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PRICE TWO CENTS

Guiseppi Fuda to Hang on Friday. December Third.

Judge Ralph Wheeler Pronounced the Fatal Words Yesterday.

Yesterday morning Judge Ralph Wheeler sentenced Guiseppi Fuda to be hanged on Friday, Dec. 3.

Unless the Supreme court intervenes the condemned man will pay the full penalty for his terrible crime on that date. He will be taken to the state prison at Wethersfield and held there until that date and the execution will take place at that institution in accordance with the law.

When asked, in the ancient formula, whether he had anything to say why the death penalty should not be imposed upon him, the accused man replied through the interpreter:

"All I have to say is that I did not kill her, and I do not know why I should suffer the death penalty."

As Fuda was led away after the sentence had been pronounced he put his hand to his forehead and rubbed it a little, at the same time looking down. Then he turned towards his counsel, Attorney Cuneo, and said:

"It is a great trouble, but I have great hope in you."

The sentence was pronounced just before the court adjourned for the noon recess in the trial. State's Attorney Fessenden said: "Your honor: In accordance with my duty I now move that sentence of death be passed upon the prisoner, Guiseppi Fuda, who was found guilty of murder in the first degree on June 10."

Judge Wheeler said: "Mr. Sheriff, let the prisoner be brought to the bar."

The accused man was brought before Judge Wheeler and Interpreter Spinelo took a position by his side. The court then said:

"Guiseppi Fuda, a jury has found you guilty of murder in the first degree in the killing of Maria Carmelia Fuda on the night of February 17 last. The court accepted that verdict and it now remains for you to be sentenced. Have you anything to say why sentence of death should not be passed? ".

This was interpreted to the accused man and he replied as above. Judge Wheeler then continued:

"The sentence of the court is that you be remanded to the custody of the sheriff and by him conveyed to the jail, this morning. that within twenty days you are to be taken by the sheriff to the state prison and by him placed in charge of the warden until Friday, Dec. 3, 1897, upon which day, between the hours of twelve o'clock and sunrise, within an enclos- avenue. ure in the state prison, as provided by law, you shall be hanged by the neck until dead."

The sentence of the court has been pronounced and the days of Fuda are numbered unless an appeal goes to the Supreme court and is successful.

There was some surprise expressed about the court room after the court adjourned because Judge Wheeler failed to conclude his sentence with the language of the ancient formula: "And may God have mercy on your soul."

That formula has been followed by every judge in capital cases in this country and it was also used by Judge Samuel O. Prentice when he sentenced Thomas Kippie in New Haven last Feb-

The accused man will probably be taken to the state prison some time next week.

### Norwalk Wheelmen Will Attend.

The Post and Telegram bicycle parade at Bridgeport Monday morning, July 5, will start at 10 o'clock promptly. There will be a grand review, band concert and countermarch at Seaside park. This will be eminently the best time to see the parade and it will also serve to allow the paraders to view the display. It will also give visiting wheelmen an opportunity to ride through the park. There will be another review and band concert at Washington park. The Twin City Wheel club will be the guests of the American Wheel club, and will enjoy a bicycle waltz at Pleasure beach in the evening.

#### "Too Much for Them."

The governing committee of the Norwalk Yacht club last week sent to the members for approval a list of six applicants for membership to the club, among them being editor James Maples of the Hour. He was too much for them, however, and while five of the list were admitted Maples was blackballed.

-Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

A Witness Testifies That The Prisoner was Afraid to Meet the Police.

The Trial will Probably Last Until the Latter Part of Next Week.

The trial of Nicodemo Imapassino Wheeler and the Superior court and will be before the court for several days yet. Assistant State's Attorney Carter says that it will probably be the latter part of next week before the case will be terminated. The evidence is for the greater part only a repetition of that introduced in the case of the state against Fuda.

A damaging piece of evidence was secured by the state when Salvator Aingillette, a Stamford Italian, was placed on the stand. From his statements it was shown that Imapassino must have been troubled with a guilty conscience from the time the murder was committed until the Saturday following when he left Stamford. The witness said he had been in company with him the Saturday following the murder, and Imapassino while walking along one of the streets of Stamford, declared that he was afraid to meet the officers for fear he would be arrested. The witness asked him why he was afraid, but he made no reply.

Attorney Chamberlain took exception to the ruling of the court admitting the evidence introduced tending to show that Imapassino had urged Fuda and another Italian to drink on the day of the murder.

During the day a number of Italian neighbors of the murdered woman were placed on the stand, but the state secured little or no evidence tending to show that there existed much ill feeling between the accused and Mrs. Fuda. The revolver owned by the prisoner was produced and identified by some of the witnesses who had seen it in the possession of the accused before the

Late in the afternoon Chief of Police Vollmer of South Norwalk, was called and testified in relation to the weapons which had been turned over to him after the murder. His testimony was substantially the same as introduced in the Fuda case. The trial was resumed

Miss Marion Pugsley of Toronto, is a guest of Mrs. W. A. Curtis on West

Mrs. J. J. Bates-Hall is visiting friends in town. Mrs. Hall's home is now in Colebrook.

Editor W. F. Bolande of the Bridgeoort Evening Post and reporter George W. Finn were in town yesterday, and attended the Alpha Wheel club events.

Hon. John H. Ferris left on a business trip to Detroit, yesterday after-

Mrs. Grace McChesney and Miss Lena White of South Norwalk, have returned from a visit in Newburgh, N. Y.

Mrs. D. M. Corbett and Bessie Corbett and Master Davy Ferris returned last night from a few weeks' visit with friends at Ripley and Waterloo, N. J.

E. L. Frye of Newark, W. F. Parmelee of Middletown, George Bowman of New Britain, Harry Woodward of Boston and G. M. Henderson of Brooklyn were in town last night.

D. W. Scofield wheeled down from Ridgefield this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Mallory who have been visiting relatives in this city, have gone to Crescent Beach for the summer.

#### Made a Good Showing.

James E. Adams' mare Ellard Ella made a fine showing at the races held in Newtown, yesterday, being a close second in a hotly contested race. Mr. F. Bronson's lightning half-mile pacer took first money. The mare was driven by its owner who feels quite proud of the showing made by her.

### Can It Be True.

Selectman Selleck says that he has been informed that a certain party who recently gave \$65 cash in payment for a \$75 bicycle, was at the time receiving aid from the town. Mr. Selleck is investigating the matter.

#### Congressman Hill Home.

Hon. E. J. Hill arrived home from Washington, this morning.

# SENTENCE OF DEATH. IMAPASSINO'S TRIAL. ALPHA CLUB TRACK RACES WASHINGTON NEWS.

# THE COLUMBIA COLLEGE TRACK TEAM SPRINGS A SURPRISE.

THEY CAPTURE A NUMBER OF PRIZES.

still occupies the attention of Judge A BROOKLYN WHEELMAN HAS A COLLISION DURING A PRACTICE SPIN AND BREAKS HIS COLLAR BONE.



ted by the GAZETTE weather signal flag, but it was not enough to interfere with the afternoon track races of the Alpha Wheel club, on the Fair Grounds yesterday.

A large crowd was in attendance, the grand stand being filled and the rails on both sides of the track being packed with enthusiastic wheelmen and their

Commodore Burritt again acted as starter, and it is safe to say, a better one was never seen on the track.

A. W. Knapp, of Bridgeport, was referee, and performed his arduous duties in an able manner.

AIN fell, as indica- 2nd; Tony Ghiotto, T. C. W. 3d.

Third Heat-M. G. Jennings, American Wheel club, 1st: W. Lane, Danbury 2nd; C. W. Hurlbutt, Waterbury,

Final-H. E. Willmore, 1st; R. Wuerz, 2nd: T. B. Miles, 3d. Time 2:48 2-5.

BURRITT CHAMPIONSHIP CUP. W. Shepard, 1st; R. E. Curtis, 2nd; R. F. Cotter, 3d. Time 3.02 2-5.

ONE MILE HANDICAP.

First Heat-E. C. Hausman, 1st; J. F. Broderick 2nd; F. W. Richt, 3rd; A. Wrigley, 4th; R. H. Hawkins, 5th; Harry Studwell 6th. Time 2.13.

Second Heat-A. R. Freeman, 1st;H. C. Munson, 2nd; R. F. Cotter, 3rd; R. M. Alexander, 4th; H. Y. Bedell, 5th; W. H. Fearing, Jr., 6th. Time 2.121-5. Third Heat-W. E. Tenzler, 1st; C.



A FAIR LADY RIDER.

Long before 2 o'clock, the hour set [ T. Nelson, 2nd; J. D. Cooper, 3rd; T. F. for the races, Main street presented a beautiful sight. Trolley cars, one following close upon the other, filled with handsomely costumed ladies sped towards the grounds, while hundreds of wheels lined the streets, all bound for the same destination.

There were six events on the program, and all of them excepting the race for the Burritt cup were run in heats owing to the large number of en-

The racing team from Columbia College, of New York, was present with Captain Fearing at the head, and the city boys captured a number of prizes that old favorites were booked to win.

The Twin City racing team did not show up very well, and outside of Shepard who won the Burritt cup in the low time of 3:02 2-5 none of the riders secured a position.

The races were as follows: ONE MILE NOVICE.

First Heat-W. A. Belden, Stamford, 1st; R. Wurz, Darien, 2nd; T. B. Miles, Harlem Wheelmen, 3d.

Second Heat-H. J. Munson, Union City, 1st; H. E. Willmore, Bridgeport,

Clark, 4th; F. W. L. Fullerton, 5th; W. H. Hays, 6th. Time 2.121-5.

Final-E. C. Hausman, 1st; W. E. Tenzler, 2nd; C. T. Nelson, 3rd; G. H. Collett, 4th. Time 2.101-5. ONE MILE OPEN.

First Heat-E. C. Hausman, 1st; O. Hedstrom. 2nd; R. M. Alexander, 3rd. Time 2:24 1-5.

Second Heat-W. E. J. Hirk, 1st; A. R. Freeman, 2nd; A. M. Curtis, 3nd. Time 2:24 1-5. Third Heat-F. W. Richt, 1st; W. E.

Tenzler, 2nd; Geo. Reith, 3rd. Time Final-G. H. Collett, 1st; F. W.

Richt, 2nd; W. E. Tenzler. 3rd; Geo. Reith, 4th. Time, 2:32 3-5.

ONE-HALF MILE HANDICAP. First Heat-F. F. Flandrew, 1st; J. J.

Peugnet, 2nd; O. C. Heine, 3rd; C. W. Hurlburt, 4th. Time, 1:03 1-5. Second Heat-L. C. Kinscey, 1st; C. T. Nelson, 2nd; F. H. Burger, 3rd; J.

Thompson, 4th. 1:03. Third Heat-C. M. Wing, 1st; J. D. Cooper, 2nd; C. W. Clark, 3rd; W. J.

[CONTINUED ON PAGE FIVE.]

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford Goes as Minister to Spain,

The Spanish and Cuban Question Will Occupy the President's Attention Next.

> GAZETTE BUREAU, ) 1235 NEW YORK AVENUE, WASHINGTON June 17.

The President is understood to be ready to take up the Spanish and Cuban question next. The statement first published in the GAZETTE that Gen. Stewart L. Woodford had been urged to accept the Spanish Mission is confirmed by his nomination. The President deems this the most important of all his foreign appointments and requiring a higher grade of legal accrument and general information and it is believed should Gen. Woodford consent to accept the position, the Mission to Madrid would be raised to an Embassy.

0 0 0 Congressman E. J. Hill is to leave here for Norwalk to stay over Sunday to-morrow.

gan of our state, to-day. It is not known

what day he will supercede Mr. Mor-

U. S. Treasurer Roberts had an interview with his predecessor Mr. Mor-

gan, who is in readiness to return to Bridgeport.

The President yesterday nominated Lieut. G. P. Colvocoresces, of the United States navy, to be a lieutenantcommander. Lieut. Colvocoresces is a son of Capt. Colvocoresces, also of the navy, whose mysterious death in Bridgeport over 20 years ago was famous the world over and has never been explained. Capt. Colvocoresces was found dead on the street, shot through the heart. The revolver with which the deed was done was found some distance away, seemingly too far away to have been thrown by the man after receiving a wound of that description. Because of that fact, many believed at the time that he was murdered, but the police have always maintained that he committed suicide. He had an insurance of over \$100,000 on his life. 0 0 0

The Tariff Bill made rapid progress again to-day and sanguine Congressman seem to think an adjournment may be reached early in July. 0 0 0

gation is holding a session to-night to Lawrence, both of Danbury. hear further from the Tobacco growers from our own and other states in relation to the effect the new tariff rates are to have upon that industry, with a view of getting the proposed duties modified. This meeting will prevent Congressman Hill leaving for Norwalk until tomorrow.

It is not expected that the project of Hawaiian annexation will be ratified by the Senate at this session. The President claims that annexation is in accordance with the established policy of this country. 0 0

It has leaked out that our Mayor Wheeler is making an unusually fine summer hat for President McKinley, at his Norwalk Straw hat factory. 0 0 0

Stephen Morris colored, was arrested last night on the charge of stealing boards from the Smith & Palmer hat shop. The arrest was made by Constable Ireland.

It is stated of silk weaver Conder that he recently purchased a horse of Hang Abdter to ride to his work from his home on Westport avenue. This morning he was a little late about starting and walked over, leaving the horse at

#### The Matter Adjusted.

At the time Goldberg the Wall street milliner failed, E. Gusowski receipted for \$600 worth of goods, taking as security the note of a Mr. Jaffrey who had attached them. Since that time Gusowski became alarmed, and yesterday caused an execution to be served in order to protect himself from loss. The papers were served by Constable Goodwin. An amicable settlement was reached, the goods turned over to trustee Austin, and Mr. Gusowski relieved of further responsibility in the matter.

#### Band Concert.

Dwyer's City of Norwalk band will give a concert on the Green to-night. New music will be presented, and the concert promises to be a source of much pleasure to all.

-Advertise in the GAZETTE.

#### EAST NORWALK.

The funeral of Minnie I. Brundage, wife of Ernest W. Brundage, will be held from the East Avenue Methodist church Sunday, at 3 p. m.

Misses May Merritt and Addie Naphey are guests of Mrs. George Stevens in New York.

Mrs. David Rose of Hill street, received news of the death of her brother,

Nathaniel Tucker of Mattituck, L. L. Miss Grace Barnum of Bethel, is the

guest of her sister Mrs. E. H. Gumbart. Mrs. Clara Tristram of Brooklyn, spent the day yesterday with Mrs. George Rose on Cottage avenue.

East Norwalk will probably smell of fish for several days as a number of our young people have gone down the harbor black fishing. Among those we noticed were Misses Ida and Clara Ainsworth, Miss Fannie Rice of Brooklyn, W. W. Davis of Port Jefferson, L. I., and our popular young wheelman Harry Roberts, also Ellis Taylor of Seaside place.

A Stull, the Cottage avenue groceryman, is contemplating the erection of a store on the east end of Cottage avenue.

#### -You Can Find Malaria

almost everywhere, and as many socalled cures as there are cases—our knowledge of medicine, our increased sales, over reports from our customers, prove to us that Riggs' Malaria Cure is all that we claim-it will stamp out and keep out those poisonous gems.

#### Death of "Tommy" Goodwin.

Thomas Goodwin died at the Norwalk hospital early this morning aged about 25 years. His wife and one child survive him. The deceased was a cig ar maker by trade and lived on Belden avenue. He was first taken ill about a week ago. Late yesterday afternoon he was transferred in the ambulance to the hospital at which institution he died as above stated.

The Cathotic club base ball nine will play the Westcotts of Stamford, at Norwalk Park, to-morrow afternoon.

#### MARRIAGES.

CROCKER-COUCH .- In Pawtucket, R. I., June 17th, Henry T. Crocker of Bridgeport and Miss Martha N. Couch of Pawtucket, R. I.

PRIBYL-MILLS. — In Bridgeport, June 17, by Rev. Father Donnigan, John F. Pribyland Miss Victoria Mills, both of Hazelton, Pa.

OSBORNE-LAWRENCE. -In Danbury 0 0 0 June 16th, by Rev. E. Jay Teagarden, The Connecticut congressional dele-John C. Orborne and Miss Josie A.

DEATHS. BRUNDAGE-In East Norwalk, June 17, Minnie I., wife of Ernest W. Brundage. Cox.—In Hawleyville, June 12, Ann

Cox, aged 76 years. COLGAN-in Bridgeport. June 15th, 1897, Morris Colgan.

CUNNINGHAM-In Brewster, June 9, James Cunningham, aged 33 years. EUERLE—In Bridgeport, June 14th, 1897, Jennie, wife of G. Lewis Euerle,

aged 31 years. FINCH.—At Stamford, June . 13, Emeline M., wife of James P. Finch.

Fox—In Bridgeport, June 16th, John Fox aged 70 years. GOODWIN-In Norwalk, June 18, Thomas Goodwin.

Hogan—In Bridgeport, June 16th, Patrick Hogan aged 85 years. MALLETT.-In Bridgeport, June 13th, Mary Elizabeth, wife of Frank C. Mal-

lett, aged 25 years.

MURRAY.-In Danbury, June 14, Mrs. James Murray. Morris—In Bridgeport, June 16th, Ella G., widow of Dr. William H. Mor-

ris aged 41 years. MAHONEY—In Danbury, June 11, Daniel Mahoney, 7 Durant street, aged 57 years.

PECK—In Greenwich, June 12, Ida Daton Peck, widow of Professor Wil-liam Guy Peck, of Columbia College.

RICHTER-In Bridgeport, June 12, Maggie L., wife of William Richter, aged 34 years.

SUNDERLAND.-In Danbury, June 12, infant son of Dr. Paul U. and Julia Kerrigan Sunderland.

SMITH-In Nichols, June 14th, 1897, Ezra C. Smith, aged 42 years. SMITH-In Fairfield, June 14th, 1897,

James P. Smith, aged 74 years. SCHASCHAT.—In Denver, Col. June 14. Rebecca Schaschat, wife of E. Schaschat of Norwalk.

TUCKER-In Norwalk. June 14. Mary Catherine Quintard, wife of Charles A. Tucker, and daughter of Mrs. Lydia E. Quintard, aged 50 years.

WELLS.—In Bridgeport, June 12, Homer C., infant son of Wm. H., and the late Minnie J. Wells, aged 8 months. WINTON.—In Newtown, Mrs. Eliza Winton, aged 71 years.

WATERMAN-In Danbury, June 11, Winnie Waterman, of 16 Center street,

# TAILORS' STRIKE WON

The Contractors' Association Anxious to Sign as a Body.

#### BUT SCHOENFELD REFUSES.

Leader Insists Upon Individual Agreements-An Apparently Complete Victory, Although the "Bosses" Dispute the Claim.

New York, June 18.-The great strike of the tailors is at an end, and the strikers have won.

A committee of the Contractors' association was appointed at a meeting held at 112 Clinton street to inform the Brotherhood of Tailors that the association would sign the agreement of the brotherhood in a body.

This committee met Leader Schoen-feld and the executive board of the tailors and laid the proposition before

Schoenfeld and the board declined to accept the proposition, although the committee offered real estate as security or \$1,000 in cash.

After a short interval the committee of the Contractors' association decided that it was best for the members to sign the brotherhood agreement as individuals and, accordingly, 140 contractors, employing 2,500 men, will sign the brotherhod agreement between now and Monday, and give the required security.

which has resulted in a complete victory for Mayer Schoenfeld and the Brotherhood of Tailors.

There are a good many contractors who are not in the association who have not signed the agreement and have been holding off to see which way the cat was going to jump.

It is very likely that these nonassociation contractors will begin a scramble at once to sign the agreement and get work.

#### Clothing Will Be Higher.

The busy season has fairly begun, and work has piled up so that the contractors are compelled to accept the terms of the strikers.

The wholesale manufacturers must necessarily pay increased prices for their work, and the cost of clothing next year will undoubtedly be higher than at present.

Leader Schoenfeld, his lieutenants and the strikers generally are in great glee over this signal victory.

A mass meeting will be held in old Walhalla hall to celebrate the event. Leader Schoenfeld was able to get about today, but is almost prostrated with the strain of the last five weeks. His 16-year-old daughter and Dr. C. P. Komreich of 151 Clinton street were locking for Mr. Schoenfeld in the strike

district to get him to gc home and rest. Schoenfeld's wife is an invalid under the doctor's care. The daughter and the doctor found Mr. Schoenfeld extremely busy with the executive board of the tailors, and they could not prevail upon him to go home.

Mr. Schoenfeld is very nervous, and

was reported yesterday to be on the verge of total collapse.

He has made no less than 40 speeches of 11/2 hours' duration each, and over 80,000 persons have heard him in the last five weeks.

He has written 214 circulars in English, Hebrew and German. He has also made 350 appointments with individual contractors and personally distributed \$600 since the strike began to 500 starv-

#### Contractors Deny It.

The report of the capitulation of the contractors spread with furious speed among the strikers in the territory afthe 2,500 operators now on strike were massed in Essex street trying to ascertain from the settlement committee if their employers had committed themselves individually to the requirements of the new agreement.

The cloakmakers, buttonhole workers and knee trousers makers are talking strike now

When Benjamin Driesen, president, and Benjamin Witkowsky, secretary of the Clothing Contractors' association, were seen this afternoon, they denied that the association had sent a committee to the brotherhood for the

purpose of settling the strike.
"I challenge Schoenfeld to produce the three men who he said acted as a committee and wanted to sign their agreement in behalf of the association That report must have originated in the imagination of Schoenfeld."

#### New York Legislative Printing. Albany, June 18.-The state printing

board at its meeting today awarded the contract for legislative printing for the two years beginning Oct. 1, 1897, to Charles Tollner. Jr., of Brooklyn, his bid being the lowest at \$68,611.30. The price of the last contract, which was awarded two years ago to Wyncoop-Hallenbeck-Crawford company, was in the neighborhood of \$111,000.

#### Major Hutchins Released.

Auburn, N. Y., June 18.—Major John F. Hutchins, who was received at Auburn prison from Rochester Oct. 28, 1893, on a 12 years' sentence for assault on a woman, first degree, was released from prison today on a special commutation from Governor Black, which re duced his sentence to five years and one month, subject to commutation.

#### Cashier a Suicide.

San Francisco, June 18.-Isaac Norton, cashier of the United States inter-nal revenue department in this city, has committed suicide with carbolic acid. He had been notified by Revenue Collector Wilburn that his accounts were to be examined in consequence of the succession of Captain Thrasher as special agent of the department.

#### Murderer Peters Kills Himself. Paterson, N. J., June 18 .- The search

for John Peters, who yesterday mur; dered Leo Schriefers, his boarder, for alienating his wife's affections, was ended today by the finding of Peters' dead body, he having hanged himself in an unfrequented room of his house.

#### One Day's Government Receipts.

Washington, June 18.—National bank notes received today for redemption, \$422,340; government receipts from internal revenue, \$501,013; customs, \$651,-195; miscellaneous, \$86,059.

#### ARE YOU THUS?

Some Pertinent Queries A South Norwalk Ex-

perience.

Is your head stopped up? Is the breath bad? Do scales form in the nose? Does the nose bleed easily? Do you sneeze a great deal ? Is there a pain over the eyes? Is the voice husky? Do you spit up slime?

Is there a buzzing sound heard?
Are you gradually becoming deaf? Is there a ringing in your ears?
Is the sense of smell leaving you?
Does it hurt the ears when you blow

Does your nose discharge continually? Do you snore at night? Is there a pain between your shoul-

Do you hawk to clear the throat? Is there a dropping in the throat? Is the throat dry in the morning? Are you losing the sense of taste?

Do you take cold easily?

If you have any of these symptoms you are suffering from cataarh in some orm. California Cataarh Cure will instantly relieve and speedily cure you.

Mr. H. L. Woodworth, of 1 Burbank street, South Norwalk, says: "I have been troubled with cataarh for some time; my head and nose seemed pretty well stuffed up, and the quantities of matter that run into my throat at night would cause me to hawk, spit, and often gag in the morning, before I could clear my throat. I got some California Cataarh Cure at Plaisted's drug store, and already these symptoms are very much better. My throat is finely free from all matter in the morning, and my whole head feels much clearer."

California Cataarh Cure is for you, too. In case of colds it is invaluable, as it helps in breaking them up, and entirely prevents a cold "hanging on," as well as attacks of acute cataarh which so often follow a severe cold in

California Cataarh Cure is sold by all dealers for 50 cents; three times as much for \$1.

More Bombs Discovered In Paris.

Paris, June 17 .- L'Eclair says that four other bombs or infernal machines have been discovered in Paris during the past month and that during President Faure's journeyings several domiciles were searched. In connection with the alleged attempt upon the life of President Faure last Sunday while on his way to the races at Longchamps, several arrests have been made, but only one man has been detained in cus-

#### A Protest Against Powell.

Washington, June 17.-A number of merchants of Philadelphia and other cities appeared before the senate committee on foreign relations today and made protest against the appointment of William F. Powell to be minister to Haiti. They based their opposition on the ground of Mr. Powell's color, contending that a white man would be

#### Railway Postal Clerks Meet.

Philadelphia, June 17.-The sixth annual convention of the National Asso ciation of the Railway Postal Clerks opened here today. About 50 delegates are present, representing from 7,500 to 8,000 postal clerks. The convention will consider measures looking to the promotion of congressional legislation, and also to the formation of a mutual accident branch.

#### Icebergs Sighted From the Servia.

Queenstown, June 17.—The Cunard line steamer Servia, Captain Watt, from New York June 8, for Liverpool, upon her arrival here reported passing on the 11th two icebergs, one in latitude 41.35, longitude 49.40; the other in latitude 40.39, longitude 48.52.

#### Distinguished Americans Abroad.

London, June 17.-General Nelson A Miles II. S. A., and his aid-de-camp Captain P. Maus, and Rear Admiral J. N. Miller, U. S. N., paid official visits today, in full uniform, to the United States embassador, Colonel John Hay who returned their visits.

#### A Collier's Crew Drowned.

Belfast, June 17.-The steam collier Susannah, Captain Kelly, has foundered in a hurricane which has passed over Belfast lough. Ten members of the crew were drowned.

#### Stabbed and Robbed Near St. Louis,

St. Louis, June 17 .- C. B. Collins, who said he had but recently disposed of his hotel in Nashville and had the proceeds \$6,000, on his person, was found badly wounded at Meramec Highlands. was bleeding from several wounds. He told the watchman of the inn near which he was found that he had been stabbed and robbed of the \$6,000 by Martin Ensley, a traveling man.

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the deseased portion of the ear-There is only one way to cure Derfness and that is by constitutional remedies Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eus tachian Tube. When this tube get infl amed you have a rumbling sound or im-perfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by ca tarrh which is nothing but an inflamed

condition of the mucous surfaces

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENFY & Co., 1 oledo. O.

Sold by D 2 ruggis, 75c.

Mrs. T. B. Dikeman of Danbury is visiting the Misses Hyatt on Main

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O! Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has the rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1/4 the price of coffee. 15c. and 25cts. per package. Sold by all gro-

# THE EVENING GAZETTE

CHECKER-BOARD BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

NORWALK FIRE INSURANCE CO, In Successful Operation Since 1860, No Outstanding Claims.		Safes For Rent- VALUABLES STORED IN Safe Deposit Vault OF THE NATIONAL BANK OF NORWALK,		PIEL BROS'. Real German Lager, On draught and in Bottles'AT'- RATCHFORD'S, 44 Main Street.	Ohan T.L.	MAKER OF AND DEALER IN HARNESS AND HORSE GOODS. Repairing of all kinds done at short notice Harness made tc or- der a specialty. 31 MAIN £ 1. NOEWALE, CONN.	
	GAZETTE ADS.  BRING  GOOD RESULTS		Geo. W. Raymond, DEALER IN Staple and Fancy Groceries AND Provisions No. 9 Main St.		Chas. T. Leonard Wholesale and Retail Dealer in COAL, WOOD, BLUE STONE AND MASONS' BUILD- ING MATERIALS MANUFACTURER OF CEMENT -:- PIPE. Office and Yard, 33 to 43 Water Street.		W. H. BYINGTON INSURANCE. Room 3, Sazette Building.
G. Ward Selleck, BEST GOODS. TEAS and COFFEES 18 WALL ST.	š	g = 1		STORAGE! Furniture or other articles taken in storage by the week, month or year at low rates. For terms apply to— S. B. WILSON Builder, 92 Wall St. Norwalk, Conn.		9 2	•
	v i		Edgar Buttery, Nurseryman, NORWALK, CONN. Trees. Shrubs and Plants. Strawberry Plants a Specialty. Brandy Wine, Rio and Marshel. 30 other Varieties. Office, 6 Water St. Nurs'ys, Broad River.		A. R. MALKIN Carpenter and Builder, SAWING AND PLANING 76 Franklin Ave., NORWALK, CONN.		Painting, Paper Hanging, Kalsomin- ing and Hardwood Finishing,  C. L. PLATT, 52 Wilton Avenue, Norwalk, Conn. Send for book con- taining samples.
Frank T. Hyatt  DENTIST,  8 West Avenue.						PARLOR  BARBER-:-SHOP,  E.S. LEOBOLD.  47 Main Street.	
			HUNT & ZELUFF, Fish, Clams, Oysters, Fruits and Vegetables, 69 Washington St. SOUTH NORWALK. LOBSTERS CAUGHT OFF NORWALK ISLANDS. Leave your orders and have them delivered every Saturday, a. m.		TRY WEED'S SODA WATER 38 Wall St.		7
		Bottling Works, 7 Wall Street. FINE ALES AND LAGER EXPRESSIX FOR FAM- ILY USE. Mail orders receive prompt attention.	-		a		
NASH & VANSCOY				<b>EMBOSSING</b>			Job Printing
CROCRERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE. PLUMBING, STEAM AND GAS FITTING. Cor. Main & West ts RO. NORWALK, CT				DONE AT THIS OFFICE.		. 19	EVERY DESCRIPTION EXECUTED AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE

# Advertising that Pays DI

The Successful Merchants in Norwalk all advertise in The GAZETTE because it keeps them in touch with the entire purchasing community.

# New York and Norwalk Freight Line

DAILY.

**PROPELLERS** 

# Norwalk, Eagle

N. Y. (Beekman St.), or

# NORWALK AND SOUTH NORWALK

AT 5 P. M.

Leave South Norwalk Daily at 6 P. M.

Leave Norwalk Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5 P. M.

JOU read this advertisement If it had been yours and others had read it, how much good it might have done. Send in your adv and we will do the rest. Rates on application.

# SCHLEICHER & SON'S

There is simply no use comparing this piano with any other on the market.

# IT&LEADS

when it comes to

TONE. FINISH, DURABILITY. RIGHTNESS IN PRCIE

-Office and Factory, Pacific Street, STAMFORD, CONN.



# R PALMER COX BROWNIEBOOKS TO OUR READERS

Beautiful Illuminated Covers HIS QUAINT CONCEITS

HAVE NEVER BEEN EQUALLED ALL HIS; BIRDS, BROWNIES, AND BEASTS are a rayed in varied garments, much as ordinary human beings dress. Walk on two legs, think as men and women do, talk to each other, go to housekeeping, dance at weddings, etc., etc. These books are crammed from cover to cover with the quaintest conceptions in PICTURE and STORY; enough to crack your sides with merriment and SET THE CHILDREN WILD WITH DELIGHT.:

(THE EVENING CAZETTE.)

He Never Was' TEAT That Could Hold Palmer COX

All the children love Palmer Cox's Brownies. Welwant every tot in own to have a set of these, so they will be given out [FREE TO OUR READERS. All we ask is that you send this order to the [publishers. It

Send this "Order" direct to the publisher and books will be sent you by return man

Send this "Order"direct to the publishers

**Cut This Out** 

ORDER

60c Worth Free.

**HUBBARD PUB. CO..** 

1023 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Please mail me the Following Four N w Palmer Cox Brownie Books:

**Busy Brownies** Funny Foxes

Gock Robin Birds' Wedding

Enclosed Please find 10c. to pay Wrapping and Postage.

Address,......State ...... Charge to Account EVENING GAZETTE, Norwalk, Conn.

Warranted Solid Cold. Beautiful Chased Holder.

You may think it cannot possess merit or durability, the price is so low; but the "Lincoln" is a \$2.50 pen reduced to \$1 00. It is durable, always ready to "go" but never drips, the ink flowing steadily and uniformly. They are in use in this office, giving the best of satisfaction, and they are in use in the bas, insurance and business offices and among all classes of users of pens in Norwalk and vicinity.

LINCOLN FOUNTAIN PEN 1

Orders are received from all parts of the country. Samples to be seen and orders received at the GAZETTE OFFICE.

# FIRE INSURANCE

A Wise Man Keeps his Home Insured Against Fire.\_\_\_\_

BEST COMPANIES REPRESENTED

W. H. BYINGTON,

ROOM I, GAZETTE BUILDING, - - ... NORWALN, CONN

#### DEATH OF FATHER KNEIPP.

The Founder of the "Wet Grass" Cure

Passes Away In Bavaria. Munich, June 18.-Father Sebastian Kneipp, famous through his water or grass cure, died at Woerishofen, Bavaria, today. He was 76 years old.

Sebastian Kneipp was born at Stefansried, Bavaria, on May 17, 1821. As a boy he was frail, and his physician declared that he would not live to be 30 years old. In his youth he was a weaver, and he worked at the loom until he attained his majority. Then he turned to the church and the study of medicine. He devoted himself to medi-



#### FATHER KNEIPP.

cine that he might cure his own bodily ailments. In 1848 he began his self treatment and soon had restored him-self to perfect health. This treatment is now world famed as the Kneipp water cure. The principles of the Kneipp school are the purification of the blood and the regulation of the circulation. To accomplish this Father Kneipp prescribed certain plain herbs and the application of cold water to various parts of the body.

Having successfully treated himself,

Father Kneipp began treating the country folk about him. So great was his success that his fame soon extended far beyond the little Bavarian village of Woerishofen, and persons went to him from all over Europe. For 30 years he personally treated all who went to him and gave them baths with his own hands in the little building, now his-toric, which was known as the "washing kitchen."

The labor proved too arduous, and the Kneipp society was formed. This organization is supported by charity and takes charge of the cure. From a humble beginning in the priest's house in Woerishofen the system in the hands of the Kneipp verein has spread over the world. Where the washing kitchen stood is now an immense sanitarium with 12 physicians in charge, ministering to 1,200 patients at one time. Kneipp sanitariums have been founded in many

In them the cures are worked by water, air and sunshine. Baths are given to a portion of the body at a time. The patients take short walks and wear clothing of open texture to admit the air. They are required to go without other protection to the feet than a light sole, and at times wade in snow, or grass wet with the early morning dew.

Father Kneipp treated many distinguished persons. Two years ago he was called to Rome by the pope, to whose allments he successfully ministered. Most of his life was spent in Woer-

He began to fail about three months ago, and a few weeks since was erro-neously reported dead.

#### Americans Entertained Abroad.

Paris. June 18 .- At the garden party at the British embassy here today in honor of Queen Victoria's jubilee the United States embassador to France, United States embassy, the leading members of the American colony in Paris, Senator Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado and Mrs. Wolcott, ex-Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson and Miss Stevenson and General Charles Jackson Paine of Massachusetts were pres-

#### The Queen at Windsor.

London, June 18.—The queen arrived at Windsor today. Her majesty was assisted to alight from the royal train, conducted to a carriage and driven to the castle. The list of persons selected for jubilee honors will not contain the names of certain lavish donors to charitles and jubilee funds. The queen objects to royal recognition of acts performed upon the eve of the jubilee, as leading to the suggestion that titles are easily purchased.

#### William M. Evarts Not Ill.

New York, June 18.-It was denied at the home of William M. Evarts at 231 Second avenue that he was seriously ill, as was reported. Mr. Evarts had an attack of the grip several weeks ago, but except for indisposition consequent to his age he is now in good health. He remains within doors almost constantly, but is as bright and active as he has been for the past year.

#### A Collision on Lake Michigan.

Milwaukee, June 18.—The steamer Virginia of the Goodrich line, with 200 passengers aboard, ran down the schooner Eveline, bound from Menominee, Mich., to Chicago, near this port. A panic prevailed among the Virginia's passengers, but the steamer continued on her course to Chicago, and the Eveline was towed to the military docks

#### Wales' Horse Wins.

London, June 18.-The principal event of the Ascot meeting, the Gold Cup, was run today and won by the Prince of Wales' Persimmon, the winner of last year's Derby. Mr. J. C. Sullivan's Winkfield's Pride was second and Mr. Hamar Bass' Love Wisely third.

#### Faure Will Arbitrate.

Paris, June 18.-President Faure has consented to arbitrate the frontier dispute between the Central American republic of Costa Rica and Colombia.

#### A Degree For Laurier.

London, June 18 .- Cambridge university has conferred an honorary degree on the Hon. Wilfred Laurier, the premier of Canada.

#### Sandia Again a Winner.

Ascot Heath, England, June 18.—The Lorillard - Beresford stable's brown gelding Sandia won the New Biennial

### NO HUMBUG HERE.

Norwalk Indorsement is What Counts With the Public.

You can't fool the publicall the time. They will find you out at last. Every time a man is fooled Another skeptic is made.

Many the remedy that makes the It fails to keep its promise.

Doan's Kidney Pills bring renewed

They cure the skeptic. Plenty of proof of this at home. Norwalk proof for Norwalk people.

Our citizens say they cure backache. Cure urinary disorders. Experience has taught them this is so.

Conviction for every sufferer. In the testimony of friends and neigh-

Mr. Thomas Cooney, residing at No. 73 Harbor avenue, dockmaster for ten years, and for thirty years a sailor says, When a boy I fell from a tree striking fence. This accident left me with back trouble, and the life on the water with its hardships added their share, until I found backache was more or less a steady thing, coming on from time to time. I did not understand that it came from the kidneys, but reading that Doan's Kidney Pills cured backache, I got a box at Hale's drug store, and was surprised to find how quickly they acted. They simply cured me and that is all there is to it. You may be sure I have a good word for Doan's Kidney Pills, they have done such good work for me. I shall be glad to tell any one about it who wishes to know."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box, 6 boxes for \$2.50. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, Y., sole agents for the United States Remember the name Doan's and take

The entertainments given by the Women's Relief Corps on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings were a financial success, a nice little sum being netted.

MOTHERS FIND NOTHING EQUAL TO DR. HAND'S COLIC CURE.

Waterbury, 4-2-'97—Hand Medicine Co.:—Dear Sirs:—"I am using Dr. Hand's Cough and Croup Medicine and Colic Cure for my children and find nothing to equal it. They work like magic. I would not be without them in my house. The little ones love Dr. Hand's Colic Cure and cry for it; it relieves them almost instantly. Mrs. Frank Smith, 22 Wood st." All druggists, 25c.

Frank Vail will entertain the Epworth League at his home on Franklin avenue Friday evening.

#### MOTHER, HAVE YOU A BABY?

If so, get from your druggist to-day for 25c., a bottle of Dr. Hand's Colic Cure. Every baby often has distressing colic. Dr. Hand's Colic Cure gives immediate relief by removing wind from the stomach and quieting the nerves, giving restful sleep. Mother, think of the worry and anxiety this saves you. If your baby is teething, Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion for 25c. soothes and relieves all pain. Sold by all druggists.

#### GLAD TIDINGS.

The grand specific for dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, costiveness, general debility, etc., is BACON'S CELERY KING, for the nerves. This reat herbal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and restores the system to vigorous health and energies. Sample free. Large packages 50c and 25c. Sold only by Edward P. Weed, Norwalk, and Geo. C. Stillson, South Norwalk.

William Hudson and Margaret Mc-Quillan were married at St. Mary's rectory, Tuesday evening.

ONE WAY TO BE HAPPY. Is to attend to the comfort of your family. Should any one of them catch a slight cold or cough, call on Edward P. Weed, Norwalk, or George C. Stillson, South Norwalk, Conn, sole agents, and get a trial bottle of Otto's Cure, the great German Remedy, free. We give it away to prove that we have a sure cure for coughs, colds, asthma, consumption, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Large size, 50c.

The Helping Hand Circle, K. D. were the guests of Mrs. W. A. Benedict last evening.

SAVE YOUR LIFE. By using "THE NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the Kidneys, Bladder and Back in male or female. It relieves retention of water, and pain in passing it almost immediately. Save yourself by using this marvelous cure. Its use will prevent fatal consequences in almost all cases by its great alterative and healing powers. Sold by E. P. Weed, Druggist, Norwalk, Conn.

Captain Cornell, State Armorer, was at the Armory yesterday and opened the boxes containing the new Springfield rifles, and turned them over to Co.'s D. and F.

THERE IS A CLASS OF PEOPLE Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the country stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it It does not cost over 1/4 from coffee. as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15cts. and 25cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

A hearing in the matter of the assignment of David Stow will be held at 34a336 the Probate Court rooms next Tuesday 60a70c.

#### SWAM AFTER A THIEF.

Bold Capture of a River Pirate by a New York Policeman. New York, June 13 .- Three river pi-

rates were surprised at their work early today by Policeman Christopher O'Brien, who, after a lively time, succeeded in capturing one of the men while in the water. The other two escaped. He fired two shots at the men. Charles Bremer was the name given

by the one who was captured and arraigned in the Harlem police court and held for examination. He said that he lived at 2053 First avenue.

Policeman O'Brien was patrolling his beat along the East river front when he heard splashing off the wharf at One Hundred and Fifteenth street, which led him to investigate. After getting on a barge moored to the wharf he heard on the adjoining barge, the Dunderberg, some men talking. In his endeavors to get to them quietly in the dark the policeman's foot knocked down a tin can, which put the men on the alert. One of the men jumped overboard and the other two hid. When the man in the water came to the surface, the policeman yelled to him that unless he came back and surrendered he would shoot.

Instead of obeying the bluecoat the man dived down again. The tide was evidently against him, for the next time he came up for breath he was closer to the barge than ever. The policeman again shouted for the man to stop, but as he did not do so O'Brien fired his revolver once without trying to hit his man. The swimmer again went under the surface of the water, and while he was out of sight O'Brien whistled for help.

Detective White responded with three policemen. White and Policeman Man-ning were foremost in chasing the other two men, who had by that time left their hiding place.

When the swimming pirate came up after O'Brien's first shot, the policeman fired again, but the shot did not have any other effect than to cause the swimmer to make more frantic efforts to escape. Seeing that bullets did not terrify the pirate, O'Brien jumped overboard with his clothes on, and after a race of 20 yards in the water overtook the thief, who had become somewhat

exhausted. But Bremer was not too tired to show fight. The moment O'Brien tried to grab him there was a struggle for supremacy, which ended in favor of the policeman. O'Brien, after choking his prisoner into submission, towed him by the hair to the barge and handcuffe

In the meantime Detective White was trying to arrest one thief, and Policeman Manning was endeavoring to catch the other. Both pirates jumped overboard. White nearly caught his man before he got into the water, but then, as he was not an expert swimmer, he jumped into the pirates' rowboat at the rear of the store barge and rowed after the man, but lost him in the water. The other one escaped by swimming under a wharf.

#### Paris' Latest Bomb Scare.

Paris, June 18.—The police of this city connect the explosion of a bomb yesterday in front of the Strasburg statue, on the Place de la Concorde, with the alleged attempt to assassinate Presi dent Faure by the explosion of bombs in the Bois de Boulogne on Sunday last. while on his way to the races at Long-

#### Wants \$500,000 From Uncle Sam.

Washington, June 18 .- John H. Miller, counsel for Alonzo B. Bowers of California and John B. Brown of Illinois, today filed a petition in the court of claims demanding judgment against the United States for \$500,000 for the use by the government of a patented dredging machine owned by the claimants.

Italian and French Workmen Clash. Paris, June 18.—In a fight between Italian and French workmen at Barcarin, near St. Louis du Rhone, two Frenchmen were killed. The district is intensely excited, and the police are taking steps to meet further disturbances.

#### The Weather.

Threatening, followed by clearing; variable winds.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Quotations of the New York Stock

New York, June 17.—Money on call nominally at 1a1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper,3a4 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.87a4.87¼ for demand and at \$4.85½a4.88½ for 60 days. Posted rates, \$4.86½a4.87 and \$4.88. Commercial bills, \$4.85¼4. Silver certificates, 60½a6lc. Bar silver, 60½c. Mexican dollars, 47%c. Government bonds firm. State bonds quiet. Railroad bonds firm. bonds firm.

Atchison 121/4	New England
Bur. & Quincy 8134	N. J. Central 827
C., C., C. & St. L. 24	North American 4
Chesapeake & O. 1714	Northern Pacific. 143
Chicago Gas 891/2	Do. pref 423
Cordage	N. Y. Central 1011
Cotton Oil 1456	Omaha 59%
Del. & Hudson10734	Ontario & West. 145
Distillers' Trust	Pacific Mail 291
Erie 143/4	Reading 213.
General Electric 33%	Rock Island 703
Hocking Valley 3	Silver Bullion 60
Lackawanna152	St. Paul 783
Lake Shore 1711/4	Sugar Refinery124
Lead 29	Texas Pacific 101/
Louisville & Nash 49%	Union Pacific 75
Missouri Pacific 18	Wabash pref 151/
Northwestern1101/2	Western Union 831/

#### General Markets.

NEW YORK, June 17.—FLOUR—State and western was quiet and barely steady; city mills patents, \$4.60a4.85; winter patents, \$4.50a4.75; city mills clears, \$4.60a4.75; winter straights, WHEAT-No. 2 red opened easier under

lower cables and favorable weather reports; later there was trading on light northwestern receipts and covering; July, 7334a74 1-16c.; Sept

60 13-16a70 1-16c.

RYL-Dull; No. 2 western. 3614c.

CORN-No. 2 opened easier under good crop
news and later steadied up on good buying orders; July, 29 13-16a30c.; September, 31 1-16a OATS-No. 2 inactive; track, white, state.

5a32c.; track, white, western, 25a22c. PORK-Quiet; mes-, \$8.25a8.75; family, \$9.25 BUTTER-Steady; state dairy, loalic.; state creamery, llal5c.

CHEESE—Quiet; state large, 84c.; small,

7%a8%c. EGGS-Steady; state and Pennsylvania, 12a EGGS-Steady; state and Pennsylvania, 12a 12½c.; western, 10½a11½c. SUGAR-Raw firm; fair refining, 3c.; centrifugal, 9c test, 3½c.; refined firm; crushed, 5½c.; powdered, 5½c. TURPENTINE-Quiet at 27½a28c. RICE-Quiet; domestic, 4½a6c.; Japan, 4½a12c.

a4%c. TALLOW-Quiet; city, 8%a3%c.; country,

HAY-Duit : hipping, 50c.; good to choice,

### SUBSTITUTION

the FRAUD of the day. See you get Carter's, Ask for Carters, Insist and demano

### Carter's Little Liver Pills,

The only perfect Liver Pill. Take no other, Even if Solicited to do so. Beware of imitations of Sar'e Color Wraprer, RED.

### Raymond & Son.

Successors to George H, Raymond

Furniture Dealers and

General Funeral Directors 46 and 48 Main St., Norwalk, Conn.

Residence, Berkeley Place.

- MANUFACTURERS OF --

## IMPROVED SODA AND MIN ERAL WATERS.

Flavoring Extract,s Also the Syrups and Olden Time Fruit Juices. Root Beer. Jemon Soda, Soda Water Sarsaparilla, Supplied in

Birch Beer. Steel Fountains. Seltzer and Vichy in Siphons.

## H. J. & G. S. GRUMMAN.

# **D** RAUNSCHWEIGER MUMME

#### A PURE MALT EXTRACT. A SUBSTITUTE FOR SOLID FOOD.

Highest percentage Extract. Lowes percentage Alcohol. An effective Tonic. An agreeable Beverage. A mild Stimu lant. Just what physicians will prescribe for Nursing Mothers Convalescents and victims of Insomnia or Nervous Disorders resulting from Impaired Digestion and Overwork.

For Sale and Delivered Anywhere

# Long Island Bottling Co..

280-284 Bergen St., Brooklyn. FOR SALE BY EDWARD P. WEED.

W. H. HAYWARD & CO.

Peusion Attorneys and Solicitors.

709 East Capitol Street,

WASHINGTON, D. C

All classes of claims prosecuted before the Interior Department. Rejected pension claims a specialty Correspondence solicited.

PRIVATE

Instructions given in

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at the pupil's home.

CLASS

Now forming, and applicants desiring to ioin should apply at orce to

Prof. Ceo. Yoerger, South Norwalk.

or at this office.

## NORWALK GAZETTE

·Truth above all things.

Entered in the Post Office as a Newspaper

#### FRIDAY, JUNE 19, 1897

#### Hawaii.

The Hawaiian annexation treaty which signed by the President and Secretary Sherman on behalf of the United States, and by Messrs. Hatch, Thurston and Kinney for Hawaii, appears in its text to cover the demands of the occasion, and to fulfil the desires of the American people in the premises. Hawaii cedes its sovereignty and all national property. Until the Congress shall apply to the new territory the laws of the United States, the present laws of the country shall continue in force, but all acts of the Hawaiian local government are to be subject to approval by the President of the United States. Present Hawaiian commercial relations with other countries are continued until the Congress shall otherwise provide. Further Chinese immigration to the islands is prohibited, and Chinese residents of Hawaii will not be allowed to move to other parts of the United States. The United States assumes the public debt of Hawaii, limited to \$4,000,000. Hawaii becomes a Territory of the United States. All subject to ratification by the Senate of the United States. Mrs. Dominis, who, under the Harrison treaty, was to receive a pension of \$20,000 per annum, and Miss Cleghorn, who was allowed a lump sum of \$150,000, are not mentioned in the present document.

#### FEMININE CHAT.

And now we echo the cry: "Oh, for a lodge in some vast wilderness."

Grenadine gowns made fluffy by many ruffles are much worn at the seashore. There is one thing about bicycling on the Fourth of July-your steed won't

shy at the fire-crackers. It always happens that the day you carry your parasol you require your

umbrella before you get home. Not to know how to swim is to argue yourself almost as much out of it as not

knowing how to ride a wheel. Why is it the people we care the most about are always the ones from whom

we are separated the most frequently? When we strive to do the best we can we are sure to find that our best is beyoud anything we had dared to hope

for.

With shirt waists as low as twentyfive cents there is no excuse for any woman looking other than cool and tidy this summer.

The woman who boasts that she can make her toilet in five minutes is not on very good terms with the morning tub. that is certain.

of Maine, the rocky shore of that State | \$150,000 with which to equip and carbeing one of the favorite summer re- ry out his expendition is in sight, and sorts for the four hundred.

Nearly every one has to pass through a period of unhappiness in life, but when once it has become a memory they are all the better for the experi-

All sorts of belts are on sale and sometimes the ordinary little fifty-cent affairs possess as much style and durability as those costing many times that amount.

Grow accustomed to anything, even if it is something disagreeable, and you will miss it when it is discontinuedperhaps it will be a good miss, but a miss, nevertheless.

And now that the cooling claret cup is in order, the cut glass, silver-mounted pitchers shown in the shops have a potent meaning for housekeepers of hospitable intent.

Just when you begin to feel that you are on the best of terms with your bicycle is the time when you are almost certain to get the most trouble of your wheeling career.

# Follow the Use of Utah Kidney Beans.

The Turners' great discovery. The warning notes from the kidneys are, backache, urinary trouble, frequent thirst, rheumatism, burning urine, dropsical swellings, irregular heart action. Heed the warning at once. Your life is in danger. Utah Kidney Beans regulate the kidneys, cure all urinary and bladder troubles surely and quickly. Utah Kidney Beans, discovered and perfected by THE TURNERS of Philadelphia. THE TURNERS also make PO-MELIA—The Infant's Friend, the Invalid's Benefactor. A perfect food. A new discovery for the little ones and for the weak. TURNERS' LITTLE LIVER TURNERS— for sale only in Norwalk by E. P. Weed druggist. R. H. Plaisted, So. Norwalk.

#### -With Malaria Cure.

You should always have Riggs' Ma-Taria Cure at hand. Taken at the first symptoms the cure is easier. Don't bother as to the how. If malaria poison is in the system, Riggs' Cure will search it out and kill it out—if you give the Cure a chance. J. 10 ft

CURRENT COMMENT.

The agitation for good roads which is being carried on in many parts of the country is a healthful sign and the many plans that are being brought forward for road improvement constitute another. The former is as ye! largely confined to scattered localities and is not yet backed by a preponderance of public sentiment. In few states will there be any considerable number of good roads, if any at all constructed under this year's legislation: but the movement has been fairly started, public sentiment in its favor is growing rapidly and it is almost a foregone conclusion that the legislation of many states, at the next sessions of their legislatures, will provide for the betterment of the highways. This being promised, it will probably occur to some of the more progressive legislators, men who are reasonably sure of their seats at the next session or men who hope to be elected, to make a special study of good road making, in order to take the lead in the coming debates on the subject and thereby acquire distinction and influence. It is possible, as the state of New Jersey has recently discovered, to spend a great deal of money on roads with very unsatisfactory results, and it is also possible to make good roads with a comparatively small expenditure of money. The wise legislator will study how to help himself by helping the state to adopt the latter policy.

As Carter H. Harrison was elected Mayor of Chicago because he promised the voters a "wide-open town," there has been general curiosity to know what Mr. Harrison understood by the term. That curiosity he gratified after returning from a brief vacation. Young Mr. Harirson has the courage of his convictions. He didn't say any one thing during the campaign and mean another. Chicago is to be "wide open" during his administration, but at the same time license will not be tolerated. The Mayor-elect, for instance, is disposed to allow orderly saloons to remain open after midnight. "If a saloon is so bad," he says, "that it ought to be closed from midnight until 5 o'clock in the morning, I think it ought to be closed from 5 'clock in the morning until midnight." Mr. Harrison, recalling his newspaper experience, says: "I found it a great convenience to be able to get a glass of refreshing beer after midnight." He comes out squarely in favor of the side door on Sundays. "I see," he explains, "no objection to letting saloons open on Sunday if the doors are closed, the blinds pulled down and order maintained." Mr. Harrison's view is grounded on a long residence in Germany, where, he says, he became "liberal about such

A few days ago it was announced that Mr. Peary was to be transferred from the Brooklyn to the Mare Island Navy Yard, at San Francisco. This was looked upon by the friends of this distinguished American explorer as destructive to his plans for the conquest of the North Pole. Later the Secretary of the Navy revoked his order and almost simultaneously Mr. Peary There is a great hegira to the coast | himself announces that the requisite that he expects to make a preliminary journey to North Greenland this summer. The result may be taken as an indication that neither the latter nor President McKinley is averse to Mr. Peary's continuing his Polar researches. This thought is strengthened by the understanding that engineers of Mr. Peary's ability are both scarce and badly needed at Mare Island. The revocation of the order, therefore, may be considered as a distinct gain for the cause of science, for there is every reason to believe that Mr. Peary's plans will, if they do not actually bring about a solution of the Polar mystery, at least add vastly to the world's geographical knowledge.

England is apparently bent upon forcing a war with President Kruger, doing now directly what Dr. Jameson was expected to accomplish without involving the British Government in an act of treachery to a friendly power. Dr. Jameson admitted that if he had succeeded he expected his acts to be approved by the British Govern-ROSY CHEEKS AND SPARKLING EYES ment. It is a cowardly business, this coercion of the little South African Republic by a powerful nation like Great Britain, but "To-Day" frankly expresses the situation when it says: "By all means let us fight and win the Transvaal. We are going to fight for gold mines and territory, if they cannot be got without fighting. Every nation has to play pirate at times, and let us play boldly when we do and trust to Mr. Chamberlain to see flags of truce kept out of the soldiers' baggage. Thrice the Boers have seen the flag of England hoisted on a stick and always white. It is time to prove we have a colored flag."

> The Czar's order, that convicts sentenced to Siberia shall henceforth be carried by rail instead of being forced to march thousands of miles on foot, is in the direction of mercy, and will be received as an encouraging sign of progress in one of the least progressive Governments on earth.

-A GAZETTE ad. wifl pay you.

\*\*\*\*\* Renne's Rain- Magic Oil, the most wonderful medicine to-day, positively curing Colds, Sore Throat, Rheumatism and all pain. Wholly free from oily taste, pleasant to use either as an internal or external remedy. Get a trial bottle and satisfy yourself of the



For Sick Headache, Biliousness and that miserable feeling, use

Dr. Herrick's Liver Pills the old reliable and sure cure.

#### Zoooooooooooooo TO RENT.

TO RENT. Five nice rooms with bath-room. Also use of part of the garden. Inquire of C. M. Ely, No. 9 Main street. 3t TO RENT-Four rooms, corner of Wall and River street. Possession given imme-diately. Rent reasonable. Inquire of John Hadden on the premises. Mi-tf

TO RENT-Upper part of house, No. 20 Center avenue. Suitable for two persons. \$6 per month. Apply at No. 6 Orchard street. Three minutes' walk from trolley line.

#### FOR SALE.

ROR SALE-A Goat, two years old and well trained to harness. Apply to the Miller Boys, Wilton, Conn. M26-tf

FOR SALE—At a bargain, or to rent. The residence corner of Camp street and Adams avenue, house contains 13 rooms, large attic, gas. sewer connection, water, bath room and stationary tubs in laundry. Barn. carriage house, with considerable fruit on the premises. If sold, terms will be easy—for further particulars, inquire of the undersigned, near the premises or at No. 5. Masonic Building.

CHAS. OLMSTEAD, Agt.

April 3d. 1897.

A-3 tf

#### LEGAL NOTICES.

DISTRICT of Norwalk, ss. Probate Court, June 16th. A. D., 1857 Whereas, written application has been made to this Court for administration of the estate of Otto C. Johnson, late of Norwalk, in said

of OTTO C. JOHNSON, late Of NOTWAIR, In District, deceased.
Ordered. That said application be heard and determined at the Probate Office in Norwalk, on the 22d day of June, 1897, at 11 o'clock forenoon, and that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested therein by publishing this order in a newspaper having a circulation in said district at least five days before said day of hearing.

ASA B. WOODWARD. Judge.

## COLUMBIA SURETY SPOKES

All spokes may break—the spokes that break the least are the spokes you wantthe Columbia bicycle direct spokes can't easily break-they are almost spokes of certainty-over 100,000 mileage without a broken spoke.

Catalogue free if you call. F. S. AMBLER CYCLE CO.

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That you can save money by buying your Meats ind Fish at

> F. W. SMITH'S, 55 Main Stree

Everything First Class. OPEN EVENINGS

MEEKER COAL CO PLOWS, PLOWS REPAIRED,

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AT P. W. BATES 42 WATER STREET,

You can find as fine an assortment of

# Monnmental & Cemetery Worl

As an be found it any Yard in the State, Look it over and get prices before going elsewhere,

#### **CURES RHEUMATISM AND GOUT**

The curative effect of Isham California Water of Life in rheumatic affections is little The curative effect of Islain Canifolnia water of Die in Indunate ancetons is 1866.

I have had a terrible attack of rheumatism which has confined me to the heuse for three years. After drinking less than two bottles of Isham Waters of Lifes the pair has wholly left me, and for the first time in three years I walked down to the market. I am surprised at the power the waters possess, as I stopped all other medicines. I might as well tell you that I ried all the medicines I could hear of, and even sent away to various cities in answer to rheumatism cures. There is something wonderful about the water. The Lord knows best what is in it.

(Signed)

Isham California Water of Life is the only true solvent of uric acid and calcareous deposits in the human system. If your druggist does not keep it, send us his name and we will mail you free full information concerning this great natural remedy.

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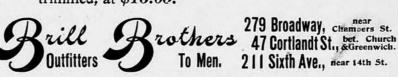
# Blue Serge Suits.

Does not the name suggest coolness, comfort and ease?

A Blue Serge Suit seems always in order, wears well, looks well, keeps in shape and for hot weather wear-can't be beaten.

We have a full stock, all prices, but our leader is specially good \$8.50

Also superior SACK SUITS of Cheviots and Worsteds, in Checks, Plaids and Over Plaids, all the new shades, finely made and trimmed, at \$10.00.



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OPTICAL SCIENCE has made great advance, and with the knowledge of Optics, and the proper Appliances for testing the sight, Dr. Hughes, who has made the study of optics his specialty, and with the aid of the lates improved scientific instruments and tests of America and Europe's best Oculists, he is enabled to correct the most difficult defects of vision. Eyes tested free!

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Ranges, Blue Flame Oil Stoves, Baldwin Dry Air Refrigerators, Tin and Sheet-Iron Work.

Leaders, Cutters and Roofs Repaired and Put On.

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#### AT HOME.

Don't go out of town to have your Awnings made when you can get them right here at home just as cheap. If you want a canopy for a party or a wedding, I will supply it at

two hours' notice. A letter or postal card will receive prompt attention.

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Electric cars to Hotel, every twenty

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NORWALK FIRE DEPARTMENT. Chief Engineer, J. T. Prowitt; First Assistant Engineer, Fred. W. Smith; Second Assistant Engineer, Thomas S. Murray; Fire Inspector, George H. Al-

SOUTH NORWALK FIRE DEPART-MENT.

Chief Engineer, Edward V. Baker; First Assistant, D. W. Harford; Second Assistant, George W. Bogardus; Secretary Department, Andrew J. Crossman.

PUBLIC LIBRARIES. City of Norwalk-Librarian, Miss Dotha Stone Pinneo, 20 Wall N. South Norwalk—Librarian, Miss Angeline Scott, 103 Washington, S. N.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

Allen, Lauren M., 15 Wash'n., S. N.

Allen, Sarah E., Mrs. 11 New, E. N. Baker, Frederick B., 12 F. P., E. N. Baldwin, Arthur H., 83 Wall, N. Bean, Wright B., 5 W. ave., S. N. Benadict, George W., 25 W. ave., S. N Bohannan, Chas. (L., 64 S. M., S. N. Borannan John G., 64 S. M., S. N.
Brotn, F. J., 57 E verside ave., E. N.
Burte, W. Jr., Vash'n, S. N.
Burnell, Francis I., 76 S. Main, S. N.
Clatz, Art ur N., 7 S. Main, S. N. Coburn, J. M., 55 S. Main, S. N. DeWolfe, D. C., 64 S Main, S. N. Dumortier, John, 9 Wash'n, S. N. Fairchild, J. B., Winnipauk, Glines, W. C., 59 Wall, N. Gregory, James G., 5 W. ave., N. Higgins, Royal L., 55 W. ave., N. Hitchcock, Dexter, 16 W. ave., N. Hitchcock, Walter, 68 Wall, N. Huntington, S. H., 129 Main, N. Kennedy, John T., 18 S. Main, S. N. McGonegal, G. R., 59 West ave., N. Pardee, E. V. D., 35 N. Main, S. N. Peck, Eli J., 66 Gregory P. R., E. N. Phinney, L. N., 26 W. ave., N. Schavoir, Fredk., 9 Wash'n, S. N. Sherer, Henry C., 10 Wash'n, S. N. Smith, Edwin E., "Kensett," N. Tito, V. G., 2 Burbank, S. N. Tracey, William J., 23 W. ave., N.

'CHURCHES. First Baptist-Pastor, Rev. Frank E.

Robbins, 71 East ave., N.
First Baptist—Pastor, Rev. F. V. Atkinson, Main street, Rowayton. South Norwalk Baptist—Pastor, Rev. Richard O. Sherwood, 7 West ave. S. N. First Congregational-Pastor, Rev. Thomas K. Noble, corner Park and

Main and West avenue, S. N.

Swedish Bethlehem Cong.-Pastor, Rev. Otto Swenson, Riverside avenue, E. N.

German Evangelical St. Peter's-Pastor, Rev. Mr. Kohler, North Main

St. Paul's Episcopal-Rector, Rev. S. B. Pond, East avenue and Church st., and Chapel of Our Holy Savior, Berk-

ley street, N. Grace Protestant Episcopal-Rector, \_\_\_\_\_, Junction Belden avenue and Cross street, N.

Trinity Protestant Episcopal—Rector, Rev. F. W. Norris, Fairfield avenue corner of West street., S. N.

East Avenue Methodist Episcopal-Pastor, Rev. Arthur J. Smith, East avenue corner Henry street, E. N. Norwalk Methodist Episcopal-Pas-

tor, Rev. F. A. Scofield, West avenue corner Mott avenue, N. First Methodist Episcopal—Pastor, Rev. A. S. Kavanagh, West ave., S. N. West Norwalk Methodist Mission-Pastor, Rev. Isaac B. Brown, West N.

Methodist Episcopal-Pastor, Rev.

Henry C. Whitney, Main corner Maple avenue, Rowayton.
African Methodist Episcopal—Pastor Rev. I. S. Sands, 15 Knight street, N. St. Mary's R. C.-Pastor, Rev. John J. Furlong, West ave. corner Chapel N.

St. Joseph's R. C.-Pastor, Rev. J. .T Winters, Music Hall, S. N. Advent-Pastor, --, Van Zandt avenue, E. N.

Christian Union Association-West Norwalk. Union Church Society-Cranbury.

SOCIETIES, ASSOCIATIONS, ETC. Alphia Wheel Club, 51 Main N. American Legion of Honor, 92 Wash-

ington, S. N. A. O. H., Division No. 1, 18 Wall, N. D. of E., Ladies' Auxiliary, A. O. H., 18 Wall, N. A. O. K., of M. C., Pioneer Castle.

Gazette Building, N.
A. O. K., of M. C., Palestine Castle, 102 Washington, S. N. Arion Singing Society, Madison, S. N

Catholic Club, West avenue, N. C. B. L., Bishop McMahon Council, 18 Wall, N. D. A. R., Norwalk Chapter, Central

Club, N. D. of H., Louis Lodge, 102 Washington, S. N. Germania Saengerbund, 162 Wash-

ington, S. N. Hat Trimmers' Association, G. A. R. Rooms, Washington, S. N. Improved Order Heptasophs, 102

Washington, S. N. I. O. R. M., Uncas Tribe, 118 Washington, S. N. Independent O. R. M. Schiller Stamm

102 Washington, S. N. K. of C., Catholic Union Council, 20 Wall, N. K. of H., 118 Washington, S. N.

K. of P., Olive Branch Lodge, 83 Washington, S. N. K. of G. E., Union Castle, 83 Washington, S. N.

Knob Outing Club, Club House near Wilson Point Naromake Gun Club, 9 Main, N. N. A. S. E., 8 North Main, S. N.

N. P. U., Security Council, Gazette Building, N. N. E. O. P., P. C. Lounsbury Lodge, 83 Washington, S. N.

Norwalk Barbers' Union, 66 Washington, S. N., 13 Main, N. Norwalk Club, 63 & 65 Wall, N.

N. H. F. A., of the U. H. of N. A., 102 Washington, S. N. Norwalk Hospital Assoc., 24 Leonard,

Norwalk Lawn Tennis Club, Mott Norwalk Medical Assoc., 63 & 65 Wall, N.

Norwalk Yacht Club, Hickory Bluff, O. B. A. Lodge, 100 Washington S. N. O. D. H. S., Humboldt Lodge, 1 Washington, S. N. Painters' and Decorators' Union, 45

Pequonnock Club, 13 Main, N. Pine Ledge Outing Club, Roton Point

Robert Emmet Club, 20 Wall, N. S. A. R., Norwalk Branch, No. 5. Sons of St. George, Welcome Stranger Lodge, 13 Main street, N. Twin City Wheelmen, 83 Washington, S. N.

O. U. A. M., Defender Council, N. U. B. of C. & J., of America, Norwalk Local Gazette Bldg., N. U. O. G. C., Sherman Commandery, Gazette Building, N.

Central Club, 57 West avenue, N.

Woman's Exchange, 57 West ave., N. MASONIC. St. John's Lodge, Masonic Bldg., N. Old Well Lodge,, 29 S. Main, S. N. Washington Chapter, R. A. M., Ma-

Butler Chapter, 20 S. Main, S. N. Clinton Commandery, K. T., Masonic Bldg, N.

onic Bldg., N.

ODD FELLOWS. Our Brothers Lodge, 16 Wall, N. Butler Lodge, 130 Washington, S. N. Kabaosa Encampment, 16 Wall, N. Colfax Encampment, S. N. Eureka Rebakah Lodge, 130 Washngton, S. N. Norwalk Lodge, G. W. O. of O. F., 83 Washington, S. N.

FORESTERS OF AMERICA. Court Mahackemo, 83 Wash'n, S. N. Court Narruk, Gazette B'l'd, N. Star of Columbia Circle, 83 Washingon, S. N.

ROYAL ARCANUM. Ponasus Council, Water, S. N. Sherman Council, 126 Wash'n, S. N.

TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES. I. O. G. T., Washington Lodge,

Cranbury. Concord Division, Gazette B'l'd., N. Minnehaha Division, 83 Wash'n, S. N Rising Star Division, Crow's Hall, Rowayton

W. C. T. U., City Mission Room, S. N. Y. W. C. T. U., City Mission Room, S. N.

G. A. R. Buckingham Post, Wall, N. Buckingham, W. R. C., G. A. R., Hall

Douglass Fowler Post, 102 Washington, S. N. Douglass Fowler Post, W. R. C., 206

Washington, S. N. O. S. Ferry Command, 100 Washing-

ton, S. N.

# SOUTH NORWALK. ALPHA CLUB TRACK RACES.

Branch Office of GAZETTE No. 12 North Main Street

Miss Katherine D. Swick has resign ed as assistant principal of the Concord Street school.

Thomas Goodwin who died at the hospital this morning was a former resident of this city.

The Naromake Gun club will hold a trophy shoot at Gregory's Point, tomorrow afternoon.

The Lexington avenue Baptist church of New York, will give an excursion to Roton Point to-morrow.

A Neurkirchner has secured the services of Henry Weiler of NewYork, at his shop on Railroad avenue,

There will be a base ball game tomorrow afternoon between the Twin City and Iron Works ball tossers.

"Our Norwalk Hospital" was the subject at the prayer meeting held in the Congregational church last night. The Twin City Mandolin club will

attend a lawn party to be held at the residence of William Tocque next Tuesday evening. Captain "Al" Merritt and John

Whele of Putnam Hose attended the firemen's parade in Port Chester, yes-

M. O'Brien has resigned his clerkship at Donovan's store, and Moses Hallock is temporarily acting in that capacity.

Arthur Knapp employed at the railroad freight office took a header, while riding his bicycle on West avenue this morning. The wheel was somewhat damaged.

While riding down West avenue on a bicycle yesterday afternoon Hanford Smith took a header and succeeded in picking up a quantity of mud. He attempted to return the wheel to the agency but found the door locked. All had gone to the races.

The police have been asked to look out for a bicycle stolen from New Brit-

The Stow furniture establishment has been attached.

It is understood that Mr. Fred Baxter will open a drug store in the new Marvin building, adjoining the proposed new post office.

Frank Hanford has opened a market on the Benedict Farm bridge.

William Lauder has been elected captain of the Brown base ball team for next year.

Mary Hutchinson was found wandering aimlessly about the streets last night and was given lodging in the station-house, from which place she was liberated this morning.

Chief Vollmer was a witness in the Imapassino murder trial at Bridgeport yesterday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. George A. Clark of Union street, this

A wrecking company is engaged in pumping coal out of a sunken barge near Goose Island

#### LOCAL AND OTHER NEWS.

Mrs. W. E. James is ill at her home on East avenue.

-Baseball, Catholic club vs. Wescotts Saturday 3:30 p. m., Norwalk Park.

Captain Wilcoxson, and Lieutenants Scott, Bloom and Gorman are before the military examining board in Bridge port to-day.

-Great stock of Hammocks at the Boston store Norwalk. Save your duplicate checks and win the wheel Saturday night, June 19th, at 10

Mr. and Mrs. Louis J. Hall of New Canaan leave for a trip-to Dakota, to-

—Comfort common sense Ties A. H. Hoyt & Son, 37 Wall street, \$75 in

Mrs. William J. Brown is ill at her home on Wilton avenue.

-Rubber blankets at the Boston Store, Norwalk. 69c; they are worth the central figure in some sort of social For Horse or Lap covers. Save duplicate checks and win the wheel Saturday night, June 19, at 10 o'clock.

The infant son of Hugh Cook was christened William Henry Cook, by Rev. Father Furlong last evening. Michael Manning and Agnes Cook acted as sponsors.

-Economy W. L. Douglass \$2.00 and \$3.00 shoes, Hoyt's 37 Wall street, \$75 in gold free, Aug. 23. j 18 5t

The Broad River Sunuay school is making preparations for its fourteenth annual strawberry festival.

John Hogan is meeting with fairly good success in mastering a bicycle.

#39c linen Batiste 19c at the Boston store Norwalk. Save your dupricate checks and win the wheel Saturday night, June 19th, at 10 o'clock. 181t

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1. )

Ehrich, 4th. Time, 1:03 3-5.

Fourth Heat-W. L. Losee, 1st; H. M. Stivers, 2nd; P. H. Stark, 3rd; J. F. Broderick, 4th. Time, 1:04 3-5.

Final-W. J. Ehrich, 1st; C. W. Clark, 2nd; J. Thompson, 3rd; J. D. Cooper, 4th. Time, 1:02 1-5. ONE-HALF MILE OPEN.

First Heat-H. K. Bird, 1st; E. C. Hausman, 2nd; C. T. Nelson, 3rd; A.

Second Heat-W. H. Fearing, 1st; B. F. Allen, 2nd; F. W. Richt, 3rd; W. E. Tenzler, 4th. Time 1.09.

R. Freeman, 4th. Time 1.09.

Final-W. H. Fearing, 1st; A. R. Freeman, 2nd; H. K. Bird, 3rd; George Reith, 4th. Time 1.08.

At the close of the races George Reith of Harlem and A. M. Curtis of Meriden, on a tandem, paced S. W. L. Fullerton of Montclair, N. J. for a half mile.

The tandem crossed the tape in 56 3-5 seconds, and Fullerton in 56 4-5 seconds, making a new tandem track and state record and a new state and track record for a half mile paced.

#### SPROCKETS.

There were several accidents during the afternoon, but the most serious occured prior to the races when a Brooklyn rider while exercising collided and was thrown breaking his collar bone.

William Lane of Danbury also received a bad fall at the finish of one of the races, cutting a bad gash in his

Dr. A. N. Clark's horse ran away early in the day upsetting the carriage and creating considerable excitement. He was captured after dragging the upturned carriage a short distance.

Reporter Dick Fitch was on hand with his Premo camera and succeeded in securing several fine pictures of the races.

#### FRATERNAL NEWS.

Secretaries of fraternal, or secret societies are invited to send to the GAZETTE, the elections of officers and other news pertaining to their lodges to be printed in this column. The names of officers should be brought in on the evening of their election and all other news with equal promptness.

Edward Riordan has been elected president of the Oriole club and William Riley secretary.

Members of Uncas Tribe, Red Men. visited New Canaan last evening, and called on members of the Ponus tribe who treated them to strawberries and

The Daughters of Rebekah will visit their sisters who are in Stamford, to-

The St. Joseph's T. A. & B. society will meet this evening.

The Epworth League of the Methodist church will meet this evening. The Daughters of Liberty elected

officers last evening. The Woman's Relief Corps of Buckingham Post, G. A. R. met yesterday

afternoon. Clinton Commandery, No. 3, K. T.

will meet this evening.

The Cockenoe tribe of Red Men will nominate officers to-night.

#### SHE KEPT HIM A BACHELOR. Yet Gave Him the Start in Life That Made

Him a Success.

A Michigan lawyer, whose success has been an established fact for years. tells one incident in his life, from which he dates his prosperity:

"I had gone from a farm up in New Hampshire to Boston. In worldly matters I was deplorably ignorant, but in book lore I must have been something of a phenomenon, for so much that I have read was literature such as occupied the thoughts of the scholar a century or so ago. I had said farewell to the folks at home, and positively assured them that when I came back I

would be a lawyer. "I had my whole campaign mapped out, and you can infer I was a novice from my line of procedure. In my mind the Mayor of a great city exercised a sort of patriarchal sovereignty. From what I had read in my old books he was the father of his people. So I went to the Mayor of Boston; not to his office, but to his house, in the evening, and without invitation. He was function, and I was practically paralyzed when ushered into his august presence. The fine ladies about him put the finishing touches on my timidity. As I look back I can recall that I would speak at first, then think, and finally suffer indescribable horrors. I

was in a state of irresponsible extinction. But it was one of those same fine ladies that came to my rescue. With a tact that would have won her fame as a cross-examiner, she drew me out, was delighted with the quaint knewledge that I possessed, interested the Mayor in spite of himself, and he actually put me into an office where I was self-sustaining from the start.

"When admitted to the bar I found in opening to come West and have always been satisfied that it was the -\$75 bicycle given away Saturday ways been satisfied that it was the night, June 19th, at the Boston store Mayer who found it for me. I tried to mauce that fine young lady to come with me, but she was just as tactful n refusing my proposal as she had een in helping me to a start. I think t is her fault that I am a lawyer, and I cnow it's her fault that I'm a bacheor."-Detroit Free Press.

> -All the successful Merchants o this City Advertise in THE GAZETTE

BREAKING A \$20 GOLD PIECE.

When Tapped by a Connoisseur the Center Fell Out.

One of the most puzzled men in town is a Montgomery street restaurant keeper who recently took in a \$20 gol: piece which filled all the ordinary re quirements of genuineness so far as a superficial test could reveal true facts. But a few days ago a banker stepped into his place and saw the \$2! gold piece which the restaurant man had received only a short time before The banker had a queer look in his eyes as he took the coin and rapped i sharply with his knife, and the restau rant keeper had a stranger expression as he saw his supposed \$20 piece break into two pieces, says the San Francisco

"How is this?" he demanded.

The banker answered: "It is the same old game. I had one of these pieces myself, and since that I have tested gold pieces of the \$20 denomination very carefully. If that had been genuine my test would not have bro-

Then the restaurant keeper and the banker carefully examined it together. The outside of the gold piece was all right, seemingly, when the dissevered parts were placed together. The milling seemed to be up to the standard. The weight was correct.

But the inside of the piece was half filled with a composition which was not the customary gold and alloy. Still closer examination revealed that the gold had been sawed through with exquisite care and skill just inside of the milling. Then the milling had been removed, and from the interior of the piece some of the gold had been extracted and the baser composition was made to take the place of the more precious metal. Then, with equal deftness and skill, the milling had been replaced and soldered in some way, and the trick was done.

#### SPANKING AN ELEPHANT.

An Occurrence in India in which One Animal had to Punish Another.

Did you ever see an elephant spanked? Scarcely, for they don't do such things in this country, but they do in India. Captain Martin, of the British army, stationed at Campbellpore, vouches for this story. Elephant Abdull (No. 15) was on trial for killing his keeper, Syce Ramboucles, by picking him up by the legs and crushing his skull against a tree. The president of the court-martial

was Major Cameron, of the Thirtyfourth Hagras Native Infantry. He read the charge and then witnesses proved that Abdul was guilty as charged. The president then sextenced the culprit to fifty lashes and to two years' imprisonment.

Two elephants led Abdul to an open space and in the presence of the whole battery the punishment began. The culprit trumpeted in fear and made an

unearthly noise.

There were fourteen elephants on one side and the officers and men of the battery on the other three. In the centre of this hollow square stood Lalla (No. 1), the flogger, and the prisoner. The latter was chained by the four legs to as many heavy iron pegs, and could not move.

immense cable chain. When all was ready, the Major gave the word, and down came the chain with a resounding whack. Abdul roared for all he was worth. Fifty times was the operation repeated, and then Abdul was taken to a compound, where he remained a prisoner for two years .-New York Journal.

#### Russian Hunting Dogs.

northern dog, to the London Field.

"The duties of the true laika," he says, "are of an extremely varied nature. Among the Chinese about 1,000,-000 are eaten every year, while in Russia the beast is trained for all sorts of hunting-squirrels, bear, deer, snipe, capercailzie, ermine, sable, and all the other beasts are taken with them, even the wolves. It is estimated that nearly 1,000,000 rubles worth of game is taken every year with the aid of the

"In the Polar swamps the laikas are

Two Irishmen just landed in Am-

lantern."-Pearson's Weekly.

Are THE wheels of to-day. At Saunders,' No. 12 North Main Is where they hold full sway. He carries every part in stock

Luther M. Wrigh t

CARRIAGE BUILDER AND DEALER,

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Buffalo,

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And treats you all alike, No trouble if of him you buy Your Ninety-Seven Bike.

At coasting or at racing They've always stood the peer. The reason is, they're fitted with The famous "Pitch line gear." The crack-a-jacks all ride them, You know the reason why, They're just the class of riders Who know what wheel to buy.

Prize winners are these wheels; And ahead they'll always be, Just watch them in the races, And for yourself you'll see.

And when the victory's over, When time prize has been won, They'll quietly speak for themselves And simply say, well done.

Yours Until Death,

H. A. SAUNDERS, Expert in Bicycles, 12 North Main Street, South Norwalk.



#### BICYCLES \$38.00.

A first class high grade wheel, large tubing and all 1897 Improvements. Made by the Acme Mfg., Co., makers of the celebrated Stormer bicycle. A chance to get a fine wheel for little money.

THE J. T. PROWITT CO.

Made the Following Gains in the Year 1896:

Increase in Income, \$1,057,816.28.

Increase in Assets,

\$1,997,234,42.

Increase in Surplus, \$198,816,81,

Increase in New Life Business,

\$1,598,668,00.

Increase in Life Insurance in Force, \$5,608,680.00.

Increase in Accident Insurance in Force,

\$21,736.500 00

Increase in Accident Premiums, \*

\$175,086.72—or 62 per cent.

Increase in New Life Insurance Written in Connecticut.

\$310,642.00. Increase in total Life Insurance in Connecticut.

\$472,569.00.

From the increased Surplus the usual increase of dividends to policy-holders will be paid in 1897, making the Twenty-Fifth Regular Annual Increase of Dividends to the insured, and a record unparalleled in the history of life insurance.

Notwithstanding the material increase of new business on which the expense in Life Insurance is chiefly incurred, the ratio of expense to income on the Life business of this company, excluding the Accident business, is somewhat lower than last year, and is 23 per cent. less than the average expense of the ten leading "purely mutual" companies

for the Year 1895. Their figures for 1896 have not been published.

## MORGAN G. BULKELEY, President.

J. L. ENGLISH, Sec. J.C WEBSTER, Vice-Pres. C. E. GII, ERT, Ass't, Sec. W. C. FAXON, Ass't, Sec. Accident Department. G. W. RUSSELL M. D., Med. Director JAMES CAMPBELL M.D. Med Fx. E. E. HALLOCK, Ceneral Agent, 5 Hubinger Bld'g., New Harring

ances in Auditorium.

Electric cars at short intervals.

Fastened to Lalla's trunk was an

#### Harding Cox writes about laika, or

laikas in Russia.

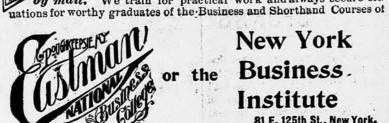
used in drawing sledges as well as hunting by the natives, while their warm pelts are made to serve as coats and trousers after death."

### First Meeting With Mosquitoes.

erica, were encamped on the open plain. In the evening they retired to rest, and were soon attacked by swarms of mosquitoes. They took refuge under the bed clothes. At last one of them ventured to peep out, and, seeing a firefly, exclaimed in tones of

"Mickey, it's no use; there's one of the craythers searching for us wid a

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clerk or Telegraph Operator which we succeed in filling. Business men supplied with competent assistants without charge. If
you are seeking employment and willing to study, send ten two-cent
stamps for five easy lessons in Shorthand. Students commence work stamps for five easy lessons in **Shorthand.** Students commence work any time. No vacations. Board and other expenses moderate. Railroad & fare paid. If you expect to go to College write for our free catalogue.

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the best magazine published, containing our great PREMIUM LIST. Free for the asking. Nothing like it ever offered before. It S



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"CREAM,"

beats hard times.

## TOWNSEND WINS.

#### The Speedy Danbury Rider the First Over the Tape.

The Time Prize Won by I. G. Perry, Chicopee, Mass., 26; 35 1-5.



he sixth annual ten mile road race of the popular and deserving as well as hustling Alpha Wheel Club, of Norwalk, has been successfully run and the 1897 winner has won a most

creditabl victory over a field of fast riders.

The winner this year comes from Danbury in the person of W. Townsend, although he was hard pushed by Murphy Williams, Mead and Barthol, all coming in in a bunch.

From within and without the state the wheelmen began to arrive in town Wednesday afternoon and by evening a large number had assembled, all anxious to take part in or witness the struggle for the valuable prizes offered by the Alpha's.

The morning broke clear and cool but old Sol soon made himself felt and by 10 o'clock, the hour set for the race, it was quite warm. It was an ideal day, however, for wheelmen and the time made over the course was exceedingly good considering the condition of East avenue.

The Alpha's headquarters at the Norwalk hotel presented an animated sight. The hotel was beautifully draped with bunting and several "Old Glorys" added much to the beauty of the decorations.

On numerous buildings about town "Old Glory" waved a welcome to the visiting gladiators of the wheel, conspicious among them being the large flag of The Evening Gazette beneath which flew the United States signal flags, to advise the cyclist of the condition of the weather.

At the starting point in front of the Congregational church on the Green, thousands of enthusiastic wheelmen and fair cyclists had assembled, and Chief Bradley and his officers were kept busy keeping the vast throng out-

side the ropes. The porches of all the handsome residences on the Green and East avenue were filled with young ladies, and excitement over the contest ran

The sight presented by the vast gathering of bicycles and carriages was an animated one long to be remember-

As the hour approached for the contest to begin the crowd became uneasy and crowded upon the rodes, but it was a good natured gathering and Chief Bradley soon had the starting point

Commodore Burritt was the starter; W. Knapp, referee; Hon. E. O. Keeler, announcer; Mayor A. C. Wheeler, Dr. C. W. Many, A. B. Russell, Samuel Lynes, judges; W. A. Curtis, F. S. Ambier, C. Dilworth, W. Penney, timers; W. N. Haff, clerk of course; A. P. Sherwood, Frank Volk, assistants; C. T. Betts, checker.

Are you ready? called the Commodore and the racers started with the following handicap:

FOUR MINUTES.

1 Charles Mott, Norwalk 2 W. Jennings, Norwalk

3 A. Knor, Cranbury

4 H. N. Smith, Stamford THREE AND ONE-HALF MINUTES.

5 F. P. Williams, Bethel 6 C. W. Meade, Danbury

7 H. C. Willmore, Bridgeport

8 W. C. Carpenter, Stamford 9 C. Swinson, Jr., Stamford

10 F. F. Bennett, East Norwalk THREE AND ONE-QUARTER MINUTES.

11 F. S. Munson, Bridgeport 12 G. W. Quien, Danbury

13 A. F. Swinson, Stamford

14 E. L. Burke, Bridgeport 15 F. H. Beckwith, Shelton 16 H. R. Murphy, Shelton

THREE MINUTES. 17 R. Wuerz, Darien

18 J. P. Coleman, New Haven 19 C. S. Burnham, Yonkers 20 W. S. French, New York

21 C. W. Clark, Danbury

22 J. J. Cavanagh, Bridgeport 23 J. H. Butler, Yonkers

24 A. Ghiotto, Norwalk 100 R. E. Curtis, East Norwalk.

TWO AND THEEE-QUARTER MINUTES. 25 S. F. Boyd, Bridgeport

26 J. Weidenhammer, Bridgeport

27 S. Warholy, Yonkers 28 G. Keinmer, Jr., Bethel

29 F. Clark, New Rochelle

30 D. H. Munson, New York

31 W. Townsend, Danbury 32 B. Van Sickels, Branford

33 L. Bulkley, New Milford TWO AND ONE-HALF MINUTES.

34 H. S. Sherwood, Saugatuck 35 M. W. Mix, Stamford

28 A. L. Harford, Stamford

39 J. A. Ritch, Stamford 40 C. C. Flagg, Stamford

36 G. H. Keeler, Stamford 37 C. M. Wing, Yonkers

41 F. J. Galvin, New Milford 42 J. Syparodski, Union City

43 H. C. Roff, Danbury 44 H. S. Roberts, East Norwalk

45 A. Offen, New Canaan TWO MINUTES.

46 O. C. Heine, Danbury

47 F. A. Temple, Stamford 48 L. D. Whittemore, Stamford

49 E. C. Finch, Stamford 50 C. A. Tuttle, New Canaan

51 S. N. Dick, East Haven 52 R. H. Cooley, Danbury

53 T. McDonough, Danbury 54 J. J. Fleming, Waterbury

55 C. W. Hurlburt, Waterbury

ONE AND ONE HALF MINUTES.

56 W. H. Hicks, Jr., Brooklyn

57 F. L. Mills, Southport

58 J. J. Grady, New Haven

59 J. Letzelter, Newark

60 W. S. Persons, South Norwalk 61 G. W. Stringham, Brooklyn

62 T. Thompson, New York

98 E. Barthol, South Norwalk 99 F. J. Peer, Hartford

ONE MINUTE. 64 F. Alton Clark, Union City

65 C. S. Henshaw, New York

66 G. Hedsgrom, New York

67 W. C. Price, Stamford 68 G. A. Finch, Stamford

69 R. C. Gardner, Hartford

70 J. A. Gowan, Milford 71 J. C. Neilson, Portchester

SCRATCH. 74 R. B. Tracy, Hartford

76 W. E. J. Kirk, Stamford.

77 I. G. Perry, Chicopee 78 R. M. Alexander, Hartford As the scratch men left the tape the

crowd scattered, some lounging on the grass while others went down the avenue to watch for the return of the riders.

As each man passed the timers on the first round his number and time was recorded.

As the riders made their appearance up the avenue on the final round, the vast crowd was all excitement and as each contestant passed he was cheered on by encouraging shouts from the sidewalks.

The men crossed the finish line in

the following order and time: W. Towsend, Danbury: 27:19 27:50 H. R. Murphy, Shelton; 28:06 F. P. Williams, Bethel; 28:08 C. W. Mead, Danbury; E. Barthol, South Norwalk: 27:44 C. Swinson, Jr., Stamford; 27:59 28:00 E. L. Burke, Bridgeport; A. Knor, Cranbury; 28:46 R. Van Sickels, Branford; 27:31 26:47

R. H. Cooley, Danbury; J. N. Dick, New Haven; 26:50 27:51 C. W. Clark, Danbury; Otto C. Heine, Danbury; 26:53 S. F. Boyd, Bridgeport; 27:44

R. Wuerz, Darien; 28:00 F. J. Galvin, New Milford; 27:34 M. W. Mix, Stamford; 27:39 L. D. Whittemore, Stamford; 27:11 W. C. Carpenter, Stamford; 28:42 J. P. Coleman, New Haven: 28:16 29:19 W. Jennings, Norwalk;

J. Syparodski, Union City; 27:53 C. A. Tuttle, New Canaan; 27:34 H. S. Roberts, East Norwalk; 28:05 H. S. Sherwood, Saugatuck; J. J. Cavanagh, Bridgeport; A. L. Harford, Stamford; 28:09 G. H. Keeler, Stamford; 28:13 28:44

R. E. Curtis, East Norwalk; J. M. Weidenhammer, Bpt.; 28:30 A. Offen, New Canaan; 28:15 1-W. S. Persons, So. Norwalk; 27:19 27:30 J. Letzelter, Newark; C. Swinson Jr., Stamford; 29:33 F. J. Peer, Hartford;

27:34 F. F. Bennett, East Norwalk 29:04 1-C. S. Henshaw, New York; 27:04 2-5 J. Thompson, New York; J. A. Gowan, New Milford;

27:34 3-5 27:04 1-5 F. A. Clark, Union City; 27:05 W. E. Kirk, Stamford; 26:35 2-3 I. G. Perry, Chicopee, Mass.; 26:35 1-5 W. C. Price, Stamford; 27:05 3-5 R. M. Alexander, Hartford; 26:36

C. W. Hurlbutt, Waterbury; 28:09 G. A. Finch, Stamford; 27:11 R. B. Tracey, Hartford; 26:12 J. C. Neilson, Portchester; 27:12 1-3 A. Ghiotto, South Norwalk; 29:12 2-5

H. N. Smith, Stamford; 30:20 C. C. Flagg, Stamford; 28:53 J. A. Ritch, Stamford;

29:14 H. C. Willmore, Bridgeport; 30:29 W. S. French, New York; 30:02 2-5 F. A. Temple, Stamford;

29:31 H. C. Roff, Danbury; 30:19 J. J. Fleming, Waterbury; 29:53 Lester Buckley, New Milford; 30:39 F. L. Munson, Bridgeport;

30:31 C. M. Wing, Yonkers: 32:01 1-Charles Mott, Norwalk; 32:42 J. J. Grady, New Haven;

Accidents.

E. C. Finch punctured his tire at the first hill and his wheel collapsed.

F. L. Mills of Southport took a fall near the Point and gave up the race.

H. N. Smith of Stamford took a tumble on Earle's hill, bending his handle bars and putting him out of the race when well up with the leaders.

G. W. Quien of Danbury got winded and quit.

J. P. Coleman of New Haven was taken with a cramp in one leg and crossed the line the twentieth man, using one foot. He received a bad fall after getting over the tape.

J. H. Lutler of Yen'ters was one of the early ones to come to grief, the

rear frame of his bicycle buckling and throwing him.

S. Warholy of Yonkers struck his handle bars with his knee and gave up the race after picking himself up.

F. Clark of New Rochelle, also took a header on Earle's hill and stopped. H. C. Roff of Danbury caught his

wheel in trolley track and took a tumble. He pluckily remounted, however, and came in near the end.



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Both in the public's estimation and in it's intrinsic value. All because B-L Tobaccos have always been kept up to their high standard. That's why B-L stands for best leaf, best flavor, the kind that suits, and is too high a standard for competitors to reach.



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SOLD EVERYWHERE. inunununununu

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#### HERE'S YOUR CHANCE.

A fine building lot on Wilton avenue. If you intend to build, look at

this before purchasing. Water, gas and sewer on the avenue.

Will be sold at a Bargain.

W. H. BYINGTON, Real Estate and Insurance

Ruom I. Cazette B'l'd.

# THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF NEW YORK.

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

# Statement for the Year Ending December 31st,

According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

## INCOME,

**Received for Premiums** \$ 39,593,414 20 From all Other Sources 10,109,281 07 \$ 49,702,695 27

## DISBURSEMENTS.

To Policy-holders for Claims by Death \$ 12,595,113 39 To Policy-holders for Endowments, Dividends, etc. 12,842,456 11 For all Other Accounts 10,781,005 64 \$36,218,575 11 ASSETS. United States Bonds and other Securities \$ 1 1 0,125,082 14

First lien Loans on Bond and Mortgage 71,543,929 Loans on Stocks and Bonds 11,091,525 00 **Real Estate** 22,767,666 60 Cash in Banks and Trust Companies 12,680,390 00 Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Premiums, etc. 6,535,555 06

\$ 234,744,148 42 Reserve for Policies and other Liabilities 205,010.633 72 \$ 29,733,514 70 Surplus Insurance and Annuities in force \$ 918,698,338 45

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be correct liabilities calculated by the Insurance Department CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor.

From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned as usual

# Report of the Examining Committe e

Office of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York

To the Honorable, The Board of Trustees of

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

The undersigned, a Committee apppointed by your honorable body on the twentythird day of December, 1896, to examine the Annual Statement of the Company, and to verify the same, respectfully

# REPORT

That, pursuant to the power and authority thereby conferred, the Committee have at various dates between the date of the said reference and the date of this Report attended at the office of the Company, and have been waited on by the Treasurer, the Comptroller, the Auditor and and the Cashier, together with the the respective assistants of such officers, and have carefully gone over all the items contained in the said Statement, and have found the same to be correct. They have examined and counted every certificate of stock, bond and other obligation held by the Company, and compared the price at which the same are carried in said Statement with the market quotations and find the same not exceeding such quotations—in fact, in many cases below them. They have examined and counted the bonds and mortgages on real property held by the Company, and find the same to be as stated. They have also verified the valuations of the Company's holdings of real estate and have verified the deposits of money in the various banks and trust companies, and have counted the cash on hand held by the

Cashier.

And the Committee certify that all the books, papers. documents and evidences of title of every description necessary in such examination have been freely submitted to the Committee by the said officers and their assistants, and that the same are

accurate, in good order and well kept.

And the Committee further certify that the investments of the Company are of a high order, and that the system and methods adopted by the Company in recording its transactions and caring for the assets are entitled to commendation

All of which is respectfully submitted NEW YORK. JANUARY 25, 1897.

ROBERT OLYPHANT JAMES N. JARVIE JAMES C. HOLDEN

J. HOBART HERRICK CHARLES D. DIOKEY, JR. CHARLES R, HENDERSON

The company has issued an order whereby women can be insured without the extra charge heretofore required. More definite information on the subject will be furnished by the local agent, Mr. A H. Camp.

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State of Connecticut

A. H. CAMP.

Local Agent.

GRANVILLE M. WHITE, N



SPRINGFIELD, Mo. GENTLEMEN: I commenced taking P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, last Fall, for Erysipelas. My face was com-pletely covered with the disease: I took a short course of P. P. P., and it scon disappeared. This Spring I became much debilitated and again took another course, and I am now in good condition. I consider P. P. P. one of the best blood preparations on the market, and for those who need a general tonic to build up the system and improve the appetite I consider that it has no equal. Will say, anyone who cares to try P. P. P. will not be disappointed in its results, and I, therefore, cheerfully recommend it.

ARTHUR WOOD,

Springfield, Mo. Erysipelas and Scrofula cured by P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, surely and without fail.

SPRINGFIELD, MO. GENTLEMEN: Last June I had a scrofulous sore which broke out on my ankle. It grew rapidly, and soon extended from my ankle to my knee. I got one bottle of your P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, and was agreeably surprised at the result. The entire sore healed at once. I think I have taken almost every medicine recommended for scroful and catarrh, and your P. P. is the best I have ever tried. It cannot be recommended. ried. It cannot be recommended too highly for blood poison, etc. Yours very truly, W. P. HUNTER.

P. P. P. cures all blood and skin disease, both in men and women.

Rheumatism, which makes man's life a hell upon earth, can be relieved at once by P. P. P., Lippman's Great Rem-edy. It makes a PERMANENT cure. P. P. P. is the great and only remedy for advanced cases of catarrh. Stoppage of the nostrils and difficulty in breathing when lying down, P. P. P.

relieves at once.
P. P. Cures blood poisoning in all its various stages, old ulcers, sores and kidney complaints.

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Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is a medicine that has long been tested in private practice. Sold by druggists generally.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

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EXCELSION Livery and Sales Stable.

> Opposite Danbury and Norwalk Railroad depot Norwalk, Conn. Stylish Single or Double Teams with or without drivers Safe horses for women

andchildren. . SADDLE HORSES A SPECIALTY

P. W. BATES' 42 WATER STREET,

You can find as fine an assortment of

Monnmental & Cemetery Work

an be found it any Yard in the State, Look it over and get prices before going elsewhere,

## Piano Lessons.

MBS. GEORGE W. BRADLEY, (daughter of the late Wm. R. Nash.) gives efficient and satisfactory instructions on the Piancs her home No. 193 Main street.

### AMERICAN CAMELS.

THE "SHIP OF THE DESERT" IM-PORTED FROM ARABIA AND EGYPT.

An Experiment which Proved of No Value to the Government. The Animals at Last Allowed to Wander Over the Prairies at Their Own Sweet Will.

In 1852, when millions of gold were being mined in California, while thousands of people were crossing the plains to the new Dorado, and when a transcontinental railroad was only a vague dream of a few enthusiasts, Lieutenant Edward B. Beale (afterward General Beale) was stationed at Fort Yuma, between California and Arizona on the Colorado Desert. A stream of immigration and freight passed that way every week. The disease, suffering and frequent death among the horses and mules in that dry, solar heat, convinced Lieutenant Beale that here, of all places, was where the camels of Sahara and Arabia could be used to advantage. In connection with Captain Adams, of the garrison, he wrote at length upon the subject to Jefferson Davis, Secretary of War.

The ideas of the young military men in the West had immediate and enthusiastic reception by the Secretary. A Commission was soon sent out from San Antonio, Tex., to Arizona, to ascertain the uses that camels could be put to in military transportation. The Commission made a favorable report, and, with Secretary Davis's annual report to Congress in 1852 there was a request for an appropriation for the purchase of camels for the War De-

partment. On March 3, 1853, a bill appropriating \$30,000 for the purpose became a law by the President's signature, and Secretary Davis appointed Major C. Wayne in December, 1854, to go to Egypt and Arabia to buy seventy-five

Lieutenant Porter and Major Wayne bought their first camels in Tunis. From Egypt Major Wayne and Lieutenant Porter went lieusurely over to Arabia. There they bought more camels of another breed. The expedition received at Smyrna thirty-three camels from the interior.

In the Government book Secretary Davis tells in detail how he instructed Major Wayne to proceed from Paris to Cairo, and when he had bought his camels to bring them to New York on the Naval Storeship Supply, then under command of Lieutenant D. D. Porter.

Lieutenant Porter's instructions were to await Major Wayne at some convenient point in the Mediterranean, to disembark a land force at Beirout, and to see that the expedition was amply protected against attacks from the warlike tribes of the interior. On returning, the lieutenant was to land his cargo at some point on the coast of Texas.

The storeship Supply reached Indianola, Tex., on February 10, having lost three camels on the voyage. Those that survived were well, and the whole drove was taken under the care of Captain J. N. Palmer, U. S. A., to Camp Verde, Texas, there to be kept several years. The Suwanee brought in a load of forty-one camels on February 10, 1857, and these, too, were sent to the interior.

Almost from the first there was dificulty in grooming and feeding the animals. In a few weeks several died of unknown diseases, and others languished and became unfit for work. The military officers found it hard to get any hostler to attend to the camels, towards which all the cavalrymen and troopers took a violent dislike. The horses became restive and ugly when stabled or corralled with the strange beasts. There were frequent reports that a camel or two had broken away during the night and wandered away; and it has been suspected that extraordinary zeal was not always put forth to find the animals and bring them back.

From May 5, 1861, some thirty of the camels that had become partly domesticated to American ways and adapted to the climate of the Southwest, were kept at the United States forts at El Paso and Bowie, Ariz. They were fed and cared for at the expense of the War Department, but because the troopers and teamsters could not be got use them in place of horses or mules, and especially because of the clumsiness of the harness and the unusual labor in packing, the animals were seldom used. In the last year or two of their stay at the garrison they were merely pensioners upon Uncle Sam's bounty, and were never brought into service. In 1861 the herd had increased to forty-four head. Then the Cival War came on. and in the stir of those days in every fort in the South all attention was turned to the great crisis. The forts fell into disuse, and the beasts were allowed to wander away at will. They travelled in pairs, and sometimes in bunches of four and six, across the deserts and into the mountains. Some lived for years in the Panhandle of Texas, and in the Colorado River. In some instances the camels multiplied, but in twenty years most of them died among the mountains or were killed by the Indians.

At intervals in the last decade soldiers and cow-boys in New-Mexico and Arizona have seen the strays. Reports are that the animals have grown white with age, are as wild as any mustang, and have hard, bony hoofs, unlike the pedal cushions of the well-kept camel. and that their hide has assumed a hard, leathery appearance. It is likely there are few left in America. They have not been seen in the central part of either New-Mexico or Arizona in several years.-From the Land of Sun-

#### Ladies' Waist With Bolero.



No. 185, PRICE TEN CENTS HINTS BY MAY HOWARD.

expresses two of the newest ideas which are the bolero, and deeply pointed girdle. In the present instance the material selected is a cloud gray novelty goods judiciously trimmed with narrow bands of white and gilt galloon. The bolero opens a vest of figured taffeta. The pattern provides for a body lining that closes in the centre front which supports the full vest that is gathered at the upper and lower edges and can be closed invisibly through the centre front or at the left side beneath the bolero if preferred. Smooth under arm gores separate the fronts from the back which is seemless. fitting smoothly across the shoulders with the scant fullness at the waist line | measure.

This charming bodice satisfactorily collected in gathers. The fanciful bolero is reversed to fall in soft jabot effect and is included in the shoulder and under-arm seams. The girdle has an interlining of light weight canvas and a whale bone is inserted down the front. It is braid trimmed and closes on the left side. The neck is completed by a close standing band. The one seamed sleeves are arranged over two seamed linings and are prettily pointed over the hands in fenitian style. The design is suitable to all seasonable fabrics and the vest can be of chiffon, mousseline or gauze over colored silks if a more dressy effect is desired.

Quantity of material 44 inches wide for lady medium size 3 yards.

Sizes 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inch bust

#### Child's Dress.



No. 173, PRICE TEN CENTS.

ribbon. Gathers at the top of skirt ar- wide. range the fullness which is joined to the lower edge of the waist. The For 2 years, 2 yards; for 6 years, 24 yards; for 8 years, 24 yards.

Ecru batiste made this charming lit- sleeve consists of ruffles of the material tle frock the edges of frills and skirt over which full graduated frills that being trimmed with alternate rows of extend down each side of the front, and baby ribbon in a deep shade of scarlet. continuing round the back outline a A short baby lining renders the adjust- deep bertha. The garment closes at ment more perfect. It is worn over a the centre back with button-holes and guimpe of figured batiste spotted in diminuitive pearl buttons. The mode scarlet. The front shaped in square is adapted to all washable fabrics inoutline's gathered at the upper edge cluding lawn, dimity, grass-linen, or and again below in short waisted effect gandies etc. or can be carried out in while the back is simply gathered at | more expensive textures such as glace, the top and is shaped in rounding out- taffeta, China, crep-de-chine, etc. in line. The full skirt has a straight which instance dainty lace may be emlower edge that will permit of a wide ployed as a decoration and the frock hem, bands of insertion or tucks. As worn over a guimpe of mouseline or here illustrated the decoration is of chiffon. Quantity of material 36 inches

#### Bell Skirt.



No.158, PRICE TEN CENTS.

This stylish model fully emphasizes | the fact that skirts of very large dimensions are no longer fashionable. Those finding special favor are of the close clinging order fitting snugly across the back and front and side to a considerable distance below the hips where they expand gradually with the merest suggestion of a flare at the lower edge where fashions dictation that the measurement at the front must not exceed 4½ yards. The skirt here is in three portions cut in one piece that is fitted small darts that may be omitted in the for 30 inches waist measure, 5 yards.

form of a slight fullness if so preferred. The back portions consist of two gores that arranged at the top in plaits which turn in fan shape toward the centre back where the placket is finished. A narrow belt completes the top, and the lower edge has an interlining of French hair-cloth to the depth of 10 inches. The material selected is canvas cloth with a narrow decoration of braided passementerie.

Quantity of material required 44 inches wide.

For 22 inches waist measure, 4½ yards: to the figure to the top by means of for 26 inches waist measure, 44 yards;

#### Misses' Waist.



No. 172-PRICE, TEN CENTS.

and plaited ribbon are effectively comat the neck and waist line dispose the soft and becoming fullness of the mafected invisibly at the centre back. At which lies a soft crush collar that is daintily bowed at the back. The girdle that encircles the waist is deepest at the centre front and may be made of Quantity of material required 44 material to harmonize with the triminches wide. mings or carried out in black satin | For 12 years, 2‡ yards; for 14 years, thus giving the inevitable touch of 2½ yards; for 16 years, 2¾ yards.

Light spring novelty goods, surah, | black so frequently introduced this season as the smartest of gowns. bined in this stylish waist. Gathers | Straps of velvet having mitered points are carried over the shoulders the free edges of which are bordered with plaitterial, which is mounted upon a well ed ribbon. The sleeves of moderate fitted lining the closing of which is ef- proportions bear the unmistakable stamp of this year's mode and are neatthe neck is a close standing band over ly finished at the waist with tabs of canvas, weave. drap-de-ete etc, while the introduction of three colors is permissible in these days of unique combinations.

#### THE "WEEKLY GAZETTE" ORDER BLANK FOR PATTERNS ON THIS PACE.

Cut this out, fill in your name and ad lress very distinctly, and mail to "PAT-TERN DEPARTMENT OF WEEKLY GAZETTE" with 10 Cents for each Pattern Wanted.

Always give bust measure for Waists, Sacques, Coats and Jackets. Give waist measure for Skirts. For children it is always advisable to give the age.

Send Pattern No	Bust Measure	waist	Age
Send Pattern No	Bust Measure	Waist	Age
Send Pattern No	Bust Measure	Waist	Age
Send Pattern No	Bust Measure	Waist	Age
Send Pattern No	Bust Measure	Waist	Age

.

Address

lights the way and stays lighted. All brass, nickel-plated-no tin; outside oil-filler; cotton packed oil fount; double convex ground photolens; burns kerosene, throws a light 90 ft. and weighs but 12 ounces.

Three years a leader, and three years' improvements now added. Absolutely the handsomest and best bicycle lamp ever made. Sold by all leading dealers.

THE PLACE & TERRY MFG. CO., 247 Centre Street, New York.

See our new, cheaper lamp-the "Scorcher."

#### NOTES OF INTEREST.

The Turkish court planist receives \$3,000 a year for his services, but he is temporarily suspended every time he plays a tune the Sultan does not care

The oldest medical recipe is said by a French medical journal to be that of a hair tonic for an Egyptian Queen. It is dated 400 B. C., and directs that dogs' paws and asses' hoofs be boiled with dates in oil.

A mosaic pavement of Palestine, 30 feet long by 15 broad, has been discovered at a village between Salt and Kerak, east of the Jordan. The pavement is believed to belong to the fifth century after Christ.

The busiest telephone exchange in the world is in Chicago. It is the Washington Street Exchange, where the daily average is 180,000 messages. which means that double that number of persons talk over the telephone line.

There are three harvests reaped in Bengal every year-peas and oil-seeds in the month of April, the early rice crop in September, and the great rice crop in December.

#### How Should She Know.

Mr. M., a Boston gentleman, has a telephone in his new house, and he instructed a newly engaged Irish maid servant how to reply in case there should come a call over the wire during the absence of Mr. M. and his wife. One day there came such a call, and Norah went to the telephone.

"Well, sor?" said Norah, with her mouth to the speaking tube.

"Who's that?" came over the wire 'n a masculine voice.

"It's me, sor." "And who is me?"

"How the divil should I know who ye are?" retorted Norah.-Harper's

#### An Envious Observer.

He is a real estate man, and his mind is always on his business. He happened to be passing the White House

and stopped to gaze at it pensively. "I wish," he said, "that I could handle a piece of property like that. Every time a tenant leaves there is somebody ready and waiting to move in."-Washington Star.

#### VARIETIES.

Mrs. J. H. Mills is President of the State Bank of Cromwell, Mich., one of the directors of which also is a woman. Rev. George A. Hubbell of Vineland.

N. J., recently lost the sight of his right eye by the deflection into it of the sun ray upon striking a crystal inkstand. The Berlin municipal authorities

have granted license to a society to erect in public places and squares where children are in the habit of playing automatic machines for the sale of condensed milk. Dr. Murray, the editor of the great

English dictionary now in preparation, says that "disproportionableness" is now the longest word in the English language, but that "anthropomorphologically," if not the longest, is the ·longest that has yet appeared in his dictionary. In times of famine bread has been

baked from "wood-bran," or sawdust. This wood bread is made by selecting the sawdust of the least resinous wood -the beech, for example-and adding a little flour, some yeast and some water. When baked it resembles in ordinary appearance and taste the common brown bread of the bakers.

The First Secretary of the American Embassy in London gets \$2625 a year, the Second Secretary \$2000, and the Naval Attaché only his navy pay. These salaries do not suffice to pay the house rent, and therefore our representatives are usually, of necessity, men of private means.

#### An Achievement Explained.

He was a little curly-haired, rosycheeked member of a boy choir. He had been having some trouble with a high note, but on this occasion sang it out with a clearness and vigor which surprised and delighted all his fam-

"That was splendid," said the leader of the choir. "You have been taking my advice and practising."

"No, I haven't practised it." "I don't understand how else you ac-

complished it." "Well, I'll tell you. Just before I came to that note I shut my eyes and made believe I was at a ball game and saw Cartwright steal a base."-Wash-

ington Star.

## M'KINLEY'S MESSAGE.

Text of the Document Transmitting the Hawaiian Treaty.

POSITION OF GOVERNMENT.

Plan of the Annexation Regarded Merely as an Inevitable Consummation-Secretary Sherman's Report-English Papers Nettled.

Washington, June 18.-The following is the full text of the message sent to the senate by President McKinley to accompany the Hawaiian treaty:

To the Senate of the United States: I transmit herewith to the senate, in order that after due consideration the constitutional function of advice and consent may be exercised by that body, a treaty for the annexation of the republic of Hawaii to the United States, signed in this capital by the plenipotentiaries of the parties on the 16th of June inst.

For the better understanding of the subject I transmit in addition a report of the secretary of state briefly reviewing the negotiation which has led to this important result.

The incorporation of the Hawaiian Islands into the body politic of the United States is the necessary and fitting sequel to the chain of events which from a very early period of our history has controlled the intercourse and prescribed the association of the United States and the Hawaiian Islands. The predominance of American interests in that neighboring territory was first asserted in 1820 by sending to the islands a representative agent of the United States. It found further expression by the signature of a treaty of friendship, commerce and navigation with the king in 1826, the first international compact negotiated by Hawaii.

#### How England Backed Down.

It was signally announced in 1843, when the intervention of the United States caused the British government to disavow the seizure of the Sandwich Islands by a British naval commander and to recognize them by treaty as an independent state, renouncing forever any purpose of annexing the islands or exerting a protectorate over them. In 1851 the cession of the Hawaiian kingdom to the United States was formally offered, and, although not then accepted, this government proclaimed its duty to preserve alike the honor and dignity of the United States and the safety of government of the Hawaiian Islands. From this time until the outbreak of the war in 1861 the policy of the United States toward Hawaii and of the Hawaiian sovereign toward the United States was exemplified by continued negotiations for annexation or for a reserved commercial union. The latter alternative was at length accomplished by the reciprocity treaty of 1875, the provisions of which were renewed and expanded by the convention of 1884, embracing the perpetual cession to the United States of the harbor of Pearl river, in the island of Oahu. In 1888 a proposal for the joint guarantee neutrality of the Hawaiian Islands by the United States, Germany and Great Britain was declined on the announced ground that the relation of the United States to the islands was sufficient for the end in view. In brief, from 1820 to 1893 the course of the United States toward the Hawaiian Islands has consistently favored their autonomous welfare, with the exclusion of all foreign influence, save our own, to the extent of upholding eventual annexation as the necessary outcome of

Not only is the union of the Hawaiian territory to the United States no new scheme, but it is the inevitable consequence of the relation steadfastly main tained with that mid-Pacific domain for three-quarters of a century. Its accomplishment, despite successive denials and postponements, has been merely a question of time. While its failure in 1893 may not be a cause of congratulation, it is certainly a proof of the disinterestedness of the United States, the delay of four years having abundantly sufficed to establish the right and the ability of the republic of Hawaii to enter as a sovereign contractant upon a conventional union with the United States, thus realizing a purpose held by the Hawaiian people and proclaimed by successive Hawaiian governments through some 70 years of virtual dependence upon benevolent protection of the United States. Under such circumstances annexation is not a change; it is a consummation.

The report for the secretary of state exhibits the character and course of the recent negotiation and the features of the treaty itself. The organic and administrative details of incorporation are necessarily left to the wisdom of the congress, and I cannot doubt, when the function of the constitutional treaty making power shall have been accomplished, the duty of the national legis-lature in the case will be performed with the largest regard for the interests of this rich insular domain and for the welfare of the inhabitants thereof.

#### WILLIAM M'KINLEY.

Secretary Sherman's Report. Accompanying the message was a renort from Secretary Sherman, which is

The President:

The undersigned, secretary of state, has the honor to lay before the president for submission to the senate, should it be deemed for the public interest to do so, a treaty signed in the city of Washington on the 16th inst. by the undersigned and by the duly empowered representative of the republic of Hawaii, whereby the islands constituting the said republic and all their dependencies are fully and absolutely ceded to the United States of America forever. It does not seem necessary to the present purpose of the undersigned to review the incident of 1893, when a similar treaty of cession was signed on Feb. 14 and submitted to the senate, being subsequently withdrawn by the president on the 9th of March following. The negotiation which has culminated in the treaty now submitted has not been a mere resumption of the negotiation of 1893, but was initiated and has been conducted upon independent lines. Then an abrupt revolutionary movement had brought about the dethronement of the late queen and set up instead of the theretofore titular monarchy a provisional government for the control and management of public affairs and the protection of the public peace, such government to exist only until terms of union with the United States should have been negotiated and agreed upon.

The Republic of Hawaii.

#### The Republic of Hawaii.

Thus self constituted, its promoters claimed for it only a de facto existence until the purpose of annexation in which it took rise should be accomplished. As time passed and the plan of union with

the United States became an uncertain contingency, the organization of the Hawaiian commonwealth underwent necessary changes, the temporary character of its first government gave place to a permanent scheme under a constitution framed by the representatives of the electors of the islands; administration by an executive council not chosen by suffrage, but self appointed, was succeeded by an elective and parliamentary regime, and the ability of the new government to hold as the republic of Hawaii an independent place in the family of sovereign states, preserving order at home and fulfilling international obligations abroad, has been put to the proof. Recognized by the powers of the earth, sending and receiving envoys, enforcing respect for the law and maintaining peace within its island borders, Hawaii sends to the United States, not a commission representing a successful revolution, but the accredited plenipotentiaries of a constituted and firmly established sovereign state. However sufficient may have been the authority of the commissioners with whom the United States government treated in 1893, and however satisfied the president may then have been of their power to offer the domain of the Hawaiian Islands to the United States, the fact remains that what they then tendered was a territory rather than an established government, a country whose administration had been cast down by a bloodless but complete revolution and a community in a state of political transition.

#### A Responsible Government Now.

A Responsible Government Now.

Now, however, the republic of Hawaii approaches the United States as an equal and points for its authority to that provision of article 32 of the constitution promulgated July 24, 1894, whereby the president, with the approval of the cabinet, is hereby expressly authorized and empowered to make a treaty of political or commercial union between the republic of Hawaii and the United States of America, subject to the ratification of the senate.

republic of Hawaii and the United States of America, subject to the ratification of the senate.

The present negotiation is, therefore, as has been said, not a mere renewal of the tender of Hawaiian territory made in 1893, but has responded to the purpose declared in the Hawaiian constitution, and the conferences of the plenipotentiaries have been directed to weighing the advantages of the political and the commercial union alternatively proposed and relatively considering the scope and extent thereof. It soon appeared to the negotiators that a purely commercial union on the lines of the German zollverein could not satisfy the problems of administration in Hawaii and of the political assoriation between the islands and the United States. Such a commercial union would on the one hand deprive the Hawaiian government of its chief source of revenue from customs duties by placing list territory in a relation of free exchange with the territory of the United States, its main market of purchase and supply, while on the other hand it would entail upon Hawaii the maintenance of an internal revenue system on a par with that of the United States or else involve the organization of a corresponding branch of our revenue service within a foreign jurisdiction. We have had with Hawaii since 1875 a treaty of commercial union which practically assimilates the two territories with regard to many of their most important productions and excludes other nations from enjoyment of its privileges, yet, although that treaty has outlived other less favored reciprocity schemes, its permanency has at times been gravely imperiled. Under such circumstances to enter upon the radical experiment of a complete commercial union between Hawaii and the United States as independently sovereign without assurance of permanency and with perpetual subjection to the vicissitudes of public sentiment in the two countries was not to be thought of.

Annexation the Only Solution.

#### Annexation the Only Solution.

Annexation the Only Solution.

Turning then to the various practical forms of political union, the several phases of a protectorate, an offensive and defensive alliance and a national guarantee were passed in review. In all of these the independence of the subordinated state is the distinguishing feature, and with it the assumption by the paramount state of responsibility without domain. The disparity of the relative interests and the distance separating the two countries could not fall to render any form of protective association either unduly burdensome or illusory in its benefits, so far as the protecting state is concerned, while any attempt to counteract this by tributary dependence or a measure of suzerain control would be a retrograde movement toward a feudal or colonial establishment alike inexpedient and incompatible with our national policy.

There remained, therefore, the annexa-

toward a feudal or colonial establishment alike inexpedient and incompatible with our national policy.

There remained, therefore, the annexation of the islands and their absorption into the political system of the United States as the only solutions satisfying all the given conditions and promising permanency and mutual benefit. The present treaty has been framed on that basis, thus substantially reverting to the original proposal of 1893, and necessarily adopting many of the features of that arrangement. As to most of these, the negotiators have been constrained and limited by the constitutional powers of the government of the United States. As in previous instances when the United States has acquired territory by treaty, it has been necessary to reserve all the organic provisions for the action of congress. If this was requisite in the case of the transfer to the United States of a part of the domain of a titular sovereign, as in the cession of Louisiana by France, of Florida by Spain or of Alaska by Russia, it is the more requisite when the act is not cession, but union, involving the complete incorporation of an alien sovereignty into the body politic of the United States.

The Only Precedent.

#### The Only Precedent.

The Only Precedent.

For this the only precedent of our political history is found in the uncompleted treaty concluded during President Grant's administration, Nov. 29, 1869, for the annexation of the Dominican republic to the United States. Following that example, the treaty now signed by the plenipotentiaries of the United States and the republic of Hawaii reserves to the congress of the United States the determination of all questions affecting the form of government of the annexed territory, the citizenship and elective franchise of its inhabitants and the manner in which the laws of the United States are to be extended to the islands.

In order that this independence of the congress shall be complete and unquestionable and pursuant to the recognized doctrine of public law that treaties expire with the independent life of the contracting state there has been introduced out of abundant caution an express proviso for the determination of all treaties here-tofore concluded by Hawaii with foreign nations and the extension to the islands of the treaties of the United States. This leaves congress free to deal with such especial regulation of the contract labor system of the islands as circumstances may require.

may require.

#### The Temporary Government.

The Temporary Government.

The Temporary Government.

There being no general provision of existing statutes to prescribe the form of government for newly incorporated territory, it was necessary to stipulate, as in the Dominican precedent, for continuing the existing machinery of government and laws in the Hawaiian Islands until provision shall be made by law for the government as a territory of the United States of the domain thus incorporated into the Union, but having in view the peculiar status created in Hawaii by laws enacted in execution of treaties heretofore concluded between Hawaii and other countries only such Hawaiian laws are thus provisionally continued as shall not be incompatible with the constitution or the laws of the United States or with the provisions of this treaty. It will be noticed that express stipulation is made prohibiting the coming of Chinese laborers from the Hawaiian Islands to any other part of our national territory. This provision was proper and necessary, in view of the Chinese exclusion acts, and it behooved the negotiators to see to it that this treaty, which in turn is to become in due constitutional course a supreme law of the land, shall not alter or amend existing law in this most important regard.

Respectfully submitted.

JOHN SHERMAN,
Secretary of State.

The treaty which accompanies the report is practically identical with that already published.

#### ENGLISH OPINION.

The Globe Regrets That Great Britain Did Not Seize the Islands.

London, June 18 .- The Globe in an editorial discussing the Hawaiian annexation treaty, in which a good deal of anger is displayed, says: "The American navy is absolutely un-

fit to protect the islands, which would

-Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

lie at the mercy of any Spanish warships appearing at Honolulu, while Japan's sea power is so immeasurably superior to that of the United States that a Japanese naval demonstration would place President McKinley in a difficult and perilous position."

The Globe further says that it thinks that the declaration made by Marquis Ito, the former Japanese premier, that Japan had never entertained an idea of a conflict with the United States over Hawaii contains between the lines an underlying feeling of keen resentment, and proceeds to say:

"Whatever course Japan may follow Great Britain claims that all her rights and privileges shall be scrupulously respected. Viewing the great strategic value of the group to England, it is a matter of regret that the islands were not added to the British empire long ago, and there was all the more reason to anticipate a prompt and watchful attitude on the part of Lord Salisbury, who should have remembered what a flabby appearance England presented before a contemptuous world in the case of Venezuela. No English ministry can afford to repeat that ofte

bury should stiffen his McKinley plainly that Great Brit claims the right to be consulted before the matter of annexation is decided.

The foregoing recalls the fact that The Globe has been consistent in its clamors that England shall annex everything; that it opposes coercion of the sultan upon the ground that England has nothing to gain by it, and that it favors England's permanent and absolute ownership of Egypt and war for the annexation of the Transvaal.

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Shoulder Steak,	8:
Round Steak,	12c
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#### Paul Schultze, Jr

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NORWALK, CONN.

\$75.00 Bicycle given away Saturday night, June 19th, 1897. Save your duplicate checks.

# REDUCTION OF STOCK SALE

The weather has been against us, our stocks are large at this date. PROFITS BEAR LITTLE WEIGHT. We must get our stocks down, and the way to do it, is to give bargains. Here are some of them:

#### DOMESTIC GOODS.

- I Case of Summer domet flannel, 6c is the price, this sale price, 3.
- I Bale heavy unbleached muslin, 6c is the price, this sale price, 4.
- 1 Case 4=4 full bleached muslin, 7c is the price, this sale price, 5.

#### WASH GOODS.

30c All Linen Batiste with Colored stripes, 19. 25c Organdies, 12 I=2 25c Lappet Lawns, 12 1=2 7c Colored 19c White and Blk. India Linens, 10 A great stock White Dotted Swiss.

#### SUIT ROOM.

Jackets at Half Price. Capes at Half Price. Crash Skirts, \$1.25. Duck Skirts, 98c. P'k. Skirts, \$1.49. Covert Bicycle Skirt, \$1.49. " \$1.75. Linen Crash Suits, \$3.75 to 5.75. Shirt Waists, 50, 75, 98, \$1.25, \$1.25 \$.149 and \$1.98. Ladies' Suits, \$5.75, \$6.50, \$9.98, \$11,= 98, \$14.98.

Separate Skirts, \$1.25 \$2.50, \$2.75 to

## UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT.

Ladies' Undervests, 12, 25, and 50c. Gents' Undershirts, 25 and 50c. Men's Neglige Shirts, 50c.

Mens' Colored Percale Shirts, 75 1.00 and \$1.50. Boys' Shirt waists, 25 and 50c.

Boys' Blouses, 25 and 50c. Boys' Knee Pants, 50 and 69c. Boys' Wash Pants, 25 and 50c. 100 Dozen Ladies' Neckties, all the

latest colors, 25c. Ladies' Wash Ties, 10c. Men's Madras Shirts, 69.

#### DRESS GOODS.

Silk Stripe Chaille, 19c. 54 in. Blk. Sicilian, 50c. 54 in. all Checks, 75c. 36 in. Wool Mixture, 25c. 36 in. Mixed Suitings, 12 1=2c.

#### SILKS.

27 in. Blk. Duchesse, 98c, this worth

24 in. Blk. Rhadame, 75c.

Summer Silk, 25, 33, 39 and 50. Large figure India Silk in black, 60c. 100 styles for silk shirt waists.

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# Mutual Plate Glass Insurance Company

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At HALF THE RATE charged by other stock companies

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ROOM 1, GAZETTE BUILDING

-Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

#### LOCAL NEWS.

The regular quarterly dividend of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad has been declared. The dividend is 2 per cent., payable July 1 to stockholders of record June 19.

A farewell sociable will be tendered Rev. T. K. Noble and wife at the parsonage, next Monday evening. The reverend gentleman and his wife will "go west" on a short vacation trip, and returning will domicile in the new parsonage "willed" to the society by the late Mrs. George R. Cowles.

Mrs. Adelaide Bischoff of 251 West Twenty-eighth street, New York, died of heart disease on the Iron Steamboat Cygnus, Thursday afternoon, while returning from the annual picnic of the Chelsea M. E. church Sunday school to Roton Point. Mrs. Bischoff went on the picnic with her-daughter and a friend.

Mrs. Rebecca Schaschat, wife of E. Schäschat, who conducts a grocery store on Harbor avenue, died in Denver, Colorado, Monday. The deceased was in poor health and went to Denver a few weeks since hoping to receive benefit by a change of climate. Her husband and two children survive.

Mrs. Mary Catherine Quintard, wife of Professor Charles A. Tucker, died at her home on Main street Tuesday aged about 50 years. The deceased was a daughter of Mrs. Lydia E. Quintard and a woman whom to know was to love. Her demise will be sincerely mourned by all who enjoyed the pleasure of her acquaintance. The husband loses a cheerful helpmeet, the mother a loving child and the community a rarely good woman.

Governor Cooke has signed the "parchments" appointing John H. Fer-Bethel, Henry S. Osborn of Redding, the side of her face. George B. Durant of Bethel, John N. Woodruff of Sherman, William Wallace Lee of Meriden and Morris W. Seymour of Bridgeport to be members of the Israel Putnam Memorial Camp Ground Commission. The appointments are for two years from July 1, 1897. Mr. Ferris was in receipt this morning of his duly signed commission.

The annual meeting of the Norwalk Christian Endeavor Union was held in Weston Wednesday night. There was a large centingent of Norwalk Endeavor ers present. The meeting was held in the Congregational church. A fine program of exercises was presented, a pleasing feature of which was the pres entation to Rev. R. O. Sherwood of a gold ring. The election of officers resulted of follows.

President, Rev. R. O. Sherwood. Vice-President, F. Lane. Secretary, Miss Minnie Wixon.

Lookout Committee, J. W. Punzelt. Good Citizenship, Mr. Post of Wilton. All speak highly of the kindly wel-

Treasurer, George Quintard.

come accorded them by the people of Weston. There was a lively thunder storm

Monday afternoon, accompanied by a high wind, which sent people on the street "skittering" for shelter.

The rain came down in torrents and thoroughly washed the streets and short duration.

During the progress of the storm there was one especially brilliant flash of lightning accompanied by a sound of thunder that made the timid shiver

with fear. "I'll bet that struck somewhere," said a young man who had just fallen from his bicycle in his haste to get in out of the wet. And he was correct in

his remark. It did strike. And the place that it hit was a chimney on the house owned by E. S. Laffin and located on Fairfield avenue, South Norwalk.

The fluid demolished the chimney tore off a large section of the siding on an L of the house, broke a window sash and glass and then shot off into the ground where it buried itself out of

The house is occupied by the two families of Mr. Maher and Mr. Fitzgerald, none of whom suffered injury.

The damage will probably not be in excess of \$100 which is covered by insurance with Taylor & Golden's agency.

After a great deal of difficulty Secretary George H. Frew of the New York and Norwalk Steamboat company has succeeded in chartering a steamboat to run to New York this season.

The steamer selected is the Belle Horton belonging to Commodore Cornell's fleet, and which ran to Keyport

last season. 'The Horton made her trial trip up on Saturday in three hours with ten pounds of steam to spare. She is now lying at the steamboat dock in South Norwalk, where she will remain until Sunday, when the first of the popular summer excursions will be given, and on the Monday following the first trip to New York will be made.

In appearance the Horton is much like the old City of Albany but somewhat smaller. She has been newly painted and presents a cleanness that s especially inviting. The freight carry 700 passengers, which is plenty large enough for this route.

Capt. Moses Wilson will be in command, with Capt. A. A. Betts as purser, which will be welcome news to patrons of the line.

Early Sunday afternoon word was received by the police that a colored woman named Arnie McKeever was raising a rumpus on Wood street, and Officer Hall was detailed to investigate the matter.

Annie is married to a white man named Henry McKeever and has two small children. She is somewhat addicted to the use of intoxicants and when under the influence of the same is as unruly as a young and unbroken colt. The officer found her trying to gain admittance to a house occupied by a family named Gates, the door to which she was battering away at with a vengeance that boded no good to the occu-

After considerable trouble and with some assistance the officer succeeded in placing her under arrest, but not until he had snapped the bracelets on her wrists, she acting like a perfect maniac.

She was placed in a carriage, and the driver started for the station-house, and she was finally landed in one of the cages. On the way she said repeatedly that she would rather die than appear in court and that she would take her life before Monday morning, at which time the court set.

A watch was on this account kept over her. During the afternoon she stripped her underskirts off and stripping them into shreds made a noose which she fastened to one of the rings in the cell and placing the noose around her neck, fell with full weight forward, but the cotton goods broke.

She then made another noose, and a stronger one, and getting up on to a convenient stool fastened one end of the same around a convenient bar, put the noose over her head and leaped, as she thought, into eternity. Again the "cord" broke and she fell with a thud headforemost on the hard floor of ris of Norwalk, W. S. Wortman of the cage, receiving a severe bruise on

Maddened by the poor success of her efforts to hang, she then commenced butting her head against the iron bars in the cell, but remarkably enough without sustaining severe injury.

She was then quiet for a time, and sat down, acting as if in deep thought. Suddenly she whipped off her flannels, from which she formed another noose. and again attempted to hang herself.

This time she no doubt would have been successful if it had not have been that Chief Vollmer was present and cut the noose, and none too soon as her tongue ran out of her mouth as she was slowly strangling to death.

She made several other efforts to do away with herself using her clothing for the purpose until finally she was clad in nothing but a thin wrapper.

Dr. J. M. Coburn was summoned and administered a hyperdermic injection of morphine, but with no visible effect until about 6:30 o'clock, when she went into another cell conveniently left open for her, where she sank down and went to sleep.

She awoke again about 8 o'clock and attempted to cut her throat with a tin cup which she had managed to find. A few minutes after, her husband, who had been advised of her condition, arrived on the scene with a change of garconts which he after some effort prevailed upon her to put on. Every stitch pavements, but it was of comparatively of her clothing including her stockings, with the exception of her wrapper had been destroyed in her vain attempt to kill herself.

This is by no means the first time she has been under arrest

A telegram was received Saturday by Mrs. Jedediah Wilcox of 70 Howe street, New Haven, announcing the sudden death in Louisville, Ky., of her husband, Mr. Jedediah Wilcox, a business man and former manufacturer, well known in Norwalk and throughout the state. Mr. Wilcox had been on an extended business trip in the west and was on his way home, having stopped at Louisville to attend to some business, when his death occurred at the Galt house in that city. Since receiving the dispatch announcing the death, Mrs. Wilcox has wired to Louisville to learn particulars, but has as yet been unable to ascertain the cause of death. From the fact, however, that his demise was preceded by no illness, it is concluded by his friends and members of his family that death was due to apoplexy or heart disease, although it is not known that he had ever been afflicted with heart trouble or apoplectic symptoms.

Directions have been sent to Louis ville to have the remains embalmed and sent at once to New Haven. When they will arrive is not known and consequently no definite arrangements for the funeral have yet been made. It is expected, however, that particulars of the death and other information will be received to-day, so that the funeral can be arranged for.

Mr. Wilcox, although seventy years of age, was wonderfully well preserved and scarcely appeared to be more than fifty years of age at the most. He had resided in New Haven about twentyone years, having removed to that city from Meriden, where he was a prominent manufacturer of woolen goods. Previous to that he organized and conducted a silverware manufacturing busspace is small, but she is allowed to iness in Meriden, which eventually was combined with the Meriden Britannia company's interests. During recent years his chief business had been the promoting and organizing of companies | nett of Thomes Institute, Port Deposof various kinds, and in this he had it, Md., are home for the summer vacabeen most successful. He also owned | tion.

a large interest in the famous Hathorn Spring at Saratoga, and business in connection with this spring had occupied much of his time and attention during the past eight or ten years.

While he was in business in Meriden he built a large and elegant residence in that city, which is now owned by Charles Parker, one of the leading manufacturers of the place and one of the wealthiest men in the state. Mr. Wilcox was at one time president of the Meriden Fire Insurance company, and the Wilcox Hose company of Meriden was named for him. He was a brother of Horace C. Wilcox, founder of the Meriden Britannia company, who died of apoplexy about five years ago. Another brother was Dennis Wilcox, a broker in New York who died some years ago.

Mr. Wilcox leaves, besides his wife and daughter in New Haven, two sisters, who reside in Meriden, and also two brothers, one of whom is Edmund Wilcox of Meriden and the other is Watson Wilcox, who conducts the Highland house in Westfield, the old Wilcox homestead. The deceased was an uncle of George H. Wilcox, at present president of the Britannia com-

Mr. Wilcox was a frequent visitor in Norwalk and a personal friend of the Editor of the GAZETTE for many years.

The semi-annual session of the Epworth League was held in Bridgeport. Tuesday. Twenty-six chapters were represented and there were over 100 delegates present.

The morning session was the business one of the day, most of the time being employed in the reading of reports and the completion of much routine work. Upon adjournment for dinner the delegates participated in a trolley ride.

The following officers were elected: President, Frederick Randall of Danbury. Vice-presidents, Danbury subdistrict, Rev. E. W. Serives. Bridgeport, sub-district, Rev. F. A. Scofield of Norwalk. New York sub-district, Rev. J. W. Eggleston of New York city. New York and Connecticut sub-district, J. P. Wallace. Superintendent of juvenile work, Miss Sadie Randall of Norwalk. Corresponding secretary, James S. Myer of Portchester.

The gentlemen comprising the executive committee were re-elected, they being, Rev. John W. Beach, D. D., LL D., Middletown; Rev. A. H. Goodenough, New Rochelle and A. H. Taylor, Bridgeport.

In addition to these officers it was voted to add an auditing committee to the board of officers. The following gentlemen were named by President Randall to form that committee. Rev. Royal W. Raymond of Bridgeport: Rev. Alvin P. Knell and A. H. Taylor. The closing session was held last eve-

ning at which addresses were made by Rev. A. T. Leonard of India and S. H. Hadley of New York, Miss Annie Grace Adams of New York, gave an interesting talk on the "Junior Epworthian." Vocal numbers were rendered by the quartette of the Fairfield church, Edward H. Wilmott, Will Hawley and Mrs. A. E. Whiting. The attendance at the afternoon session was quite large and much enthusiasm was manifested.

A fitting tribute was paid to Rev. Royal W. Raymond of the Summerfield church for his indefatiguable labors for the advancement of the work of the league by the convention unanimously electing him as delegate from this district to the Toronto convention. This convention, which will be held from the 14th to the 18th July, is the international one which is held every two

The convention was a most successful one in every particular. While the attendance at the morning session was not as large as was expected, the enthusiam was much greater. The visiting delegates were loud in their praise of the treatment received from the entertaining churches, Summerfield, Newfield, and the Washington Park Meth-

The New York district of the Epworth League is one of the largest both in members and territory in the country. It comprises all chapters of churches from Harlem to Stratford. and as far north as the state line. It has a membership at present of 4,069.

The next meeting will be held in Norwalk a date for which has not yet been decided upon.

A report reaches this office that Rev. Mr. Arthur of Westport, who was in some wise mixed up in a sensation at Weston a few weeks since, has gone daft, and has eluded those who were striving to care for him and preventing such a story reaching the public searchlight of criticism.

Mr. Arthur is well liked by his parishioners all of whom hope that the aberration is only of a temporary na-

Next Sunday morning will be observed as "Children's Day" in the Norwalk Congregational church, with printed programs for the entire congregation. In the evening there will be a Praise Service with the story of the hymns sung, told by the pastor. There will be a baptism of children in the morning.

Miss Annie F. Bennett of Pratts Institute, Brooklyn, and Miss Mollie Ben-

#### WILTON.

Mr. Nathan Constock with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Comstock and son, is again occupying the Comstock homestead.

The Mission Band will meet with Mrs. Augustus Merwin on Friday after-

Miss Kate Keeler of New York, is spending the summer with her brother R. W. Keeler.

Miss Sally Middlebrook with her brother Frederick and little niece spent Sunday with Mrs. George Boyd of Waterbury.

A very attractive program was rended by the children of the Congregational Sunday school on Children's Day. The church was exquisitely dressed with ferns, laurel and daisies. Chester Coley who received such a

errific blow from his horses' heels, is out again but with a bandaged head. The children of the Cannon's school spent a delightful afternoon on Mon-

day at the home of their teacher Miss Brady on Belden Hill. Cake and ice cream were served and a Punch and Judy show afforded much laughter and

The Children of the Center school will, if the day is pleasant, picnic tomorrow at the beach. The wagons leaving Olmstead's store at 8:45.

The lecture by Mrs. Charles McCord of Bridgeport, under the auspices of the Library Association, at the Chapel on Friday evening drew out a large and appreciative audience. Mrs. Mc-Cord. who has a charming personality, held the interest of her audience throughout the lecture. She recited several of the poems of Field's and received much applause. Mrs. George A. Davenport and Miss Rundall sang several of the author's songs in an effective manner. A pleasant feature of the evening was the refreshments served by ladies of the Association at the close of the lecture.

The handsome grounds and splendid residence of Finch Bros. presented a brilliant scene on Saturday afternoon, it being the pleasing occasion of the raising of a flag on a lofty eminence near their house. Some thirty athletic young men put the tall pole in place, and then the stars and stripes were raised. Rev. Mr. Arthur of Weston, made an appropriate address, which was followed by singing. Then a handsome collation was served by the ladies of the house and all stayed to enjoy an hour or so of pleasant social converse. Many spectators from out of town were present and R. H. Fitch and camera were on hand, securing some fine photographs of the scene, which was one long to be remembered.

Mrs. George Pike of Brooklyn, is visiting her sister Mrs. Frederick Bene-

Miss Edith Huntington of Norwalk, vas in town on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Noel Stanton and Miss Mabel, of Orchard street, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Luther Smith of North Wilton, last week.

Miss Mary Olmstead of New York, is visiting with her cousin Miss Alice Imstead.

Mrs. George A. Davenport spent Sunday in New Canaan. David Evans of Wilmington, spent

Sunday with his family in Wilton. Augustus Winkler, whose garden

beats the record, has been eating peas from his own vines for some time. Mr. and Mrs. James Middlebrook and

family spent Sunday in town. Miss Hattie Olmstead of Norwalk, is stopping in town for the summer. She rides a fine Waverly wheel.

Charles J. Ogden, who is spending the summer at Wilton, won first honors in the sophomore class in German at commencement, last week. Mr. Ogden, who is only sixteen, is in the freshman class at Columbia.

Mr. and Mrs. Fields and family of New York, are stopping for the season with Mrs. John B. Sturges.

The Reading Circle will meet with Mrs. Elizabeth Hill to-morrow after-

Mrs. Allen of New York, has been spending several days with Miss Folsom at Ridgely Farm.

Mrs. John A. Belden, celebrated her arrival at the great age of ninety-two years at the Belden homestead in Cannons, on Friday last. Mrs. Belden is the oldest resident of the town, and is still in possession of all her faculties and able to attend to many household duties. She is a grandmother of John M. Belden, of Danbury.-Danbury News.

The N. Y. Telegram of Wednesday, prints the following story of local interest in Norwalk: "A rather good looking woman, twenty-six years old, gave birth to a child in the waiting room at the N. Y. end of the Brooklyn bridge at a little before three o'clock this morning. She was taken to the Hudson street hospital, where both mother and child are said to be doing well. She said she was Lulu Hobbs, and that she lived at No. 762 Fifth avenue, Brooklyn. When she became ill she was on her way to the Sloan Maternity hospital in this city. When asked who her friends were she gave the name of a South Norwalk young man. She declined to say anything about her hus-

#### EAST NORWALK.

Mrs. Garwood Baker, of New York, who has been visiting Mrs. C. H. Rider on Cottage avenue, left for her home this morning.

Mrs. David Rose, of Hill street, received news yesterday of the death of her brother, Nathaniel Tooker, of Mat-

John L'Hommedieu is ill with a severe attack of asthma.

Mrs. Whittaker, of Maple avenue, who has been very ill, is able to be out

Mrs. C. H. Platt, of Betts Place, has gone to Danbury for a week's visit.

The funeral of Miss Emily Carpenter was held from her home in Darien yesterday afternoon. Rev. A. J. Smith officiated.

E. E. Gorham of Katonah is visiting his parents on Cove street.

Miss Nellie Partrick of Maple avenue, will leave to-morrow for the Catskills. Miss Partrick has been with the Minnie Lester Comedy company for the past season.

A convention of the Advent Sunday schools will be held in Danbury on Fri-

The Epworth League held a prayer meeting in the East avenue church last evening led by Fred Raymond.

An entertainment and strawberry festival will be given under the auspices of St. Paul's mission next Friday evening in the mission room.

William Harbottle made a bicycle run of 162 miles on Sunday. From Norwalk to Coney Island to Bridgeport to Norwalk, finishing the last 30 miles in 2 hours and ten minutes.

Miss Fannie Rice of Brooklyn, is visiting Mrs. Charles L. Ainsworth of Cottage avenue.

Mrs. Herbert V. Carr and friends who are visiting her from Northport, L. I., spent yesterday at Roton Point.

Miss Clara Ainsworth is ill at her home on Cottage avenue. Quite a number of our East Side young people are attending the Epworth

day. Miss Ethel Pidgeon of Boston, Mass. is visiting at the home of her aunt

Mrs. Goodsell on Henry street.

League convention in Bridgeport to-

Miss Virginia Chalmers of Southold, L. I., and Miss Mary Emma Bunce of Centerport, L. I., who have been visiting Mrs. Herbert V. Carr of Cottage avenue, left here yesterday for a visit in Stamford.

DISTIRED the Ordinance.

The wheelmen of Millville, N. J., to the number of several hundred, indulged in a big burlesque parade recently in order to show their displeasure at the bicycle ordinance that went into effect lately. They succeeded in creating pandemonium with bells of all descriptions, from sleighbells to trolley gongs. The provisions of the ordinance do not appear to be in any way different from the usual form of regulation and hardly so obnoxious as to warrant wheelmen to make fools of themselves. -New York Sun.

Rival Wheel Advertisements. The advertisements of cycle dealers

and manufacturers are often amusing. At present one firm is notifying the general public that all intending purchasers who go elsewhere are throwing money away, while another firm advertises boldly, "No life insurance policies required with our wheels."-New York Advertiser.

## WEATHER SIGNALS.

Reports Will be Telegraphed the Gazette Every Day

And Weather Fags Will be Displayed From the Care te Building Flag Staff.



OU can now plan to go fishing, on a journey or a picnic having an idea of the weather, as THE EVENING GAZETTE has received from the United States Weather Bureau, a set of weather and

temperature signal flags, which will displayed every morning from the flag staff on the GAZETTE Building immediately upon receipt of a telegraph from the Weather Bureau in New York.

The signals consist of five flags as fol-

lows: white, blue, blue and white, black pointed, and white with black square in the center. The interpretation of these displays

are as follows: The white flag alone, iudicates fair

weather, stationary temperature. The blue flag alone, indicates rain or

snow, stationary temperature. The white and black flag alone, indicates local rain, stationary tempera-

ture. The white flag with the black pointed flag above it, indicates fair weather, warmer.

The white flag with the black pointed flag below-it, indicates fair weather, colder.

The blue flag with the black pointed flag above it, indicates warmer weather, rain or snow.

The blue flag with the black pointed flag below it, indicates colder weather, rain or snow. The white flag and blue flag with the

weather with local rains. The white and blue flag with the black pointed flag below it, indicates colder weather with local rains.

pointed flag above it indicates warm

The white flag with the white flag with black square in the center below it, indicates fair weather, cold wave.

The blue flag with the white flag with black square in the center below it, indicates wet weather, cold wave. These signal flags will be displayed

for the first time to-day, and it is suggested thal the readers of the GAZETTE cut out the above interpretations and keep them for future reference.

Married In Bicycle Clothes.

While Justice Hart of Cleveland was sitting in his office on a recent afternoon he was aroused from his meditation by a ripple of laughter at his office door. A company of three young ladies and an elderly gentleman entered. The girls each wore a neat bicycle suit, with short skirts and cap. One of the merry wheelwomen announced that she desired to be launched on the sea of matrimony and to have her name changed from Miss Martha Elber to Mrs. Charles T. Wilkes. The justice looked out of the door for the would be bridegroom, but the young lady pointed to the elderly gentleman. The bicycle bride was about 17 years old, while the bridegroom appeared to be 30 years her senior. The bicycle bridesmaids giggled, the bicycle bride blushed, and the husband to be looked serious, while the justice performed the ceremony.-Chicago Trib-

# The New York Weekly Tribune



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#### A PRIVATE SOLDIER.

BY JOHN R. MUSICK.

A dreary plain, a vast waste, with only a green oasis like grove of trees, in which had hastily been thrown up a rude breastwork of sand and stone.

A cloud of howling savages surrounding the earthwork, in which was the great overland stage. It was a scene calculated to excite fear and sympathy. There were women in that beleaguered fort as well as men, and their pale faces, parched lips and dry. tearess eyes evinced the stony terror caused by the prospect of certain death.

A dozen troopers under command of Lieutenant Marks had been sent to guard the stagecoach; when they found themselves confronted by such overwhelming odds that they hastened to the grove we have mentioned and hastily threw up the earthworks behind which the soldiers and passengers were defending themselves. The face of Lieutenant Marks was almost as pale as marble, and he had long since ceased to give orders, for it was now a pitched battle in which every man was his own commander.

Prominent among the troopers was a tall young man in the uniform of a private soldier. There was a look of calm determination on his face, and whatever others may have done, he wasted no shots that day. Every time his rifle cracked a redskin fell. Though he exposed himself more to Indian bullets than any of the others, he seemed to hold a charmed life, for not a shot touched him.

This private was about twenty-four years of age, with a handsome face, dark eyes and black moustache. His name was George Stone, and it was whispered that he was a graduate of Princeton. How he came to be a private soldier in the regular army is a story of sufficient interest to tell even in the midst of battle, especially as it has some bearing on the conflict. He and Lieutenant David Marks had been schoolboys together, and both were competitors for the appointment at West Point. Marks, though inferior to Stone in every respect, having the strongest political pull, succeeded, and George went to Princeton.

George graduated about the same time that his successful rival came from West Point with a commission as second lieutenant of cavalry. He happened to be near the town in which the regiment of his rival was quartered. This renewed the jealousy of his companion. Then Miss Mary Sommers came to the city. She was going to her sister in Montana. the coming summer. and as Marks' regiment had been or-dered to that part of the country, he boped he would meet her again, especially as he had fellen desperately in love with her. For the second time his rival was his schoolboy friend, George Stone, who seemed to be more successful than he had before. Marks had no political pull in love matters, and began to look about for some means to conquer again.

The plan he fell upon was the most nefarious that can be conceived. One day he and some officers and friends enticed George into a saloon, and during the afternoon is duced him to drink so much champagne that he became utterly unconscious of his acts and surroundings.

While he was in that state, a recruiting officer who was present induced him to enlist in the regular army as a private, and he was assigned to the company to which Lieutenant Marks belonged.

When Stone recovered consciousness and realized what he had done, he resolved never to drink another drop of intoxicating liquors.

Marks, who had been his constant associate, of course cut his acquaintance, and George was compelled to mess and associate with the common soldier. Stone gave strict attention to orders, and studied military tactics as he had never studied any subject in his life. He became the favorite of all save his second lieutenant, who lost no opportunity to humiliate him.

In due time the regiment was ordered to the plains, and he was with the squad sent to guard the stage. It was the first time Lieutenant Marks had ever been under fire; nevertheless it was natural to suppose he would show some courage on this occasion, for Mary Sommers, the girl who had won his heart, was in the stage.

It was galling to poor George Stone to meet the woman whom he loved under such changed circumstances that he dared not speak to her. He bore himself erect with a proud soldierly dignity, but was silent. When the attack came he was first in the fight, and it was then that the lieutenant, who shone as a society man, began to show the white feather. He failed to go to the front with his men, and kept as much out of range of bullets and arrows as possible.

It was George, his stony silence broken only by the exigency of the moment, who suggested the grove as the proper place to make the stand. It was he who proposed that the breastwork be thrown up from the stones and sand.

All the while the cowardly lieutenant, with pale lips and trembling form, was crouched under the stagecoach. not uttering a word or taking any part in the conflict.

"Lieutenant Marks." said a sweet, musical voice at his side during a full in the conflict, "why do you not go to the front with your men?"

"I am ill, Miss Sommers; indeed, I am very ill. I can hardly stand upon my feet." answered the lieutenant. And to prove that he was correct, he lay at full length on the ground.

"You were not ill two hours ago." "No, this has been very sudden and very unfortunate indeed. It I were well I could drive off those rascally Indians; but really I am not able to hold up my head." And it seemed as if he would burrow his head in the sand.

"Lieutenant Marks, you are a coward" cried the brave girl, indignantly. "You are a disgrace to the service."

He began to lament in a pitiable manner, and she turned away and ran to the side of George Stone, who stood boldly erect by the imperfect breastwork, firing at the savages, who were pouring a storm of bullets about him. Laying one little hand on his shoulder, she said:

"Mr. Stone, it is not right that you should endanger your life."

He turned his pale, stern face upon her, and spoke to her for the first time since he had worn the uniform of a soldier.

"Miss Sommers, this is no place for vou."

"Nor is it any place for you," she answered.

"I am a soldier, and it is my duty to "And I am one whom you are defending, and it is my duty to remain at

your side." "Miss Sommers-" he began.

"No, no, George! L will never leave as breastwork while you expose your life-more precious than that of any other in the party."

He was touched by her words. They appealed to his heart. A moisture came into the eyes which had been so long dry, while his frame trembled. "Miss Sommers—"

"George, you used to call me Mary; won't you do so now? Remember, death is a great leveler, and we are facing death."

"Mary-I must defend you," he said. "I would defend you even if I were not a soldier, and I must inspire these others by my example."

"Better let any of them expose their lives than you!" she answered in a voice of melting tenderness

"It would be fatal to shirk duty now -the act of a coward. Is it not better that we take the only chance we have of defending our lives than to die a coward's death?"

"Then let me stand by your side and fall when you do. I shall not care to live if you are gone.'

"No, no! Don't insist on endangering your life, Mary. You unman me. I am a coward when you are exposed to danger-I am brave in the thought that I can defend you."

His reason and entreaty prevailed, and she was induced to seek the most sheltered place in the enclosure when the Indians made their next charge on the rude earthwork.

"They are coming again, boys!" cried the brave private. "Now remember that it is better to die a brave man than a coward. Don't waste a shot. Our only hope lies in making a bold, stubborn resistance."

The soldiers, who looked upon him as their natural leader, silently nodded assent.

"Steady all!" cried George Stone. "Now take careful aim. Don't any of you waste lead on the big chief with red feathers."

Every rifle was aimed.

"Steady! Let them come a little nearer before you fire."

Up they came until they were even within long pistol range, and then George gave the command:

"Fire!" There was a rattling crash of firearms, and the foremost saddles were emptied. The big chief with red feathers went down with the others. The riderless horses plunged back among the mounted savages, making the panic more general.

"Load!" cried the young soldier. Before the Indians had recovered from the confusion the volley had thrown them into, a second volley was poured into them. Then some of the

passengers having Winchesters began a continual fire.

The savages drew off again, but they had no intention of giving up the fight. Other chiefs came to take the place of those fallen, and they appealed to their comrades for revenge. They had only to point to the sandy plain, reddened with their blood, and with deafening yells they charged the breast-

One by one the soldiers went down. As if by a miracle Stone was still unhurt, and gathering the arms of his fallen comrades about him, he continued to fire with such rapidity that the Indians little dreamed there was but one man left.

"George, let me help you," entreated Mary. "I can load the guns."

"God help you!" he murmered.

At this moment there was a sudden and for some time unexplainable stampede on the part of the enemy. Hastily taking up their wounded and part of their dead they flew across the plain as rapidly as their ponies could carry them. The cause of their flight was the arrival of two hundred soldiers under Major Warner. George was the only man unhurt save the cowardly lieutenant, who was still under the stagecoach, and who never recovered from his sudden malady until he and the major assured him the enemy was

Miss Mary Sommers went to the city, where her brother, a wealthy miner, lived. Tom Sommers was not only wealthy but influential, and he was soon ready to offer George Stone either a discharge or a commission. He chose to be discharged, and shortly after married the lady whom he had so gallantly defended. He removed to a Western State, from which he was sent to Congress, and subsequently became an official in the war department.

In another engagement Marks had proved to be a coward, and was tried by a court-martial and dismissed from the service. He went to Washington to be reinstated, and while at the war department met the man whom he had injured.

"Well, I suppose you will do all you can against me," said the lieutenant. You will keep me out of the army if

vou can." "No." George Stone answered, "I may be doing wrong in befriending a man whom I do not believe fitted for the position, but my influence shall be given to have you restored, providing you will resign."

He succeeded in having the officer restored, and then the lieutenant resigned, which removed the stigma of disgrace from him.

It was at the President's reception that Lieutenant Marks met Mr. Stone and his beautiful wife. "I am proud to meet such a distin-

guished person as Colonel Stone!" said the lieutenant, derisively. The fair wife quickly interrupted him with:

"Not a colonel, lieutenant. Private Stone. I am proud to own that I am the wife of a private. A private who is brave in battle is to be preferred to a commissioned officer who becomes deathly sick at a sign of danger."

Lieutenant Marks, very much humiliated, left the White House.

FREEING PULP WOOD OF KNOTS. The New Machine Accomplishes Better

Results Than the Old Method. A machine has been patented for taking the knots and foreign substansee out of wood for sulphite pulp. The freer the wood is from knots and foreign matter the whiter and better quality of pulp it makes. The old method was to bore the knots out by a hand auger, but many of the knots ran crosswise, and could be only be partially removed. Hand picking of the knots was also resorted to after the wood had been chipped, girls and women being mostly employed for that purpose. Very few mills in America could afford the enormous expense of hand picking, but in Europe, where women and girls can be employed for a few cents a day, this laborious process was adopted. In consequence the European manufacturers have been able to furnish American markets with a much cleaner and better grade of pulp than is manufactured in this country. But the new machine will clean the chips better than 100 women and girls can do it in the same time. The method is simple and costs little. The wood is prepared in the usual manner y passing the blocks through the hipper. The chips are then taken up by a blower and discharged against a eel plate, which disintegrates them. liter which they are passed through be machine which cleans out the knots. This is a tank or vat filled with water. After entering the water the chips are submerged by machinery and taken to a carrier. The clean wood chips suitable for pulp float and are taken out, while the knots and resinous matter sink and are carried off from the bottom of the tank. The claim of the patent is for an improved method of simultaneously moistening and assorting the clear wood chips for cooking in the digester.-Chicago Inter-

#### A REMARKABLE BOOK.

Ocean.

It is on the Finest Veilum and is Traced Instead of Printed.

One of the curious books in the world is neither written nor printed. Its pages are composed of the finest quality of vellum, and the letters were with infinite pains and trouble cut out of the material with a sharp-pointed knife or a pair of delicate scissors. It is interleaved with blue paper, and the letters can, therefore, be read as easily as any print. It formerly belonged to the Prince de Ligne, and is now in the library of a noble French family. The title of the book is "Liber Passionis Domini Nulla Materia Compositis," in English, "The Book of the Passion of Our Lord Jesus Christ, in Characters, Without Materials of Composition." The matter is a homily probably composed by some monastic preacher of the middle ages. A remarkable circumstance connected with this book is the fact that, although it bears the royal arms of England, no mention of t can be found in any English writing. The book is believed to have been made some time in the thirteenth or fourteenth century. In 1640 the Emperor Rudolph offered for it 11,000 ducats, which in the money of our time would equal about \$66,000, and the offer was refused.-St. Louis Globe Democrat.

#### Bigger Bell than Moscow's.

The biggest bell in the world, not excepting the cracked one of Moscow, is in the pagoda of Mengoon, a little north of Mandala. in India. It was cast about the beginning of the cencury by King Bodawpaya as an accompaniment to the huge brick pagoda which he never finished.

It is said to have been cast on an island and rafted across. The weight is about ninety-eight tons, circumference at the bottom 511/2 feet and at the top 26 feet. It averages more than a foot in thickness. The bell itself is more than twelve feet high, and the shackle, which was intended for logs of timber, about 12 feet. The pin in the shackle has a diameter of 16 inches.-Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Evidence of Former Inhabitants. If the find of a Colorado miner be taken as evidence, there is little doubt that the human race existed on this continent as long ago as the time when silver veins were in process of formation. Four hundred feet below the surface, a number of human bones, as well as an arrowhead of tempered copper, were found, actually imbedded in silver ore. The bones and arrowhead must have been lying there before the ore formed around them, and that means many thousand years ago .-Golden Days.

#### A QUEER SHAH.

He Threw His Crown on the Floor and

Declined to Behead Some Robbers. The new Shah of Persia has some qualities which make him a very picturesque character, and perhaps he may prove a modern Haroun-al-Ras-

J. Foster Fraser, an Englishman who has spent some time with His Majesty, says that the coronation ceremony took place on a very hot day, and as soon as His Majesty could escape he hastened off to his private rooms. Some one found him ten minutes afterward, sitting in a draught, and in his shirt sleeves, on some steps in the corridor, the crown still on his head, though pushed somewhat awry. "Your Majesty will be ill if you sit there," was said. "Oh, I am so warm, and this thing," he answered, taking off the crown and pitching it on one side, "is so heavy; I hope I shall never have to put it on again." The Shah's predecessor, so it used to

be said, had a summary way of getting rid of disgraced Ministers, but the inflicting of pain, or the exercise of despotic power to injure any one bodily, is antagonistic to the present Shah's desires. Indeed, Mr. Fraser thinks he might almost go so far as to say he is something of a Socialist. Some time ago a gang of hill robbers was captured and taken before him to receive sentence that their heads be chopped off. He inquired into their case, and found they had been leading a hard and perilous life. "Poor men," he observed, "I suppose they robbed because they wanted something to eat," and then he ordered their release.-New York Journal.

#### CURRENT WIT AND HUMOR.

"Isn't it awfully annoying to be near sighted?" asked the man who delights in personal questions.

"If you had waited as I have," answered the afflicted one, "nearly ten minutes for a blamed little lightning bug to get by, under the impression that it was a bicycle beginner coming down the street, you would know that it was annoying."

Dr. Prim: "I haven't seen you at church, Sister Perkins, for three or four weeks. I trust your piety is not growing lukewarm.'

Sister Perkins: "No, Dr. Prim, but the sexton keeps the window raised in front of our pew, and my doctor says I must not sleep in a draught."--Twinkless.

He-I think Dr. Jenkins will very soon have a large practice. She-Why?

He-He has just had a case in which he prescribed millinery for hysteria .-

Rude Foreigner (meeting British tourist). "Ah! I see it is true that no one but a pig and an Englishman can face the hot winds."

British Tourist. "Evidently, for you and I are the only living things abroad."-Harper's Bazar.

Yeast-That man Styles always does the right thing at the right time. Crimsonbeak-It's too bad, though, that he's never arrived at the time when he considers it proper to pay his debts.-Yonkers Satesman.

Tommy-Pop, what is a misanthrope?

Tommy's Pop-A misanthrope, my boy, is a man who thinks life isn't worth living and who kicks like a steer when he has to die.-Cleveland Lea-

Willie-I told her my love was so great that my brain was on fire. Charlie-What did she say to that?

Willie-Told me I had better blow it

out.-Yale Record. "Don't cry!" he entreated. Then he perceived that her handker-

chief was edged with the most exqui-"Don't weep!" he said, correcting himself .-- Detroit Journal.

"Going to your mother-in-law's funeral, old man?" "No. Business comes before pleas-

ure with me every time."-New York

The office at the police station. Inspector (in desk)-"What's your Prisoner-"Patrick McSweename?" ney." "What countryman are you?" "An Oirishman." "What's your business?" "An Italian organ grinder."-Spare Moments.

Mrs. Nuwed-Why did you bring the pie back? I said you could eat it if you would saw that cord of wood. Hungry Henry-I eum back ter tell

yer, mum, ef it's jest de same ter you, dat I'll eat de wood and saw up de pie.

"Hear about Casey givin' th' Dootchman th' black eye?" "Oi did not. Fwy was it?" "Th' Dootchman thried to call Casey a peach, but tould him he was an orange."-Cleveland Plain

Mr. Hungerford-I wonder why love and war are so frequently associated in proverbs.

Miss Wallingford-I suppose it is be cause engagements are commons to both.-Judge.

Lew Dockstader, at Koster & Dal's says his girl is so tall that if she wets her feet on the Fourth of July si doesn't catch cold until Chrisimas. "What does your papa like for by a

"He always likes most anything that hasn't been cooked," said Mabel.

"Great Scott, Eph! what's the number of your boots?" "Two, sah; one for each foot, sah."-

Harper's Round Table.

DIARY OF AN OFFICE BOY.

Laughable Items That He Frited Down

The boy in a certain downtown office keeps a diary. The following extracts are merely fragmentary and relate to his employer's experiences in securing a satisfactory typewritist, says the St.

Louis Post Dispatch. "Say, I nearly died a laffin' to-day. She wasn't much on looks, and was so nervous that her back hair shook down but I felt sorry for her, s'help me. The boss started in dictatin' and she barged away on the keys like a good fellow for about fifteen minutes, and then al! of a sudden she went in a heap and said, 'Would you mind saying that over again? I forgot to put any paper on the machine.' Say, you can just bet the air was in rainbow shades for about fourteen minutes and a quarter. "This one seems to be right in the

swim with us. She's a troolylooler, and no mistake. Works her machine like a railway train behind time, and eats chocolate creams for lunch. She's a daisy looker, too. The boss told her to consider herself engaged, and I hope we have got settled at last. If I had to have kept on receiving and making myself agreeable to so many fairies as I have been doing lately the boss would have been struck for more dough. A man can't do that kind of work for any three a week. The neckties cost more money. This girl's name is Witchin-Miss Bewitching I called her, just for a jolly. She only laughed, but treated me to a cream, so I know I'm solid there.

"Say, the boss's old lady didn't drop in yesterday, mebbe! Oh, no; of course not. And she didn't have a wild look in her eye when she spotted Bewitching? I knew what was coming, you can bet. It was Bewitching, chase yeurself, just as the boss had to tell her next morning. Although he did give her a whole week's dope in advance. He's good-hearted for a boss, but he lets his old pair of bloomers run the whole game for him. She'd a-been after me long ago if I hadn't told her that we used to live on Fifth avenue once, and that since me fadder lost all kis money he would not let me go anywhere but to the wyemseea readin' rooms.

"This girl's face ain't in the running at all, but you can bet yer life that her muscle is. I tried to mash it, and she grabbed me by the collar and shook me till my back teeth rattled. But I say I wish there'd a-been a crowd to see her tackle the machine! The very first time she plunked on it she broke the capital M all to ballyhunk, and a piece of the steel flew up and took the boss over the left window.

"I told the boss that he ought to try a buck operator, and stop fooling with the lady push, and he said that it was the only sensible thing that he had ever heard me get off. We got one, too, that's pretty fair, but he's getting a little bossy, and unless he squares himself with me I'm afraid we'll have to bounce him. But I'm so tired of this changing business that I'm going: to try and stand him for a while."

#### WIT AND HUMOR.

"See y'ar, nigger; doan' yo' go tryin' to play no Napoleon Bonyparte tricks on me," said Mrs. Johnson.

"W w'y, w'ot yo mean by dat, Melindy?" remarked Mr. Johnson.

"W'y, de books say dat feller wuz grand, gloomy and peculiar. An' I notice yo' bin actin' de same way lately go on the stage and I will be here at eb'ry time I ax yo' to bring up a hod | 7 o'clock." ob coal."

Mistress-Why, Mary, you have dated your letter a week ahead.

Maid-Yis'm; it will take over a week for it to get to me mother, and she wouldn't care to be reading old news, even from . me.-Boston Tran script.

Kansas Farmer-I don't know how it is, but I don't feel comfortable any more. The old place ain't what it used to be.

Visitor-What's the trouble? Kansas Farmer-Well, yer see, my son, he come home a few days ago, and he paid off the mortgage!-Up to Date.

"It was a great enterprise," said the enthusiastic manager. "When we opened with that show we had two Uncle Toms, two Little Evas, two Aunt Ophelias and two bloodhounds."

"Yes," replied Mr. Stormington Barnes dreamity, "and \$2."-Washington Star.

"Do you love me?" she asked fond-

"Dearly," he replied. "Would you die for me?" "No, my precious one. Mine is an

undying love."

by hearsay?"

The Clown-Say, Bonesy, how did the fat woman come to marry the India-rubber man? The Living Skeleton-I guess she wanted a husband she could twist

around her finger. Judge: "Do I understand that you decline to give you age?" Fair Witness: "My lord, how can I swear to a

thing as a fact that I know of only

Jones-You say she is proud? Bones-Proud? Why, that woman wouldn't read a serial story because she'd have to buy it on the installment plan.-New York Journal.

"Gentlemen of the jury," said a lawyer, the other day, "there were thirtysix hogs. Remember the fact-just three times as many as in the jurybox, gentlemen."-Graphic.

"Obey my orders," said Pat's English master, "if I order you to drive to the bottomless pit." "And sure and I will, your honor,' answered Pat; "but ye must excuse me if I back ye in."

QUEER HERBS GROWN HERE.

Absinthe Now Made in America and Michigan Sage Worth \$140 a Ton.

The manufacture of genuine French absinthe is the latest American industry. This is guaranteed to be the real stuff, straight from the boulevards.

It is made from the common wormwood which is found in many old New England gardens, and from which a thick oil is distilled. It has been found by an examination of custom house experts that sixty years ago large quantities of this American wormwood were exported from New York and Vermont to France, where it was used in making absinthe.

But so large has the home consumption now grown that we now use all the wormwood for our own production, as well as five times as much, which is imported from France and Germany. The American wormwood is regarded as the best in the world.

Another expensive herb which is grown here is saffron, which is worth from \$6 to \$8 per pound. Until quite recently the chief supply of saffron came from Vermont, but a severe drought there killed most of the plants.

In Michigan there are vast fields of peppermint, which is cultivated carefully and sells for a high price. Another medicinal herb grown in Michigan is sage, which is sold at 140 per ton, in addition to which 100 tons of sage are imported into the United States every year at a value of \$80 per ton, most of it coming from Italy.

In the mountains of North Carolina and Tennessee boneset, pennyroyal and thorn apple leaves are cultivated, as well as mandrake, blood root and black cohosh, all of which are used in patent medicines. California and Cape Cod are the homes of horehound, which makes a cough medicine. This country raises a greater variety

of medicinal herbs than any other, producing those that grow in cold and hot climates, as well as those that thrive on dry mountain tops and in the humid valleys. Burdock, angelica and bayberry are some of these roots, and others are spikenard, unicorn root, cascarilla, cramp bark, thyme and pigeon berry.-New York Journal.

#### WANTED TO BE ACTORS.

A Sample of Queer Notes Received by Stage Professionals:

A note which Mr. Beerbohm Tree read to a Strand magazine reporter the other day ran as follows:

"Veneered Sir: I wish to go on the stage, and I would like to join your valuable theatre. I have been a bricklayer for five years, but having failed in this branch I have decided to take on acting, it being easier work. I am not young, but am six foot tall without any boots. I have studied Bell's system of elocution and am fond of late hours."

The incident which this suggests was told by a friend who was playing Rosalind at the time here in Boston, and playing it, as she fancied, rather acceptably. As she entered her dressing room at the theatre one night, a note was handed to her which read in this

wise: "Dere lady I worked for a dentist but I have spoiled so many of his teeth saying over your part in the play that now I can say it just as well as you do, and I want you to let me try it to-night and see if I can't for the dentist says he cannot have me any more and I must pay for his teeth, and so I must

The exchange was not made.-From Time and The Hour.

#### Princeton's Gain.

Mr. Laurence Hutton has given his famous collection of masks to Princeton University. There are over seventy masks in the lot, nearly all of them of very noted personages. It is the only notable collection of the sort in existence, and Mr. Hutton has been adding to it for the last thirty years. The story of its beginning is that one day, as long ago as the civil war, while Mr. Hutton was still a clerk in a New York store, he was standing in a book shop when a boy came in with a death mask in his hand, which he sold to the proprietor of the shop for fifty cents. Mr. Hutton identified the mask as one of Franklin, and assisted in the transaction. Mr. Hutton followed the boy out, learned that he had found the mask in an ash barrel, and that there were more. Next he located the barrel, and found in it six masks, which turned out to be another mask of Franklin, others of Wordsworth, Scott and Cromwell, and casts from the skulls of Robert Burns' and Robert Bruce. So the collection began.-Harper's Weekly.

The Thanks Were Premature. During the rebellion the 19th Maine acquired a reputation for foraging the country so thoroughly that they were

said to have starved the confederacy out. One day they were sweeping along dining on the fat of the land as usual. Another troop was ahead, and between them and the 19th rode Gen. Hancock. As the general was passing one plantation the proprietor came out

and hailed his party. "General," said he, "I want some sort of safeguard. The troops that have just gone by stole my pigs, lifted my

hen roosts and emptied my cellar." "I am very sorry," said Hancock. "Yes," continued the old man, "they

stole everything but my hope of immortality. Thank God, none of them can steal that." "Don't be too sure of that," retorted the general; "the 19th Maine is com-

ing next."-San Francisco Argonaut. His Surprise.

A .- "I bad a great surprise last evening."

B.-How was that?"

A'.- "My wife introduced me to a fellow who never was one of her old

admirers." .....

#### TEN ACRES FOR HIM.

Talk erbout this here country "goin' ter

ruin''—why,
You might's well say that the Lord's away
from the bend o' the big blue sky!
It's still the same old country—the biggest

one an' the best;
An' I'm willin' ter take ten acres an' trust
the Lord for the rest! Never no reason in it-"goin' ter ruin!" The sun climbs up from the hills an' says "Good mornin'" ter you an' me,
An' a sweet "Good night" when he's goin' ter

the dreams whar the shadders stay An' somethin' that sorter whispers "I'll see you at break o' day!"

Never no reason in it. I'm willin' fer take my

Yon'd better git out the supper things—the gals air comin' ter dance.

Talk [erbout "goin' ter ruin"—we're happy rom East ter West. I'm willin' ter take ten acres' an' trust

the Lord fer the rest! -F. L. Stanton, in Chicago Times-Herald.

#### THE BANK MYSTERY.

"I've come, Judge, to ask if you'll let me tell you what no one on earth don't know but me; 'bout that bank mystery.

"Yes, thank you, I will sit down. A fire feels good on a night like this. 'Tain't often such as I have a chance at this kind of comfort and luxury. "What do I know about the bank

mystery? Land sakes, Judge, time they opened the bank that day ten years ago and found the bank vault broke into and the safe blowed up and not a dollar gone, I could have told it all.

"You'll be glad to listen? That's good of you. I knowed you was a kind man and a just one; that's why I come to you. No, thank you, I don't smoke; I put all that money away for me wife and children.

"Yes, Judge, I started out in life a thief and a robber. I prospered fairly in a small way and no one didn't catch up with me for some time. Then I joined a gang in for anything. I was in prison and out then, the old story, till I married and begun to have little ones. Then, Lord knows what helped me-something did-and for the sake of my wife and children I broke loose from everything and came here, where no one didn't know me, to start over again. I had some money and opened the restaurant just opposite the bank.

"Then they come here, part of the gang I'd belonged to. First I knowed of it was seein' 'em in the restaurant. I 'spicioned they weren't here for no good, and it most took my breath away. They knowed me quick enough, too, and nothin' wouldn't do but I must join 'em. I was the very man they wanted; I could help 'em and I was bound to 'em. 'Twas the biggest thing they'd undertaken yetthe bank. They'd come on to examine the situation, knowing that Mr. Durkee, the new mill-owner, would make a big payment soon, and the money for it would be in the bank here. If there waren't anything else, that would be a big haul, a haul worth havin', and me bein' here, decided

"I do think the devil brought all his friends and relations with him that night to tempt me. I forgot how to go to sleep, and just couldn't stay in bed. I wonder I warn't in tatters by mornin' with the devil tuggin' at me as he did and tryin' to keep me out of the room where my sleepin' children lay.

"Lord, it makes me creep and perspire all over now to think of it.

"Yer see, them bank people come over to my place for lunch best part of the time, and they all knowed my little people, and the mill people knowed 'em too. My oldest boy worked in the mill, and they'd been as kind as could be when he's sick. Christmas time they's good to him, too, and there warn't a bank officer but had remembered my little people, even to the watchman. Seemed like robbing my own people, somehow. I's bound not to inform on the gang and they's bound to rob ther bank; but I cursed 'em in my heart for comin' just when I was gettin' rid of the old life for good and all. 'Twas awful!

"Well, Judge, you know how them rooms over the bank was rented to start a new daily paper. I made 'em swear solemn as my name warn't to appear nowhere. I'd plan it all out and give 'em points and be on hand at the last, but I had to be cautious.

"They found out when the money was to be paid and 'greed on the night before for the robbery. I had it all mapped out for 'em where and how they was to loosen up the boards of the floor in their room above, so we could break through and lower ourselves into the vault when the time come. Then yer see we'd only have the safe to get into and the great iron door between us and the watchman. "Everything was ready, and we was

pretty sure the money was paid. "We had planned so as to have the door of the safe ready to blow open when the watchman went down cellar to see to his fires. I knowed the time of night he did so, seein' him often from my house across the way through the window of the bank; but to make sure we stationed a man where he could give the signal at the proper time. With the watchman down stairs and we shut up in that vault, with the solid masonry between us, 'twarn't in the range of possibili-

ties for no human being to hear us. "Twas planned that when we broke through the ceiling, me and one of the others was to go down first with the lanterns and tools and get the door ready for Jim Groogan, the leader of the gang, to come down and use the dynamite, and be on hand to take out

the money. "Lord, but it was just the night for such a piece of work, and after I had examined to see if all was safe, know in' the dangers better than the others we broke through the floor and low ered the ladder, and there we was-

right in the vault. 'Twas well for me, I'd hit it right, for my life warn't worth much if any o' my plannin' failed to work.

"Tom Doolan in a hurry went down first, and when I was half way down he started back, saying in a hoarse kind of whisper:

" 'Who called me?' "'No one, you fool!' said Jim.

"'Then,' he said, and he ran past me on the ladder, 'some one is down there. Twicet I heard some one say: 'Go back, go back."

"'We'll gag him,' said Jim, and me and him went down and turned our lanterns round, lookin' everywhere, but there warn't no one there.

'What't the matter with the fool?' growled Jim, and went back and tried to send him down again, but he just wouldn't go, so Jim cursed him and came himself, and he and me begun to get the safe door ready to blow up.

"That's a thing that takes time and care, Judge, but we went at it with a will and never a word. It was so still you could almost hear your heart beat, when all of a sudden came a smothered cry like a woman's. We stopped work and looked at each other, Jim's face white and scared.

"'Lord, what was that?' he said. "'I often hears 'em on the street like

that,' said I. "'That warn't on the street; .it sounded close by,' said Jim, 'We could-

n't hear nothin' outside in this place.' "'Nonsense,' said I, 'don't you make a fool of yourself, too, and spoil all,' and I went to work again. "I could see how his hand trembled

for a while and then got steady again. " That must have come through the THE BANK Mystery-Galley TWO ... room upstairs,' he said presently. 'Queer, though; it sounded so close.'

"Then he worked on and there warn't nothin' more to be heard. Rest of the gang might all have been dead n n for all the sound they made, and we didn't say nothin'; and so the night

"At last we had it all ready, and were only waiting for the signal to blow it up and then-money enough to make us all rich. 'Tain't such as you can realize the excitement and the strain of such a moment. To know it's all there, ready, and then to have to wait! It's easier walkin' over red hot coals. It's all right to go on and work, but to stay still and only breathe and listen gives a man the shivers.

"Presently Jim caught my arm. "'Say, I thought I heard voices, did you? he whispered.

"'The men upstairs,' I said. "'Sounded down here. Have your

pistol ready.' "I took my lantern and went round the vault again carefully, and then held it up to examine the walls. Then I shook my head. There warn't no

way we could hear no one. "'It's the queerest place I ever was in,' said Jim, 'and, by Jove, I'll be glad when we are out of it. Why don't that signal come? Suppose there's any hitch? I swear I hear voices again.'

"Just then came the signal and Jim began to apply the dynamite; but his hands trembled so and his eyes looked wild and excited, his own wife wouldn't know him.

"'The money! The money!' he whispered, 'we must have it now!' "We got out of the way just in time

and then out came the door. "'The inside door, quick,' said Jim, but the explosion had made that fall

inside, and we just could lift it out. "'Have the bag ready,' said Jim, as he leaned forward to haul the great piles of bank notes and silver we could see by the light of the lanterns.

"'Hands off, or you are a dead man!" "It was a voice that would have waked the dead. I dropped my bag and Jim drew back his hand and caught hold of me with a grip like iron, and he begun to slowly back to the ladder.

"The combination is all right; we have them now, they can't escape us.' "We were half up the ladder when we heard the click, click of the lock, and as we drew the ladder after us we could hear the rasping of the hinges of the iron door.

"'Fly, fly, for your lives; we are discovered,' said Jim, as he went round to warn the men; and in the darkness, and in the wind and rain they went away and ain't never seen one of 'em since. I heard, though, as when they found there warn't no one there and the bank people didn't know nothin' bout it till the next morning, they just believed as the bank was haunted,

"Do I know what it was, Judge? There ain't no one else as does know, that's sure. 'Tain't much after all.

"Yer see, playin' round with my little ones, I found as I could make 'em hear all kinds of noises anywhere I wanted, and people cryin' and laughin'. It was fun for them and I often done it; ventriloquizn' I believe you call it: but that night's the last time. Yer see, none of the gang didn't know 'bout that, and I don't keer ever to have 'em know it now. It saved the bank without my informin', and that's all I care

"Oh, no, Judge, the bank don't owe me nothin'. I'm obliged to you for listening. It kind of makes me feel

easier. "No, no, thank you, I won't stay and take no more of your time. Don't get

up; I can find my way out. 'What's that you say, Judge? You honor and respect me-me? And the bank-Land, Judge, twarn't me; 'twas my wife and children saved the bank and I'm proud of 'em-proud of 'em, Judge. Good night."-Philadelphia Times.

First Actor: "Do you know your

part in the new play?" Second Actor: "Know it? Why if I stand on my head it'll run out of my

mouth.'

### A PRESIDENT'S LOVE.

ANDREW JOHNSON'S COURTSHIP OF MISS SARAH WORD

She Rejected the Future Chief Magistrate for a Saddler.-He was not Illiterate when Young, but to the Contrary was Exceptionally Intelligent.

Three-quarters of a century ago, in the little village of Laurens, in the State of South Carolina, there lived and labored at the tailor's trade a young man who was destined to play an important part in the affairs of this Nation. Of humble origin and having had practically no educational advantages, he had in his character the elements of true manhood, and by force of brain power and ability attained the highest position of honor and trust in the Republic

Andrew Johnson left his home in North Carolina by reason of some trouble with his employer, and went to the then ultra-exclusive and aristocratic village of Laurens. He had no influential family connections, and was as poor as the traditional church mouse, his worldly possessions consisting only of the clothes he wore. To one acquainted with the social conditions of the ante-bellum South, the difficulties incident to obtaining recognition by a man handicapped as Johnson was can be readily imagined. The sterling worth of the young tailor, however, made itself felt, and demanded the admiration and respect soon accorded him by those who were wont to consider one not to the manor born deserving of but condescending notice.

Johnson's stay at Laurens marked a very important epoch in his life. It was there that he met his first love, Miss Sarah Word, a charming young woman of education and refinement, who saw in the modest and retiring young journeyman tailor, a man of character and strength and promise. Johnson's regard for Miss Word was reciprocated, and the young people entered into an engagement to marry. They were thrown constantly in each other's society, and the future President of the United States once assisted his fiancee in laying, stuffing and quilting a quilt.

The irresistible tendency that young men in love have to carve their sweethearts' names on everything movable and immovable in their immediate vicinity was not wanting in Johnson. On the bottom of an old split-bottomed chair he engraved the inscription "S. W.-1820." It is needless to say that it was the chair in which Miss Word was accustomed to sit on the porch of her home. Having satisfactorily adjusted the

trouble with his former employer in North Carolina, Johnson decided to return and resume his place. Before leaving Laurens, as a token of his af- of the Hawaiian Islands, for education fectionate regard, he gave to Miss Word his dearest possession, the goose with which he had worked at his trade. This act shows the tender simplicity of the young tailor. He had no false pride about the matter. He was leaving the woman he loved for an indefinite time, and not ashamed of his lowly calling, gave her something that would be a constant reminder of him and his work. After leaving Laurens differences arose between Miss Word and Johnson, and their engagement was terminated, but the tailor's goose was never returned. Miss Word rejected the tailor and married William Hance, a saddler. The tailor became President of the United States.

Johnson's biographers have all maintained that in early life he was uncouth, illiterate and ignorant, with no refinement nor grace of manner. It has been stated that he could neither read nor write, and that his wife taught him both after marriage. This error has become so firmly fixed that it is generally accepted as an historic fact, and school children are told the romantic story of how a man who afterward became President was taught to read and write by a wife who was ambitious for his advancement. This story may be a beautiful object lesson on the grand possibilities of American youth, but it has the fatal defect of being untrue. When Johnson lived in Laurens he could both read and write, and was considered a young man of considerable intelligence. Miss Word, to whom he was engaged, is authority for the statement that she received many notes and letters from the free list. Lost. him, and that he wrote a good business hand. She has also frequently said that he was a man of more than ordinary intelligence, of elegant address and a brilliant conversationalist.-National Magazine.

#### ong Birds for Market in Italy.

Dr. Carl Landstriner, president of the Vienna Society for the Protection of Animals, says that in the large cities of Italy "huge piles of nightingales, larks, finches, and, of late, even swallows," are seen on the market stalls. These little creatures are caught by the wholesale in fowlers' nets during the fall of the year, when the birds are migrating to the south.

Matrimonial Business Rushing. First Preacher-Doing much in the

wedding trade now?

Second Preacher-Yes; business is good. People get married this year who never got married before.-Truth.

Miss Mobile-Well, Martha, how is yeur husband now? Martha-Po'ly, miss, po'ly. He's got

the exclamatory rheumatism. Miss Mobile-You mean inflammaory rheumatism, Martha. "Exclam-

mory" is to cry out. Martha (with solemn conviction)hat's it, mum; that's it! He don't egothing but holler!-Northern , an Advocate.

# THE HAWAIIAN TREATY

The Important Document Has Now Been Formally Signed.

#### ISLANDS WILL BE ANNEXED.

No Provision For Liliuokalani or Her Niece-The Japanese Government Protests - The Work of the Senate-Capital Chitchat.

Washington, June 17 .- The three Hawaiian commissioners, together with Secretary Sherman and Assistant Secretaries Day and Cridler, assembled in conference in the diplomatic room of the state department today, and made a careful comparison of the text of the Hawaiian treaty.

The treaty was signed by Secretary Sherman for the United States and Messrs. Hatch, Thurston and Kinney for Hawaii.

Before the final signature of the document the secretary of state was presented with a formal protest by the Japanese government, through its legation here, against the consummation of the agreement. The protest is understood to be based on apprehension that the special treaties now existing between Japan and Hawaii, under which the Japanese enjoy certain advantages, will be affected injuriously by annexa-

tion. Of the persons who were present when the treaty was signed today, three were present when the treaty which was withdrawn by President Cleveland in 1893 was signed. These were Special Commissioner Lorin Thurston and Assistant Secretaries Adee and Cridler.

Secretary Sherman first signed the copy intended to be held here, while Commissioner Hatch signed first the Hawaiian copy of the treaty, his fellow commissioners coming next in order Mr. Thurston followed by Mr. Kinney. The treaties were sealed by Assistant Secretary Cridler with a private seal carried on his watch chain, the copies were handed to their respective custodians, and the treaty was made, as far as the executive branch of the government could effect it. There was a general exchange of congratulations between the parties to the ceremony, and after a photograph had been taken of the commissioners the ceremony was ended.

#### Provisions of the Treaty.

The treaty provides that the government of the Hawaiian Islands cede to the United States absolutely and forever all rights of sovereignty in and over the Hawaiian Islands and its dependencies and that these islands shall become an integral part of the territory of the United States. The government of Hawaii also cedes to the United States all the public lands, public buildings and public property of every description. Congress is to enact speolal laws to govern the disposition of the lands in the Hawaiian Islands. All revenue from these lands shall be used solely for the benefit of the inhabitants

al and other public purposes The Hawaiian Islands shall be admitted into the Union as a territory of the United States, local laws to be passed by a local legislature, but subject to the approval of the president. Until congress shall apply the laws of the United States to the islands the present laws of Hawaii are to govern the is-

lands. The present treaties and laws governing Hawaii's commercial relations with foreign nations shall remain in force until congress shall take action. Further immigration of Chinese laborers is prohibited pending congressional action, and the entry of Chinese from Hawaii into the United States likewise is prohibited. The United States asc debt of Hawaii but with a stipulation that this liability shall not exceed \$4,000,000.

The treaty, before it becomes effective, shall be ratified by the proper authorities of the United States and of Hawaii. No mention is made of any gratulty to Liliuokalani or Kaiulani.

#### Work of the Senate.

Washington, June 17 .- The senate met at 11 o'clock today and will continue meeting at that hour until the tariff bill has passed. The attendance was meager, and it was noticeable that there were more Democrats than Republicans present. The tariff bill was taken up at 11:10 a.m. At the suggestion of Mr. Jones (Ark.) an arrangement was made by which the senate, after agreeing to several amendments, might return and secure a vote on six or more at a time. The consideration of the agricultural schedule was continued. The first contest was over condensed milk. Mr. Jones moved to make the rate 20 per cent ad valorem, which was lost.

Mr. Vest moved to put cabbages on

When cider was reached, Mr. Vest said he "drew the line at cider." After three weeks of arduous labor the Democrats had succeeded in only one instance in securing a slight reduction and he appealed to New England to come to the rescue of cider, "the liquor of our boyhood, the beverage which cheers, but not inebriates, which sparkles in every New England festival and in the west and the south, wherever the apple is raised and used." If there was a temperance man on the Republican side of the chamber, to him Mr. Vest appealed. He had been in Europe and had seen there that the use of light wines, beer and cider was the right road to temperance, and he was sorry he was not there now, instead of struggling hopelessly with the tariff.

"Give up the struggle," suggested Mr. Frye amid laughter.

We cannot always give things up," replied Mr. Vest. "Every public man has sometimes to take hold of a 'live wire' and cannot let go. My friend from Maine with a strong disposition to piscatorial exercises is compelled to stay here to wrestle with financial and economic questions.'

#### Noah In the Debate. Mr. Vest spoke of the drink of our

childhood and said Noah had never joined the sons of temperance. "It would have been better if he had." Mr. Platt (Conn.) suggested.

"But he did not join them," insisted Mr. Vest. The speech was one of those spontaneous bursts with which Mr. Vest at

times enlivens a dull debate, and was

Mr. Vest was disagreed to-yeas, 21;

nays, 28. In the paragraph on eggs not otherwise provided for Mr. Vest moved to reduce the rate from 5 cents to 3 cents per dozen. Rejected.

The next paragraph was changed, on motion of Mr. Allison, to read: "Eggs, yolk of, 25 per cent ad valorem; albumen, egg or dried blood, 3 cents per pound; dried blood when soluble, 11/2

cents per pound. In the paragraph on hay Mr. Allison withdrew the committee amendment,

leaving the house rate of \$4 per ton. Mr. Jones moved to reduce the rate to \$2 per ton. Disagreed to-yeas 23, nays 28.

On honey Mr. Vest moved to reduce the rate from 20 cents per gallon to 10 cents. Disagreed to. About noon Secretary Mutsu of the Japanese legation entered the diplo-

matic gallery, in evident anticipation that the Hawaiian treaty of annexation would be sent to the senate. On hops, Mr. Jones (Ark.) moved to

reduce the committee rate from 12 cents to 8 cents per pound. Mr. Jones said the import of hops was infinitesimal, so little revenue could be derived from the duty. American hops were exported in large quantities and controlled the world's market.

Mr. Vest submitted a memorial from New York and St. Louis brewers urging that the rate be placed at 8 cents. The memorial urged that foreign hops were essential to produce certain flavors in beer. The Jones amendment was lost and the committee rate of 12 cents was adopted.

#### A Slap at Sugar Trusts.

At this point Mr. Pettus (Ala.) gave notice of an amendment to the sugar schedule making unlawful the importation of sugar by any trust or combination formed in restraint of trade or to increase the price of sugar. The amendment provides that such sugar when imported shall be forfeited to the government, and that the attorney general shall take steps to enforce this for-

feiture. The debate then proceeded on the paragraph as to nursery stock. Mr. Vest declared that the nurserymen were now proposing to say what kind of cherries and small fruits the people were to grow. It was, he asserted, protection run to a madness never seen outside of an insane asylum. A particular tree was picked out and an enormous duty put on it. If Eve had found cherries instead of apples in the garden of Eden, Mr. Vest said, he would not have blamed her for taking a bite. He came from a fruit country, and this proposition worked exceptional hard-

Mr. Vest moved to strike out the enire paragraph; disagreed to. The paragraph with the proposed changes was then agreed to.

On potatoes Mr. Allison withdrew the committee amendment of 20 cents per bushel, leaving the house rate of 25 cents per bushel. Mr. Jones (Ark.) moved to reduce the

rate to 15 cents per bushel. Mr. Vest said this vegetable did not come into competition with our crop of ootatoes.

Mr. Jones' amendment was rejected, and the paragraph as changed by Mr. Allison was agreed to.

Postmasters Appointed. Washington, June 17.-The fourth class postmasters appointed today

Connecticut-Montville, L. B. Hurlbut; Saybrook, A. S. Day. Vermont—Dorset, A. O. Charman; East Berkshire, W. S. Rublee; East Fletcher, J. H. Patch; East Richford, William Durkee; Eden Mills, W. H. Emery; Elmore, Norman Camp; Fairfax, I. F. Hunt; Franklin, C. W. Powell: Hanksville, B. C. Shattuck; Jericho, E. B. Williams; New Haven Mills, E. H. Rose; Orwell, W. B. Wright; Stowe, A. H. Cheney; West Enosburg, W. E. Berley; West Georgia, O. C. Waite.

ley, R. B. Ferry. New Jersey-Carlstadt, J. H. Ullmann; Oceanport, J. E. Corlies; South Bound Brook, R. A. Ross.

New York-Bayside, J. J. Johnson; Black River, C. J. Sweet; Clarenceville, B. F. Nunns; Deer Park, C. W. Conklin; Hailesboro, F. W. Sprague; Hannibal Center, R. R. Knowlton; Marcy, G. R. Wright; Merrick, J. W. Birch; Perrys Mills, L. A. Perry; Sharon Station, Val. de Mar Anson; South Berlin, C. L. Fuller; Star Lake, D. A. Foley; Wyandance, C. L. Watkins.

#### Queen Victoria's Eyesight.

London, June 17.—The sensational story circulated in the United States in regard to the sight of Queen Victoria, which is alleged to be so bad that she is almost totally blind, is not believed here. There has been no hint that the queen's sight is any worse than might e expected in a woman of her age. Sir John Watt Reid, the queen's resident physician, is now away on a holiday, so it is evident that her health causes him no anxiety.

Criticism of Philadelphia Cricketers. London, June 17.—The newspapers are generally severe in their comments upon the playing of the Philadelphia cricketers. The Daily Chronicle says that it was a great mistake to include theirs among the first class matches, and that the example set by the Lancashire eleven, who omitted their best bowler when playing against the visitors, is now bound to be followed by

#### International Librarians' Congress.

the other county elevens.

Albany, June 17. - Secretary Melvil Dewey of the state board of regents and Librarians W. S. Briscoe, Martha P. Wheeler and Mary Hawley of the state library will represent the state of New York at the international congress of librarians to be held in London July 13, 14, 15 and 16.

#### Panama Passengers Released.

New York, June 17.-The passengers of the Panama railroad steamer Advance, who have been detained at Hoffman island since last Friday, owing to the yellow fever on that steamer, were discharged today and transferred to the city by the quarantine boat Gov-

#### Uncompangre Indians Restless.

Fort Duchesne, Utah., June 17 .- Uncompangre Indians bring news that several leaders of the tribe are holding a big talk about 20 miles from Ouray Agency concerning the proposed allotment of lands in severalty to Uncompahgres. Uneasiness prevails over the greatly enjoyed. The amendment of prospect.

# THE CIGARETTE TRIAL.

Personal Feeling Evident In the Great Trust Test Case.

## MANY EXCEPTIONS TAKEN.

The Wares of a Rival Company Returned by a Prominent Firm-Magnates Must Appear In Court or Compulsion Will Be Employed.

New York, June 17 .- The trial of the ten directors of the American Tobacco company for "conspiracy to injure rade and commerce" was continued today before Judge Fitzgerald. The prosecution resumed the examination of ts witnesses and the defense its course of objections. Mr. Choate and his colleagues are

apparently not at all discouraged by Judge Fitzgerald's adverse rulings. They "kick" vigorously and in concert at each new move by District Attorney Olcott and his associates, and never fail to note exceptions to the judge's rulings.

Counsel on both sides are fighting hard, and a personal element has been injected into their controversy which makes it all the more interesting. It appeared first in the opening address of the district attorney and grew bitter as the trial proceeded.

During the examination of witnesses Mr. Choate had taken particular pains to refer to the trial as a controversy between the American Tobacco company and the National Cigarette and Tobacco company, its rival. Mr. Olcott had objected repeatedly, reminding the court that he, as the representative of the people of New York, and not the National Cigarette company, as Mr. Choate would have it, was the prosecutor. Judge Fitzgerald sustained the district attorney, but Mr. Choate per-sisted and had plenty of fun out of it.

Mr. Olcott was nettled by the implied reflection upon the integrity of his own office and the grand jury. In the course of his opening address he handled Mr. Choate without gloves. He declared in vigorous language that neither the National Cigarette company nor any other concern could make a tool of the district attorney's office. He referred to Mr. Choate's attitude as nonsensical, saying:

"Let us have no more of this nonsense that the National Cigarette company, and not the majestic people of this state, is the prosecutor, or if we do let us treat it as the nonsense of which the learned Mr. Choate is such a delicious past master."

#### Methods of the Trust.

H. L. Park was the first witness called today. He was questioned by Assistant District Attorney Carpenter along the lines pursued yesterday, and told of his firm's dealings in the cigarettes manufactured by the defendants' company. Joseph H. Choate objected to questions concerning witness' dealing in a special brand of cigarettes named which were made by an opposition company. Mr. Carpenter replied that if the defense admitted the transaction referred to in yesterday's testimony, involving the visit of the American Tobacco company's official to Park & Tilford's respecting the firm's dealing in the brand of cigarettes referred to. he would not press the question. After much argument witness told of the firm's having returned the balance of a small consignment of the cigarettes in question to the manufacturers. Crossexamined by Mr. Choate, witness said that his firm supplied many retailers in different parts of the country.

#### A Sensation In Court.

There was a large sized sensation in the courtroom when Mr. Olcott said: "I wish to say that if the defendant Pennsylvania—Cyclone, James Bis-is going to make any point of the fail-ure of these witnesses to identify Mr. Butler, with whom they had conversation, the Mr. Butler who is defendant in this case, I must demand that

Mr. Butler be produced in court." Mr. Fuller and Mr. Choate were on their feet in an instant, objecting.

Judge Fitzgerald said: "If the district attorney wants any of the defendants in court, the court will help him."

a bench warrant be issued for William H. Butler and that when he is produced in court he be placed on bond to cure his presence." Mr. Fuller said: "This is a useless proceeding. Mr. Butler is in town, and I happen to know that he expected to

"I move, then," said Mr. Olcott, "that

for his appearance, but I will not admit that the prosecution has the right to demand his presence."
Mr. Choate said, "This is the first case I ever knew where the defendant was required to produce witnesses for

be here this afternoon. I can vouch

the defense." Mr. Olcott asked, "I understand, then, that Mr. Butler will be produced in court this afternoon?"

Mr. Fuller said that he would and again said, "Not as a matter of right, but to save time."

Then Mr. Olcott withdrew his motion to issue a bench warrant. Mr. Choate characterized the latest move of the persecution as an attempt

to cater to a certain portion of the public. He arraigned the district attorney in a warm manner. It was a decided victory for Mr. Olcott.

#### Gales In Great Britain.

London, June 17 .- The north of Engand and Scotland has been visited by heavy gales. A terrible storm swept over Liverpool, and Nelson's flagship, the Foudroyant, which is now touring the coast as a showship, has been driven ashore, and is expected to be lost. The suburbs of Glasgow and the country around that city are flooded and the railroads submerged.

New York, June 17.-The \$600,000 gold which Lazard Freres will ship to Europe tomorrow was supplied by their bankers today. Tomorrow's shipment, like former ones of a recent date, is sent in settlement of balances, and is made possible without loss, as compared with the cost of remitting exchange by reason of the demand for gold in Europe.

#### An Adirondack Guide Missing.

Saratoga, June 17.-George Bradley of Arietta, a well known Adirondack guide who has his camp at Black lake, has been missing for several days.

# THE HAWAIIAN TREATY

It Is Soon to Be Sent to the United States Senate.

ANNEXATION IS ASSURED.

Enough Senators Favor Taking the Little Republic In to Make the Ratification of the Treaty Certain-The Document Already Drawn.

Washington, June 15 .- A treaty for the annexation of Hawaii to the United States will be sent to the senate soon after the return of the president, unless present plans are altered. The treaty has been written and all its details were fully agreed upon before the president and Secretary Sherman left for the south. There is no doubt, it is said, of the president's acquiescence in the terms of the treaty, for the reason that he was made fully aware of them before he left.

The treaty is on the general lines of the treaty negotiated during the administration of President Harrison and withdrawn by President Cleveland. provides for annexation without the exaction of conditions on the part of the Hawaiians as to the form of government to be vouchsafed to Hawaii, leaving that question to be entirely disposed of by the government of the

The United States will agree, however, to assume the debt of the present Hawaiian government, but will come into possession of all the Hawaiian crown lands and other possessions.

#### To Follow the Tariff Bill.

Several senators have received definite information concerning the existence of the treaty, and are well acquainted with its terms, though they refuse to discuss the matter, having received the information in confidence. The knowledge of the existence of the treaty has been communicated to members of the committee on foreign relations and also to members of the finance committee. In the Republican caucuses the subject of the treaty had been hinted at, but in rather a vague manner. Senators asserted that there were in progress negotiations looking to the annexation, but they would not aver that they knew a treaty had been drawn, nor would they give any assurances that it would soon be sent to the senate. In private conversation with other senators, however, they gave information that was definite enough to satisfy those with whom they talked that the treaty was not only to be sent in, but that it was now already drawn and only awaiting the signatures of the officers of the two governments to complete it. It is known that the approval of the committee on foreign relations is assured, as eight members of the committee have approved its terms. This will enable the committee to speedily report the treaty to the senate, so that it may be taken up immediately after the tariff bill is disposed of.

Ratification Quite Certain.

The senate has been canvassed to a certain extent by senators favoring annexation, and while there are some senators who are noncommittal, the supporters of the proposition say they believe that they can count upon the two-thirds vote necessary to secure ratification. The special friends of the president about the senate say that the treaty has been made in accordance with his views, and that it would have been sent in some time ago but for his exactions as to details.

#### Monster Petition For Cuba.

Washington, June 15 .- In the area in front of the speaker's rostrum when the house met was a monster petition appealing to congress to recognize the ban insurgents as belligerents. It contained over 6,000,000 signatures. The petition was wound about the hub of a wheel framed so as to allow it to freely It had been in circulation throughout the United States for about six months, and was sent to Congressman Sulzer of New York for presentation to congress by Franz Mayer, a resident of his district.

#### Flower Sees Returning Prosperity.

New York, June 15 .- Former Governor Roswell P. Flower, who has been in the west on a tour of inspection of several railroads in which he is interested, spoke of the signs of brightening business that he had observed while on his trip. He visited the cities of Chicago and Duluth and made an inspection of the Minnesota iron mining interests. Crops are looking well, and it appears as if fair prices will be realized. The movement of merchandise westward is increasing and railroad earnings are improving. The indications, he said, point to a gradual business revival.

#### Unrequited Love Prompts Suicide.

Washington, June 15 .- Edwin Doren, son of the late Paymaster Doren of the navy department, is confined in a strong room at the Emergency hospital. He is said to be suffering from mental aberration, caused by his infatuation for a Washington young lady who refused to return her love for his. This has led the young man to make several efforts to commit suicide, the last attempt having been made Friday evening, when, his friends say, he took 150 grains of chloral.

#### Tammany May Run Waring.

New York, June 15 .- Colonel George E. Waring, commissioner of street cleaning, may be the Tammany candidate for mayor. The Tammany leaders have been speaking very kindly of the colonel recently, and the colonel has also intimated that he expected to retain his place in the event of Tammany winning at the polls.

A New Door Combination. Chicago, June 15 .- A new door combination has been formed. It is known as the Western Door company, with \$1,000,000 capital and headquarters at Rock Island, Ills. Frank Adams of Dubuque is the organizer. The plan is to practically form a door trust on a

The Late Baron de Hirsch's Bounty. New York, June 15.-Lucien Bonheur, residing at 114 East Fifty-sixth street, who returned from Paris on the St. Paul, brought a \$2,500 check for the Montefiore home from the Baron de Hirsch estate. It is to be an annual subscription as long as the institution

#### THE ELLIS ISLAND FIRE.

The Property Loss Is Now Estimated at About \$1,000,000. New York, June 16 .- No lives were

lost at the fire that broke out on Ellis island at a very early hour today. That was asserted positively at the barge office, where the immigrants were gathered, counted, questioned as to their friends and accounted for. One boy had his foot crushed, and a woman was sent to a hospital, ill with a fever. Battery park looked as though the old Castle Garden had been restored, but on the island there was a scene of desolation. The fire was out, and the fireboat New York had been called off at 6 o'clock Over the island, however, a heavy brown smoke hung, and several streams of water were pouring on the burning debris from tugs. Only three whole buildings and a part of a fourth were

besides all the records of the immigration bureau. The buildings that remained were the great engine house and electric light and steam plant and Dr. White's house, which is the old Mason mansion. The lower portion of the hospital stands. The walls were 31/2 feet thick. The upper structure of woodwork was entirely

standing. The loss was about \$1,000,000,

destroyed. Utterly gone are the main building, which was 150 by 250 feet and three stories high; the detention pen, which was recently constructed; the restaurant, the laundry building, the record building and storage house and the new disinfecting plant. A conservative estimate of the loss, including buildings, supplies, railroad tickets and cash is \$1,000,000. Dr. Senner said he thought the loss would be over that, and it might be less.

The disinfecting plant, which was not yet complete, had cost \$25,000, expended since Dr. Senner's return from Europe and contained machinery recently brought from Camp Lowe, at Fire Is-land, which had cost \$15,000, and was de-The southwest landing pier stroyed. which had recently been reconstructed and covered at great expense, was entirely demolished. Only the lower old stone portion of the hospital and the lower portion of the detention pen re-The morgue is a mass of ruins. Two months ago the government built a crib, which was filled in at an expense of \$25,000, and which added nine acres to the original two acres of the island. That is damaged. Felix Livingstone and Emile Schwab, the concessionaries, place their loss of supplies and equipment in the restaurant and culinary department at \$2,000. F. J. Scully, who has the privilege of the money exchange on the island, places his loss at \$10,000 in paper and gold, although it may be less when the safe, which has been discovered, is recovered and opened. Thomas S. Faulkner, agent of the Immigrant Clearing house of the Trunk Line association, had two safes, one of which was recovered this morning. It had been burst open, apparently, and about \$300 was missing. safe under the ruins contains several thousand dollars' worth of tickets.

#### British Steamer Sultan Lost.

Colombo, Island of Ceylon, June 16.-The British steamer Sultan, from Jiddah for Calcutta, with a large number of Mecca pilgrims on board, has foundered near the island of Socotra, 120 miles east of Cape Guardafui, the eastern extremity of Africa. Ten natives were drowned, but all the crew of the Sultan and the rest of the pilgrims have been landed here.

#### The Trial of John S. Shriver.

Washington, June 16. - The trial of John S. Shriver, correspondent of the New York Mail and Express, the fourth of the recusant witnesses before the senate sugar investigating committee of 1894, began before Judge Bradley today. Practically the same ground was gone over as in the previous trials.

McKinley Back In the White House. Washington, June 16.-The president and party arrived today on schedule over the Southern railway from Asheville, N. C., and were driven at once to the White House. Mr. McKinley had not suffered at all from the fa-

#### India's Great Earthquake.

tigue of the night's journey and was in

his office soon after his arrival.

Calcutta, June 15 .- The disastrous effects of the earthquake which occurred on Saturday are widespread, the seis-mic disturbance having extended far into the central provinces. The damage to property is almost incalculable. and the sufferings of the people are terrible. At Manipur the ground opened and a railway train on the Assam and Bengal line was overturned. The condition of the poor Europeans, Eurasians and natives is pitiful. Thousands of them are homeless and starving.

#### Murderer Scott Electrocuted.

Sing Sing, June 15 .- Murderer Howard A. Scott, a negro, was executed at 11:08 a. m. Three shocks were administered. Scott was killed by the first The execution was a success. Scott died bravely and without protest. He killed his wife, Margaret, Oct. 26, 1896.

Banker Kelly's Widow Robbed. Orange, N. J., June 15.-The summer residence of Mrs. Eugene Kelly, widow of the millionaire banker, in South Orange, was entered by burglars and robbed of clothing and jewelry to the value of \$1,000. The only clew to the thieves is a battered black derby hat.

#### Accident to the Navahoe.

Newport, R. I., June 15.-Royal Phelps Carroll's yacht Navahoe drifted into the fishing schooner William Keene of Gloucester, Mass., tearing the latter's foresails into shreds and damaging her bulwarks. The Navahoe escaped with a bent anchor and slight injuries to her bobstay.

#### Destructive Cloudburst.

Franklin, Pa., June 15 .-- A cloudburst in an oilfield two miles from this city has caused such a rise in Two-Mile run that ten derricks have been washed out. Two of them were carried directly across the Lake Shore railroad tracks Thirty derricks are reported down.

#### Two Suspected of the Shooting. Providence, June 15. - Two men are wanted in connection with the shooting of Frank M. Rittman at the Concord schoolhouse on Saturday night. One is a resident of this city and the other of Johnston. The victim of the shooting

is in a critical condition.

# TO PUNISH THE TRUSTS

Senator Allen Thinks That the Courts Have the Power.

#### MR. PETTIGREW'S ODD PLAN.

He Proposes That All Articles on the Dutiable List the Subject of a Trust Be Admitted Free of All Duty.

Washington June 15 .- The tariff debate is not proving a strong attraction in the senate, and the attendance in the zalleries was small. The tariff bill was taken up with little delay for morning business, and Mr. Allison in charge of the bill, asked for an agreement that daily sessions of the senate begin at 11 a. m. on and after Wednesday

Mr. Vest (Mo.) preferred to have the agreement conditioned on an understanding for daily adjournments at 5 p. m. Mr. Allison stated that there would be no difficulty about that, and the agreement for early sessions was effected.

Mr. Allen (Neb.) then reverted to the colloquy last Saturday in which he held that it was the right and duty of the government to take legal steps to dissolve the Sugar trust. He argued that njunction, quo warranto and other legal process could be invoked against the trust.

#### A Remedy In the Courts.

He declared that the rights of the federal courts to oust a state corporation engaged in interstate or international trade was undoubted. If Havemeyer and his associates went to New Jersey to procure a charter as a mere shield to improper procedure, and not to conduct business in that state, the act was fraudulent, the charter void and the federal courts had jurisdiction over the subject. Why, therefore, should the senate waste time and haggle over the sugar schedule and the Sugar trust when the courts offered a real remedy for dissolving this gigantic monopoly? Mr. Allen next spoke in favor of abrogating the Hawaiian treaty.

The senator said the sugar investigation, in which he took part, disclosed that Havemeyer, head of the Sugar trust, and Claus Spreckels, king of the sugar trade of the Hawaiian islands, had an agreement by which Spreckels controlled the territory west of the Missouri river, while the territory east of the Missouri was "subject to the forays" of the American Sugar trust. His vote, and, he believed, the votes of the Populist senators, would be cast to cancel the Hawaiian treaty as a means of developing the beet sugar industry of this country.

#### Free List For Trusts.

Mr. Pettigrew (S. D.) followed in support of his amendment proposing that articles made by a trust be put on the free list. He asserted that it was a serious question how the present "government by the trusts and for the trusts" could be thrown off. There were trusts in coal, sugar, oil, glass, steel, chemicals, crockery and all other great staples, stifling competition and setting up the rule of the monopoly. No tariff bill would be successful, he said, without some defense of the people against the trusts, and such a bill would meet with popular condemnation. As a protectionist he offered this amendment, believing that with it the tariff bill could be defended against assaults. He contended that the amendment would not seriously diminish revenues, as the bill was not framed to get revenue from trust articles, the American markets being, in effect, turned over to

the trusts. Mr. Pettigrew gave the details of the organization of the many extensive trusts, beginning with the Sugar trust. The senator figured out profits of \$51,098 daily by the Sugar trust, or over \$15,000,000 annually, most of which, he urged, was due to favorable legislation. While the price of sugar was less under the present law than it was under the act of 1890, he continued, it was higher than it was in 1886 before the trust was

Mr. Pettigrew then branched off into the discussion of other trusts. Anthracite Coal trust came in for a share of his attention. It appeared from the evidence before the Lexow committee, he said, that the price of coal had been increased \$1 a ton in 1896, and as 40,000,000 tons were sold last year It cost the consumers \$40,000,000. He was glad, he said, that he had supported in the last campaign a man who had the courage to avow his opposition to trusts.

#### Fourth Class Postmasters.

Washington, June 15 .- The following ourth class postmasters were appointed today:

Vermont-Coventry, C. P. Bowles; Walcott, M. J. Leach.
Connecticut-Westville, D. C. Mon-

Pennsylvania-Degolia, M. W. Jackson; Forestville, J. A. Locke; Industry, G. A. Clear: New Galilee, J. A. Kelso; New Kingstown, J. A. Kellar.

New York-Chenango Forks, J. E. Weller; Coventry, F. A. Kelley; Lisle, Dwight French; Nanticoke, W. D. Fuller; Pine City, L. B. Bush; Smithville Flats, Dacre Kinnier; Strykersville, C. S. Dellinger; Triangle, A. R. Whitney; Turner, William Rake.

#### Dadario's Day of Death.

Harrisburg, June 15 .- Governor Hastings has fixed July 27 for the execution of Panguella Dadario at Philadelphia It is customary for the executive to allow a condemned man 60 days to prepare for death, but Dadario's offense was so heinous that Governor Hastings decided that five weeks was long enough for him to live.

#### End of the Postal Congress.

Washington, June 15 .- The delegates to the universal postal congress devoted the day mostly to sightseeing. The last work of the congress will be done when a plenary session will be held to sign the general treaty, which is now in proper form for signatures. It will take effect on Jan. 1, 1899.

#### Woman Aeronaut Drowned.

Chattanooga, June 15 .- Mrs. Edith T. Bruno, an aeronaut, made an ascension at Riverside park, and when 3,000 feet in the air she dropped with the para-chute. She fell into the Tennessee river and was drowned.

#### MAY BE NO WILL CONTEST.

But Millionaire Richardson's Second Wife Will Have Her Share.

New York. June 15. - Wheeler H. Peckham, counsel for Miss Della Grace Richardson, said that it had not been decided whether there would be a conest of the will of her father, Joseph Richardson, the wealthy retired contractor who died last week leaving an estate of about \$20,000,000. The filing of the earlier dated will, which left the entire estate to his daughter and son, George Richardson, ignoring Mr. Richardson's second wife, Mr. Peckham said, did not necessarily mean a contest of the later will.

"There have been no legal proceed-ings looking to a contest so far as we are concerned." said he. "The will was filed because it was the proper and safe thing to do with it." "Will there be no contest by the chil-

dren?" was asked. "Well, that is not decided," was the reply.

It was said by representatives of Mrs. Emma Jane Richardson that no contest of the will would be instituted by her unless her son and daughter should take the initial step. If, however, George Richardson and Della Richardson, the children, should make an attempt to have declared as valid Richardson's first will, by which the widow was cut off, Mrs. Richardson would institute a contest, basing her claim upon the later will, by which the property is divided between widow, son and daughter in equal parts. As for the other claimants for a share in the estate, all the legatees under both wills have decided to ignore them. Mrs. Richardson's lawyer was unable to tell why Richardson had cut his wife off in the first will. The relations between the children and their stepmother had always been friendly, he said. Should, however, a contest result over the two wills it would be fought to the end by each side.

#### General Porter Congratulates M. Faure. Paris, June 15 .- The United States

embassador, General Horace Porter, was a guest at the luncheon which the minister of foreign affairs, M. Hanotaux, gave in honor of Crown Prince Ito of Japan and other foreign representatives who are on their way to attend the diamond jubilee of Queen Vicloria. General Porter has presented his tongratulations to President Faure upon the latter's escape from what appeared to be an attempt upon his life.

#### A Countess' Brother Insane.

Baltimore, June 14.-An insane man supposed to be William Hayward of London, brother to the late Countess de Limburg Stirums of Holland, is in the Central Police station here. Letters were found in his possession notifying him that he had inherited about \$5,000 from his dead sister, and also telling him that his wife in London intended to make it uncomfortable for him if he ever returned to England.

#### Flag Day Reception at Saratoga.

Saratoga, June 15 .- A Fiag day reception was given to the Saratoga chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution and the Children of the American Revolution. The address presenting the flag was made by Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth. An address was also made by Mrs. Mary Harrison McKee, daughter of ex-President Harrison. Whittier Memorial Society.

Amesbury, Mass., June 15 .- A Whittier Memorial society is being formed here for the preservation of the poet Whittier's Amesbury homestead. Elizabeth H. Whittier club of Amesbury, which is interested in the project, has secured an option for the purchase of the property from the poet's niece.

#### Four Persons Seriously Burned. Pittsburg, June 15 .- A lamp explosion

n the residence of Stephen Welsh, near Sharpsburg, set fire to the house and badly burned the four occupants-Stephen Welsh, Mrs. Welsh and two children. Welsh and one of the children are in a critical condition and may die. The house was entirely destroyed.

#### Return of Rubber Factory Strikers.

Hudson, Mass., June 15.-The entire force of employees of the Apsley Rubber company has returned to work and accepted the prices offered by Mr. Apsley, which are considerably lower than prices formerly paid. Mr. Apsley claims that the prices now in force are fully as high as any paid at other factories.

## Rivera Not In Danger of Being Shot.

Washington, June 15 .- The Spanish minister here has received an official communication stating that the report coming from Havana via Key West that the insurgent leaders Rius Rivera and Bacallao are in danger of being shot is false, for not one insurgent leader is under the death sentence.

Lightning Knocked Flower From Her Hat. Potsdam, N. Y., June 15.-Lightning struck a barn owned by Mr. French, and it burned to the ground. Rev Mr. Phelps and wife had taken refuge there. His horse and Mr. French's horse were killed. A flower was knocked off Mrs. Phelps' hat.

#### Five Dollars For His Fun.

New York, June 15 .- Wesley Gibson, colored, was fined \$5 for throwing a lighted cannon firecracker under the wheel of a woman cyclist. When the cracker exploded, two women were so frightened that they fell in a swoon from their wheels.

#### Pardon Asked For Purcell.

Albany, June 15. - Application was made to Governor Black for the pardon of William Purcell of New York city, who is serving a term in Sing Sing for manslaughter. Purcell was convicted for the killing of James Farrel about five years ago.

#### Two Militia Companies Disbanded.

Albany, June 15 .- The adjutant gen eral has announced the disbandment of the Twenty-sixth Separate company of Elmira, Robert P. Bush captain, and the Fifth battery of Syracuse, A. D. Hayes captain. Poor condition is the

#### Statue to Mrs. Siddons.

London, June 15 .- Sir Henry Irving unveiled the memorial statue to Mrs. Sarah Siddons, the famous English actress, on Paddington green, close to Paddington Old cemetery, where her remains were interred 66 years ago.

#### THE TRIAL OF SHRIVER.

Continuation of the Argument by the Defense For a Dismissal.

Washington, June 17 .- Judge Dittenhoefer today resumed his argument on the motion to order an acquittal in the trial of John S. Shriver, Washington correspondent of the New York Mail and Express, charged with recusancy before the senate sugar investigation from the committee of 1894. As it was evident that the arguments on the motion would consume the entire day, the jury was excused. District Attorney Davis' argument will not be submitted until tomorrew.

Judge Dittenhoefer devoted most of his time today to the exposition of the proposition that Mr. Shriver, as a newspaper man, was privileged not to disclose the sources of his information

The vilest wretch on earth, said Judge Dittenhoefer, was he who won a man's confidence and then betrayed it. "In my long experience in public life and at the bar," said he, "I have had occasion many times to give my confidence to newspaper men, and, whatever other sins they may have been guilty of, not one ever was guilty of violation of confidence."

"You do not mean to say, judge," interrupted Judge Bradley, "that the violation of a promise to comply with legal duty would degrade or dishonor a

"A newspaper man," replied Judge "who would reveal the Dittenhoefer, source of his information with regard to a matter of public moment would disgrace and degrade himself within

the meaning of the law.' Judge Dittenhoefer said that this question had not as yet received much attention at the hands of the courts, yet it was one that affected a large estate and had a most important bearing on the public welfare. Jefferson," he said dramatically, "said that it were better to have a free press without a free government than a free government without a free press.

"I don't see how we could have a free government without a free press,' observed Judge Bradley rather sarcas-

"Certainly not, certainly not," replied Judge Dittenhoefer quickly. "That was merely Mr. Jefferson's epigrammatic way of asserting that fact."

#### A SLIGHT FOR JUDGE GARY.

He Was Not Chosen as One of the Appellate Judges In Illinois.

Springfield, Ills., June 17 .- An unusual incident occurred in the supreme court yesterday when appellate judges were assigned. Judge Gary, who presided at the anarchist trials, was not assigned. Judge Magruder protested. He said: "The distinguished services of Mr.

Justice Gary for nearly 34 years deserved a more fitting recognition. Wherever modern civilization has extended its light and its blessings his name stands as a synonym for law and order. With his life in his hand he has staid and suppressed the onsets of lawlessness and disorder, and I enter my solemn protest against the slight thus put upon this just and fearless judge."

Chief Justice Phillips, in his reply, said, "With the fullest recognition of these qualities, the majority of this court reserved to itself the right and discharged the duty of selecting other judges for that place, equally learned industrious and able, who can and will, with equal earnestness and as high sense of justice, discharge these du-

#### Monument to Indian Warriors.

Rapid City, S. D., June 17.-The remaining braves of the Sioux tribes have petitioned the government for permission to erect a granite monument, at their own expense, over the graves of the 130 warriors slain at the battle of Wounded Knee seven years ago. It is desired to have appropriate epitaphs in their own language.

#### A Snowstorm In England.

Manchester, June 17 .- There was a snowstorm at Blackburn, Lancashire, 30 miles from here, today.

## Ex-Mayor of Waterbury Dead.

Santa Cruz, Cal., June 16 .- L. S. Davies is dead, aged 75 years. Before coming here ten years ago, he was prominent in Waterbury, Conn., serving as mayor and probate judge. He studied law in William H. Seward's of-fice and called the attention of the latter, who was then secretary of state, to the fact that German citizens in this country were held liable for military futy in Germany.

#### To Reduce a Bank's Stock

Dover, Del., June 16.-The directors of the Dover National bank have adopted a resolution favoring the reduction of the capital stock of the bank from \$100,000 to \$50,000. A special meeting of the stockholders has been called for July 15, that the proposition may be submitted. The bank suffered from a teller's defalcation recently.

#### Senator Tillman's Latest.

Washington, June 16 .- Senator Tillman today gave notice of an amendment to the tariff bill providing for a head tax of \$100 on all immigrants This provision is modified by a proviso to the effect that it "shall only remain in effect until silver shall be admitted to our mints for coinage at the ratio of

#### The Bechuanaland Uprising.

Vryburg, Bechuanaland, June 16.-The sensational news from Mashowing, to the effect that the police camp there had been attacked by 500 natives and that six policemen had been killed, turns out to have been incorrect. Only one trooper was wounded and six horses were killed.

#### The Coal Trust Investigation.

Albany, June 16.-It is announced here that Judge Chester will not decide the Coal trust investigation matter, vacating or refusing to vacate the orders against the various railroad presidents until, at the earliest, the last week in July. The amended briefs will all be filed this week.

### A Young Dentist Drowned.

Brunswick, Me., June 15.-Dr. Frank Rice of Brunswick was drowned in the Androscoggin river while canoeing. He was a dentist, 24 years old.

#### The Weather.

Fair; warmer, followed by possible thunderstorms.

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p.m. Express trains at 4.55, 5.45, 6.15 (local)
6.55, (local), 7.15, (local), 7.56, (local), 8.17,
9.03 (local) 9.58, 10.35, 11.37, (local) a. m. 12.47
2.27, 5.05, 5.55 7.35 p. m. For Washington via
Harlem River 12.53 a.m. (daily)
SUNDAYS.—Accommodation 9 15 a. m. 5.43,
(local) 7.23, (local) 9.28 p. m. Express 4.55, 5.45
9.56 a. m.

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