion. Zeke was hit by the timber which killed the Crawford boy, but he was not much hurt John Hanna, a carpenter, had just come out and was talking to Cox and Bruce when they were killed, he being burned slightly, but it was understood the following persons were in the mine:
Willard Brown, John Lock

Highton, George Hides, John Fearn, Aaron Butler, John Critchley, E. Sloan, John Dexter, Charles Clark, Thomas James and Samuel Hutchinson, George Hardy, William Langdon and son, John Feebee, William Weedup and John Martin, Jr.

A welgher was the only person in the power house not killed, he being but slightly burned, except the engineer, was blown through the window, but little

Around the mine is a population of about 2,000. Many families are bereft of their fathers or sons. A more sorrowful community could not be found.

The explosion is described by many as most terrific, shaking the whole town, and causing women and children to run into the streets, crying, "Oh, my husband!" "Oh, my papa!" with raised hands imploring for the safety of the beloved ones.

A Terrific Sandstorm.

SOUTH ENID, O. T., March 22 .- This vicinity was visited by one of the most remarkable storms in the history of this re-gion. The wind blew 80 miles an hour, from a northwesterly direction, filling the air with sand and dust, causing complete suspension of travel and doing serious damage to property. Wheat and vegetables in the sandy lands are now hidden from view under several inches of dust.

The "Parson" Got Nervous.

CHICAGO, March 22.-In explanation of the calling off of the Ryan-Tracy fight last night, Referee Siler said: "In the seventh, when Tracy was on the floor, 'Parson' Davies called something to me. He was Ryan's manager, and I stepped to one side to hear what he had to say. He told me to call the contest off." Ryan was very angry, declaring that he had been robbed of a decision he had fairly won.

Nevada's Mint Robbery.

CARSON, Nev., March 22.-The only new development in the mint scandal is the report which reached here that two bars of gold bullion had been sold recently in Virginia City to J. C. Douglass, a stockbroker. It is also reported the exact amount of the shortage has been figured at \$56,400. The mint men still refuse to

To Reorganize Judicial Districts. ALBANY, March 22 .- Mr. Armstrong's bill reorganizing the judicial districts of the state in accordance with the provisions of the revised constitution passed the assembly-yeas, 86; nays, 14.

The New Jersey Bridge Matter.

WASHINGTON, March 22.-The secretary of war has decided, upon the opinion of the judge advocate general, that the general plan of the New York and New Jersey bridge bill must be submitted by June 7 next, and that the submission of the first plan for the bridge cannot be construed as extending the time of the act.

The President's Picture que Visitors. WASHINGTON, March 22.-A delegation of Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indians from Oklahoma in full Indian costume called at the White House today to see President Cleveland.

Against Emigration to Liberia.

CHICAGO, March 22.—The reports of the sending of negroes to Liberia by the Migration society of Alabama and of the colony of negroes settling in Mexico have aroused much interest among the colored people of this city, which may result in an exodus of a large number. G. W. Chapman, who was a missionary to Liberia for several years, and who is now studying medicine in this city, speaking of the matter, says, "I think it is a mistake for colored people to go to Liberia, for its climate is not fit to live in."

The Greenhut Contempt Case.

CHICAGO, March 22.—Attorneys interested in the Whisky trust litigation appeared before Judge Grosscup today to settle upon a date for the hearing of the Greenhut contempt proceedings. After considerable argument it was decided that the case will be heard April 22.

No Appeal For Policemen.

ALBANY, March 22.—Senator Reynolds' amendment to the New York police bills to give the right of appeal was lost—15 to Senators Bradley, Stapleton and Reynolds, and all the Democrats voted for it.

A NOVEL WEDDING.

Mrs. Ballington Booth Officiates at a Salvation Army Weilding.

CINCINNATI, March 22 .- What is said to be the first wedding in which the officiating minister was a woman has occurred here. Mrs. Ballington Booth of the Salvation Army was the minister. The bride and bridegroom were Lieutenant Amy Talbot of Cleveland and Adjutant Joseph Hargreaves of Cincinnati, both of the Salvation Army. The Salvation Army barracks was crowded, though the admission was 50 cents. There were no flowers, except a white rose worn by the bride, whose dress was the conventional army black re-lieved by a white silk sash. The bridegroom wore his uniform. Both were ungloved. A supper and march to the barracks preceded the ceremony, which lasted over two hours. There were no special decorations. "The pair," said Mrs. Ballington Booth, "were to be married under

the flag of the army and of the nation."

There were preliminaries of prayer, singing, clapping of hands, waving handkerchiefs and shouting halleluiah in con-cert. Mrs. Booth said the rule of the army was to avoid all ostentation. An inviola ble condition of the marriage was that it must not interfere with the duties with either as soldiers in the army, and that each must second and support the other as soldiers of the army. After this the pair stepped to the front, each with an attendant. Mrs. Booth stood between them. Each separately repeated after Mrs. Booth their acceptance of the conditions. Then hands were joined and the rest of the ceremony, including the placing of the ring and pronouncing them man and wife, was performed. The bride and bridegroom each delivered addresses. Mrs. Booth closed with an address.

INSURGENTS STILL ACTIVE.

Thousands of Cuban Revolutionists Gathered Near Guantanamo.

TAMPA, Fla., March 22.- The fate of the schooner Irene, which was reported as having been dismosted and sunk by the Infanta Isabella, is still shrouded in mystery. It is, however, stated that the Irene has for some time been under suspicion, and that officials of the United States and Spain have been watching her. The last heard of her was that she was in the vicinity of Boca Grande.

Mrs. Clara Acosta has arrived from Matanzas, Cuba. She reports that the civil guard and about 80 Cuban citizens met in conflict there on the night of the 13th inst., and that the latter were forced to beat a hasty retreat. One Cuban was wounded. It is rumored there that the blacks are conspiring to rise against the whites. Cubans claim that this report is being circulated by the Spaniards in the hope of dividing the Cuban forces.
On the 6th Matanzas was patrolled by

the Spaniards, and cannons were wheeled into place in front of the jail, where a double guard was stationed. These precautions alarmed the inhabitants. Negroes who chance to be out late at night are hailed and said to be shot. Only one case has been positively reported, however. It is reported that many small bands of insurgents are out near Jaguey la Grande, in Matanzas province. Coupled with the reported presence of Gomez and Marti is the assertion that Brigadier General Flor-ence Cromber of the former revolution. who is likewise a prominent leader, is in the island. The Spaniards who have served their time in the militia are being recalled into service from all parts of the island. Four hundred of these were sent on a vessel from Havana, about the 7th or 8th inst., with orders to proceed with all dispatch to the eastern end of the island. Colonel Guerra is reported in charge of a vigorous insurgent band near Holguin. Joaquin and Ismael Estrada, two brothers, are in command of forces said to Latest estimates are that in the vicinity

of Guantanamo there are fully 6,000 insurgents. General Maroso has 2,000, while there are fully as many as 2,000 more scattered through the provinces.

Three Children Burned.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., March 22.-Three children of Charles Ross, a laborer, were left locked in their home while their parents went visiting. The house caught fire from a lamp, and all the children were burned to death. All were under 3 years FOR SALE.

POR SALE or to rent, house and barn No 24 High street. Enqure of George P Ells or James Mitchell. References required 1047 tf

TO RENT.

TO RENT-House and barn at Cranbury, in good condition, and convenient to Norwalk bridge. Hent reasonable. Apply to Miss Elizabe h Raymond, or Mrs. Hannah R. Ambler, Wilton, Conn. 12 1w

TO RENT—The desirable offices on 2d floor of "Lockwood's Building," from and after April 1st next. 1071 tf

TO RENT-Five rooms on second floor, at No. 5 Elm street. Apply at house or at Finney & Benedict's. 1070 lw

TO RENT-Cottage of seven rooms, on South Union avenue. Possession immediately, Apply to Gen. Charles Olmstead, or GAZETTE Office.

TO RENT-From May 1st., house containing seven rooms. Apply at house, No. 10 Chestnut street. 1063 tf. TO RENT-Five rooms with pantry and closets, on second floor, at No. 9 Chestnut street. Water and sewer connections. Apply to E. H. Fillow, No. 5 Chestnut street. 1048 tf.

TO RENT Two furnished and very please ant rooms to let. Gall at 130 Main street. 959 tt.

WANTED.

WANTED-A New Yorker wishes board for his wife and two boys in a quiet home. Address L. K. M., care of GAZETTF.

ADIES desiring first-class help in every department of housework can immeditely obtain the same at the City Employment

Agency.
All those desiring employment, such as nurses, seamstresses, waitresses, chamber-maids, cooks and general work, can find immediate employment.
Only those with first-class references need

C. H. HARVEY, 70 North Main street, South Norwalk.

WANTED-A girl for general housework at 17 Belden avenue. 1073 tf

WANTED—Situation by a Danish man, (married) as a coachman and useful man. Willing and obliging. Box 79, Southport, Ct.

The daily Scavenger of Bridgeport, will be in Norwalk next week. People wishing their Vaults or Cesspools cleaned can leave orders with Jarvis Kellogg, No. 4 Center avenue. 1069 lw

MADAM ROSS the Well Known

CLAIRVOYANT
Throughout the States. Censultations on Past
Present and Future in regard to any matter
business or otherwise that may be desired
Consultation for Ladies and Gentlemen, \$1,
Short session for Ladies. £0c. Office at Old
Well Hotel, South Norwalk, Room No. \$2, up one
flight. Can be seen at any hour.

J. D. Jennings.

NIGGT BELL AT OFFICE

UNDERTAKER Knight street, opposito

BENEFIT OF MANAGER I. M. HOYT,

Street Railway Depo.

Hoyt's Opera House, TUESDAY, MARCH 26th.

MANOLA MASON

Under the direction of CHARLES F. ATKIN-SON, will present their delightful Musical Comedy Drama,

FRIEND FRITZ. THE ORIGINAL BOSTON CAST.

Seats on sale at 'Plaisted's and Gregory's Drug Stores.

SPECIAL SCENERY FOR EVERY ACT and all the

Merry Music and Sweet Songs. The Most Beautiful Play on the Stage.

DAILY FREIGHT LINE

NEW YORK, NORWALK AND SO

NORWALK.



CITY of NORWALK.

EAGLE and

VULCAN. Leaving Pier 23, East River, N. Y., 5 p. m.

Norwalk 5 p. m , South Norwalk 6 p. m

Steamers go after and deliver goods any-

where in New York or vicinity upon appli tion to agents.

DON'T send your clothes to Dry Goods stores or Tailors to be dyed or cleaned.

DON'T be put off with poor colors when you can get your clothing done nice, clean and fast at Tocque's. DON'T wait ten days for your dyeing when you can get it done in

three days at Tocque's. DON'T rip your dresses all to pieces to be dyed when you can get them done, all made up at Tocque's.

DON'T wear faded garments when you can have them dyed like new at Tocques.

N. B.—Fine blacks a specialty. Done

for mourning in three days.

Tocque & Sons,

Dyers and cleaners of ladies' and gents. garments, made or ripped. TOCQUE'S FAST BLACK. Warranted not to rub off.

Dyeing and Cleaning Works, Broad River Road, Norwalk. Norwalk agency, Singer Machine store

DR. SHEPARD'S SANITARIUM

Offers exceptional advantages to the invalid as well as to those who would keep in health. That the turkish bath is one of the most powerful remedies known to modern science, is admitted by many of the highest authorities in England, Europe and America.

It's success in Rheumatism, and kindred diseases, has been phenomenal. Malaria, or any blood poison, quickly yields to its potent influence. Neuralgia, or nerve pain, is immediately relieved under the influence of Hot Air in the Turkish bath.

As a Luxury, it surpasses all others, and as a Sanitary measure, a Turkish bath every week is invaluable.

By consulting the resident physician, instruction will be given to patients or bathers enabling them to secure the greatest amount of advantage possible from each Bath.

A skilled Masseuse and Electrician is in daily attendance in the ladies' department, and competent operators in Massage will be sent to residence on application. For rooms and Board, address

CHARGES H. SHEPARD, M. D. 81 & 83 Columbia Heights. BROOKLYN, N. Y.

BOXING

GIVEN BY

Prof. George Yoerger. Privatellessons at home, if desired,

Full course, 12 lessons, \$10. A set-to guaranteed every pupil.

ADDRESS Prof. George Yoerger.

Or apply at Louis Potter's.

Norwalk, Cong.

Just received; late t styles in Fall and Winter Millinery, consisting of Hats, Hat Frames Feathers, Ribbons. Velvets and Buckles; also a very fine line of Walking Hats, Tur bans, Sailors, etc, at

Fawcett's,

Headquarters for Millinery No. 3 Water street, Norwalk. Call and examine.

SEASON OF 1895

Crafty, No. 12,022. RECORD 2,13%,

Sire Kentuczy Wilkes, No. 1857 R ord 221% Dam Argo by Electioneer, No. 25 Ser-vice \$35.00. Bay Baron, No. 82,57.

RECORD, 2,19%, Sire Baron Wilkes. No. 7758, Dam Carrie Wilkes by George Wilkes. No. 519. Service W. B. E. LOCKWOOD, Jr. Norwalk, Conn.

Raymond & Son. Successors to George H, Raymond,

Furniture Dealers and General Funeral Directors.

46 and 48 Main street. Norwalk. Ct. Residence, 3 Berkeley Place. Telephone Call. 7-5

Propellers

ON PEARYS EXPEDITION.

PERFECT RELIANCE WAS PLACED IN PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND.



"When I was selected by Lieut.] Peary to accompany him on his trip to the Arctic regions to try and find a way to the north pole." says Mr. James W. Davidson in The Fourth Estate, "it was partly because of my strong, healthy constitution, and his belief that I could and the the films and depropriet by failing and a second depropriet by failing and depropriet b endure the fatigue and danger incident to the trip. I had been associated with him as his business manager on his lecturing tour, and was on terms of the

greatest intimacy with him.
"When the ship Falcon left New
York on her trip northwards it had among the stores several cases of Paine's celery compound. The reputa-tion of that medicine was well established, so that it was the most natural thing in the world that the members of the party, and they comprised men from nearly every walk in life, from common sailors to men of science, should desire to use it.

should desire to use it.

"The record of our perilous to Camp
Anniversary is too well known to need
repetition. Once in camp, we naturally took an inventory of our possessions, and I was exceedingly glad to
find Paine's celery compound. The medicine chest was open to all, and we were free to take from it what we thought advisable. I, in company with several others, selected some of the compound, taking a bottle of it to my cabin, knowing that it would be handy when wanted. Nor was I mistaken, for the excessive cold weather soon had zs

number of ways. In every case when-ever I felt the slightest indisposition, I used the compound, and found relief.

One thing noticeable in the Artic region was that the cold weather made us all exceedingly nervous. We became irritable and cross. Our nerves were all unstrung, and naturally it affected our health. I talked the matter over with some of the others, and made up my mind that possiby the celery compound would be beneficial, for I knew that it was used for nervous disorders at home. Well, sir, we tried it, and I must say that it helped every one

When the long night of six months came on and we were in darkness, we that the effects were very pressing. Imagine, if you can, living for six months in darkness such as occurs here every night, and you can readily understand how we were situated. It is a wonder that some of us did not go mad. We had not very much to divert our attention, and the effect was something like solitary confinement in a dark cell.

I have used Paine's celery compound for a dozen ills such as a person is liable to have at any time, and especially in that desolate country. It has always helped me, and I should be pleased to have more of it should I go north again.

I do not know of any one thing that I can say more of than Paine's celery compound. It certainly is a great effects, and I began to be troubled in a medicine, and I am an advocate of it.

The New York Weekly Tribune

AND

THE WEEKLY

GAZETT

One Year.

D.VE DOLLAR.

Address all orders to the GAZETTE

SAN FRANCISCO, March 22.—The United States grand jury and the United States district court are in conflict regarding the question of indicting C. P. Huntington, president of the Central Pacific, for issuing an interstate pass. District Attorney Foote says there is no law under which he could be convicted, and consequently he will not sanction the drawing of an in-

A Scandal In High Life.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 22.—Florence Bucklin Byers has commenced her long threatened suit to compel Frederick L. Macondray to recognize her as his wife. The Macondrays are wealthy and prominent society people, the family residing at Menlo Park.

MONARCHY DEAD IN HAWAII.

Ex-Queen Lil's Warmest Adherents Declare In Favor of the Republic.

WASHINGTON, March 22.-Late press advices received here from Hawaii state that Charles B. Wilson, confidential adviser of the ex-queen; John Colborn, one of her cabinet at the time she was deposed; Antoni Rose, ex-attorney general under the king, and John Richardson, formerly on the queen's staff, all of them prominent royalists, have taken part in forming an annexation club among the native Hawaiians. This is regarded as a declaration among the chief royalists that the mon-archy is dead for all time. At a recent meeting in Honolulu these prominent royalists took part in forming a constitution and articles of belief. These state:

"First.—We believe that the republican

form of government has come to stay in these islands.
"Second.—We believe that every person

should assist the government in carrying out its policy of political annexation of these islands to the United States."

The third article declares that the present Dole government secures liberty, security, free speech and free press, restriction of Asiatic immigration and cable communication. The constitution restricts members of the new organization to natives, or those having Hawaiian blood, or foreigners who have married Hawaiians.

Brotherton Mine to Be Operated.

MILWAUKEE, March 22 .- The Brotherton mine, on the Gogebic range, will be operated as soon as it can be pumped out. Word has been sent to Superintendent Joseph S. Ellwood at Wakefield, Mich., where the mine is located, to begin opera tions to this end at once. The Brotherton Iron Mining company has not operated this mine since 1893 and has allowed it to

A Norwich Woman Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, March 22.—The woman who was struck by a locomotive on the Camden and Atlantic railroad in Camden. N. J., has been identified as Mrs. Edwin S. Ely of Norwich, Conn., who had been under treatment for melancholia at the Bryn Mawr (Pa.) hospital for about three

Canadian Pacific's Lumber Cut.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 22 .- The Canadian Pacific railway has lowered the rate on lumber to the east \$2.50 per 1,000 feet. Local lumbermen expect to capture a large amount of trade now held by Puget sound dealers.

The Weather.

Generally fair; variable winds; warmer.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. Closing Quotations of the New York Stock

Exchange.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Money on call fairly active at 234@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 47514 per cent. Sterling exchange dull and easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.8874@4.89 for demand and at \$4.8874@4.89 for demand and \$4.8874.89 fo @4.87% for 60 days. Posted rates, \$4.88% and \$4.90. Commercial bills, \$4.87. Silver certificates, 63@63%: no sales. Bar silver, 62%. Mexican dollars, 50. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds strong.

Closing prices:
Atchison 434
Bur. & Quincy 731/2
C., C., C. & St. L. 3894
Chesapeake & O., 1734
Chicago Gas 711/6
Cordage 498
Cotton Oil 2514
Del. & Hud128
Distillers' Trust., 1514
Erie 9
General Electric. 35
Hocking Valley 24
Lackawanna160%
Lake Shore13756
Lead 33
Louisville & Nash 51
Missouri Pacific., 211/6
Northwestern 9134

North American. 5 Northern Pacific. 334 Do. pref....... 1614 N. Y. Central.... 9434 Ontario & West. 1842
Pacific Mail 2134
Reading. 956
Rock Island. 6436
Silver Bullion. 634
St. Paul. 5742
Sugar Refining. 9946
Texas Pacific. 1046
Union Pacific. 946
Wahash pref. 14 Wabash pref..... 14 Western Union... 87%

New England 3456

General Markets.

New York, March 21.-FLOUR-State and western quiet and easier to sell; city mills pat-ents, \$3.90@4.15; winter patents, \$2.80@3.15; city mills clears, \$3.25@3.30; winter straights, \$2.35@

WHEAT-No. 2 red opened steady on better cables, but soon weakened for want of sufficient buying; trade very dull all the morning: May, 80 11-18261 1-16c.: July, 60 13-16261 1/2c.

RYE—Nominal.
CORN—No. 2 was fairly active and firm except for a slight reaction after the opening with wheat; May, 511/46511/4c.; July, 505/6050/4c.
OATS—No. 2 ruled dull up to noon; May,

B)4(03598c. PORK-Firm; new mess, \$12.75@13.25; family, \$12.25@12.75. LARD—Firmer: prime western steam, \$7.02}4,

BUTTER-Firm; state dairy, 10@18c.; state reamery, old, 10@15c. CHEESE—Quiet; large, 8@11½c.; small, 8@

EGGS-Steady: state and Pennsylvania, 12% ©13c.; western, 12½@12½c. SUGAR—Raw firm; fair refining, 2 11-16c.;

centrifugal, 96 test, 3c.; refined quief; crushed, 4 9-16@44c.; powdered, 4 8-16@44c.
TURPENTINE—Quiet and steady at 361/4@

37c. MOLASSES—Firm: New Orleans, 33@38c. RICE—Steady; domestic, 43@65%c.; Japan,

TALLOW—Dull; city, 49-16c.; country, 41-16c. HAY—Quiet; shipping, 50@55c.; good to choice, 60@75c.

Cut Me Out

Cut out this advertisement,

IVORINE M Washing Powder

with your address and 14c.

in stamps, and by return mailyou'll receive their beautiful **EUNKER HILL** SOUVENIR SPOON.

Address, THE J. B. WILLIAMS CO., Glastonbury, Ct., PREMIUM DEPARTMENT.

We warrant these spoons made of the best German silver, extra plated with pure silver, oxidized handles, gold unch howls.

WHAT SHOOK HER FAITH.

How a Very Sweet Tempered Bride She is a bride, sweet tempered, sympa-

thetic and with a boundless faith in human nature. She lives in a pretty little home in West End avenue—no matter what the number is. Before her marriage-and, indeed, ever since-she has been active in works of charity and good will, and long ago she made a resolve that when she came to have a home of her own no needy man should be turned from her door empty handed.

But already she has made a mental reservation. She is disposed now to do her almsgiving through organized channels of charity, rather than at the front door or in the streets. And this is how her childlike faith was shattered.

The snow had just stopped falling. It lay six inches deep, white and glistening on the pavement of West End avenue, when a poor, forlorn fellow in tattered coat and leaky shoes came shuffling through the drifts and up the steps that led to the pretty bridal nest. He shook the feathery flakes from an old slouch hat, hesitated a moment, then touched the electric bell and stood firm and erect, despite his beggarly raiment, in the atti tude of "attention."

"Excuse me, miss," he said to the maid who opened the door, as he gave her the military salute, "I'm an old soldier, and not used to begging, but if you would ask your mistress if she hasn't an old pair of shoes to spare. The snow comes clear through the soles of these." The maid left him standing there, and

soon returned with a half worn but serviceable pair of shoes, much better than those he wore. The old soldier took them gratefully. He hesitated, and then said, with an air almost Chesterfieldian:

"Miss, your blue eyes are as kind as they are pretty, and that makes me bold to ask if you couldn't perhaps find an old coat a trifler more presentable than these rags I am wearing."

The maid was impressed. "He's a well spoken man," she said to her mistress, as she delivered the second message, "and I'm thinking he's seen better times.'

A serviceable coat was found. The bride's good husband only glanced over his newspaper to see that it wasn't his newest cutaway that was to be sacrificed. He smiled. He was rather fond of humoring the bride's little charitable whims. The maid delivered the coat and was soon up stairs again, wearing a look of unutterable surprise.

"And what is it he wants now, Maggie?" said the mistress.

"Well, ma'am, I never saw the likes of him for a beggar. He took the coat like he took the shoes, almost a cryin', he was so pleased, and then he kind o' choked up like, and he says to me: 'Sure, miss, I'd like to do something for yez to show me gratitude is genuine, and if yez'll get me the coal shovel I'll do yez a good turn anyway by a-clearing the snow off your front pavement.' So I got the coal shovel and gave it to him, and he touched his hat again.'

"He is no ordinary mendicant, surely," said the bride. "His desire to give us some equivalent, even by his own hard labor, proves him to be a worthy man; you think so, my dear?" and she turned toward her more worldly wise husband for his approval.

But the worldly wise husband only smiled as he glanced over the top of his newspaper again and said: "Perhaps so, my dear; but Maggie had better go down and just see that he doesn't steal the coal shovel.'

Maggie went. The wind whistled as she opened the door. The snow still glistened in the sunshine. It was still six inches deep on the level, and drifting. It was still unbroken, save for the broad footprints of the old soldier headed toward the street corner. He had gone. So

THE BOY AS A BAROMETER.

He Fortells the Coming of Spring in His Own Way.

The other day a boy in this town standing upon the heel of one boot for a center described the circumference of a circle with the toe of the other. It was a marble ring, and spring's first and surest harbinger is here. The migratory birds may be deceived. The trees may swell their buds with a false joy at the deceitful breath of the south wind. Waters may laugh merrily at their territory re-lease from bondage, as the mouse rejoices when the cruel cat lifts up her tantalizing claw. The sky and the earth and the air may seem to read the signs of spring and be mistaken, but the boy is nature's masterpiece. He does not err in interpreting the sound of nature's

When the season's change is first sure ly heralded a boy is the herald. The marble ring is more faithful in its promise than the rainbow. There is no doubt now that the winter has done its worst. There may be bitter cold days but there will be in the chilling winds the chill of spring, and the warm days will outnum-ber the cold ones from now on.—Kansas City Star.

Time's Possible Revenge:

The Hon. Mrs. Strongmind (rising in her place and speaking in a deep, resonant, contralto voice)-I wish, now, Madam Speaker, to move that we proceed to the consideration of the bill, "To Prohibit Men from going Out Between Acts at Theatre."-Chicago Daily Tribune.

Content With Less.

"I suppose," said Mr. Gratebar, "that eally the man who attains the greatest possible enjoyment of life is the man who finds the greatest happiness in work; but how few of us there are that are ambitious in that direction!"

Apples as Brain Food.

Apples are now recommended by many physicians as brain food because they contain a quantity of phosphoric acid and are easily digested. Eaten at night before retiring they excite the action of the liver and produce sleep. Several Chicago physicians have pronounced in their favor. - Chicago Tribune.

Laporte Girls' Modest Wants.

Laporte girls don't want very much. They ask for a new writing desk at the postoffice, a desk supplied with a mirror where ladies can arrange their toilets, and easy chairs so that they can rest while waiting for the mail.—Indianapolis Journal.

The Beginning of Wiscom. One of the first things for women to learn is how to buy a larger shoe and a smaller hat.-Galveston Daily News.

Advertise in the GAZETTE.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U.S. Gov't Report



ABSOLUTELY PURE

OUR NAVY MAY BE BUSY

The Cabinet Has Many Important Questions to Consider.

EUROPEAN ENCROACHMENTS

A Fear That the Monroe Doctrine May Be Violated-Venezuelan Complications Are the Most Important-The Whereabouts of Our Ships.

WASHINGTON, March 22.—The prospect of serious complications which threaten the United States through European en-croachment on Venezuela and Nicaragua has assumed a phase of such danger to the principle laid down in the Monroe doctrine that a special cabinet conference was held at the White House to consider the subject. There is no doubt whatever that these subjects are considered by the president and Secretary Gresham as of much greater import to this country than the Allianca incident or the recall of Minister Thurston and must be handled with unusual delicacy and with the knowledge that a misstep may plunge the govern-ment into embarrassing complications with not one but several of the principal

European nations. The conference was attended by the president, Secretary Gresham, Secretary Carlisle, Attorney General Olney and Secretary Lamont. It lasted several hours, but Mr. Lamont withdrew after a brief attendance. Mr. Gresham took with him to the White House the official copies of much of the recent correspondence on both the Venezuelan and the Nicaraguan situations, and he remained with Mr. Cleve-land some time after his colleagues had left. It cannot be learned whether any additional information reached the state department today, but it is said that Mr. Bayard has failed to arrange the Mosquito troubles with the British government in a manner satisfactory to the United States.

The Bluefields Affair.

Great Britain's ultimatum to Nicaragua, demanding an indemnity for the expulsion of Mr. Hatch, the British consular got from Bluefields, and the report that a british warship is on her way to enforce the demand are the latest known serious phases of the difficulties growing out of the Bluefields affair, and as action by this government may involve a new construction of the Monroe doctrine it can be seen how slowly and carefully the president and his advisers are obliged to feel their way to prevent any possibility of a blunder that might weaken the practical sponsorship which the United States government holds over the South American and Central American republics.

In the Venezuelan affair the United States government finds itself opposed to such strong adversaries as Great Britain, France and Germany, with Belgium as an incidental factor. The settlement of the claim of Great Britain to certain Venezuelan territory is the main cause for alarm, and to this is added the prospect that Germany will send warships to collect a large amount of money guaranteed German contractors for the construction of the Central Venezuelan railroad. France and Belgium have a common ground for action disturbing to the peace of the little South American republic—namely, the expulsion of the French and Belgian ministers from that country. Both governments have protested against the expulsion, and France will send a naval vessel to take their envoys home.

Wherein the Danger Lies.

The Monroe doctrine and its ramifications contain ample authority, it is held, for the United States to display an active interest in the threatening attitude of Great Britain and Germany, and, while the probable action of France and Belgium does not seemingly come within the scope of the doctrine, it is understood to be the belief of this government that all four of the powers involved will join issue in opposition to the United States to secure their several ends, and such amalgamation is likely to beget a desire on the part of all to extend their dominions.

With affairs in an unsettled state both on the west and east coast of the Central American states, the prospects are promising for active work on the part of the naval forces during the next few months. At present the establishment is better able to meet demands for warships than it has been in years. Admiral Meade's fleet, which left New York with the object of performing extensive fleet and drill prac-tice and evolutions, has been almost constantly engaged in keeping an eye on events at La Guayra, while the Raleigh and Montgomery, which were intended to join him, have been delayed either at Bluefields or Colon, on account of further attempts on Great Britain's part to cause trouble at Nicaragua by insisting on an indemnity for expelling the British consul from the Mosquito strip last July. The navy department intends retaining the entire fleet in the West Indies and neighborhood until all matters in which this government is interested are settled.

The Mexico-Guatemala Trouble. The possibilities of trouble between Mexico and Gautemala are already being

anticipated by the navy department, which is preparing to have every naval ship now at Mare island placed in readiness for service on the west coast should there be ne-cessity of a large display in order to insure adequate protection to American interests, which, the experience of the department shows, require constant attention when any of the republics south of the United States are at war. Fortunately there are now a number of ships available on short notice in view of the decision of the president to patrol the Bering sea this season with revenue cutters, which duty in previous years has necessitated a heavy draft upon the naval strength of the Pacific coast and left the station practically with-out vessels for other service. Besides the crack cruiser Olympia, which goes to Hon-olulu as the Philadelphia's relief, there are the Bennington, the coast defense vessel Monterey, the Adams, Mohican, Alert and Ranger. The Boston is being over-hauled and is not expected to be in service again for several months. The prospect of the Chinese war being shortly terminated will lead to a reduction of the Asiatic fleet and the return of two or three vessels

to San Francisco for repairs. These, added to the squadron now under Admiral Beardslee's command, will give the station the largest and finest array of war-The impression among the officials that

the difference between Mexico and Gaute-

mala will ultimately lead to war prompts the navy department to hasten work on the vessels undergoing repairs at Mare island, and it is the intention when the trouble does start to order a big fleet south and station one or two vessels in every seaport where American interests are likely to be endangered. Threatening warclouds in Peru may also demand the assignment of two or three ships at Callao. The nearest vessel to that country now is the Newark at Montevideo, flying the flag of the admiral ommanding the sta-tion. Her services ere required on the south Atlantic, and in event of disturbances in Peru some of the vessels now at

Mare island will be at once sent south. Most Important Point.

By diplomats and close observers of foreign questions it is conceded that the Venezuelan question is of a far more serious nature than either the outrage committed by the Spanish warship upon the Allianca or the probabilities of Great Britain again attempting to make trouble in Nicaragua. On the administration will devolve the duty of insisting upon a steadfast observance of the Monroe doctrine by Great Britain, France and the other countries parties to the boundary line dispute. It is admitted that if the president and Secretary Gresham fail to prevent English encroachment on Venezuela a precedent will have been established and doctrine violated, which might result in consequences more farreaching than the mere aggression on a small part of Venezuelan land.

This week Admiral Meade's fleet left La Guayra for a few days' cruise in the neighboring waters, proceeding as far as San Domingo, where the Columbia, with Assistant Secretary McAdoo on board, will join him, when the entire squadron will return to Venezuela and remain indefinitely. There seems now not to be the slightest prospect of a single naval ship

sent to Cuba, notwithstanding the latest reported outrage on a small fishing schoon-Among naval officers it is freely contended that there could be no better preventive of these attacks on American merchant ships than the presence of one of the new cruisers around the east end of the is-land, where the insurgents are intrenched, and where filibustering expeditions are being watched for by the Spanish gunboats. Admiral Ramsay stated, however, today that no orders had been given assigning a ship to Cuba, and that none would be pending the answer from Spain to the message of Secretary Gresham.

THE ARMENIAN MASSACRES.

A Deserter From the Turkish Army Tells of the Atrocities.

LONDON, March 22.—The correspondent in Armenia of The Daily News sends to that paper a story told by a Turkish soldier who took part in the Sassoun outrages, and who has since left the army and fled across the Russian border. His story confirms the worst accounts of the outrages. He tells how the Turks sent the Kurds to do the rough work of burning the Armenian villages and murdering the inhabitants. It was Turks, he adds, who cut off the fugitives as they were trying to escape. Describing the outrages in the vilage of Djellyegoozan, "pit massacre," the Turk says that two immense trenches were dug, and the soldiers were told off into parties to butcher the inhabitants. For over a week one party or another was marched at nightfall to the trenches, where the soldiers were ordered to bayonet and butcher batches of unarmed, helpless Armenians. The Turk remorsefully admits that he killed seven persons, but says he would have been killed himself had he disobeyed the order

of his superior officer. In an editorial comment on the foregoing dispatch, The Daily News says that the ordinary calculations of diplomacy can have no place in the deliberations of the powers in this crisis of the fate of Arme-

Spain's Shot Defended.

LONDON, March 22.-The Post, in an editorial on the Allianca affair, says: "On the whole, it seems that Spain was fully justified in her action. It can hardly be contended that a suspected breach of neu-trality by Americans should be left to the American government to punish. America's recent declaration shows that fillbustering expeditions were expected. Spain's right to protect herself against the secret supporters of her revolted subjects cannot be justly contested."

Magnanimous Jim Corbett.

Boston, March 22.-James J. Corbett has written a letter to John L. Sullivan sympathizing with him in his trouble and offering to box with him at a benefit which he suggests should be given for Sullivan in Boston or New York. Corbett also states that he will box with any pugllist suggest-ed by Sullivan. Peter Maher, the Irish champion, has written to John L. that he s willing to box with Corbett four rounds.

An Embargo on Sheep.

HELENA, March 22.—The governor has issued a proclamation forbidding the importation into this state without inspection of sheep from Oregon, Nevada, Cali-fornia, Washington, Idaho, Colorado, Utah, Oklahoma and New Mexico, because of dangerous diseases. Importations will be allowed upon the certificate of the state veterinarian that they have been inspected and found free from disease.

Duluth's Common Sense Charity.

DULUTH, March 22.—As a result of a movement started by Bishop McGolrick, Duluth will adopt Detroit's plan of a pub-lic farm and will devote several acres of city and private property to the raising of potatoes, onions and other vegetables for the city's poor. Mayor Lewis and others will give several acres for this purpose. Workhouse prisoners will be compelled to work on the farm.

A Village Wiped Out.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 22.-Parsonsburg, Md., was obliterated by fire. The large kindling wood mill of Parsons Bros., their store, 5,000 cords of wood, the rail-road depot and lwelling of Robert Riggin were destroyed.

At Auction. JUESDAY, MARCH 26th, 1895.

FOR SALE

At 10 o'clock A. M. The REAL ESTATE belonging to the estate of BURE OSBORN, deceased, situated on New-

town avenue, one mile from the village of

Norwalk, consisting of HOUSE, BARN and other OUTBUILDINGS, together with about

ONE ACRE OF LAND. This is a very desirable property. The buildings are all new and pleasantly located, being a short distance from schools and churches. Good walks; city water. The house is fitted up for two families.
BURR SMITH, Administrator.

James Mitchell, Auctioneer.

Horace E. Dann. EXCELSIOL

Tivery and Sales Stable

Opposite Danbury and Norwalk Railroad depot, Norwalk, Conn. Stylish Single or Double Teams with or without drivers. Safe horses for women and children. . .

SADDLE HORSES A SPECIALTY

Horse Shoeing.

The undersigned has taken the shop in the ront of S. T. Ruby's on Cross street, adi 'prepared to do horse shosing in 'ab-class manner. John T. Bycett.

SH0W DAYS, March 22d and 23d.

We will make Special Display of new Spring clothing for men and boys. For the quality of goods our prices will certainly surprise you—and all new goods, fresh from our factory, 841 Broadway, New York-and novelties from Best & Co's for the little fellows. Friday and Saturday, at both stores.

EVERYTHING IN CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS.

W. A. BENEDICT & CO.,

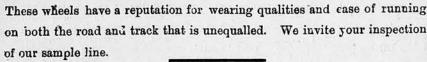
Sentinel Bldg SOUTH NORWALK,

19 Main St. NORWALK.



Made by a company that has been manufacturing

for sixteen years,



The J. T. ProwittCo.,

NORWALK.

SO. NORWALK



A PRETTY FOOT.

Is largely due to the kind of shoe there is on that foot. No matter how shapely the feet themselves are, if the shoes are not the proper shape, size and style, the effect will be disappoint-

This much is certain—whether a lady's foot is pretty or other wise, it will at least LOOK pretty in any of our stylish shoes.

BROTHERS

Shoe Dealers. Gazette Building.

Regular Bi-Monthly Visit.



Chartered and Incorporated by Special Act of Legislature, June 10, 1881

Will arrive and open an office at the

CITY HOTEL, SO. NORWALK, CT.,

Thursday, March 21st, 1895.

REMAINING FOR 3 DAYS.

They treat all chronic diseases such as Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Epilepsy, Nervous Exhaustion, Bheumatism, Dyspepsia, Constipation and absolutely guarantee every case of Consumption they agree to treat.

A WORD TO WOMEN.

You who are familiar with the agonies of life and the barbaric treatment of the speculum and caustic, rings and pessaries, also naseous compounds that derange the stomach and weaken the nervous system; you are the ones we especially invite to call, and the ones who should be most interested and thankful for any method that cures, without the unpleasant and expensive use of the speculum, the painful and dangerous use of the caustics applied, and the other time honored methods of treatment which have proved so unavailing in the past.

OUR NEW SCIENTIFIC AND PAINLESS TREATMENT

is used by the patient in the privacy of her own home, the effects are immediate and positive, and from the day our remedies are used, the cure begins.

TO YOU PERSONALLY.

Let us reason together. You are tired of the old routine methods! You are sick of the nanseous, disgusting compounds which you have been taking by the gallon (more or less) for years; you are discouraged; you never expect to be well again, and you have made up your mind to stop doctoring. If these are your feelings, just listen a moment—many hundreds who felt exactly as you do, have come to us and now they are well.

Our methods are different, our treatment is different, our medicines are different from any you have employed, and it will pay you to investigate.

All who visit these eminent physicians during the above dates will receive consultation examination, advice and services absolutely free until cured.

Young or middle aged men suffering from specific or special nervous diseases find immediate relief and permanent cure under the Rational system discovered, formulated and employed by these doctors

SUNDAYS CLOSED. HOURS, 9 a. m. until 8 p. m.

General offices for State of Connecticut, 129 Fairfield avenue, Bridgeport, Ct., 928
253 Main Street, Hartford. 928 Chapel St. New Haven.

Address all letters to the Bridgeport Office.

THIS STAFF OF PHYSICIANS WILL RETURN EVERY 60 DATS.



ABSOLUTELY PURE THE OLD RELIABLE

SWEET CAPORAL CICARETTE

MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

MR. E. H. WILSON'S

School for Bons

Norwalk, Conn.

DISTINCTIVE

FEATURES:

Well considered methods of

instruction. Due regard for the individuality of pupils.

Demands on each boy suited to his capacity.

Careful observation of each boy's progress.

Means carefully adapted to the proposed end.

> Boarding Pupils, \$500.00. Day Pupils, \$120.00.

MRS. MEAD'S



FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG LADIES

Fine college preparatory department, whose graduates are admitted on certificate to Wel lesley. Vassar, and other colleges. Complete courses in languages 'literature, history, science, art, and vocal and instrumentel music. Special primary department for little child ren under the care of Mrs. R. B. Craufurd, Application for admission or for circulars may be made to

Mrs. Mellville E. Mead.

Principal.

HILLSIDE, NORWALK.

Painting, Paper Hanging, Kalsomining and Hard-Wood Finishing.

CHAUNCEY L. PLATT,

52 Wilton Avenue,

Norwalk, Conn.

ESSample Books of full line of LATEST S yles of Papers, Borders and Gilt Mouldings taken to houses for inspec-tion on notice by postal card



For Sale by:

G. A. Gregory & Co., Norwalk.

DAILY GAZETTE'

Classified Business Directory. Jaras under this head \$2.50 per line per year

Jaras under this head \$2.50 per tine per year INSURANCE.
NORWALK FIRE INS. CO., N.In successful business since 1860; no outstanding claims. WILSON, O. E., Gazette bldg., N. Investments and money toloan. Also insurance writtenin best of companies at lowest rates ATTORNEYS.
HUBBELL, JAMES T., 9 Water street, N. HURLBUTT, J. BELDEN, Attorney and Counselor at Law, room 4, (up stairs) Gazette Building, Norwalk.

SELLECK. GEORGE WARD, 18 Wall st., Best goods Teas and Coffees. Specialties. LIVERY STABLE.

DANN. H. E., 8 kiver st., Livery Stables

DANN. H. E.. S River st., Livery Stables UNDERTAKER. RAYMOND. G. H., 46-48 Main st., telephone MARBLE YARD
ATES, P.W. Waterst., N; Steam Stone Works Monumental and Bld'g. THE MEN ARE CROWDING.

Usurping the Places Once Occupied by Wage Earning Women.

"There is nothing," said Rev. Anna Howard Shaw a few evenings before she left to attend the council meetings in Washington, "which I like so much as the phrase 'Woman's Sphere' when ap-plied to intellectual women by the average man, but I cannot understand why he does not endeavor to protect that sphere. Thirty years ago thousands of poor women made a good living by day's washing. It is very humble work, and requires but little intelligence. Yet today we find the business monopolized by men. They have even organized a na-tional association of American laundrymen, not male washerwomen, mark you, and glory in their success at driving woman out of the field.

"Dressmakers and seamstresses were formerly all women, but now a man does the sewing in a filthy tenement, a man takes your measure and a man sells wear and underwear to you across the counter. To cap the climax, if you want to be stylish you must patronize some man tailor. In fashionable society not a pretty maid but a coarse, ignorant man opens the door to you and serves you at dinner. In the kitchen a masculine chef replaces the good old woman cook. Men make mittens, socks and comforters on the knitting machine, and have driven the old lady and her needles out of the market. In flats and apartments the male janitor brings up your coal and wood, scrubs your halls and windows, feeds the dog and does two-thirds of the menial work.

"Everywhere men are usurping the place of the waitress, the chambermaid, the scrub woman, the shop girl, the dairy maid, the governess, the music teacher, the singing teacher, the ladies' hairdresser, the dishwasher, the preserve maker and the maker of home made bread. It really requires a magnifying glass to find a part of woman's sphere which is not occupied by a lot of superior male beings. The average man is certainly a coward, as well as a simpleton, to glibly descant upon our sphere and deprecate our leaving it for a second, while at the same time he calmly permits it to be parceled out and appropriated by his own sex."

QUEER IDEAS OF HONESTY.

A Michigan Man Who Was Bound to Buy Green Goods.

Charles Tyler, whose home is on a farm a couple of miles from the little town of Cheshire, in Michigan, was stopped by Patrolman Ryan at Albany, while on his way to New York to buy green goods and was sent back to his home in the pines. They went to police headquarters, where the man from the West gave Chief Willard his name and address and told the old, old story of the green goods circulars and letters.
"Would you pass this counterfeit money?" asked the chief.

"'Tain't counterfeit money," replied Mr. Tyler. "They sent me half of a bill an' it wuz good's gold! Durned me if it wasn't! Besides, th' government's rich and th' little money I'd spread 'round wouldn't make it poor. Any way, I wouldn't give it t' no poor people. I'd only give it t' people whut could spare it."

Then the chief explained the ancient game. It was a new story to Tyler and his eyes filled with tears as he heard it. "Jest t' think!" he said. "I sold all

my hosses except one team, all my hogs, all my sheep and all my cattle!" But now and then he would recover

his confidence and he said:
"I don't believe they'd cheat me. They've been honest in every letter they wrote me. They didn't ask me t' meet them in no dark place. They said fer me t'come t' a hotel. Here's the telegram. Jest read it an' tell me if it ain't

like one frum an honest man."

The chief did not look at it, but he went to his desk and showed Mr. Tyler a half dozen telegrams and letters just like the ones he had received. Then he showed him a dozen or more newspaper clippings. The clippings settled the whole

"When did you last read a paper?" asked the chief. "Don't you ever read

"Yes, sometimes; but they seemed so gosh darned honest," replied Mr. Tyler.
"They did everything right out in the

open.' "How much money have you?" "I've jest got \$361."

"You take part of it and buy a ticket to Cheshire," advised the chief. "If you want me to I'll give you a note to the conductor telling him to keep you from putting your head out of the window." Mr. Tyler took a train for Saginaw at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

When Maggie Entered Society.

It doesn't matter how old they may be, whenever two or three women are gathered together they always will insist on calling each other girls. Take that New York dance the other night, for instance, at which Miss Ma gie Cline made her debut in society. No sooner had Miss Cline gone through the preliminary rites and begun to chat with Mrs. Dinsmore. Miss Auita De Forest, Mrs. Cooper-Hewitt and Mrs. William Douglass, than she exclaimed: "Well, girls, I'll tell you what it is, now. If my poor old mother was alive she'd walk all the way from the Bowery to see me now." The Policeman Refused to be Useful,

For some time it has been the custom for the police force of Marion, Ind., to scrub the mayor's office and clean the cuspidors. A few days ago one of the force declined to do the work and was dismissed from the force on a charge of insubordination. He then made charges against the mayor, who used what was considered undignified language in his denial. A mass meeting of citizens was held and his resignation demanded.

To Excess.

"Did you read about that man in Baltimore who swallowed his glass eye?" asked the youngest boarder.
"I did," replied the cheerful idiot. "And

it does seem to me that he was carrying the modern weakness for introspection a trifle too far."-Indianapolis Journal.

The Mistress' Fears Allayed, Mrs. Youngwife-Mary, don't you put

acid in the water when you wash the clothes? Mary-Oh, yes'm; but don't worry-me hands is used to it.-Brooklyn Life.

Redeemed Himself.

"Why does he stand so high socially? He got his money in trade."
"Yes; but he lost it at gambling, you know."-Detroit Tribune.

any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists,
Toledo O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists Toledo O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally

acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Nellie, the twenty-seven months old child of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Callahan of the West Rocks road, died yesterday afternoon. The funeral will be held

-English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-Bone, Stiffes, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by G. A. Gregory & Co. Druggist 38 Wall St. Norwalk Conn. 48-1y

City elections will be held in Connec-Hartford and Bridgeport, April 1; New Britain, April 8; Danbury, April 29; Norwich, June 3.

> "A Friend in Need is a Friend Indeed."

A friend advised me to try Ely's Cream Balm and after using it six weeks I believed myself cured of catarrh. It is a most valuable remedy.—Joseph Stewart, 624 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn,

My son was afflicted with catarrh, I induced him to try Ely's Cream Balm and the disagreeable catarrhal smell all left him. He appears as well as any one,—J. C. Olmstead, Arcola, Ill.

Price of Cream Balm is fifty cents.

The committee on claims of the Senate yesterday, reported unfavorable on the petition of Charles E. Doty of Nor-walk for compensation for duty while under orders of Governor Buckingham in 1864.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract. "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at Rives Junction she was brought down with pheumonia, succeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in its results."

Trial botiles free at H. R. Hale's drug store; regular size 50c and \$1.

William H. Francis, the oldest hatter in Danbury, if not in the United States, died Wednesday, aged 87 years. He became a journeyman hatter March 3d,

RELIFF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the prinary passages in male or of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by G. A. Gregory & Co., Druggists, Norwalk, Conn., 38 Wall street.

Deputy sheriff Dave Fenelon will receive the Democratic nomination for city sheriff of Bridgeport. Dave is popular and ought to make a good run.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salvein the world for Outs Bruises, Sores, Ulcers. Salt Bheum Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblaius, Corns and all Skin Erup tions, and positively cures Piles. or no Payrequired. It is guaranteed to give perfectsatisfaction, or money refunded Price 25 cents per box. For Sale b4 THE HAIR CUTTER H. R. Hale.

The New Haven Steamboat company deems the outlook for business so good that it has determined to resume double service.

Rheumatism Cured In a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumstism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cents. Sold by W. A. Vogel Druggist Norwalk. 50-1 yr

Fast Yacht Race. The arrangements have been com-

pleted for the race on the sound, over an eighty knot course, from New London to Milton point on Saturday July 20, between the Rex, Judge, Yankee Dood-le and Vamoose. The race is to be for the "Morrill championship challenge cup for steam yachts," which is given by the owner of the Vamoose. There is also a side bet of \$1,000 between the owners of the Judge and Vamoose.

Ralph Wilkes, with a record of 2:063 the fastest horse in New England and the uncrowned champion stallion, died at the Mapleburst Farm in South Lancaster yesterday, after an illness of less than twelve hours. The cause was inflammation of the bowels.

It is understood that the children deserted by Fred Hyatt have been sent to their grand-parents in New Canaan and that their mother will leave for the same place to-morrow.

The present Republican mayor of Stamford has declined a renomination, having as he says found out the truth of the adage that, "Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown."

The resolution extending the time for completing the Ridgefield & New York Railroad to July 4, 1900, was passed by the Senate yesterday.

Miss Hattie Betts, of Englewood, N. J., and daughter of George W. Betts, is spending a few days with Mrs. Mary Stone, Camp street.



Assimilated without any digestive effort. If you want to grow fat, strong, robust and plump, use this food, It will stop the wasting and add new, healthy tissue to the ema-ciated form, Paskola is far superior to Cod Liver Oil in consumptive cases, without its repulsive taste. Thin, pale people gain from five to ten pounds a month.

You can buy it at any drug store. Send your name to The Pre Di-gested Food Co., 30 Reade St. New York and get their interesting pam-

G. A. Gregory & Co., 38 Wall St Norwalk Conn.

HENRY HUSS, Restaurant, Cafe and Smoking Room.

GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT,

42d Street and 4th Avenue, New York Entrance from waiting room of New York ew Haven & Hartford Railroad. tf32

BUILDING LOTS

(ON INSTALLMENT PLAN.)

FOR SALE,

On -: Wilton -: Avenue

APPLY TO

Charles Olmstead.



CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years experience in the patent business. Communications sticity confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. S3 a year. Sample copies sent free.

Building Edition, monthly, \$2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address

MUNN & CO.. New York, 361 Broadway.

HENRY TILLY, CARRIAGE MAKER,

SOUTH NORWALK, CONN.

-Manufacturer of

Family Carriages. Victorias, Buggies &c ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY Low Rates. Prompt Delivery Bra cnh Office, Norwalk, at Morris Benedict

Main Office, depot. South Norwalk, L. HUNT, Agent. Wm. Lockwood, Real Estate, Insurance and Investmen

Securities.

-MONEY TO LOAN.nsurance Placed in First-Class Companies.

Office-Corner Main & Wall Sts., Norwalk G. A. FRANKE.

No. 1 Gazette Building, Norwalk.



CATARRH

CATA A SURES HAY FEVER DE

REAM BALM

DIRECTIONS for using

GREAM BALM Apply a particle of the Balm well up into the nostris. After a moment draw strong breath through the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and be-fore retiring,

Ety's Cream Balm
Opens and cleanses
the nasal passages,
allays pain and inflammation, heals
membrane from colds, restores the sense of
taste and smell. The Balm is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once. Price 50c at druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, N. Y.

For Sale or To Rent.

On Easy Terms.

One new double house, all improvements one house on West Main street, also 2 buildin lots at East Norwalk, and other property.

S. B. Wilson, CARPENTER AND BUILDER Office, 92 WALL ST., NORWLAK.

PETER L. GUIGUE, Piorist and Nursery man Union Avenue, north of Union Cemtery Norwalk, Conn. Dealer in Green House Hot House and Bedding and Vegutable Plants, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shubbery, Vines, Cut Flowers, always of hand, and all sorts of designs in flowers arranged to order.

ranged to order.

Grading and refilling cemeterylots ended to.

How's This We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO, Props. Toledo, O, We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business A FLESH FORMING FOOD. (Artificially Digested.) transaction and financially able to carry











Two Sponges



The Kidneys may be likened to two sponges through which the blood of the body passes. These human sponges take the waste matter from the blood and carry it away. When the Kidneys become clogged illness follows. Backache is a symptom of Kidney trouble.

Buker's Kidney Pills

will relieve clogged Kidneys—they dissolve the matter which clogs them and relieve the inflammation and Backache which is caused by the stoppage. They are made of vegetable products and contain no narcotics or injurious drugs. The pills cost 50 cents at the druggists. Book about Kidney trouble free.

Buker Pill Co., Bangor, Me.

Not Just As Good But Better.

I do not claim that my Emulsion of od Liver Oil is just as good as others ld at a higher price. What I do assert is simply this:

HALE'S EMULSION IS BETTER.

Is made fresh every week, contains fifty per cent. of the finest Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, combined with the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda and is a perfect emulsion. Is put up in 16 oz. bottles; other kinds hold 12 oz. Costs 50c. a bottle; other kinds 65c. to \$1.00.

Your money back if you are not satisfied that the above statement is correct.

HALE, The DRUGGIST

House and Sign Painter and Paper Hanger

Fine Stock Wall Paper

Orders promptly and Reasonably Executed,

W. W. Keyes Missing Under Peculiar Circumstances.

Judge Andrew Selleck's Name Said to Have Been Forged to Notes Amounting to \$5,000

Grave charges have been made against W. W. Keyes, general manager of the W. W. & R. M. Keyes Co., of Stratford. He is missing from Bridgeport, and from his home in Stratford, and is accused of forging the name of Judge Andrew Selleck, his father-inlaw, to about \$5,000 worth of commercial paper, now in the hands of Marsh, Merwin & Lemon, of Bridgeport, with whom the firm kept its funds.

The W. W. & R. M. Keyes Co. is the outgrowth of the old De Oxidized Metal company. It was organized three or four years ago and it . factory is located on Bruce avenue north of the railroad, east of Bruce's brook and just across the Stratford line. Judge Andrew Selleck, father-in-law of W. W. Keyes, was president of the concern, he became general manager and his brother, R. Melvil Keyes, was chosen secretary and treasurer.

It appears that recently the concern became rather embarrassed, it is alleged, by the conduct of its general manager. An investigation was at once commenced when he suddenly disappeared and has not since been seen. But the investigation revealed a truly wonderful state of affairs which made things look exceedingly bad for the missing man. Notes drawn by him and endorsed by Judge Selleck were found to the amount of \$5,000 and were in the hands of Marsh, Merwin & Lemon, the the concern's bankers.

Upon examination the signature of Judge Selleck was pronounced fraudulent and it was discovered that the money raised on the notes had been his return.

Creditors of the company, however, take an entirely different view of the Keyes got \$3,000 of the money. He matter and believe that he has left for also wanted \$1,500 but did not get it. 47 River Street, Norwalk. Joseph Flynn, two employes, attached ber of the First Presbyterian church. 28th. The exchange will place 300

the company's property Wednesday It was not generally known that he morning for \$150 each for wages, while gambled, but such is believed to be William Blight, father-in-law of R. M. | the fact, continues the Union. He has Keyes, its secretary and treasurer, also | probably gone west.

Mr. Keyes is well known in Norwalk, having a few years ago married Miss Lillias, the only daughter of Judge Andrew Selleck, who formerly resided on Mott avenue, this city.

The Bridgeport Union has the follown later report of the above case :

Mr. Keyes bade his wife good-bye on Monday and departed supposedly for his place of business. He went there and then disappeared. He failed to return Monday night. Taesday evening Mrs, Keyes received a letter from him from New York in which he acknowledged forgeries extending over a period of eighteen months.

Judge Selleck, who has advanced his son-in-law many thousand dollars became suspicious of him on Saturday ast. He had endorsed a note for \$300 given by Keyes. The note was held by the Fairfield County bank of this city. On Saturday Judge Selleck came to Norwalk and called at the bank and learned that the note had not been met although Keyes had told him that he had taken it up.

Marsh Merwin & Lemmon, Bridgeport bankers, stated that a note for \$200 endorsed by Judge Selleck went to protest on Tuesday, and Mr. Selleck when shown the note said he had not endorsed it and that his signature was a forgery. They further stated that the \$5,000 as reported. Mrs. Keyes had also endorsed the notes. Judge Selleck told the Union reporter that Keyes had cost him \$15,000. He had endorsed his notes until eighteen months ago when he hegen foreign. amount of the notes would not reach he began forging. Mrs. Keyes said she was inclined to think that her husband had lost the money gambling on horses.

The Union further says that Keyes went to his wife and asked her to give brisker than for many months. him her diamond earrings and a diamond pin as he wanted to pawn them to get money to meet a bill. . She willingly gave them to him and he pawned

When the Judge sold his house on Mott avenue, this city, the Union says

placed an attachment for \$300 upon it. | So far forgeries to the amount of \$1,600 have been discovered. It is believed other forged notes will turn up as he professes to have been using forged paper for eighteen months.

Judge Selleck has about decided to wind up the affairs of the company, and will probably make application for a receiver soon. The affairs of the company are in a bad plight.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called kidney cures but without any good result. About a year agone began the use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric bitters is especially adapted to cure all kidney and liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c fc r large bottle. H. R. Hale's drug store.

The physicians in attendance say that they are not so afraid of Judge Fenn's dying suddenly as they are of his losing his intellectual powers. Should he recover, which seems doubtful, he will never again be able to perform the duties of Judge.

Mothers Read Thi

"My child is subject to severe attacks of diarrhoea. During the last sickness. Dr. Hand's Diarrhoea Mixture was freely given and an immediate cure resulted It would have required a dozen visits of a physicians, as on former occasions. I believe Dr. Hand's remedies would have

All of the twenty-five factories in Winsted are running full time with all hands working, while some of the shops are running evenings in order to keep up with the orders. Trade is said to be

Some Foolish Mothers

Let their babies cry with colic, giving mother no rest night or day. How foolish when Dr. Hand's Colic cure gives immemoney raised on the notes had been converted to his own use by Young Keyes. He left no traces as to the place to which he fled though his friends assert that he has only gone away on business and will explain things upon his return.

Ingly gave them to him and he pawned them in Bridgeport but did not give her the tiekets. The Judge said that although Keyes had drawn upon him heavily, there was enough left for them to live upon.

When the Judge sold his house on When the Judge sold his house on the notes had been lingly gave them to him and he pawned them in Bridgeport but did not give her to kets. The Judge said that although Keyes had drawn upon him heavily, there was enough left for them to live upon.

When the Judge sold his house on

Arrangements have been made by the Tobacco Growers' Exchange to have the next sale of tobacco take place in New York, Thursday, March he rat-tat-tat of a hammer on the brain is not harder to bear than the incessant throb of neuralgia.

Innumerable remedies have been offered, but not one can compare with

Salva-cea

the new Curative Lubricant. This is pronounced not only by science, but by the public, to be the greatest pain-reliever of the age. It is invaluable for every form of pain resulting from congestion or inflammation, for burns, bruises, cuts, boils, ulcers. and the various skin diseases.

Price, 25 and 50 cents per box. At druggists, or by mail. The Brandbeth Co., 274 Canal St., New York.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN BARNUM BUILDING,

GREAT PURCHASE OF

making large contracts with the best Waist Manufacturers in this country. The orders that we were able to place for our two large stores made an impression, and box after box of Shirt Waists have been coming to our store these last two days. See the window display. We dare say that so many Shirt Waists have never been shown here for a time. The feature of these Waists will be the good fitting and fullness in making. Our manufacturers' have allowed no skimping or slighting-no

The prices are extremely reasonable, more so when you think of the extra materials required for the big sleeves.

At 50 cents. Laundried Shirt Waist, made of the best Shirting Prints, yoke back, large sleeves, perfect shaped collar, fit equal to the best. About 12 colorings and designs.

At 69 cents. Laundried Waist, made of Figured Mousseline, beautiful colorings.

ings.
At 75 cents. Four styles of Launder-ied Waists, made of figured Cotton Goods newest colorings, yoke back, high band

At \$1.00. Eight styles of Percale and Lawn Waists, Laundried Collar and

At \$1.25. Laundried Waistsmade of the best Percales and Scotch Zephrys, high band collar, new shape yoke.
At \$1.75. Fine Laundried Waist of

the Best Figured Lawns, imported goods high band collar, double stud in band, new style cuff, extra finish—no better

Remember Dame Fashion says that Laundried Waists are at the top notch of style.

See these goods we have on sale to-day —and the styles and prices will dispel any idea you might have had of buying goods and having them made.



Terse Tales of the Times.

-Pictures framed by Hayes, Main St.

"Bob" O'Reilley is in town.

Tuesday, March 26.

New Causan has laid a ten mill tax.

The Senate yesterday adjourned to

Noble Hess, the seissor grinder, died in Danbury on Wednesday.

The condition of Judge Fenn is reported unchanged, to-day.

W. H. Banks has been appointed postmaster at Greenfield Hill.

-Hale's Lung Balsam cures colds

from the grip. George S. Partrick has sold his place at Cranbury to Jerome H. Gainor and

The large elm tree in front of the St. John place on Main street, has been razed.

Rev. S. H. Watkins will preach in the Memorial church at Westport, this evening.

A New Canaan man is credited with having planted potatoes in his garden, yesterday.

The wife of Landlord Garrison of the American House, is convalescant of a severe sickness.

The Norwalk Boston store advertise a special opening of velvet capes, carpets and matting.

An up-to-date druggist is Hale. At his corner drug store appears the sign, "Ice cold soda water."

The GAZETTE is indebted to William R. Lockwood for a copy of the Jacksonville, Florida, Citizen.

The expenses of the New Canaan Methodist church for the past year amounted to only \$1,513.

lius B. Crandall collector of customs for the district of Stonington.

The President has appointed Corne-

Judge W. T. Elmer, of Middletown, was vesterday nominated and confirmed as judge of the Superior court.

William DeKiyn was, last evening, elected a full-fledged member of the Sons of Hermann Liedekranz.

Only a few dozen left, men's union made, fur stiff hats, lates styles, 75c and \$1.00. Taft Bros., Wall street.

Louis Potter is fitting up a billiard and pool-room in Greenwich, which will shortly be opened in that place.

Baldwin, the butcher, has rented and is moving into the store vacated by Brennan the sewing machine man.

The Senate yesterday passed the bill abolishing days of grace and providing for bank half-holiday on Saturdays.

The annual reunion of the Society of the Army of the Potomac will be held in New London June 18 and 19 next.

Hope Hose company were drilled in the manual of arms at their house on Water street last night, by J. J. Clune.

"Win" Scott who was injured by the falling of an elevator weight at Gregory's livery stable, has fully recovered.

Fred Chichester of the DeRlyn bakery, this city, is in Florida, taking seabaths with his father and two grand-fa-

Officer John H. Kenney is acting as chief of police to-day. He is apparently filling the position with grace and dignity.

The gymuasium of the Taft tchool at Watertown, was damaged \$1,200 by fire originating in the gasoline tank, yesterday.

The Mrs. Williams place on St. John avenue, is nearly ready for occupancy. It is the oddest specimen of house archi-

Mr. Frank Dugan has awarded the contract for the construction of his new honse ou Leonard street, to Builder Josiah W. Britto.

-What they all say-Carpets cleaned by Capron look O. K.

'Iwas the veteran "Dan" Conley that cut down the large elm tree in front of the Boyer residence. "And it was handsomely done," says Dan.

John McNamara, the trainman who was injured on the Danbury division two weeks ago, is improving slightly. although he is not yet wholly conscious.

Newsman Hayes ever alive to the needs of his customers has put in a variety of Sanford's Library paste, which sticks like a first class porus

Wiliam Sheldon has the contract for building the foundation of James Morris' proposed new house on Wilton avenue, ground for which will be brok-

en to-norrow. Will Comstock and Charles Rogers attended a Euchre party at the residence of H. B. Rogers in New Canaan last night. Honors went to Messre. Comstock and Rogers.

At a meeting of the Herman Sons of Liederkranz held last night, a committee was appointed to purchase furniture and a piano for the society's new hall in the GAZETTE building.

A bottle of prussic acid burst in the store of G. A. Gregory & Co. on Wall street, one night this week, and ate its way largely into the disapprobation of the proprietor and his clerks.

A Mr. Nolao of New Britain, recently appointed assistant superintendent of at 10 o'clock. an industrial insurance company, has leased rooms on Chapel street, and will move into the same this week.

-Free on Saturday 4 cakes Ozone soap with 1 lb. tea st N. Y. store. 12 21

Chief of police Bradley and his wife, went to Flushing, L. I., this afternoon to attend the funeral of Miss Mamie Hubbs. The deceased was a frequent visitor at the home of Mr. Bradley.

In the case of Martin A. Holden vs. Edgar C. Stiles, the latter principal of the Seymour high school, a jury yesterday returned a verdict against Stiles of \$50 and costs, for whipping Holden's

Foster Bros., of Danbury, advertise a number of cottages at Bell Island in to day's issue. If you want to spend the summer at the seaside a good opportunity is offered to secure a pleasant

-Wanted. Agirl for general housework at 17 Belden avenue. 1070 if

The bill regarding taking escalops in the town of Norwalk prior to October 1st, was reconsidered in the Senate, yesterday, the town of Westport added, and then passed in concurrence with the House.

A a meeting held in the Baptist church, last evening, power was designated to the Pastor of the church to call a special meeting of the society to act in the matter of the expulsion of erring members.

A meeting of the ex-prisoners of war will be held at the office of F. W. Perry in the GAZETTE building, this Friday evening, to take into consideration the advisability of forming an association with charter for this section of the state.

-Hale's Lung Balsam strengtheus 1066 tf weak lungs.

It has been suggested that the trial of the case of the State vs. Frank Foster, be held in the Town House, instead of at the Isaac street court room, thus giving elbow room to the large number of persons who are expected to be present.

-Special sale of clothing. On account of closing out our business, we are having a special reduced price sale on men's boys' and children's suits, overcoats, hats, etc. If you are looking for bargains, give us a call. Taft Bros., Wall street bridge.

The Second Regiment, C. N. G., continues to stand at the head of the list, the figures of merit just out being: Second regiment, 96.19; First, 92.85; Phird, 89.69: Fourth, 89.12: Brigade Signal Corps, 93.86; Machine Gun Battery, 94.10; Battery A, S. C. 93 40; Naval Millitia, 91.14

Best creamery butter 23c lb., at N. 12 2t

Frederick Betts, of this city, known broughout the state as a "phonograph introducer," left town this morning, for Ansonia, where he is to act as assistant manager of the Ashwood house. If Fred proves himself to be as popular in Ansonia as he is in Norwalk the success of the "Ashwood" is assured.

Last night Joseph Matheis of the Oleander Garden placed his bonds and several hundred dollars in eash in the safe and retired to rest. This morning, he had forgotten the combination and being unable to unlock the safe, was forced to send for the prince of lockpickers, Arthur J. Ferris, who soon had the door of the safe open.

The last rites over the remains of Asa Seymour Curtis, of Stratford, formerly of 17th Reg't, C. V., were held at his late residence in Stratford yesterday afternoon at 2 30 o'clock. The bearers were J. Henry Blakeman, Selah Blakeman, of Shelton, Colonel Henry Euss, of New York, Judge R. H. Russell, T. B. Fairchild and Albert H. Wilcoxson.

-Hale's Lung Balsam cures all colds.

The event of next Monday night's boxing carnival of the American Athletic club of Danbury, will be the bout between Fred McGirr of Bridgeport, and Charlie Matthews, whom McGirr recently defeated. Other features will be bouts between Harry Brown of Bridgeport, and Con. Sculy, of Danbury ; Billy Forsyth, of Danbury, and Billy Johnson, of South Norwalk.

The guy-wires along the system of the Norwalk Street Railway are being changed to the effect that the central trolley wires will be raised from one to two feet higher than they now are. The work is commenced at South Norwalk and will be continued over the whole line of the road. A patent bracket is being used which it is thought will prevent the sagging of the central or trolley wires.

SOUTH NORWALK

George S. Trowbridge is in New York to-day on a business trip.

Butler Lodge are preparing to give a "Smoker" in the near future.

The O. U. A. M. will hold their regular weekly meeting this evening. Bisbop Williams will confirm a class

in Trinity church on Sunday, April 21st. The Mike O'Brien liquor case was yesterday adjourned until Saturday

The funeral of the late William Shelton Stevenson was held in Bridgeport this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Brown, the Bridgeport pool player, will come to this city this evening and play an unknown a game of pool.

Local yachtsmen are beginning to look over their boats and make preparations for the yachting season which will soon open.

An unknown tramp was killed by the train leaving Stamford for New Canaan, at 7 o'clock, Wednesday night No clue to his identity has been obtained.

It is understood that a company is to be formed in East Norwalk for the manufacture of a composition said to be equally as good for monuments as for bath tubs.

Col. Frost inspected the Bridgeport city batallion, last night, and presented a handsome clock to Company B, as the company which qualified the largest number of marksmen during the past

The Berkshire express arrived here last evening with several car steps on one side of the train torn away. The steps encountered an obstruction at South Norwalk.-Danbury News.

Mrs. Charles T. Raymond gave a whist party to a number of her lady friends, yesterday afternoon, at her home on Washington street. Mrs. Jennie Littell Nash won the first prize. An elegant lunch was served after the

It is proposed to build an addition to the lock factory 70x50. It will be located between what is known as the old polishing room and the "new" building so called. Work ou the same will probably be commenced at an early date.

When Chief Vollmer arrived at Middietown, yesterday, with young John Powers, and while making an effort to induce him to enter a hack, to be conveyed to the asylum, Powers broke away and started to run. He was soon captured and placed in the carriage and taken to the asylum.

In the superior court at Boston, yesterday, a verdict for \$4,000 was returned in favor of Mrs. Jennie A. Jordan against the Consolidated railroad for injuries received in August, 1893, in the Holbrook station. By reason of lack of light and barriers she fell into a hole in the floor and was injured.

Medical Examiner Burke is in receipt of a letter from Bethlehem, Pa., stating that the brotner of Henry Sigfried is lying seriously ill and information of the sudden death of Henry has not been imported to him, for fear that it might result fatally. A request was made that Henry's remains be temporary interred here, which wil be done to-morrow by Raymond & Sons.

James Anderson after a long sickness died at the boarding-house of Mrs. O. D. Newman on Union street, yesterday, aged 29 years. He was a member of the Hat Finishers' association and entitled to the funeral benefit of \$100. The remains were placed in charge of funeral director Raymond, who advised his parents of his death. The remains will be sent to his former home in Philadelphia, this afternoon.

Yesterday afternoon after the Ga-ZETTE bad gone to press, Detective G. Washington Gladstone discovered an incipient fire in the old building being toru down by the Railroad company near the corner of Washington street. Hastily securing two pails of water the nimble detective soon put out what threatened to be a serious fire. While he was at work Supt. Bonnell ordered a fire alarm sent in and box 3 was pulled. The department responded but before they arrived Gladstone had extinguished the blaze. It is thought that a spark from a passing locomotive originated the fire.

To the Commissioners of Fairfield County,
The undersigned hereby applies for a license to sell spirituous and intoxicating liquors pursuant to the laws of the State now in
force relating to the sale of intoxicating liqmors at the building No. 39 Franklyn street.
South Norwalk, in the town of Norwalk, in
said county.

aid county.

Signed, WM. McNAMARA.

Dated at Norwalk the 21st day of March. Endorsed by the following five electors and Endorsed by the following nve electors and taxpayers of said town, none of whom are li-censed dealers in intoxicating liquors: John Oldenschlager, South Norwalk; John Cullen, Turnpike; John Griffin, Turnpike; Michael Noonan, Prospect Hill; Patrick Mc-

Michael Noonan, Prospect Hill; Patrick acNerney, Winnipauk.
County of Fairfield, Town of Norwalk, this
21st day of March, 1895.
I. Town Clerk of said Town, hereby certify
pursuant to the statu!e in such case provided,
that this aplication endorsed as aforesaid, has
been submitted to me, and I further certify
that each of said endorsers is an elector and
taxpayer in said town, and that a copy of the
foregoing application, including the above
written endorsement has been filed with me.
Attest,

HERBERT R. SMITH,
Clerk of said Town-

Earle & Seymour,

CHAPEL ST.,

NEW HAVEN,

THE BOSTON STORE!

CORNER MAIN AND WALL STREETS, NORWALK.

CLOAK ROOM

As a special leader, this week we offer a line of velvet capes, lined throughout with changeable silk, deep point lace collar, neck finished with black satin ribbon and lace exceedingly stylish, at only \$4.98.

CARPETS

CARPEIS

Our spring stock is now ready for inspection. If you are interested in any of the goods we carry in this department, we think we can make a visit entertaining as well as profitable. We doubt whether there is a stock in either city that will approach it in variety or in the rich beauty and novelty of the patterns and colorings. We aim to supply the best trade in this section but our selections are by no means confined to the higest priced carpetings. In tapestries we have many novel effects, and we are prepared to show remarkable values in the best grades of ingrains.

3---SPECIAL OFFERINGS---3

As an inducement for you to visit this department, this week, and see the new spring stock.

2,500 yards, ten different patterns, best quality Ingrain carpet, regular 75c goods, now 47c yd. Ten pieces Japanese fancy matting, best quality, regular price, 50c, for one week only 25c yd. Five hu: dred pairs fine Nottingham lace curtains, \$1.50 quality, now 98c pair.

To the Commissioners of Fairfield County.

The undersigned hereby applies for a license to sell ale, lager beer, and all fermented cider drunk upon the premises or sold in quantities less than one gallon to be delivered at one time, and rhine wine only, a table license, pursuant to the laws of the state now in force relating to the sale of intoxicating liquors, at the building situated in Whistleville, so called, in the town of Norwalk, in said County.

Signed, ALEX RIZZUTO,

Signed, ALEX RIZZUTO,
Dated at Norwalk the 22nd day of March

Endorsed by the following five electors and

Endorsed by the following atterations taxpayers of said town, none of whom are licensed dealers in intoxicating liquors.

Wm. F. Cogswell, William F. DeKlyn. John Barthel, Charles Gehebe, John G. Hørning.
County of Fairfield, Town of Norwalk this 22nd day of March, 1895.

I, Town Clerk of said Town, hereby certify, pursuant to the statute in such case provided, that this application endorsed as aforsaid has been submitted to me, and I further certify the each of said endorrers is an electro or taxpayer in said town, and that a copy of the foregoing application, including the above written endorsement has been filled with me.

Attest, HERBERT R. SMITH.

Clerk of said Town.

To the Commissioners of Fairfield County.

The undersigned hereby applies for a license to sell ale lager beer and all fermented cider drunk upon the premises or sold in quantities less than one gallon to be delivered at one time, and rhime wine only. a table license, pursuant to the laws of the State now in force relating to the sale of invoxicating liquors, at the building situated in the suburbs of Whistleville, so called, in the town of Norwalk, in said County.

Signed, NICHOLAS FORTUNATO

Dated at Norwalk the 22d day of March, 1895.

Dated at Norwalk the 22d day of March, 1895.
Endorsed by the following five electors and taxpayers of said town, none of whom are licensed dealers in intoxicating liquors.
Wm. F. Cogswell; William F. Dekkyn; John Barthel, Charles Gehebe, John G Horning County of Fairfield, Town of Norwalk, this 22day of March, 1895.
I, Town Clerk of said Town, hereby certify, pursuant to the statute in such crese provided, that this application endorsed, as aforesaid, has been submitted to me, and I further certify that each of said endorsers is an elector and taxpayer in said town, and that a copy of the foregoing application. Including the above written endorsement has been filed with me.

Attest, HERBERT R, SMITH,
Clerk of said Town.

FOR 1895 WE HAVE NOW

on hand by the week or sea-

son, commencing July 1st., 5 three room cottages, 2 four room. 2 five room, 6 six room, 2 eight room, 2 ten room, and 1 sixteen room, cottages. Prices from \$7 TO \$30 PER WEEK. Also 1 ten room cottage with barn

attached, and completely furnished, located at East Norwalk right on the shore, and three minutes walk from the trolley road, price \$500 for the season.

LIVERY and BOARDING Stable at the Island All bag-

gage delivered to and from South Norwalk at railroad and Steamboat depots at reasonable rates, and trolley to and from the Island every twenty minutes.

on the European plan, and good Bathing. Boating and Fishing as extras. Cottages and Cottage lots for sale. For information call or address,

22 Delay Street, or T. H. FOSTER, 146 Main Street CONN. DANBURY, CONN.

THE D. M. READ CO.

NOTHING GROWS GREY FROM HIGH PRICES.

uals; some good; some not quite as good. Every community has both. Some stores give better value for the money than others; others try to but can't. All depends, Ladies' Muslin, all new; cambric, lawn and nainsock underwear. Nightgowns, Chemises, Drawers, including extra sizes, Corset Covers, Short and Long Skirts, and Umbrella Skirts, extra width. Infant's Outfittings, Christening Dresses, Slips, Long Skirts—cambric Nainsock and Flannel Bands, Short Skirts cambric and flannel, Long Cloaks Short Coats, Silk and Swiss Caps, Hand made Sacques, in wool flannel and cash mere, Shawls and Wrap; pers, in cheese cloth, flannel and cashmere.

Stores are like individ-

Bridgeport, Conn.