NORWALK



GAZETTE.

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NORWALK CONN., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1898 –12 PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS

THE HUSBAND OF TWO

John Suhas Wronged Julia Sakol and Now Languishes in Jail.

TRACED TO SO. NORWALK.

Also Stole Julia's Money and Attempted to Marry Another Girl.

Sheriff Thomas F. Hamilton yesterday arrested one John Suhas in Danbury, at the instance of Julia Sakol, whom he had promised to marry, and thereby hangs a tale of depravity and ingratitude which has seldom been equalled.

Suhas, who has been in the employ of the Wilmot & Hobbs company, promised to marry Julia Sakol. Both are Hungarians and the girl has been employed at the Plush shop. The wedding was to have come off on December 1, when the girl had expected her lover to fulfill his promise and make her an honorable wife. She lived at 209 Howard avenue and Suhas lived close by in the Hungarian colony in that neighborhood. On Tuesday, Suhas visited the girl's room and took \$50 from her trunk.

Suhas, when accused by the girl of the theft, acknowledged his guilt, but said that he had taken the money to buy things necessary to go to housekeeping with. He represented that he was all ready to fulfill his promise and if she would give him some more money he would go immediately and get the license. The girl gave him \$3, the last money she had, and Suhas left her, ostensibly to get the license. She did not see him again until he was under arrest. He immediately left the city, telling some of his friends that he was going to be married to a girl in South Norwalk.

The jilted girl made complaint to Prosecutor Giddings who issued a warrant for the arrest of Suhas and handed it to Sheriff Hamilton for service. The sheriff was touched by the pitiful story of the girl and made up his mind that he would bring the ungrateful wretch to justice. Yesterday morning he took the girl with him to South Norwalk, where trace of Suhas was

The delinquent bridegroom had been doing the town and having a good time with the money he had stolen from the girl he had wronged. He had told his quondam friends among the Huns that he was going to Danbury to marry a fine girl there. He had told the name of the girl he was going to marry and the sheriff found it to be Mary Spisak, who lived on Highland avenue in the Hatting town. The sheriff followed Suhas with the girl on the next train, and as they were on the way to the home of Suhas' latest love, they met two girls, apparently Huns, who when questioned about Mary Spisak, broke into a laugh. One of them said: "I'm Mary Spisak." She was the girl whom Suhas had come to Danbury to marry and who was then on her way to town to buy her wedding finery.

The two wronged girls got their heads together and between them Suhas fared badly. The Spisak girl repudiated her lover and volunteered to lead the way to her home, where Suhas was then waiting for her to return. The sheriff followed and in a few moments the ungrateful wretch was under acrest. Bride No. 2 fell over in a dead faint and there was a heartrending scene.

It was anything but a jolly party that returned on a late train last night. The sheriff was mad all through. His two companions, once lovers, exchanged no love glances. Suhas was lodged at the jail where he will remain until called upon to answer half a dozen serious charges.

Ira Lockwood of Co L, Third regiment, U.S. V., and who has been ill in the hospital, arrived home yester-

FIREMEN MEET.

South Norwalk Fire Department Elects Its New Officers.

The South Norwalk Fire department held its annual meeting at the Old Well Hook and Ladder rooms on Thurs-

day evening. There were about sixty members of the department present.

The annual reports were read and accepted, as was also a letter from Frank A. Ferris.

Mr. Ferris complimented the department on its work at the recent fire at the home of his mother on West avenue and enclosed a check for \$50 for the department.

It was voted to ask the Rev. Gerald H. Beard to preach the annual sermon to the firemen.

A committee was appointed to consider the advisability of using money contributed to the department as a nucleus for a relief fund, instead of as has been the custom, dividing it with the companies of the department, and Chief Baker was made chairman of the committee.

If the proposition meets with favor it will be necessary to elect a treasurer of the fund.

The election of officers resulted as

Chief Engineer-E. V. Baker. First Assistant-D. W. Harford. Second Assistant-Rufus J. Smith.

Secretary-A. J. Crossman. Medical Examiner-Dr. A. N. Clark Speeches were made by the newlyelected officers and the meeting ad-

journed.

The Gazette Wonders.

When the crosswalks will be cleared of snow.

If the next street committee will have a surplus to begin business on.

Why ex-Judge Hubbell does not put

in an appearance in town. If those Wall street elms make a

good trysting place. Why sleighriding parties are not or-

If the bucket shop is overrun with

Coroner's Finding in New Canaan Tragedy.

business these days.

Coroner Doten has rendered a finding on the death of Susan Anderson, who was found murdered near her home on the outskirts of New Canaan, Nov. 16. He states that the cause of the woman's death was wounds inflicted by Fritz Hahnan, the man who was employed by her, and who was found hanging to a tree, and that Mrs. Anderson received a blow on the side of the face with an axe or club. The coroner gives this finding on the report | a farm hand. He was 57 years of age. of Medical Examiner Keeler.

Melvin-Lyman.

A wedding took place in St. Mary's church, Bethel, Thursday, Nov. 24, at eight o'clock a. m., the marriage of Miss Sarah Lyman, of that place, and James E. Melvin, of South Norwalk. Rev. John Flemming officiated. At the close of the ceremony the couple took the 9:55 express for New York city, where, after remaining several days, they will return to Bethel, and reside at the home of Mrs. Melvin's father, on Grassy Plain street.

A Dangerous Sidewalk.

There is a dangerous section of sidewalk in front of Coleman's news agency at South Norwalk, caused by the water dripping from the cornice and freezing. The evil ought to be remedied before an accident is caused by the same, and there is a suit brought for damages.

Young Lady Dropped Dead.

SOUTHPORT, Dec. 2.-Miss Stanford, 18 years old, dropped dead in the front yard of her parents' home, yesterday afternoon. She had been to Bridgeport, shopping, and was returning home when she suddenly expired almost in front of her own door. Medical aid was summoned. Death was produced due to heart failure.

"Bat" Reagan Examined.

The commissioners appointed by Governor Cooke to examine as to the sinity of "Bat" Reagan, the Ridgefield burglar confined in the Bridgeport jail, made their examination yesterday, but the result will not be known until they make their report to the governor.

Narrow Escape From Drowning.

BRIDGEPORT, Dec. 2.—Capt. Elzy B. Ford of the oyster steamer Josephine, narrowly escaped drowning yesterday afternoon, and was in the water upwards of 15 minutes before he was rescued. He was completely exhausted.

PIERCING SCREAMS.

Italians Cause a Disturbance in the "Barracks" on Chapel Street.

MAN WANTED, ESCAPES.

Jealousy Said to Have Been the Cause of the Row.

Residents on and in the vicinity of Chapel street had their attention attracted, last night, by the screams of a

The cries were found to come from the window of a building on that street, known as the "barracks "and occupied in the main by Italians.

The police hastened to the scene but before they arrived the alleged aggressor had made good his escape.

As near as can be learned it was a sort of a "family row" in which one Italian with an unpronouncable name was ejected from the building by

The former lay in wait for the latter, and it is asserted assaulted him, and the screams came from the mouth of the wife of the assaulted party.

A warrant will be sworn out for the man's arrest and on his return he will probably fall into the clutches of the

Jealousy is said to have been a factor in the row, which caused considerable excitement while it lasted.

Where Their Coal Is.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 2.—There are at present between 15,000 and 17,000 coal cars stored in the "Consolidated" road yards since Saturday night, with little chance of their being moved in several days. About 10,000 of the carloads are consigned to up-country retail dealers, who handle small quantities at a time and order frequently. These dealers are situated in various small towns all along the "Consolidated's" branch

Dropped Dead.

Dehnis Sivan, employed at Abram Buckley's farm in Westport, was stricken with apoplexy while oiling a harness, Wednesday, and died. He was from Illinois and had been at work in this section for about two years, as

Death of Lieutenant Day.

Lieutenant Frank H. Day, died in Noroton on Wednesday. He was a native of Killingly, from which town he enlisted, in November, 1861, in Company F, Eleventh Connecticut Volunteers. He served until the close of the

Visited Their Mother.

BRIDGEPORT, Dec.2-Eudora Guilford, daughter of Nancy Guilford, called at the county jail yesterday and had a short interview with her mother in the presence of the jail officials. Mrs. Guilford's son Harry was also permitted to visit her for a few minutes. He is held at the jail in default of bonds.

A New Haven Man Injured.

Robert Clark, a New Haven man, was carried to the Stamford Hospital, yesterday morning, with a badly crushed foot. Clark was loading lumber in a coal car on a freight train at Greenwich, when the train started. The lumber shifted, catching Clark's foot, severely mangling and crushing it No bones were broken, however.

-City Taxes.

The city tax collector will be called upon to settle with the city, in six more days, and will be obliged to pay all taxes not collected. By paying now you will save your property being sold for taxes. The collector is responsible for your tax and he will levy. for your tax, and he will levy.

Bombardment of Santiago.

At the production of "Our Boys at Santiago," by the Bennett-Moulton company, at Hoyt's, to-night, the views of the bombardment of Santiago will be given by the wargraph.

Matinee Whist.

The Matinee Whist club were entertained by Miss Mai Curtis, of West avenue, yesterday afternoon. The club prize was won by Miss Agnes R. Gibbs and the guest prize by Mrs. Addie Osborn.

GOVERNOR'S RECEPTION.

Arrangements for the Inaugural Social Function at Foot Guard Hall.

HARTFORD, Dec. 2 .-- Governor Lounsbury, the incoming governor, will be honored in the usual way by the First Company, Governor's Foot Gaurd, on inaugural day, Wednesday, January 4. At the meeting of the company last Monday evening it was voted to tender the incoming governor an escort to and from the Capitol and also a reception at Foot Guard Armory in the evening. Governor-elect Lounsbury has signified his acceptance of the courtesies and Major Cheney has appointed the necessary committees for the reception and

Foot Guard Hall will be gaily decorated for the occasion and three booths will be erected on the north side near the stage, one each for the new governor, staff and ladies; Governor Cooke, the retiring chief magistrate, and ladies; and Major Cheney, staff and ladies. Invitations will be sent to the state officers, Brigadier General Russell Frost and staff and the regimental commanders and their staffs of the National Guard, the officers of the First Company, Governor's Horse Guard, and the Putnam Phalanx of this city, the Second Companies, Foot and Horse Guard, of New Haven, many prominent people in this state and prominent military men in other states, with whom the Foot Guard is acquainted.

There will be a concert by a full military band from 8 to 9 o'clock. The reception to Governor Lounsbury will begin at 9 o'clock prompt, and will be followed by the grand march and dancing. Refreshments will be served to the guests of the company in the lower hall.

Licenses.

The County Commissioners are grantfor their return to Norwalk.

ANNUAL ELECTION.

Buckingham Relief Corps Elect New Officers For the Ensuing year.

At a meeting of Buckingham Relief Corps, No. 30, held Thursday afternoon, the following officers were elect-

President-Mrs. Kate G. Coe.

S. V. President-Mrs. Mary Prindle. J. V. President-Mrs. Mary Mills. Secretary-Mrs. Sarah E. Reynolds. Treasurer-Mrs. Mary Fairchild. Chaplain-Mrs. Sophronia Perry. Conductor-Mrs. Della Wilcoxson. Guard-Mrs. Ann M. Canfield. Assistant Conductor-Mrs. Clarissa

Bates. Assistant Guard-Mrs. Katharine

Kline.

1st Color Bearer-Mrs. Ella Faulds. 2d Color Bearer-Mrs. Kate Sherwood.

3d Color Bearer-Mrs. Rose Hoskins. 4th Color Bearer-Mrs. Ada Bying-

A Thousand Tongues Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard St., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Con-sumption had completely cured her of sumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other medicines and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So vill everyone who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c and \$100. Trial bottles free at John A. Riggs' drug store, 11 Main street; every bot-tle guaranteed.

Good Service.

The Southern New England Telephone company made a record for itself and its lines during the recent ing licenses in Stamford to-day. Wed- storms. There was no interruption in nesday they granted seventeen in the service in this city during the big Greenwich. No date has yet been set storm of Sunday, and scarcely any in

AMUSEMENTS.

Darkest Russia.

A large audience greeted the Bennett-Moulton company, at Hoyt's, last evening. The scenery was excellent and the costumes handsome, while the company is one of the best seen in town. The specialties were unusually good, the tramp act of Dan Simons alone being worth the price of admission. The acting of Miss Dorothy Kent and J. Frank Burke are especially worthy of mention.

This evening "Our Boys at Santiago" will be presented and at the matinee to-morrow "My Partner." Saturday night" Bonnie Scotland "will be given, which closes the company's engagement here.

1899 Columbia Calendar.

The Columbia Calendar for 1899 is being distributed. The calendar is fully up to the standard of excellence set by its thirteen predecessors. It is of distinctive value for busy men and women. Engagements to be made and duties to be performed can be jotted down on its leaves and the daily reminder will save much annoyance and inconvenience.

The bright and witty sayings and fitting testimonials to the merits of Columbia product, which grace the tops of the pages, are largely contributions from the Pope company's own customers, and give an added value to the calendar. The pages for Sundays, the first day of each month, and holidays, present appropriate selections from well-known authors.

The calendar will be mailed to any address, safely packed in a carton mailing case, on receipt of five 2-cent stamps at the Calendar department of the Pope Manufacturing Co., Hartford, Conn., or a copy can be procured by applying to the nearest Columbia dealer.

The Weather.

Fair to-night; increasing cloudiness

BOSTON STORE!

SPACE MAKING SALE!

Our Christmas goods are here, ready to be unpacked, and we want a whole lot of room. We shall slaughter several lots in each department to make the required room.

WILL CONTINUE THE REST OF THE WEEK! Thursday, Friday and Saturday, DEC. 1st, 2nd, 3rd,

All new seasonable goods. No old lots. It is simply a matter of must, in order to make room for Toys, Dolls, Sleds, Books, Bric-a-Brac, etc.

Separate Skirts.

The new divided skirts, buttoned on he side. \$6.50. 20 heavy winter skirts, worth \$5.00,

this sale only \$3.98. Flounce skirts, \$4.25 and \$5.00.

Corsets.

\$1.00 B. B. corsets, 75c. 75 cent B. B. corsets, 59c.

Jackets.

\$13:00 Ladies' Satin Lined Kersey Jackets, strapped seams, \$10:00. \$25:00 imported Kersey, taffeta lined ackets, \$18:75.

Military Jackets for young ladies, standing collar, in blues reds and blacks \$11:00 and \$13:00.

30 All Wool Kersey Jackets, blacks only, these are \$11:00 jackets, for this sale only, the first come are the ones that will get them for \$7:50. They are silk lined.

Domestic Goods.

121c teazel down outings, all new

stripes and plaids, handsomest cloth on

the market for house wrappers, this

We want part of this big stock for games and toys.

124 all linen towels. 9c. 5 yards birds eye diaper, 19c. 10 yards 10 cent domet flannel, 50c. sale only, no longer, 8c. Large Turkish bath towels, 9c. 12½ all linen crash, 8c.

Underwear.

We want part of this counter for holiday neck wear, umbrellas and fancy suspenders.

ers, \$1.00. 75 cent men's fleeced shirts and

\$1.50 all wool men's shirts and draw

drawers, 50c. 39 cent ladies heavy underwear, 25c 75 cent ladies heavy ribbed vests and pants, and they are warm, 50c.

Boys' and girls' vests and pants, the 39c kind, 25c. A Cut Down in Dress Goods

Our great sales prove that our dress goods were low enough, but that isn't it, we want half the dress goods counter for dolls. \$3.75 black silk blistered crepons 42

inch limited quantity, per yard, \$2.00.
\$1.00 black crepon, 59c.
29 cent all wool serges selling now
for 29c, for this sale only, they are 36 inch wide, 19c. 39 cent new fancy mixtures that are

now selling for 39c, this sale, 25c. 59 cent heavy all wool winter serges 48 in. wide, for this sale, 37½c. 50 inch all wool ladies cloth that are

cheap at 50c, this sale, 37½c.

All wool flannel plaids for skirts or house dress, worth 50c, this sale, 31c. \$1.00 Drap de'ete blacks and colors

Wrappers.

Ladies' House dress with corset attached, look at this, \$1:50. Any flannelette or percale Wrapper marked 98 cents for 75c. Beautiful heavy cotton eiderdown printed Wrappers, \$1:98.

Elegant fitting heavy Outing Wrap-pers \$1:25 and \$1:50.

Collarettes.

\$3:98 Coney Collarettes, \$2:25. \$5:00 Electric Collarettes, \$3:75. \$8:00 Electric Collarettes, with surplice and tails, \$5:75. \$13:00 Stone Martin Collarettes, with surplice and tails, \$10:00.

Gloves. Boys and girls Mittens 10c. Driver's Heavy Gloves, the kind you pay 75c for, this sale 50c.

\$1.50 Men's tan and grey undressed skin gloves, lined with silk, \$1:00. \$1:25 Men's dressed Dog Skin Gloves that fit the hands, all sizes, \$1:00.

\$1:25 Lined and unlined Buckskin Gloves, that wear better than any other Glove made, \$1:00. The Ladies' Kid Glove that we sell for \$1:00 others sell at \$1:50. Look and convince yourself.

Comfortables.

Full Size, 75c. Knotted Comfortables, \$1.25. Silkolene Comfortables, \$1.98. Fine Satine Comfortables, \$2.49.

Come to This Great Room Making Sale. We Must Sell Goods to Have the Room Christmas Display will be Greater Than Ever.

BOSTON STORE, NORWALK, CU

OYSTER SYNDICATE.

Vicinity are Interested in the Deal.

Will Go Into the Industry on a Large

A syndicate has just been organized by capitalists in New Haven and other places for the purpose of engaging in the oyster business on an extensive Tyler, who is under eighteen years, seale. It is understood that there is a good deal of money behind the company and the organizers intend to compete with the biggest dealers in oysters in this section of the country.

They have already secured about 3,000 acres of oyster land from the shell fish commissioners and will begin cerations as soon as the papers are gned. They have paid for the land at the rate of a dollar an acre and have intimated to the commissioners that they intend to apply for more at a later date.

The shell fish commissioners do not know the members of the syndicate. The application for the oyster land was made through Lawyer Percy L. Johnson of Bridgeport. He says he represented parties in New Haven, Bridgeport, New York and Providence and they desire to purchase oyster ground located between Milford and Stratford. This section has never been cultivated, but the syndicate intend to make it one of the best in the Sound for the purpose of raising oysters.

The syndicate has applied to the government officials at Washington for steamers and dredgers with which to bottom between Milford and Stratford, which, in its present condition, is unsuitable for growing oysters. By dredging the Housatonic river, however, and depositing the mud dug up on the newly acquired land, it will be possible to cultivate oysters of an excellent quality. The mud taken from the Housatonic will make the finest kind of a bottom for the propagation of oysters, in

turned over to the syndicate later on.

It is understood that the new concern intends to secure land in the east- ence of such a feat of biting' with a ern end of the Sound, later on, and that devilish purpose in the end, shows the

BY THE SNOW CAUSED

At the Risk of His Life William Miller Rescues the Equines.

Shortly after 6 o'clock Wednesday evening it was noticed that what is known as the Sterling barn, located on Haviland street, was liable to collapse, owing to the heavy weight of snow on the roof.

The barn is rented by groceryman Charles E. Seymour, and at the time two of the most valuable delivery horses, together with wagons, two tons of hay and a large quantity of grain tory by Rev. J. J. Furlong Wednesday were in the building.

Chief Vollmer notified William Miller, clerk at the store, of the danger and in company with another clerk he started for the barn, and despite the protestations of others went into the building, and succeeded in rescuing the

horses. One section of the roof had fallen with a crash that was heard a block

Pikes were secured at the Old Well Truck company rooms and the side of the building bolstered up while carriages, etc. were being taken out of the barn. This was successfully accomplished but at no small risk of life.

When the pike-poles were removed this section of the building also collapsed, making the barn a complete

wreck. The affair caused considerable exeitement in the neighborhood. Aside from the wrecking of the barn no considerable amount of damage was done.

AN UGLY NEGRO,

Capitalists of New Haven and Gnaws Through a Two-Inch Plank to Get a Spike.

MUCH GROUND BOUGHT. MADE A DAGGER OF IT.

One of the Ugliest Men Among the Convicts at State Prison.

HARTFORD, Dec. 1 .- One of the ugliest men among the sane convicts at the state prison at Wethersfield, is John sentence for burglary and assault in Windsor, where he entered the house of Miss Niles, an aged woman, and nearly killed her while she was in bed.

He is a colored man, not yet thirty years old, and has a terrible record since he has been in prison. He is now totally blind in one eye and can see shadows between himself and the light only, with the other. Two years ago some of the persons interested in the education of the blind, aroused by their sympathies and aided by his temporary mildness and good conduct, nearly had him let loose upon the community. The state board of pardons had considered his case and had voted to parole him, and he was to be taught as a blind man, to earn a livelihood. Just before the parole was signed Tyler had one of his violent spells, attacked a keeper and was taken to the dungeon. The parole never was issued and he will serve out his sentence.

Since that time Tyler has given no end of trouble to the prison officials. Once he has attacked a keeper with a knife, wounding him slightly in the back, and for this he was put into the permission to dredge the Housatonic dungeon and afterwards in a light punriver and has purchased a number of ishment cell. In these cells there is no cot, but a hard plank two inches engage in the business. There is a soft thick is made up as a bench upon which the prisoner sits, and upon which he sleeps at night. In the light cell Tyler managed to split off a piece of the plank and pulling it from the standard of the bench with a spike in the end of it, had a club and spike combined which would have made quick work of an officer had he had the chance to strike with it. He never got the chance.

His most remarkable feat, showing the opinion of the experts who are gritand energy as well as a determinafamiliar with the intricacies of the in- tion to get the best of the officers, was when he was in the dark dungeon. In addition to the land purchased Here he gnawed into the two-inch rom the commissioners, the syndicate plank biting his way entirely through has secured over a thousand acres it until he released a large spike which rom the Beardsley Brothers, of Mil- held it in place. This he sharpened ord. The latter recently secured quite into a dagger on the stone floor of the a grant of oyster land from the com- dungeon' making the point sharp as missioners, which will probably be that of an needle. It was doubtless his intention to stab the first officer that came within his reach. The persistthey also have plans to engage in the incarnate ugliness of the man that oyster industry in the Narragansett came so near to being let loose to prey upon the community in any way in which he thought would suit his ends.

The Body Found.

The family of the late Frederick Weed Lockwood-who was drowned off the coast of Falmouth, Eng., at the time of the Mohegan disaster, Oct. 14received a cablegram from Plymouth, England, Monday night that the body of Mr. Lockwood had been found. If the identification is correct the remains will probably be shipped to his late kidneys. home in Stamford.

Peat-Farrell.

Miss Lida Farreli, of Elwood place, and Samuel G. Peat of New York, were united in marriage at St. Mary's recafternoon. They will reside in New

Mrs. Charles D. Burnes and son, Dudley, have returned to Greenwich, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. T. I. Raymond, of Hillside.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, | 88 LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOL-LARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. SEAL

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

AN OLD MYSTERY.

Called to Mind by the Recent Tragedy at New Canaan.

The tragedy recently committed in the northern part of New Canaan, resulting in the death of Mrs. Susan Anderson, recalls a murder that occur. red in the same neighborhood more than fifty years ago, says the Stamford Advocate. At that time Samuel Monroe lived near the place where Mrs Anderson was killed. He was a quiet man when sober, having but little intercourse with anyone outside of his own limited circle. He was addicted to the use of strong drink and was frequently under its influence. One bright day in the fall of 1848 Monroe disappeared. He left his home in the morring and did not return. Two days later searching parties were formed, and for a week the fields and woods were scoured in vain.

The only house for miles about stood in a lonely part of the East Woods, and was said at the time to be occupied by lawless characters, who were a dread to the honest people of New Canaan. It was suspected that Monroe had been killed by the occupants of the hut. It was also rumored that his body had been buried in the cellar, but no one possessed the courage to investigate. Failing to find any trace of the missing man, his friends, at the suggestion of superstitious acquaintances, consulted a four-year-old clairvoyant living in a neighboring town.

As a revealer of the future an unveiler of the past this boy was said to be a wonder. He had a manager who knew his way about without the aid of a chaperon, and who had heard all the rumors concerning the missing Monroe. When the delegation waited on the juvenile astrologer and stated the object of their visit, he kindly went into a trance, and, having been posted by his manager, he told them a wonderful story of Monroe and his actions after leaving his home

The country folks were so astonished at the boy's alleged revelation that they engaged him to try to follow the course Monroe had taken. The following day the young astrologer kept up his"bluff" and led a crowd of 300 persons over the hills for several hours trying to find the place where Monroe was alleged to be buried. He continued the search for two more days.

At every pile of leaves or brush he stopped, saying, "Here the body did lie," and again he started off a gain on a run for half a mile, to stop at another bush, prod the ground with a sharpened stick, and exclaim, "They have moved it again." Thus the hunt went on and on, until the wearied multitude was warned by coming darkness that it was time to disperse. The clair voyant was finally forced to admit defeat, and was discharged in disgrace. The search for Monroe was never resumed. Excitement growing out of the tragedy died out soon after the clairvoyant fiasco. The inmates of the suspected house were driven from their miserable abode, and for a long time thereafter the good people of that

neighborhood enjoyed a period of rest. Monroe's body was discovered early in the following spring, a long distance from the paths covered by the searching party. It was mutilated almost beyond recognition. The immediate cause of death, however, was shrouded in mystery, and remains so to this day.

WHAT A LOT OF THEM.

Norwalk Produces Its Share, but They Are Growing Less Every Day.

What a wonderful lot of people there are who suffer with backache. From the millionaire sitting in his office clipping coupons, down to the humble citizen who swings a pick for a dollar a day; nobody is free from it.

And it all comes from the same cause. The kidneys are to blame.

Backache is really nothing but kidney ache. You can be sure that it means a disordered condition of the

And if you are wise, you will heed the warning immediately. Backache neglected means severer forms of kidey disease, diabetis, urinary troubles,

Bright's disease-death.

Doan's Kidney Pills are the one simple remedy that can be relied upon in all forms of kidney trouble.

Some of your neignbors have tried them and not one has found them wanting. Here is the experience of a Norwalk citizen:

Mr. Josiah Dodge, No. 2 Belden place, says: "I had some trouble in the way of kidney complaint, and rheumatic-like pains in the back. Being a frequent visitor at Mr. Hale's (now Glendening & Co's) drug store, 1 no-ticed a great many people buying Doan's Kidney Pills, and as they all spoke very highly about the results obtained, I got a box, began taking them and in a few days' time they had cured the attack. I am recommending them to my friends."

Doan's Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

Fractured Her Elbow.

Mrs. Samuel Richards Weed regert of the Norwalk Chapter, D. A. R., met with a painful accident in Brooklyn, on Monday which has confined her to her monday when has commed her to her home. Mrs. Weed was en route to the monthly dinner of the Congregational Club in that city, and slipped on the ice, and falling, fractured the bone in the clow of her right arm. She is under the care of a surgeon and it is hoped that she will soon recover.

WEDDED IN BROOKLYN

Robert G. Hanford and Miss Louise Jessup Cuddy at Hymen's Altar.

WAS A GARISH SCENE.

Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler Officiated. Ceremony at the Home of the Bride.

The marriage of Robert G. Hanford, of this city and Miss Louise Jessup Cuddy, daughter of Mrs. L. J. Cuddy, of 417 Macon street, Brooklyn, N. Y., took place at the bride's home Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, the Rev. Theodore L. Cuyler, officiating.

The parlors in which the ceremony was performed were artistically decorated with pink and white chrysanthemums, palms, ferns, and garlands of beautiful smilax. A hanging of Georgia smilax formed a pretty background to the bridal party.

The bride wore a handsome gown of pink taffetta silk with corded bodice. and trimmings of chiffon and old duchess point lace. She carried a large bunch of day-heap carnations.

The maid of honor, Miss Florence White Rutherford and the bridesmaid, Miss Alice Perkins, were gowned in pale sage green taffetta, in pattern like that of the bride. They carried green orchids and maidenhair ferns.

Mr. Hanford was attended by his brother, H. Day Hanford, as best man. The ushers were George L. Betts and James T. Hall, of Norwalk.

A reception and banquet followed the

The decorations of the dining table were purple orchids and maiden-hair fern, which presented a garish appear-

The guests present were only relatives and intimate friends of the young couple.

Mr. and Mrs. Hanford are enjoying a wedding tour, after which they will reside in a newly-furnished home on Springwood avenue, Norwalk.

WOULD BE INTERESTING.

Dr. Nancy Guilford Threatens to Make Some Startling Disclosures.

BRIDGEPORT, Dec. 1 .- Dr. Nancy Guilford, who is in custody here, charged with the murder of Emma Gill of Southington, has given to the police the names of 406 women of Bridgeport and neighboring towns who have sought her services during the time she was in business in Bridgeport. They have also the names of 832 women who were taken care of by Dr. Gill and his wife at the office in New Haven. Some of the names in these two lists appear at frequent intervals in the society columns of the local papers. Mrs. Guilford threatens to give these names to the public, with the hopes that it will help her in her defense.

Prisoners Wanted.

Governor Black, of New York, has made requisition on Governor Cooke for James Monroe, who is wanted for an attempt to commit grand larceny at Brooklyn, N. Y., March 29, 1896. Monroe is a convict at the state prison and his term will expire next Monday. Joseph Bagnarello, an officer from Brooklyn, will receive the man from Sheriff Smith, who has been designated by the Governor to deliver the prisoner. Governor Cooke has made a requisition on Governor Black, of New York, for the surrender of William Besant, who is wanted for the crime of horse theft committed in Stamford, November 14, 1898. He is under arrest at White Plairs, N. Y. Andrew Schlechtweg has been designated to go after the pris-

Matinee Euchre Entertained. The Matinee Euchre club were entertained, Wednesday afternoon, at the home of Mrs. R. H. Golden, of West avenue. There were four tables. The first prize was secured by Mrs. Dudline E. Raymond and the second by Miss Emma Lockwood. The next meeting will be held on Friday, Dec. 9th, at the home of Miss Helen Ferris, on Fairfield

Men wear out their lives quickly nowadays. Their brains and bodies are overworked, and then come sleeplessness, nervousness, dyspersia and general debility. The system gives out. These troubles, if neglected, hasten the end. Strength and nealth will come back with the aid of ...

IT HELPS THE HOSTETTER'S FOOD DIGEST MAKES NERVES STOMACH OF IRON. BITTERS

THE YEAR

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See you get Carter's, Ask for Carters' Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills

The only perfect Liver Pill.

Take no other, Even if Solicited to do so. Beware of imitations of Same Color Wrapper, RED.

P. W. BATES'

42 WATER STREET. You can find as fine an assortment of

Monumental & Cemetery Work

As can be found in any Yard in the State. Look it over and get prices before going elsewhere

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MONEY TO LOAN

PLYMOUTH ROCK ICE STRICTLY PURE!

Stores and families supplied. Lowest

rates. ELLS & CO., II North Ave. Norwalk.

NEWYORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFOLD RAILROAD. -New York Division. JUNE 12, 1898.

Trains leave South Norwalk as follows. Trains leave South Norwalk as follows. FOR NEW YORK — Accommodation trains at 9.36 11:40 a. m., 1.11, 3.04, 4.07, 5.33,6.41,8.11,10.20 p. m. Express trains at 4.55, 5.45, 6.15, (local), 6.55, (local), 7.13, (local), 7.54, (local), 8.16, 9.03 (local) 9.58, 10.35, 11.35, (local) a. m. 12.47 2.25, 5.10 5.55, 7.03 p. m. For Washing ton via Harlem River 12.53 a. m. (daily) SUNDAYS—Accommodation 9.05 a. m. SUNDAYS-Accommodation 9.05 a. m. 5.35, (loca!), 7.20, (local)10.10 p. m. Ex press 4.55, 5.45 a. m.
FOR NEW HAVEN AND THE EAST—

Accommodation trains at 6.28, 7.42, 8.46 and 11.42 a. m., 1.12, 2.42, (to Bp't,) 4.18, 5.27, 6.27, 7.28 (to B'p t), 9.15 and 11.15 p. m. Express trains at 1.11 1.20, 9.11, 10.12, 11.08 a. m., 12.02, 3.05 5.04 (Naugatuck Express) 7.05, 9:05, p.m.

SUNDAYS—Accommodation 7.42, 9.12 a. m. and 7.15 p. m. Express 1.11 and

C T. HEMPSTEAD, Gen. Pass. Agent.

fessional or amateur. Its experts are constantly at work procuring the fashions which it publishes weekly. A valuable feature of the BAZAR is its

GUT PAPER PATTERNS

Each issue contains, among its rich variety of fashions, two gowns, for which cut paper patterns we furnished, and if you wish to wear stylish UTILITY SKIRTS

WASH SKIRTS, SHIRT-WAISTS TAILOR-MADE GOWNS

or if you are seeking new and pretty designs, you will find what you want in the pages of the BAZAR. Cut paper patterns are furnished at

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and if you will send us the number of the pattern you wish, stating whether sleeve, waist, or skirt, and enclosing the amount as specified above, we will send you the pattern. If you are not familiar with HARPER'S BAZAR, we will send you a TRIAL SUB. 25c. FOUR WEEKS

as a special offer, upon receipt of the money.

10 Cents a Copy . Sub., 84 69 per year Address MARPER & BROTHERS, Publishers, E. T. City

THE DEATH LIST GROWS

More Than 200 Lives Lost on the New England Coast.

FIFTY-SIX TOTAL WRECKS

The Victims of the Wreck of the Steamer Portland More Than 150, The Great Number of Minor Wreck's. Many Places Yet to Hear From.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 1.-The news of the loss of the Boston and Portland Steam Packet Company's steamer Portland off Cape Cod, and the death of more than one hundred and fifty persons, who, according to the latest reports, comprised the passengers and crew of the steamer, and news from other ports on Cape Cod, showing that at least thirty-five vessels were wrecked along that shore, with the loss of a dozen lives, have greatly increased the total of lives lost during Saturday evening's storm.

There are still other places to be heard from on both sides of the cape, which have not been reached by train on account of snow blockades, and are cut off from other means of communication by broken wires, blockaded highways and broken bridges.

Yesterday morning, while the total loss of life cannot be estimated with any degree of accuracy, it is known that more than two hundred persons

This estimate is made on the basis of only one from each crew reported to be missing, and each of which would include at least three, while the large schooners would have seven or eight men on board.

Attempts to estimate the property lisses sustained by shipping interests are equally difficult from the facts in hand, but it appears that the bulk of the damage was done between Cape Ann, where a score or more of vessels were lost, and Cuttyhunk, where the steamer Warwick is on the rocks.

From present reports it is known that fifty-six vessels have been totally wrecked, while forty-nine are ashore with hardly a chance of being sav-

Of the fifty-six total wrecks, barges not included, forty-three craft aggregate 12,202 gross tonnage. Of those in perilous positions twenty-eight aggregate 7,159 tons.

The stranding of the large Wilson line steamer Ohio and the ocean tug Tamaqua is not included in the estimate given, nor many of the big coal barges ashore in Boston harbor. The position of the latter craft is now

dangerous. The number of schooners which have been driven ashore in fairly safe berths damaged by collision or dismasted, can be reckoned by the score, and many of them are likely to be included in the list of total wrecks before the day

Ireland for the Philippines.

Rome. Dec. 1.-If is stated here that the pope intends to establish a papal nuncio in the Philippines and has summoned Archbishop Ireland to Rome to offer him the office.

St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 1.-Archbishop Ireland was seen at his residence yesterday afternoon and questioned respecting the report from Rome that he was to receive the offer of the post of papal nuncio in the Philippines. He

"I know absolutely nothing about it. have received no such message or call.

"Do you think such a thing is in contemplation?" was asked by his interviewer.

"I think I have answered the question just as fully as it is possible to answer it," was the archbishop's re-

Hoar Against the Treaty.

Worcester, Mass., Dec. 1.-Senator Hoar has announced himself as positively opposed to the treaty which would acquire the Philippines. He

"We have not, so far, any news which is absolutely trustworthy of what they are doing in Paris. But if the report is true that it is proposed to buy of Spain the "sovereignty of the Philippine islands," and to pay twenty million dollars for it, I do not believe that such a treaty will be agreed to, and I do not believe it ought to be agreed to."

London, Dec. 1 .- Pony Moore, fatherin-law of Charles Mitchell, the pugilist, has deposited two hundred pounds at the office of the Sporting Life to bind a match between Mitchell and Tom Sharkey for five hundred or one thousand pounds a side, and the best purse offered for the contest by any club in England or the United States.

It is announced by Moore that the match can be ratified immediately by Sharkey covering the two hundred pounds and forwarding articles for Mitchell's signature.

Queen Lil in Washington. Washington, D. C., Dec. 1.-Ex-Queen Lilioukalani has reached Washington and is at the Ebbitt House, where she spent last winter.

She is accompanied by Dr. English, her physician, and secretary; Mrs. Heleuhe, Miss McGuire and a maid. She is here to present to Congress

a claim to about one million acres of land in Hawaii.

Germany and Our Meats. Paris, Dec. 1.-Professor Stiles, the

scientific attache of the United States embassy in Berlin, is here for the purpose of consulting with Senator Davis in the latter's capacity as chairman of the Senate committee on foreign relations in regard to the pending bill in the German reichstag against the importation of American

Bubonic Plague in Madagascar.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 1.-The secretary of state has received a cable message from United States Consul Gibbs at Tamatave, Madagascar, saying that the bubonic plague has broken BOSTON PHYSICIANS TESTIFY.

War Investigators Taking Testimony About the Porto Rican Campaign.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 1 .- The war investigating commission began its session at 9.30 o'clock yesterday morning and after a brief executive session Dr. J. Booth Clarkson of Boston, who went to Porto Rico as medical agent for the Massachusetts Volunteer Aid Association, was called as the first of the wit-

He noticed, he said, a shortage of supplies and of some medicines, but thought that the reason for this was that there were not enough transports. He thought that any neglect on the part of nurses was due to ignorance and not to wilfulness.

He recommended a change in rations for volunteer soldiers who go to the tropics and that they should not be called upon for any unnecessary la-

Major Charles K. Darling of the Sixth Massachusetts volunteers testified that his troops sometimes lacked food, and said that he believed this was due to lack of transports and to

bad roads in Porto Rico. His command was transported from Charleston to Porto Rico on the Yale, and the major said he thought that that vessel was not fit to be used as

a transport. Lieutenant Jeremiah G. Fennessey, quartermaster of the Ninth Massachusetts volunteers, comprained of a lack of transport facilities for the troops and for supplies at Santiago, and said that on the way home proper food was not provided for the men who were

Dr. F. M. Johnson of this city, who attended Lieutenant William Tiffany of New York, who died in this city after his return from Santiago with the Rough Riders, on the Olivette, told the of his patient's sickness and death.

He said that death was the result of protracted fever and starvation, explaining that by starvation he meant

The doctor believed that Lieutenant Tiffany either could not get proper food or else could not assimilate it.

Dr. Henry Lamont, surgeon of the Rough Riders, testified that Colonel Wood aid not at first allow him enough nurses. He was also unable to get essential medicines on the start from

He charged that the officers of the transport Yucatan, especially the captain, displayed a disposition to do as they pleased.

It was with great difficulty that he got his medical supplies on shore and to the front, because of a lack of transportation facilities.

Dr. Lamont said that great inconvenience was caused at El Caney battlefield by the lack of litters and ambulances, his application for which Colonel Wood refused to grant when the command ltft Tampa.

When I was suffering from a wound and was a patient in the hospital at Siboney," said Dr. Lamont, "I did not receive proper attention, receiving no medicine in the six days that I was there. I came back on the City of Washington, which was not properly prepared for carrying sick men. There was not proper food for sick men and no medical stores. No medical officer had charge of the embarkation of the wounded men.'

Edward Atkinson also testified.

Likely to Become Very Bright.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 1.-Computations made at the Yale observatory show that the new Chase comet is about 230,000,000 miles away from the earth, or about two and one-half times as far as the sun. It shows on the photographic plate

some elongation. Its orbit corresponds but whether or not it is itself a periodic comet cannot yet be determined, though it has apparently no connection with the Lenoid meteors. The time of its perihelion passage is

April 22, 1899, and it must constantly grow brighter until that time, and be visible for several months, possibly to the naked eve.

The computations at Lick observatory show that it is nearer to the sun than is shown by the computations at Yale, and if the Lick computations are correct the comet will be a very bright

The time of perihelion passage, as computed at both places, very nearly corresponds.

Defeated Candidate Weds.

New York, Dec. 1.-The wedding of Elliot Danforth, recent Democratic candidate for lieutenant governor, to Mrs. Richard Mott Laimbeer took place at two o'clock yesterday afternoon in the parlor of the bride's suite at the Hotel Savoy.

Rev. I. M. Haldeman of the First Bantist church officiated.

The bride was given away by her brother, Mr. John V. Black.

The bride and groom took the Congressional limited for They will be gone about three weeks, visiting Atlanta, Asheville, Richmond, Raleigh and Savannah.

When they return they will give a reception in the public parlor of the Savoy, which they will make their future home.

New Torpedo Boat Failed.

Philadelphia, Dec. 1.-The official trial of the torpedo boat Mackenzie, which took place over the government course at Deepwater Point, below Wilmington, Del., was not a success and another trial will be made about December 10. The contract for the Mackenzie calls

for twenty knots an hour, but the highest rate attained on her full speed trial was 18 knots. The members of the trial board of

the navy on board were Commander Emory, Lieutenants Winterhalter and Sargeant, Dr. Ulsh, Naval Constructor Smith and Engineer Hall.

Improved Health of Soldiers.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 1 .- A great improvement in the health of the army has taken place within the last two months, as shown by the last reports of the surgeon general from the field and general hospitals.

An Assassination Plot,

London, Dec. 1.-Dispatches from

Budapest, published here, say that a

plot to assassinate Prince Ferdinand of

Bulgaria has been discovered at Sofia.

We Would Do Well to Learn.

Points of Municipal Government Which

ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

We Americans are a fairly capable and adaptable race, says a writer in Lippincott's. Some few things we can teach the world; nay, we have done it already. But some other things we are not so good at. England could give us points on municipal government; our cities are scarcely so well managed as Manchester and Bir-mingham. England prepares her diplomatists by natural selection and systematic training; we trust the fitness of ours to luck. She has standards of public character and conduct in office; It is questionable whether we have any. She cultivates and defers to expert opinions on finance, political economy, and the like; we hold "professors and theorists" in some contempt, and consider one man's notion as good as aother's. When new dangers and duties confront us, our happy-go-lucky temper recalls the man in Dickens who "supposed" he could play the fiddle; he had never tried. Now, Britain can, as a rule, rely on

servants. It is not that Englishmen are naturally better or brighter than Americans; they and we are built on the same foundations; but they are trained for their work-they have to be. It is not so long since appointments with them came by patronage and "pulls," much as with us now, but they found it expedient to substitute a merit system. The system has had a good deal to do with England's prosperity and progress, with her recent strides toward widened empire.

with her present isolated greatness.

the quality needed in any of her public



The longer you sift the less you using a coal stove in summer, no matter how careful you are. A

will reduce your fuel bill, lessen your labor. You can do anything on a Vapor Stove that you can do on any other stove, and do it better. It makes no dirt, is always ready, and never over-heats the

STOVE CASOLINE

is the most economical fuel you can burn, because there is no waste to it. It is the cleanest fuel you can burn because there are no shes. Therefore no dust or dirt. If you want to know what real comfort is, get a Vapor Stove. If your dealer does not sell Vapor Stoves and Stove Gasoline, write to the Standard Oil Company, New York City.

PIANOS.

A good piano that has had slight use is better to buy than a cheaply made new one. We have rare bargains in little-used pianos that we warrant and recommend to economical buyers. We get in exchange reliable square pianos (good for beginners). We sell these for \$75 and upwards. We have good upright pianos of our own make that have been rented. Special prices on these. Easy payments. A small payment at time of purchase, balance monthly. Three years to complete payments if desired. Write us for prices, etc.

IVERS & POND PIANO CO.,

SHATTERED NERVES

that lead to innumerable complications not only of the brain, but of all the vital organs of the body, may be made strong and healthy in themselves, and sympathetic derangements of the entire system averted and cured by the use of

ANGIER'S ETROLEUM EMULSION With Hypophosphites.

The petroleum in this preparation aids digestion, strengthens the great life centers of the body, makes pure red blood, heals diseased tissue and creates new and firm flesh, while the hypophosphites of lime and soda with which it is combined strengthen and restore the nerves to their normal condition.

Sold by all druggists, 50c. and \$1.00. Angier Chemical Co., Allston District, Boston.

Which Half is the BetterHalf

realize. Cleaning alone is a constant tax on her strength, a never-ended task. More than half the work of cleaning she can have done for her, if she will, and the expense will be next to nothing.





NORWALK BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

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SUCCESSFUL OPERATION SINCE 1860.

NO OUTSTANDING CLAIMS.

FIRE INSURANCE

A Wise Man Keeps his Home Insured Against Fire.

THE BEST COMPANIES REPRESENTED W. H. BYINGTON.

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ADVERTISING THAT PAYS

The Successful Merchants in Nor walk all advertise in The GAZETTE because it keeps them in touch with the entire purchasing community.

New Direct Fast Line

-BETWEEN--

New York and the Mediterranean Regular Passenger Service

New York, Naples and Genoa.

--BETWEEN-

During Entire Year.

OUTWARDS

To Naples \$18

Genoa 18

P alermo 20

" Messina 20

PREPAIDS. From Naples \$17

Genoa 17

Messina 16

Palermo 10

TICKETS CAN BE OBTAINED AT THIS OFFICE.



· Truth above all things.'

Entered in the Post office as a Newspaper.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1898.

Norwalk is a great place in summer and it is also an ideal winter resort.

Gen. Wood says there has not been a murder in Santiago since he occupied it. Gen. Wood should move his headquarters into Fairfield county.

Bridgeport pugs ought not to have to acquire a vast amount of reputation in order to get into Mr. Corbett's class.

We are inclined to believe that it will be some time before Spain touches off another United States vessel.

The New London Day says that Weary Willie and Hungry Hank now have an opportunity to prove that they are not constitutionally opposed to labor. There is plenty of snow to shovel. Yet here in Norwalk they kick against working for \$1.50 per day.

If a red lemonade syndicate follows the peanut trust, what is to become of the great American circus.

r Surveying by photography is gaining ground. The next in order to use photography, will be the circulation

EVE'S RAMBLINGS.

COMMENT AND GOSSIP AMONG THE WOMEN, BY ONE OF THEM.

It may be a homely subject, but it is an all important one. If we are to take care of our complexions and figures we must ask ourselves the question, Do we take proper meals?

Many sensible people have often remarked that the reason men suffer less from nerves and continual colds is that they consider their meals one of the most important questions of every-day life (or, at least, they expect women to consider it for them).

Girls especially are particularly foolish in the matter of taking food, which nowadays, when they are working their brains as well as their bodies, should be the primary consideration.

Many men complain that their objection to working women is their loss of complexion and their acquirement of wrinkles, and in many cases this is most true. Let the working woman remember that regular work never hurts anyone; it is the irregularity of meals which does the mischief.

First, the hasty breakfast in the morning, swallowing down nearly boiling tea or coffee, and then hurrying out into the cold to catch a train. If this does nothing worse it will certainly lead to a red nose.

After a long morning's work exhausted nature is regaled upon lunch, in the shape of a bun or unwholesome cake, and the inevitable coffee or tea, the great attraction being that they can be got for a few cents. There is a general but very mistaken notion that anything heavy in the way of meat makes us unfit for work afterwards.

But such a diet as I have described is not satisfying, and an hour or two after it one begins to feel very tired, and only fit for drinking some strong tea as a kind of pick-me-up, and then by dinner time one eats far too heavy a meal to sleep well upon, or is too fatigued to eat at all, and consequently remains awake perhaps the greater part of the night.

This may go on for a year or two, but the inevitable results must followloss of color through anaemia, caused by want of proper nourishment, the falling away of the skin and the consequent wrinkles which all women who value their appearance thoroughly

It is this want of tone in the skin which is fatal to the complexion of those who have to live in town.

A Daughter of Eve.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver of Phila. Pa., was the subject, is narrated by him as follows "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters;' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three meeks, and am now a well man. weeks, and am now a well man. know they saved my life and robbec the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cts., guaranteed at John A. Riggs drug store, 11 Main street.

FEMININE CHAT.

Single women generally read the narriage notices with special interest, while the wedded ones, as a rule are more interested in the deaths.

A lecture on "The Funny Side of Love" is something new. We never thought that there was a funny side. It has always seemed so serious.

Marriage is evidently an enhancer of beauty, as testified in court by a woman, who says her husband gave her a pair of lovely black eyes.

Some persons spend more time in anwering advertisements promising high pay for little work than they would care to give up were they regularly employ-

If we were to see any other insects but bees walking over any of our edibles we would refuse to eat them-but honey-making seems a very cleanly United States authorities relative operation.

Many writers regard their profession as anything but a thankless one-every one of their manuscripts being always politely accompanied by thanks upon them by the 'nsurgent government as

Do not judge the quality of an umbrella by its handle. There are some plebeian cotton ones now boasting silver and enamel effects that should properly be allied with silk.

It is cynical but safe to assert that the woman most prone to lunching and dining with men other than their about never wearing their wedding

If ye have furs, prepare to wear

How quickly a conscience unravels after one stitch is dropped.

Friendship, if it is of the real sort, doubles our joys and divides our sor-

What small appetites some persons manifest when they are eating in carte and what enormous ones they have when a table d'hote is at their com-

Why is it that we feel that the telephone company must have a personal grudge against us when we can't get in communication with the person we wish to speak to.

And now every one who thinks there is the least bit of the poet about them, writes something that rhymes with

Much in this life is naught but hope, but without it we would perish utterly.

It is always those most indebted to us from whom we receive the least grati-

What is it about snow that makes it have such a rejuvenating effect on even the most prim and sedate?

How few women have the sense enough to keep their own worries to nue, water and sewer connection; barn and hennery. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. M8 tf

THE KIDNEY COMPLEXION

The pale, sallow, sunken cheeked, distressed-looking people you so often meet are afflicted with "Kidney Complexion.

Their kidneys are turning to a parsnip color. So is their complexion.

They may also have indigestion, or suffer from sleeplessness, rheumatism, neuralgia, brain trouble, nervous exhaustion and sometimes the heart

acts badly. The cause is weak, unhealthy kid-

Usually the sufferer from kidney disease does not find out what the trouble is until it is almost too late, because the first symptoms are so like mild sickness that they do not think they need a medicine or a doctor until they find themselves sick in bed.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root will build up and strengthen their weak and diseased kidneys, purify their diseased, kidney poisoned blood, clear their complexion and soon they will enjoy better

You can get the regular sizes at the drug store, at fifty cents and one dollar, or you may first prove for yourself the wonderful virtues of this great aiscovery, Swamp Root. by sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent to you absolutely free by mail. When writing kindly mention that you read this liberal offer in THE NORWALK GAZETTE.

The New Speaking Clocks.

In Switzerland they have begun making phonographic clocks and watches, which, it appears, leave any thing heretofore accomplished far in the shade. By merely pressing the button on the new timepiece it announces the hour distinctly. The alarms call to the sleeper: "It's 6 o'clock; get up." There are some which even add the words: "Now. don't go to sleep again." The form can be changed to suit the buyer and make the warning more or less emphatic. This application of the phonographic principle is due to a French watchmaker settled at Geneva. He introduces into clocks and watches little slabs of vulcanized rubber, on which the desired words are treced

Try Grain-0! Try Grain-0!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich send brown of Mocha on Love has the seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from the pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it with out distress. 1 the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all

LOAN TO PAY CUBAN ARMY.

Cuban Delegation Hope to Reach an Understanding at Washington.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 2.-General delegation selected by the convention of Santa Cruz del Sur, which reached here Wednesday night, was indisposed yesterday.

Senor Quesada, the representative of the Cuban junta, is at work on arrangements for audiences at which the president, Secretary Hay and other cabinet officers will be present. The first call will be upon Secretary Hay, but the time has not yet been set. The visit of the delegation has a

double purpose. First, it bears from the Santa Cruz del Sur convention resolutions thanking the American government for its interposition for the liberation of Cuba and for the proclamation made in the congressional war resolutions that it was not the intention of the United States to assume sovereigny over Cuba.

But the more important purpose of the delegation is to confer with the the general sination in Cuba, and to arrange if possible, some way by which the insurgent army can be paid and disbanded.

The insurgent forces are clamoring soon as the independence of the island

In the present anomalous situation with reference to the future of the island, it is impossible for the insurgent government to float a loan, but such a loan might be floated if the government were officially recognized by the American authorities. Thus far it has been the policy of the United States government to refuse recognition of the Cuban insurgent government both behusbands are superstitiously careful fore, during and since the Spanish-American war.

General Garcia and his associates, however, hope to reach an amicable understanding with the American authorities and to make some arrangement by which the United States will advance money or guarantee a loan for the payment of the Cuban soldiers.

THE MODERN MOTHER

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the luxative effect of a gentle remedy, than by any other. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

· Professional Card.

LADIES' NURSE. Apply 9 Warren Ol0 tf

TO RENT.

TO RENT—A large hall in the GA-ZETTE Building. Applyto Charles Olmstead, Masonic Building. N39 tf

FOR SALE.

OR SALE-House at Broad River 6 rooms and basement; new barn lot 75x200; chicken house and fruit. W. II. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. M8 tf

FOR SALE-House on Franklin ave

FOR SALE OR RENT-House on Camp street; 13 rooms, modern improvements; barn and large carriage house. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building.

HOR SALE-On Newtown avenue, fine house of 10 rooms; hot and cold water, furnace etc. Lot 95x400. Will be sold cheap if taken at once. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Build-

WANTED.

WANTED-Houses and Real Estate to sell. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. N30 tf

WANTED—Contractors to know that the Fidelity and Deposit Co., of Maryland, furnishes surety. W. H. Byington, agent, GAZETTE Build-

FOR SALE—Two building lots on Newtown avenue, 60x200. W. H. By-ington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building.

FOR SALE—One of the best building lots in the city; five minutes wak from Bridge. Water and gas on street. W. H. Byington. Insurance, GAZETTE Building.

FOR SALE-A house on Wilton avenue, 6 rooms. Will be sold cheap. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. N30 tf

FOR SALE—Three fine building lots on Wilton avenue. O. E. Wilson, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. N30 tf

HOYT'S THEATRE.

Three Nights Only, Commencing

THURSDAY, DEC. 1.

20th Year, 7,000,000 Patrons YOU ALL REMEMBER US. THE ...

BENNETT &

And Their Own Orchestra, presenting the following CHALLENGE REPERTOIRE

EVENINGS.Darkest Russia ...Our Boys at SantiagoBonnie Scotland

MATINEES. Friday. A Daughter of the Sounds Saturday. My Partner Daily Matinees Commencing Friday. Daughter of the South

EVENINGS-10, 20, and 30cts.

MATINEES-10 and 20cts. Seats now on sale at Plaisted s and Weeds Branch No. 5,

BROADWAY & 11TH ST.

NEW SILES.

One of the new plain weaves—a variety of Poult de Soie, with Laffetas finish-a very superior fabric for the price. We have about 10,000 yards, in 15 different new colorings, \$1.25 per yard.

Other plain weaves, Ben-galine de Soie, Gros Grain, Taffetas, Poult de Soie and Poplin, in complete assortments of Blue, Brown, Green, Red, Gray, Castor and Old

JAMES McCREERY & CO., Broadway & 11th St., N. Y.

ASKYOURHORSESHOER

It ABSOLUTELY prevents slipping, and insures perfect safety and comfort to horse and driver.
Shod with the "Neverslip," your horse's feet are always in good condition—kept so by not having to constantly remove the shoes for sharpening.

Steel-Centered and SELF-SHARPENING

and ROUND or SQUARE BASE, as preferred.

Catalogue on Application.

L. L. ENSWORTH & SON.

Blacksmiths' Supplies,

Piano Lessons.

Hartford . . .

The CALKS are REMOVABLE,

FOR THE

Those Contemplating Purchasing

wedding gifts

Will do well to examine our choice collection of

DESIRABLE

Silver and Cut Glass Pieces.

At Our Two Stores,

3 Main Street, Norwalk. 96 Washington Street, South Norwalk.

J. Spencer & Co

WE BECOME SOLE SURETY ON ALL BONDS.

If You Want a Bond

As Executor, Trustee, Administrator, Guardian, Receiver, Assignce or in Replevin, Attachment Cases, etc., As a Letter Carrier, As a Contractor, As a United States Official, As State, County, Town or City Official, As an Officer of a Fraternal Society As an employee of a Bank, Corporation or Mercantile establishment,

The Fidelity & Deposit Company OF MARYLAND, WILL FURNISH IT.

Don't Give or Accept Personal Surety.

WILLIAM H. BYINGTON, Agent, MR3. GEORGE W. BRADLEY, (daughter of the late Wm. R. Nash), gives efficient and satisfactory instructions on the Fiano at her home, 193 Main street.

Gazette Building, - Norwalk, Conn

New Store!

New Goods!



THE P. J. LYNCH CO.,

of New York and South Norwalk, Greater New York's Cheapest Wholesale and Retail Grocer will open a branch store at 19 Main Street, Norwalk, on SATURDAY; NOV. 19th; with the largest and most select stock of

Teas, Coffees, Flour, Butter and Staple Groceries

ever offered to the public of this city. Our large buying capacity enables us to give better values in our line than an other store in town Just'a few prices to start with:

Washburn, Crosby & company's Gold Medal Flour, \$4.25 per barrel; Jones' Flour, \$4.25 per barrel, 55c per bag.

Best sugar-cured Hams, small and lean, 9c. per pound.

Rest Sugar Cured Shoulders7c lb	New Pearl Tapioca4c lb	3 lb Stone Jar Preserves18c
The Lorse Muscatel Raising 25c	New Flake Tapioca4c lb	New Tomatoes6c can
Minos Most6c pkg	Magnelia Milk	3 lb Box Best Laundry Starch10c
New Lemon Peel9c lb	Fancy Boneless Bacon	Choice Evaporated Apples12c pkg
- or 1 Comments fig nkg	Song Crackers	12 DOACS I WITH MAUCHCS
- a a Defeine fic nkg	Lemon Snaps40 ID	necker's Duckwheat
- Ac can	Cornhill Cakes	3 10 pkg Buckwheat
- D 100 09n	Ginger Snans	10 108 I CHOW COLD MCGI
- Chamies 25c	5 lh Pail Jelly	10 105 Buck wheat
5 lbs Good Sweet Lard25c	3 lb Stone Jar Jelly	Danbury Beans or Green Peas5c qt

P. J. LYNCH CO.

19 Main Street, Norwalk,

L BAKING POWDER

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

LOCAL AND OTHER NEWS

-Turkeys 16c, 6 Water St.

The friends of George Welsh, one of the alleged New Canaan barn burners, are trying to get him to enlist in the army or navy.

These beautiful moonlight nights are all right for a straw ride.

Next Monday will be pension day.

The funeral of Councilman John Cotter was held yesterday afternoon, from his late home. Mayor Glover and the board of Councilmen attended. Rev. S. B. Pond officiated.

Eben Eaton is soliciting photographs of members of our Brothers Lodge, which are to adorn a large frame in the lodge room.

-Ducks 12½c, 6 Water St.

The crosswalks in South Norwalk have been cleared of snow, but in this city many are still buried beneath

Expressman Knapp's horse became frightened at the big snow sweeper, yesterday afternoon, and jumped over a snowbank on Railroad place. He was unhitched and brought back into the road by the trolley employees. No damage resulted.

The Street Railway company has cleared its tracks of snow, and the Tramway Co. cars have resumed their trips to Westport.

The road between Norwalk and New Canaan is as yet impassable.

-Chickens 12½c, 6 Water St.

Truckman Finch had several teams out yesterday breaking the huge piles of snow on East avenue.

The Street Railway company's big snow sweeper went to South Norwalk yesterday afternoon and cleaned the up track on Railroad place.

The freight trains are again running on the Consolidated.

"My Partner" will be presented at the matinee performance in Hoyt's Theatre to-morrow afternoon.

Mrs. George R. Van Alstyne, of High street, South Norwalk, is convalescent of her recent illness.

The Dewey Social club will hold its fourth dance of the season, this evening, in Raymond's hall, South Nor-

-Fresh hams 10c, 6 Water St.

The Knights of Columbus will hold their annual meeting on Monday evening, December 12.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Salvator Chariot, of South Norwalk.

Miss Edna Sweet, of Jersey City, is a guest of Miss Bessie Sims, of High

William Keyser was haled before the town court this morning on the charge of intoxication. He was fined \$3 and execution of sentence sus ended.

A committee of five from a church in Brooklyn that has a desire to engage Rev. A. S. Kavanagh as pastor, visited the Methodist church, South Norwalk, last evening, and heard the reverend gentleman deliver the sermon announced for last Sunday morning.

-Fresh pork 12 lbs. \$1, 6 Water St.

Miss Amy Wood, of West avenue, is substituting for Miss Angeline Scott at the South Norwalk library to-day.

Ex-Representative Wortman of Bethel, who failed to secure a re-election, is reported to have an eye to the position of inspector of factories.

Miss Elizabeth Fennell, of Danbury, is visiting friends in South Norwalk.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Parks, of Norwalk, have returned home from a visit in Waterbury.

John P. Brummer, of Washington street, is entertaining Edward Crane, of Bayonne, N. J.

If you want a sled, the Boston Store has the largest and best consignment ever seen in town.

What Do the Children Drink? Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called Grain-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about 1 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

John F. Flynn, the plumber, has

Thermometers registered 30 degrees above zero at 7 o'clock this morning.

moved from South Norwalk to Bridge-

New furniture is being placed in the Progressive club rooms. The next

meeting will be held Monday evening.

Regular meetings of the Twin City councils will be held Monday evening.

The early newspaper train from New York is to be discontinued, and newsdealers are not mightily pleased thereat. The papers will arrive at South Norwalk at 6:30 a.m.

The Street Railway signals at South Norwalk are again in working order.

Mrs. Stephen H. Smith and daughter are in New York to-day.

-Fresh shoulders 8c, 6 Water St.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will hold its weekly meeting with Mrs. Bixby, 23 Union street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Gehurdus Worden is seriously ill at his home on Orchard street.

The funeral of Mrs. Susan Tuttle will be held from her late home at Cranbury, this afternoon.

The big power corn-husker and stalk cutter resumed work at the Sheedy farm in Winnipauk this morning.

The prayer meeting at the First Methodist church, last evening, was very largely attended, the Sunday school room being filled to its capacity. Rev. A. S. Kavanagh led the meeting.

The Monday Afternoon Whist club will hold their next meeting, with Mrs. R. G. Wilson, Westavenue, next week

-Leg lamb 12½c, 6 Water St.

All signs point to a good Christmas

Now is the time when the wise merchant sends in his advertisement for the Christmas trade.

Horace E. Burr, of the Prowitt corps of painters, is on the sick list, the result of a cold contracted on the new hospital building.

Officer Morehouse found the front door of Bates' grocery on Main street unlocked after closing up time, last night. The officer made a search of the store, but found no robbers about.

The roof of the Hoyt building on Main street, is receiving a new coat of tarred paper.

Judge Asa B. Woodward is visiting his daughter at the Park Avenue hotel, New York.

A fine program of music and recitations was rendered at the meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Royal Arcanum in South Norwalk last evening. Sherman Council members were present and a delightful evening ensued.

-Prime rib roast 12½c, 6 Water St.

The ladies' auxiliary of the Germania Sængerbund will meet to-night.

John W. Buttery has purchased the Stebbins place at Winnipauk.

Edward Crayne of Bayonne, N. J., is visiting friends in town.

Bethany Chapter, of Trinity church, held its regular monthly business meeting, last evening.

The prayer meeting at the South Norwalk Congregational church, last evening, was well attended. The subject was "The Value of the Christian

Howard Bloomer, who has been home on a furlough, left to-day for Poughkeepsie, where he will attend a reception at Vassar, in the evening, as the guest of his sister Miss Mary Bloomer and will then rejoin his company at Camp Marion.

Selectman Frank H. Merrill has awarded the contract for his new icehouse to Charles B. Fitch, of Noroton, who will commence work at once. The ice-house will be a double affair, 60x60 feet, two stories in height, and is to be located on the New Canaan road, at Broad River. It will be equipped with the latest improved machinery.

A surprise party was tendered to Frederick Scofield, Jr., Wednesday night, at his home in Meadow street. A large number of his friends were present, and the occasion was a most thoroughly enjoyable one. Music for dancing was furnished by Edward Johnson, Godfrey Utzinger and Fred Scoffeld, and there were games and a fine array of refreshments.

Henry S. Grumman is reported as getting along nicely with his broken

Frank Cousins is reported as being somewhat improved to-day.

The child's toboggan at the Bostod Store, is a source of much satisfaction to the youngsters who are treated to a

George W. Cable is moving from Broad River to Chestnut street, to-day.

The Women's Relief Corps of Buckingham Post, G. A. R. met yesterday

The snow on the west side of the Street Railway tracks on West avenue is being "broken" by a gang of men and heavy trucks.

The annual conclave of Clinton Commandery will take place this evening.

Live Merchan's keep their names eture the Public. An Advertisement THE GAZETTE WILL TO TORT

There will be a basket ball game in Music hall, Tuesday evening, between Stamford and South Norwalk players.

Corporation Counsel John F. Cuff, of Danbury, is seriously ill in the New Haven hospital from stomach trouble.

There will be a meeting of the members of the disbanded Young Women's Club, at the residence of Mrs. Robert Holmes, 4 Maple street, to-night at 8 o'clock. All young ladies interested in the formation of such a club are cordially invited to be present.

The Trinity church club met at the house of S. C. Palmer on Elmwood avenue, last evening. The subject under discussion was "The United States-Its territorial expansion and history from the original thirteen states. The meet ing was a very interesting as well as instructive one.

Large Amount for Special War Tax.

New York, Dec. 2.-The first money to be paid to the government by the express companies has begun to come into Collector of Internal Revenue Treat's office. This is in payment for taxes on express receipts issued for money to be carried in packages, the express companies having neglected at first to have such receipts stamped because money packages were not distinctly mentioned in the law.

During the period from July 1 to August 25, inclusive, the stamps were not affixed and then the commissioner of internal revenue ruled that express packages of money were taxable as The express companies have to pay

the tax on all packages carried during that time.

The American Tobacco Company and a number of brokerage houses having branches also paid their taxes.

The result was that Wednesday's receipts were the largest on record, being \$98,737.68.

A Pennsylvania Mine Deal.

Scranton, Dec. 2.-The Mount Pleasant mine in this city has been sold by the William T. Smith estate to a company headed by Edward L. Fuller. Mr. Fuller is the only member of the co poration who lives in Scranton; the others are New York capitalists.

The Mount Pleasant tract covers two hundred and thirty acres, running from the Lackawanna river to Keyser Val-

The mine contains an immense supply of coal of first class quality, and two veins that have never been touched with a drill. Six hundred hands are employed and 1,000 tons of coal are prepared each day.

When Mark Twain Felt Embarrassed.

When Mark Twain was first introduced to Gen. Grant the latter shook hands in a perfunctory manner and immediately relapsed into his customary attitude of reticence. There was an awkward pause; it grew longer and longer as the humorist tried to think of something bright to say. Finally, as if in sheer desperation. Twain looked up with an assumed air of great timidity and said: "Mr. President, I-I feel a little bit embarrased. Do you?" The President could not help smiling, and Mark took advantage of the chance the incident presented to give place to others.

Ten years later, when statesman and humorist met again, Gen. Grant, with a twinkle in his eye, said, before Twain had the chance to utter a word: "Mr. Clemens, I don't feel at all embarrased. Do you?"-Ladies' Home Journal.

Sheriff Foiled a Mob.

Parkersburg, Dec. 2.-Masked men. four hundred strong, marched to the jail at midnight intending to lynch Wade Grant and George Malat, negroes, accused of assaulting white wo-

Sheriff Wade and his guard, armed with Winchesters, protected the prisoners.

A few shofs were fired, but no one was hurt, and at 1.30 a. m. the mob

Five Hours to Washington via Royal Blue Line.

Three new trains daily from New York, make the quickest time between here, Philadelphia, Baitimore and Washington, reaching the latter city in 5 hours. They depart from Central R. R. of New Jersey station boat of Liberty street at 11:30 a. m. 1:00 p. m. and 3:00 p. m. South Ferry boat of Whitehall street, 5 minutes earlier. The latter train is known as the "Royal The latter train is known as the "Royal Blue Limited," composed entirely of parlor and dining cars that were built especially for this service by the Pullman Palace Car Company, and are conceded to be the finest specimens of the car builder's art turned out in modern times. A general change of time on the Royal Blue Line occurred November 20th, involving other fast trains through to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

A Rare Relic for the Professor.

A certain professor in the Chicago University is an enthusiastic antiquarian. He loves to communicate his tastes in this direction to others, and always encourages the members of his history class to collect curios of historic interest.

During the spring quarter one of the seniors in the class stood in imminent danger of "flunking." Heroic measures were necessary in order to pass, but he was equal to the oc-

One day, after class, he approached the professor with a curious fabric made of woven rings in his hand.

"Professor," he said, "I have here a valuable relic of the Indian wars. It is a piece of chain armor worn by General Dearborn in the memorable siege of Fort Dearborn. It was used by the general to protect himself against the arrows of his Indian foes. My grandfather dug it up years ago on the site of the old fort. I wish you would accept it as a present and place It in the museum."

The professor was overcome with delight, and placed the curio in the college museum, and saw that the donor got a good mark in his final examination.

Later the professor learned that the 'chain armor' was in reality nothing more than that useful domestic utensil, an iron dishrag.-Chicago Chron-

Royal Blue Line's Five Hour Trains.

To Washington in 5 hours from New York is the time made by the Royal Blue Line trains leaving stations of Central R. R. of New Jersey, foot of Liberty street, at 11:30 a. m., 1:00 p m. and 3:00 p. m.; South Ferry, foot of Whitehall street, 5 minutes earlier, daily. The latter train, known as the "Royal Blue Limited," has a counterpart that leaves Washington at the same hour, reaching New York at 8:00 p. m. Both these trains were built especially for this service by the Pull-man Palace Car company, and are conceded to be the finest specimen of car construction of the present age. The "Limited" is made up entirely of par-lor and dining cars. In addition to above a general change of time in the Royal Blue Line service took place on November 20th.

For a Detroit Exposition.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 2.-Mayor Maybury and the representative citizens and leading business men are laying plans for the celebration in 1901 of the 200th anniversary of the founding of Detroit by Pere Marquette.

It seems the general opinion, after much discussion, that the best method of celebrating will be the holding of an exposition, representative of the prog-ress of the Middle West.

Plans are being discussed for the raising of funds necessary, and all are pledged to work for the success of the

Two Costly Steamships. San Francisco, Dec. 2.-C. P. Hunt-

ington, it is stated here, will build two

fine steamships of eleven thousand tons each for the China trade. Each will cost in the neighborhood of \$2,000,000. Central American Union Ends. Washington, D. C., Dec. 2.—Minister Marry has reported to the state de-

partment that the government of Costa Rica has received official notice of the dissolution of the United States of

Central America. Chicago Gets the Convention, Chicago, Dec. 2.—The conference committee, having in charge the location of the next quadrennial Methodist convention, yesterday decided upon this city as the place.

A Sensible Man

Would use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. It is a curing more of Coughs, Colds. Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup and all Throat and Lung Troubles, than any other medicine. The proprietor has authorized any druggist to give you a Sample Bottle Free to convince you of the merit of this great remedy. Price 25c. and 50c.

W. H. HAYWARD & CO. Pension Attorneys and Solicitors 709 East Capitol Street. WASHINGTON, D. C

All classes of claims prosecuted before the Interior Department Rejected pension claims a specialty Correspondence solicited



AND IT'S THE

othed, from Hats to Shoes, so

In One Direction

Our energies are bentthe endeavor to provide for every want of

THE LITTLE FOLKS

And we succeed.

Long Years of Experience—The Proper Knowledge of What's Needed —And the Ability to Supply It, Have Made American Mothers Regard It as

THE IDEAL STORE



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SPECIAL DEMONSTRATION

NO. 3, GAZETTE BUILDING.

Vici Leather Dressing!

A dressing especially for "Vici all kinds of leather. This dressing of cracking the shoe, as all inferior life of the leather and help the manufacturer, is a "leather" man, and knows how to treat leather. of our maids dress your shoes; or that have become rough and unsigntly—we will dress them for you free of charge. At the same time examine our Vici Kid shoes. All the newest shapes at \$3.00.

DOLL'S DAY ON WEDNESDAY

when every little girl, who, accompanied by a parent, brings her doll to the store, will be given a pair of slippers for the doll's feet. No matter how big the doll or how little, we have a pair of slippers ready for its feet.

An Immense Line of Rubbers, Overshoes and Boots.

OLSEN BROS.

THE WHITE SHOE STORE, NORWALK, CONN.

THE GAZETTE covers the cream of the trade in this section. An advertisement in its columns will pay.

FOR SALE!

A STEAM RADI-ATOR in good condition. Just the thing for a hall or large room. Will be sold cheap. Apply at this office.

Desirable Property.

Belden Hill, Wilton, consisting of about 39 acres of land, large dwelling house, barn, carriage house, grainery, smoke house, hennery, etc., will be sold cheap if applied for at once. Is excellently located and would make a fine health resort. Address.

MRS. F. BRADY, or R. H. FITCH, Wilton, Conn.

PAINS

There are different kinds of panes, but the panes we mean are window panes and we have that kind. Then we have putty to hold them in. Hope you don't feel pained after we have taken the pains to tell you about our panes.

We have also prepared paints lead and oil.

H. H. WILLIAMS. 17 MAIN STREET, NORWALK, CONN.

Newstore

Main Street. Opposite the N. Y. Grocery Store. Elegant assortment of trimmed Hats Bonnets, Walking Hats, Turbans, Sail-

All are cordially invited to call. Ladies own Material made and trimmed by first class New York milliners. MRS. W. FAWCETT, AGT.

HERE'S YOUR CHANCE.

A fine building lot on Wilton ave nue. If you intend to build, look at this before purchasing.

Water, gas and sewer on the avenue. Will be sold at a Bargain.

W. H. BYINGTON, Real Estate and Insurance Ruom I. CazetteB'l'd.

SUITINGS

FALL AND WINTER

TROUSERS \$5.50 UP.

Old Suits made to look as good as Repairing, Altering, Cleaning and

Pressing a Specialty. Fit and Workmanship guaranteed.

FRANK COCA. 49 Main Street, - - Norwalk.

COAL, WOOD, BRICK BUILDING MATERIAL, -:- FARMING UTENSILS, ETC.

MEEKER COAL COMPARY Smith Street, Norwalk.

QUAY TO STAND TRIAL

All Motions Against the Several Indictments Dismissed.

CASE TO BE CALLED DEC. 12

Judge Finletter at First Refuses Counsel's Request for More Time, but Reconsiders His Decision, The Defendants Were Not in Court.

Philadelphia Pa., Dec. 2.-Judge Finletter in the court of quarter sessions yesterday overruled all the motions of objection entered by defendants' counsel to the five indictments found by the grand jury against United States Senator M. S. Quay, his son, Richard R. Quay, and ex-State Treasurer Benjamin J. Haywood.

The defendants were not in court, but Rufus E. Shapley, their senior counsel, on announcement of the decision of the judge, moved the court to instruct the clerk to enter pleas of not guilty.

This being done, District Attorney Graham stated that the commonwealth was ready to proceed to trial at once and asked the court to fix an early date for the trial.

Mr. Shapley stated that the books and accounts presented at the magistrates' hearing were voluminous. These matters of evidence, he and his col-leagues had not had an opportunity to examine. They desired to have an expert go over these accounts carefully before they would be ready to combat the allegations of the commonwealth. and he asked that a date not earlier than December 12 be fixed.

He said, furthermore, that his colleague, A. S. L. Shields, had an important case in the United States court on Monday next which would probably occupy his time several days. He would, therefore, be obliged to conduct his trial alone should the date be fixed for next week.

Judge Finletter in reply to Mr. Shaple,y stated that he would treat this case as that of any other ordinary criminal proceeding on the docket, and he could not therefore grant the time asked for by defendants' coun-

He had intended fixing Monday next as the date for the trial, but in deference to Mr. Shields's personal engagement on that day he fould appoint the following day, Tuesday, December 6, for the opening of the trial. He stated that he considered that ample time for the counsel to prepare their

Four of the five bills of indictment found by the grand jury charged the defendants with conspiracy to misuse the funds of the state on deposit in the People's Bank for their own benefit and profit, and the fifth indictment charged Benjamin J. Haywood with illegally loaning one hundred thousand dollars of the state funds over which he had control.

Demurrers were entered by counsein last week to the first four indictments. but Judge Finletter declared these demurrers not sustained.

A motion to quasa the fifth indictment was also overruled by Judge

Judge Finl tter later in the day reconsidered his decision and fixed Monday, December 12, as the day for the

The Gould Blackmail Case.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 2.—The defence opened its case yesterday in the trial the instructions of our forefathers. Margaret E. Cody for an alleged attempt to blackmail George J. Gould and Helen Gould.

Mrs. Cody was placed on the stand and testified that the effort to prove that marriage had taken place between Mrs. Sara Ann Brown Angel and Jay Gould in 1853, was not the result of a conspiracy on her part.

She said that she had first learned of it in the Rocky Mountain News of Denver, Coloredo, where she resided in 1894. She was employed as a detective by Mrs. Pierce, who was the supposed daughter born of the mar-

She also testified that the letters written to George J. Gould and Heien M. Gould in 1896, on which the indictment was based, were not written for blackmailing purposes.

The Maria Teresa Inquiry

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 2.-Captain Chittenden, chief of the wrecking force; John Johnson, expert; Captain Davis and John Lindenblock, engineer, all employes of the Merritt Chapman Wrecking Company, testified yesterday before the court of inquiry into the loss of the Infanta Maria Teresa as to how the cruiser was abandoned.

The investigation is dragging along slowly, and the findings of the court may not be announced for several

Naval Constructor Hobson, Lieutenant Commander Harris and Lieutenant Blow have not yet testified.

It is reported that the Merritt Chapman Wrecking Company has closed a contract with the government to raise the Spanish vessel Reina Mercedes, sunk at Santiago, and that an expedi-tion will soon sail for that point.

Increasing Money Supply.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 2.—The monthly statement of the comptroller of the currency shows the total circulation of national bank notes on November 30, 1898, to have been \$242,702,-028, an increase for the year of \$13,152.-331, and for the month of \$3,155,757.

The circulation based on United States bonds was \$213,928,343, an increase for the year of \$12,192,971, and for the month of \$3,883,087.

The circulation secured by lawful money was \$28,773,495, an increase for the year of \$959,360, and a decrease for the month of \$727,320.

Cubans Starving by Hundreds.

Havana, Dec. 2.-Hundreds of persons are dying of starvation in Havana province, and in the towns of Casilda, San Antonio, Rio Blanco, Jibacoa and Guanabacoa the situation is pitiful beyond description.

Food from the supply vessel Bratten

has been delivered at Bariano, Matanzas and other places, but the supply is not adequate by far. More supply ships are urgently needed.

SEVENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY.

The Monroe Doctrine Celebrates Its Third Quarter of a Century.

Washington D. C., Dec. 2.-It was on December 2, 1823, that President Monroe, after long and heated cabinet debates, in which the immortal John Quincy Adams, the secretary of state, took no small part, sent to Congress the famous message which promulgated what has since that day been known as "The Monroe Doctrine."

It was in 1822 that the president recognized the independence of Mexico, and also the provinces in South America, formerly under the dominion of Spain, and to emphasize this action. in his message of December 2, 1823, he promulgated the policy that the people of the United States should not suffer themselves to be entangled in the broils among European nations, nor permit the powers of the old world to interfere with the affairs of domestic economy of the countries of the new



JAMES MONROE.

He declared that "any attempt on the part of the European powers to extend their system to any porion of this remisphere would be regarded as dangerous to our peace and safety, and would accordingly be opposed." This utterance has always been accepted by the American people as an unwritten but vital law for their guidance.

"It is not alone a written statute nor a section of the international code that governs or conrols the destinies of a great nation," says Lawyer Frederic R. Coudert. "The Monroe doctrine has not been incorporated in the code, but there is an unwritten law, the first article of which provided that self defence is always legitimate, either for the individual or the nation. The American people have been educated by practice and principle to believe that when they were started as a nation there were two cardinal principles which they must observe and support if they proposed to govern themselves as George Washington and the founder of the republic intended that they should.

"The first of these cardinal principles was that we should not interfere in the internal and interminable broils among European nations concerning their domestic affairs, or international quarrels. This principle has been stricty adhered to, despite the many provocations for a different course of procedure. The second principle laid down by the founders of our republic was that no European nation should be permitted to compromise our national tranquility by seizing territory or increasing its territorial possessions in the new world. The Monroe doctrnc, as enumerated by the flifth president of our republic is a simple assertion of



JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

"The fact is that though the Monroe doctrine is an unwritten law, being uncodified, it has become part and parcel of our foreign policy, and during the seventy-five years since it was uttered the American people have grown accustomed to consider it as sacred as the national constitution. It may, therefore, be considered a traditional policy which we, as a nation, are bound to support and defend.

Appeal from Alaska.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 2.-The annual report of Governor Brady of Alaska, briefly summarized in Secretary Bliss's report, makes a strong plea for congressional action in Alaske's needs at the coming session, and begs Congress to treat Alaskans as American citizens, and not to classify them with Kanakas, Filipinos and Cubans, It points out that Alaska is thirteen

times larger than Cuba.

Governor Brady declares that "it would seem as impossible to prevent smuggling of liquor into Alaska as it would be to prevent the clouds from rolling by or the tide from ebbing or

Forced to Resign.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 2.—James B. Keenholtz of Albany, J. H. Mongan of Seneca, W. C. Hackett of Utica and John M. Hinkle of Elmira, employes in the insurance department, resigned yesterday at the request of Superintendent Payn.

All are Republicans and were classed among the most ardent champions of Colonel Roosevelt prior to and during the Saratoga convention.

Reforms in Spain Favored.

London, Dec. 2.—A special dispatch from Madrid says that a delegation from the Spanish Chambers of Commerce has had an audience with the queen regent and presented to her majesty a petition in favor of reforms.

THE CANAL SCANDALS NO PEACE TREATY YET

Prosecutions Likely to Be Delayed For Some Time.

SUSPENSION FOR ALDRIDGE

No Programme Yet Settled. Attorney-General Hancock Not Anxious to Conduct Proceedings. Work May be Left for the Newly Elected Attorney-General.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 2.-Now that Governor Black has made public ex-Judge Countryman's findings upon the canal investigation commission's report, popular interest centers in the developments likely to grow out of the governor's action in ordering prosecu-

It may be stated for a certainty that no haste will be displayed in starting the prosecution of Superintendent of Public Works Aldridge or of State Engineer and Surveyor Adams.

The matter will be considered with deliberation by the state's legal representetives, and for the present no conclusion will be reached as to what course shall be adopted.

The preliminaries incident to the preparation of the criminal prosecution will be intrusted probably to Judge

Neither Judge Countryman nor Attorney General Hancock will give any intimation as to the programme to be adopted by them in relation to prosecuting all involved in the can'l scan-

It is known, however, that Judge Countryman is unable to devote much time to its consideration at present. Furthermore, Attorney General Hancock is not desirous, it is believed, of setting the prosecution in motion, in view of the fact that his term of office expires on January 1 next.

The case will involve much work and will require careful treatment. As it is understood that General Hancock is averse to handling the prosecution unless he can carry it through during his administration, the outlook is that the matter will not be laid before the Albany county grand jury until next month.

John M. Davies of Oneida county, who at present is one of the state's deputy attorney generals, will become attorney general on the first of next year. He is a Republican, and one of the stalwart sort. As affairs are shaping themselves, it appears probable that it will devolve upon Mr. Davies to begin the legal proceedings asked for by Governor Black as a result of Judge Countryman's findings.

State Engineer and Surveyor Adams scoffs at the idea of being impeached. He says that he does not apprehend any personal discomfort following a legal inquiry into conduct by his department of the canal improvement work, and he believes that whatever happens he and his office subordinates will be vindicated.

State Superintendent Aldridge late yesterday afternoon sent a letter to Governor Black requesting that he be suspended from his office pending an investigation.

The governor will comply with Mr. Aldridge's request.

In fact he informed Mr. Aldridge that if he did not voluntarily ask to be suspended the governor would suspend him summarily. Here is the letter:

Albany, Dec. 1.

Hon. Frank S. Black, Executive Chamber. Albany, N. Y .: My Dear Sir: As a result of allega-

tions of mismanagement and dishonesty in connection with the improvement of the canals under the so-called \$9,-000,000 improvement act last January 1, I asked that a full and complete investigation should be held.

In compliance with this suggestion the commission was appointed by you, which rendered its report August 4 The conclusions and statements contained in said report so far as they relate to this department and to my own official acts are not warranted by the facts, in a statement which I pre-pared immediately after the report was given to the public, but which was not given out until the heat of the recent political campaign was at its height, thus rendering it impossible that it should be received by the public in an unbiased manner.

I sought to meet the strictures placed

upon my acts. I did not appear by counsel before the commission, and was not heard there except upon such matter as the commission saw fit to ask me about. The inquiry up to the present time has been purely ex-parte in its character. I have from the beginning courted the freest and fullest investigation, and to this end I placed at the disposal of the commission every facility within my power, being conscious of neither dereliction of duty or dishonesty in connection with the management of the canal improvement work. I still court the freest inquiry at the hands of such body as will accept all evidence, whether for or against, and weigh it fairly

I believe that the public will suspend its final judgment as to my acts in connection with this most important matter until such time as an open and judicial determination may be had, and

that is all I ask.

However, in view of the fact that the special counsel, appointed by you to examine the testimony and report to the commission for the purpose of as-certaining if they contained basis for judicial proceedings without going beyond the testimony taken by the commission, has reported that the conclusions of that body are warranted by the testimony and that I am technically guilty of violations of the law, in justice to myself and to the public, which I have endeavored to serve honestly, I ask that I be relieved from the performance of the duties of my office until such time as my responsibility for alleged wrongdoing may be judicially determined.

Very truly yours, GEORGE W. ALDRIDGE, Superintendent of Public Works. Aldridge's term of office expires January 1. State Engineer Adams says he will not resign under fire, and both he and Mr. Aldridge declare that they welcome a legal inquiry into their officia! acts.

Meeting of the Commissions Held to Discuss Terms.

PROGRESS OF THE WORK

Adjournment Until To-day After Discus sing the Articles of Cession. Subjects Requiring Acjustment. Former Treaties | able trimming. to be Renewed.

Paris, Dec. 1.-The United States peace commissioners had a session at ten o'clock yesterday for the purpose of discussing the draft of the treaty articles made by Secretaries Moore and Ojeda.

The final preparation of those artieles was concluded at 1.30 p. m., and the revised draft was then turned over to the typewriters, while the commissioners hastily took luncheon during the half hour intervening between the beginning of the typewriters' work and the hour fixed for the joint session. The typewriting, however, was not finished at two o'clock.

The Spaniards arrived first at the conference chamber.

They were quickly followed by the American commissioners, with the exception if Judge Day and Secretary Moore, who waited for the prepared copy of the articles, and who arrived at the conference half an hour later.

The two commissions then began the discussion of the formulated protocol agreements and the subjects for negotiation, all of which were presented to the joint commission in a form acceptable to the Americans.

The commissioners at the joint session devoted two hours and a half to the drafting of the three first articles of the treaty, dealing with the cession of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines, upon which the commissioners agreed in principle.

A general discussion on the other articles followed, but no decision was reached, and at 4.30 p. m. the session was adjourned until to-day.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 1.-Contrary to the expectation of many persons, a peace treaty was signed in Paris yesterday.

The commissioners are now proceeding with negotiations with a rapidity that is satisfactory to all concerned. but it is a physical impossibility for all of the subjects requiring adjustment to be closed up immediately.

Respecting the various matters that were covered by treaties by Spain which have been unsettled by the denunciation of those treaties at the beginning of the war, it is the present purpose to adopt the simple expedient of providing for the renewal of those treaties in general articles.

Nothing will be said, perhaps, in the treaty itself as to the institution of negotiations for new conventions. but at a convenient time such negotiations will be had, though it is not desired that the conclusion of the peace treaty be retarded by embarking at this time upon discussion of these complex and delicate questions.

Sampson Scores Shafter.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 1 .- Secretary Long yesterday made public a report from Admiral Sampson, in which the contentions between the admiral and General Shafter at Santiago are more fully set forth than they have previously been.

The admiral begins by attacking that part of Shafter's report in which he said that General Duffield, at the Aguadores rifle pits, was only able to hold his own against the Spaniards.

The admiral contends that there were only a handful of Spanish soldiers there and that his ships shelled the rifle pits several hours, driving the soldiers

This fact, he says, was signalled to General Duffield, who, in spite of it, replied that strong Spanish reinforcements had arrived.

The admiral declares that the hombardment of Santiago on July 2 served no particular end, because Shafter's attack had been postponed.

The admiral denounces as false the suggestion that the navy was unwilling to co-operate in forcing an ent rance to Santiago. He says:

"I have been surprised to see published in the papers any statement of refusal on my part to endeavor to force my way into the harbor, and I cannot understand-in case the newspaper report be a truthful statement of what was sent by him-General Shafter's serding any report of this kind.

Continuing, the admiral said the navy "had been placed in such an invidious and false position before the country through the very unwise publication of General Shafter's telegrams" that he thought the matter should in some way be made clear to the public.

Carlists Very Active.

Madrid, Dec. 1 .- The cabinet has considered the attitude of the Carlists, the repatriation of the Spaniards in the Philippines, and decided to continue the suspension of constitutional rights.

The minister of the interior, Senor Capdepon, in an interview, is quoted as saying that the Carlists have no chance of success. He adds:

"We are closely watching their proceedings in the Basque provinces, and in Catalonia and Aragon, and we are ready to repress the first sign of insurrection.

"Don Carlos only has a chance in the mountains of Catalonia, where the people suffered less during the last Carlist war. The Carlists are working desperately to win the support of some of our generals, but these attempts have failed. Not a single general has listened to their proposals.

South Carolinians Indicted. Columbia, S. C., Dec. 1.-In the Uni-

ted States district court yesterday, upon indictments handed out by District Attorney Lathrop, the grand jury returned true bills against nine well known citizens of McCormick, S. C., upon the charge of conspiracy, the offense being the driving away from that town at the time of the recent Phoenix trouble of J. W. Tolbert, the husband and the assistant of the postmistress.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Edward P. Weed, 38 Wall street, W. C. Baur, 55 Wall street, Druggists, Norwalk.

The cat o' nine tails must sink into insignificance before the animals of hundreds of tails that surely exist somewhere, judging by the lavish use of the caudal appendage as a fashion-

HOW TO CURE A COLD.

Simply take Otto's Cure. We know of its astonishing cures and that it will stop a cough quicker than any known remedy. If you have Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption or any disease of the throat or lungs, a few doses of this remedy will surprise you. If you wish to try, call at our store, and we will be pleased to furnish you a sample bottle free of cost. Large bottles 50c and 25c. Edward P. Weed, Norwalk; Mrs. Scott Williamson, Darien.

Some women in trying to be up to date leap so far beyond it that it is hard to realize whether they are advanced or slow. -

When a woman declares that she wouldn't marry the best man living, you can rest assured that her wedding cards will be out as soon as she can get a man to propose.

A woman may not have a single domestic virtue, but if a man comes in and discovers her sewing he at once jumps to the conclusion that she is a veritable household goddess.

A woman would never think of sing ing in a street car, but men apparently have no hesitation in giving vent to their feelings in merry whistling in such a public place.

************* Renne's Pain-Magic Oil, the most wonderful medicine to-day, positively curing Coids, Sore Throat, Rheumatism and all pain. Wholly free from oily taste, pleasent to use either as an internal or external remedy. Get a trial bottle and satisfy yourself of the great curative powers of



For Sick Headache, Biliousness and that miserable feeling, use

Dr. Herrick's Liver Pills the old reliable and sure cure. Z-----

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SOUTH NORWALK POLICE DE-PARTMENT.

Chief, William Vollmer; Captain, George W. Gladstone. Headquarters, Haviland street. NORWALK FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Chief Engineer, J. T. Prowitt; First Assistant Engineer, Fred. W. Smith; Second Assistant Engineer, Thomas S. Murray; Fire Inspector, George H. Al-

SOUTH NORWALK FIRE DEPART-MENT.

Chief Engineer, Edward V. Baker; First Assistant, D. W. Harford; Sec-ond Assistant, George W. Bogardus; Secretary Department, Andrew J.

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Hitchcock, Dexter. 16 W. ave., N. Hitchcock, Walter, 68 Wall, N. Huntington, S. H., 129 Main, N. Kennedy, John T., 18 S. Main, S. N. McGonegal, G. R., 59 West ave., N. Pardee, E. V. D., 35 N. Main, S. N. Peck. Eli J., 66 Gregory P. R., E. N. Phinney, L. N., 26 W. ave., N. Schavoir, Fredk., 9 Wash'n, S. N. Sherer, Henry C , 10 Wash'n, S. N. Smith, Edwin E., "Kensett," N. Tito, V. G., 2 Burbank, S. N. Tracey, William J., 23 W. ave., N.

CHURCHES. First Baptist-Pastor, Rev. Frank H.

Robbins, 71 East ave., N. First Baptist-Pastor, Rev. F. V. Atkincon, Main street, Rowaytor.
South Norwalk Baptist—Pastor, Rev.
Richard O. Sherwood, 7 West ave. S. N.
First Congregational—Pastor, Rev.
Thomas K. Noble, corner Park and

Lewis streets, N.
Congregational—Pastor, Bev. Gerald
H. Beard, West street, unotion North
Main and West aveny

Swedish Bethlehem Cong.-Pastor, dev. Otto Swenson, Riverside avenue, German Evangelical St. Peter's Pastor, Rev. Mr. Kohler, North Main E. N. street, S. N.

St. Paul's Episcopal—Rector, Rev. S. B. Pond, East avenue and Church st., and Chapel of Our Holy Savior, Berkley street, N. Grace Protestant Episcopal-Rector,

_____, Junction Belden avenue and Cross street, N. Trinity Protestant Episcopal-Rect-

or, Rev. F. W. Norris, Fairfield avenue corner of West street., S. N. East Avenue Methodist Episcopal— Pastor, Rev. Arthur J. Smith, East avenue corner Henry street, E. N.

Norwalk Metnodist Episcopal—Pastor, Rev. F. A. Scofield, West avenue corner Mott avenue, N. First Methodist Episcopal-Pastor,

Rev. A. S. Kavanagh, West ave., 3. N.
West Norwalk Methodist Mission— Pastor, Rev. Isaac B. Brown, West N. Methodist Episcopal—Pastor, Rev. Henry C. Whitney, Main corner Maple avenue, Rowayton. African Methodist Episcopal-Pastor

J. Furlong, West eve. corner Chapel N. St. Joseph's R. C.—Pastor, Rev. J. .1 Winters, Music Hall, S. N. Advent-Pastor, -- , Van Zandt

Norwalk. Union Church Society-Cranbury.

ington, S. N.
A. O. H., Division No. 1, 18 W.
D. of E., Ladies' Auxiliary, A. 1.
18 Wall, N. A. O. K., of M. C., Pioneer Castle,

102 Washington, S. N. Arion Singing Society, Madison, S. N Catholic Club, West avenue, N. C. B. L., Bishop McMahon Council, 18 Wall, N.

D. of H., Louis Lodge, 102 Washington, S N.

Independent O. R. M. Schiller Stamm 102 Washington, S. N. K. of C., Catholic Union Council, 20 Wall, N.

Washington, S. N. K. of G. E., Union Castle, 83 Washington, S. N.

Naromake Gun Club, 9 Main, N. N. A. S. E., 8 North Main, S. N. N. P. U., Security Council, Gazet Building, N.

N. E. O. P., P. C. Lounsbury Lodge, 83 Washington, S. N. Norwalk Barbers' Union, 66 Wash-

Washington, S. N. Norwalk Hospital Assoc., 24 Leonard,

Norwalk Medical Assoc., 63 & 65 Wall, N. Norwalk Yacht Club, Hickory Bluff,

Washington, S. N Painters' and Decorators' Union, 45

Pequonnock Club, 13 Main, N. Pine Ledge Outing Club, Roton Point

S. A. R., Norwalk Branch, No. 5.
Sons of St. George, Welcome
Stranger Lodge, 13 Main street, N.
Twin City Wheelman, 83 Washing-

O. U. A. M., Defender Council, N. U. B. of C. & J., of America, Norwalk Local, Gazette Bldg., N.

Woman's Exchange, 57 West ave. V. MASONIC.

sonic Bldg., N. Butler Chapter, 26 S. Main, S. N. Clinton Commandery, K. T., Ma

ODD FELLOWS. Colfax Encampment, S. N. Eureka Rebakah Lodge, 130 Washington, S. N.
Norwalk Lodge, G. W. O. of O. F.,
83 Washington, S. N.

FORESTERS OF AMERICA. Court Mahackemo, 83 Wash'n, S. N Court Narruk, Gazette B'l'd, N. Star of Columbia Circle, 83 Washing

ROYAL ARCANUM.

TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES. I. O. G. T., Washington Lodge Cranbury. Concord Division, Gazette B'l'd., N

Rowayton W. C. T. U., City Mission Room, S. i Y. W. C. T. U., City Mission Room

Douglass Fowler Post, 102 Washing ton, S. N.
Douglass Fowler Post, W. R. G., M.
Washington, S. N.
O. S. Ferry Command, 100 Washington, E. M.

Rev. I. S. Sands, 15 Knight street, N. St. Mary's R. C.-Pastor, Rev. John

avenue, E. N. Christian Union Association-West

SOCIETIES, ASSOCIATIONS, ETC. Alphia Wheel Club, 51 Main N. American Legion of Honor. 92 Wast-

Gazette Building, N.
A. O. K., of M. C., Palestine Castle,

D. A. R., Norwalk Chapter, Central Club, N.

Washington, S. N.
I. O. R. M., Uncas Tribe, 118 Washington, S. N.

K. of H., 118 Washington, S. N. K. of P., Olive Branch Lodge, 83

Knob Outing Club, Club House near Wilson Point

ington, S. N., 13 Main, N.
Norwalk Club, 63 & 65 Wall, N.
N. H. F. A., of the U. H. of N. A., 102

Norwalk Lawn Tennis Club, Mot avenue.

O. B. A. Lodge, 100 Washington S. N. O. D. H. S., Humboldt Lodge, 102

Robert Emmet Club, 20 Wall, N.

U. O. G. C., Sherman Commandery, Gazette Building, N.
Central Club, 57 West avenue, N.

St. John's Lodge, Masonic Bldg., N. Old Well Lodge,, 29 S. Main, S. N. Washington Chapter, R. A. M., Ma

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ton, S. N.

Ponasus Council, Water, S. N. Sherman Council, 126 Wash'n, S. N

Minnehaha Division, 83 Wash'n, 3. 1 Rising Star Division, Crow's Hal

G. A. R. Buckingham Post, Wall, N. Buckingham, W. R. C., Q. A. R., Ha

Germania Saengerbund, 162 Washington, S. N. Hat Trimmers' Association, G. A.
R. Rooms, Washington, S. N.
Improved Order Heptasophs, 102

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW YORK.

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

Statement for the Year Ending Dec. 31,'97.

According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

INCOME.

Received for Premiums \$42,693,201 99 11,469,406 24 From all other Sources \$54,162,608 23

DISBURSEMENTS.

To Policy-holders for Claims by Death To Policy-holders for Endowments, Dividends, etc. 12,712,424 76 10,132,005 57 For all other Accounts \$36,124,060 99

assets.

United States Bonds and other Securities \$132,017,341 45 First Lien Loans on Bond and Mortgage 69,423,937 31 Loans on Stocks and Bonds 12,880,308 00 Real Estate 21,618,454 88 Cash in Banks and Trust Companies 11,705,195 82 Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Premiums, etc. 6,141,200 20 \$253,786,437 66 218,278,243 07 Reserve for Policies and other Liabilities \$35,508,194 59 Insurance and Annuities in Force \$936,634,496 63

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be correct; liabilities calculated by the Insurance Department. CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor.

From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned as usual

Report of the Examining Committee.

Office of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York.

To the Honorable, The Board of Trustees of

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

The undersigned, a Committee appointed by your honorable body, on the twentysecond day of December, 1897, to examine the Annual Statement of the Company and to verify the same, respectfully

REPORT

That, pursuant to the power and authority thereby conferred, the Committee have, at various dates between the date of the said reference and the date of this Report, attended at the office of the Company, and have been waited on by the Treasurer, the Comptroller, the Auditer, and the Cashier, together with the respective assistants of such officers and have carefully gone over all the items contained in the said Statement, and have found the same to be correct. They have examined and counted every certificate of stock, bond and other obligation held by the Company, and compared the prices at which the same are carried in said Statement with the market quotations, and find the same not exceeding such quotations—in fact, in many cases below them. They have examined and counted the bonds and mortgages on real property held by the Company, and find the same to be as stated. They have also verified the valuation of the Company's holdings of real estate and have verified the deposits of money in the various banks and trust companies, and have counted the cash on hand held by the Cashier.

And the Committee certify that all the books, papers, documents, and evidence of title of every description necessary in such examination have been freely submitted to the Committee by the said officers and their assistants, and that

the same are accurate, in good order, and well kept.

And the Committee further certify that the investments of the Company are of a high order, and that the system and methods adopted by the Company in recording its transactions and caring for the assets are entitled to commendation All of which is respectfully submitted. Chas. R. Henderson Elbridge T. Gerry A. N. Waterhousk J. HOBART HERRICK JAMES C. HOLDEN NEW YORK, January 21, 1898. S. V. R. CRUGER

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G. S. WINSTON M. D. Consulting.

NICHOLS & GILBERT, General Agents.

A. H. CAMP, Local Agent.

ALDRIDGE MUST RETIRE

Gov. Black's Decision on Judge Countryman's Report.

CASE FOR THE GRAND JURY

Superintendent is Held Only Technically Responsible. About \$1,000,000 Was Paid for Work Never or Partially Done. Assistant Engineers and Surgeons Were in League With Contractors.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 1.-Judge Countryman's report on the canals technically holds Superintendent Aldridge and State Engineer Adams responsible for the expenditure of about \$1,000,000 which was paid from the state treasury on bills which either called for payment for work never performed, or for excavating rock instead of earth.

The payments for work not performed was made possible by the subordinates of the state engineer's department and the public works department swearing to bills which were false.

The heads of these departments in auditing bills were compelled to rely upon their subordinates as to the am-\$13,279,630 66 ount and quality of work accomplished, and it wes contemplated by the law that they should so rely.

In any event it was a physical impossibility for either Mr. Aldridge or Mr. Adams to know that some of their subirdinates were in league with the contractors in swearing falsely to bills presented, and it is believed that any prosecutions which may follow the publication of Judge Countryman's report will not affect Mr. Aldridge or Mr. Adams but will rather seek to punish the assistant engineers and inspectors and contractors who originally certified to the bills submitted for payment, thereby misleading their superior officers, who were depending on them alone for the certification of the amounts due contractors.

Attorney General Hancock went into conference with Governor Black yesterday to consider what action should be taken on Judge Countryman's report. If the attorney general has his way the report will be held until he can determine in what direction any criminal action will lie against the canal officers, from the highest to the lowest.

Governor Black said yesterday that it was a question whether the state superintendent of public works and state engineer should be held responsible for the acts of their subordinates, and that he was of the opinion at present that both should retire from office voluntarily pending a determination of Judge Countryman's findings by an Albany county grand jury.

Judge Countryman's Report.

Judge Countryman's report is voluminous in detail, containing more than twenty-four thousand words, and as soon as it was received by the governor from the attorney general it was made public.

Countryman's report and findings may be summarized as follows:

That Campbell W. Adams, the state engineer and surveyor, is guilty of malfeasance in office, and recommends that his case be presented to the grand jury for criminal prosecution by indict-

That George W. Aldridge, the state superintendent of public works, is guilty, at least technically, of the misapplication of publicamoney in unauthorized expenditures on canal contracts, and that his also is a proper case for presentation to the grand jury for criminal prosecution by indictment.

That some subordinates in the state engineer and the public works departments are guilty of illegal practices, but are not named, in the belief that they may condone, to some extent, their offenses by offering their knowledge to the prosecution, to be used against the principal offenders.

That at least one assistant engineer was dismissed for no reason except that he had refused to make a false return of work alleged to have been performed by a contractor.

That special oral contracts, amounting roundly to \$825,000, were paid for under the original contracts without going through the form of a special contract or obtaining the approval of the canal board.

That the certification of the work done under these special contracts was, practically, a matter of compulsion upon the engineers on the several sec tions. Some conscientious men asked to be excused from certifying to them or to certify that "earth" excavated was "rock," or that the amount ex-cavated was greater than it really was. Their requests were denied and they had to leave the service. If they did not do so voluntarily they were removed peremptorily.

Immediately on the receipt of these conclusions made by Judge Countryman, Governor Black directed Attorney General Hancock to proceed at once with the criminal prosecutions recommended. The governor designated Judge Countryman as an associate counsel in the proceedings, and requested Governor-elect Roosevelt also to name an attorney to assist.

Deadly Foot Ball.

Oswego, N. Y., Dec. 1.-Lying at death's door in his home in Pulaski, Oswego county, is Edward Doneburg. left half back for the Pulaski High School football eleven, whose spine was injured seriously in a scrimmage on Saturday, November 5, in a game be tween Doneburg's eleven and a team from the Oswego Normal School.

Physicians declare that Doneburg can live only a few days longer, and that even should he survive, he never will be able to use his limbs and will be compelled to spend the rest of his life in bed.

No Race Discrimination in Alton Schools. Edwardsville, Ill., Dec. 1.-The jury in the Alton school case, after being out all night, returned a verdict yesterday morning finding for the defendant, to the effect that the negro school children of Alton were not discriminated against nor kept out of the public schools on account of their color.

FIGHTING EXPRESS COMPANIES.

Will Attempt to Compel Them to Pay War St. mp Tax.

St. Louis, Dec. 1.-Mr. William R. Corwine of the Merchants' Association of New York, who is here attending the Merchants' Anti-Scalping conference tells of the crusade being made in New York to compel express companies to pay the war stamp tax.

"In addition to taking the question into the courts," Mr. Corwine said, "the association proposes to introduce and advocate a bill in the legislature this winter to place express companies under the control of the railroad commission of New York state and regulate their charges. The Merchants' Association will try to obtain the cooperation of every manufacturer and merchant in the state of New York and through them to appeal to the members of the Senate and Assembly to support the movement."

Mr. Corwine says that a project is being pushed rapidly into organization in the large cities of packing companies, virtually to take the place of express companies-not for making money, but to save it for merchants and others who are paying excessive ex press charges.

These new companies will accept packages for shipment which will be placed in large cases and sent to their destination by fast freight at about the same time made by express companies, with about half the cost.

Imense Iron and Steel Trade.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 1 .- One of the best indications of the great business prosperity of the country yet brought forward is furnished in the report of the United States Geological Survey, giving the steel and iron pro duction of the United States for 1897. The activity of steel and iron foundries is always regulated by the general condition of the country and the fact that they did a bigger business in 1897 than during any previous year it the history of these industries is the best evidence obtainable that the nation is passing through an era of development and advancement.

The output of pig iron for 1897 was 9,652,680 long tons, which is the best record ever attained in this country, and which also eclipses the product of Great Britain for that year, which was

We made a material increase over the product of 1896, which was 8,\$23,127 tons.

The United States also passed Great Britain in the matter of the production of steel during 1897, our factories turning out 7,156,957 tons, against 4,-585,961 for England.

The United States now leads all oth er countries in these two most important industries. The lead in steel production was only obtained through great jump from the figures of 1896, which were but 4,927,000.

An Innocent Man Pardoned.

New York, Dec. 1.—After a year's imprisonment in the Tombs and a day in Sing Sing, to which he had been sentenced for ten years, on a charge of highway robbery, John Wallace of No. 111 Clinton Place, was released yesterday morning, having been pardoned by Governor Black.

Wallace was sentenced in December, 1897, to ten years in Sing Sing by Judge Cowing in general sessions, on conviction on a charge of highway robbery in the first degree.

He was accused of having been in a

saloon in Clinton Place, with half a dozen other men, when William Loo-mis was beaten and robbed.

His counsel took an appeal and Wai lace was detained in the Toombs pend-

ing the decision. The case was allowed to drag until October of this year, when the court of

appeals dismissed the appeal. Assistant District Attorney Lebarbier then had the man taken to Sing

Sing. The district attorney had been in formed that the man was undoubtedly innocent, and he and Judge Cowing made an investigation of the case, af-

terwards placing the facts before Governor Black.

Col. Roosevelt Snowbound.

Oyster Bay, L. I., Dec. 1.—Colonel Roosevelt had intended to go to New York yesterday morning, but when he drove to the station he found the rail-road blocked by snow and travel tem porarily suspended.

He was to have delivered a lecture in Boston last evening, but when he found that trains were not running he sent a telegram saying that it would be impossible for him to appear. .

He also sent telegrams to several friends in New York telling them that he would not be in the city again until Saturday.

Another Mine Strike.

Massillon, Ohio, Dec. 1.-President William Morgan of the District Miners' Association, has issued a call for a convention of miners of four counties, to be held in Massillon on Decem-

This call, coming just after the meet ing of the national officers of the union in this city, is causing local operators no little alarm and there are rumors of another strike.

Germany in Africa.

Brussels, Dec. 1 .- The Soir says that trouble has arisen in Africa between Germany and the Congo Free State relative to the respective boundaries of German territory and Congo territory north of Lake Tanganyika. A strong force of Germans has been sent to th Manyema country, while the Congo forces at Lake Kivu have been considerably reinforced.

Q: ay Decision To-day.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 1.—The hearing by Judge Finletter of the demurrers and motions to quash the indict ments against Senator Quay, his son, Richard R. Quay, and ex-State Treasurer Haywood will be renewed this morning, it was announced at a late

Freight Rate War in one West. Omaha, Neb., Dec. 1.-Freight rates from Omaha east and west have gone to pieces and passenger tariffs are

Each line charges the other with having started the trouble, which bids fair to spread throughout the whole

I ROOGS FOR GARRISON DUTY.

Possible Result of a Speedy Regular Army Increase.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 1.-If Congress early in the session should make provision for the increase of the reguar army, it is quite probable that none service will be sent to do garrison duty in Cuba.

The troops first to be sent to Cuba will be composed largely of regular reg-iments so far as they are available. Plans are maturing for the muster out of as many volunteers now in the ser-

The demand of the enlisted men to go home and leave the service is growing greater and greater every day. This is true in nearly every garrison and the arrival of senators and representatives with requests for the muster out of regiments or men in the regiments has largely increased during the last

three days.

It is well known that the volunteers at Manila desire to come home, and the war department is considering the question of sending regular regiments to replace these volunteers as soon as arrangements can be made.

There is a disposition to have the regulars recuperated and recruited to their full strength before sending them to Manlia.

MORE GOLD IMPORTS.

A Million and a Quarter Dollars Taken in London.

London, Dec. 1.—More than seven hundred thousand pounds in German and American gold coin was withdrawn from the Bank of England yesterday. and of this two hundred and fifty thousand pounds was taken by Morton Bliss & Co., and the Chaplins for New York.

There is the greatest interest and discussion here as to the reason for this shipment to New York.

The question of a possible change in the discount rate of the Bank of England to-day mainly turns on whether this shipment is a special and exceptional transaction, or whether it is the commencement of a genuine demand. Some operators say that the gold is required for Cuba, as it is known that large amounts of gold have been shipped recently from Cuba to Spain.

Troops for Manila.

San Francisco Dec. 1 .- General Merriam, in charge of the department of the Pacific, said yesterday in regard to the reported orders for sending reg ulars to the Philippines to relieve volunteers:

"The reports are based on a dispatch sent to Commissary Long to provide a full tropical equipment for six thousand troops. Long has already advertised for tents, and will soon let other contracts.

"Nothing official has come, however, to show the plans of the war department, but the inference is strong that a large force of regulars will soon be sent to Manila."

Still Fighting at Pana,

Pana, Ill., Dec. 1.-After fifty days' continuous night and day riot duty in Pana, Troop B of Bloomington, First Illinois cavalry squadron were relie ed yesterday by Company K, Fifth

regiment, of Delavan. Desultory shooting continues nightly. the provost guard having but little success in effecting captures.

Another consignment of negroes has arrived. They were met at the train by a squad of soldiers, who relieved them of their arms before permitting them to march to the Springside mine barracks.

The white miners are remaining steadfast for the scale and union recognition. They received \$1,600 yesterday from the state union.

Washington, Dec. I .- No official dispatches have reached Washington respecting the turbulent condition of affairs in Salvador and the presage of the dissolution of the newly formed "United States of Central America," contained in the reported refusal of Nicaragua to aid Salvador with her troops to suppress the rebellion.

Up to this point the United States government has not recognized the "United States of Central America," and the impression is growing that it will not be called upon to do so.

Colorado's Heavy Snow Storm.

Denver, Col., Dec. 1.—Advices received here are to the effect that the storm south and west of Denver is the worst known in years.

At Como the snow is between two and three feet deep and between Como and Leadville and as far as Gunnison ten feet of snow has fallen.

The South Park road is tied up and trains on the Denver and Rio Grande are greatly delayed. Snow slides are reported on all roads.

\$100,000 Gift to a Village.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 1.-The Hon. Timothy B. Blackstone of Chicago, who presented to the town of Branford a four hundred thousand dollar library, and one hundred thousand dollars for an endowment fund in 1896, has given the town one hundred thousand dollars more for a library endowment.

The gift was conveyed to the incorporators at their meeting on Monday evening.

Navigation Closed at Montreal.

Montreal, Dec. 1.-Ocean navigation from this port has been closed for this season, the steamship Guildhall, with a large general cargo for Antwerp, being the last vessel to leave.

The Guildhall is a powerful steamer and well able to break her way out of

Austria and Japan.

Vienna, Dec. 1 .- The upper house of the reichsrath has approved a treaty of trade and navigation between Austria and Japan.

The minister of commerce announced that the exchange of ratifications would take place to-day.

To Debate With Yale.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 1.-Debating circles at the university are jubilant over the practical certainty of a debate with Yale, to be held either in Milwaukee or Madison, probably Madison, some time this winter.



is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the California Fig Syrup Oc. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact wili assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties: The high standing of the CALI-FORMIA FIG SYPUP Co. with the med. profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has green to millions of families, makes it : name of the Company a guaranty the excellence of its remedy. It is r in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakenmg them, and it does not gripe nor

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NIGHT BELL AT OFFICE

WILTON EDITION.

Devoted to the Local News of Wilton, Cannon, Georgetown and Branchville.

RICHARD H. FITCH, Editor.

isiting his parents in this place. .

H. S. Ogden, of New York, was the guest of his brother, D. B. Ogden, over

Miss Marianna Middlebrook, who has been visiting Miss Agnes Ogden, returned to New York on Monday.

Rev. W. D. Hart, pastor of the Wilton Congregational church, will preach in exchange with Rev. George Bennett, pastor of the Bald Hill M. E. church, on Sunday morning.

Miss Anna Winkler has been visiting friends in New York.

The venerable Professor Edward Olmstead, who has been dangerously ill with pleurisy the past week, is reported as slightly better at this writing

A number of calves belonging to John R. Sturges broke from their pen during the storm on Sunday, and one was badly frozen

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lacey had ample cause for Thanksgiving by the advent of a ten and one-half pound boy on that day. Congratulations.

A word of praise should be spoken for little Harry Brotherton, our

FILIPINOS WILL RESIST

Alleged That They Will Refuse to Recognize American Rule.

PRISONERS WILL FIGHT US

panish Reports Claim that 70,000 Troops Will be Required to Suppress Rebellion. Rios Reports a Victory. Dewey Likely

to Stay at Manila for Some Time Yet.

Madrid. Dec. 2.-Advices from the Philippine islands say that the insurgents there have decided not to recognize the cession of the islands to the United States and that they will resist to the last.

It is also claimed that the United States will require seventy thousand troops to put down the rebellion, and it is alleged that the insurgents hold ten thousand Spanish prisoners whom they will force to serve against the

Americans. An official dispatch from General Rios, the Spanish commander at Iloilo, island of Panay, Philippine islands, says the Spanish troops there have made a successful sortie against the enemy, inflicting heavy losses upon the

The insurrection, it is added, is now spreading in the Visayas and it is asserted that the movement is not directed against the Spaniards, but the

The premier, Senor Sagasta, denies the report that General Rios is negotiating with the insurgents for the surrender of Iloilo to them.

A delegation from the St bers of commerce has presented a petition to the queen regent, asking her to intercede for the release of the Spanish prisoners in the Philippine islands and to pardon the Filipinos who have been transported to Spain.

The Philippine insurgents demand seven million pesetas for the release of the forty friars imprisoned since the commencement of the war.

Washington D. C., Dec. 2.-The Cuban evacuation commissioners are rapidly finishing their work and will be prepared to return to the United States in a short time.

Secretary Long said yesterday that Admiral Sampson would be home before long. In regard to Admiral Dewey the secretary said that he did not see how Dewey could return to the United States this year.

"He will remain at Manila for some time yet," he said.

NOVEMBER DEBT STATEMENT.

Receipts for Month Aggregated \$38,900,-

Washington, D. C., Dec. 2.-The monthly comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows that during the month of November the receipts aggregated \$38,-900,915, as compared with \$43,363,605 for

November of last year. In the latter month, however, is included about \$18,000,000 received on account of the Pacific Railroad settle-

Independent of these payments the receipts exceeded those for November, 1897, by about \$13,500,000.

The receipts from customs last month were \$15,335,200, an increase of about \$5,500,000; from internal revenue sources \$21,336,743, an increase of nearly

Disbursements during last month amounted to \$49,090,980, an increase on account of the war of nearly \$11,000,-

Since July the receipts have aggregated \$204,557,096, as compared with

Postal Bids Opened.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 2.-Bids for all the star route and screen wagon mail routes in the states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Minnesota, Michigan, Missouri, Wisconsin and Iowa were opened at the post office department yes-

There are about 5,400 contracts to be let. They cover a four-year period, beginning July 1 next.

The bids were much fewer in number than in past years, largely resulting from the war tax on each proposal. many speculators, heretofore having submitted bids in large numbers indiscriminately.

Chauncy Hurd, of Brooklyn, has been | hustling GAZETTE newsboy, who has covered the greater portion of his long route every night as usual, notwithstanding the blizzard.

Lieut. Howard Bloomer, of Co. F, 3rd Connecticut U. S. V., who has recently received his promotion, was calling on a number of his old neighbors on Wedn sday.

The blizzard of '98, while not as severe as the one of ten years ago, succeeded in tying up traffic in this town in a most effectual way, and it will probably take a week to open even the main highways. But two trains succeeded in getting through on the Danbury division on Sunday, and the first train south on Monday, due to leave this place at 6:30 a.m., was three hours late, while the morning mail from New York. due at 7 o'clock, did not arrive until three in the afternoon. But three teams passed the post office from Satururday night until five o'clock Monday evening. Reports from all parts of the town over half a mile from the station, tell of immense drifts that will take the town fathers many days to clear. The mail-carrier from North Wilton arrived at the station, Monday

A TREATY IN SIGHT.

Believed at Paris That the Commissioners Will Sign Within a Week.

Paris, Dec. 2.-The work of the peace commissioners is proceeding rapidly, and unless there is an unexpected hitch the treaty will be signed within a

week.
The commissioners did not hold a joint session yesterday, because certain clerical work was not completed. The presidents agreed to defer the meeting until two o'clock this after-

General Wesley Merritt, who has arrived from London, was in consultation with the American commission during tht morning relative to the conditions and necessary measures in the Philippines. General Merritt expects to sail for

New York on December 10, and hopes to resume his duties in California cr New York until his retirement, eighteen months hence. Major Hale, of General Merritt's staff, who is now here, believes that the United States, having taken the

Philippine islands, will now have no trouble in securing the release of the Spaniards who are held prisoners by Aguinaldo.

Shafter Will Not Talk Back.

Brooklyn, Dec. 2.-In the Montauk Club last night the U.S. Grant Post, G. A. R., gave a dinner for its associate organization, composed of one hundred prominent civilians of that borough. Nearly every one of note in Brooklyn was present, the guests of honor being Major General Shafter and Captain Cook of the Brooklyn.

It was thought to be probable that General Shafter would take this opportunity afforded by his toast, "The Un-written History of the War," to answer the statements of Admiral Sampson in his official report to the navy depart ment, published yesterday.

General Shafter, instead refrained from alluding to the navy except to praise it most warmly, and said in closing his address that he felt that "we should be so happy and so proud at the successful termination of the war that we should be patting each other on the back instead of calling each other names.'

Peace Treaty is Safe.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 2.-The pres ident and cabinet are not disturbed over the sta'ements that the peace treaty will not be ratified by the Sen-

All speculation in this regard is based on opinions expressed by senators weeks before the treaty was decided upon.

In fact, serators now in the city refuse to discuss the matter, saying no one can tell what will be done with the treaty until it is drawn and sign-

By the time the document reaches the senate, senators now quoted as op-posing some of its provisions will have had a chance to acquaint themselves not only with its contents, but the president's policy in regard to the new territory as outlined in his message in regard to the new territory.

The Keely Motor.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 2.—The will of the late John W. Keely, the inventor, was admitted to probate yesterday. It bequeaths the entire estate, which has a value of about ten thousand dollars, to the widow, and also appoints ner executrix. No reference is made in the will to

the mysterious motor upon which Mr. Keely had been working for so many years. The absence of mention was disappointment to the stockholders of the Keely Motor Company. They must now avait the pleasure of Mrs Keely for an :xplanation of the motor, there being g nerally entertained a beief that the inventor imparted to his wife information on the mystery which will be of value to the company.

Amnesty to Austrians.

Vienna, Dec. 2.-Emperor Francis Joseph, upon the occasion of his jubilee, the fiftieth anniversary of his accession to the throne, which occurs today, has granted full amnesty to all the lese majeste prisoners and has remitted the remainder of the sentences of 540 other prisoners.

Mr. Astor's Subcription.

London, Dec. 2.-William Waldorf Astor has donated five thousand pounds towards the fund being raised at the instance of General Lord Kitchener to found the Gordon Memorial College at Kharteum.

morning, with the mail bag on his back, completely tired out, after making the greater part of the distance through the fields. The condition on Hurlbutt Street is fully as bad. Selectman Jackson delivered the milk at Hunt's store as usual, Sunday night, but had to call on several of his neighbors to help him dig his way home. Belden Hill was thoroughly blocked. Not a team came from that section since Saturday. No casualities are reported, but it will be several days before the butchers and bakers will be able to resume their routes, but as Wilton people are famous for keeping their cellars well stocked with smoked meats and vegetables, no suffering will re-

A subject for the fool killer was shown in the performance of one of the Spanish students at Whitlock's school, who stayed out in the storm for half an hour, Sunday morning, clad only in his underclothing and a pair of socks, to win a wager of a dollar from one of his fellow countrymen. A pair of badly frosted hands was the only punishment for his fool-hardy act. Neither of the churches were open for services on Sunday.

FRANCE BARS OUR FRUIT.

An Official Decree Prohibiting Its Impor-

tation. Also Plants. Paris, Dec. 2.-The Journal Officiel yesterday published a decree forbidding the admittance into rance of fruit and plants from the United States.

On November 28 it was announced that the French charge d'affaires at Washington, M. Thibeaut, called at the state department to advise Secretary Hay that the French government was on the point of adopting "precautionary measures" against the introduction into France from the United States of the San Jose scale, adding that decrees would be issued prohibiting the importation of trees, shrubs and plants from the United States, and requiring an inspection of all fruits, fresh and dried. at the point of their landing on French

M. Thiebaut pointed out that these measures were quite immaterial as affecting the general trade from the United States to France, as the shipments of trees, plants and shrubs last year aggregated only \$328 and those of

Gov. Tanner Indicted.

Chicago, D. c. 2.-The grand jury of Macoupin county, sitting at Carlinville, yesterday indicted Governor John R. Tanner in connection with the riots at Virden, in which several miners and deputies were killed. Governor Tanner, who, by the aid of troops, prevented the men sent to take the places of the strikers from staying in Virden, is held responsible for the fatal riots through contributory negligence.

O'Brien Leaves Supreme Bench.

New York, Dec. 2.-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien of the appellate division of the supreme court, has announced signation from the bench, to take up

the practice of law again. Justice O'Prien declined to discuss his resignation, saying that he pre-ferred to say nothing before it had reached the governor.

The grant which the British government will make for the benefit of the British West Indies amounts to forty

thousand pounds. After a trial for six months of the one session plan in the grammar schools, Baltimore, has returned to the two-session plan.

The battleships Oregon and Iowa

have been ordered to proceed from Montevideo to Valparaiso, where further orders will await them. Dr. John Henry Barrows, newly elec

ted president of Oberlin college, in an interview, says that he will accept the position. The estimate of the total shipments

of ore from the several ports of Lakes Superior and Michigan for the year 1898 is 13,500 tons. According to a record kept by th Chicago Tribune, there have been 113

lynchings in the United States during the eleven months of 1898, seven in the North and 106 in the South. The whipping post as a legal instru-ment of corporal punishment for certain classes of criminals, including woman beaters and incorrigible and dangerous vagrants, is favored by Presi-

Society. The main building of the Lincoln Normal University, three miles from Lincoln, was burned yesterday. It was a four-story brick and stone structure valued at \$100,000. The insurance is

dent Shorthail of the Illinois Humane

The candy factory of the Pettit Manufacturing Company of Canojoharie, N. Y., was destroyed by fire early yester: day morning. It is supposed that the fire was caused by an explosion in the chocolate room. The loss is \$50,000; insurance \$35,000.

A New Zealand old age pension bill has passed its third reading by a majority of ten. The bill entitles every person of the age of sixty-five and up wards, of good moral character, whose yearly income does not exceed thirtyfour pounds, and who has resided for twenty-five years in the colony, to receive a pension of eighteen pounds per

James Stillman, president of the National City Bank of this city, has given \$50,000 to Harvard University to cover the cost of land and buildings for projected Harvard infirmary, which will bear the name of the donor. He will also contribute annually, for four years, the sum of \$2,500 for the support of the institution.

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during 1899 will contain complete, concise, and accurate accounts of all noteworthy and interesting occurrences as they transpire in our own and in foreign lands. Eminent men of letters and distinguished artists will contribute to its columns, and its readers will have the most impartial and the best

PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE YEAR

During 1899 HARPER'S WEEKLY will be especially rich in fiction, containing serial stories from the pen of H. G. Wells, author of "The War of the Worlds"; "The Conspirators," by Robert W. Chambers; a romance of De Soto's last voyage, by E. S. Van Zile, and short fiction by authors of international fame. Articles by special correspondents in our new possessions - Manila, Honolulu, · Cuba, and Puerto Rico, with other interesting matter, will fill the space left by contemporary events.

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Propeliers Vulcan, City of Norwalk and Eagle

Leave Norwalk 5 p. m.

Leaves South Norwalk at 6:00 p. m.

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GET YOUR

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(TAZETTE ()FFICE.

GOOD WORK, PRICES RIGHT

Local News.

Mrs. George W. Raymond, of Union place, is on the sick list.

Mrs. S. K. Stanley celebrated her fiftieth birthday anniversary Tuesday.

Mrs. E. Whitworth and son, of Franklin avenue, are visiting in Wallingford. George Singer and Miss Albertina Morrell are to be married in Decem-

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Richardson are visiting relatives in Brooklyn.

Miss Helen T. Bracken, of Livingston place, is visiting her sister. Mrs. W. T. O'Brien of New Britain.

Miss Alice M. Reardon, of Spring street, is visiting her sister in Thomas-

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Ferguson, of Danbury, are visiting Mrs. John Taylor, Summit street.

Miss Alice Selleck, of Norwalk, is spending the winter in New York city. Miss May McCabe, of South Norwalk, spent Sunday in New York.

The Vanderhoef family of East avenue, will spend the winter in New

Mr. and Mrs. Phillip N. Knapp and family, of West avenue, spent Sunday in Bethel.

Judge Asa B. Woodward is visiting in New York.

Miss Maud Rogers and Miss Sadie Cashow have returned from a visit in Brooklyn.

Miss Margaret Hubbell, of South Norwalk, has been visiting in Danbury.

Miss Lena Moore, of Danbury, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jeremiah Eagan, of South Norwalk.

Miss Mary Norris, of Norwalk, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Sarah Chase in Danbury.

used in boudoirs, sky blue and brilliant red being the favorite colorings. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Pelton, of

Striped ribbon wall paper is much

South Norwalk, have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Fillow, in Bethel. "My Partner" will be presented at the matinee performance in Hoyt's the-

atre Saturday afternoon. Mrs. S. K. Stanley is visiting her sister, Mrs. Thomas C. Stevens, of

Danbury. Frank Sherman, of West street, has

returned from a visit in Ansonia. Miss Grace Seymour of West street, has returned to Hackettstown, N. J.,

to resume her studies. Few widows wear the white lisse band in their bonnets. It is too much like advertising that they are in the

George Casey, of Derby, who has been visiting his aunt, Mrs. William Hyland of Plattsville avenue, has re-

Clara, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reardon, who fell and broke her arm, last week, is getting along

nicely at her home. was recently severely scalded, by the apsetting of a kettle of water is report-

ed as getting along nicely. Misses Alice Cole and Florence Meade and Richard Meade, returned to their homes in Bethel, after a pleasant

visit with Mrs. S. Persons, of Academy Frederick W. Pickett, of Danbury, and Miss May G. Seaver, of Brewster, N. Y., were married Wednesday, Nov

23, at the bride's home. The groom is a brother of Miss Jennie Pickett, of Attorney John J. Walsh for Jones & Hotchkiss has garnisheed the County

Commissioners on a claim of \$600 against Hart Denton. Attorney Walsh for E. K. Lockwood has also garnished the Commissioners on a claim of \$100 against Mr. Denton.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Craw wil move from Brooklyn to South Norwalk and make their permanent home in their residence in Golden Hill street, tately vacated by Mr. Tweed and fam ily, who have moved to Stratford.

Miss Mary Pickett, of Norwalk, returned home this morning after spending a few days' Thanksgiving vacation with her aunt, Mrs. W. A. Riggs, 40 Keeler street. Miss Pickett gave a chrysanthemum whist party on Friday evening, to a number of her young friends, at her aunt's home.-Danbury

STAMFORD, Nov. 29.—A house owned by Edward A. Ferris, at Lockwood's corner, about 8 miles from here, was destroyed by fire during the height of the storm, early Sunday morning. The family escaped in their night clothes and suffered severely from the cold while trying to reach a neighbor's house. The loss is estimated at \$1,000, partially insured.

It is reported that Jose Seguella, one of the principal witnesses of the Filomena Creatuero murder, which occur red on Pacific street, Stamford, Oct. 30, | with the superintendent and detecleft that city for his native country several days ago. Segnella was the the murderer's hand as he fired the fatal shot. It is said his life was threatwhether he intends to return to Stam ord for the trial.

James Polk Francis of South Norwalk Married to Miss Virginia M. Edney in Darien.

A wedding event of some note in Norwalk and Darien society was that of James Polk Francis, the well known clothier of South Norwalk, and Miss Virginia M. Edney, daughter of the late Dr. James Edney of Darien.

The ceremony was performed, Tues. day, at 12 m., by the Rev. Louis French of St. Luke's Episcopal church of that place at the home of the bride.

The parlor was prettily festooned with green clinging vines and smilax with a beautiful array of yellow chrysanthemums.

Only relatives and near friends of the couple were present.

The bride was gowned in a handsome costume of yellow Venetian cloth, which was very becoming, and carried a bouquet of yellow chrysanthemums. The only attendant was the bride's niece, Miss Maud Kraft, of Brooklyn, who acted as maid of honor. She wore white organdie over blue, with trimmings of lace, and carried white chrysanthemums.

After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served to the guests. Mrs. Francis then doned a handsome traveling costume of blue and she with her newly made husband departed on a wedding tour, after which they will reside for a time in Darien.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis were recipients of many valuable presents of silverware, cut glass and many useful articles.

Mr. Francis' gift to his bride was a handsome pair of diamond earrings.

The Engineer of the Steamer Was a Native of Norwalk.

The engineer of the steamer Portland, which went down with all on board off Cape Cod during Sunday's storm, was Thomas Merrill, a native of Norwalk, and a brother of Homer and St. John Merrill, the well known insurance men. He leaves a widow and three daughters.

He was an occasional visitor in town from his home in Portland. His trade was that of a machinist.

A dispatch received by Mr. St. John Merrill from the company's manager, conveys the information of the steamer's wreck, and no hopes of the escape of any one on her.

Death of John Cotter.

John Cotter died at his home on Park street, Tuesday, aged about 60 vears.

The deceased was a machinist by trade and was for a number of years a resident of the town. Some tea years ago he left town taking up his residence in New Jersey. He returned to his home in Norwalk a short time ago and later was elected a member of the board of city councilmen. He was in failing health, however, and attended but few meetings of the board.

He was a member of St. John's had been master, was P. H. P. of Washington Chapter, and later of Mount Holly Chapter, of New Jersey.

Justices of the Peace.

By an act passed by the Legislature of 1897, the terms of all justices of the peace who were elected in November, 1897, will expire before the first Monday of January, 1899, and all the justices elected in the election of Novem ber, of this year, will take office on the first Monday of January. Before the passage of the act of 1897, the terms of justices of the peace ended on the day before the first Monday of March of the year following the election and the justices all took office on the next day, the first Monday of March The result of the act of 1897 is to shorten the terms. of the justices who were elected in 1897 and unless they were elected and have qualified since the November election of this year, their terms will expire on Sunday, January 1, 1899.

The new act also provides that certificates of the oath of office be returned to the town clerk instead of to the clerk of the superior court as formerly, and it says that any person elected a justice must take the oath of office before January 10 of the year following the election, or the office will be vacant.

BRIDGEPORT, Nov. 29 .- Henry Gill, father of Emma Gill, whose body was found in Yellow Mill pond last September, came to Bridgeport, Saturday, for the purpose of seeing Dr. Nancy A. Guilford, the alleged murderess now in the county jail. Mr. Gill said some time ago that he wanted to talk with the accused midwife, to learn something about the last days of his daughter, who is supposed to have died under her care.

Mr. Gill arrived Saturday and is stopping at the residence of a family named Morehouse, at 531 Burroughs street, in East Bridgeport. He visited the police station, held a conference tives, and later made his way to the

county jail.
Sheriff Hawley was not at the jail, murdered man's companion and seized having gone out of town. Assistant Jailer Schofield refused to allow Mr. Gill to see the doctress, as it was anticfatal shot. It is said his life was threat-ened by Vaccaro. It is not known what disappointed at the result, as he was extremely anxious to have a talk with the midwife.

WEDDED AT HIGH NOON. SPAIN ACCEPTS TERMS

Her Commissioners Announce the Fact At Paris.

YIELDS BECAUSE SHE MUST

A Protest That American Terms Were Iralmissible on Legal Grounds, but That There Was Nothing Else for Spain to Do but Submit.

Paris, Nov. 29 .- The joint peace commission met promptly at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and the Spanish commissioners immediately announced their acceptance of the American demands.

The Spanish commissioners announced that, being authorized by their government to reply that on legal principles the American propositions are inadmissible, and are not a proper compromise, on the Spanish part all diplomatic resources are exhausted and the Spanish commission is now asked to accept or reject the propositions. Spain, inspired by reasons of patriotism and humanity, and to avoid the horrors of war, resigns herself to the power of the victor. She accepts the offered conditions in order to conclude a treaty of peace.

When the members of the two commissions were seated, Senor Montero Rios, the president of the Spanish commission, immediately handed the Spanish reply to Mr. Arthur Ferguson, the Spanish interpreter attached to the United States peace commission.

The answer of the Spaniards was so short that less than ten minutes were consumed in rendering it into English for the Americans.

The reply was as stated above. It added that Spain throughout the controversy had the strongest argument and that, as between positions so diametrically opposed, the American offer of \$20,000,000 was not a fair sum.

Nevertheless, the reply continued, Spain desired to avoid any further effusion of blood and disorder and had concluded to accept the American offer unconditionally, and thus bow to the superior power of the victor.

The secretaries were then empowered to prepare the treaty articles embodying the cession of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines, and the payment the United States of twenty million dollars for submission to the next meeting.

The two peace commissions were in separate session all the morning. It was openly admitted on all sides

before the joint meeting that the Spanish answer would be an acceptance of the American demand-

The American demands included the acquisition of the whole of the Philippine and Sulu groups for twenty million dollars, and it is also thought the United States will purchase the Caroline group. The question of the debt of Cuba

was left unsettled. The next meeting will take place to-morrow. There is no denying the fact that the whole European continent will bit-

terly resent American acquisition of This sentiment is not confined to diplomats, but is especially prevalent

It is the opinion constantly heard in the highest French society. It is known that a high official of the French foreign office said yesterday:

"The appearance of the Americans in Eastern waters is a disturbing factor to the whole of Europe. Americans, as is well known, lack diplomatic Mary Mullen, of Wilton avenue, who Lodge, F. & A. M., of which lodge he stant trouble to all of us."

As to the general sentiment, Mr. William T. Stead, who has just returned here from his tour of France, Belgium. Germany, Russia, Austria, Turkey and Italy, and who has seen the highest politicians in each country, and in some cases the rulers, said yesterday:

"The immense majority of Europeans are, of course, absolutely ignorant of what has happened. Intent upon their daily toil, they neither know nor care what occurs in the other hemisphere. But Europeans who read the newspapers are able to form what may be called 'public opinion' in the old world. They are practically unanimous on the

"Outside of England I have not met a single non-American whe was not opposed to the expansion of America. Nor through my whole tour of Europe have I met a European who did not receive the protestations of the genuine sincerity with which the American people entered on the war with more or less mocking incredulity.'

Mr. Stead reports that the bitterest hostility of all was found at the Vati-

WHAT REMAINS TO BE DONE.

Not Likely to Take Possession of Philippines Until Treaty is Ratified.

Washington, Nov. 29 .- Although no official dispatches have been received announcing final action on the peace treaty, the president was informed yesterday morning that the American commission had been notified that the Spaniards would accept our terms and that a meeting would be arranged for the formulating of the treaty.

The news was received with the greatest satisfaction by the president. He has all along expected the negoti ations to end by the Spanish acceptance, but is glad that the thing is over and that the work of drawing up the treaty will now begin.

It seems to be the general impres sion that as soon as the treaty is signed in Paris it becomes operative, and that we will at once take possession of the Philippines, but this is not so unless some distinct proviso is made in the treaty to this effect.

If no provision is made for an imme diate evacuation and possession by the Americans, things will go on in the Philippines just as they have been until the treaty goes through the regular course and is finally ratified by the Spanish.

This will take some time and will give the president and his cabinet an opportunity to prepare plans and a policy for the government of the ter-

ritory.

The Paris commissioners are apt to spend days if not weeks in arranging

the details and drawing up the text

of the treaty. After this is done it does not become a law until it has been ratified by the treaty making powers of the two na-

One copy of the treaty is brought to the United States and submitted the Senate. The other goes to Madrid

for the Cortes. If the Senate ratifies the treaty without amendment it then goes to the president, who signs it.

The exchange of ratifications between Spain and the United States then takes place, provided that the treaty has been ratifled by the Cortes.

When the exchange has been made the president proclaims the treaty as the law of the land, while the queen regent does the same in Spain. Not until ther can we act on it.

This procedure is with the understanding that the United States Senate accepts the treaty exactly as it is drawn by the peace commissioners. If, however, the senators amend it or change it in any way it must be submitted to the Spanish government to be accepted.

While of course this would eventually be done, it would mean a longer

delay and complications. It is expected, however, that the Senate will accept the treaty as drawn by our commissioners, and that there will be no unnecessary delay in its ratification and promulgation.

A good deal of annoyance has been caused the department by the publication in one of the Paris newspapers of what purports to be a dispatch from Washington stating that the American commissioners have largely increased their demands, and now include the Sulu islands as a part of the eastern territory to be ceded to the United

Official announcement is authorized that as a matter of fact, there has been no extension of our demands, but the Sulu group were recognized to be a part of the Philippine system in our or ginal demands and was specifically included in the original demands. cubans in need of money.

CUBANS NEED MONEY.

Grant or a Lean One of the Objects of the Visit to the United States.

Khigston, Jamaica, Nov. 29.-General Masso, president of the Cuban insurgent government, arrived here yester day afternoon on a visit to his fam-

The members of the Cuban colony here tendered him a public reception. In an interview he confirmed the report that one of the chief objects of the mission of General Garcia and Sepors Capote, Sanguilly and Lanuza to Washington is to endeavor to secure a grant or a loan of money sufficient to pay off the insurgent army, which is about to be disbanded.

He said that the provisional govern ment is bankrupt and that unless the Cuban army is provided for satisfactorily grave and regrettable complications may arise.

The Cubans, Senor Masso also said. entertain profound admiration and gratitude for the Americans. But, nevertheless, they will oppose annexation or a protectorate, and they are confidently expecting the United States speedily recognize their ability to manage their own affairs, on which basis only permanent peace is at all pos-

NEGRO TROOPS NOT WANTED.

Opposition in Arkansas to a War Department Order.

Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 29.-Lieutenant J. W. Phillips, commandant at Fort Logan H. Root has received a telegram from the war department notifying him that a detachment from the Twenty-fifth (colored) infantry would be sent to this stati rison duty.

This information has created excitement among citizens here.

Beyond a doubt a strong protest will be entered with the war department by the state authorities and citizens against the occupation of the post by colored troops.

The protest will not be based entirely upon hostility to the negro, but on the feeling prevalent in view of recent troubles at southern camps against placing negroes in a position where clashes with the whites are likely to follow. Governor Jones, in speaking of the

matter yesterday, said that he considered the sending of negro troops here as an exceedingly unwise thing, and declared that he would certainly monstrate with the federal authorities. protesting against it to the war de-

Dreyfus to His Wife.

Paris, Nov. 29.-Mme, Dreyfus, the wife of former Captain Alfred Dreyfus, the prisoner of Devil's island, has by permission of the authorities, received the following telegram from her husband:

"I rejoice with all of you. My health is morally and physically good."

Bank of Hornellsville Closed.

Hornellsville, N. Y., Nov. 29.—The Bank of Hornellsville has gone into voluntary liquidation by proceedings in the supreme court, for the reason that the business of the bank is not profitable, and it was deemed best to close its business, collect its assets and pay its depositors and creditors.

Copenhagen, Nov. 29 .-- A telegram from Flensburg, Prussia, says that seventeen persons, including several Swedish subjects, have been expelled from the island of Alsen, on the Schleswig coast of the Baltic, in pursuance of the Prdssian policy of expelling aliens.

Prussia Expelling Aliens.

Earthquakes in Greece. Patras, Greece, Nov. 29 .- At 9.40

o'clock last evening a severe earthquake shock occurred here, causing a panic among the inhabitants. At 10.20 p. m. a second shock was experienced. No fatalities, however, have been reported.

oldier's Home Filled.

Tov. 29.-The officials of the New York State Soldiers' and Sailors' Home here announce that the home is now filled and no more veterans can possibly be accommodated for the present.

THE NEW BANKRUPTCY RULES.

Announced by the United States Supr. me

Court. Washington, D. C., Nov. 29.-Ths United States supreme court, through Justice Gray, has announced the new bankruptcy rules which it was authorized to frame and promulgate under the National Bankruptcy act of

July 1, 1898. The rules have been awaited with much interest, as a number of courts declined to proceed with bankruptcy

cases until the supreme court announced the new rules. Justice Gray said that the new rules would take effect on Monday, January 2, 1899, and that all proceedings here-

tofore taken substantially in conformity to the act and the regulations of 1867, as far as practicable, would be upheld. The rules, while promulgated at this time, he said, would not be ready for

proof revision, etc. The rules are preceded by an order prescribing the proceedings in bankruptcy under the law previous to th. day in which the rules go into effect. This order says that where the proceedings are "in substantial conformity either with the provision of these general orders, or else with the general orders established by this court under the bankruptcy act of 1867, and with any general rules or special orders of

the courts in bankruptcy, they shall

stand good, subject, however, to such

further regulation by rule or order of these courts as may be necessary or

distribution for some time, owing to

proper to carry into force and effect the bankrupt act of 1898 and the general orders of this court." The first rule requires the clerk of the court to keep a docket for entering cases in their order with a memorandum of all proceedings except those entered by the referee. The docket

is to be at all times open to public inspection. Rules 2, 3 and 5 relate successively to the filing of papers, to processes,

to the conduct of proceedings and to the framing of petitions. The clerk is required to indorse on each paper filed the time of its re-

ceipt. All processes are to issue under the seal of the court. All petitions and schedules are required to be plainly written and without abbreviation of

interlineation.

Rule No. 4 provides that "proceedings may be conducted by the bankrupt in person in his own behalf, or by a petitioning or opposing creditor, but a creditor will only be allowed to manage before the court his individual interest.

"Every party may appear and conduct the proceedings by attorney, who shall be an attorney or counselor authoried to practice in the circuit district court. Notices and orders not required to be served on the party personally, may be served upon his at-

Twenty Nine Persons Drowned. St. Petersburg, Nov. 29.-A ferry boat

full of workmen capsized while crossing the Volga at Kinosa, drowning 29 of them.

Chinese rebels in Tung-Liang are reported to be massacreing missiona-

The official Republican plurality in the recent election in Ohio is 61,189.

The mikado of Japan is reported to be landing troops at Korea to resist

Russian aggression. The Mad Mullah was successful in his first engagement with the Dir tribesmen in British India.

A box of dynamite exploded near the Reina battery in Havana and killed or injured forty persons. Fire in the furniture establishment

of Robert Keith & Co., at Kansas City. Mo., caused a damage of \$190,000. The Japanese cruiser Kasagi has been damaged by colliding with a bridge abutment at Newcastle, Eng-

The Franklin Stamp Mill at Hancock, Mich., was destroyed by fire. Six hundred men were thrown out of employ-

ment. The war department, in view of the assurances that a peace treaty will be signed, is arranging to muster out from thirty thousand to forty thousand volunteers.

The will of the late P. P. Mast of

Springfield, Ohio, leaves his home there valued at \$225,000, in addition to \$95,000 value of stock in the manufacturing companies of which he was a stock-holder, to the Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware. United States Minister Strauss at

Constantinople has obtained a concession which the powers had been for eighteen months vainly endeavoring to secure, viz., the granting of travelling permits to foreigners in the interior of Asia Minor. The marines landed from the United

States cruiser Boston at Tientsin, on Saturday, were for the purpose of guarding our legation at Pekin. The latest advices received at the state department, however, do not indicate an immediate outbreak there. Jacob Beck, secretary of the National League of Musicians, was found dead

in bed yesterday morning at Cape May death being due to heart disease. He was for many years a member of the famous Beck's band of Philadelphia, composed of the father and seven brothers. General Lord Kitchener, at a representative meeting of London merchants and bankers, on Saturday, ex-

plained the proposals for a Gordon memorial college at Khartoum, and read a letter from the marquis of Salisbury advocating the project. The meeting resolved to take immediate steps to carry out the plan.

Gen. Butler to Return,

Washington, Nov. 26.—In the army orders published yesterday the announcement is made that, under instructions of the president, Major General Matthew C. Butler of the Cuban evacuation commission, is to report in person to the secretary of war for temporary duty in Washington and upon its completion to return to Havana.

It is believed that the president and Secretary Alger desire to consult General Butler about the progress of the work of the commission.



FRENCH DLUE CLOTH GOWN FROM HARPER'S BAZAR

A Dainty French Gown.

A French blue cloth gown, with a rimming of rolled velvet bands in a rich dark shade, has the latest variation of the seamless skirt, which reaches only to the knees, while the rest is a graceful shaped flounce, extending up the front of the skirt in the form of an apron panel. The looped bands of velvet decorate the apron in popular redingote effect, an e continuation of the fold indicates the outline of the flounce whose breadth at the hem is four and a quarter yards. The pattern furnished by Harper's Bazar, where ration. the gown appears, gives directions for making with a bias seam in the back and with fulness at the waist if prefer-

The coat, like many of the later models, is worn with a velvet belt slipped through ornamental buckles at each side, confining beneath the fulness of the blouse-vest, which is made of geranium rose-velvet. Velvet bands trim one side of the bust to the shoulder where the coat, fastening with silver buttons, curves away into a cutaway form with rounded Louis XV. coat-tails. The sleeve is the newest two-piece

model for tailor wear. A rolling turban of rich blue velvet has only one jewelled quill for a deco-

Quantity of material-cloth. 54 inches wide, 8 yards; blue velvet, 31 yards;

geranium velvet, } yard

GOLDEN JUBILEE WEEK

The Ruler of Austro-Hungary an Emperor for Fifty Years.

OLDEST MONARCH BUT ONE

Francis Joseph Now 68 Years Old Has Ruled for Half a Century. The Succession to the Crown is Uncertain. Program for the Celebration Has Been Considerably Modified Owing to to Death of the Empress.

Vienna, Nov. 20 .- The golden jubilee of Kaiser F ancis Joseph of Austro-Hungary, now in progress, ends with a great celebration December 2, the anniversary of the accession to the Austrian throne. He was not crowned King of Hungary until June 8, 1867. The assassination of the Empress Elizabeth has made necessary a modification of the programme and it will not have the international character which was originally designed for it.

The Emperor Francis Joseph is 69 years old. His sorrows have been numerous. The events of his reign include rebellion against authority, disastrous wars, and the loss of rich provinces.

Among his personal afflictions are the loss of his wife, of his only son and heir; and of the brother who, in the order of succession, stood next to his son. All of these met a tragic The succession to the crown is in an unsatisfactory condition. The heir presumptive, a nephew of the emperor, is physically and mentally ill qualified for the throne.

There has been some talk in relation to a possible second marriage of the emperor, but in view of his advanced age, this seems to be gossip without any foundation.

The emperor has two daughters and a grandchild who is a daughter of his son, the late crown prince. But the female line cannot succeed to the Austro-Hungarian crowns while representatives of the male line survive.

On December 2, 1842, Francis Joseph, the present emperor of Austria, king of Hungary and king of Bohemia, though he has never been crowned as such, succeeded Ferdinand IV, who abdicated, and his coronation took place in Vienna.

Austrian monarchs with a record of fifty years upon the throne are rare in history. Indeed there has been only one other such since the founder of the house of Hapsburg, Rudolph I, ascended what was then the throne Austria and of ermany as well in 1279, more than six centuries ago.

Rudolph of Hapsburg reigned only thirteen years, and the one Austrian or Austro-Hungarian monarch in the long line between Rudolph and Francis Joseph who ruled for more than fifty years was, Frederick IV. He was known as the Pacific (possibly the attribute of placidity accounted for his long reign), and ascended the throne ip 1439 and retained it until 1493.



EMPEROR FRANCIS JOSEPH.

The condition of affairs in Austro-Hungary at present is not propitious for a very hearty celebration of any political anniversary commemorative of the events of fifty years ago. These were somewhat exciting. An insurrection in Vienna began on March 13. An insurrection against the power of Austria among the Italian speaking subjects of the emperor began one week later; an uprising against the emperor caused his flight to the Tyrol in May; an insurrection among the Bohemians against the power of the emperor of Austria began in June, in the city Prague, and in the autumn of the same year the Hungarian rebellion against the power of the Vienna government and the establishment of the Hungarian national government under

Kossuth, took place in September. With one exception Francis Joseph is now the senior of European monarchs in length of reign, the exception being Queen Victoria, who ascended the throne in 1837. Francis Joseph was 18 when he ascended the throne.

Czar Re sures Sultan.

Constantinople, Nov. 30 .- The czar of Russia, replying to the sultan's telegram of November 26, in which the latter urged the czar to abandon his intention of sending Prince George of Greece to Crete as high commissioner of the powers, declares that the friendly sentiments of Russia toward Turkey are unchanged, and while Prince George is going to Crete as commissioner of four powers, the sultan's rights of sovereignty will be safe-

The Nevada Se atorship.

San Francisco, Cay., Nov. 30 .- A dispatch to the Examiner from Virginia City, Nevada, says that W. E. Sharon has announced that Representative Frank G. Newlands will be a candidate for United States senator to succeed Senator Stewart.

War Board in Boston.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 30.-The war in commission began its hearings in this city yesterday. The first witness called was Leonard W. Johnson, who signed a contract as nurse on August 29. ANTI-ANARCHIST CONGRESS

M. de Nelidoff the Central Figure of the Co ference at Rome.

Rome, Nov. 30 .- The actual work of the anti-Anarchist congress has now begun, and it is noticeable that it takes place during the jubilee of the Austrian kaiser, the assassination of whose wife brought about this conference.

The striking character of the anti-Anarchist conference, though not its presiding official, which will be Admiral Canevaro of Italy, is M. de Nelidon, Russia's representative. He is the greatest diplomat Russia has had since De Giers, and it was his masterful policy which has practically controlled the affairs of the Turk until recently. His hand has also been apparent in the far East, although more recently internal affairs have demanded his attention. Whatever united action as against Anarchists is taken up by this conference will undoubtedly ceive its stimulus from M. de Nelldoff.



M. DE NELIDOFF.

One of the questions to be decided is: Shall Anarchists be extradited or expelled simply as Anarchists, without having committed any overt act? And shall a state have the right simply to drive them out or must it deliver them in custody to the state of their origin? Upon these and some cognate questions there will doubtless be much variance of opinion and more debate than upon all the rest.

Another question will be the prevention of Anarchist propaganda and the surreptitious circulation of Anarchist literature, and the fourth will be like unto it, namely the prevention of morbid publicity of the doings, sayings and characteristics of Anarchists.

These two will not be passed without some debate, since they affect directly freedom of speech and the liberty of the press. inally the conference will considFer the best forms of punishment to be inflicted upon Anarchists guilty of overt acts of criminality. There has been some dissatisfaction expressed because the murderer of the Empress of Austria is imprisoned for life, and not put to death. There is, however, a widespread notion that silence and oblivion, such as rigorous life imprisonment assures, might, and probably would, be more powerfully deterrent to Anarchists than the scaffold, which gives them opportunity to pose as martyrs.

Pay for Spaniards in Cuba.

Havana, Nov. 30 .- Colonel Pagliery, until recently chief of police, will accompany Marshal Blanco to Spain as his aide de camp. On Saturday last Pagliery resigned his office in favor of Domingo Martinez Gonzales, the former inspector.

The treasury here has received cable transfers from Madrid amounting to 1,840,000 pesos (nearly \$1,700,000), to be applied to military and civil requirements and back pay. The civil em-ployes received one month's pay yesterday.

Marshal Blanco yesterday gave \$500 from his private purse to the Reina Mercedes Hospital.

Upon the completion of the evacuation of Pinar del Rio the Havana division of the Spanish army will em-

The first troops to go on board the transports will be General Valderraya's brigade, then General Tejeda's division. next Ceneral Fernal's division, whose are at Cardenas, and then General Molina's division at Matanzas.

The evacuation will be ended with the embarkation of the Las Villas division under command of General Ag-

A ; o nal lo Has Riva's.

Manila, Nov. 30 .- It is reported that section of the insurgents, called the Guards of Honor, who are opposed to Aguinaldo, have captured San Ignacio, in the province of Pangasinan, island of Luzon, at the instance of the Spanish priests.

Advices from Iloilo say the natives of the V: 2 islands have established a republic, independent of Luzon. In some of the islands hostilities are proceeding between rival republics.

At the Loyal Legion banquet here Monday evening there were sixty-four guests present. Nearly every commandery was represented.

General Anderson presided and Rear Admiral Dewey was received by a guard of honor from the Oregonians. The speakers were Generals Anderson. Harrison, Grey, Otis, Reeve, King and MacArthur, Captains Glass and Cogh-Ian and Colonel Hawkins.

Gen. Brooke Coming Home.

San Juan de Porto Rico, Nov. 30. Major General John R. Brooke, who is about to retire from the command of the department of Porto Rico, will return to the United States by the first steamer available.

He will be succeeded by Brigadier General Guy V. Henry, who is in turn succeeded at Ponce by Colonel John B. Castleman.

A Wreck a Halifax. Halifax, N. S., Nev. 30 .- An unknown

four-masted vessel is ashore at Herring Cove, entrance to this harbor. One body has washed ashore. The vessel is fore and aft rigged. All on board have perished. 12

Magowan Placed in Ja

Cleveland, O., Nov. 30.—Ex-Mayor Magowan of Trenton, N. J., and his wife have arrived here in the custody

of a detective.

The couple have been placed in the county jail.

THE PORTLAND LOST

All Her Passengers and Crew Are Drowned.

OTHER DISASTERS OCCUR

Nearly One Hundred Lives Lost. The Steamer Foundered on Sunday Morning During the Storm Off Highland Light, Cape Cod.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 30 .- A report brought here by messenger to the Herald from North Turo, says that the steamer Portland of the Portland Steamship Company, plying between Boston and Portland, was totally wrecked at ten o'clock on Sunday morning off Highland Light, Cape Cod, Mass., during the storm.

The passengers and crew, numbering all told, according to the lists furnished here, nearly one hundred persons, perished within a short distance of land.

A large quantity of wreckage, cluding trunks and other material, has come ashore, and thirty-four bodies have been recovered from the surf by the life saving crew at High Head station. One body was that of a woman,

The news of the disaster was brought to the Herald by a special train, as communication with Boston by wire from points on Cape Cod is impossible on account of the havoc wrought by the storm.

The first body was found by Gideon Bouley, a surfman at the station, who at once gave the alarm. Then a thorough search was made. The bodies saved were evidently those of passengers. The body of the woman was well dressed.

It is thought here that the Portland encountered the storm outside the harbor Saturday night, causing her to break down, and finally to drift on to the lee shore at Cape Cod of her own

The Portland was built in Bath in 1890, and was a side wheel steamer of 1,317 tons net burden. Her length was 230 feet; beam, 42; depth, 13 feet. She was valued at \$250,000, and is fully in-

Other Storm Disasters.

have come by wire, mail and messenger, from New England points, it is difficult to estimate the total loss of life and property along this coast, as the result of the recent storm.

The list of disasters seems to grow every hour, and from dispatches thus far received it appears that at least thirty schooners have been wrecked at different points from Eastport, Me., to New Haven, Conn.; eighty-six schooners have been driven ashore; fourteen barges, loaded or empty, are aground, besides a large number smaller craft.

This list does not include the thirty vessels either wholly or partially destroyed in Boston harbor, nor half a dozen or more craft which are reported missing including the Boston and Portland steamer Portland, nor the big Wilson line freighter Ohio, which is ashore on Spectacle island in this harbor; the steamer John J. Hill, which is ashore at Atlantic; the Merchants' and Miners' Transportation steamer Fairfax, on Sow and Pigs ledge, off Cuttyhunk; nor the small steamer George A. Chaffee, foundered at Pockport, Mass.

When these are added the aggregate

craff. The loss of life is equally hard to determine. It is known that about forty persons perished in and about Boston harbor. Reports from other places in some cases say that the crew of this or that vessel escaped: many. however, say that the fate of the crew

is unknown Some survivors have turned up at life saving stations, and incoming vessels have brought a few sailors from wrecks.

Storm Ravages Italian Coast.

Rome, Nov. 30 .- The whole Italian coast line has been swept by a terrific storm, which has caused the greatest damage everywhere, havoc having been wrought by both wind and sea.

Suezzia, Genoa, and Messina have suffered greatly and most of the Sardinian fortifications have been serious ly damaged.

Hundreds of vessels have been wrec ked and many lives have been lost.

Fortifications Damaged.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 30 .- The re cent storm did considerable damage to the government fortification works on Gardiner's Point, at the entrance of Long Island Sound, washing away a part of the wall.

The government will now rush work upon the fortifications, so as to get them ready as soon as possible beyond storm damage.

To Seek Gold in Cuba.

Wichita, Kanses, Nov. 30 .- Dr. J. W. Longford and twelve of Roosevelt's Rough Riders have gone to San Juan Hill, Cuba, to prospect for gold.

Dr. Longford says that he thinks

Cuba is one of the best prospecting countries in the world, and he expects to locate a claim on San Juan Hill that a company will be able to work at a large profit.

Rough Riders' Muster Roll.

Prescott, Arizona, Nov. 30.-The muster roll of Roosevelt's Rough Riders' Association has been formally opened here and has met with a response from every member present.

Numerous telegrams were received. Colonel A. O. Brodie is president and Lieuten; nt J. D. Carter secretary of the organization.

Plans of Don Carlos.

Madrid, Nov. 30 .- The Heraldo publishes a dispatch saying: 'Don Carlos will not publish a manifesto until the ratification of the peace

by the Chambers." The Heraldo expresses the belief that the Spanish Tovernment does not know the whereabouts of Don Jaime, the son of Don Carlos.

GRAND OPERA FOR NEW YORK.

The Season Will Open To-night at the Metropolitan Opera House.

New York Nov. 29.-The greatest season of opera this country has ever known will begin at the Metropolitan Opera House to-night, when "Tannhauser" will be given a production such as has seldom been witnessed here or abroad. Society will look its best in the tiers upon tiers of boxes, and all the famous families of the East will be represented. The new tenor who will appear for the first time in America to-night is Ernest Van Dyck. The regular patrons of Bayreuth knew him for ten years. Before then some of them heard him in Paris, in Berlin and at Vienna, where he kept up the brilliancy of the Wagnerian performances.



MME. SCHUMAN-HEINK AS ORTRUD.

Mr: Grau's company at the Metropolitan Opera House contains no less than four American singers, Emma Eames, Zelie De Lussan, Suzanne Adams and Fanchon Thompson. Miss Adams comes to us from Paris and London, but her home is in Cambridge, Mass. Thence she was sent to study singing in Paris with Jacque Bouhy, sometime teacher in New Yor Adams effected her debut at the Grand Opera in 1984 as Juliette in € nod's opera. She remained a membe. I the institution three years, singing such roles as Gilda and Marguerite. After a brief experience in Nice she joined Mr. Grau's forces in London and won high praise for her work.

Albert Saleza, another of Mr. Grau's tenors, was born at Bruges, in 1867. He studied at the Paris Conservatoire, and Boston, Nov. 30 .- From reports that in 1888 won the first prize for singing. and the second for opera. Shortly afterward he affected his debut at the Opera Comique in Lalo's "Le Roi d'Ys." He remained connected with the Opera-Comique for four years, when he was engaged at the Grand Opera, taking part in performances of "Salammbo," "Djelma," "Otello," and "Romeo et Ju-



ANDREAS DIPPEL AS LOHENGRIN,

Andreas Dippel, the tenor, is not a stranger here, having been the companion of Herr Gudehus at the Metropolitan Opera House in the last German season, 1890-91. Then there is Madame Schumann-

Heink. She is between thirty-seven and thirty-eight years old, having been born on July 15, 1861, at Lieben, near Prague, where her father, a major in the Austrian army, was stationed at the time. Her maiden name was Ernestine Rossier. Mme. Schumann-Heink's versatility is illustrated by the fact that the parts in which she has won her best successes are Wagner's Erda, Waltraute and Ortrud, Bizet's Carmen, Gluck's Oppheus, the witch in Humperdinck's "Hansel and Gretel" and Prince Orlofsky in Strauss's "Fledermaus."

The Canal Scandals. Albany, N. Y., Nov. 29.-Governor

Black has as yet given no intimation of how soon he proposes to announce his action upon the report of the canal investigation commission. There have been no developments at

this place so far to substantiate the stories current in New York city political circles that Judge Countryman's report is of such a nature that the governor has decided to suspend Superintendent of Public Works George W. Aldridge.

In fact, To one outside of the executive chamber knows whether Judge Countryman's report has been submitted to the governor as yet.

Neither the governor nor the judge will discuss the matter in any way whatever. .

Caravan Attacked. London, Nov. 29 .- A dispatch from

Tripoli says that a caravan from the Soudan has been attacked by a band of tribesmen near Ghal, an oasis in the Sahara to the south of Tripoli and on the border of Gezzan. Twenty persons belonging to the car-

avan were killed and eighty camel loads of feathers and 380 loads of Soudan skins were lost.

Three Men Perished.

Salem, Mass., Nov. 29.-Two members of the crew of the schooner Bertha A. from Deer Isle, Me., were rescued from House island, off Manchester yesterday, nearly dead, having been without shelter or food for thirty hours. The schooner was lost on the rocks near Fresh island, Saturday.

Captain Wallace Thurston, his father ,aged about seventy years, and his son, John R., perished.

M'MILLIN ACCUSES BAILEY

Says the House Monetary Leader is Guilty | The Principal Theme. Document Longer of Political Crimes.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 23 .- Congressman Benton McMillin of Tennessee, who has always been one of the prominent leaders of the Democratic party in the House, is out in opposition to Congressman Bailey of Texas. He speaks in the most vigorous fashion against the Texan, and intimates that he acted the part of a traitor to the Democratic party on more occas-

ions than one. "The Democrats of the country," said Mr. McMillin, "do not know Mr. Bailey yet. They are only beginning to find him out. I was severely censured several months ago for opposing Mr. Bailey on the very same grounds that the Texan is now being fought. Mr. Bailey is guilty of all sorts of political crimes.'

Mr. McMillin then went on to explain Mr. Bailey's conduct and vote in the committee on ways and means when the Dingley tariff bill was being con-

"I moved in committee," said Mr. McMillin, "that the clause relating to wool and woolens be stricken out and that the corresponding section of the Wilson law be inserted in its stead. The duties as fixed by the Wilson law were far more equitable and far more in accord with the established Democratic doctrine. I demanded a yea and nay vote on that measure in commit-tee and Mr. Bailey is on record as

voting with the Republicans." Mr. McMillin intimated that Mr. Bailey voted this way as a result of an understanding with the Republicans, who, he said, clearly encouraged his leadership.

Mr. McMillin said that Speaker Reed helped Bailey by appointing him to desirable committee positions.

Mr. McMillin says he believes that Bailey stands only a faint show of being elected leader of the minority in next House. The breaking away of the Alabama delegation he regards as significant, and he believes that the Mississippi delegation will support, Private John Allen for the position of Democratic leader.

WORST STORM IN MANY YEARS.

Thirty Barges and Schooners Go Down Off Boston. New York, Nov. 28.-More serious in its effects in some sections of Greater New York than the blizzard of 1888 was

fall of snow on Saturday night and abated only Sunday night. Surface traffic was delayed on Manhattan island and abandoned altogeth-

the storm which began with a heavy

Boston, Nov. 27 .- In the gale last night and this morning thirty barges and schooners lying in the harbor were wrecked and sunk and at least twelve lives lost.

er in the suburbs.

The Wilson liner Ohio is ashore on Spectacle island, in the bay. No serious damage is expected.

Swampscott, Mass., Nov. 28.-The wind and snow storm which, in proportion to the damage wrought, nearly equals any blizzard in recent years, had not abated in its intensity last evening.

A message from Palmer's Beach says that a three-master is ashore and several fishing boats went to pieces on the rocks off Fisherman's Beach. Two hundred feet of stone sea wall, twenty feet high and three feet in thickness, on King's Beach, which for twenty years has been safe against the high seas, was washed away.

Newburyport, Mass., Nov. 28 .- The blizzard of Saturday night and Sunday wrecked wharves and public buildings, and about fifty small stroyed, while sections of the sea wall were washed away. The barge Atlantic, with two hun-

dred and fifty tons of coal, sunk at the wharf, and the schooner Newell E. Hawes of Boston sunk at Plum Island Point.

The crew of five men were taken off by the Plum Island life saving crew in the breeches buoy. The wind reached a velocity of fifty-

AMERICAN ARRESTED IN BERLIN.

five miles an hour.

Accused of Having Referred in Offensive Manner to the Emperor.

Berlin, Nov. 28.-Frank Knaak of New York has been arrested here on the charge of lese majeste, said to have been committed in a wineshop recently.

Mr. Knaak was arrested while sitting with his wife in a fashionable restaurant. It is alleged that ne referred in an

offensive manner to the emperor, and a person who heard him immediately summoned a policeman.

Although Mr. Knaak had several witnesses who denied that he had made the alleged remark, he was

threwn into jail.

The officials of the United States embassy have done everything possible to bring about his release and a large amount of bail has been offered. Jackson, the United States charge d'affaires, has had two interviews with Herr Richthofen, the under secretary

Mr. Knaak is a civil engineer and is interested in the Niagara water power. He originally came from Stettin.

of state for foreign affairs, on the sub-

Return of Emperor William.

Berlin, Nov. 28 .- The German emperor and empress arrived at Potsdam at 11 o'clock Saturday morning, on their

return from the Holy Land. The church bells were rung and the public buildings were decorated with flags when Emperor William passed through here at twelve o'clock yester-

day morning. The Boersen Zeitung says that his majesty's trip to the Holy Land has cost ten million marks. A few of the newspapers print welcoming articles. All the Prussian ministers welcomed the German emperor and empress on their arrival at Potsdam.

Emperor William has returned home

to find Germany in a seething political foment. All classes of society seem permeated with the spirit of unrest and dissatisfaction. Reinforcements Reach Maulla. Manila, Philippine Islands, Nov. 28.

-The United States transports Arizo-

na and Ohio have arrived here with

reinforcements

the information for his message, he found that there was so much matter bearing upon the recent war with Spain that this material would take up the bulk of his message to the exclusion of almost everything else. These statistics in regard to the war came from nearly all the departments and have been freely used by the president in the preparation of his message. Having just concluded the conduct of a successful war, he and his official advisers have agreed that the war must necessarily form the principal theme

PRESIDENT'S ANNUAL MESSAGE.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.-Presi-

dent McKinley's forthcoming message

will be about one-third longer than his

last message, which consisted of thir-

The document that he will send to

Congress one week from to-day will

be composed of about sixteen thous-

The message is not yet completed,

ind the president has not read it to

his cabinet, as has been stated in some

of the sensational papers. He, how-

ever, has informed one or two of the members of the cabinet that he has

not reached any definite decision in

regard to certain things that he ex-

pects to urge Congress to take action

When the president began to collect

teen thousand words.

and words.

upon.

of his report to Congress. He, however, will have something to say on currency reform and will practically reiterate his views on this subject as contained in his last message o congress,

Of course his remarks on the treaty of peace will depend entirely on the result of the present deliberations now going on in Paris.

This part of his message will remain open until the treaty is definitely set-There has been absolutely no clash in regard to matters pertaining to the

message between the president and any members of his cabinet. He will stand by Secretary Alger and the other heads of the departments and will recommend in his message just about what they desire.

LOSS OF THE MOHEGAN.

She Was Wreeked Because a Wrong Course Was Steered.

London, Nov. 28.-The Board Trade inquiry into the loss of the At-lantic Transport Company's steamer Mohegan, which was totally wrecked off the Lizard, between the Manacles and the Lowlands, on October 14 last; while in command of Captain Richard Griffith, has finished its investigation of the affair.

The judgment of the board's commission was that the ship was in a good seaworthy condition, and that Captain Griffith was in good health at the time the disaster occurred, the stranding of the vessel being caused by a wrong course being steered after the Mohegan had passed Eddystone

Light. The commission, in addition, expres sed admiration of the efforts made to save those on board the ill fated ves-

The commission also found that the great loss of life was due to the extinction of the electric lights on the teamer after she went ashore.

A Franco-Italian Treaty.

London, Nov. 28.-After a decade of ariff warfare France and Italy have surprised their friends and enemies by concluding a commercial treaty.

Critics here deem the treaty a sequel to the Fashoda incident. France's defeat in Egypt opened her eyes to the necessity of increasing the number of ner friends. Therefore she hastened to begin ne-

gotiations with Italy, and will give her weaker neighbor the benefit of the minimum tariff long and vainly sought The Italians estimate that under the new arrangement a million hectolitres

of heavy southern wines, which are used in mixing with the lighter French wines, will be exported to France annually, resulting in a great impetus to Italian industry. In return France expects to remove the danger of having to cope with the Italian navy in the Mediterranean in the event of a German war and also

to nullify in part Germany's policy of isolating France. Won't Release the Priests.

Manila. Philippine Islands, Nov. 28. -Aguinaldo, the insurgent leader, has addressed a second communication to Major General Otis, the American military commander, on the subject of the Spanish prisoners in the hands of he insurgents. He has declined to release the clericals and civilians, aruing that both carried arms voluntai'y against the insurgents. Aguinaldo han refers General Otis to the local papers, published since the insurrection or "irrefutablea proof" of his assertion that the clericals were the "most active and vengeful agents in sacrificing the lives and honor of innocent natives.

Wiscorsin Successfully Launched.

San Francisco, Nov 28.—At the Union Iren Works Saturday another great marine fighting machine was added to the already large fleet of Pacific war vessels. The vessel, which successfully slid from the ways at 9.22 o'clock, was the battleship Wisconsin, the largest of the vessels built for the United States government by the Union Iron Works, which built the

The launching of the warship was effected without a hitch, and she now rests caimly on the waters of the

State Can Is to Close December 10. Albany, N. Y., Nov. 28.-G. W. Al-

works, has issued an order that the canal system of the state close on December 10, unless compelled to suspend navigation at an earlier date by reason of ice formation. Favor New Department.

dridge, state superintendent of public

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 28.—The National Business League has sent = President McKinley a letter urging ravorable action on bills for the establishment of a department of commerce and industry, which are now pending in Con-

BOMB FOR WAR BOARD

Roosevelt's Stinging Letter Stirs Up the Commissioners.

CAN DECIDE WITHOUT HELP

The War Commission Listen to the Testimony of Dr M. R. Terry Surgeon-Geneof the National Guard of the State of New York and Pres. Baldwin of the L. I. R. R. Then a Letter from R. Roose-

New York, Nov. 28 .- The first witness before the war board Saturday was Dr. M. R. Terry, surgeon general of the National Guard of the state of New York. He told of his observations while on a tour among the army

Dr. Joseph Chmelicek, acting assistant surgeon in the army, who was assigned to duty in the hospital at West Tampa, testified that everything possible was done for the sick soldiers.

W. H. Baldwin, Jr., of the Long Island Railroad Company made a lengthy statement. At the close a letter from Robert B. Roosevelt, secretary of the committee for the protection of soldiers, was received, which was as

New York, Nov. 26. To the Presidential Commission of In-

Gentlemen: I have noticed in the morning press that one of your members criticises the witnesses who have testified at the request of the committee formed in this city to protect the soldiers, for the reason that, while establishing the fact that much groundless and inexcusable suffering was inflicted on the army, they do not fix the responsibility nor show who is to blame.

If the views of your commission are correctly reported, there seems to be a misunderstanding between us. supposed all the witnesses were to do was to prove the facts, and that the commission would fix the responsibility-indeed, was appointed for the express purpose of fixing the responsibility—and that it would have been a case of presumption, might be even a case of cruel injustice, if any witness had undertaken to express his opinion on the condition of which he was of necessity only partly informed, for the men who are guilty of the ill treatment of our soldiers will be execrated in this community. No one knows better than myself how deep this feeling is. Any party or person who trifles with it will regret doing so, and any person, who, through ignorance or prejudice, directs it into an erroneous channel is doing a great wrong. The heroic boys may forget their sufferings, may even refuse to testify to them, but their mothers will not and their fathers will

Nor will it do to take refuge behind the errors of the civil war. Then we were wholly taken by surprise at the North. No one here could believe in the possibility of so kideous a felly. There followed blunder after blunder, disgrace after disgrace. There was no intentional cruelty, such as has so often prevailed in this war, but do you forget the rumors of peculation, the paper shoes, the shoddy clothing, the demurrage on transport? But the men were not starved and the sick were treated with all possible attention and kindness. Water was not sold to fever racked sufferers at ten cents a glass, food was not sold to starving men at 25 cents for a sandwich, and dainties for the dying were not eaten by the

But suppose matters had been a thousand times worse in the civil war, would that be any reason now that our men should be sent with arms out of date, that there should be no ambulances no nack trains or transportation to carry food to the front, not half sufficient medicine or doctors, no proper hospitals, and that men with freshly treated wounds should be left to lie in the mud on a blanket, if they had one, without if they had none, nor even why mid-winter underclothing should be sent to Cuba and midsummer gauge undersuits to Montauk, in company with the siege guns intended for Santiago?

The witnesses have established monstrous incapacity, even greater negligence and indifference and political interference. That they have not full mission, no matter how good its will to meet all the requirements the public demands of it, is only echoing your own doubts, but in spite of that they would seem that it only remains for you to do your best, even if that best is not quite satisfactory to yourselves. If done in good faith it will teach the soldiers that at least there is a power which has honestly endeavored to do them justice: has endeavored to rethat patriotism which was so grandly flourished five months ago, but has been nipped in the frost of brutality and neglect. You can direct your inquiries in the first place to the food supply. Find out who gets the difference between the liberal rations allowed by the government and the meagre hardtack, bacon and green coffee served to the soldiers. The witnesses are the books and rolls in the public departments, to which you have full access. Find out who left the medicines, the two fully equipped hospitals, and the ambulances at Tampa, when there was abundant time to ship them on the transports which were delayed for a week by the rumors of the Spanish fleet. Why General Miles's intelligent directions to make a list of everything which was stowed on board and where, so each article could easily be got at, and to put a variety on each ship, were not followed.

How can any witness within our reach give you this information? We have furnished you the facts, shown you brutality, cruelty, neglect, indifference, how men whom the government was under every obligation to protect and who had a right to rely on such protection, were starved even in a land plenty, were uncared for when sick left without attention when wounded, were abused, maltreated, in some cases practically murdered. We have shown you an indifference and belittling of human sufferings which continues even now. If this nation is to become a warlike one, if we are to have an army

which shall be efficient, and to be relied upon, these crimes and blunders must be corrected, and your commission must correct them. It is not for you to make the feeble excuse that our committee, a mere voluntary association, with no legal power, no legal existence even, shall shoulder this responsibility for you. In saying this I do not mean in the least to express a doubt of either your ability or desire to do so, for the whole country urges upon you the necessity to succeed.

Yours very respectfully, ROBERT B. ROOSEVELT. Secretary Committee for Protection of the Soldiers,

General Dodge suggested that the letter be received and filed. Captain Howell seconded the motion.

"We have invited all the witnesses to tell everything they know," he said, "and we have made and are making every honest effort to get witnesses and to get the truth from them. I do not see that Mr. Roosevelt's letter deserves any answer. I am ready to stand on the record of the commission when the commission has made a record. I do not need Mr. Roosevelt nor any one else to make up my mind for

The afternoon session completed the work of the commission in this city, and the members went to Boston by the midnight train.

GENERAL BUTLER.S REPORT.

Work of the Evacuation Commission Proceeding | Smoothly.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.-General M. C. Butler of South Carolina, a mem-ber of the Cuban evacuation commission, arrived here Saturday from Havana in response to a telegraphic summons from President McKinley and in the afternoon he had a two hours' consultation with the president at the White House,

He made an extended report of the terms upon which the Spaniards had agreed to complete the evacuation by January 1.

General Butler gave it as his opinion that all the Spanish troops will have departed ten days before the date fixed in the agreement.

He says that the Spaniards met the American commissioners with reasonable fairness, and that there has been little friction.

In addition to his report upon the actual work of the committee, General Butler gave to the president much information as to the general situation in Cuba, the ability of the Cubans for self government, the sanitary condition of Havana and the general results of his observations during his stay there.

He thinks that the military government of the island must be continued for some time, but that it should only be as vigorous as may be necessary to preserve order. If military control is exercised with discretion, he believes there will be little trouble.

General Butler describes Havana now as a pest hole, filled with filth and destitution. The Spanish authorities have agreed to inaugurate the work of putting the city in a sanitary condition, with the aid of the American authorities, and the work to this end is to be-

The general paid a high tribpute to the discipline and uncomplaining suffering of the Spanish troops. They endured hardships, he said, which would have eaused American soldiers to re-

HOLLAND'S QUEEN TO WED.

Betrothal to Prince William of Wiede Now Practically Settled.

London, Nov. 28.-The young queen of Holland, who recently displayed her strong will by recalling a whole issue of postage stamps because her portrait on them made her look too girlish, is again showing her spirit in the question of her betrethal to Prince William of Weide, an officer in the German army, which has been practically settled upon.

official announcement of the betrothal has been kept back on account of certain difficulties in tht protocol, the question being whether the prince should be invested with the rights and peregatives of prince consort or retain his present rank.

Unless the former plan is adopted neither the laws of Holland nor the foreign courts will recognize him as a member of the Dutch royal family. The Weide family insist upon the title of prince consort, but Queen Wilhelmina demands that Queen Victoria's precedent be followed and that the title of prince consort be not conferred until eighteen months after the mar-

riage. It is expected, however, that the difficulty will be overcome before long. The wedding has already been fixed to take place at The Hague next spring.

Hobson Will Return to Annapolis. Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.-Naval Constructor Hobson arrived at Washington yesterday from Norfolk and came directly to the navy department. He has just returned from his trip on the Vulcan to Cat island, the scene of the casting away of the Infanta Maria

He brought with him the report of Captain McCalla, who was in charge of the expedition sent on the Vulcan to endeavor to save the vessel. The report is merely an elaboration of the history of the journey and its results already contained in the telegraph report to the department and where it touches upon the present condition of the Teresa makes the wreck appear even more hopeless than Captain Mc-

Calla's telegram. This statement was strongly reinforced by Constructor Hobson's verbal report to Acting Secretary Allen.

Captain McCalla will resume his duties as captain of the Norfolk may Constructor Hobson will go to An-

napolis to take up the direction of his course in naval architecture. He was desirous of returning to Santiago and endeavoring to raise the Colon, but the department had made other rangements that made this impractica-

British Selze An Ioland

London, Nov. 28 .- According to a dispatch from Shanghai to a news agency published here yesterday afternoon, the British admiral has hoisted the union tack over Pinghal, capital of the island of Chusan, and over several other islands in the Chusan arch-

Sent from Madrid.

WILL MAKE NO PROTEST A LARGER STANDING ARMY

Paris Advices Say That American Demand Will be Met To-day. After the Peace Convention Commercial Treaties to be Arranged. Peace Commission Says Open

Door Does Not Mean Free Trade.

Madrid, Nov. 28 .- The Imparcial says 'the Spanish government thought that after the signing of the peace treaty friendly relations between the United States and Spain would be resumed, and the government would negotiate directly on matters of secondary importance.

"But the last note of the United States requests that the Paris commissioners be empowered to arrange a revision of the treaties of commerce and a special treaty for the Philippines, as well as settle other questions. The Spanish cabinet is obliged to accede to the request, and therefore several additional sessions of the commission will be necessary after to-day's session.

"Instructions were sent to Senor Montero Rios ordering him again to insist that the absolute rights of Spain in the Philippines should be maintained in accordance with the very clear text of article 3 of the protocol. However the government declares that Senor Montero Rios will sign the peace treaty without reserve, as its signature under protest will deprive the treaty of a definite character and leave matters as bad as they are now, and we have ministerial authority for saying that the government desires the specdiest settlement of these matters, as otherwise they may result in grave dangers to Spain."

Spain Will Not Ask More Times . W Paris, Nov. 28 .- Spain will not ask for time beyond to-day. She will then meet the Americans and make a conclusive reply.

Speculation continues rife here as to the acceptance or refusal of the American terms, but a majority of those who are in any degree able to judge believe that Spain will yield, and the American commissioners expect that a treaty will be signed.

Regarding the discussion of the so-called "open door" policy in the Philippines, the American peace commissioners understand that it does not mean free trade nor even low duties, but that the Philippines, whatever the tariff rates, shall be open to all trade on equal terms.

The Philippine islands will be expected to yield sufficient revenue to meet the expenses of its own administration, and a large schedule of dutiable goods may be established, or only a few may be taxed.

This constitutes a question, but an immaterial one. Another and a more important question will be solved favorably to other nations. Thus, the ships of all nations will be permitted to engage in commerce throughout the archipelago. This is in contradistinction of the United States' interdict of coast trade in foreign bottoms, which may possibly extend also to Cuba and Porto Rico. The advantage to the United States in the Philippines' coasting trade lies in the fact that American goods will only have one ocean to cross, while the goods of other nations must cross two oceans.

Don Carlos Has Money and Men.

London, Nov. 28.-An English Carlist positively asserts that Don Carlos's ar my will take the field in Spain soon after the treaty of peace is signed.

He declares that a loan has been fully financed, and that it is divided equally between France and England. and he adds that after the English capitalists were shown the evidences on which Don Carlos's chances of success are based they offered several times the amount asked.

Finally, the English Carlist asserts, much more money would have been secured had it not been for the fact that Don Carlos stipulated that there should be no assistance from Jews, as he is apprehensive of their obtaining financial control of the monarchy.

Continuing, it was asserted that the Spanish government has known for some time that Don Carlos possessed an army, organized into battalions and batteries, officered and largely armed. But the Spanish ministers counted on his failure to secure funds. Therefore, the Spanish government is said to be panic stricken and to be endeavoring to make the Spaniards believe that Great Britain has agred to finance Don Carlos and that he in return has undertaken to cede the Canary islands to Great Britain in the event of success.

New Justice for Santiago.

Santiago de Cuba, Nov. 28.-General Wood has appointed Senor Eudaldo Tamayo chief justice of the supreme court, and Senores Jose Berela and M. de J. Mandulay associate justices. The chief justice will receive a sal-

ary of \$3,500 a year and each of the associate justices a salary of \$3,000. These are about half the salaries paid to the chief justice and associate justices in the Spanish regime, but owing to the fact that the officials now receive full pay instead of, as before, being paid less than half their sala ries, the positions are now really worth more than they were under the

Spanish sovereignty.

The men appointed are well known Cubans who have been connected for years with the Bar Association of Santiago and have held many important positions and their appointment apparently gives satisfaction to all classes of inhabitants.

Ordered to Cuba.

Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 28 .- The 4th Tennessee regiment, Col. Gtorge Le-The orders came by telegraph yester-

The regiment will proceed to the province of Santa Clara, which may mean the capital city, Santa Clara, Clenfuegos or Trinidad. Brigadler General Snyder and staff will go with the regiment.

to Be Enforced.

Dhairman Hull of the House Committee on Military Affairs Says a Bill Will be Introduced During Fisrt Days of Coming Session for Increase in Size of Army.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.-Chairnan Hull of the House committee on military affairs was at the war department Saturday in consultation with Secretary Alger, General Corbin and others in regard to legislation affecting the army. Congressman Hull stated that he has

the draft of a bill for the increase of the regular army practically completed to the House during the first two or three days of the coming session.

Several important features of the measure have yet to be settled and Mr. Hull will be in almost daily confer-ence with the war department officials until these points are decided.

A special arrangement is to be made by which the volunteers now in the service will be released as soon as possible. It is now reasonably certain that the volunteers will not be required to serve out their full two years of enistment unless they particularly desire to do so. The disintegration of the volunteer force will take place very rapidly after the passage of the bill for the increase of the standing army.

"If my plans are not disarranged," said Chairman Hull, the law increasing the size of the regular army will be adopted by December 25, so that it can go into effect before the holidays. We have already mapped out the main features, but there are some matters yet to be settled. The bill, however, will be completed and presented without delay and will be pushed with vigor. I hope that the department will be able to begin recruiting during Christmas week. As fast as new regi-ments are organized they will be detailed to take the places of volunteer regiments. The change will go on regiment by regiment, until all the volunteers are mustered out; or as many as care to retire from the military service. Although there is less talk in the press nowadays about mustering out the volunteers, I know that the feeling among the men is just as strong as before. They want to get out. The people of New York state are particularly anxious that the two Iowa regiments still in the field be releasel. They believe that they enlisted to serve merely during the war and now that hostilities have ceased this duty should be performed by men who are profes-

sional soldiers. It is very probable that the regular army will be larger than had been contemplated.

"There is a disposition in official circles," said Chairman Hull, "to place the maximum strength in times of peace at 125,000, instead of 100,000, which is the size that most people appear to have agreed on some time ago. New evidences are developing every day that we will have need of a large armed force, and in all probability 125,000 men will not be any too

many. Mr. Hull says that provision will be made in the law, authorizing the president to enlist natives in Porto Rico

and the Philippines. "Of course the number of these men to be taken into the army," he said, "will be limited and will be left diswith the president.

Chairman Hull says that he does not believe it will be nothible for Congress to pass any legislation establishing a ederal national reserve.

"The National Guard organizations of the various states," he said, "are so jealous of their own existence that they will oppose and defeat of possible any bill of this sort. I am in favor of a national reserve organization, to be formed on the same general lines of the regular army, but I will not have time to devote to this matter. bill for the support of the regular army will not treat of this matter, which will come up, if it is brought forward at all, in a measure introduced from

the committee on militia." Vehy slow progress is being made by the war department in getting off the troops detailed some days age for duty in Cuba. On Wednesday of this week a brigade of troops now at Augusta was ordered to be sent to Savannah and reach Havana not later than De-

At the present time there is only one transport at Savannah, the Chester, and she is scheduled to take the Fifteenth United States infantry to Nue-

vitas. The Manifoba yesterday left Newport News for Savannah, and she is the only army transport on route to

Most of the army ships are either laid up for repairs or are not available for duty in connection with the recently ordered movement to Cuba.

People's Bank to Pay Up.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 28.-Thomas W. Barlow, receiver of the People's Bank, has informed the depositors of that institution that the femaining ten per cent. due them will be paid on and after December 5, 1898. This payment will close every un-

contested claim against the bank, including the deposits of the city and state. The People's Bank closed its doors

on March 25, after the cashier, John S. Hopkins, had committed suicide. It is charged that Senator Quay was mixed up in the failure.

When the bank closed its doors the liabilities were about \$1,500,000, while

the assets were less than a million dol-At the time of the surpension Prestdent McManes pledged himself to pay the depositors dollar for dollar.

Germany After Anarchists. Berlin, Nov. 28.-The North German Gazette says that it learns that all the German federal governments have adopted a uniform system for watching Anarchists, and that a central in-

telligence department with that object

in view, is to be established in this

The Streets Singular

SPAIN WILL SIGN NOW REGULARS FOR SERVICE QUAY'S CASE IN COURT HAVOG OF THE STORM

Instructions Said to Have Been | Volunteer Term of Enlistment not | His Counsel Demurs to Four of the Indictments. .

MOVES TO QUASH THE FIFTH

Court Listens to the Arguments and the Reply of the District Attorney, and Then Takes Papers Under Advisement. Failure to Charge Any Unlawful Act

Philadelphia, Nov. 29.-The case of Senator Quay and others, charged with conspiracy in the misuse of the money of the state on deposit in the People's Bank, came up yesterday in the court of quarter sessions, Judge Finletter presiding. The defendants, who are Senator M.

S. Quay, his son, Richard R. Quay, and Benjamin J. Haywood, ex-state treasurer, were not in court, their interests being looked after by Attorneys Rufus E. Shapley and A. S. L.

Immediately upon the opening of the court Attorney Shapley filed de-murrers to four of the five indictments found against the defendants by grand jury, and filed a motion to quash the fifth indictment.

Argument of this demurrers was general may the objections to the inon contentions of secifications, complete flure to charge any unlawful act and a absence of allegation that the defendarts unit wfully obtained any money either from the bank or from any other source.

If the defendants did, as the indictments charge, purchase stocks and bonds through Cashier Hopkins as agent, Mr. Shapley claimed that unlawful act had been committed. He claimed that the banks every day act as purchasers for their depositors or customers.

Regarding the allegations respecting the use of state moneys, he argued that all moneys deposited in a bank go in the general fund of the bank, and that therefore the indictments are defective in charging misuse of state funds obtained from the People's Bank whereupon, if any money was obtained from the bank it was funds of the People's Bank and not state funds. Furthermore, these state funds were deposited in the bank by various state treasurers in full authority of law.

On conclusion of the arguments and the reply of District Attorney Graham the court took the papers under ad-

PRINTING GOVERNMENT STAMPS

Interesting Figures from the Report of Director Johnson.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 29.-Claude M. Johnson, director of the bureau of engraving and printing, in his annual report, says that during the year there were 92,979,47 sheets of stamps and government securities printed and delivered at a cost of \$1,570,598.

This sum, however, includes \$12,590 increase of stock, \$30,000 paid for machinery and \$6,416 paid to outside em-

Deducting these extra amounts the cost per one thousand sheets this year was forty-seven cents less than last, making a total saving of \$43,700. The average number of sheets han-

dled by each employe was 57,290, which is the best record ever made by the bureau and an increase of 56 per cent. over the year 1893. A remark

the bureau in supplying adhesive stamps to the internal revenue bureau. In seventeep days after the passage the act the bureau had delivered 185,390,926 stemps. This work was done in addition to

and in connection with the new bond issue, and in addition to supplying increased demands for United States notes, silver certificates and treasury notes, as well as the issue of a new series of postage stamps for the Omaha Trans-Mississippi exposition.

The director recommends that the appropriation for printing postage stamps be made direct to the bureau, and so settle the point that the government and not private establishments shall do this work.

Breakdown on the Buffalo.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 29 .- The navy department has made public the report of the court of inquiry of which Commander John McGowan was president, appointed to investigate and determine the responsibility for the breakdown of the machinery of the cruiser Buffalo when only a few days out from New York on her way to join Rear Admiral Dewey's fleet in the

The report found that the accidents were due to neglect and incompetency on the part of the engineers of ship, and recommended that Chief Engineer Frederick C. Bieg be reprimanded, and that Assistant Engineers Frederick J. Simmonds, William H. MacKay and Thomas Rodgers, who have only temporary appointments, be discharged from the service.

Assistant Secretary Allen modified the findings so far as to retain the three assistants in the service, but transferred them to other duty.

Oregon Sheep Snowbound.

Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 29.-Thousands of sheep are imprisoned in the mountains near Pendleton, Oregon. feet of snow has fallen in the foothills and the sheep cannot get through it to the valleys below.

This situation results from the fact that the sheep men have kept their sheep on the mountain ranges as long as possible on account of the dryness and lack of grass outside.

Unless chinook winds blow and melt the snow, sheep men will be unable to bring their sheep out without heavy

Elevator Incorporation.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 29.—The Otis-Elevator Company has filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of The capital stock is \$11,009,000. of which \$4,500,006 is preferred. The e of the incorporators were

Railroads Blocked, Ships Ashere, Life and Property Destroyed.

ATLANTIC COAST SUFFERS

The Storm of Saturday Beats the Record for November and Almost Equals the Great Blizzard of 1888. It Was Central Over. New York. Boston Suffers Serious

New York, Nov. 29 .- The storm which has just ended its career in this vicinity beat anything on record for the month of November in New York. so the local weather bureau reports. The bureau's advices, received from all over the country, show that this city was the southern center of the

Unofficial reports still coming in and the experience of New Yorkers bear witness to the storm's power, and a neavy aftermath to damage to property and obstruction to traffic is still being gathered,

Steam and electric railroads, telegraph and telephone companies have men at work repairing the damage caused by the ravages of the storm. The street cleaning department is making tremendous efforts to remove the snow, but it is not likely that normal conditions will be restored before

There was no general railroad blockade. Local trains and trains through from the West were still from fifteen minutes to half an hour late yesterday morning.

But the whole of Long sland is a snow drift, and trains are not yet running on anything like schedule time. The Long Island trolleys simply proved snares, and passengers on them were compelled to walk long distances

in the spow. The New Jersey surface railroads' were affected similarly, though not to the same extent.

The telegraph wires are down all over Long Island and the New England wires are crippled. No wires are working east of Boston

and the Western Union wire to Sandy Hook is disabled. The railway mail service of this district has been seriously hampered by the storm, and incoming mails arrived at the general postoffice from two to 24 hours late.

Local Forecaster Emery says: "The storm has been attended by heavy snows in the Middle Atlantic and New England states, and dangerous onshore winds shifting to the northwest. The highest velocity was reported in New York; Boston reported 60 miles, Eastport 56, Block Island 60, and Sandy Hook 60.

credited with the heaviest snow fall, 9.7 inches, equal to .97 inches of rain. The fall in Philadelphia was nine inches and in Boston 8 1-2 inches. fact that only a little over an inch fell in Albany shows easily that the storm was not at its fiercest inland."

"Barring Portland, New York is also

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 29.-The state of Connecticut is digging itself out of the worst snow storm that has visited it since the often recalled blizzard of 1888.

Railroads are blocked, trolley lines are buried in big snow drifts and the various departments in the cities are trying as best they can to clear the streets.

One of the greatest difficulties that are confronting the city departments and the street railways is the dearth of men to shovel snow,

Boston, Mass., Nov. 29.—The New England coast, so far as could be reached by wire yesterday afternoon, is strewn with wrecks, and it is probable that more than a score of lives have been lost. There are thirty vessels ashore on

the islands in and about Boston har-It is estimated that it will cost the city of Boston \$100,000 and the Boston Elevated Railroad Company nearly as

much to clear the streets and tracks of snow. So far as damage to property in the city goes, it was not very extensive, although the loss of four great elms uprooted on the common in front of the

that spot. Tarrytown, Nov. 29.-All river men are unanimous in saying that the storm that struck this section on Saturday night is the worst since the bliz-

state house will mar the beauty of

zard of 1888. The river front is strewn with wreck. age, and many canal boats, barges and

schooners are ashore,

Twenty-five Wrecks.

New York, Nov. 29.—Tardy reports from Long Island coast towns indicate, better than anything else, the severity of the storm. It is feared that many lives have been lost.

Giant waves swept into the bays near Northport, where vessels had taken refuge, and slammed the unfortunate craft ashore, where they lie, some of them wrecked beyond repair and others dismantled and battered.

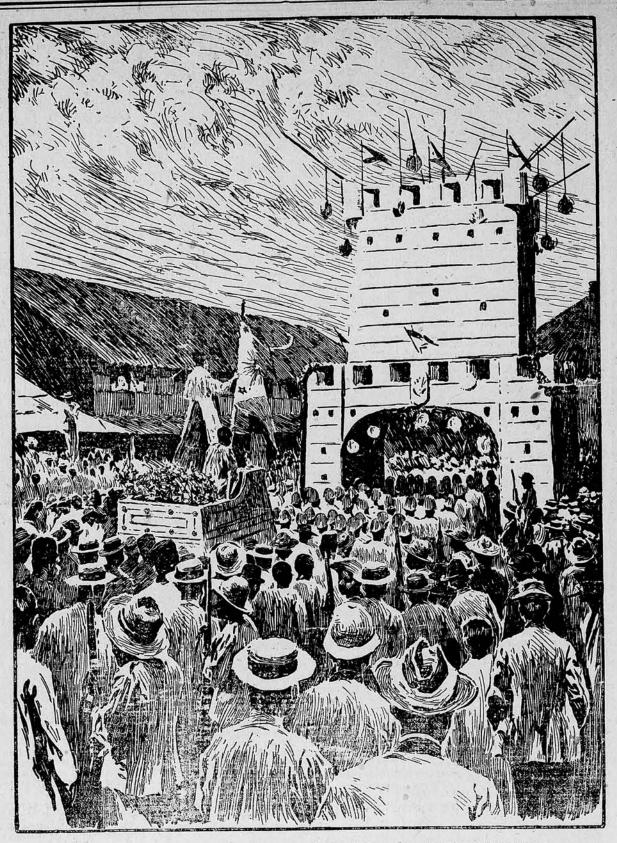
Not a vessel remained afloat in the harbor of Northport, and twenty-five wrecks line the beach near that place. It is thought that two score wrecks will be found on the Long Island shore.

To complete the scene of desolation all the wharves, pavilions and boat houses are twisted into grotesque and curious shapes, their huge timbers being sent high on the beach, some stuck on end, firmly imbedded in the sand. Iron rods, which clamped the framework, were twisted and broken short

At Northport the "oldest inhabitant" has to think for some time to remember when such a scene as Saturday's storm has been witnessed before in that vicinity. He will, however, say at once, that

the famous blizzard of 1888 could not compare with this in the frightful velocity of the wind, although more snow

back to 1851, that being the record high tide year in the memory of the oldest Seherman along the shore.



TRIUMPHAL PARADE OF INSURGENTS IN MANILA. FROM HARPER'S WEEKLY AFTER A DRAWING BY T. DE THULSTRUP. Reproduced from Harper's Weekly. By Permission Copyright, 1898, by Harper & Brothers . *

A characteristic of, these islanders is

The Insurgents in the Philippines.

Aguinaldo and his insurgent followers have presented fully as picturesque a picture in our difficulties with Spain, as Gomez and his Cuban army of ragged, half-starved natives.

It is, at the present time, practically impossible to estimate how many thousand there are in the Philippines, and especially those under arms around Manila. This unknown insurgent may have a hundred men in his company one day, and the next day finds himself commanding but fifty men, the rest having gone over to another captain, presumably one more to their

There was No Error in

the Willis Case.

their peculiar freedom of spirit. An duced from HARPER'S WEEKLY, and apparently peaceful native may be tilling his fields one day, surrounded with | gents in Manila. An arch of triumph, the implements of domesticity, and the next finds him shouldering a musket, which, by the way, he doubtless obtained from the Spanish soldiers, and elbowing his way through a crowd of similar chattering natives possessed of surgent flag, and is drawn along by a momentary war-like spirit. If the natives. army is a much mixed-up affair. It is United States acquires the Philippines, officered, that is true enough, but the it will probably find another problem discipline is something of a very laugh- to solve—that of establishing peace able nature. For instance, a captain and industrial habits among these insurgents. Perhaps, however, the good. example set by many of the insurgents independence; but this feeling, who have retired to their farms and rice-planting, to await another period of war, will inspire the majority to go and do likewise.

Supreme Court Finds That Bids for Danbury's new Building Filed With Architect

BRIDGEPORT, Nov. 30.—The supreme court of errors held a session in New Haven, yesterday afternoon and hauled down several decisions.

The most important decision to this part of the state is that in the case of | All work except fireproofing the state against Benjamin R. Willis, who is under sentence of death at the state prison for the murder of David S. R. Lambert in Wilton.

The court finds no error and the sentence of the lower court stands.

Willis was to have been hung Nov. 4, but a reprieve until Dec. 20, was granted by Gov. Cooke, to permit the supreme court to pass upon the case.

Counsel for Willis claimed that the superior court erred in admitting as evidence a confession from Willis, which it was claimed was obtained by holding out inducements to him. "The finding of the supreme court is against the claim and Willis must hang unless the board of pardons intervenes.

Mrs. John J. Shea and daughter, Miss Margaret, have returned from Worcester, where they went to attend the wedding of contractor John J. Shea and Miss Minnie Leary. Mr. Shea and wife have gone west on a wedding tour and on their return will be at home after Dec. 15, at Elmcrest Terrace, Norwalk.

Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Buttery and daughter, who have been the guests of Mrs. Sarah Holt, Winnipauk, returned to their home in Waterloo, N. Y., Sat-

Briggs in Bridgeport.

The bids for the construction of the new county court house in Danbury, were opened at the office of Architect W. R. Briggs in Bridgeport yesterday, and are as follows:

D'ESOPO BROS., HARTFORD. and tiling.....\$33,000 With fireproofing and tiling.... 35,649

TRACY BROS., WATERBURY. All work except fireproofing \$36,300 With fireproofing...... 37,678 NORWALK BUILDING CO., NORWALK. All work except fireproofing and

With fireproofing and tiling.... 38,899 CASEY & HURLEY, BRIDGEPORT.

All work except fireproofing and tiling.....\$36,541 With fireproofing and tiling 39,190

C. C. CROSSLEY, DANBURY. Building complete.....\$39,600 J. L. BUNNELL, DANBURY.

All work except fireproofing and tiling......\$37,713 60 With fireproofing and tiling .. 40,362.60 DOWLING & BOTTOMLY, BRIDGEPORT. All work except fireproofing and

tiling......\$39,325 With fireproofing and tiling.... 41,974 FOSTER BROS., DANBURY. Building complete..........\$43,118

NORCROSS BROS., WORCESTER, MASS.

Building complete......\$44,245 Constable Goodwin has placed an attachment on the property of the Osborn estate, Samuel and W. E. Osborn being named in the complaint, sworn out to recover on the part of the Fairfield County National bank on a note. The

THERE WERE TEN SIGNERS

Our picture, which to-day is repro-

shows a triumphal procession insur-

characteristically decorated looms up

prominently in the background. The

genius of liberty, represented by a

beautiful native woman, stands on a

float filled with flowers holding an in-

These processions show that the

insurgents are beginning to realize

what the downfall of Spanish power

means to them, and in the first flush of

victory probably wish to assert their

which even now is rapidly dying away,

will be dissolved entirely when they

begin to appreciate the good offices of

the United States government.

A Hearing Will Probably be Had Sometime in January.

On November 15th last, John Kirsch applied to the County Commissioners for a license to sell liquor in the store on Belden avenue in the brick structure known as the Hands building.

The application was published in the GAZETTE on the above date, and on November 16th, Rev. F. A. Scofield addressed a communication to the commissioners, and enclosed a remonstrance against granting a license to Kirsch.

The remonstrance recited the facts and was signed by the following objectors:

REV. F. A. SCOFIELD, CHARLES W. HOYT, JAMES J. SCOFIELD, J. H. BUCKLEY & SON, ISAAC BENTLEY, MRS. H. F. BENNETT, MISS M. E. BROTHERTON, MRS. ARAMINTA WORKMAN, MISS MAUD WORKMAN, REV. J. McClure Bellows.

This acted as a bar to the granting of a license, and the County Commissioners will set a date for sometime in January when the above remonstrants will be given an opportunity to appear in person and state their objections to the granting of a license to the appli-

Mrs. George A. Bell and daughter, have returned to their home in Providence, R. I., after a few days visit with writ calls for an attachment in amount, Mr. and Mrs. Jarvis Kellogg of Center

When winter jumped suddenly down ipon Norwalk, on Saturday, he gave the town a taste of his quality that will be long remembered. There resulted the severest and heaviest snowstorm that has visited Norwalk since the memorable storm of March 12, 1888, known in history as the blizzard.

The storm of Saturday and Sunday did not equal the 88 blizzard in point of severity, but it was sufficient to last another ten years.

The storm was widespread in its effects. Its fury was vented upon the territory between Washington and Boston and as far west as Pittsburg. South of Washington it was comparatively light. The telegraph companies suffered considerably, and the Postal company had the only line through to New York.

In Boston the storm was unusually severe, dispatches from Boston reporting the sinking of thirty barges in Boston harbor and the attendant loss of twelve

The trains on the Consolidated were stalled all along the line and traffic was entirely suspended. Both trolley lines in Norwalk were stopped and no cars were run over either route on Sunday. The big sweeper of the Street Railway company was stalled in an attempt to reach South Norwalk and efforts to reach that city were abandoned.

The biggest drift on the Consolidated road was near Greens Farms. - It was more than twenty feet high and extended nearly a quarter of a mile. Twenty engines were sent from New Haven during the day to tackle the drift, but were unable to get through.

Both in this city and South Norwalk the streets were blocked by drifts ranging from ten to twenty feet in height. Near the Mahackemo hotel a drift fully fifteen feet in height prevented passing of pedestrians. On the east side of Washington street, the snow was piled up nearly as high as the windows of the first stories of the buildings. The large glass front in the Chinese laundry in the Decker building was blown in by the terrific

The north side of Wall street was completely blocked by huge piles of snow. From the river as far west as River street drifts from ten to fifteen feet in height were met.

Street commissioner Bates had teams working all day digging out the streets and dumping the snow into the river.

Main street was about in the same condition, as were nearly all the streets about the city.

Milkmen were obliged to make their rounds on foot, Sunday morning, and a large number of their customers, living in remote districts, failed to receive their usual Sunday supply.

The New York Sunday newspapers reached town, but the newsdealers were unable to deliver them to their customers. Most of the dealers kept their stores open all day, so as to give those who cared to brave the storm, a chance to obtain their Sunday reading.

In consequence of the stalling of trains on the Consolidated, no mails were received, and the post ffice was closed early. Very few attempted to attend church and the services were of short duration.

During the storm Saturday night a large Sound steamer anchored just off Chimmons, Island where she remained all day Sundny sheeted from the wind She was thought by many to be the City of Fall River, which had not been reported since leaving New York Saturday night.

The terrific wind that accompanied the storm tore the limbs from trees all about town, and the streets and dooryards were filled with broken branches. Signs and window glass also suffered, and several windows were

In the harbor but slight damage was done, all of the steamboat's freighters making no attempt to weather the gale. One or two sailboats were set adrift and one was capsized at South Norwalk, but no material damage resulted. Taken all in all Norwalk escaped the '98 blizzard with very little loss.

NOTES.

At the South Norwalk Methodist church, Sunday morning, Mrs. A. S. Kavanaugh and the sexton, James Hara were the only attendants at

Edward L. Hoyt, of the firm of A. H. Hoyt & Son, suffered a severe wound to his right wrist, Sunday, which he no doubt partially accredits to the storm. In attempting to open the door of his store he broke a pane of glass. He fixed the same up for temporary use with boards. In going out he pulled the door forward with the result that a section of the glass fell, and striking his right wrist caused an ugly wound which was later dressed by Dr. Walter Hitchcock. Mr. Hoyt is at the store to-day apparently none the worse of

At St. Mary's and St Joseph's R. C. churches Sunday morning, the usual Mass services were celebrated with a few attendants.

A large section of the slating on the St. Mary's church spire was blown off and several of the slates landed in the dooryard of Dr. W. J. Tracey on the opposite side of the street.

There was no service in the Norwalk Methodist church, Sunday morning. In the evening, however, a small congregation of men assembled, and Rev. Mr. Scofield preached on "The Son of

At St. Paul's church, Sunday morning, the Rev. S. B. Pond officiated. The only worshippers present were the organist, Edward Simms, St. John Merrill, the parish clerk, and H. H. Williams, the sexton, who occupied the front pew. The service was the same as usual, but without music or

Two large elm trees one located at the Tallmadge Baker residence on West street, and the other on the M. M. Norton place near by, were up-rooted by the gale.

Thomas Shaunnessy, of Greens Farms, had a very narrow escape from being frozen to death during Saturday night's blizzard. He was returning home from Bridgeport with a load of feed and grain, and when driving through Fairfield he began to feel cold, but thought he would be able to reach home in safety. When passing the Congregational church in Southport he was so overcome with the cold that he fell from the wagon into a snowdrift and lay unseen for over an hour, when he was found by John Woodward. Mr. Woodward, with the aid of assistants, carried him to a nearby house where he regained consciousness and was taken home on the train. The team was found by Ollie Jennings in Greens Farms about 10 o'clock. Mr. Jennings took the horses into his barn and kept them until Monday, when they were relephone No. 77-4. called for by Mr. Shaunnessy.

At 5:30 o'clock, Monday morning, the home of John Sinnels in Ox Ridge was totally destroyed by fire with its con-

The blaze was plainly seen, but the deep snow prevented neighbors from rendering assistance.

The family, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Sinnels and their two sons and daughters, were awakened by the lives out into the snow and cold, clad only in their night clothes.

When first discovered the fire was confined to the kitchen, but the flames spread rapidly and soon consumed the entire building together with its con-

The house was owned by B. J. Waterbury, of Darien, and was unin-

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man Union Avenue, north of Union Cemtery Norwalk, Conn. Dealer in green House Hot House and Bedding and Vegetable Plants, Fruit and Ornamental Trees Shubbery, Vines, Cut Flowers, always on hand, and all sorts of designs in flowers arranged to order.

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