NORWALK



GAZETTE.

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An Entertaining and Instructive Home Journal, Especially Devoted to Local News and Interests.

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NORWALK, CONN., FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1897.—12 PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS

NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Benjamin Butterworth Appointed to Succeed Patent

Commissioner

Seymour.

A Number of Postmasters Recommended by Congressman Hill.

> GAZETTE'S BUREAU, 709 EAST CAPITOL STREET, WASHINGTON, APRIL 1.

DEAR GAZETTE:-The President today sent to the Senate the following nominations:

State-Andrew D. White of New York to be ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the United States to Germany; William F. Draper of Massachusette, to be ambassador extraord nary and plenipotentiary of the United States to Italy; Chandler Hale of Maine to be secretary of the embassy of the United States at Rome, Italy; Samuel L. Gracey of Massachusetts, consul of the United States at Fuchan, China.

Interior-Benjamin Butterworth of Ohio, to be commissioner of patents.

Treasury-Oliver L. Spalding of Michigan, to be assistant secretary of the treasury; William B. Howell, of New Jersey, to be assistant secretary of the treasury.

The new commissioner of patente, Mr. Benjamin Batterworth, is well known in legal circles in Washington, as well as possessing a wide acquaintance among public men throughout the country. Mr. Butterworth has been a familiar figure in official and social circles in Washington for many years, and made a popular Patent Commissioner of Patents on a former occasion. His appointment will release Mr. John S. Seymour of Norwalk, as soon as he is confirmed by the Senate.

0 0 0 There was an unusually large Congressional contingent at the White House to-day. Since the consideration of the tariff bill began many members of the House have not been to the White House. Local visitors were also well represented. The most interesting local person in the White House throngs was Dr. Mary Walker. She was neatly attired, and looked natty. She sat sometime at a table waiting her turn to see the President. When she did see him she grasped his hand heartily, told him she did not want any office, but simply wanted to pay her respects. He smiled, thanked Dr. Walker for her consideration.

Among others the familiar form of Colonel Fred Grant was seen at the White House. He had a long and important talk with the President. He is said to have come here in answer to a telegram from President McKinley, and the position of assistant secretary of war has been offered him. Colonel Grant has the offer now under consideration. It was supposed that he desired a place abroad, and his name has been associated with the Russian mis-

0 0 Congressman Hill has recommended the appointment of Edwin W. S. Pickett as postmaster of Fairfield. He is a son of Judge Rufus Pickett of New Haven and has the backing of the Republican town committee and a majority of the patrons of the office. Fairfield became a presidential office last July and William C. Kinsella was appointed postmaster by President Cleveland. The Senate, however, failed to confirm him, thus causing a vacancy which will be filled in a few days by the appointment of Mr. Pickett.

Mr. Hill has also decided to recommend George W. Bryan for appointment as postmaster at Rowayton.

0 0 0 The President is said to have congratulated the republican members of the Ways and Means committee on the expeditious manner in which they have handled their pet measure. To-morrow night, at 7 o'clock, President McKinley will entertain the Ways and Means committee at dinner. The full commit tee has accepted invitations to be pres-

It is anticipated that the policy followed in the House by the democrats. with respect to the tariff bill, will be adopted by the democrats in the Senate.

0 0 0 The Senate committee on appropriations to-day agreed to report the sundry civil and Indian appropriation bills practically as they were agreed to before the adjournment of the last session of

Congress. Judge Day, it is understood, goes to Cubs at the urgent personal request of has been engaged to furnish music.

the President. How soon he will be away are not as yet settled.

The President, there is the best rea son to believe, wan's a clear and comprehensive statement of the situation in

With this morning the duties imposforce, and the present law will be a thing of the past, if the last amendment attached to the bill before its passage in the House yesterday, fixing April 1 as the day on which its provisions shall go into effect, should be in the bill when it is finally enacted and should be held to be legal by the courts. The republican victory yesterday in the House was complete. After the passage of the tariff bill yesterday the House adjourned until Saturday.

0 0 0 In accordance with the policy adopted by the present administration, Secretary Gage informed a delegation of one-armed veterans who visited him at the Treasury Department that all deserving ex-Union soldiers or sailors who had been improperly discharged from the Treasury Department will be restored to their places as soon as the cases can be investigated.

VISITED A CEMETERY.

Charles Fable's Horse Runs Away on West Avenue.

Yesterday afternoon Churles Fable, the Westport funeral director was driving down West avenue, and when near Seymour place, his horse was taken with an attack of the blind staggerand whirling around threw Mr. Faole out of the vehicle on to the Street Railway tracks.

Mr. Fable kept a tight hold on the reins and was dragged some distance before releasing the same. The horse sped on down the avenuesto Crescent street, to the Pine Island cemetery, and scaling the fence fell to the ground.

Mr. Fable picked himself up and limped along after the runaway, and securing him led the animal to the barn at the Mrs. Hannah Hill residence on West avenue, where he was properly cared for. The vehicle was completely wrecked. Mr. Fable escaped with a few slight bruises and a strain to his back. He telephoned to his home for another team.

THE WOMAN'S EXCHANGE.

Receipts for the Past Year Nearly Double the Previous Year.

The Woman's Exchange at the Central club building on West avenue, has had a most prosperous year as shown by the report of the treasurer, Mrs. Ida S. Keep. During the year from April, 1895 to '96 the receipts amounted to \$1,585,96, and from April, 1896 to '97 the receipts were \$2,628.91, an increase of \$1,042.95, and that during a year of Newman Smyth, pastor of Center unprecedented hard times.

Mrs. Robert Van Buren is now president, and the coming year of the Exchange promises to eclipse all former years, an expectation which it is hoped will be fully realized.

Refused to Contribute.

If rumor is to be credited at all, a ack of patronage has so thoroughly exhausted the treasury of the Hour, that its proprietor has been obliged to issue bonds to keep up his needed reserve. This is most complimentary to the people of Norwalk-they are too good to support anything so bad, and they have honestly refused to contribute to his mendacity and slander. It is claimed that a goodly part of each daily issue of the Hour is given away and that many people have refused to receive a copy of it gratis.—John H. Light, in Sentinel.

Dress Goods Sale.

All the new dress goods purchased by the Boston Store, Norwalk, bave ar rived, and there is a great profusion of unique styles in the large consignment.

Beginning to-morrow a great dress goods sale will be inaugurated at prices lower than can be found in any other store in the state. Everything for Spring wear can be found at this great dry goods house, and intended pur. chasers are invited to call and examine the great display.

Calico Ball.

The ladies Auxiliary, A. O. H. will give their third Calico ball in Lockwood's hall, Friday evening, May 7. The ball given by the Auxiliary in

January last was a most enjoyable affair and the ladies expect to make the coming ball even better than the previous one. Tickets have been placed at the small sum of 25 cents, which guarantees a large attendance and Professor Powell

HAS RESIGNED.

Jackson at Trinity Church.

A few years ago, says the Bridgeport Telegram, it was admitted by ed by the Dingley tariff bill will be in those well acquainted in matters musical that the boy choir of Trinity church was without an equal in the state. For a couple of years this reputation was held by the choir and then came a

> It was given out that the expense of running the choir was so great that the services of the choir would have to be dispensed with and that Organist Jackson would assume entire control of the choir in addition to his duties as organist. Much against his desires, Mr. Jackson, who is a business man of Norwalk, yielded to the persuasions of the music committee and accepted the control and direction of the choir.

> During the past year organist Jackson's business in Norwalk has made such demands upon his time that he has found it almost too much of a tax upon him to successfully train and direct a large chorus of boys' voices, and at the same time give full attention to his business. With this end in view his resignation as choirmaster has been accepted he is still retaining the position of organist.

> The duties of choirmaster have fallen upon the shoulders of Prof. F. E. Howard, the musical director in the public schools, and the director and choirmaster of St. John's church.

DEATH IN A FACTORY.

301 1 Man's Horrible Death Yesterday Morning.

A harrowing accident which completely unnerved the men employed by the Coe Brass Manufacturing Co. of Ansonia, resulted in the instant death of John Sowlicke at that factory, a Hungarian helper yesterday morning.

Sowlicke was feeding brass strips into a wire drawing machine, when a piece of the wire snapped and a loose end became wound about the man's wrist. The arm was drawn into the machinery and literally torn from the socket. The unfortunate man was then hurled to the floor under a rapidly revolving shafting, 18 inches from the floor, his head wes caught in a clutch and the upper portion of the head was cut off, scattering the brains about the room. The machinery was stopped as quickly as possible, but the man had died instantly.

His fellow workmen were overcome and officials of the company ordered the works shut down for the remainder of the day.

Best Suited to Hell.

An amusing conversation was held through the telephone a few days since between a well known correspondent of the New York World and Rev. Dr. church. When the reporter succeeded in getting Dr. Smyth at the other end of the wire he informed him that be wanted a 50 word interview on "Hell," for the Sunday edition of his paper. He wanted it bright and terse and he got it. "Hell in my opinior," said Dr. Smyth

"as the place where the Sunday edition of that paper should be published and circulated.'

The interview did not find its way into print the following Sunday.-New Haven Leader.

Missing Official. The present whereabouts of ex-Town

Treasurer ex-Postmaster and ex-Bank Director Judah H. Lord, who left Hamburg some weeks ago is still a secret except to the immediate relatives of the missing men.

Mrs. Lord, the wife of the missing man, has been unable to get word from her husband, several letters mailed by her having been returned as unclaimed. Her friends state that Mr. Lord's family refuses to disclose his address and it is now believed that Mr. Lord has left Hamburg for good. His wife is in. poor health.

Sweet Violets.

The GAZETTE was in receipt of a beautiful bunch of violets this morning, for each of its employees, from Miss Byxbee, who has charge of her brother's, H. Frederick Byxbee, flower stand at H. H. Williams' store on Main street. The gift was a beautiful one and for

which Miss Byxbee has the thanks of each and all of the GAZETTE's force.

A \$200 Fire.

Fire was discovered in the little wooden shed in the rear of Bommos & Biltz's market on State street, Bridgeport, yesterday afternoon about 1:30. Before it was extinguished the shed Before it was extinguished the shed before the Public. An Advertisement in THE GAZETTE will be read.

BADLY FRIGHTENED.

Professor Howard to Succeed Organist A Steam Gauge Blows Out At a Main Street Store.

> One of those accidents, which while tantalizing are sometimes conducive to laughter, occurred at the store of Ward the Hatter, on Main street this morning.

In connection with his well equipped hat store, Mr. Ward besa work shop at the rear of the same in which there is a low pressure boiler. While the employees were busy at work there was a hissing sound as if an audience was expressing its opinion of a chestnutty

Immediately there was a scramble as to who should be first out of the store. One young man more cool than the others, collected his thoughts and quietly drew the fire from under the boiler, at the same time recognizing the fact that there was no danger of harm to

The cause of the scare was simply the escape of a small quantity of steam from the water guage by reason of a slight defect in a washer at one end of the guage.

The trouble was quickly remedied and those interested are laughing at themselves to think that they were frightened by a hiss, and are cherishing

the hope that an account of the affair

THE CAPS ARRIVE.

does not get into the newspapers.

Norwalk Post Office Clerks Don Their New Headgear.

The new uniform caps for the clerks in the Norwalk post office arrived yesterday, and were worn for the first time. They are different in style but each has the letters N. P. O. in a gilt wreath on the front.

Assistant postmaster Harry Mitchell is partial to yachting and selected a cap similar to those worn on board ship. He looks not unlike Commodore George Gould when arrayed in his new head-

Harry Camp, however, selected a style peculiar to his own, which is a cross between a Salvation army cap and the new military style lately adopted by the army. He is very proud of his selection and proposes to ride down the avenue every afternoon this week with mail carrier Bennett, in order to accustom the post office visitors with his changed appearance.

SUNK IN THE SOUND.

Three Men of the Sleepy Joe, Adrift Twelve Hours in a Dingy.

The coasting sloop Sleepy Joe of Sag Harbor, foundered in a gale of 1 o'clock yesterday morning in Long Island Sound about three miles South of New Haven Lighthouse. Capt. Joseph A. Rose, Edward Thomas, and a Swede named George, all of Sag Harbor, got in a dingy and attempted to reach New Haven Harbor, but broke an oar, and the boat drifted all night on the Sound. About noon the boat reached the Long Island shore near Oldfield Point, where the men were assisted to land. They were nearly exhausted.

GUILFORD POINT'S LOSS.

The Famous Summer Hotel There Destroyed by Fire.

The Guilford Point house, one of the largest and best known summer hotels, was destroyed by fire last night, caus. ing a loss of \$10,000. The fire department succeeded in saving the surrounding property. The hotel was owned by J. M. Hunt and had been in the family for nearly half a century. The fire started on the floor where some painters had been working. But the origin of the fire is a mystery. The watchman was the only person living in the house.

Political Treachery Charged

At a meeting of the Bridgeport Central Labor Union last evening, the members voted to declare the offices of president and vice president vacant. A. E. Russell and G. S. Smith, who were the officers, were charged with attempting to swing the labor vote over to the Gold Democrats. It is charged that this was in violation with laws of the labor union, which it is claimed is not a political organization. L. W. Wilson and a representative from the gold Democracy were present and attempted to straighten out the charges against the officers, but the members refused to listen to them.

-Live Merchants keep their names

NEW LIQUOR BILLS. DON'T MISS THEM.

To Stop Wholesalers From Becoming Financial Backers of Saloons.

Also A Bill to Limit Hours of Opening From 7 A. M. to II P. M.

The committee on Temperance of the General Assembly has assigned for next week Tuesday a number of important liquor bills, among them one which is aimed at the wholesalers and which if passed will effect their profits materially. Its object is to prevent the wholesale dealers from backing the many places which patronize them.

The bill is in effect that "every contract made by any person, partnership, or corporation engaged in the brewing or manufacture of malt or intoxicating liquors or by wholesale dealers in the same, with any other person not engaged in the liquor business, which has for its object the securing of said manufacturers or wholesale dealers for goods furnished or money loaned to conduct said liquor business, shall be void."

Another important bill to be heard is that regulating the hours of opening and closing saloons. It is as follows:

"Be it enacted that all saloon", all rooms in hotels where intoxicating liquors are sold, and all places where a public bar is kept shall open not earilier than 7 a. m , and close not later than 11 p, m. For tue first violation of this act a fine of \$100 shall be imposed and for the second offence a fine of \$200 and six months in jail."

An act regulating the number of saloons in cities follows:

"Be it enacted that commencing January 1, 1898, the County commissioners shall limit the number of saloous in cities of 10,000 inhabitants to one saloon for every 1,000 inhabitants."

All three are to be heard next Tues-

OFFICIAL HANDICAPPER.

R. F. Kelsey of Hartford Receives the Appointment.

R. F. Kelsey of Hartford has received the appointment as official handicapper for New England from Chairman Elbert Mott of the National Racing board of the L. A. W. This is the position formerly held by Henry Goodman. Mr. Kelsey's appointment will be very satisfactory to the wheelmen, as he was strongly supported by all the leading bicyclists of this section.

Mr. Kelsey has been a cyclist for ten years and prominently identified with racing interests in western New York and Connecticut. For the past two and a half years he has been connected with the editorial staff of the American Cyclist and for two years has been chairman of the state racing board.

JUDGE R. J. WALSH.

Of Fairfield County Criminal Common Pleas Court.

The senate in executive session yesterday confirmed the nominations of Washington F. Wilcox as railroad commissioner and C. H. Noble as bank commissioner,

In the house F. B. Noyes, of Stonington and D. Ward Northrup, of Middle. town, were elected state auditors and R. J. Walsh, of Greenwich was elected judge of the criminal common pleas court of Fairfield county.

The bill permitting the sale of pools at agricultural fairs was killed, the house refusing to concur with the senate.

Suicide in New Britain.

Jacob Miller, aged 45, unmarried. committed suicide at his boarding house on West Pearl street New Britain, last night by shooting himself through the heart. Miller lost all his money, \$1,100 in a saloon venture in Newark, N. J., recently, and since then has been out of work. He was to be taken to the town farm to-day, as he had become a public charge.

Was It Blackmail?

A few years ago, at the commence- 3 WATER STREET, NORWALK, CONN. ment of one of the no-license campaigns in this town, Mr. Maples notified the leading liquor dealers of the town to appear at his office or to meet him, and then proceeded to lay an assessment on each one of them, which they felt obliged to pay. Was this blackmail?-John H. Light, in Sentinel.

Pensions.

sington. Increase Samuel Gray, Noro-

The Latest Ads. Received Bcfore Going to Press.

By the People and For the People.

DIED.

Lockwoop—At Norwalk, Tuesday evening, March 39, 1897, William B. E. Lockwood, in the 7th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence on Fri-day afternoon, April 2, at 3 39 o'clock.

WANTED.

TO RENT. To RENT:—A house of eight rooms. 20 two families. Two min tes' walk fron trolley line. Inquire at No. 6 Orchard street. Al tf

TO RENT-Store now occupied by Mrs. Wilmot Fawcett, in James' Block, on Water street, on and after April 1st. Also apartments in the same building. Also spartments on Cross street. F. St. John Lockwood, Trustee.

FOR SALE.

Pekin Duck Eggs. Stock from J. Pau-kins yard last year: 75c per setting. Mrs. E. Nolan, Wilton, Com.

TOR SALE-The elegant residence of the late
General Darius N. Conch, situated at No. 38
Maple street, on high ground, ove looking the
twin cities of Norwalk and South Norwalk,
Norwalk Islands and Long 'sland Soutd, fora
distance of some twenty miles. The dwelling
is nearly new; has 10 large, commodious rooms,
with modern improvements; about two acres
of land, fronting on said Maple treet, which
could be sold to good advantage for building
lots; abundance of fruit; excellent well of
water. Apply to O. E. Wilson, Room 3, Gazette
Building, Norwalk, Conn. m19 tf

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

FAIRFIELD COUNTY SAVINGS BANK.

NORWALK, CONN, March 18, 1897.
The Board of Directors of the Bank have this day declared a dividend at the rate of four per cent. per annum, from the earnings of the current six months, to be credited to depositors April 1st, and payable on and after April 10th. VICTOR S. SELLECK, Sec'y.

Raymond & Son.

Successors to George H Raymond

Furniture Dealers and

General Funeral Directors

46 and 48 Main St., Norwalk, Conn. Residence, Berkeley Place.

Telephone No. 77-4. DO YOU KNOW

That you can save money by buying your Meats and Fish at

F. W. SMITH'S,

Everything First Class. OPEN EVENINGS

Hoyt's Theatre. SOUTH NORWALK. One Week, Commencing

MONDAY MARCH 29, 1897. Engagement Extraordinary,

X La Motte Sage, A. M. Ph. D, LL D, Ogla Helene Sage, assisted by A. B. McDole, M. A., and others in a marvelous production of

Hypnotisme

Drawing the most cultured audiences ever seen in theatres,
Indorsed by clergymen, physicians, dentists, scientists, lawyers, teachers and the leadin; people everywhere.
Performance refined, remarkable, interesing and extremely laughable.
Program changes nightly.

Prices-15, 25, 35 and 50 cents

Seats on side at Plaisted's and Pinneo's. Closing Out Sale

FAWCETT'S.

Everything to Be So dl Regardless of Cost on Account of |Removal Commencing! Saturday, March 3,

and Continuing Until Everything is Sold.

Original-Merritt W. Baldwip, Ken- Store Open Every Evening Until 8 o'clock.

DECLINED WITH THANKS.

Celestial Fashion of Saving the Feelings of a Struggling Writer.

Chinese editors are nothing if they are not polite, and their style of "declining with thanks" renders rejection at their hands more flattering than acceptance would be from an English editor. Here is a specimen letter sent by a Chinese editor to a would be contributor, whose manuscript he found it necessary to return. "Illustrious brother of the sun and moon. Behold thy servant prostrate before thy feet. I kowtow to thee, and beg that of thy graciousness thou mayst grant that I may speak and live. Thy honored manuscript has deigned to cast the light of its august countenance upon us. With raptures we have perused it. By the bones of my ancestors, never have I encountered such wit, such pathos, such lofty thought! With fear and trembling I return the writing. Were I to publish the treasure you sent me, the Emperor would order that it should be made the standard, and that none be published except such as equalled it. Knowing literature as I do, and that it would be impossible in ten thousand years to equal what you have done, I send your writing back. Ten thousand times I crave your pardon. Behold, my head is at your feet. Do what you will. Your servant's servant-The Editor."

It Bore Apples Ninety Years.

On a farm in Ohio stands an appletree that has been bearing fruit for ninety years. It is a yellow bellflower, and was planted when this whole region was almost a solid forest. Five feet from the ground it measures nine feet six inches in circumference, and it would take a basket forty-eight feet wide to set under the tree to catch every apple that falls. The tree shows some signs of decay now, but it is thought the year 1900 will find it producing.-Cor. Cincinnati

Alahama displayed wisdom in exempting from taxation for ten years any new cotton factories established within her borders, and the first fruits of it are apparent in the preparations for the institution there of a milliondollar plant by Eastern capitalists, who have recently paid the state a visit to look over the ground and lay out their plan of action. The intention is to make finer fabrics than have hitherto been made in the South. which is an important industrial departure for that section, promising to help toward the solution of some of its most difficult economic and social problems. Alabama legislation, sc hospitable to capital, stands in rather marked contrast with our own, which in many cases seems devised with the intention of driving it away.



Two Diseases That Cause Their Victims to Be Shunned by Their Fellow-Man.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo. GENTLEMEN: I commenced taking P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, last Fall, for Erysipelas. My face was completely covered with the disease; I took a short course of P. P., and it scon disappeared. This Spring I became much debilitated and again took another course, and I am now in good condition. I consider P. P. P. one of the best blood preparations on the market, and for those who need a general tonic to build up the system and improve the appetite I consider that it has no equal. Will say, anyone who eares to try P. P. will not be disappointed in its results, and I, therefore, cheerfully recommend it. ARTHUR WOOD,

Springfield, Mo. Erysipelas and Scrofula cured by P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, surely and without fail.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo. GENTLEMEN: Last June I had a scrofulous sore which broke out on my It grew rapidly, and soon extended from my ankle to my knee. I got one bottle of your P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, and was agreeably surprised at the result. The entire sore healed at once. I think I have taken almost every medicine recommended for scrofula and catarrh, and your P. P. P. is the best I have ever tried. It cannot be recommended too highly for blood poison, etc.

Yours very truly, W. P. HUNTER.

P. P. P. cures all blood and skin disease, both in men and women.

Rheumatism, which makes man's life

a hell upon earth, can be relieved at once by P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. It makes a PERMANENT cure.
P. P. P. is the great and only remedy for advanced cases of catarrh. Stoppage of the nostrils and difficulty in breathing when lying down, P. P. P.

relieves at once.

P. P. P. cures blood poisoning in all its various stages, old ulcers, sores and kidney complaints.

Sold by all druggists.

CIPPMAN BROS., Apothecaries, Sole Prop'rs, Lippmen's Block, Savennah, Ga.

Much Damage Reported From Heavy Snowfalls In the West.

THE RAILROADS BLOCKADED

Trunk Lines In Nebraska, Kansas, Colo rado and Wyoming Involved-Big Losses on Cattle Ranges-The Danger From High Water.

Omaha, April 2.-The severest storm of the entire winter has prevailed for the last 35 hours in western Nebraska and adjacent territory and has com-pletely stopped all traffic on three Omaha railroads, the Burlington, the Union Pacific and the Rock Island, in that section. The interruption to train service, and the best means of getting trains through, engaged the entire attention of officials at the Union Pacific headquarters.

Throughout the Union Pacific system the storm extended along all the lines in Colorado, Wyoming and Kansas. The only part of the system on which trains were moved was between Omaha and Sidney, Neb. The Overland limited is snowbound at Hillsdale, Wy., 20 miles east of Cheyenne. The fast mail is lying helpless in a snowdrift near Sidney, this state. The passengers on the snow bound trains are suffering no discom-

fort, being well looked after.

The weather reports of the Burlington and Missouri lines showed great depths of snow in Wyoming, Colorado and South Dakota. Belmont reported 6 inches, Ardmore 2 inches, Custer 3 inches. Deadwood 15 inches and Holyoke 4 inches. Most of the points in the southern part of Nebraska reported heavy rains, with the weather growing colder. Great piles of snow cover the plains of western Nebraska. It is four feet deep in many places. The mercury is above zero, but a very high wind prevails.

In the eastern part of the state grea quantities of rain have fallen during the past 48 hours. All the streams are bank full, and the danger of floous is increasing hourly. When this flood strikes the already booming Missouri, disaster doubtless will follow.

Damage In Wyoming.

Laramie, Wy., April 2.-The most severe snowstorm in 20 years has struck this section, doing immense damage to cattle and sheep. Business here is practically suspended, and yesterday even the daily papers were not issued. On the main streets the snow in places is ten feet high, while residences on the outskirts of the city are in some in-stances completely buried by drifts. Several buildings collapsed in consequence of the weight of the snow on their roofs. The storm extends from Medicine Bow to Pine Bluffs, Wy., a distance of 175 miles. Laramie and Sherman Hill appear to be the very center of the storm.

All freight trains on the Union Pacific have been suspended for the past 48 hours, and officials are making strenuous but apparently futile efforts to keep passenger trains moving. The trainmaster of the Union Pacific hopes to have trains moving some time today. On Sherman Hill the big rotary snow plow has been kept moving all day, plowing through drifts fully 20 feet high in many places. Several snowplows are working west of here, making an endeavor to keep the main lines open. Fears are entertained for the safety of several hunting parties in this section.

Sheep are scattered all over the plains, and it is expected the less will reach into the thousands. Several herders reached town yesterday, having deserted their herds and having escaped only with the greatest difficulfeared that the driver of the North Park stage has been frozen, although he may have reached some ranch.

Louisiana Levees Intact.

New Orleans, April 2.-Up to the present time as far as known the line of Louisiana levees is intact, but the strain against them is such that a break at any moment is feared at almost any point. Vigilance is the price of safety, and the constant watch for weak places has been the means of averting several crevasses at dange ous places. The sloughing on the Algiers side just below the city has been repaired, 50.000 sacks of earth having been used in making the place secure. Another weak spot developed at Jesuit's Bend, 20 miles below the city, but several hundred men s on restored The great danger below the city is due to wave wash, caused by passing steamers, some of which run very close to the shore to avoid the swift current and drift, and the governor and mayor have issued proclamations calling on them to keep to the middle of the stream and run under slow bells. The heavy rain and wind of the past two days, which still continue, have soaked the levees, and the people who are behind them are growing indignant at the heedlessness of the pilots and are talking of using arms to compel them to keep to the middle of the river. The Surget-Ashton levee in Concordia parish is reported sloughing badly. A run-around is being built there, but it is feared that the old levee will give way before the new one is completed. There is much concern for the rich country along Bayou La Fourchee. The levees there are low and in some places very weak.

High Water In North Dakota.

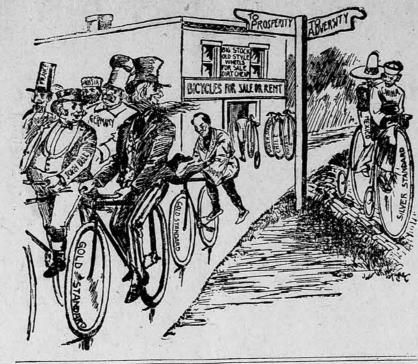
Wahpeton, N. D., April 2.-The water in the Red and Boise de Sioux rivers is two feet above the danger mark and about the highest ever known. The ice has risen with the water and is threatening all the bridges on the line of those rivers.

Strenuous efforts are being made to save the Northern Pacific, Great Northern and the wagon bridges at this place. Continuously since yesterday morning dynamite has been used in breaking the ice, both above, below and between the bridges and there are some hopes now of saving the railroad bridges, but the road bridge which connects this city and Breckinridge seems to be doomed. A few inches more rise and the ice will lodge against the bridges and force them from their

To Protect the Deer.

Albany, April 2.-The assembly, by a vote of 100 to 20, has passed Mr. Ives bill to prevent the jacking and hounding of deer for five years from June 1, 1897.

CHANGING TO THE MODERN SAFETY.



Japan's Experience With Silver

The attempt of Japan to maintain a mint ratio that was different from the market ratio was a failure and resulted in denuding the circulation of gold. Bimetallism had failed in Japan as else-

The decline in the value of money had in Japan the effect it always has had of robbing the laborer and enriching the capitalist. The miserable pittance paid to the wretched operatives must, at no distant period lead to a social revolution unless the rate of wages be considerably improved.

In 1872 a family consisting of five members of the lower middle class could subsist on 70 yen a year. In 1893 the cost of living had risen to 180 yen a year. During a period of 22 years the silver yen declined very nearly one-half in its gold value, about two-fifths in its power to buy merchandise and about one-fourth in its power to buy labor.

The gold value of the exports from the United States and England to Japan was over \$18,000,000 in 1892 and nearly \$31,000,000 in 1896, while the imports of the two from Japan were over \$29,-\$31,000,000 in the last year.—Fred Perry Powers in Sound Currency For March 1

Cheap Confederate Money.

A southern firm advertises 15 varieties of Confederate bills for 25 cents, also a 'rare collection of 50 different bills and shinplasters for only \$2." Apparently the firm has millions of dollars worth of this money for sale cheap.

What a pity that our old fogy constitution is in the way! But for it the cheap money advocates in any state where they have a majority could buy up this whole Confederate outfit and start in business at once. The amount of prosperity and happiness that could be extracted from this old paper mina would depend upon the size (population) of the state fortunate enough to secure the monetary outfit.

For instance, it would probably give Nevada more than \$1,000 per capita and would at once transform her from one of the poorest to one of the wealthiest of states. Instead of sagebrush and prizefights she would teem with granng frozen to death. It is aries and warehouses. Down with a constitution which prevents state home rule in monetary affairs and the manifold blessings of cheap money!

Better Banking Facilities Needed.

Discussing the poor credit and banking facilities of the west and south before the last meeting of the American Economic association, Mr. Thomas G. Shearman said:

In the 11 southern states it is impossible that one-tenth of the farmers could have any bank accounts or could ever draw checks in payment for their retail transactions. In the recent campaign the successful candidate received the votes of 23 states, the defeated candidate the votes of 22. The 23 states hold 92 per cent of all bank deposits and depositors. Deducting from the other 22 states the silver states and a few large cities, the remaining vast agricultural section of the country, having 40 per cent ca the repulation and 75 per cent of the less than 4 per cent of the ban. aposits and depositors. This suggests what was the real grievance of this mass of voters, although they did not themselves understand it. Their banking facilities are proportionately only one-sixteenth of the rest of the country.

Wyoming's Common Sense Action. By defeating an unqualified free silver resolution and substituting a resolution in favor of free coinage of gold and silver by international agreement, the Republican legislature of Wyoming taught a lesson of common sense and practical politics to all the states of the northwest. The free coinage of silver on any other basis than that of actual value is a delusion which was effectually disposed of last November. -New York

The House Builded on the Sands.



Government Must Control Mines.

The Bankers' Magazine for March finds the origin of our present troubles about silver in the demand that the ratio of its value to gold shall be determined by the government. It is, however, no proper part of the duty of the government to try to fix the ratio of values of the two metals.

"Being," says The Bankers' Magazine, "commodities as well as money, and being commodities before and after they are money, and being money simply and only because they are commodities, and being commodities because they have recognized and intrinsic value independent of any action of government, and even in the absence of government, and being therefore severally subject to all the laws of commodities, the law of variable supply and demand and value among others, and these variations not being uniform for both metals, it is impossible that government can ever 'fix' the ratio of their value.

"If, however, it should be insisted that it is the function and duty of government to (try to) fix the ratio of their values, it would seem to follow as a 000,000 in the first year and less than | legical consequence that, since their relative value depends absolutely on the relative supply of the two metals it is the primary and plain duty of governmeut to fix (regulate) their supply by controlling and operating the gold and silver mines, the sources of their production. It should do both things or neither, and it is preferable that it should do neither. It is folly to expect it to do the former without doing the lat-

This is the truth of the matter in a nutshell. Unless the government first acquires all the mines in the world and decides how much silver and how much gold are to be produced yearly, it is impossible to maintain a ratio after it is 'fixed.'' France "fixed" it \$56 times, but it would not stay fixed, and France has at length abandoned the effort. The United States has also tried the experiment several times without success. It is time the theorists were letting the matter alone.

Why Interest Is High In Texas.

The Galveston Daily News reminds its Texas readers of the difference in interest rates in the northeastern states and in some of the western and southern states and gives them a few elementary lessons on the reasons for this difference. "Interest is never so low," it says, "in communities given over to suspicious fires, questionable assignments, fraudulent failures or to legislation with a decided turn against the creditor and in favor of the debtor." Much of the market rate of interest is insurance against risk, and of course diminishes as the risk decreases. "Where men are required by law to pay their debts and are not sheltered and encouraged in tricky courses by unreasonable exemption laws and by a public prejudice against creditors as a class the risk is naturally less

Making its application to Texas, The News says: "We have a right to to leave a fraudulent debtor a residence worth \$50,000, all the bank stock or bonds he can carry and an extraordinary collection of the tools of his trade or profession and to defy his creditors to crook a finger at him. We can do this if we prefer, but it is going to cost us something." It asks why the "goodly majority of the people of Texas," who are not disposed to live high today and hide behind the exemption law, the assignment law or some other law tomorrow," should be forced by the discredit of bad laws and a few dishonest men "to pay two prices for every dollar they borrow." It believes the rate of interest would come down one-half and the loanable funds would double if the honest men of the state would demand the enactment of laws under which a creditor could collect what is due him.

Twenty-five trale associations met at Young's hotel, in Boston, on March 8 and decided to petition congress to pass a bill authorizing the president to appoint a banking and currency commission. They demand the gold standard and the gradual retirement of the legal tenders and favor the issue of currency

Currency Evils Must Be Corrected.

by the national banks to the par value of their bonds and a reduction of the tax on circulation. They also recommend additional banking currency, based on assets, under national supervision, safe, elastic and redeemable in gold, and the establishment of banks with a capital of \$25,000 or more in small towns and villages. The one important thing is that they demand action. The future of the currency question is very dark, but there is one consideration that is encouraging, and that is the appearance among the classes directly suffering from the free silver agitation of an organized effort at currency reform. That

s something new. —Exchange.

CAMPAIGN

IS OVER

NOW is the TIME

To Subscribe for the

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Both Papers Sent to one Address

for \$1.00 a Year

つううりゅうしゅうしゅうしゅうしゅうしゅう THE DISTINGUISHED CHEMIST,

The Late Henry A. Mott, Ph.D., LL.D., Certified:

"My investigation of Allcock's Porous Plaster shows it to contain valuable and essential ingredients not found in any other plaster, and I find it superior to and more efficient than any other plaster."

Allcock's Porous Plasters

are the highest result of medical science and skill, and in ingredients and method have never been equalled.

They are the original and only genuine Porous Plasters, upon whose reputation imitators trade.

Ask for Allcock's. See you get Allcock's.

Insist upon having Allcock's Porous Plaster, the only perfect Porous Plaster.

MANAGE COURT COURT

Take no other, even if solicited to do so.

Beware of imitations those that look like Allcock's.

P. W. BATES' 42 WATER STREET,

cucin frd as fine an assortment of

Monumental & Cemetery Work

As can be found in any Yard in the State. Look it over and get prices before going elsewhere,

W. H. HAYWARD & CO.

Pension Attorneys and Solicitors,

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All classes of claims prosecuted before the Interior Department. Rejected pension claims a specialty. Correspondence solicited.

A PURE MALT EXTRACT. A SUBSTITUTE FOR SOLID FOOD.

Highest percentage Extract. Lowest percentage Alcohol. An effective Tonic. An agreeable Beverage. A mild Stimu lant, Just what physicians will prescribe for Nursing Mothers. Convalescents and middless of the contractions of Mothers. cents and victims of Insomnia or Nervous Disorders resulting from Impaired Digestion and Overwork.

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EDWARD P. WEED.



25C.

Ask Your Druggist

PRIVATE

Instructions given in

BOXING

at the pupil's home.

CLASS

Now forming, and applicants desiring to join should apply at once to

Prof. Geo. Yoerger, i South [Norwalk, or at this office.

Boston, April 1.—The granite cut-ters of Boston, Cambridge and vicinity, who have been on a strike for several weeks, returned to work today, a set-tlement having been reached. The men struck because the new annual agreement was not accepted by the manufacturers, and for some time no work has been done in the granite yards.

Baltimore, April 1.-President Isaac E. Emerson of the National Associa-tion of Naval Militias of the United States has issued a circular stating that the 17th and 18th of June have been fixed as the dates for the annual meeting of the organization. The meeting will be held in Boston on board the United States ship Minnesota.

Bill Aimed at Nepotism.

Albany, April 1. - Relatives of officeholders will have little chance for preferment if the bill introduced by Senator Ford today goes through. It provides that no person shall be appointed to a state office unless he has lived five years in the state, nor to a local office unless he has lived three years in the locality.

Valuable Horses Burned. Baltimore, April 1.-The large barn

on the farm of William Baker, just outside the city limits, was burned today. together with its contents, which included two valuable horses, five vehicles and several sets of fine harness.

To Rebuild a Shoe Factory.

Portland, Me., April 1.—The shoe factory of L. P. Hawkins, at Deering, which was burned March 13, will be replaced by the A. H. Berry Shoe company. Mr. Hawkins has agreed to manage the new factory.

Claim a \$10,000,000 Estate.

Halifax, April 1.-Joseph A. Pushee of this city and others have entered a claim to a portion of an estate in England and Scotland, which is said to be worth \$10,000,000. The property is known as the Clarke estate.

To Protect "Old Glory."

Albany, April 1.—Senator Grady's bill prohibiting the desecration of the American flag was taken up in the senate today and the amendment to have it not apply to political campaigns was defeated.

Girl Attempts Suicide.

Gloversville, N. Y., April 1.-Phebe Sutliff, 18, granddaughter of ex-Sheriff Sutliff, shot herself in the right temple after having quarreled with her lover. Little hopes of her recovery are entertained.

Generally fair, followed by cloudy; slightly warmer; southerly to easterly

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.

Exchange.

New York, April 1.—Money on call nominally at 1½@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.87½ for demand and \$4.85½ for 60 days. Posted rates, \$4.86½ and \$4.85½ for 60 days. Posted rates, \$4.86½ and \$4.88@4 88½. Commercial bills, \$4.85. Silver certificates, 61½@62%c. Bar silver, 62c. Mexican dollars, 48½c. Government bonds firm. State bonds dull. Railroad bonds firm.

Closing prices:

NEW YORK, April 1.—FLOUR—State and western weak and lower to sell; city mills patents, \$4.65@4.90; winter patents, \$4.55@4.76; city mills clears, \$4.60@4.70; winter straights, \$4.15@4.25.

WHEAT-No. 2 red opened fairly steady, but when A1—No. 2 red opened talry steady, out yielded to active liquidation, bearish cables and crop news and turned very weak; May, 137-16077 3-16c.; July, 750/75½c. CORN—No. 2 quiet, but steady on weather and export news; May, 30½c.; July, 315/631½c. OATS—No. 2 dull, but steady; track, white, state 329/81/c.; track white western 230/81/c.

state, 23@28½c.; track, white, western, 23@28½c. PORK—Quiet; mess, \$9@9.50; family, \$9.50@

0.50. LARD-Steady; prime western steam, \$4.45,

nominal.

BUTTER—Steady; state dairy, 14@20c.; state creamery, 14@22c.

CHEESE—Quiet; state, large, 9@124c.; small, 9@124c.

EGGS—Weak; state and Pennsylvania, 10@

104c; western, 91/6/34c.
SUGAR-Raw firm; fair refining, 3c.: 'centrifugal, 96 test, 33/c.; refined firm; crushed, 51/4c.; powdered, 47/c.
TURPENTINE—Dull at 291/6/291/c.
MOLASSES—Steady; New Orleans, 23/6/30c.
RICE—Steady; domestic, 4/6/5/c.; Japan, 4/4/44/6c.

TALLOW-Quiet; city, 3%c.; country, 8%c. HAY-Dull; shipping, 50@85c.; geod to choice, 65@72%c.

LOGGERS SHUT OUT.

Important Decision Concerning Streams in the Adirondacks.

Rochester, April 2.-An important Adirondack forest decision by Judge Adams and concurred in by the other members of the appellate division of the supreme court, Presiding Judge Hardin and Associate Judges Green, Follett and Ward, has just been handed down here. The title of the case decided is "William Decamp, individually and as trustee under the will of Julia L. Decamp, deceased, respondent, vs. Lemon T. Thompson, John A. Dix and Edward Thompson, Jr., composing the firm of the Moose River Lumber com-pany, appellants." The decision is in favor of the plaintiff and respondent and affirms judgment with costs.

The decision interests many owners

of forest lands in the Adirondacks. Land was purchased of Dr. W. Seward Webb by the Moose River Lumber company, who attempted to float their logs through streams running across the plaintiff's lands, to their mill at the junction of the north and south branches of Moose river. The company's timber stands in township No. 8 in Brown's tract, Herkimer county, while the plaintiff owns townships Nos 7 and 1 in the same tract. Judge Adams holds that Mill creek and the north branch of the Moose, running through camp townships Nos. 7 and 1, are private water courses, and the company is perpetually restrained by his decision from using the streams to loat or drive their logs to market.

It is said that there are hundreds of umbermen in the Adirondacks who, if a general application of this new rule s made, will be unable to get their logs

The Noordland In Collision.

New York, April 2.—The Red Star line steamer Noordland, which arrived today from Antwerp, was in collision on March 21, off Dungeness, with the steamer Garonne; from Bordeaux for Aberdeen. Dense fog prevailed in the channel at the time, and the Noordland was proceeding under slow speed when the collision took place. The Noordland received slight damage.

Newark and Jersey City Elections. Trenton, April 2.-Justices Garrison and Gummere, in the supreme court this morning practically declared un-

constitutional the act passed by the present legislature abolishing spring elections in Jersey City and Newark. The court granted a writ of mandamus directing City Clerk O'Donnell of Jersey City to go on with the printing of the tickets, etc.

The Philippine Rebellion.

Madrid, April 2.—An official dispatch from Manilla announces that the Span-ish troops have attacked Sundocan, with slight losses. The insurgents lost 149 men killed.

A Spanish squadron has bombarded Malabong, setting fire to the town Many insurgents were killed.

Four Years For Dr. Moore.

Manchester, N. H., April 2.-Dr. Moore was sentenced to four years in state prison today. He was convicted on charges of fraudulently overissuing stock of the Union Publishing company

Albany, April 2.-The bill of Mr. Miles to prohibit the sale of bob veal under all circumstances has been defeatedyeas 71, nays 39, not a constitutional majority.

New York Newspapers Consolidate. New York, April 2.-The New York Journal and the New York Morning Advertiser have consolidated under the title, The New York Journal and Ad-

Washington, April 2.-Police Commissioner Fred D. Grant of New York was today offered the position of assistant secretary of war by President McKin-

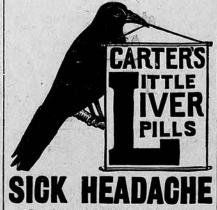
Reduced Fares Arranged.

St. Louis, April 1.-The Central and Western Passenger associations, the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, the St. Louis and San Francisco, and all the other railroads entering St. Louis have granted a reduced rate of one and onethird fare on the certificate plan, for the joint meeting of the Western Drawing Teachers' association and the International Kindergarten union, which will meet at St. Louis April 20 to 26 in-

Result of the Election at Port Jervis. Port Jervis, N. Y., April 1. - The Democrats elected all of the village ticket except the president, George Schoonmaker (Rep.), who was elected over Sciemon Carley (Dem.).

Bishop Tierney's Mother Dead. Norwalk, Conn., April 1.—Mrs. John R. Fahey, mother of Right Rev. Bishop Tierney of the Hartford Roman Catholic diocese, died, aged 80 years.

Served San Francisco 37 Years San Francisco, April 1. - Patrick Crowly, chief of police, resigned his office today, after 37 years' service in the police department of this city.



Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable

Small Price.

Small Dose.

Small Pill.

ARE YOU THUS?

Some Pertinent Queries-A South Norwalk Experience.

Is your head stuffed up? Is the breath bad?
Do scales form in the nose? Does the nose bleed easily? Do you sneeze a great deal? Is there a pain over the eyes? Do you spit up slime? Is there a buzzing sound heard? Are you gradually becoming deaf? Is there a ringing in your ears?
Is the sense of smell leaving you?

Does it hurt the ears when you blow your nose? Does your nose di-charge continualty? Do you snore at night? Is there a pain between your shoul-

Is there a dropping in the throat? Is there a dropping in the throat? Is the throat dry in the morning? Are you losing the sense of taste? Do you take cold easily?

If you have any of these symptoms you are suffering from catarrh in some form. California Catarrh Cure will instantly re-

lieve and speedily cure you.

Mr H. L. Woodworth, of 1 Burbank street, South Norwalk, says: "I have been troubled with catarrh for some time; my head and nose seemed pretty well stuffed up, and the quantities of matter that run into my throat at night, would cause me to hawk, spit, and often gag in the morning, before I could clear my throat. I got some California Catarrh Cure at Plaisted's drug store, and already these symptoms are very much better. My throat is finely free from all matter in the morning, and my whole head feels much clearer."

California Catarrh Cure is for you, too. In case of colds it is invaluable, as it helps in breaking them up, and entirely prevents a cold "hanging on," as well as attacks of acute catarrh which so often follow a severe cold in the head

California Catarrh Cure is sold by all dealers for 50 cents; three times as much

House and Barn Burned.

The house and barn at Salisbury owned by Contractor James Levi of Norfolk and occupied by William O'Connor, were destroyed by fire Tuesday night. The fire is supposed to have started from as overheated kitchen stove. The loss is about \$2,000; insurance \$1,200

One Way to be Happy,

Is to attend to the comfort of your family. Should any one of them catch a slight cold or cough, call on Edward P. Weed, Norwalk, or George C. Stillson, South Norwalk, sole agents, and get a trial bottle of Otto's Cure, the great German Remedy, free. We give it away to prove that we have a sure cure for coughs, colds, asthma, consumption, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Large sizes 50c and 25c.

Street Commissioner Kellogg is having the city catch-basins cleaned out, and is putting River street in repair.

As a family medicine, Bacon's Celery King for the nerves passes from sire to son as a legacy. If you have kidney, liver or blood disorder get a free sample package of this remedy. If you have indigestion, constipation, headache, rheu, matism, this specific will cure you. Edward B. Wood Norwalk or George C. ward P. Weed, Norwalk, or George C. Stillson, South Norwalk, the leading druggists, are sole agents, and are distributing samples free. Large packages 50c

Rev. George W. Nichols is not ill as has been reported. His many friends will be glad to learn that the report was not true.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day,

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neurals is radically cures in 1 to 3 days, Its action upon the System is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately discovered the cause and the disease immediately discovered the statement of the design of the statement appears. The first dose greatly benefits.
T. F. Anthony, Ex-Posimaster of
Promise City, Iowa; says: "I bought
one bottle of 'Mystic Cure' for Rheumatism, and two doses of it did me more good than any medicine I ever took."
75 cents. Sold by N. C. Baur, Druggist, 55 Wall street, Norwalk.

There were three real estate sales in Norwalk last week and the mortgages amounted to \$10,164.

SAVE YOUR LIFE

By using "The New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the Kidneys, Bladder and Back in male or female. It relieves retention of water, and pain in passing it almost immediately. Save yourselves by using this mar-velous cure. Its use will prevent fatal consequences in almost all cases by its great alterative and healing powers. Sold by E. P. WHED, Druggist, Norwalk,

The infant daughter of Mrs. Tony Pennebra will be christened at St. Mary's church Sunday afternoon.

THERE IS A CLASS OF PEOPLE Who are injured by the use of coffee Recently there has been placed in all

the grocery stores a new preparation called Grain-O, made of pure grains that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it with out distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 4 as much Children may drink it with from coffee. It does not cost over \(\frac{1}{4} \) as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O-

Mrs. Sarah Bessey and her niece, Miss Amanda Smith have removed from Franklin avenue to Merwin street.

Rev. T. M. Crowley of New Milford preached in St. Mary's church last

Miss Mary Saunders of Paterson, is

visiting Mrs. James Moore on Plymouth

Mrs Stiles W. Curtis is reported as being better of her illness.

Advertising that Pays

The Successful Merchants in Norwalk all advertise in The GAZETTE because it keeps them in touch with the entire purchasing community.

New York and Norwalk Freight Line DAILY.

PROPELLERS

Norwalk, Eagle and

Will Leave Pier 23, E. R., N. Y. (Beekman St.), or

NORWALK AND SOUTH NORWALK

AT 5 P. M.

Leave South Norwalk Daily at 6 P. M.

Leave Norwalk Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5 P. M.

OU read this advertisement If it had been yours and others had read it, how much good it might have done. Send in your adv and we will do the rest. Rates on application.

SCHLEICHER & SON'S

There is simply no use comparing this piano with any other on the market.

IT LEADS

when it comes to

TONE. FINISH. DURABILITY, RIGHTNESS IN PRICE.

-Office and Factory, Pacific Street,-STAMFORD, CONN.

NORWALK GAZETTE

·Truth above all things.

Entered in the Post Office as a Newspaper

FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1897.

The Nation's Beverages.

Hard times have had a somewhat depressing effect upon the liquor business. The nation's whiskey bill, in 1896, according to The Greeer, a trade paper, was \$270,000,000, as against \$400,000,000 in 1893, when the consumption was 101, 600,000 gallons. The government lost \$14,000,000 of revenue by the decreased consumption.

The official report shows that 71,263, 000 people in 1896 consumed 71,951,877 gallons of spirits. As about 11,000,000 gallons of spirits are annually used in manufactories, the quantity actually used as a beverage is about 60,000,000

The total consumption of beer in 1896 was 1,080,626,125 gallons, on which the government received a revenue of \$33, 139,144 The aggregate amount of the national beer bill is estimated at \$541, 963,348. The beer drinking habit shows a steady increase, the consumption having risen from 61 gallons a head twenty years ago to 15 gallons a head

Wine is little used by the American people. In 1892 this country produced 27,706,000 gallous and imported 4,618, gallons of wine, whereas in 1896 it produced but 14,599,000 gallons and imported 4,101,000 gallons-a large deerease. The nation's bill for wine in 1896 was \$49,730,000. The total cost of our alcoholic beverage in that year. The Grocer places at \$851,693,832. some \$14,000,000 less than in 1892. "Good times," it infers, "foster the use of alcoholie stimulants."

As a popu'ar stimulant coffee ranks next to beer. In 1896 the people it is estimated, drank 962,088,692 gallons of coffee, made from 481,044,346 pounds of the b rries, costing \$120,261,086. The average consumption was 9 61 pounds in 1896. Of tea the consumption in the latter year is placed at 466,701,000 gallous, made from 93,340,000 pounds of tea imported at a re all cost of \$31,171,-482. Cocoa was imported to the extent of \$2,630,900 worth, much of which was used for confectionary. The aggregate drink bill of the nation, alcoholic and non alcoholic, is figured at \$1,016,126,-000, or \$14 31 per citizen.

According to this showing it costs as much to quench the thirst of the people as it does to run the fire departments for the quenching of fire. The American people must be a very dry crowd.

Too Much Humor in Hers.

The American people appreciate humor more highly than any other people on earth, observes the facetious editor of the Washington Post. In the most serious business transactions a flavor of humor is likely to crop out, in an unexpected way, at any period of the negotiations. So well known is this fact that a little joke inserted in a sedate conversation is not taken amise, but is accepted as a fitting excursion from the domain of the practical to the realm of fancy. It has been often asserted that women have not the humorous faculty well developed, but there are exceptions. Many women erjoy a joke as fully as do the opposite sex, and their keen delight in a good joke is as spontaneous and natural as that of the most appreciative male.

Mrs Van Derstadt, of Patersor, N. J., is one of the women who enjoy a jike. Her husband has cortracted a habit of imprisoning her in a large bureau drawer. He bored to'es in the back of the bureau to permit the passage of air, and when his rollicking mood came on he would place his wife in the large bureau drawer and lock it. When the mood was lasting he would keep her in the drawer as long as five hours on a stretch. The frequency of these humorous manifestations became annoying to Mrs. Van Derstadt. She entered into the spirit of the joke with great enthusiasm at first, and enjoyed the imprisonment, or at any rate tolerated it, but five hours is a long time when a bureau drawer is the limit of space, and she finally concluded that the joke was being carried too far.

One hour or two hours was funny enough, but when the time was extended to five hours, and the occasions encroached on each other, the occupancy of the bureau drawer became something in the nature of a steady job. Mrs. Van Derstadt had her spouse up before the Justice, and related her experiences. ROOM 1, GAZETTE BUILDING, Shelsaid she was not of a quarre some

nature, and was disposed to look with leniency upon her husband's proclivities but she liked to call on her friends now and then, and when she was shut up in the bureau drawer for five hours at a time, with only brief intermissions between the acts, her social obligations were un'a'filled and ber field of use fulness narrowed to an infinitesimal area. She did not want Mr. Van Derstadt punished. All she wanted was a slight restraint of his exuberance. He solemnly promised to discontinue his cabinet performance and was allowed by the Magistrate to go.

Another slander is thus disposed of and woman advanced one more notch. As an appreciator of humor, Mrs. Van Derstadt takes front rank. She encouraged the display of humor on the part of her husband by cheerful acquiesence in his bureau scheme, and snuggled into the drawer without a word of protest. It was only when the occasions of imprisonment multiplied and progressed in a geometrical ratio that she objected, and ther, not because the fun of the performance had lost its attraction, but because of the encroachment on her time. She had to receive callers and return calls and attend to many other domestic duties, and though it was possible to receive calls while confined in the bureau drawer, it was impossible to return them under such conditions. Had there been any way of overcoming the latter difficulty, it is probable that Mr. Van Derstadt would have continued to submit to the bureau drawer imprisonment indefinitely. But failing to overcome this difficulty she had to resort to repressing Mr. Van Derstadt's excessive humor. It's all right now, and jest can find expression in other channels.

"Yankee Doodle" Not Scared.

Eugene Tompkins, proprietor of the Boston Theatre, was found guilty in the Supreme Court upon the complaint that he gave a concert in the theatre Sunday night, "the concert not being of a sacred nature nor for a charitable object." The music was by a brass band, which played "My Old Kentucky Home," "Au Revoir," "King Cotton," "Yankee Doodle," Gounod's "Ave Maria," and the "Red, White and Blue." Gounod's "Ave Maria," the jury conceded, was sacred, but the other airs were regarded as secular. The case was tried on appeal from the sen tence of the lower court, which fined Mr. Tompkins \$70.

THE EVENING GAZETTE

CHECKER-BOARD BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

NORWALK FIRE INSURANCE CO. In Successful Operation Since 1860, No Outstanding Claims.		Safes For Rent. VALUABLES STORED IN Safe Deposit Vault OF THE NATIONAL BANK OF NORWALK,		PIEL BROS'. Real German Lager, On draught and in Bottles. — AT — RATCHFORD'S, 44: Main Street.		FRED A. WALTER, MAKER OF AND DEALER IN HAKNESS AND HORSE GOODS. Repairing of all kinds done at short notice Harness made to or der a specialty 31 MAIN C1. NORWALE, CONN.	
	GAZETTE ADS. BRING GOOD RESULTS		Geo. W. Raymond, DEALER IN Staple and Fancy Groceries AND Provisions No. 9 Main St.		Chas. T. Leonard Wholesale and Retail Dealer in GOAL, WOOD, BLUE STORE AND MASONS' BUILD- ING MATERIALS MANUFACTURER OF OEMENT -:- PIPE. Office and Yard. 33 to 44 Water Street.		W. BYINGTON INSURANCE: Room 3, Sazette Building.
G. Ward Selleck, BEST GOODS, TEAS and COFFEES 18 WALL ST.				S. B. Wilson, Carpenter and Builder. STEAM MILL & YARD OFFICE. 92 Wall St. Norwalk, Conn.			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Edgar Buttery, Nurseryman, Norwalk, Conn. Trees. Shrubs and Plants. Strawberry Plants a Specialty. Brandy Wine, Rio and Marshel. 30 other Varieties. Office, 6 Water St. Nurs'ys, Broad River.		A. R. MALKIN Carpenter and Builder, SAWING AND PLANING 76 Franklin Ave, NORWALK, CONN.		Painting, Paper Hanging, Kalsomin- ing and Hardwood Finishing, C. L. PLATT, 52 Wilton Avenue, Norwalk, Conn. Send for book con- taining samples.
Frank T. Hyatt DENTIST, 8 West Avenue.		7				PARLOR BARBER-:-SHOP, H.S. LEOBOLD. 47 Main Street.	
			Send Your Order to HUNT & ZELUFF, When You Want a Nice Fresh Fish 60 Washington St. SOUTH NORWALK.		TRY WEED'S SODA WATER 38 Wall St.		
		Bottling Works, 7 Wall Street. FINE ALES AND LAGER EXPRESSLY FOR FAM- ILY USE. Mail orders receive prompt attention.	3 mm 2 mm				
NASH & VANSCOY —Dealers in— CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE, PLUMBING, STEAM AND GAS FITTING. COT. Main & West ts SO, NORWALK, CT	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	errik lia osa ili. Songabata te	Andrew Francisco	DONE AT THIS OFFICE.		an Disture	Job Printing OF EVERY DESCRIPTION EXECUTED AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE

FIRE INSURANCE

A Wise Man Keeps

his Home Insured

Against Fire._

BEST: COMPANIES REPRESENTED

W. H. BYINGTON,

THIS 3 SPACE :IS **ICONTRACTED FOR** BY GARDINER & MITCHELL.

CHILDREN'S

Wagons, Carls, Barrows, Hoops, Garden Sets, Kites. Marbles. Tops, &c.

School Supplies

We have the biggest Tablet in town for 5 cents.

Real Estate and Steamship Agent.

JOHN T. HAYES, 5 MAIN STREET, - - - NORWALK. HERE'S YOUR CHANCE.

> A fine building lot on Wilton avenue. If you intend to build, look at this before purchasing.

Water, gas and sewer on the avenue.

Will be sold at a Bargain.

W. H. BYINGTON, Real Estate and Insurance Room 1. Cazette B'l'd.

THE Ætna Life INSURANCE

Made the Following Gains in the Year 1896:

Increase in Income, \$1,057,816.28

Increase in Assets, \$1,997,234,42.

Increase in Surplus,

\$198,816,81,

Increase in New Life Business,

\$1,598,668,00.

Increase in Life Insurance in Force,

\$5,608,680.00.

Increase in Accident Insurance in Force,

\$21,736.500 00

Increase in Accident Premiums.

\$175,086,72—or 62 per cent.

Increase in New Life Insurance Written in Connecticut,

\$310,642.00.

Increase in total Life Insurance in Connecticut.

\$472,569.00.

From the increased Surplus the usual increase of dividends to policy-holders will be paid in 1897, making the Twenty-Fifth Regular Annual Increase of Dividends to the insured, and a record unparalleled in the history of life insurance.

Notwithstanding the material increase of new business on which the expense in Life Insurance is chiefly incurred, the ratio of expense to income on the Life business of this company, excluding the Accident business, is somewhat lower than last year, and is 23 per cent. less than the average expense of the ten leading "purely mutual" companies for the Year 1895.

Their figures for 1896 have not been published.

MORGAN G. BULKELEY, President.

J. L. ENG LISH, Sec. H. W. ST. JOHN, Actuary. J.C. WEBSTER, Vice-Pres. W. C. FAXON, Ass't. Sec. Accident Department. G. W. BUSSELL, M. D., Med Director. JAMES CAMPBELL, M.D., Med. Ex.

E. E. HALLOCK, Ceneral Agent, 5 Hubinger Bld'g., New Haven. J. I. HUTCHINSON, Ceneral Accident Agent, Hartford.

************** Renne's Raining Magic Oil the most wonderful medicine to-day, positively curing Colds, Sore Throat, Rheumatism and all pain. Wholly free from oily taste, pleasant to use either as an internal or external remedy. Get a trial bottle and satisfy yourself of the great curative powers of RENNE'S MACIC OIL



for Sick Headache, Biliousness and

Dr. Herrick's Liver Pills he old reliable and sure cure. }

HERE AND THERE

An Epitome of Happenings or Interest to the Public.

Garnered With Scissors and Pencil.

The A. O. H. held a regular meeting last night.

There were 21 guests at the Hotel cured a situation out of town. Howard last night.

The Central Labor Union held a reg- Methodist church last evening. ular meeting last night.

-Half price sale at the "Fair" 7 Main street, this week.

The Mcke'y place on Harbor avenue is being greatly improved.

There will be a meeting of the city council next Monday evening.

Clinton Commandery, K. T. will confer the Templar degree to-night.

St. John's Lodge, F. & A M. conferred the third degree last night.

Oliver Nickerson has secured a situa-

tion at the Norwalk Lock factory. Improvements are soon to be made

in and about the electric light station. Meats and fish of all kinds at Gregory's Wall street market.

Work has been resumed on the Cowles sarcophagus at Riverside ceme-

Miss Edna Brown accompanied her brother to Port Chester, yesterday, for

a short stay. The case of Price vs. Brown is set down for a hearing in the Town Court,

Arrangements are already being

made for the annual road race of the Alpha Wheel club.

Don't miss the half price sale at the

Herbert D. Brown and family yesterday removed from Quintard place to Port Chester, N. Y.

The funeral of the late William B. E. Lockwood will be attended this afternoon at 3:50 o'clock.

Mrs. Asa C. Peck of Waterbury, is visiting at the residence of Charles S. Lockwood on East avenue.

Miss Ann J. Goodwin is no better of her illness. She will probably be taken to the hospital for treatment.

Frank Cora has removed from what is known as the Hanford place on Harbor avenue to No. 36 Main street.

The public schools will close on Friday, April 16th and re-open on May 3d, and continue open until June 25th.

-Every article at the "Fair" 7 Main street, at half price this week.

The health inspector will commence his Spring visitations on Monday next. A word to the wise ought to be suffi-

chase of a new truck will be held in the ceipt of many valuable presents. Pioneer H. & L. parlors, to-morrow

The first straw hat of the season was out yesterday. It was worn by a barefooted boy. And even the sparrows playing, eating, etc. Several of the shivered at the sight.

A newroof is being put on the Ratchford building on Main street and the Ratchford farm at Winnipauk is also receiving early attention.

Prof. M. S. Rosen, the well-known oculist-optician, can be consulted at his office in the parlor of the City Hotel. South Norwalk, Tuesdays, from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Eyes examined free.

There was a fine display of Northern Lights last night and they lasted several hours. The sky was handsomely

-All the Successful Merchants of this City Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

South Norwalk.

Branch Office of GAZETTE No. 12 North Main Street

The catch basins are being cleaned The Daughters of Rebekah will meet

this evening. The Arions met last evening and

elected three new members. L. D. Keeler is suffering from an attack of tonsilitis.

Mrs. Fred Raymond is getting the mistery over a new bicycle.

A new chimney is being placed on the Pardee residence. The Methodist church will probably

be on the move next week. The W. C. T. U. will visit the Soldiers'

Home at Noroton this afternoon. The Friday afternoon club is holding

ts annual meeting this afternoon. -A GAZETTE ad. wifl pay you.

The Mrs. J. L. Nash residence on Bayview avenue is being repainted.

The Masons' and Bricklayers' Union will meet in the Warwick hotel to-nght. The sloop Flash will probably sail for New London to-day after another load of live codfish.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Baptist church will hold a sociable some evening next week.

A Stamford theatre party came to South Norwalk last night to see the Sages in Hoyt's Theatre.

Oliver E. Raymond denies the truth of the published reports that he has se-

at a meeting held in East Norwalk The work of draining off what is

The Darien Revival band was present

known as the Seymour pond near Pine island was commenced this morning.

-Don't fail to attend S. S. Tillotson's Millinery opening, Saturday and Mon-day. Stylish hats at popular prices. 16 North Main street. A 1 3t.

Ex-senator John H. Ferris was in Hartford yesterday shaking hands with his old friends in the General Assem-

"Flatfish are not biting worth a clam" said an old time fisherman this morning, "but a few days like this will fetch 'em," he added.

Forty members of Uncas tribe of Red Men visited a Stamford Powahay tribe last night and conferred the Adoption degree on five candidates.

The subject at the mid-week service in the Congregational church last evering was "Acceptance of Common Opportunities the Judgment Test."

Mrs. Dwight M. Seward, wife of Rev. Dr. Seward died at her home on Fair field avenue last night aged about 80 years. She had been an invalid for

twenty years. Edward Voorhees went to New York yesterday to claim the \$100 which he won in a newspaper guessing match as to the result of the meeting between Corbett-Fitzsimmons.

The senate commerce committee yesterday caused a favorable report on the bill providing for the establishment of light and fog signals at various

points on the Connecticut coast.

-Advertise in THE GAZETTE. Brigadier General Russell Frost, who is one of the representatives from Norwalk, bloomed out yesterday in a new spring suit. Any old suit would look well on General Frost, but in this one he is "ought of sight" as the chaplain. says.—Bridgeport Union.

Marie Stewart the child who was burned to death in Brooklyn was not, as was first believed, a relative of Captain William H. Bouton, members of whose family went to Brooklyn yesterday, and returned happy in the knowledge that their fears were groundless.

The Vulcan will-take something like 1,000 barrels of oysters to New York from this port this evening and the City of Norwalk will take as many more to morrow night. The business is booming, and the local steamers are busily engaged in harvesting the bivalves for which there is a great demand.

Mr. and Mrs. William Weisheit celebrated their silver wedding anniversary at their home on Ely avenue last night. A large number of their friends were present including members of the Germania Saengerbund. The occasion was one of great pleasure to A special meeting to talk up the pur- all present. The couple were in re-

> The Bachelors club met at the home of Frederick H, Quintard on Washington street last evening, and had a merry time in singing, story telling, whist lady friends of the "bachelors" were present. The honors at whist were secured by Miss Julia Clark, Miss Alice Sherwood and Munson Pardee.

William Gurry obtained a maroon colored Envoy bicycle, No. 17,424, from Bearse & Hoyt yesterday afternoon and has not since been seen. Gurry represented that he wished to ride up town and see the stone crusher and left his overcoat at the store until his return. Efforts are being made to find Gurry, who it is thought rode to New York. As he has paid all but \$30 on the wheel, it is a question if anything tinted in green, yellow and pink colors. | can be done with him should he be found.

-Advertise in the GAZETTE.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Mother Left the Infant in the Kitchen and Could Not Save It.

Word came from Salisbury yesterday to the effect that, in the fire that destroyed William O'Conpor's house in hat town Wednesday, his 4-months-old son was burned to death.

The mother left the infant in the kitchen while she was working in the upper part of the house, and, when the fire started she was unable to force her way to its rescue.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Sages.

Another large audience attended the hypnotic entertainment of "The Sages" at Hoyt's Theatre last night. The program was different from that presented previously, and many laughable experiments were tried, especially the cake walk at the close of the entertainment, which was true to nature and most ludi-

After the performance "The Sages" visited Off Well H. & L. parlors and gave a most enjoyable entertainment to the members and their friends. Tonight a new program will be presented which promises to be the most entertaining of any yet given.

Charles Peach's Boy.

The little son of Charles Peach, wan" dered away from home in Danbury yesterday and made his way to the railway station. He was found among the passengers getting aboard the 11:40 train for Norwalk. The child was turned over to a policeman and taken to the station house where he was claimed by his father.-News,

Hearing Continued.

The case of Mills vs. Hubbell was on trial yesterday before Levi Warner, Esq, as a committee of the Common Pleas court. The case was not finished and was continued to the 6th. Taylor for plaintiff, Walsh for defense. The suit is for board and nursing of the plaintiff's father.

A New Polish.

A new polish celled "Autripticon," for gold, silver, nickel, brase, copper and steel is being put on the market by George H. Allen & Co. It is a splendid polish for metals, and for cleaning bicycles, cannot be approached by any polishing compound now on the mar-

Card of Thanks.

I desire to take this method of expressing my sincere thanks to all those who so kindly assisted me in my hour of affliction, at the death of my late husband, and more especially to his shopmates. Mrs. Charles N. Lynch, Norwalk, April 2, 1897.

TENNESSEE'S CENTENNIAL.

Committee Has Set Apart Days For States, Organizations, Etc.

Nashville, April 2.-The centennial exposition executive committee has set apart special days for the following cities and particular purposes, including meetings of national bodies. Other dates are to be set, but the folincluding conventions and congresses: May 1 to 3, Supreme Knights Ancient

Essenic order; May 5, Mexico day; May 7, Art day for the United States; May and 8, Freight Claim association; May 11. National Association Railroad Air Brakemen; May 12, Knights of Pythias, uniform rank; May 12, Wolverine Press association of Michigan; May 17, National Good Citizens' convention; May 18, Hocking and Ohio Valley Press association of Ohio: May 19 and 20, Tennessee State Bankers' association; May, 20, United Order of the Golden Cross day; May 26, Greek Letter day; May 27, Vanderbilt day, in honor of Commodore Vanderbilt: May 28, State Press association of Georgia; May 29, Wisconsin

June 1 Tennessee day: June-1, Governor's day; June 1-5, Grand Lodge Knights and Ladies of Honor days; June 1-5. Surviving Territory Texas Rangers' days; June 2, Republican league of Tennessee day; June 4, National Travelers' Protective association day; June 11, Ohio day; June 12, Cincinnati day; June 15, Tennessee Press association day; June 18, 19, Texas days; June 21, National Association Labor Commissioners of the United States; June 22-24, United Confederate Veteran days; June 25, Florida day; June 25, 26, Virginia Press association days; June 29, 30, Sigma Alpha Epsilon Fraternity day; June 30, Phi Gamma Delta and New York

July 3, Sigma Alpha Epsilon day; July 4, Commonwealth Conference day: July 7, Division Encampment, Sons of Veterans of Alabama, and Tennessee day; July 20, Baptist day; July 20, International Association of Distributors' day; July 21, Tennessee Druggists' Association day.

Aug. 12, Louisville's Red Men day; Aug. 17, Cotton day; Aug. 17, Crockett Clan; Aug. 17, Daughters of American Auxiliary to the Junior Order of American Mechanics' day; Aug. 30, General Insurance Agents' convention day.

Sept. 7 and 8, United States Veterinary Medical Association days; Sept. 9, American Fruit Growers' day; Sept. 15 to 17, "Old Time" Telegraphers' days; Sept. 20, Young Men's Institute day; Sept. 21 to 23, National Association Mexican War Veterans' days; Sept. 27, Journeymen Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters and Steam Fitters' Helpers of the United States and Canada day.

Oct. 1 to 5, American Society of Reli-gious Education; Oct. 5, Rhode Island day; Oct. 7, Kings Mountain and Daughters of American Revolution day; Oct. 8 and 9, American Association State Weather Service days; Oct. 9, Chicago day; Oct. 13 to 15, Sigma Nu Fraternity day; Oct. 19 to 24, Liberal Congress of Religion; Oct. 21, Presbyterian day; Oct. 26, National Council of Women's day.

Mexico's Financial Condition.

City of Mexico, April 2.-President Diaz opened congress. He will be able to show a very satisfactory condition in finances and revenue, exceeding the estimates for the first of the fiscal year. Leading bankers here are not appre-hending any further decline in silver, but do not believe that it will regain its lost ground. There is no reason to believe that the government contemplates going on the gold basis.

New Jersey Forest Fires.

Egg Harbor City, N. J., April 2.-The forest fires which started in this vicinity on Monday afternoon are still burn-Thousands of dollars of damage has been done since the starting of the fire. Farmers are fighting the flames with the hope of getting them under control before houses and outbuildings are destroyed. The most destructive fire is between Mays Landing and

A Murderer Confesses.

Hutchinson, Kan., April 2.-T. N. Webster, an inmate of the state reformatory here, has confessed to complicity in the murder of W.H.Orvis, a wealthy stockman who was killed in August 1895, at Savey, where he was waiting to board a night train for Kansas City. The murderers robbed the victim of \$6,000 in government bonds. The confession implicates a man named Powell.

Death of Archbishop Plunket. Dublin, April 2.-The Most Rev. William Conyngham Plunket (Lord Plunket), Protestant archbishop of Dublin, who has been seriously ill for some days past, died today. He was born in 1828 and succeeded to the peerage in 1871. He was elected archbishop of Dublin on the resignation of Archbish-

Robber-Murderer Confesses.

op Trench in 1884.

Fairmont, Minn., April 2.-The jury in the trial of Bank Robber Kellihan for murder, after being out nearly 24 hours, returned a verdict of murder in the first degree. The Kellihan brothers robbed several banks, killing two men in the Sherburne bank, and one of the brothers later was killed by the posse pursuing.

The French Academy.

Paris, April 2.-M. Hanotaux, the minister for foreign affairs, and the Comte de Mun, the well known Clerical deputy, have been elected members of the French academy, in succession to the late M. Challemel-Lacour, president of the senate, and the late M. Jules Simon, the distinguished statesman.

Judge Parkhurst Confirmed.

Albany, April 2.-The judiciary committee reported favorably to the senate today the nomination of John F. Park-hurst of Bath as a judge of the court of claims, and it was confirmed unanimously by the senate.

Erne to Meet His Conqueror.

Buffalo, April 2.-Frank Erne and Martin Flaherty have been matched at 127 pounds to fight 20 rounds before the Olympic Athletic club April 19. The two boxers have met before, when Flaherty

NO HUMBUG HERE.

Norwalk Indorsement is What Counts With the Public.

You can't fool the public all the time, They will find you out at last. Every time a man is fooled Another skeptic is made. Many the remedy that makes the skep

It fails to keep its promise. Doane's Kidney Pills bring renewed

They cure the skeptic Plenty of proof of this at home. Norwalk proof for Norwalk people. Our citizens say they cure backache.

Cure urinary disorders.
Experience has taught them this is so. Conviction for every sufferer.
In the testimony of friends and neigh-

Mr. Thomas Cooney, residing at No. 73 Harbor avenue, dockmaster for ten years and for thirty years a sailor says, When a boy I fell from a tree striking a fence. This accident left me with back trouble, and the life on the water with its hardships added their share until I found backache was more or less a steady thing, coming on from time to time. did not understand that it came from the kidneys, but reading that Doane's Kidney Pills cured back ache I got a box at Hale's drug store, and was surprised to find how quickly they acted. They simply cured me and that is all there is to it, ou may be sure I have a good word for Doane's Kidney Pills, they have done such good work for me. I shall be glad to tell any one about it who wishes to

know.' Doane's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole Agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doane's, and take

Wanted RELIABLE MAN. OR WOMAN. ASSURED Immediately RIGHT PER-SON. THE BEST PAY EVER OF.

FERED FOR SIMILAR SERVICE. The Cosmopolitan Magazine, edited by JOHN BRISBEN WALKER, wishes to add a quarter of a million to its clientèle, already the largest, of intelligent thinking readers possessed by any periodical in the world.

IT IS PREPARED TO PAY HAND SOMELY FOR ASSISTANCE REN-DERED. It wishes the services of one reliable man or woman in every town, village, country district, or manufacturing establishment in every State. All that is required of any one is reliability, earnestness and work. No matter on what other work you are engaged. it will pay you to examine into this offer.

Apply, stating position, capability and references, to THE COSMOPOLITAN MAGAZINE, Irvington-on-the-Hudson, New York

Piano Lessons, MRS. GEORGE W. BRADLEY, (daughter of the late Wm. R. Nash.) gives efficent and satisfactory instructions on the Piane a her home No. 193 Main street.

GRAY HAIR RESTORED to its natural color by LEE'S HAIR MEDI-CANT, no dye, harmless, pleasant odor, \$1.00 a bottle of LEE'S HAIR TONIC semores dandruff, steps hair from falling out and promotes growth \$1.00 a bottle LEE MEDICANT CO 108 Fulton 8t. NY. FREE libratrated Treatise on Hair on application FREE For sale by E. P. WEED, Druggists,

UR PALMER COX BROWNIEBOOKS

TO OUR READERS (THE EVENING CAZETTE.)

Beautiful Illuminated Covers HIS OUAINT CONCEITS HAVE NEVER BEEN EQUALLED BIRDS, BROWNIES, AND BEASTS are ar-

rayed in varied garments, much as ordinary human beings dress. Walk on two legs, think as men; and women do, talk to each other, go to housekeeping, dance at weddings, etc., etc. These books are crammed from cover to cover with the quaintest conceptions in PICTURE and STORY; enough to crack your sides with merriment and SET THE CHILDREN WILD WITH DELIGHT.

He Never Was That Could Hold Palmer COX

All the children love Palmer Cox's Brownies. We want every tot in town to have a set of these, so they will be given out FREE TO OUR READERS. All we ask is that you send this order to the publishers. It Cets the Books.

Send this "Order" direct to the publishers and books will be sent you by return mail

Cut This Out

ORDER 60c Worth Free.

HUBBARD PUB. CO..

1023 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Please mail me the Following Four Palmer Cox Brownie Books: Busy Brownies Gock Robin

Birds' Wedding Funny Foxes Enclosed Please find 10c. to pay Wrapping and Postage.

·Address......State...... Charge to Account EVENING GAZETTE, Norwalk, Conn.

Warranted Solid Cold.

\$1.00 Beautiful Chased Holder.

You may think it cannot possess merit or durability, the price is so low; but the "Lincoln" is a \$2.50 pen reduced to \$1.00. It is durable, always ready to "go" but never drips, the ink flowing steadily and uniformly. They are in use in this office, giving the best of satisfaction, and they are in use in the bas, insurance and business offices and among all classes of users of pens in Norwalk and vicinity. Orders are received from all parts of the country.

LINCOLN FOUNTAIN PEN

Samples to be seen and orders received at the GAZETTE OFFICE.

WE<u>shall</u> endeavor to eclipse all former efforts AND MAKETHIS THE GREATEST SHOE SALE

EVER KNOWN IN NORWALK. -:- -:- -:are a few of the Bargains:

75 "Enamel Button Shoes, worth \$3.00 a pair at 100 "Seal Goat Button Shoes, worth \$3.50 a pair at 200 "Opera Toe, Heavy Dongola Button, worth \$2.50 a pair at Twentieth Century Walking Boot, worth \$2.50 a pair at Sample Shoes, sizes 3 to 4½ per pair, Dongola House Slippers, worth 90 cts a pair at 75 Pair Boys' Tap Sole Shoes, sizes 5 and 5½ per pair, per pair, 2 to 100 cts a pair at 200 cts a pair at 200 cts a 200 cts a 200 cts a 200 cts at 200 cts 100 Pair Youths' Half Spring-Heel Lace Shoesat 200 Pair Men's Shoes, Lace and Congress, worth \$1.25.....at

 200 Pair Men's \$5.00 Enamel Shoes
 reduced to
 350

 Men's First Quality Hip Rubber Boots, worth \$3.85
 at
 2 85

 "" Storm King Rubber Boots, worth \$3.50
 at
 2.50

 "" Short Rubber Boots, worth \$2.60
 at
 2 00

On April 5th we will give away another beautiful Store er Bicycle, your choice of either Ladies or Cents, and REMEMBER, you get a chance on this beautiful wheel with every 50 cent purchase made at our Store.

OLSEN BROS,' WHITE SHOE STORE. 3 GAZETTE BUILDING,



SPECIAL OFFER!

Five 26 in. Boys and Cirls Bicycles, Regular price \$50, Will Close out at \$25. ONLY FIVE LEFT.

-A Large Stock of-RAMBLERS STORMERS IDEALS -26 in. STORMERS -24 in. STORMERS

Full Line of Sundries. WHEELS SOLD ON EASY TERMS. THE J. T. PROWITT CO.



gets up in the morning with a foul taste and fouler breath; if he feels listless and sluggish; if he is dizzy and blind the minute he steps out of feels utterly incapable of work, it is a pretty sure sign that his digestion is out of order—that his principal trouble is constipation. If he lets this condition run on, there is no telling where it will stop. Nine-tenths of all human sickness comes from constipation. The first thing that Nine-tenths of all human sickness comes from constipation. The first thing that every doctor asks when he is called to see a patient is whether the bowels are in good order. It is noisense to call a doctor fot such a simple thing. It is nonsense to let such a simple thing grow into such a serious thing, as it always does if neglected. Dr. Pieres's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They not only afford immediate and pleasant relief from all the distressing symptoms, but they cure permanently and positively. There are 10,000 medicines that can be taken, to give temporary relief. The "Pleasant Pellets" are the only things that really cure.

There are plenty of druggists who will try to sell you something else. You know just as well as we do that an honest druggist wouldn't do such a thing—that an honest druggist would give you what you ask for. You know that when a druggist insists on giving you something else, there must be a reason for it. We know what that reason is—he makes a bigger profit on the other thing. Any druggist in America will supply the "Pellets" if you insist on it.



The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in plain English, or Medicine Simplified by R.V. Pierce, M. D., Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., 7008 pages, illustrated. 680.000 copies sold at \$1.50. Now sent pager-bound assouthers. sent, paper-bound, ABSOLUTELY FREE on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay for mailing only. Address the Author, as above.

RUMMAN BROTHER

- MANUFACTURERS OF -

IMPROVED SODA AND MIN ERAL WATERS.

Flavoring Extract,s Also the Syrups and Olden Time Fruit Juices, Root Beer. Soda Water Jemon Soda, Supplied in Sarsaparilla,

Steel Fountairs. Birch Beer. Seltzer and Vichy in Siphons.

H. J. & G. S. GRUMMAN,

44 Main Street,

GAZETTE

Department.

WORD TO THE WISE

Merchants, Manutaciui ers, Lodges and Societies will consult their own interests by giving us a call. REMEMBER--If you have

work to do, write to us.

The Mission to Berlin Goes to the Distinguished Scholar.

FEW MORE BIG PLUMS FALL.

Butterworth of Ohio Will Be Commissioner of Patents-Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury Named. The Work of the Senate.

Washington, April 2.-The president today sent to the senate the following

nominations: State-Andrew D. White of New York, to be embassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the United States to Germany; William F. Draper of Massachusetts, to be embassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the United States to Italy; Chandler Hale of Maine, to be secretary of the embassy of the United States at Rome;



ANDREW D. WHITE.

Samuel L. Gracey of Massachusetts, consul of the United States at Fuchan, China; Anson Burlingame Johnson of Colorado, consul of the United States at Amoy, China.

Interior-Benjamin Butterworth of Ohio, to be commissioner of patents. Treasury-Oliver L. Spaulding of Michigan, to be assistant secretary of the treasury; William B. Howell of

New Jersey, to be assistant secretary of the treasury. Tariff Bill In the Senate.

Washington, April 2.-The tariff bill passed by the house of representatives yesterday was received by the senate as soon as the session opened today. There were no formalities as to its reference and without motion or comment the presiding officer, Mr. Hobart, referred the bill to the committee on

Mr. Hale (Rep., Me.) secured immediate consideration for a joint resolu-tion directing the secretary of the navy to use a government vessel or charter a private vessel for the transportation of contributions of grain, etc., to the

famine stricken people of India. Mr. Stewart (Pop., Nev.) took occa-sion to speak briefly on the demonetization of silver in India, brought about by England as one of the chief causes of the present lamentable condition of af-

fairs in India. This led to a somewhat unexpected statement by Mr. Morgan of Alabama, who caused a temporary flurry. He began by remarking that this resolution proposed an appropriation from the United States treasury for the aid

of the suffering people of India. Mr. Hale endeavored to explain that this was done merely to give contributions already given by the generosity of the American people. Goods were now awaiting shipment at New York and other points.

or Mr Morgan said he full recognized the nobility of these benefactions. He had approved sending corn to Ireland and to Russia. These humane movements brought the world together in sentiments of good will. "But," continued Mr. Morgan, "I shall hope to secure the support of the senator from Maine (Hale) when I intro-duce a resolution to send supplies to the suffering people of Cuba, who are penned up in that island through the harsh policies of General Weyler." Mr. Morgan expressed the further hope that Mr. Hale would be found among the supporters of a resolution for send; ing supplies to the people penned up in Crete, through the tyrannical action of the European powers.

Mr. Hale's Reply.

Mr. Hale responded that these questions would be met as they arose. There was no politics in this resolution. voiced the general sentiment of Godspeed to the relief for these poor people. The resolution was then agreed to without division.

A spirited debate followed on several new phases of the Cuban question.

Mr. Allen (Pop., Neb.) presented a resolution reciting that General Rivera of the Cuban forces had been captured by the Spanish and was about to be tried by drumhead court martial and shot and protesting against such trial as contrary to the rules of civilized war-fare. Mr. Allen asked for immediate consideration of the resolution.

Mr. Hoar (Rep., Mass.) suggested that the resolution go to the committee on foreign relations. Mr. Allen would not consent to such a

reference. If the life of this man was to be saved, there must be speedy action. There was no time for the slow procedare of that committee. Mr. Morgan introduced a resolution

recognizing a state of war in Cuba and according belligerent rights to Spain and Cuba. It went over until tomor-

The resolution heretofore offered by him calling for information as to the Gomez letters to Presidents McKinley and Cleveland was accepted by the

One Day's Government Receipts. Washington, April 2 .- National bank notes received today for redemption, \$175,183; government receipts from internal revenue, \$497,059; customs, \$2,-872,,211; miscellaneous, \$101,970.

Pleaded Guilty of Forgery. Portland, Or., April 2.-Ezra Durand, who was arrested in Cairo, Mich., about a month ago and brought here to answer to several charges of forgery, pleaded guilty to two indictments. Sentence was postponed. It is said that his forgeries aggregated \$150,000 while he was president of the Durand Organ and Piano company.

HAD A STROKE.

George H. Raymond 2J, who resides at No. 6 Harriet street, this city, had a stroke of apoplexy in the Liberty Building, No. 123 Liberty street, New York city, yesterday afternoon, and was removed in an ambulance to the Hudson street hospital, that city, where his condition is said to be serious.

Mr. Raymond is forty-four years old and is well known in town. He has been connected with numerous enterprises here, and at present is manager of the Raymond Heating company with offices in New York city.

At one time Mr. Raymond was president of the Raymond Furnace company, whose foundry was located on Water street, South Norwalk. He was also connected with the old Austin foundry on Mechanic street, this city, when it was operated by the late S. E.

.The GAZETTE stated yesterday, in reply to numerous inquiries, that there had been no change in the Connecticut trout law, and that the speckled beauties could be caught from April 1 to July 1, as formerly.

The committee on Conference of the General Assembly, however, who had the proposed change in the law in charge, yesterday reported favorably on the resolution making the open season for trout fishing from April 1 to June 15, which shortens the season 15 days. The House adopted the report and passed the till, which was transmitted immediately to the Senate, where it also passed.

As the law row stands trout fishing in Connecticut mus; cease after the fifteenth day of June.

\$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mu cous surfaces of the system, thereby de stroying the foundation of the disease giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in deing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they ofter One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Test monials.

Address, P. J. CHENEY & CO. Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists. 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN- O

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1 the price of coffee. and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

WIT AND HUMOR. "Did you strike this man?" asked the

court sternly. "I did, but he made the first as-

sault."

"How was that?" "Struck me for \$10."

A High Recommendation.-Capitalist: "How rapidly can your new machine-gun be discharged?"

Inventor: "It can be fired, sir, with the rapidity with which the average stage letter is written."-Pearson's Weekly.

Moses Junior-"Fader, a shentleman in de shop vants to know if dat allvool non-shrinkable shirt will shrink." Moses Senior-"Does it fid him?"

Mose Junior-"No; id is too big." Moses Senior-"Yah, id vill shrink."

Mr. Uptown-"Do you know that it was cold enough in Chicago last week to freeze whiskey?"

Mr. East Side-"Is that so? Well, I'll bet the windy city had more solid men than ever before."-Tamany Times.

"Have you any bird-nest soup?" asked the stranger in a downtown restaurant that made a specialty of novelties.

"No, sor," answered the Irish waiter "but yez can hov some water that the goldfish was shwimmin' in."-Pittsburg News.

Degeneracy of the Times .- "Society is going to the demnition bow-wows,' declared the rapid scion of a wealthy

"What's the matter now, Dick?" "Pawnbroker at the reception this afternoon wearing my diamond pin."-Detroit Free Press.

Teacher-"Now, children, the letters on the blackboard, a-d-v-e-r-t-i-sem-e-n-t, spell something which always has been, and ever will be published in every newspaper and every magazine in this country. What is it?" Smart Boy-"Please, ma'am, it's the mother-in-law joke, I think."-Pearson's Weeklr.

A Persian philosopher being asked by what method he had acquired so much knowledge, he answered: "By not being prevented by stame from asking questions when I am ignorant."-Tid-

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF NEW YORK.

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

Statement for Year Ending December 31st.

According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

INCOME,

Received for Premiums \$ 39,593,414 20 From all Other Sources 10,109,281 07 \$ 49,702,695 27

DISBURSEMENTS.

To Policy-holders for Claims by Death \$ 12,595,113 39 To Policy-holders for Endowments, Dividends, etc. 12,842,456 1 For all Other Accounts 10,781,005 64 \$36,218,575 14 ASSETS. nited States Bonds and other Securities \$ 1 1 0,125,082 15 First lien Loans on Bond and Mortgage 71,543,929 56 Loans on Stocks and Bonds 11,091,525 00 22,767,666 65 Real Estate Cash in Banks and Trust Companies 12,680,390 00 Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Premiums, etc. 6,535,555 06 \$ 234,744,148 42 205,010,633 72 Reserve for Policies and other Liabilities Surplus \$ 29,733,514 70 Insurance and Annuities in force \$ 918,698,338 45

I h ave carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be liabilities calculated by the Insurance Department CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor.

From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned as usual

Report of the Examining Committee.

Office of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York

TO THE HONORABLE, THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

The undersigned, a Committee apppointed by your honorable body on the twentythird day of December, 1896, to examine the Annual Statement of the Company, and to erify the same, . espectfully

REPORT

That, pursuant to the power and authority thereby conferred, the Committee have at various dates between the date of the said reference and the date of this Report attended at the office of the Company, and have been waited on by the Treasurer, the Comptroller, the Auditor and and the Cashier, together with the the respective assistants of such officers, and have carefully gone over all the items contained in the said Statement, and have found the same to be correct. They have examined and counted every certificate of stock, bond and other obligation held by the Company, and compared the price at which the same are carried in said Statement with the market quotations and find the same not exceeding such quotations—in fact, in many cases bely without. They have examined and counted the bonds and mortgages on real property held by the Company, and find the same to be as stated. They have also verified the valuations of the Company's holdings of real estate and have verified the deposits of money in the various banks and trust companies, and have counted the cash on hand held by the Cashier.

Cashier.

And the Committee certify that all the books, papers. documents and evidences of title of every description necessary in such examination have been freely submitted to the Committee by the said officers and their assistants, and that the same are accurate, in good order and well kept.

And the Committee further certify that the investments of the Company are of a high order, and that the system and carring for the assets are artifled to the committee transactions and carring for the assets are artifled to the committee transactions.

methods adopted by the Company in recording its transactions and caring for the assets are entitled to commendation

All of which is respectfully submitted NEW YORK JANUARY 25, 1897.

ROBERT OLYPHANT JAMES N. JARVIE JAMES C. HOLDEN

J. HOBART HERRICK CHARLES D. DICKEY, JR. S CHARLES R. HENDERSON

The company has issued an order whereby women can be insured without the extra charge heretofore required. More definite information on the subject will be furnished by the local agent, Mr. A. H. Camp.

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HENRY S. BROWN, Assistant Comptroller. JOHN C. ELLIOT, Superintendent of Domestic Agencies.

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GRANVILLE M. WHITE, M. D

Local Agent.

JOHN W. NICHOLS New Haven, General Agent for State of Connecticut.

a. H. Camp.

1900 Not a Leap Year.

The last year, 1896, was a Leap Year; such a year will not occur again for eight years. This arises from the year 1900 having been specially excluded by Pope Gregory, together with 1700 and 1800, as in his adjustment of the calendar three genuine Leap Years had to be deprived of their rights. The years selected were those of the centuries which were not divisible without remainder by 400.

Science Knows No Limit.

Some one has made a pair of scales which will give you the exact weight of an eyelash. If you place in the one balance a piece of plain paper and inthe other a similar piece, but with an autograph on it in lead pencil or ink, the scales will instantly show the difference in weight.-Tid-Bits.

A Workingmen's Hotel.

The Workingmen's Hotel, which the Salvation Army has opened in Boston, charges five, ten and fifteen cents for lodging, three cents for supper, five for breakfast and eight for dinner. A bath is free, but not obligatory. The house will contain 100

Gifts to Chicago After the Fire.

The cash contributions for the benefit of the sufferers of the Chicago fire in 1871 amounted, within a month after the disaster, to \$4,200,000, and the contributions in the way of supplies, food, clothing and other necessaries to perhaps as much more.

The Last of a Cruel Punishment.

The last instance of boiling to death took place in Persia in 1890. The offender was guilty of stealing State revenues, and was put into a caldron of cold water, which was slowly heated to the boiling point. His bones were distributed as a warning among the provincial tax-collectors.

Beauty and Other Beasts.

"Beauty is only skin deep," said the zebra, with an attempt to liven up the gloom of the menagerie. "I know it," said the rhinosceros; "that's where come iu."-From Pick-Me-Up.

The craze for things Scottish has invaded Africa. The Sultan of Morocco has engaged a "braw hielandman" to play the bagpipe at his Court.

the ghastly terror of con-HALE'S

sumption stares a

man in HOREHOUND

face who neglects a cold.

TAR It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Hore-hound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

Special to Realers of This Paper.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO., 31 and 33 Vesey St., N. Y., P. O. Box 289.

のうとうとうとうとうと USE BRUMMELL'S **Celebrated** COUGH DROPS.

Genuine have A. H. B. on each drop.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. invovounce voi

> Horace E. Dann, EXCELSION

Tivery and Sales Stable.

Opposite Danbury and Norwalk Bailroad depot Norwalk, Conn. Stylish Single or Double Teams with or without drivers' Safe horses for women

and shildren. . SADDLE HORSES A SPECIALTY

DAVID W. RAYMOND Funeral Director and Embalmer

29 Washington Street South Norwalk

Residence, Mahackemo Hotel.

Cheap rates. Will also take orders for mesonuser service in New York. Goods called for and delivered to all parts of the town, orders received at E. P. Weed's Drug Store. Wall Street, with telephone connection unservices.

C E LOCKWOOD.

J. D. Jennings.

UNDERTAKER

Street Railway Depot. NIGHT BELL AT OFFICE.

QUEEN'S JUBILEE.

DUR ENGLISH COUSIN IS LEARNING TO ENTHUSE AMERICAN FASHION.

Great Preparations for the June Celebration in London-Windows Along the Line of Parade are Selling for Fabulous Prices-All Nations Will Honor Yictoria.

It wil no longer be possible to call our English cousin-the Anglo Saxona phlegmatic, cold hearted, unenthuciastic fellow. During the closing years of his sovereign's reign the Britisher has several times been called upon to display a degree of sympathy and an exuberance of feeling which he was never supposed to possess, and in each instance he has risen to the occasion with all the abandonment of the Frenchman and Italian.

It was in 1887 that the staid Britisher first learned to unloosen himself and set a portion of his spirit free in big subscriptions, in animated discourse, in great crowds, in fanciful decorations and in loud huzzas.

The occasion, of course, was the golden jubilee of Her Majesty the Queen, who had reigned serene and irreproachable over her loyal subjects for fifty years. Perhaps such an event was the only one that could force the subject to forsake his usual aspect of calm self-satisfaction, coupled with a dignity of mien which makes John Bull the most unapproachable chap in



QUEEN VICTORIA.

The English, however, have changed all that and cast reserve to the winds since that memorable day, June 22, 1887, when the Queen made her triamphal progress from Buckingham Palace to Westminster Abbey. The route was from the palace up Constitulion Hill to Hyde Park corner, down Piccadilly to Regent street, Waterlow Place, Pall Mall, East Cockspur street, Northumberland avenue, Thames Embankment and Bridge street to the

Descriptions of the scenes along the route tell how far the Britishers went erazy with joy and enthusiasm. One continuous roar of approbation marked the Queen's slow progress, the lower classes, from even the slums of Lonflon, vieing with the nobility and gentry in hurrahing and bubbling over with joy. The Queen, accustomed only to the sober deference of her subjects, was at first quite taken aback, and then hugely delighted with the enthusiasm she aroused, and kept her royal head with its crown of diamonds in a constant state of nod.

This lesson of unloosening once learned has not been forgotten by the London populace. Before the stirring scenes of the golden jubilee were forgotten London was again in a ferment of excitement last year over the commencement of the sixtieth year of Her Majesty's reign, and was quite prepared to repeat its jubilant antics of en years before had not the Queen herself politely requested her subjects to retain their exuberant spirits and wait until she had completed the sixtieth year of her reign, when she will have broken the reigning record of all previous sovereigns of Great Britain, when they might let everything go.

The date of this glorious result of a sound constitution and a tolerant Parliament will fall on June 22 next, and already London is agog with excitement as to what shall be done by way of celebration and how it shall be done. It is known that the great feature of the occasion will again be the royal progress through the streets and by the shops and homes of Her Majesty's loyal subjects. This time, however, the Queen will proceed to St. Paul's Cathedral to offer her thanksgivings

instead of to Westminster Abbey.

Persons who own houses in Piccadilly are in a frenzy of alarm lest the procession might turn down St. James and pay the great clubs on Paul Mall the compliment of passing their portals.. It is more than likely, though, that Piccadilly will be favored all the way to Regent street. But, however this may be, the prices of windows on the Strand, Fleet street and Ludgate Hill, through which the procession has got to pass, are already fabulously

Two hundred pounds for a window ix feet broad in the vicinity of St. Paul's Cathedral is thought to be quite reasonable, and the London papers are full of queries for and offers of advantageous space for sightseers on the same liberal scale.

Sites round St. Paul, especially on the west side, where the cortege will halt, are in special demand. Her Majesty is known to be so weak in her oyal limbs that it is deemed impossible for her to walk up the steps which surround St. Paul's, and she is also so averse to being carried in public that it is shrewdly surmised that she will not leave her state riage at all, and that whatever co onies are to be performed at St will be in the pen air by th s carriage or in h she might be canopy un iriven.

Girl's Draped Waist



159-GIRLS' DRAPED WAIST. 10, 12, 14 and 16 years.

No. 159-PRICE, 10 CENTS.

wool. The full front is trimmed at the top with an embroidered empiecement. The straight collar and belt are of velvet. | sleeves. The foundation consists of a short body lining reaching to the waist and fitted to the figure in front with single darts. Gather at the shoulder edges. Adjust the becoming fullness of the front, which is prettily draped in V effect at the top. The smooth under-arm gores are stitched separately and the material arranged at the lower edge to fall in soft blouse effect over the velvet waistband. The backs and waistline. The waist closes at the yards of 44 inch wide material.

A pretty and simply designed model is | centre back with buttons and buttonhere represented composed of chestnut holes The sleeves are of the Mushroom order having full, short puffs which are adjusted upon close fitting coat

This pattern is admirably adapted to vouthful figures, the full draped front falling in blouse effect supplying the re quisite fullness to undeveloped forms.

Serge, camel's hair, merino, and canvas are frequently selected for making this dress, in conjunction with velvet or

This Pattern cuts in six sizes for 10 to are also gathered at the shoulder edges 16 years A medium size requires 21/2

Ladies' Skirt.



101-LADIES' SKIRT. 32, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inches waist.

box plaits and a placket is finished in the ma'erial and worn with separate waists.

This stylish skirt is developed in all Serge, tweed, cheviot, mohair and whipwool novelty goods showing a ground of cord are adapted for serviceable wear, indigo blue flecked with scarlet and gold | while silk, satin or soire will answer for The shaping is accomplished by seven more dressy occasions. The skirt may gores that widen perceptibly toward be of material to match the bodice with waist and hips while the back is laid in which it is worn or made of contrasting

centre seam. The plaits in the back and Pattern No. 101 is cut in five sizes, viz: flutes at the side are held in position by 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 in. waist measure a strap or elastic tucked beneath The and retails for 30 cts. Quantity of materlower edge may be stiffened by an inter- ia 44 in. wide, for 23 in. waist measure, lining of hair cloth or light weight 34 yards; for 26 in. waist measure, 4) ards; for 30 in. waist measure, 41/4 yds.

Ladies' Double Breasted Eton.



151-Ladies' Double-Breasted Eton Jacket. 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust.

PRICE TEN CENTS.

and promises to remain so during the coming season, for cycling, shopping, traveling or general utility wear no better design can be offered. The jaunty model here shown is of rough faced diagonel with collar of Mahogony color satin-faced cloth. Handsome passementerie adorns the free edges of the collar and has a decoration of brandenburgs. The jacket of becoming length is fitted by the shoulder and underarm seams and the fronts have deep single breasted darts and a centre seam that renders the adjustment exceedingly trim. To the right front is joined an extension and the closing is effected in double breasted style on the left side. An attractive feature i land 40 in. bust measure.

The Eton has been a universal favorite | the collar which falls deeply at the back and rolling away from the front displays a plastion which may be either of silk, | satin or material to match the gown over which it is worn, or the regulation chemisette collar and neck-tie. The one seamed s'eeves are of the gigot order of modified proportions, the fullnes at the top being arranged in plaits.

This mode is equally adapted to duck, linen, canvas, pique or washable fabrics. When carried out in crimson, or military blue cloth, the garment will answer the purpose of a light spring coat and may accompany any style of gown. Material 44 in. wide requires 21/2 yards, for 36 in.

This pattern is in sizes 32, 34, 36, 38

Boy's Suit.



NO. 154-PRICE, TEN CENTS. [HINTS BY KATE WALLACE CLEMENTS.]

pieces, boy's jacket, short knee trousers buttons and button holes. At the neck and full blouse of white cambric. The is a smart tie and sailor collar of the stylish jacket in Eton effect has a wide blouse falls deeply across the back and back, and is simply shaped by shoulder shoulders. and under-arm seams. The upper portion of the fronts are reversed to form pointed lapels while below this point they flare widely apart showing the dainty blouse underneath. The two tions. seamed sleeves are cut in the regulation coat style. The shaping of the trousers is accomplished by inside and outside leg seams and the closing is affected at the sides. Inside bands at the top are yards of 36 in wide goods.

This natty little suit comprises three attached to an under waist by means of

Tweed, cheviot, homespun cloth, corduroy velvet and velveteen are among the chosen materials for making, while braid and buttons form appropriate decora-

Sizes are 4, 6, and 8 years. Quantity of material for medium size 11/2 yards of 54 in material.

Quantity of material for blouse 21/4

THE "WEEKLY GAZETTE" ORDER BLANK FOR PATTERNS ON THIS PACE.

to a second a construction of the construction

Cut this out, fill in your name and address very distinctly, and mail to "PAT-TERN DEPARTMENT OF WEEKLY GAZETTE" with 10 Cents for each Pattern wanted.

Always give bust measure for Waists, Sacques, Coats and Jacke s. Give waist measure for Skirts. For children it is always advisable to give the age. Send Pattern No...... Bust Measure..... Waist...... Age.....

Send Pattern No...... Bust Measure...... Waist..... Age...... Send Pattern No...... Bust Measure..... Waist..... Age..... Send Pattern No...... Bust Measure..... Waist...... Age..... Send Pattern No...... Bust Measure Waist Age Name.....

Address..... Zm mananan manananan mananan mananan kalangan Zm

The Massachusetts Democratic Club. Boston, April 1.-The members of

the Massachusetts Democratic club refused to pass a resolution to the effect that the club shall support only those who are in full accord with the Chicago platform. The resolution occasioned much discussion. The principal address was made by Warren H. Baker of Newton. His subject was 'Government by Injunction."

To Prevent a Run on a Savings Bank. Hartford, April 1.-Judge Hall issued an order restraining the officers of the Colchester Savings bank from paying any deposits to depositors, or from paying any dividends for one year. The injunction was granted on a petition by the bank commissioners to prevent a run on the bank. The commissioners question the solvency of the bank.

Death of a Boston Merchant.

San Francisco, April 1.-C. M. Carter, a wealthy merchant of Boston, died at the Palace hotel from pneumonia and heart failure, aged 60 years. He became ill on last Wednesday, the day of his arrival at the hotel. He had been for a number of weeks making a tour of California and was accompanied by his wife and two daughters.

Traffic Delayed by a Freight Wreck.

Ipswich, Mass., April 1.—A freight train on the Boston and Maine railroad ran off the track near here. The locomotive left the rails. Several cars followed, and two of them were considerably damaged. Traffic was delayed for several hours. The theater train which left Boston at 11:30 did not reach here until 3 a. m.

Fall River, Mass., April 1. - Plans

for a new mill of about 50,000 spindles are soon to be undertaken. The structure, which will be one of the most finely equipped in this city, will be of granite, and its appointments will be of the latest design.

A New Mill at Fall River Planned.

He Had Lived a Century.

Chicago, April 1. - Jarius Mears, one of the oldest settlers in Chicago, died at his home in Lagrange, aged 100 years and 8 days. He first came to Chicago in 1825. He served as postmaster at Hillsporo, Ills., under President Lincoln.

Weymouth's Bank Suspension. Weymouth, England, April 1 .- The banking house whose suspension was announced vesterday is the Weymouth Old bank, one of the oldest in Dorsetshire. The liabilities amount to £500,-000 (\$2,500,000).

\$50,000 For an Open Air Fund. Los Angeles, April 1.-The will of Max Werner of Germany, who died here on March 15, leaves a life estate in \$50,-000 to his mother in Germany, to go to the open air fund of New York city up-

on her death.

A few nights ago a prominent Evan-

stonian, was working overtime on the North Side, and when his business was completed boarded a North Shore electric car for home. When the conductor requested fair the man jammed his hands into his pockets and to his dismay discovered that he had only a counterfeit dollar, which he had been carrying for months. Ten miles from home, and "broke" was the unpleasant thought that flashed through his mind, so he passed up the counterfeit coin and received his change. Before the car had travelled a mile the conductor came around again and said: "Either you or a lady inside gave me a counterfeit dollar."

"It was the woman, of course," responded the embarrassed gentleman; they are always doing such things."

The remainder of the journey was not very pleasant to the man who was beating" his ride at the expense of an innocent woman. He left the car at Lake street, and had started home on a brisk walk when he heard footsteps behind him. Turning, he saw his wife, who rushed up, and in the most mortified tones said: "How I wish I had known you were on that car. The conductor accused me of giving him a counterfeit dollar, and made me give him a new dollar before all those people."-Chicago Times-Herald.

Much Knowledge Gained. Mamma-"Well, Nellie, what did

you learn at Sunday school to-day?" "That I must sell three tickets for the concert next week, give a shilling to buy a present for the teacher, and -and that Noah built the ark!"-Pearson's Weekly.

A Woman's Wish.

Mrs. Dorcas-You do love that cat, lon't you? Mrs. Cobwigger-Yes, indeed. She's

all the world to me. I often wish I was rich, so that I could buy canary birds for her .- New York Journal.

Exhausted Resources. "What are you bothering your father about?" asked the boy's mother.

"I want him to tell me a story, and e says he doesn't know any." "Perhaps he will make up one as he

goes along." "I asked him. But he said he had een testifying before an investigating committee all day, and had used up all his material."-Washington Star.

"What are you doing, you young rascal?" said a farmer to a small boy unier a tree with an apple in his hand.

"Please, sir, I was going to put this ere apple back on the tree, sir."

16 Jugakense Municipal Sammers

Allied Powers Are Reported to Be on timo had fired upon a flag of truce, subsequent to the refusal of the insurthe Verge of Discord.

A DIVERGENCE OF *OPINION.

Orders Issued For the Mobilization of Grecce's Fleet-The Sada Bay Bombardment--Russials Muravieff on a Mission to Paris.

Attens, April 2.—A royal decree orders the western naval division, under Captain Kriezi, to assemble at Lucas. It consists of the Acteon, the Eurotes, the Basilcos Georgios, the Nauarchos Miaulis and the Ambrakia Aphrcessa, with four torpedo boats. The torpedo flotilla, under the command of Prince George, is now cruising at the entrance of the gulf of Volo.

Discord In the Concert.

London, April 2.—A special dispatch from Paris says that Count Muravieff, the Russian minister of foreign affairs, has arrived there unexpectedly from St. Petersburg. It is believed that the Russian minister's journey is connected with the propositions brought forward looking to the settlement of the eastern crisis and the proposed blockade of the ports of Greece.

The Daily Chronicle published a dispatch from its Rome correspondent saying that great divergence of opinion is appearing among the powers with respect to the details of the action to be taken against Greece. The cleavage is so pronounced that a rupture of the concert is expected, especially in the event of a war between Turkey and

A dispatch to The Standard from Salonika says that the increase of troops on the east flank of the Turkish army indicates that an attack will be made upon Larissa in the case of the outbreak of war. The troops are divided into three parts, holding Katisrina, Litochori and Karya. They are commanded by Hassan Pasha, ex-governor of Crete. The men appear cheerful and are contented to live chiefly on bread, sugar, beans and raisins. Several of the battalions, it is said, declare that they do not want pay, but will fight for their country as long as it is neces-The Warships In Action.

The Khania correspondent of The Standard says, in describing the bom-

bardment by the foreign warships of the position taken up by the insurgents on the hill to the south of Suda bay: "When the Cretans began the attack Colonel Bor proposed to the admirals that they should land a mixed force of 500 men to drive the insurgents from the position they occupied behind a

strong stone wall along the ravine. The Austrian and French admirals were opposed to taking the offensive, and they decided to confine their action to bombarding. By 8 o'clock in the morning the engagement was in full swing. The Turkish guns in Fort Izzedin could take only a small part in the firing, as most of them are directed seaward. But a Turkish frigate shelled the insurgents freely, though with little effect. An hour later the foreign men of war signaled their intention to bombard. The Groziastchy fired first, then H. M. S. Ardent, and finally the Austrian gunboat Tiger. Each vessel fired in its turn, aiming chiefly at the Greek flag, which was hoisted above the stone wall. The Ardent ceased firing at 9:30, but the Groziastchy, ranging close in shore, by degrees pounded down the wall yard by yard, every shot telling.

'In spite of the heavy cannonade the Cretans held their ground stoutly, even throwing out skirmishers to repel the pelled to abandon their own principal position behind the stone wall.

"At 9:45 a. m. H. M. S. Camperdown, the outermost of the largest ironclads, began firing 6 inch shells. The Cretans thereupon retired slightly, but continued a heavy fire until 10 o'clock, when the Camperdown, at a range of 6,400 yards, fired her big guns. The effect was in-Three out of four of the stantaneous. percussion shells burst directly in the center of the insurgents' position, and the Cretans fled helter skelter.

Gunners' Work Was Accurate.

'The aim of the gunners was perfect, while the formidable noise of the enormous shells hurtling through the air was alone enough to frighten any enemy. Things were now getting too hot to last, and the insurgent flag was speedily lowered. The Cretans in full retreat were hastened by the fire of the Groziastchy and the Tiger, which poured in with extreme accuracy of aim a succession of shrapnels.

"At 10:15 the last shell fell. Seeing that the object of the bombardment was accomplished, the Russian and Austrian warships steamed away for block-ade service. The Ardent returned to Suda. The Turkish soldiery sallied quickly from the forts, occupied the po-sitions lately held by the insurgents, hoisted the Ottoman flag with great manifestations of delight, and even ad-vanced across the open with great coolness, though exposed to the continuous fire of the insurgent sharpshooters, who remained in the ravine up to the last

moment.
"At 11:30 a. m. the Turks were still pouring a rattling rifle fire upon the retreating masses of the insurgents, who replied with wonderful spirit. Their splendid defense of the position excited the admiration of all. Until the Camperdown began to fire heavy shells the insurgents rather gained than lost ground in spite of the tremendous fire of the Russian and Austrian vessels. Altogether about 100 shells were fired."

Khania. Island of Crete, April 2.-Colonel Vassos, in pursuance of the promise he made in his heliograph message to King George, has sent a strongly worded protest to the admirals. He charges the representatives of the powers with violating the pledge that Mus-sulmans released at Candamos and disarmed should not be allowed to attack the Christians again. He condemns the shelling of Cretans by the foreign fleets and appeals to the people of Europe to end the present policy, which, he says, is fraught with untold horrors and threatens the entire population of the island with extermination

Cretans Cheered In Parliament. London, April 2. — There were loud cheers from the Irish benches in the liamentary secretary for the foreign of-fice, Mr. George N. Curzon, confirmed report from Crete that a detachment of Turkish bashibazouks at Regents to accept autonomy and upon their insisting upon annexation.

Greece Would Buy Crete.

Berlin, April 2.—The Frankfort Zeitung has received a dispatch from Constantinople saying Greece has submit-ted to the Turkish government a proposal to purchase the island of Crete. The dispatch adds that the porte declined to undertake separate negotiations, declaring that Turkey remains in accord with the European concert.

Want Turks to Leave Thessaly.

Berlin, April 2 .- A dispatch to the Berliner Tageblatt from Constantinople says that five of the powers, not including Germany, delivered a note to the sultan requesting the immediate withdrawal of the Turkish troops from the Thessalian frontier.

A Mission to King George. Constantinople, April 2.—It is reported that Karatheodori Pasha, who was mentioned some six weeks ago as likely to be appointed governor of Crete, is going to Athens on a special mission to King George of Greece.

THE JAPS IN HAWAII.

Immigration Troubles Continue—Reported Request For a Warship.

San Francisco, April 2.-Advices from Honolulu received by the steamer City of Rio de Janeiro say that the trouble over Japanese immigration continues. The Japanese consul has advised the steamship companies to return under protest the 400 immigrants said to have been imported improperly. It is said that the consul has entered a protest with the Hawaiian government concerning its action in ordering the deportation of the immigrants and has asked his government to send a warship to Honolulu.

A Japanese mob on the island of Mauri recently murdered an interpre-ter. Four of the ringleaders were arrested, and their release was attempted by a mob of 400 Japanese. The attempt was frustrated, but caused considerable excitement.

Lord Hamilton's Firm Stand.

London, April 2. - The secretary of state for India, Lord George Hamilton, in a dispatch to the Indian government, declares there must be no registration, icensing or compulsory examination of women, as a result of the prevalence of sickness among the troops in India, a state of affairs which has aroused considerable agitation in the public press.

Employment For Extra Hands.

Southington, Conn., April 2.-The mammoth Connecticut factories of the Peck, Stow and Wilson company, man-ufacturers of machines, tools, etc., are now running on their usual time, but with increased working forces. recent shut down, which was for the purpose of usual repairs, was merely temporary.

Butler's Prison Aboard Ship.

San Francisco, April 2.-A first class stateroom in the cabin of the steamer Mariposa has been turned into a prison cell, and in it Murderer Butler will be taken to the scenes of his crimes in Australia. A room on the starboard side of the vessel and about midships has been reserved for his accommoda-

Rivera Will Be Shot.

Havana, April 2.—It was said here today that General Rivera's fate has been decided on and that the empty formality of a drumhead court martial will be followed by his hasty execution General Weyler believes that such a course will work terror to the other Cuban leaders.

Entries For Trotting Meet. Saratoga, April 2.-The Northern New York Horse Breeders' association, which will hold its grand circuit trotting meeting at Glens Falls in August, has up to today received over 400 entries from Colorado, Georgia, Canada, Illinois, Ohio, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and

The Sunday Barber Law.

Albany, April 2.- In the senate Senator Wieman's bill allowing barbering on Sundays in the Greater New York territory, Saratoga Springs and Niagara Falls was received from the assembly, and the amendments of that body were concurred in, and the bill was then

The Joint Traffic Association.

Washington, April 2.-In the United States supreme court today Solicitor General Conrad, acting for the government, entered a motion to advance on the docket the suit against the Joint Traffic association, comprising the principal trunk lines of the country.

International Postal Congress.

Berlin, April 2.-Dr. von Stephan, the secretary of state for the imperial pos-tal department; Herr Fritsch, departmental chief of posts, and Privy Coun cilor Neumann will represent Germany at the international postal congress in Washington.

J. H. Lord Still Missing.

Hamburg, Conn., April 2.-The present whereabouts of ex-Town Treasurer. ex-Postmaster and ex-Bank Director Judah H. Lord, who left town some weeks ago, is still a secret. Mrs. Lord has been unable to get word from her

The Largest Coal Tow.

Cincinnati, April 2.- The towboat Raymond Horner passed down with the largest tow of coal ever floated on the Ohio, perhaps the largest on any river It contained 60 barges loaded with 600,-000 bushels of coal, or 21,600 tons.

The Anticartoon Bill.

Albany, April 2. - The anticartoon bill was progressed to a third reading in the senate after a lengthy debate, and after an unsuccessful attempt to amend it so as not to have it apply to political cartoons.

Hammerstein's Latest Purchase. London, April 2.-Occar Hammerstein of New York purchased the American rights to "La Poupee," the suc-

cessful play of the Prince of Wales' the-

CURA SOAP, a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures, when all else fails.

FALLING HAIR Pimply Faces, Baby Blemishes, Cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

ALL SIZES POULTRY -- WIRE.

Cut or by the Roll.

- Prices Right. -

Pure Ready Mixed Paints, While Lead, Oils, Turpentine, Benzi Putty, Glass, Kalsomine, Whiting.

FINE LINE OF PAINT and WHITEWASH BRUSHES

H. Williams, 17 MAIN STREET.

5 RAILROAD PLACE AND XXXX WASHINGTON ST. BRIDGE XXX

A few of Our Bargains for This Week:

Leg I amb,	12
Buck & had,	8
Roe ! had,	10
Roun 1 Stak,	12
Sirloin Steak.	15
Try our 8c Rib Roast.	

HIS IS NOT ALL, a visit to either of our Markets will con ince you that we know what people want and our prices are always RIGHT.

FRESH FISH OF ALL KINDS.

Paul Schultze, Jr

Fairfield County National Bank

41 Wall St., Norwalk, Conn.

NCORPORATED, 1824. Capital, 200,000. EDWIN O. KEELIR President. DAVID. H. MILLER, Vice-President, L. C. GREEN, Cashier

MOSSES H. GLOVER, EDWIN O. KEFLER, A. J. MEEKER, DAVID H. MILLER, F. St. John Lockwood, Theodore E. Smith, CHAS. F. TRISTRAM.

Accounts of Manufacturers, Merchants and Individuals solicited.

Safe Deposit Bo xes f ee to Depositors.

CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK 26 WALL ST., NORWALK.

CORPORATED SEPT. 1, 1876. CAPITAL, - - - \$100,000 GEORGE M. HOLMES, President.

E. L. Boyer, Vice-President WILLIAM A. CURTIS, Cashier

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Ulscount Day, Saturday.

Mrs. MEAD'S

At Hillside

NOW OPEN

APPLICATIONS

For admission short made at Hillside.

MEEKER COAL CO.

COAL, WOOD, BRICK,

LIME, CEMENT, TILE PIPE. OFFICE WITH G. WARDSELLECK ROOM 1, GAZETTE

WALL STREET. NORWALK.

BOSTON STORE Our New Tailor Made Suits an Art.

New York Office, 442 Broadway.

A DRESS GOODS SALE

All our New Dress Goods bought for the Season are here. There is a great profusion of unique styles. Unique in the sense that they cannot be found in other Stores and the prices are unique too THE LOWEST IN THE WHOLE STATE.

-Our Motto has always been-

BETTER GOODS FOR EQUAL MONEY, EQUAL GOODS FOR LESS MONEY.

4 pi ces 69c Black and Navy Blue Heavy Serge, 50c.

" \$1.00 Black Henrietta, 75c.

29c All Wool 40 inch Suiting, 19c.

" 75c Black Henrietta, 50c.

" \$1.00 all Wool 54 inch Coverts 75c.

" \$1.00 Etamine all new colors, 75c.

30 New Imported Dr ss Patterns all silk and wool \$1.00 per yard.

IN THE SUIT ROOM.

Our displayof Spring Garments is pleasing the Ladies of the County. Our Suits are works of the Tailor's Ar'





Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits with Eton Jacket, \$7.50. All Wool Checked Suits with fly front Jacket, \$7.50. Fine Covert Cloth Suits, fly front and Eton Jackets, \$10.00. Combination Suits of plain cloth Jackets and Checked Skirts, \$10. and \$13.50. Etamines, Serges, Ladies Cloths and Covert Suits, from \$7.50 to \$25.00.

SEPARATE SKIRTS.

Black Mohair, 98c. Black and white checks, \$1.25. Figured Mohairs, \$2.75. Black Silicians, \$2.75 to \$4.75. Fancy Novelty Skirts, \$3.75. Black Silk Grenadines, \$10.00.

JACKETS AND CAPES.

Fine Covert Jackets, \$9.75. Fine Broadcloth "\$13 50. Clay Diagonal "\$5.50 and \$7.50. Tan Melton " \$10.00 and \$12.00. Plain and Mixed " \$3.98 to \$6.75. Capes, \$2.98 to \$12.00.

SILK WAISTS.

Black Silk Shirt Waists, \$3 98. Fancy and Changeable Silk Waists, \$3.98 to \$6.75.

SHIRT WAISTS

Our new Spring line of Shirt Waists are now opened from 50c to \$2.98.

LINENS.

69c Scotch Half Bleached Damask, 50c 69c Irish full Bleached 42c Half Bleached \$1.00 Full B'eached \$1 69 Full Bleached Double " \$1.25.

SPRING MATTING.

15c Japanese Matting, 10c. 25c 19c. 39c 25c.

FORTIERES.

\$2.75 Chenille Portieres, all colors, Double dido, \$1.98. \$2.98. \$3.50 Tapestry \$4 50 Chenille . "

LACE CURTAINS.

Nottinghams 2½ yards, 49c. "75c, 98c, \$1.25 to \$3.75. Irish Point, \$3.50 to \$10.00 per pair.

BOSTON STORE,

CORNER MAIN AND WALL STREETS, NORWALK, CT.

INSURE YOUR

LATE GLASS

Mutual Plate Glass Insurance Company

OF CONNECTICUT,

At HALF THE RATE charged by other stock companies

BXINGTON.

Paul

NORWALK

HIS BODY FOUND.

Charles N. Lyncb, a hatter employed by the Volk Hat Company of South Norwalk, and residing with his wife at No. 7 North avenue, this city, was drowned in the Union Manufacturing | sons survive him. Company's mill pond at about a quarter to 7 o'clock Saturday night, and his body was not recovered until 10:45 o'clock Sunday morning.

Lynch was at work Saturday morning and received his pay, some \$15 at neon and left the factory but did not go home.

It now appears that he met William Gormley and together they went to an onthouse at the edge of the Union Manufacturing company's mill pond. Here they were joined by John Feeney, James Cook, William Campbell and Thomas Gorman and spent the afternoon drinking eider, which is said to have been purchased on Franklin ave-

The gang was sitting in the outhouse drinking when they heard a splash and Feeney rushed out saying "Charley is overboard." The others followed quickly, and saw mm in the water. They called to him but he continued to swim out towards the middle of the pond.

The gang endeavored to find a boat but could not find one. They fished his hat out of the water and then crossed over to the Amphitheatre, and searched the shore to see if any trace of Lynch could be found.

Failing to get track of him they went to his home on North avenue, and inquired of his wife if he had returned. Being given a negative answer they told her that he was drowned. They then came down to the Bridge and gave his hat to Captain, Dann and reported the facts to him.

A boat belonging to Joseph Barnes was taken to the pond on a wagon and a search made for the body until 2 o'clock Sunday morning without recovering it.

The search was resumed at 9:30 Sunday morning by Joseph Barnes, George Birnes and Harry Brown, and at 10:45 George Barnes, who had the tongs, called out "I've got him."

The body was towed ashore and Medical Examiner Burke summoned, who had it removed to D. W. Raymond's morgue at South Norwalk, and then

notified the coroner. Coroner Doten came to Norwalk this morning and examined Feeney, Cook and Gormley,; and they related substantially the story as given above, each stating that they could not explain

Lynch, who was about thirty years of age, is said to have beld an insurance policy as well as being a member of the Hat maker's union.

how he got overboard.

His remains were brought to this city this morning and taken to his late home, from where the funeral will be

held to-morrow afternoon. FAST DAY PROCLAMATION.

Cov. Cooke Issues His Recommendation to the People.

Gov. Cooke issued his Fast Day proclamation yesterday as follows:

State of Connecticut. By His Excellency, Lcrrin A. Cooke, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

In harmony with the custom and laws of this state and the practice of a God fearing ancestry who sought the favor and help of the Lord, I hereby designate and appoint Friday, the sixteenth day of April next, as a day of fasting and prayer and I recommend that the day be appropriately observed in the homes and places of worship in this state and that confession with devout petition be affered to Almighty God that He will continue His mercies to our Nation and commonwealth.

Given under my hand and seal of the state this twenty-ninth day of March, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety seven, and of the independence of the United States theone hundreth and twenty-first.

LORRIN A. COOKE. By His Excellency's commande, CHARLES PHELPS,

Secretary of the State.

MINISTER PAYS A FINE.

Settles for Failure to Make Marriage License Return.

Rev. W. G. Fennell, pastor of the First Baptist Church of Merider, has responded to the letters sent out by County Health Officer Hoadley of New Haven and has paid a fine of \$10.

Rev. Fennell was one of the ministers who violated the statutes relative to returning marriage licenses to the Registrar. When he found that he had violated the law, he at once followed the suggestion contained in the Health officer's letter, and settled his case.

There are five other ministers yet to be heard from and ten doctors.

The charges against the physicians are more serious, as the offenses concern report of deaths and births.

It is believed all will settle their cases by the payment of the fines as suggested by the County Health Officer.

-Live Merchants keep their names before the Public. An Advertisement in THE GAZETTE will be read.

OBITUARY.

William Buckingham Eliphalet Lockwood. William B. E. Lockwood, a well known resident of Norwalk, died at his home, No. 23 North avenue, last Tuesday, in the 75th year of his age. Three

This Norwelk son, a representative of one of this ancient town's most bonored households and who in an exceptionally just sense of the expression was to the manor born, was last night gathered to his fathers. Probably no man of this century more resembled, in admirable appearance and manner, the elegant Col. Stephen St. John of Norwalk Colonial days, than did this same gallant Colonel's grand nephew who has just fallen on sleep.

Wm. B. E. Lockwood was the oldest son of Col. Buckingham St. John and Polly Esther Lockwood. He was a direct descendant, in the eighth generation, of the immortal Thomas Hooker, "one of the chief fathers if not the chief" of New England, and probably the greatest pulpit orator of ancient Anglican-American days. He was also, through his Beldeu grandmother of straight lineage-sixth generationfrom "Mr. William Haynes" and Elizabeth his wife, of Havner' Ridge, now Owenoke avenue, New Canasn. Ludlow's Norwalk settlement may be challenged to exhibit more distinguished stock than that from which himself and the now two only surviving embers of the family of Col. Buckingham St. John Lockwood, sprang. He married into the old Mannice family and established his home on the superb Lockwood site at the head of the "Federal Hollow" of times agone. Here he has preserved the excellent estate style of his predecessors and lived in the enjoyment of affluent ease. His tastes were elevated, his sympathieis loyal, and his whole tone that of the thorough gentleman of the passing generation. In his departure his native town parts with one who has proven a true son and whose name has been prominent upon its worthful citizens' roll.

DEATH OF MR. DUNNING.

Rev. Homer N. Dunning Dies at His Home In South Norwalk.

Rev. Homer N. Danning died at his home on West street, Fouth Norwalk, Saturday. There is scarcely a resident of Norwalk but that knew him. He was a native of Brookfield, and graduated from Yale college in 1848, and from the Union Theological seminary in 1852. He was pastor of the First Congregational church at Gloversville, N. X., for 13 years and from 1866 to 1883 the Congregational church of South Norwalk was his charge. Mr. Dunning was highly esteemed in educational circles for his rere scholarly attainments. Always a profound student of the German, Latin, Greek and Hebrew writers, he has made a large number of translations, among them being translations of Sophocles and Euripides. One of his latest works was the putting into English of the Nibelungen Lied. He was also the author of a poetical paraphrase of the book of Job and of valuable papers on the lives of Greek poets.

The most remarkable feature of his pastorate in South Norwalk, was what many will remember as the "Great Revival of '76," Phenomenal spirit was displayed as a result of the week of prayer and in May of that year 106 persons united with the cturch. The deceased was about 7) years of age.

Mrs. John Fahey.

Mrs. John Fahey died at her home on Eim street Tuesday afternoon aged 77 years. She was the mother of the Right Rev. Michael Tierney, Bishop of the diocese of Hartford. Other children are Patrick Tierney, of Hartford Jeremiab, of Greenwich, Thomas, of Norwalk, Katherine, of Hartford, and Mrs. Margaret Bailer, of Denver, Colorado. Tue funeral will be attended from St. Mary's church at 9 o'clock, tomorrow morning.

Savings Bank in Trouble.

Judge Hall, at Hartford yesterday afternoop, issued an order restraining the officers of the Colchester Savings Bank from paying any deposi's to depositors or from paying dividends for a year. The injunction was granted on a petition by the state bank commissioners to prevent a run on the bank. The commissioners question the sol-

Squire Sweezy Dead.

vency of the bank.

Highland Falls, N. Y., March 31 .-Squire Daniel Sweezy, aged 84, died suddenly of heart disease today. He had resided here for over 60 years and was a member of the first board of town auditors and a justice of the peace for several years.

Father Bogacki Resigns.

Bay City, Mich., March 31.-Father Anthony Bogacki, the hero of the Polish riot in the warring churches, who was accused of shooting one of the rioters, has resigned. Bishop Richter did not request him to take the action.

Hanging In His Barn.

Watertown, N. Y., March 31.-Samuel Warren, a farmer aged 65, was found hanging in his barn at Glen Park this morning. It was a case of suicide. His wife discovered his body. He was temporarily insane.

WILTON.

Orders for Advertising, Papers and Printing Will Receive Prompt Attention by Addressing Box 104. Wilton.

Mrs. Edwin Hurd has been spending the week in Bridgeport.

Miss Florence Keeler, of North Wil-

ton, is visiting friends out of town. The students of Mr. Olmstead's Acad-

emv, are erjoying a few weeks vacation. Mrs. Ellen Nolau's fowls make a record this week, of eighty eggs per day. Daniel Davenport, of Bridgeport, has been stopping in town during the week. The Reading Circle will meet with

Miss Alice Olmstead, to-morrow afterfamily, of Bridgeport, spent Sunday in

town. Olmstead & Gantley bave taken a contract to paint the house of Conrad

Augustus Winkler's garden leads off as usual with peas and onions under

Miss Annie Canfield has returned from a protracted visit with friends in Danbury. Mr. Milliner, of Belden Hill, is mak-

ing improvements and additions on his out buildings. Flower Middlebrook, of North Wilton, has lately purchased a handsome

yoke of oxen. Miss Maud Whipple, of South Wilton, has been enrolled at the Over River

school, at Norwalk. "Ed" Burr has left Wilton for Ridgefield where he has obtained employment

with Mr. Keeler. Mrs. O. M. Dewing, of King's Park, L. I., made a flying visit to town on

Thursday night. Mr. Hale, of Bridgeport, has taken possession of the house lately vacated

by Elbert Ruscoe. Mrs. Percy Ackerman, who has been visiting friends in Danbury for several

days, has returned home. A cottage prayer meeting was held at the home of Deacon Gilbert, of Belden Hill last evening.

Rev. Mr. Hooker held Lenten services at the house of W. L. Keeler, of Bald Hill, last evening.

Julian Gregory, of Orange, was in town yesterday. He will open his handsome residence next month. .

A photograph of Samuel Fancher and

his dog are among the latest acquisitions to R. H. Fitch's collection of Miss Mary Miller has joined the list

of our amateur photographers, having lately purchased a handsome camera of L. H. Fitch. David Jenks has been pressing the

hav from Mr. Hoffman's barn with his power press, turning out some fine looking bales. Miss Katherine Sturges, an aged and prominent resident of Wilton, lies criti-

is entertained for her recovery. Miss Winifrede White, of Wheatons, Miss Harriet Comstock, of Vassar, and Miss Cora Middlebrook, of Moody's

cally ill of Pneumonia. But little hope

schoo', are home for the Spring holi-The latest reports of the condition of Miss Katherine Sturges who is critically ill with pneumonia are most unfavorable. A trained nurse from New Haven, is it-

Gorham, Gregory, and Bohannan. The trustees of the estate of William

A. Olmstead, of Wiltor, whom the probate records describe as "a missing person," will exhibit his account for adjustment, to the probate court, on Wednesdar, April 7th. Olmstead, it will be remembered, disappeared from Wilton some years ago, and it was reconly, but falsely, reported that he had returned. Friends believe that he went to New York to employ farm helr. exhibited money, and was murdered and robbed.

The N. Y. Sun lately made the statement that very few of the daughters of Revolutionary soldiers, were now living, and giving these exceptions as residents of New York state. If reporters for that paper will visit Welton, we can show them a veritable daughter of the Revolution, in the person of Mrs. Charlotte Raymond, of Belden Hill, who lately celebrated her 78th Mr. and Mrs. William Foote and birthday. Mrs. Raymond's father fought and gained an honorable record, in the year 1776, and his daughter has valuable relics of that period.

NEW YORK'S CAPITAL.

Governor Black Determined to Finish It During His Term of Office.

Albany, March 31.-Governor Black has decided that the capitol must be completed before the expiration of his term. In order to determine how much money will be necessary to complete the building, or at least carry on the work until April, 1898, a conference will be held within a few days between the governor. Superintendent Aldridge, Capitol Commissioner Perry, Senator Ellsworth and Assemblyman Nixon. It is probable that the introduction of an appropriation bill will be the outcome of this conference.

The work to be executed by the present contractors was awarded for \$1,356,-388, of which \$500,000 was appropriated last year, leaving \$856,388.60 to be appropriated in the near future for the completion of the work. The total estimated amount necessary to be appro priated for the completion of the building will be \$1.043,342.83.

Nominated by Governor Black.

Albany, March 31.-Governor Black sent to the senate today the nominations of ex-Lieutenant Governor Charles T. Saxton of Wayne county and John Parkhurst of Steuben county as judges of the state court of claims. The first named succeeds Judge Hugh Reilly of this city, and the latter Judge Wilbur F. Porter, who was the Democratic candidate for governor last fall.

RIOTING IN HAWAII.

Japanese Laborers Are Making Serious Trouble on the Island.

San Francisco, March 31. - The schooner Robert Lewers has arrived from Honolulu, bringing news of a serious uprising of Japanese laborers on

For some time the Japanese on Hilo and other islands have evinced a disposition to defy the law. The trouble culminated with a riot on the Spreckelsville plantation near Wailulu and the brutal murder of the Japanese interpreter. Several arrests were made, whereupon the Japanese, 300 strong, prepared to visit Wailulu jail and demand the rescue of their countrymen.

The citizens' guards were ordered out. and a number of volunteers went to the assistance of the militia. Citizens sent their women and children out of the place, and preparation was made to give the rioters a warm reception. The Japanese heard of the plan to fight them and merely made a formal demand for the release of the prisoners.

Tried to Burn Altoona.

Altoona, Pa., March 31.-An attempt was made late last night and early this morning to destroy Altoona, four incendiary fires being kindled in different parts of the city between the hours of 11 and 1:30 o'clock. Prompt work by the fire department alone saved the town from possible destruction. The entire loss, however, will aggregate between \$50,000 and \$60,000. There is scarcely a doubt but that the fires were of incendiary origin, as they originated attendance, the physicians are Doctors, in places where the matter was of the most inflammable character and in widely different sections of the city.



EVERY member of **EVERY** family on EVERY farm, in EVERY village, r **EVERY State or Territory.**

> FOR Education, FOR Noble Manhood, FOR True Womanhood.

IT GIVES all Important news of the Nation. IT CIVES all important news of the World. IT GIVES the most reliable market reports.

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IT CIVES entertainment to young and old. IT GIVES satisfaction everywhere to everyboy.

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TEXAS STORM SWEPT.

The Whole State Scmiwrecked by Rain and Violent Winds. Dallas, March 30.-Texas is in a state of semiwreck from a violent rain and

wind s orm that almost reached the

proportions of a tornado. The rain was general over nearly the whole state, while the wind seems to have done its worst in the south and central sections. Austin and Calvert suffered most, three fatalities resulting at the latter place. Rain poured down all day, the average fall being one and one-half inches and as much as three inches in some places.

All trains south of Dallas were abandoned on account of washouts. Santa Fe was the worst sufferer, there being nearly a half dozen breaks on the line between Dallas and Tople. The Missouri, Kansas and Texas abandoned all north and south bound trains on the Dallas division, the track being washed out near Waxahachie and Itasca. On the line between Hillsboro and Fort Worth a washout is reported at Alyarado. The Houston and Texas Central reports a bridge gone on the Fort Worth division and several small washouts. The track is obstructed by fallen telegraph poles and debris around Calvert. The Texas Central is washed out in several places between Waco and Cisco. The Texas Midland bulletined all trains between Greenville and Ennis "indefinitely late." Texas and Pacific train from the west was six hours late. Every river and stream in north Texas is reported as

being out of its banks. The overflow from a creek at Denton inundated part of the town to a depth of 18 feet. At Fort Worth the Trinity is rising several feet an hour, and at Dallas the rise is 30 feet.

Telegraphic communication with the southern part of the state is complete-Galveston and Houston could not be reached at all last night. Hearne was the fartnest point reached Estimates of the amount of damage are impossible. It will be several days before details can be received from the great stretch of country included in the reach of the storm. Calvert alone the loss is more than \$100,000, At Austin it will reach the same figure. Railroads are damaged at least \$100,000.

Minnesota Rivers Rising.

St. Paul, March 30.-The rivers of Minnesota are rising very rapidly, following a day of heavy thawing. The Mississippi at this point has passed the 10 foot mark and is still rising steadily. Water is flowing in from Minnesota in a torrent. A telephone message from South Park, five miles south, says a gorge of ice 20 feet high has formed As the prediction is for warmer weather it is believed the gorge will break without doing any serious damage. The water now is running through the Bohemian flats, and the residents of that locality are moving out. The basements of many concerns on the west side are full of water. Much higher water in the Mississippi is reported at Little Falls, St. Cloud and Grand Rapids. There is still about a foot of snow on the ground.

Arrested For Defrauding a Hotel.

Syracuse, March 30 .- Sydney Mayer, 20 years old, who claims to be the son of Ludwig Mayer, a prominent liquor dealer of Oil City, Pa., was arrested here today, charged with defrauding a hotel. He came to Syracuse ten days ago and during that time has stopped at all of the leading hotels of the city. He had but little baggage and no move ey and when asked to pay his bills would invariably offer sight drafts varying in amount from \$20 to \$60. The drafts were drawn on Ludwig Mayer & Co., Oii City, Pa.

A New Professor at Harvard.

Boston, March 30 .- Professor Munsterberg, who left Cambridge in 1895, has accepted a profssorship in psychology at Harvard. In 1892 he came to Cambridge to take charge of the psychological laboratory for a term of three years. At the end of this time he returned to Freiberg, where he has since been writing on ethics. Professor Munsterberg is perhaps the leading experimental psychologist in Germany.

The Parker Case.

Albany, March 30.-Governor Black has read over the findings of Mayor Strong, removing from office Police Commissioner Parker of New York city. He has, however, given the matter no further consideration. According to his private secretary, Colonel Griffith, no date has yet been set for the hearing requested by General Benjamin F. Tracy, counsel for Commissioner Parker.

Getting the Iowa Ready.

Philadelphia, March 30.—The big bat-tleship Iowa has sailed from Cramp's shipyard for Brooklyn. She was saluted by craft of every kind as she slowly floated down the Delaware river. At Brooklyn she will go into drydock to have her bottom scraped and painted. At 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon the big vessel will sail for Boston, where. on Wednesday, the official trial will take

Philadelphia Liquor Licenses.

Philadelphia, March 30.-The liquor license court of this city has given notice that during the year beginning with June 1 no new liquor licenses will be granted. The number of licenses issued ' gage. already for next year is 1,655. The license fee is \$1,000. Besides the refusal to grant new licenses, the renewal of many old ones, it is said, will be re-

An Old Conductor Injured.

Middletown, N. Y., March 30.-Michael Connelly, one of the oldest conductors on the Erie road, was seriously injured last night at Goshen. He slipped as the train was passing and his head fell beside the wheels and at each attempt to raise it the boxing on the passing wheels struck it. His skull was fractured and his recovery is doubt-

Wales' Yacht Grounded.

Nice. March 30.-Bri'annia and Ailsa. the former with the Prince of Wales on board, started on a special race today for a gold medal and a prize of \$1,000 Britannia grounded, and the race was stopped. She was floated later without having sustained any damage.

A Convict Escapes.

Dedham, Mass., March 30.-Joseph Olan, a Swede, under sentence of one year for larceny at Quincy, has escaped from the house of correction here.

MISER BELL'S BODY.

The Missing Peekskill Hermit Found In the Hudson River.

Peekskill, N. Y., March 31.-The body of an old man was found floating in the Hudson river yesterday afternoon near W. R. Osborn's boatyard. It was secured and brought ashore. Coroner Charles S. Apgar was notified. Over \$150 was found in the dead man's pockets, with papers which indicated that the body was that of a miser and hermit, Asahel Bell, who is famed through the Hud on river valley. Bell's brothers were notified, and this morning two of them went to Croft's undertaking establishment and identified the bear of their brother. Bell had been m. ling since Nov. 14 last, just after Lewis Beil, a brother, had been appointed by the supreme court, after a legal contest, to look after the miser's person and property.

It is supposed that Bell while wandering along the riverside, as was his custom, fell in. The body had been in the water for some time. The theory is also advanced that he committed sui-

Lewis Bell said this morning that there was probably \$20,000 of the old man's money in his possession and that the old man had been mulcted out of over \$20,000 more in the past few year He was 82 years old.

Last fall he was declared incom; tent to manage his own affairs after two trials, the first jury disagreeing. In personal appearance Bell was unshaven and unkempt. 'He ate refuse meat, begged from butchers and slept in a hole in the rocks dignified by the name of a "cave," and in a deserted house that was once the country residence of a New York man who, in a moment of necessity, let himself into Bell's grasp by borrowing money. Bell made his money simply by accumulation and interest from investments. There is a story that his strange life was due to his having been disappoint-

New Jersey Forest Fire.

Egg Harbor City, N. J., March 31 .-The forest fire which started yesterday afternoon in the cedar wood in Clark's Landing swamp, seven miles from here, has destroyed much valuable cedar growth. It burned all night. Another fire is burning south, in the direction of McKee City. No buildings are in dan-Fires also burned all night west ger. of Millville and in the vicinity of Bridgeton. While the fives have covered hundreds of acres, no damage has yet been done to farmhouses in the path of the fires.

A Knife Through His Body.

Lawrenceburg, Ind., March 31 .- Joseph Enyske was stabbed to death last night by Stephen Royce, a huge butcher knife being thrust through his body from the back until the point protruded through his breast bone. Royce was arrested and hurried away to jail to avoid possible violence at the hands of Enyske's friends. Both men had been dissipating and had quarreled.

Two Men Drowned.

Whitehall, N. Y., March 31.-John O. Sullivan, agent for the Delaware and Hudson Canal company at Comstock, N. Y., and William Huyck, storekeeper, were drowned in Wood creek last night, near Wooden Lock. The men were on their way home in a carriage, and it is supposed that the team became unmanageable and ran into the creek.

Killed by a Freight Train.

Bordentown, N. J., March 31.-The body of an unknown man was found at an early hour this morning on the tracks of the Amboy division of the Pennsylvania railroad at East Burlington. There was a card in the clothing on which was the name Peter Cannon. He had evidently been killed by a freight train during the night.

A Lite Prisoner Released.

Auburn,, N. Y., March 30 .- Theodore Benjamin of Greig, Lewis county, who was serving a life sentence for murder in the second degree in Auburn prison, was released from the prison today on a special commutation granted by Governor Morton, Dec. 28, 1896. The sentence was cut down by the governor to 16 years and 6 months, subject to commutation, and the time expired today. The commutation provides that Benjamin abstain wholly from the use

of intoxicants or he forfeits his liberty.

Who Owns the Bird? New York, March 30 .- A carrier pigeon in a very exhausted condition was picked up yesterday afternoon at Spermaceti Cove Life Saving station and is held there by Captain Jack. On its left leg is a brass band having the letters "H. W. 3" on it. No messages or letters were found on the pigeon.

The Astors at Caracas. Caracas, Venezuela, March 31.—John Jacob Astor, Mrs. Astor and a party of friends have arrived in this city on the yacht Nourmahal, which now lies in the harbor of La Guayra, the seaport of this capital. The Astor party was received by General Crespo, president of Venezuela.

Mrs. Belmont's House Sold.

New York, March 31.-Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont has transferred to Sydney J. Smith her property at Seventy-second street and Madison avenue. Smith in turn has deeded the property to the wife of W. Bayard Cutting for \$275,000, Mrs. Cutting assuming a \$150,000 mort-

Not a Candidate For Re-election. Sayannah, March 31. - Colonel John

A. Henderson, vice president of the Florida Central and Peninsular rail-way, and United States senator by appointment from Governor Bloxham of Florida, is in Savannah today. He says most decidedly that he is not a candidate for re-election as senator.

Want a New City Hall. Atlantic City, March 31.-At a meet-

ing of the common council it was decided to purchase the old opera house lot, on Atlantic avenue, if it can be secured for \$21,500, and erect the new city hall upon it. An ordinance was passed prohibiting bicycle riding on the board

Unknown Man Killed.

New York, March 31.-An unknown man, supposed to be an Italian laborer, was cut to pieces by a Hudson River railroad engine at One Hundred and Fifth street, near the North river, early this morning.

Gladstone's Return.

Cannes, March 31. - Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone started today on their return journey to England.

THE MIRROR OF LIFE.

Do you wish for kindness? Be kind. What you give or yours If, you find Your world is a reflex of you.

For life is a mirror. You smile, And a smile is your sure return. Bear hate in your heart and crewhile
All your world with hatred will burn.

Set love against love. Every deed Shall armed as a fate recoil
You shall gather your fruit from the seed That you cast yourself in the soil.

Each act is a separate link in the chain of your weal or your woc; *Cups you offer a other to drink,
The taste of their dregs you shall know.

THE EDITOR'S WIFE

Great was the consternation when the rumor was circulated through the office that Harding was to be married -"actually married to a woman," as Edkins remarked, in a voice of mingled pity and contempt, as he imparted the

news to Judkins, the night editor. Every one was disgusted, for wasn't Harding the exclusive property of the Advocate's men?

And to share him with any woman was beyond all question.

"Fun's all up," dolefully remarked Judkins, as he buried his hands deep in his pockets, and blessed his stars for his own unattached condition.

"Just imagine Harding's rooms with woman in 'em," in a voice of utter exatempt. "No more midnight gathertags there, my boy; no Welsh rarebit, the cards, with a seasoning of smoketh, hang it, no nothing. Tidies, and ribbon, and bric-a-brac, and goodness knows what, wherever you step. Just a little call, and 'Good evening, Mrs. Harding; no, can't stop, have an assignment,' and off, leaving Harding trying to look happy, with a silk scarf twisted round his neck, and his feet plumb up against some other work of art. Hang it, what is the man thinking of?" and Judkins started up as if he would go to the protection of his misgnided fellow editor.

But that same misguided young man seemed in no apparent need of protec-Sion, for he laughed and joked with The boys in his old-time manner, and when Judkins's dismal prognostications were related to him his amusement knew no bounds. Then and there he invited them to just come up and see, when he was married, for "I'll warrant you," he said, "that Mrs. H. will prove a strong rival to my box of Arcadian mixture, to which Edkins is so attached, and every blessed one of you will wish you were in my shoes before the first evening is over, for"and here Harding, for the first time in the history of the office, descended to the trite and commonplace-"she isn't like other girls, you know-she-"

But here an explosion of pent-up wrath burst from the group, and Harding was suddenly ejected from the office, and as he stared blankly at the closed doors, behind which came most undignified sounds, he was heard to murmur:

"I wonder what I said," which goes to prove that even a callous editor is sometimes human.

But this was all a year ago. Now Harding was safely married. The boys were sure of that. As a proof of their devotion they had suffered themselves to appear in evening dress at the wedding; had been properly presented to the bride as "the boys, you know," and after paying due attention to the pretty bridesmaids, they had retired to the office, and there held secret conclave over glasses and pipes, and there early morning had found them, still wonder-Eng how any sane man could be so insane as Harding had been.

Now things were different. "She Isn't like other women," Judkins had reluctantly admitted after their first call.

"She really isn't, you know; and 1 guess, after all, it won't be so bad. She's almost one of us, you know, only somehow better and sweeter, and all that, and I shouldn't wonder if we'd better ease up a little on Harding."

And so, to quote Judkins, she was "almost one of them."

Harding's rooms had never seemed so hospitable as now, his big chairs never so tempting, and nights when the boys couldn't drop in for a moment's chat, at least, were off nights with them.

"I tell you it braces a fellow up," Edkins explained, in apology, the second time Judkins found him there.

"She's so awfully interested in all Elect we do, you know, and gives a fel-Low lots of tips. She ought to be on the paper herself, and I told her so, but, bless you, she blushed, and asked If I didn't think that she was better adapted to making chocolate, and handed me a cup, just as I like it, and as no one else on earth can make it but

"That finished you, old boy, of course," and Judkins laughed.

"But, honestly, you're right. Harding has improved wonderfully, and your pet column has gone up 50 per cent., and the society stuff isn't half as tame.

-We're almost up to the Vindicator now, and if it wasn't for the confoundsed scoops they get on us we'd lead the town; but I say, Ed"- and here Judkins paused and glanced down the street, as if he feared the approach of some one-"it seems kind of mean to it, but did you ever think that Harding isn't just square with his wafe, but makes deals with that woman on the Vindicator staff?

"No, I'm not crazy," as his companstopped short and faced him;

"I've been looking this thing up, and 罐 社 wasn't for Mrs. H. I'd give the newn the biggest sensation in years.

"It would mean discharge to Hardand promotion to me, and, hang it, it isn't a temptation. But there is

that wife of his; somehow"-and spoke slowly-"somehow I don't lil to hurt her.

"Oh! yes, I've got facts," as Edkir started to interrupt him.

"Mat upset the waste basket on m desk one morning, and didn't pick a the scraps up, and there on my des was a letter signed 'Daisy.' Though I'd have a chance to guy some of yo fellows, so I read it.

"Twas from the editorial rooms (the Vindicator, and was addressed t Harding, and said, 'Meet me at 1 i the park. I must see you. Daisy.'

"You could have knocked me flat, but I followed it up by sending a boy to follow Harding. I knew enough not to follow him myself, and he came back with a full account of Harding meeting a veiled lady in the park, and they stood for a long time in a secluded spot talking very eagerly, and Harding held her hand, and, as the boy expressed it, looked 'sweet' at her.

Then I put that with the fact that Harding was the only one who could get an interview with the Vindicator on that Maybee affair, and every one knows that the power behind the throne there is a woman. And it strikes me that we have a pretty plain case. Harding is struck on the girl, and she is playing with him for the benefit of the Vindicator.

"See, my boy?" Edkins drew a deep breath.

"Yes, I see what you say, and if it's true, by jingo, Judkins, we'll thrash Harding, that is all.

"I'm off," and Edkins departed with an abruptness that was unusual, even to that eccentric individual.

The story grew, as it was whispered from man to man, and there was an uneasiness in the little circle that was wont to gather at the Hardings', for all save Harding and his wife were acutely conscious of what the others were thinking. They alone were bright and cheery.

But the plot deepened as young Foster, who had been simply tolerated as a clever young fellow by the older men, became a frequent caller at the Hardings.

"The boy is in love," was the verdict of the older men, "and now we're in a mess, and how are we going to get out of it?"

Affairs were in this condition when one night Judkins and Edkins reached the Hardings' earlier than usual to find Harding very ill at ease, and his wife's face flushed and her eves bright.

There was an awkwardness for a few moments, which even Mrs. Harding, with her quickly recovered composure, was unable to dispel. Suddenly, without the least cere-

mony, the door opened and young Foster walked in. He hardly noticed the men, but

walked straight to where Mrs. Harding sat in her low chair by the teatable, and, kneeling down beside her, he caught her hand in his and raised it to his lips.

The faces of the men wore a puzzled expression, and Judkins burst out, "It's time this thing was cleared up! I'er heaven's sake, Harding, what is it all about?"

"This is what it's all about." young Poster's manly voice rang out, without giving his superior editor a chance to speak.

"It means that you are an old duffer, Judkins, with your clues and your stories, and all that. Harding here is the

only sane man on the paper. "The nice little story you trumped up is all bosh, for here is your Vindicator girl whom Harding is struck on," and he smiled down into the face of Editor

Harding's wife. "Yes, you fellows," he continued, "this is your 'girl' who managed all the scoops, and 'played with Harding'

for the information she got. "She's the smartest newspaper wo-

man in this country, and the best woman in the world. "Do you know what she has done?

"No. of course you don't; you've been to busy ferreting out your mys-

"Well every blessed one of those scoops you thought stolen she worked out for herself, and had it all in copy before you ever dawdled here and gossiped about it.

"And when she might have had the biggest scoop of all, and been known the country over, and had her price for it all, she gave it up, gave up her position on the Vindicator, all because it touched the honor of one of our men. As she told the managing editor, when she absolutely refused to give the names he asked:

"'I have been an editor, but, thank God, before I was that, and, despite of it. I have been a woman also, and I am Editor Harding's wife, and I will not betray the good name of one of his men.' '

The strong voice broke. "It was my father's name," he continued, "and now my father is dead."

There was a silence for a moment. Then it was broken by the sweet voice of Editor Harding's wife. "You take two lumps, I believe, Mr.

Edkins? You see I remember."

"Which goes to show," said Judkins, as they trudged home an hour later. "that really 'she isn't like other women'."

The Comfort of Job.

Porter (refurning in a hurry)-Beg pardon, sir, but I was a-makin' a mistake when I says your train starts from No. 6 platform. I have ascertained that it 'as previously started from No. 5. In hother words, sir, you 'ave lost it.-Pick-Me-Up.

A French Canadian couple, Louis Darwin and his wife, living in St. Paul, recently celebrated the eightieth anniversary of their marriage. The husband is 107 years old and his wife is

101.

TAXING CHURCH PROPERTY. Rev. Madison C. Peters Takes an Unusual Position Against Exemption.

The pastor of the Bloomingdale Re formed Church of New York, Rev. Madison C. Peters argues for the taxation of church property in this wise "The American people would rise up in rebellion against direct taxation for church support, but what is exemption from taxation but an indirect State support of the church, a virtual subsidy for its support, and at the expense of the general public? Taxes have to be paid, and the property that is exempt or rather omitted from the tax roll, is simply spread upon the other property. Everybody's tax goes up at least one-tenth in New York city because of the exemption of church property."

"The churches enjoy no immunity from the operations of the laws of God. They place roofs upon their buildings to keep out the rain, and put up lightning rods to prevent the lightning from striking them. If God does not vary his laws for the benefit of the churches, why should the State be expected to do so?"

"It is argued that many churches are not self-sustaining at present, and that to tax them would render them still less so. Thousands are less able to provide for their children because of the tax collector. Why should the laborer pay taxes upon his humble home and the religious corporation be exempted?"

"The saloon keeper by force of law is compelled to help pay the taxes on my church, in the use of which I denounce his infernal traffic. If the saloon keeper is taxed to support my church, in all fairness he ought to have something to say in its management. "No taxation without representation."

"Churches are undoubtedly a public benefit, but if the doctrine of benefits be furnished as a reason for exemption on behalf of religious corporations, it refutes itself by proving more than the State can admit without bankrupt ing itself, for there are other institutions which are public benefits. It costs the community something to enjoy property, and if the Church paid taxes, it would pay only its honest share to secure its enjoyment of the use of property."

"Taxation of church property is to the interest of American principles, and in harmony with the experience of nations. Taxing one man for the propagation of another man's religion is admittedly unjust, and, moreover, it is a relic of the principle of Church and State alliance inherited from the Old World, and not yet eliminated from our political system."

PEOPLE OF PROMINENCE.

Mrs. John Sherman, wife of the Secretary of State, is an elderly woman, well read and deeply interested in current events. Next year she and Secretary Sherman will be able to celebrate their golden wedding.

Mrs. Miles, the wife of General Miles, and Mrs. Cameron, the wife of Senator Cameron, are two very wellknown and distinguished women in Washington society. They are sisters, and are nieces of Secretary Sherman, their father being Judge Sherman, of Cleveland, Ohio.

Mrs. McKinley is extremely fond of children, and has many loyal little friends and admirers in different parts of the country. The loss of her two little daughters more than twenty vears ago has been a ceaseless grief to both Mrs. McKinley and her husband. Mrs. McKinley's health has never been entirely restored since the affliction came upon her. Her little nieces and nephews are great pets with her, and the White House will still echo with the patter of little feet and the music of childish voices.

Mr. Stratton, the Cripple Creek millionaire, who used to be a day laborer, refuses to go into any money-making schemes on the ground that he wants to keep his income down and not increase it. He doesn't seem yet to have l ained that many so-called moneyn aking schemes urged on millionaires are admirably calculated to reduce incon es to zero.

(e. er; 1 · e" Shelby left a most interestime collection of relics of the Confederacy. One of his prized possessions was a daguerreotype of three boys-Shelby himself, Frank Blair and B. Graiz Brown. It is recalled that Shelby's mother was both rich and generous, and when she sent her son to school in Philadelphia she sent the other boys, who were poor, with him.

THE WAY OF THE WORLD.



Party with Basket (on left)-Ah, that's the way of the world! Yesterday I had chicking in my basket an' he was my willin' slave; to day she's got turkey and cold puddin' in her basket an' he don't reckernise me!-Truth.

SAFE RULES FOR BICYCLING.

Things to Do and to Avoid, as Set Forth by

1. In purchasing a wheel take as much care to have it fit you as you would in obtaining a gown or a suit of clothes.

2. Be sure that when sitting upright you do not have to reach to maintain the ball of the foot on the pedal during an entire revolution.

3. Adjust the handle bars at a level which, when the arms are fully extended, will keep the body in an almost upright position. In riding long distances, the handle bars should be dropped a trifle, so as to increase the leverage by a backward as well as a forward push. 4. Before purchasing a wheel make

an arrangement with the dealer whereby you may be allowed to make trials of different saddles until you find one that is perfectly comfortable, for a properly fitting saddle is the most necessary element in safe and comfortable riding. No one saddle will fit all riders; sometimes many must be tried before the correct model is found. Incline to a saddle that is stiff and modcrately provided with springs, and which is broad and short, rather than long and narrow. A soft saddle, whether of padded leather or inflated rubber, will always chafe when ridden a long distance. The pommel found on the majority of saddles is a very necessary adjunct; it cannot be dispensed with. There must be sufficient cut out at the sides of the saddle so that there will be no interference with the muscles of the interior and posterior aspect of the thigh on the downward stroke. This lack of common concavity to the sides is a common defect in the many so-called anatomical saddles. The most important object to be attained in the adjustment of the saddle is to have the pommel high enough to give the body a slight tendency to slip back-

5. The average woman should never ride a wheel geared higher than 64 inches; the average man higher than 70 inches. Remember that the higher the gear, the greater the power required to move a given distance.

6. After having become accustomed to a bicycle, never take a ride so long that a good night's sleep will not entirely remove all traces of fatigue. Twenty-five to fifty miles a day, according to the surface of the country, should not be exceeded by the average

7. Always walk up a steep hill; it saves your heart.

8. Never ride simply with the idea of arriving at the earliest possible moment at a given destination; ride for the pleasure that is to be gotten from

9. While riding use the same sense in drinking that you would in watering a horse. Also, like a horse, stick closely to water as a beverage. Remember that alcohol stimulates the heart and circulation in much the same way that exercise does, and that if you use it in any form while wheeling the reaction is speedy and longreaching.

10. Never ride on a full stomach; it will interfere with the heart's action and respiration.

A SUGGESTION FROM PARIS.



FASHION GOSSIP.

If a woman would have the latest elegance in silk petticoats, she must avoid the rustling kind and wear dainty, soft brocaded silk skirts, ruffled with silk crepe.

Narrow fancy belts are quite as popular as ever, and the latest novelty is of white leather, with clasps of gold and turquoise. The belt clasps are all more ornate than ever, being studded with rhinestones, imitation jewels and pearls, and fashloned in rococo designs of both enamelled and plain gold.

The new spring coat will have variety in style to recommend it, but the one which is expected to lead is the "Watteau" sacque, with plain straight fronts and a plait in the back, and cut so that it outlines the figure at the side. Other jackets are on the order of the reefer. fit more closely in the back, and are cither single or double-breasted.

CANVAS IN PLACE OF MOHAIR.

Bodices More and More Elaborat - The Blouse Effect Still Reigns

(By Special Arrangement with the N. Y. San. Tailor-built dresses are usually the first to blossom out in the spring, and here is a model in a pale tint of violet cloth. One handsome jeweled buttor fastens the bolero over a full vest of green silk, and dark violet velvet forms the belt. Applique embroidery of irridescent cord on green silk forms the trimming of the skirt and jacket.



worn, there is a moire velour, with a plain skirt lined with pink. The front of the bodice is of embroidered black lisse, and the bolero of black glace silk, covered with black net richly jeweled with turquoise, silver and jet. Pale blue velvet finishes the edge of the revers, being put on in a narrow twist, trims the collar, and lines the bows on the top of the sleeves.



Eglantine harege forms the next costume, which is made with the fashionable accordion-plaited skirt. The voke, enaulets, and sleeves are tucked in groups, finished with small fancy buttons up the back. The epaulets and opening of the bodice up the side are finished with a kilted frill of mauve chiffon, and the belt is of Nile green satin ribbon. Pale blue and petuhia and heliotrope and old rose are new combinations of color this season, which are very effective if the right shades are chosen, and pale green with brown is another popular con-



The bodice is becoming more and more elaborate all the time, and the art of making this tucked and trimmed and shirred combination a distinguished success is quite beyond the commonplace dressmaker. Whether the material is gathered or plaited, it is still good style to have the blouse effect in front, the fullness falling a little over the belt, which may be of any width most becoming to the figure.

Canvas, in all its varying weaves striped, figured, and plain, is decidedly the leading material in wool for all sorts of plain and dressy gowns to be worn in the early spring and all through the summer. They have quite superseded the mohairs, which were so popular last season, and the only kind of mohair which is at all fashionable is a very fine and silky quality.

Health in Flute Playing.

An eminent medical man says that the instrument least detrimental to health of aspiring musicians is the flute. Its practice, he asserts, is not only free from risk, but it may also be indulged in with positive benefit to the health, flute-playing being a caps Herald. tal substitute for walking exercise.

FLASHES OF HUMOR-

Latest Funny Things Evolved by Our Esteemed Contemporales.

He-If we were not in a canoe I would kiss you. She-Take me ashore instantly, sir.

-Pick-Me-Up.

When the average man is satisfied he generally keeps still, reserving his conversational power until he has a grievance.

She-Why does a woman take a man's name when they get married? He-Why does she take everything he's got?-Boston Globe. Miss Gowans-I envy the way you

can talk to Mr. Caustique; he never

Miss Gotham-No; I make them too

sits on any of your remarks.

pointed.-Judge. Cooney Cohen-Mein sohn, vhy did you guarantee dot overcoad to lasd

Mr. Nixy as long as he lives? Young Cohen-Fader, he has heart disease-he dies any minute!-Harlem Life.

Gentleman-What is your hurry,

Pat? Haven't you all day in which to

finish the job? Pat-Begorra, Oi'm throyin' to finish me job before the dom paint gives out. -Judge.

Last year 4,000,000,000 cigarettes were smoked in this country. It is not countenancing the youth-killing joke to say such numbers are calculated to take away people's breath.-Philadel-

Bingo-I sliouldn't think you could afford to let your wife go to so many matinees. Kingley-Why not? It keeps her

away from the dry goods stores at least two hours and a half. He-As near as I can get at it, the general idea of heaven seems to be

She-Yes, and the proportion of men to women will be about as it is at most of the summer resorts. Am I right?

a place where it is always summer.

Daughter-This piano is really my very own, isn't it, pa?

Pa-Yes, my dear. "And when I marry I can take it with me, can I?"

anyone; it might spoil yor chances."-Tit-Bits. "Is dis where dey want a boy?"

"Certainly, my child; but don't tell

"It is; but he must be a boy who never utters an untruth and does not use slang or swear, and never speaks

unless he is spoken to." Well, me brodder's a deaf mute. I'll send 'im 'round."-Church Progress.

Sport Friend-What do you call 'em, Tom?

Tom-We haven't named them yet, but my wife, who is a member of the Episcopal Church, thinks of calling them "Cherubim" and Seraphim" because they continually do cry.-From Texas Sifter.

A newspaper publisher in an Oklahoma town, where the women recently carried the election, sent the following order to a supply house:-"Please send us one small cut of a hen. Women carried the election here and I suppose we will have to swing out a hen instead of a rooster."-Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"We shall soon have the worst." he.

muttered. He nervously flitted from place to place, pausing now and then to swing his hands.

"We shall soon know." His wife was about to substitute col-

lar buttons for pins, and he felt that a crisis for a new woman was at hand .- Detroit Tribune.

A man was in the dock charged with theft. He pleaded "guilty," but the jury's verdict was "not guilty." The judge was not at all satisfied with the result of the trial and remarked to the prisoner: "You do not leave this court without a stain upon your character, for by your own confession you are a thief and by the verdict of the jury you are a liar."-Pick-Me-Up.

Cornshucks-Bings is getting to be a humorist. Redwood-I haven't noticed it.

Cornshucks-He is. I passed his house yesterday and he was sitting on hte porch with his feet over the railing where the sun would strike them. He said he was putting a coat of tan on his shoes.-Cleveland Plaindealer.

HIS RULING PASSION.



Proprietor -Pat, how do

fight? Pat-Oi only have wan ob Proprietor-What is that: Pat-Oi can't cot in it.-

AN IMPORTANT CASE.

ELECTRICITY FROM COAL WITH-OUT HEAT OR STEAM.

The Possibilities of a Recent Discovery by Willard Case-Energy Obtained by Chemicals from the Cold Mineral-As Yet an Expensive Process.

To produce electricity from carbon without heat as a scientific experiment is one thing, and to do so on a commercially paying basis is another. Mr. Willard E. Case of Auburn, N. Y., has succeeded in doing the former, and believes that the time will come when electrical energy can be generated in that manner so as to be of immense value to the industrial world. In a lecture before the New York Electrical Society the other evening he demonstrated the correctness of his theory by actual experiment, at the same time frankly confessing that his discovery was as yet of no commercial value. This was due to the fact, he explained, that the chemicals which he uses in his battery are exceedingly expensive.

Mr. Case, who is a young man, has been experimenting for the past ten years along the line of this discovery. Some years ago he read a paper on the subject before the Royal Society in London, but as he said to an Eagle reporter, who was granted an interview, the scientific world wasn't ready for such a startling advance in electrical science, so it turned up its nose, so to speak, just as it had done in so many famous instances before. Mr. Case, however, persisted, and it is now several years since he first succeeded in converting the potential energy of carbon into electricity without producing heat. In developing his theory he has constantly kept before him as a model the human body.

"The human body," said Mr. Case, speaking of the manner in which he arrived at his discovery, "is the most perfect motor we have. It is twice as effective as the steam engine. It absorbs the oxygen into the blood, the tissue is oxidized, and work is done. This is done at a low temperature. Now, why not follow out this plan in carbon consuming batteries, oxidizing the carbon at low temperature?"

Mr. Case went on to explain that it was high temperature that caused so much loss in producing power to-day. Thus the present steam engine and dynamo have an efficiency only onetenth the energy of coal. In illustrating this the electrician became somewhat technical. He put it in this way: "In the battery which I use I succeed in oxidizing the carbon without heat, but it is an expensive process. Now, if this is to be of commercial value, we must either cheapen the chemicals or find some other agent that is cheap enough for general use."

Mr. Case is averse to making any predictions for his discovery. "I am not a promoter," he says, "and the cause of science is very often injured by unwise or rosy forecasts. I believe, however, that the day will come when the world will be producing electricity direct from carbon. Today the best electrical plants require about five pounds of coal per horse power. By the process which I have demonstrated two-tenths of a pound of coal, theoretically, accomplish the same result."

It is easy to build air castles on Mr. Case's method of producing electricity, but Mr. Case prefers to have ther people do it while he works on his theory in a scientific spirit. He admits that if he could bring his method down to a paying basis, it would probably result in the retirement of the steam engine. No engine would be needed to develop this power. No dynamo would be necessary. The electricity would be used in motors, as it is to-day, stored in batteries and carried over lines, and all this with an ex-

ceedingly small loss of energy. "I have little doubt," said Mr. Case yesterday, "that this problem will be solved. Owing to the publicity which my lecture before the New York Elecrical Society has received, I presume here are a hundred practical elecricians working to-day along the ines which I have last down. It wouldn't surprise me to wake up any morning and read that electricity rom carbon, without heat, has been endered practical for commercial ses. But with the industrial possioilities I really have nothing to do. My reatment of the subject has been ourely scientific, and I prefer to leave for others to paint pictures of the

A MAN'S VIEW

Of the way a woman sees a woman.

THE JOKE ON THE JOKER.

How Herrmann Was Taken in by the Presentation of a Ring.

At the Gilsey House, New York, Herrmann was always a welcome visitor and never failed to astonish and amuse the employes and guests when-

ever opportunity offered. Herrmann was invited to perform for the benefit of an uptown club at the Standard Theatre. His performance made the hit of the evening. After the entertainment the more prominent of the clubmen invited the magician to a little supper at the Gilsey House and at the same time informed him that he would be presented with a ring.

Herrmann felt sure he would be the owner of another diamond before he went home that night. Toward the end of the supper one of the members made a little speech, thanking the guest of the evening for his valuable services, etc., at the benefit and hoped he would accept the ring which would be presented as soon as the speech was finished. The applause which followed this speech was the signal for Herrmann's own colored boy to enter the room carrying a big brass gong. Herrmann at the time said he was more taken in by that joke than he ever had been before.

CURIOUS WAYS OF OWLS.

Some See by Day as Well as Night and Others Hunt Field Mice.

There are two good reasons why the every-day hunter seldom sees an owl while he tramps. One reason is that some owls cannot see by day, and therefore select hiding places which render their discovery next to impossible as a person passes casually through the woods. The other reason is that there are some owls that see by day as well as by night. These double-sighted birds discover the intruder long before he can possibly see them, and they lose no time in seeking places of greater safety. There are owls whose eyesight does not depend on darkness to be of use. The screech owl and the long-eared owl are among the members of the family that are blinded, or partially blinded by the light of day. Others among them the hoot owl, the snow ov I, the hawk owl, and the shorteared owl, are sharp sighted, both by day and by night. The short-eared owl is a great field-mouse hunter in wheat or the stabble. He is among the first of the family of winter owls that come dor n from the north to forage in this latitude. New York Sun.

A SOVEREIGN'S COSTUME.

Hardly Capable of Being Packed in a Tele-cope or Steamer Trunk.

The German Emperor has twelve valots charged with keeping the imperial wardrobe, valued at £100,000. Every uniform bears precious decorations.

The uniforms of all the regiments of the German army, with their helmets, caps, shakos, rifles, swords and sabres, are shut up in immense cupboards. The uniforms of the Imperial German navy are arranged in the same way. Next to these come the uniforms of the Saxons, Bavarians, Hessians and others. Separated in other large cupboards are the Austrian, Russian, Swedish, English and Italian uniforms, all ready to accompany the Kaiser in his journeys or to be used on the occasion of princely visits. Finally must be mentioned his hunting and shooting costumes, his court dresses, his yachting and lawn tennis uniforms and his private dresses. When the Emperor travels, his uniforms and costumes fill two or

three carriages. His Majesty is very fond of jewelry and curios. He wears half a dozen rings, a large watch and chain, and a bracelet on his right arm.-Globe.

His Gentle Voice.

Our neighbor went by the name of Whispering Dick," which was given to him in ridicule. People said he talked as if he were brought up in a mill. One cold morning he walked into great revolution." a public house, and called out in his thundering voice:

"Good-morning, landlord! How are you?"

"Very well. How are you?" "Oh, I am about frozen; I can hard-

ly talk.' Just then a nervous traveller who was present ran up to the landlord, exclaiming:

"Please have my horse brought as soon as possible!"

"Why, what is the matter?" asked the landlord.

"Nothing. I only want to get away before that man thaws!"-Answers.

A Woman Trapper.

There is a young woman living in New York who is popular wherever she goes, but more especially in the Adirondacks, where she spends her summers and autumns. She is a good shot with a rifle, and has killed a number of deer, but hunting is not her favorite amusement, for she prefers to

trap her game. There are not many women who know how to set a trap, but this one can give almost any man points on the subject. She wears a black fur cape, trimmed with reddish fur. It is very swell, and as the fur is fine and rich it makes a very handsome garment. The cape is of otter skin, the trimming of fox. The fur was all captured in traps set by the wearer, and, what is more, the beasts were skinned and the skins stretched and then tanned with

Incorrigible.

her own bands.-New York Sun.

"What did you and Smith talk about?"

"About fifteen minutes."

"I mean, what did you talk over?" "The telephone."

ALCOHOL'S ABUSE.

DR. E. C. PELLEW EXPLAINS HOW IT IS BOTH FOOD AND POISON.

Used to Excess it is Worse Than Opium and Vitiates Character and Intellect-Inebriety in Women Harder to Treat Than in Men-The Gold Cure.

C. E. Pellew of Columbia University gave the last of his series of lectures on "Alcohol and Alcoholic Beverages" in the New York State Museum of Natural History recently. He discussed the "General and Special Properties of Alcohol" before a large audience, which followed him closely. He first talked about the theory that alcohol is a food, and admitted that it is such when taken in quantities below a certain limit, beyond which it becomes a poison. What this limit is he described later. Usually, he said, from one to two ounces can be consumed by any person in a day.

"When in such quantities, alcohol is entirely consumed in the stomach, and is a food," he declared.

In regard to its effect on the gastric juice in aiding digestion, he said:

"According to Chittenden's experiments, alcohol has no effect on the fluid when taken in such quantities as to comprise 2 per cent. or less of it. From 2 per cent. to 10 per cent., it is usually helpful in the digestive process. Above this it is only harmful.

The notion that alcohol produces warmth, he declared, is utterly wrong. This was discovered first in Arctic explorations. For fifty years the explorers have left the ingredient behind entirely, and have also left behind those addicted to its use. It drives the blood to the surface, and while it thus diffuses warmth through the skin and makes one comfortable for a short time, the blood has left the vitals, and pretty soon the temperature of the body is 2 degrees below the normal.

"If you wish to endure the cold," he said, "take something to keep the blood inside. Food will do this. So will coffee. But if you have got wet and come in cold and fearful of pneumonia, take some whisky, which will drive the sluggish blood about in your body, and then take food and go to bed and you'll be benefitted. But notice, take your whisky after exposure, not before it."

He placed great stress upon the fact that alcohol becomes a poison very quickly.

"It is the most destructive of all poisons," he declared. "It destroys one's life, intellect, character, and the happiness of others. Coffee and tobacco destroy only those who use them. Alcohol emphasizes man's weaknesses. If he has a taint of the brutal in him, his brutal disposition is aggravated by its use. If he has passions of any kind, they are aroused by its overuse

"Opium isn't as bad as rum for this reason. The Chinaman got it right when he said: 'If me dlink lum, me go home and kick; if me eat opium, me go home and wife kick me.' Men know there are certain things they are unable to do, but if they drink enough rum they will attempt to accomplish them, and thus will make fools of themselves, even if they don't go further and become beasts."

The alcoholic habit, or inebriety, which becomes a disease, Dr. Pellew said, is much less prevalent among the upper classes than the lower, because their superior intelligence and various business and social relations act as a restraint. "It won't do now for a man to get drunk at dinner and be obliged to go to bed, as was once the case," he declared. "The business and social world would not tolerate one who did it. This fact is having its effect on laborers. To hold their positions they must be strictly sober, and the more responsible the position the severer is this rule, while the firms that will not tolerate an employe's indulging even in the social glass are becoming more and more numerous. This is working a

The first requisite for curing the disease of inebriety, he said, was to strengthen the will, and he paid his respects to the Keeley cure.

"It's called the 'gold cure," he ex claimed, "but there's nothing gold about it. Its success is due to the fact that two newspaper men took it and then printed in their newspapers that it had at last been discovered that drunkenness was a disease and Mr. Keeley had had sense enough to find it out. This flattered men, and they flocked to Mr. Keeley.

"His method is this: He administers solutions of strychnine and two or three other drugs that brace up the nerves, and then gives his patient a bottle of whisky or brandy, and tells him to drink it, if he must. 'But don't drink it if you can help it.' he'll say.

"The patient of course drinks it. The next time the doctor sees him he gives a dose of apple morphine. This has the effect of producing the most frightful seasickness when one drinks rum. So that after the dose of apple morphine, if one takes a drink of whisky. he'll never want to take another. That's the Keelev cure, which, by the combination of drugs and enthusiasm works a temporary cure. But it is terribly exhausting to one's system, and if a patient backslides and takes the cure a second time his constitution is likely to be so shattered that it may kill him.

The true treatment is to build up the patient's nerves and system by slow and hygienic methods, such as physical and mental exercise, with a judicious use of drugs. But it should be emembered that when a man once has acquired the habit, no matter for low long he may leave it off, it is liketurn again with one glass of

OUR MONETARY SYSTEM

Secretary Gage Is In Favor of a Comsion For Its Revision.

THE ARBITRATION TREATY.

▲ Prediction That It Will Not Be Ratified by the Senate-Andrew D. White Said to Be Slated For Embassador to Germany.

Washington, March 29.—The members of the executive committee appointed by the monetary conference held in Indianap olis some weeks ago, have had interview with Secretary Gage at the treasury department. The committee, which headed by chairman H. H. Hanna of Indianapolis, discussed with the secretary the question of the probability of congress at once authorizing the appointment of a monetary commission on the revision of our monetary system as recommended by the Indianapolis conference and also by President McKinley in his inaugural message.

Mr. Gage expressed himself as fully convinced of the necessity for such a commission, and he thought that no good could result from delaying its appointment. Business throughout the country was greatly depressed, and it was his opinion that there could be no delay in taking measures for the general relief. There was however, he said, in some quarters serious doubt of the expediency of allowing legislation of any character whatever to interfere with the consideration and prompt passage of a tariff measure.

It is understood that the house is ready at any time to carry out the president's views as to a monetary commission and a revision of our monetary system. In the senate, however, it is said there is likely to be opposition to speedy action. committee expects to remain in Washington a week or so in conference with mem bers of congress on the subject.

Negotiations are afoot at the instance of the Spanish minister for a revision of our treaties with Spain, particularly with a view to bringing the rules as to the treat-ment of naturalized citizens into conformity with more modern treaties. If the same rule is to govern in the revised treaty as applies to these, two years' domicile by a naturalized citizen in his native country will be presumptive evidence of an abandonment of naturalization. If the Spanish minister succeeds in his design, a similar request will be made by the Turkish minister in behalf of his government.

Postoffice Applications. Since the change of administration over 80,000 applications for postoffices have been filed at the postoffice department. number is said to be somewhat smaller than four years ago. All the papers have been recorded and classified and the cases made up to date. Up to the close of the week the appointment division of the interior department had recorded 1,000 applications for presidential positions under

the interior department. Senator Warren of Wyoming has had a conference with the Republican members of the senate committee on finance on schedules of the tariff bill affecting western interests. He made some suggestions concerning the wool schedule, especially concerning third class wools, looking more, however, to a change in adjustment than a change of rates. The senator also urged upon the committee the propriety of a return to the policy of putting a duty on hides, which have been on the free list for several years past, both in the present law and in the McKinley law. He also suggested changes in the rates on soda, asbestus and plumbago, all of which are Wyoming. The committee promised to take the suggestions into consideration along with others to be made by other senators, it being understood that all senators are to have an opportunity to be heard.

The Arbitration Treaty.

Senators interested in the ratification of the general treaty of arbitration between the United States and Great Britain sent t) the senate by President Cleveland have given the probable action by the senate the most careful consideration and have reached the conclusion that, even as amended, the treaty cannot secure the

two-thirds vote necessary to ratify it: It is believed that unless the senate falls back on the ideas of Lord Salisbury and repudiates entirely the more advanced ground taken by Mr. Olney the treaty is bound to fail. Three times has this most important convention been referred to the committee on foreign relations for consideration and report. Three times has that committee submitted its report, and the debate thereon has been exhaustive and prolonged. The longer it continues the more likely it appears that the treaty can-

not get through the senate. Senator Flatt has authorized the statement that Andrew D. White has been selected for the German embassadorship. This he did after an interview with President McKinley. The senator indicated that the nomination of Mr. White would

be sent to the senate early in the week.

It seems to be settled that Charlemagne Tower of Philadelphia will go as envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Austria.

Walker's Financial Bills.

Representative Walker of Massachusetts has introduced two bills relating to banking and currency, entitled respectively "To modify the national bank laws so as to provide the people with a safe, ample, elastic and cheap currency" and "To call in and cancel the paper money now injur-

ing the prosperity of the country."
The first bill provides that hereafter no national bank shall be required to deposit bonds to secure circulation, and circulating notes are to be issued up to amount of the unimpaired capital of a bank. The same reserve is required for the circulating notes as for individual deposits. The cash reserve shall be in specie and at least one-half of it in gold. Specie shall be paid on demand under penalty of 24 per cent interest as damages during

the time of refusal so to pay.

The other bill provides for the issue of \$750,000,000 of bonds under the act of Jan. 19, 1875, running from two to ten years and drawing 21/2 per cent interest. The proceeds are to be used in redeeming and canceling outstanding United States legal tender notes, treasury and silver cer tificates. The bill further authorizes the sales of silver bullion and silver dollars in the treasury at the market value whenever such silver dollars cannot be kept in circulation as money. The proceeds of the sale of silver shall reduce the issue of bonds to

Two Young Men Drowned. Eddyville, Ky., March 29.-James and John Fulks, prominent and wealthy young men, were drowned in the Cumberland river here yesterday by the overturning of FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

They Have Evidently Reached an Agreeent Upon All Important Affairs.

London, March 29.—The conferences which the Marquis of Salisbury had in Paris Friday with M. Hanotaux, the French minister for foreign affairs, are regarded as most important not only with reference to the eastern situation, but as bearing upon the general relations between Great Britain and France. It was noticed that M. Hanotaux greeted Lord Salisbury cordially when he arrived, but their part ing was even more cordial, indicating that the conference was satisfactory to both parties. What actually passed is not known, but it is believed their conversation em braced all the important topics, especially Madagascar and Tunis, and probably Egypt. The Tunisian question, which only lately was a serious contention between the two countries, is now stated to have assumed a promising aspect.

The Figaro believes that Lord Salisbury suggested that the island of Crete be occupied by two powers, one of them being Great Britain and the other France or Russia.

Other French newspapers and the Brit ish press opine that the conferences are a sign of improved relations and are especially significant as following the visits of Queen Victoria and the Prince of Wales to President Faure.

The Laurada In Port.

Philadelphia, March 29. - The filibuster ing steamer Laurada, which has been a thorn in the side of the Spanish officials in this country almost since the beginning of the Cuban outbreak, has arrived. The Laurada, after having her boilers examined and pronounced in an unsafe condition, cleared from Baltimore ostensibly for Wilmington, Del., for repairs, about Feb. 20 last. It was reported at that time that the famous filibuster had gone on another ex-pedition, but John D. Hart, the owner, denied the story emphatically.

A Train Kills a Scorcher.

Providence, March 29.—Alexander Barbeau of Hamilton, R. I., while riding on his bicycle between the tracks on the Stonington division of the Consolidated railroad yesterday afternoon, was overtaken and killed by the New London express. Barbeau was scorching at top speed for the Potowomut highway, a short distance beyond. The engineer whistled repeatedly and slowed down his train. Barbeau was struck by the cylinder box. Death was instantaneous.

Diaz to Visit Paris.

City of Mexico. March 29. -It is reported here that President Diaz will apply to congress for a leave of absence for three months from this country with a view to making a trip to France and England this summer. His long years of active service as president have been arduous, and as his son is attache of the Mexican legation at Paris he desires to visit him and obtain needed r. ...ation.

Andree's Polar Expedition.

London, March 29.-Professor Andree announces that his north pole expedition leaves Gothenburg on May 18 for Spitzbergen. The voyage to Spitzbergen will be made in a gunboat, and it is expected that the balloon will be filled and ready to sail on June 20. The professor expects to be driven to the north coast of America.

Died of Hydrophobia.

Pittsburg, March 29.—Philip James, well known citizen of Braddock, died at the West Penn hospital yesterday of hydrophobia. Mr. James was received at the hospital yesterday afternoon. He was bitten by a dog about three weeks ago. He was an employee of the Edgar Thomson

A Minister Dead.

Port Oram, N. J., March 29.-Rev. Daniel E. Fram es died yesterday, aged 76 years. He en ered the Methodist Episcopal ministry 50 years ago and had charge at Anderson, Newton, Deckerton, Flau-ders, Vernon, Columbia and Asbury, all in New Jersey.

Took Muriatic Acid.

Jersey City, March 29. - Frank L. Clark, 42 years old, a lawyer, committed suicide yesterday by swallowing muriatic acid. He was well known in club and society circles and formerly had a large practice. Recently he had shown symptoms of mental infirmity.

A Murderer Sentenced.

Little Valley, N. Y., March 29.-The jury in the trial of Albert Jones for the murder of Leon H. Pitts of Olean brought in a verdict of manslaughter in the second degree. Judge Spring sentenced Jones to

12 years and 9 months in Auburn prison.

Washington, March 29.-The contractor who built the new drydock at Brooklyn has consented to allow the navy department to use it before final acceptance in order that the battleship Iowa may be docked there next Wednesday.

Twenty-one Drowned. Ferrol, Spain, March 29.-A steamer ran into and sank a large boat in the harbor here yesterday. There were 30 persons in the boat, 21 of whom were drowned. The remaining nine were rescued in an exhausted condition.

Still Solid Ice.

Mackinaw, Mich., March 29. - The prospect is that there will be no navigation earlier than April 10. The temperature was at freezing point during the past five days, but it is thawing now. The straits are still solid ice.

Challenged Jem Mace.

Syracuse, March 29.-Ed Glavin of this city, an old time puglist, 68 years old, has challenged Jem Mace to a 15 round fight. Mace is at present in Syracuse, and the fight will probably be pulled off before some local club.

For the Prince of Wales Cup. Montreal, March 29.—The Royal Cana dian Yacht squadron will hold its first international race for boats from England, Canada and the United States this fall. The race will be for the Prince of Wales

Thrasher Engine Exploded.

Chatham, Ont., March 19 .- A thrashing engine exploded on the farm of Peter McGarvin yesterday, killing the engineer, James McGarvin, and seriously scalding John Houston.

Mangled to Death.

Syracuse, March 29 .- James W. Miller of North Manli s in attempting to board a west bound freight train at Minoa fell under the wheels and was instantly killed.

Peace Negotiations In Cuba-London, March 29 .- A dispatch from Madrid states that peace negotiations are in full progress in Cuba.

OUR NATIONAL SOLONS

The Tariff Discussion Continued In Both Houses of Congress.

EXPLANATIONS BY DINGLEY

The Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee Tells the House Why It Was Deemed Advisable to Place No Duty Upon Hides.

oday received from the attorney general information as to the status of the foreclosure proceedings against the Pacific railroads recently requested by the senate. General Powell Clayton of Arkansas,

Washington, March 31.-The senate

recently nominated and confirmed as minister to Mexico, came on the floor and talked with several senators. Among the petitions was one from the board of sheep commissioners of

Montana, urging the most ample production of wool, in accordance with the platform promises, and asserting that the policy of protection would not long prevail without this adequate protection to the wool growing interest. The Cuban question was brought forward again by Mr. Morgan of Alabama,

who presented a resolution requesting the president to inform the senate whether letters had been received by the present and former chief executives from General Maximo Gomez, commander of the revolutionary forces in

At Mr. Morgan's request the resolution went over until tomorrow.

Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts suggested that the resolution should call for all letters received from Gomez and not these specific documents. Mr. Morgan answered that he would

readily accept an amendment when the resolution was acted on, calling for all of Gomez's letters. Senator Foraker introduced a bill to amend the interstate commerce act so

as to permit pooling by railroads. Mr. Allen (Pop., Neb.) was then rec-ognized for a speech on his resolution declaring it to be unconstitutional to impose tariff taxes on the necessaries of daily consumption in order to enrich certain favored classes at the expense

of the masses. The senator's remarks were in the nature of a legal argument showing the constitutional limitations on the

taxing power of congress.

In conclusion the senator said: "I place myself on the solid and inpregnable ground that under our constitution congress does not possess power to tax the people to enhance the private fortunes of the few and that the full measure of the taxing power is reached when a tariff for revenue, with incidental protection, is imposed. Any other construction would lead to confiscation and incidentally to enforced repudiation, the two worst conceivable forms of anarchy and disorder in a civilized state, and such adduction, when carried to its legitimate length, would lead to the subversion of all order and the rights of persons and property."

In the House.

The delay occasioned yesterday by the absence of a quorum had a salutary effect on the attendance when the house met today. Over 150 members were in their seats. Mr. Richardson called attention to the fact that there was not a quorum present, but said he would not make the point. Accordingly the house went into committee of the whole and resumed consideration of the tariff bill.

Mr. Dockery (Dem., Mo.) asked unanimous consent that the free list be taken up for the purpose of allowing him to offer an amendment suspending the duties on articles controlled by trusts, but Mr. Payne (Rep., N. Y.) objected. The ways and means committee immediately took charge and conin committee. Most of these were

adopted without debate. Mr. Sayers (Dem., Tex.) precipitated some general debate on the subject of hides by producing some treasury figures to disprove the statements of Mr. Payne (Rep., N. Y.) that the hides imported did not come in competition

with our hides. Mr. Bell (Pop., Colo.) warned the Republicans that if they passed this bill, containing high duties, without imposing at least a revenue duty on hides, distinctly a product of the farm, they would regret it. Why should the wool men of a few states be so generously dealt with and the cattle raiser denied anything? If a duty was not placed on hides, he declared, the Republicans would be justly chargeable with hypocrisy and they would hear from it in

the next campaign. Dingley's Explanation.

Mr. Dingley (Rep., Me.) said that be had not intended to set forth the lacts found by the committee on ways and means relating to this subject which had been brought in here out of time. But he would do so, although it was out of order. "When the committee on ways and means," Mr. Dingley said, of which the present president was the chairman, was preparing a revenue bill in 1890 it made an exhaustive investigation to determine whether or not a duty on hides would benefit the farmers of the United States. They found the following state of facts:

"That the great body of hides used in this country were produced as a byproduct and the price was made here; as to goatskins and a large number of other skins for tanning they must be imported; that the importations of thick hides, except in a few special cases, were dry hides for sole leather, and largely used for export because of ur cheap tanning materials, thus enabling us to reach foreign markets with

"From these facts we concluded that under the special conditions obtaining, and further that but twice in the history of the country-in 1816 and 1852had there been a duty imposed on hides, no advantage would accrue to the farmer from reimposing a duty, and that a disadvantage would be felt by those engaged in the export leather trade. It was believed that a duty on hides would shut off this export trade and prevent the tanning of hides here and drive it into Canada. In view of these facts the final conclusion of the committee was against imposing a

Debate was then forced to a close by Mr. Dingley's amendment to limit debate on the pending amendment. The amendment was adopted. '

GEN. RIVERA CAPTURED

Maceo's Successor In Pinar del Rio Taken by the Spanish.

WAS WOUNDED IN BATTLE.

The Chief of Staff and Adjutant Terry Were Also Made Prisoners and Terry Died After He Was Captured by General Velasco.

Havana, March 30 .- General Hernandez Velasco, continuing his operations in the hills of Pinar del Rio, with the columns of troops under his command, was engaged yesterday morning at Cabezadas, in the Rio Hondo district, with an insurgent force numbering about 100 men, under General Ruis Rivera.

The insurgents were dispersed, and the position they occupied was captured

after an hour's fighting.

The troops captured a number of prisoners, including Major General Ruis Rivera, his chief of staff, Colonel



GENERAL RIVERA.

Bacallao, and his adjutant, Lieutenant Terry. General Rivera and Lieutenant Terry were both wounded.

General Rivera is the insurgent com-mander who succeeded General Antonio Maceo in command of the insurgents in Pinar del Rio.

He is considered next in military im-

portance to General Maximo Gomez. The insurgents left 10 men killed and

the troops, pursuing the enemy, captured a quantity of arms, ammunition, dynamite caps, &c. The troops had one man killed, Lieutenant Wolgesraffen, and 24 soldiers wounded.

The Capture.

Later advices from Pinar del Rio confirm the capture of General Ruiz Rivera, the well known insurgent leader. General Rivera and his bief of staff, Colonel Bacallao, were by in prisoners at San Cristobal, province Pinar del Rio, yesterday morning. Lieutenant Terry, the adjutant of

General Rivera, who was made prisoner at the same time, died while on his way to San Cristobal.

He was wounded by the explosion of a Spanish shell during the capture of the insurgent position at Cabezadas

yesterday morning. Captain General Weyler has gone by rail from Sagua le Grande, province of Santa Clara, to Santo Domingo and Cruces, in the same province.

From the latter place he pushed on to Cienfuegos, the important, port in the southern part of Santa Clara, where he arrived yesterday.

Rivera's Career.

General Juan Ruis Rivera was born at Mayaguez, Puerto Rico, about 50 years ago and went as a boy to Barcena, where he became a law student. Leaving his studies and intellectual

surroundings, of which he was passion-ately fond, he came to Cuba in 1870 to take part in the 10 years' war. He at once became secretary to Ca-

lixto Garcia, then chief of the eastern department. Rivera, however, was anxious for a more honorable and perilous post, so he was placed in command of a separate battalion.

Here he soon gave marked evidences of strategic skill and ability as a leader of men. Forming a cavalry squadron Rivera drove his Spanish foes to desperation by his unerring skill in finding their weakest point and by his dashing courage as a cavalry leader.

He led his men into some of the fiercest engagements of the war and at this time formed his life long attachment for General Maceo. After the quelling of the insurrection

he followed his beloved chief into exile. When the new revolt broke out Rivera hastened to take up arms for his country and soon became as prominent a fighter as in the former war.

He was reported dead a few months ago, but soon gave his foes bitter reason to know the rumor was false.

When Maceo was killed General Rivera succeeded him as commander of the insurgent forces in the province of

Reporter Crosby Killed. Washington, March 30.-The follow-

ing dispatch has been received from Consul General Lee, dated Havana "Mr. C. E. Crosby of New York, the representative of the Chicago Record, is reported killed while watching with field glasses a combat between the Spanish and insurgent forces near Arroya Planco, close to the boundary of Puerto Principe and Santa Clara. He came to the island January 30 and is said to have graduated at St. Cyr,

Black Lists Pronounced Illegal.

London, March 31.-The highest court of Scotland has decided that it is illegal for a trades union to maintain a black list, or "a register of rats," as is the English designation for a black list. The decision grew out of 10 suits for damages brought against the executive council of the Scottish Typographical association by nonunion printers who had been blacklisted. The jury in the lower court awarded \$150 damages in each case, and the verdict has now been

affirmed. The Lake Front Case Again.

Washington, March 29.—Messrs. Dudley and Michener, counsel for the McKee scrip claimants in the Chicago lake front case, are preparing to file a motion to postpone the hearing of this famous case. The date set was April 5. Commissioner Hermann of the general land office will grant to the representatives of each side a hearing regarding the postponement.

THE PANAMA SCANDAL.

Arton Inculpates Forty-nine Deputies and Senators Whom He Bribed.

Paris, March 29. - The Panama scandals have been thoroughly revived and form the leading topic of discussion everywhere in Paris. It is stated that Emile Arton, the Panama lobbyist who was extradited last year from England, has inculpated 49 deputies and senators whom he bribed and that he has furnished proof of his allega-

The Panama senate committee was appointed on application of the minister of justice for the purpose of prosecuting M. Levery with reference to the Panama dis-clesures. The committee of the chamber of deputies was appointed to prosecute Deputies Naquet, Henri Maret and Antide Dover for the same purpose.

It is stated that Charles de Lesseps is now in London preparing documents tending to clear his father and furnishing names of deputies who accepted bribes. Several political personages are now being watched by the police of Paris in order to prevent their flight. M. Naquet has already left Paris without mentioning his destination.

St. Martin Surrenders.

London, March 29.—Ex-Deputy St. Martin, for whose arrest a warrant was issued recently in connection with the latest disclosures of Arton regarding the Panama scandals and who was believed to have fled, has surrendered.

CHARTER OAK PARK.

The Famous Race Track to Be Restored to Its Former Glory.

Hartford, March 29. - The famous Charter Oak park, which since the enactment of the antipeol law in this state has been unused. has been sold to Andrew J. Welch and Orlando A. Jones of New York for \$25,000. It is the intention of the new owners to restore the park to the prestige it had in its palmy days, and they have appointed W. B. Fasig as manager.

It is their intention to bring some of the best racing that this section has ever seen in conjunction with Boston and New York, starting in the latter city and coming here on the way to Boston and putting in a big five or six day meet.

The formal opening of the park under

its new management will take place Aug. 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11. Among the changes contemplated is the building of a quarter mile bicycle track and the establishment of a bicycle club on the grounds.

A Gloomy Outlook.

St. Johns, N. F., March 29.-It is reported that 11 Newfoundland sealing steamers which have been fishing off the northwest coast were very unsuccessful. The failure of the fishery, it is said, could not be worse than it has been this year. The hopeful anticipations which were founded upon the success of two steamers that got cargoes off the west coast early in the season have been completely destroyed. Taken in connection with the wretched condition of the codfish market, the outlook for the colony next summer is extremely glocmy.

The Wilmington's Trial Trip.

Nev London, Conn., March 29.-After waiting in this harbor nearly a week and making three unsuccessful attempts for an official speed trial the gunboat Wilmington went over the course of 27 miles straightaway and return in the total elapsed time of 3 hours 35 minutes 54 seconds, making an average of 15 and a fraction knots per hour, unofficial time and subject to correction. The Wilmington's contract called for 12 knots, and her work won for the builders a premium of at least

A Rough Initiation.

Kansas City, March 29.-Lenna R. Wislow has brought suit here in the circuit court for \$2,500 damages against the Kansas City lodge of the Knights of the Maccabees of the World for injuries received while being initiated into the order. Wislow claims he was tossed in a blanket and pushed off a high plank, falling to the floor and receiving permanent injuries.

A Case of Smallpox.

Holyoke, Mass., March 29.-A case of smallpox was reported to the authorities tonight. The patient is the young daughter of Edmond Brandoin and has been removed to the pesthouse. Every precaution has been taken to prevent the spread of the disease. The case is the second the city has had within ten months.

The Mississippi Still Rising.

Vicksburg, Miss., March 29. -Late reports from as far north as Greenville, Miss., on both sides of the river, are that the levees are being held at all points. The situation, however, is daily growing more grave, and a crisis seems at hand. The river here rose six-tenths of a foot in the past 24 hours.

A Flood Crisis.

Quincy, Ills., March 29.—A flood crisis prevails here. The Mississippi has passed the 14 feet 8 inches mark and is still rising at the rate of one-third of an inch per hour in spite of the fact that the river is from three to eight miles wide above and

The Last of the Herrings.

Gloucester, Mass., March 29. — The schooners D. A. Wilson and William E. McDonald have arrived from Placentia bay, N. F. with full cargoes of frozen herring. These vessels are the last arrivals of the season in the frozen herring

He Helped Build the Monitor.

Elizabeth, N. J., March 29.—William Knapp Thomas, aged 73 years, died yesterday in this city from heart disease. He was a well known mechanical engineer and assisted Captain John Ericsson in the construction of the famous Monitor.

Maine Legislation.

Augusta, Me., March 29.—The sixty-eighth session of the Maine legislature is ended. The total amount of appropriations was \$3,599,278.82. During the session Governor Powers signed 408 acts and 131 resolutions.

Pension Lawyer Disbarred.

Washington, March 29.-The secretary of the interior has disbarred William P. Rees of Connersville, Ind., from practice before the interior department on a charge of knowingly presenting a fraudulent pension claim.

Thread Mill Closed.

Kearney, N. J., March 29.—The thread mills here have been closed indefinitely, throwing out of employment over 1,000 hands. The officials refuse to give any information in regard to the shutdown.

The Czarowitz Dying.

London, March 29.—A private telegram from Algiers says that the condition of the czarowitz is hopeless.

THE CRETAN MUDDLE.

Vassos Has Practically Declared War

Against the Powers. London, March 30.—A long official dispatch from the British admiral in Cretan waters to the government concludes with saying:

"Colonel Vassos (the commander of the Greek army of occupation in Crete) has practically declared war against the powers."

A dispatch to The Times from Sa-

lonika says:
"Within a few days Edhem Pasha (the Turkish commander on the Greek frontier) will have under his command 150,000 men, which will constitute his army, as soldiers," and adds:

"I am specially struck with the rapid strides the Turkish organization has made within the last few years in regard to military railways and hospitals. Within a month 152 trains have traversed Salonika. An infant system which has stood such a strain is worthy of the highest praise.
"Thirty torpedoes have been laid

across the bay from Cape Kara. The large supply of ammunition here and at Constantinople is being supplemented by German consignments."

The Austrian View.

Vienna, March 30 .- The speech from the throne at the opening of the reichs-rath today expresses the hope that the co-operation of the powers will lead to a satisfactory solution of the Cretan question and proceeds: "Greece's inconsiderate action has led my government, in close contact and with the full confidence of the other powers, to adopt measures aiming to maintain the status quo. If, then, Greece in the present phase can in no way count upon the approval of the powers, on the other hand, Turkey must take into account that she would assume great responsibility if, blinding herself to her most vital interests and contrary to the unanimous advice of the powers, she refuse to rem-edy said abuses and thus maintain a situation concealing the germ of constant anxiety."

Khania's Water Supply.

Khania, Island of Crete, March 30 .- A mixed detachment of French, Italians, Russians and Türks, under the command of a French captain, has occupied the fortress of Butsunaria, which protects the springs supplying Khania with water, the insurgents having attempted to cut off the water

A Pasha Arrested.

Constantinople, March 30.-The Turkish squadron has not left the Darda-nelles. Hakki Pasha, commander of the Turkish troops at Tokat, in the Sivas district, where the massacre of Armenians recently occurred, has been dis-missed and arrested on demand of the representatives of the powers.

His Friends Paid the Debt.

Bangor, Me., March 29.-William Davis, a man well along in years who has been in jail for three years and a half for contempt of court in refusing to disclose the extent of his worldly possessions after a judgment in a civil suit had been given inst him, has just been released. A days ago he was got out of jail on a of habeas corpus based on a legal nicality, and now his friends have settle: the judgment. Davis, when released, was jubilant over the fact, but did not know how it was brought about.

More St. Nazaire Survivors.

London, March 19.-Captain Paul Jagueneau, M. Nicalai, second mate, one of the engineers and one of the firemen of the Frence line steamer Ville de St. Nazaire, which was wrecked off Cape Hatteras on the 7th inst., have been saved. The British steamer Maron, Captain Adams, from Norfolk March 12 for Hamburg, while passing the Lizard today made sig-nals which were understood to mean, "We have rescued the captain, second mate, engineer and fireman of the Ville de St. Nazaire.

Confessed His Theft.

Boston, March 29.-Herbert A. Smith. 17 years old, has confessed to having robbed the safe of Francis A. Batchelder & Co., by whom he had been employed. Smith knew the safe combination and so got himself locked into the store. He took \$200 from the safe. He left the store unnoticed. He was suspected and when con-fronted by an officer confessed, returning nearly all the money.

Alleged Murderer Arrested.

Morristown, N. J., March 29.—Fausto Depaolo of Eangor, Pa., is lodged in the Morris county jail on suspicion of having committed murder. Depaolo is an Italian laborer and is accused of having killed Nicolo Burggicco on March 2 at New Italy, a settlement near Bangor.

Cashier Nealson Arrested.

Akron, Colo., March 29.—H. C. Nealson, cashier of the Washington County bank, now in the hands of a receiver, has been arrested on charges of larceny, embezzlement, receiving deposits when he knew the bank was insolvent and misappropriating the funds of the bank.

Harris' Body Found.

New York, March 29.—The body of Thomas R. Harris of Elizabeth, N. J., who was drowned by falling or jumping from the Fall River steamer Pilgrim on Tuesday night during the trip from New York to Boston, was found yesterday floating in Setauket harbor, L. I.

Gimm and Miller Matched.

Detroit, March 29. - The rivalry between Gimm and Miller, long distance wheel men, has culminated in a 24 hour race for \$1,000 a side being arranged between them. It will be paced and will probably take place either at Chicago or Cincinnati within eight weeks.

A Church Burned.

Saratoga, March 29.—The Presbyterian church at Mechanicsville, Saratoga county, was burned yesterday. The pastor, Rev. A. McD. Patterson, is at St. Thomas Canada, attending the funeral of his father, who was killed by the cars there last

The Townhouse Floor Fell.

Springville, Me., March 29 .- While a special town meeting was being held here the floor of the townhouse gave way, and 200 people fell with the broken timbers into the cellar. Three persons were seriously injured and several others otherwise

A Beet Sugar Protest.

San Francisco, March 30.-A memorial to congress in the form of a petition signed by the people of this state who are interested in the beet sugar indus-try is being circulated. The petition is a protest against the proposed annexation of the Hawaiian Islands.

Crown Prince Constantin Goes to Command the Greek Forces.

HE SAYS HE KNOWS HIS DUTY

And Assures His Countrymen That He Will Acquit Himself Like a Soldier. His Departure Believed to Be the Signal For Hostilities.

Athens, March 29.-Crown Prince Constantin, who is to take command of the Greek forces on the frontier, has started or Volo. He was accompanied by the srown princess, who will go as far as Larissa, where she will inspect the arrangements made by the Red Cross society. She will remain there two dws and then return to Athens.

An immense demonstration was made before the palace previous to the departure of the crown prince. The crowd en-thusiastically cheered for the royal pair, she king of Greece, Crete, etc. A deputa-tion presented the crown prince with a copy of the resolutions which were adopted at a public meeting held recently de-claring that the people of Athens and the Pircus were faithful interpreters of the sentiments of the nation, which was ready to make any sacrifice of blood or money in the cause of Crete.

Crown Prince Constantin replied as fol-

lows: "Have confidence in me. I know my duty. Rest assured I shall acquit my-self like a soldier."

After the family dinner at the palace the "Te Deum" was sung in the chapel, the metropolitan officiating. The crown prince kissed the metropolitan's hands, and the king and queen kissed the prince

and princess. All were deeply affected.

It is semiofficially stated that the question of declaring war depends upon the present negotiations with the powers. No one on the streets of Athens believes this, all accepting the departure of the crown prince/as indicating that Greece has come to a definite dec.sion to go to war.

In Candia the public heralds are con-

stantly running through the streets ex-horting the faithful to make a sortie and fight the Christians. An official who visited Captain Koeakas' camp was informed that he had 16,000 troops and provisions enough to last five months.

The government has issued severe or-ders to the chiefs of the frontier army to restrain the troops and prevent any aggression.

By order of the government the Greek commandant at Pir.eus, the port of Athens, today prohibited the departure of the steamer Heraklia and confiscated her cargo, which consisted of provisions intended for Mussulmans on the island of Crete.

The government commanders in Thessaly have adopted stringent measures to prevent the spread of smallpox, which is raging among a portion of the troops.

A dispatch from Khania says that can-

non firing has been proceeding near Alikianon, where Colonel Vassos, the com-mander of the Greek army in Crete, is en-A dispatch from Khania says that the insurgents at Akrotiri fired on the launch

the blockhouse above Fort Izibdin. Russia's Policy.

of the British admiral, which was en route from Suda bay to witness the attack on

St. Petersburg, March 29.—The Greeks are overflowing with joy at every one of the further complications which follow the efforts of the powers to establish order in Crete, and reports are made that this sentiment of exultation has given rise to a strong feeling that Greece has been encouraged in her refusal to aid the powers by their overir dulgence, and in consequence a pol cy of greater severity will soon be forthcoming, even if one power were to fall out of the concert.

The Novoe Vremya, which now represents fairly Fussia's fixed policy, says:
"The blockade of Greece must be hastened, even if England stands aloof. All means are good to bring good sense home to the Greeks. The only danger is in a conflict between the Greeks and the Turks. We must let the Greeks know they must renounce that desperate step and give up ambitions for which they started the Cre-

War Seems Inevitable.

London, March 29 .- A dispatch to The Observer from Athens says: "It is stated on the lest of authority that war may be expected to break out at any moment, most probably near Arta and less prob-ably near Larissa. In diplomatic circles the presence of Crown Prince Constantin, it is believed, will have a restraining influence on the troops, more especially the troops now formed in brigades, thus breaking the influence of the national commit-

tee, which has hitherto been paramount. A dispatch to The Observer from Berlin says that Lieutenant General von Bergoltz of the Fifth division, Third army corps, is a candidate for governor of Crete. It is said that Germany, Russia, Austria and Turkey have agreed to support him.

A dispatch to The Observer from Rome says the officials of the foreign office consider that war between Turkey and Greece is inevitable.

Columbia Crew's Debts Paid.

New York, March 19. - The debts of Columbia's varsity and freshmen crews for the last three years have been paid. There is now clear sailing for the blue and white boats. Today Dr. Otie, '82, chairman of the committee on finance, said that all outstanding bills, including items from the 1894, 1895 and 1896 eights, amounting to over \$3,500, had been settled. At Columbia there seems very little doubt that the varsity and freshmen crews' races with Cornell and Pennsylvania will be held as usual at Poughkeepsie. All arrangements are being made with this as the objective

The Flint Glass Workers.

Pittsburg, March 29.—The American Flint Glass Workers' union in convention here, with delegates representiung the entire country, passed a resolution to remove the limit on blown and press ware made in nonunion factories. This action is taken to relieve the proprietors of union factories who have to compete with nonunion plants, where no restriction has been placed on the output. The change is to take place next month and means hot competition in these branches of the trade.

Archbishop of Dublin Ill. Dublin, March 27.—The Most Rev. William Conyngham Plunket (Lord

Plunket), Protestant archbishop of Dublin, is so seriously ill that his physicians consider his condition hopeless. He was born in 1828 and succeeded to the title on the death of his father in 1871. On the resignation of Archbishop Trench in 1864 Lord Plunket was elect-ed archbishop of Dublin.

BIG COPPER MINE DEAL

English Capitalists After a Slice of American Mineral Land.

IN MONTANA AND ARIZONA.

The Butte and Boston and Old Dominion Properties, Which Are Rich In Their Output of Ores, May Be Consolidated.

New York, March 31.-It is stated in copper circles that a mining deal of considerable magnitude is about to be

consummated. It involves the consolidation of important copper properties in Montana and Arizona.

Ever since the acquisition of a fourth interest in the Anaconda copper mine in Montana by the Rothschilds, and the subsequent strength of the copper mar-

ket due to the increased consumption of the metal in Europe, chiefly for electrical purposes, foreign capitalists have endeavored to secure copper producing mines in this country. An attempt to secure the control of the stock of the Calumet and Hecla Mining company failed not long ago, though it is said that an English syndicate offered \$400 per share. The stock is now selling for \$375 to \$380 per share.

There is a plan now under considera-tion whereby the control of the Butte and Boston properties in Montana and the Old Dominion copper mines in Arizona, which are now held by A. S. Bigelow of Boston and Lewisohn Brothers of this city, may pass into the hands of Englishmen.

As there is no provision in the charter of either company for consolidation, and one operates in Montana and the other in Arizona, it is believed that if the negotiations should be successful a new company will be formed which will acquire the properties in question by purchase, with the consent of a ma-jority of the stockholders.

The Butte and Boston Mining com-

pany was organized recently. Although it is not being worked very actively at present preparations are making for energetic work. The Interested Properties.

The old company went into the hands of a receiver, and the property was foreclosed by the bondholders, who organized the new company. The directors now are A. S. Bigelow, Thomas Nelson, Leonard Lewisohn, Charles Van Brunt, Edward P. Perkins, Clarence H. Bissell and Edgar Buffman. The Engineering and Mining Journal, in its last issue, printed an editorial stating that the new company was organized with a capital stock of \$2,000,000, in \$10 shares, and a bonded indebtedness of \$1,500,000, but that no disinterested information can be obtained concerning the value of the company's property. It is said that C. W. Goodale, a mining engineer, found reserves worth \$200,000 and that Captain Couch, the well known expert, found less than \$400,000. The reduction works, according to the same paper, are old fashioned and will require a large expenditure to bring them up to modern requirements. The stock is selling for \$18.50@\$19 in Boston.
The Old Dominion Copper company

not been extensive'y worked of late. The property has produced as much as 11,-000,000 pounds of copper in one your, and it is believed in mining circles hat the production could reach that figure once more if railroad facilities should be improved. The present output is placed by an officer of the company at the rate of 7,000,000 pounds a year.

At the office of Lewischn Bros., 81

has its mines at Clobe, A. T. They have

Fulton street, Leonard Lewisohn could not be seen. When requested to make some statement in reference to the matter, he sent out word to the reporter hat he had no knowic lge of the deal.

Drank a Gallon of Alcohol.

Harrisburg, March 30. - Alfred J. Newman, 35 years old, is dead and W. H. Henderson, 38 years old, is hovering between life and death from drinking alcohol which they found in a barrel Saturday afternoon while working in the cellar of a Harrisburg drug firm. A coroner's jury found that Newman's death was due to the excessive use of alcohol. The men drank nearly a gallon between them.

Big Forest Fire Raging. Millville, N. J., March 29.-A big forest fire is raging three miles west of this city and has already burned over five miles of valuable timber land. Pine Grove sensoihouse and several dwellings are in

Petroleum for the Lungs.

Germs cause lung and throat diseases. Some germs are vegetable—"fungi."
Some are animal—"bacilli."
Neither kind can flourish if the system

in perfect health. Healthy tissues resist disease germs. Unfortunately few people are perfectly healthy all the time. The days that find

us a little out of health are the days that visease germs obtain a lodgment,

Nature then needs help.

Angier's Petroleum Emulsion is that help. It is an antiseptic—a purifier of diseased parts, an expeller of disease germs. It makes the tissues inhospitable and uninhabitable; the germs abandon their feeding ground, die, pass out of the system.

That is one thing that Angier's Petroleum Emulsion does.

The other thing is that it rebuilds those infected and diseased tissues.

It soothes and heals the inflamed mucous membranes. It cleanses the congested parts of poisonous matter. It is unequalled in the treatment of

chronic coughs, consumption, bronchitis, and all weaknesses of the lungs. It aids the enfeebled digestion. It corrects the perverted bowel action. It feeds the exhausted nerves. It makes new, sound flesh, revitalized and nourishing blood.

It fattens.

It does all these things.
Thousands of physicians prescribe it as a welcome substitute for Cod-Liver Oil.

It is perfectly agreeable to take.
It disturbs no function; it is as well adapted for the feeble invalid or delicate child as for the more robust.

It is a wonderful remedy.

It is a wonderful remedy. It is medicine—it is food.

Druggists 50c. and 1.00. Pamphlet free.

Angier Chemical Company, Boston.

SPOTINE

takes out ink, paint, tar, pitch, grease and stains from clothing and carpets quickly and completely and completely and Never Leaves a Ring —No Acid.— 200, 230, 3.

No unpleasant odor.
Not inflammable. Samples mailed, 50. -No Acid.-

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Dentis'ry rerformed in all branches. Gold and Porcela'n Crowns inserted. Gasadministered for the Painless extracting of Teeth. Appointments can be made by mail. OFEICE—Lewis Street, near th, Congrega-tional Church, Norwalk, Conn.

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L. HUNT, Agent. The Norwalk Fire Insurance Co

Has now Completed ts

32d Successful Business Year, And has not outstanding a dollar of unpaid losses or claims for losses. No soun company insures for less
A. G. McIlwaine. Pres. G. B. St. John, Vice-Pr
F. E. Shaw, Sec. Geo. R., Cowles, Resident Se

NEWYORK. NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD

-New York Division January 17, 1897. Trains leave South Norwalk as totlows:

Trains tears South Norwalk as Notions;

For New York—Accommodation trains a 9.36 a.m., 1.11, 2.54, 4.07, 5.30, 6.41, 8.11, 10.3 p.m. Express trains at 4.55, 5.45. 6.15 (local, 5.55, (local), 7.52, (local), 8.19,03 (local) 9.58, 10.85, 11.37, (local) a. m. 12.5, 2.25, 5.25, 6.20, 7.56 p. m. For Washington vi Harlem River 12.53 a.m. (daily)

Sundays.—Accommodation 9.15 a. m., 5.4 (local), 7.23, (local) 9.28 p.m. Express 4.55, 5.4 a. m. A. m. FOR NEW HAVEN AND THE EAST.—Accommodation trains at 6.32.7.42. 8.46 and 11 42 a. m. 1.37.2.42. (to B'p't), 4.20, 5.27. 6.27. 7.28 (to B'p't), 4.10, 5.27. 6.27. 7.28 (to B'p't), 4.11, 9.11 10.05, 11.08, a. m. 12.02,3.05, 5.04 (Naugatuck Express) 7.10 p. m. Sundays.—Accommodation 7.42. 9.12 a. m. an 7.15 p. m. Express 12.40 and 1.71 a. m.

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TEN PAIR, HEAVY WESTER TRUCK HORSES, --- EIGHT SINGLE NATIVE HORSES, ---SIX PAIR MULES, --- THREE HUNDRED LOADS HORSE

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MANURE.

SOUTH NORWALK.