



AN ITALIAN STABBED!

JOE CARAVOLO KNIFED BY AN UNKNOWN ASSAILANT IN A ROW OVER A WOMAN.

BRIDGEPORT, Feb. 24.—Shortly after midnight this morning the police patrol wagon was called to Mulloy's Lane where it was reported that several Italians were engaged in a bloody conflict. The news quickly spread that one of the number had been murdered.

When the wagon reached Washington avenue and Main street, an officer was found there who had two men Joe Caravolo, the man who was stabbed, and another Italian who gave the name of Raphael Deposoto and who claimed to be the proprietor of the saloon on the corner of Mulloy's Lane and Main street.

Deposoto, it was claimed, knew of the fracas. When brought to the station house it was found that Caravolo had two stab wounds, one on the left shoulder blade, the other about the fifth rib, neither of them serious. He could not tell the name of his assailant, but claims he lived in the Lane and was an old junk dealer.

Deposoto's story was to the effect that he had closed his saloon a little after 11:30 p. m. and had started for bed when a knock came at the saloon door. He asked who it was, and some one asked to be let in, claiming that: "They want to murder me." Deposoto opened the door and Caravolo entered. He told Deposoto that he was passing through the Lane when two men engaged in an altercation, attracted his attention. He saw they were coming

to blows and went over to intercede when he was stabbed.

Officer Corrigan has a pretty clear understanding of Italian and he succeeded in wheedling out of Deposoto that the trouble was over some female who was mixed up in the row and in a far off way some baker was mentioned in connection with the row. When asked who the woman was, Deposoto said: "That is my business."

Caravolo accompanied Officer Fisher to the steamboat dock to head the assailing off, if he started that way.

Officer Burke covered the Lane, but failed to find the assailant. Some of the inhabitants there claim he had started for the quarry back of Brooklawn and a search was instigated there. Deposoto accompanied Officer Corrigan for the purpose of indentifying the assailant if found. Although he claims not to have known the man's name and neither did he see the fracas, he said he was able to identify the man if found.

Caravolo, the man stabbed, resides at the corner of Lexington and Washington avenues in the building owned it is said, by the widow of William Delaney.

Officer Fisher and Caravolo covered the steamboat dock until 2:10 a. m., when the Nutmeg State sailed for New York, but the assailant did not attempt to leave by the boat. They returned to headquarters and Caravolo was taken

to Dr. Osborn, who made an examination and declared that the wounds were trivial. Caravolo was locked up in a cell to be held as a witness.

Shortly after 3 o'clock this morning Giovanni Sennelli another man said to have been implicated in the row was arrested at his home in Mulloy's Lane. He had a slight cut on the elbow. He told another story of the affair and said the row started at 11:45 over a game of cards in the house, 16 Mulloy's Lane. He was held as a witness. The police say they have the name of the man who stabbed Caravolo, but refuse to divulge it. It is thought that other parties were also engaged in the fracas and more arrests are likely to be made soon.

BONDSMEN SUED.

Suit Brought Against Bridgeporters By Westport Probate Court.

JOHN GOODSSELL ESTATE.

Notes to the Amount of \$2,392 Have Not Been Found.

BRIDGEPORT Feb. 24.—Sheriff Doolan yesterday attached the estates of Samuel S. Hunter, Mary L. Hunter, Zalmon Goodsell and Patrick Coughlin for the joint amount of \$5,000. The plaintiff is the state of Connecticut, and the paper of complaint says that March 13, 1886, one John Goodsell, of Westport died, leaving a will wherein Rowland B. Lacey was nominated for executor and trustee. Mr. Lacey accepted the appointment and gave bonds, the above named persons being his sureties.

During the process of the settlement of the estate, Mr. Lacey lodged with the court a further bond of \$10,000 for the faithful performance of his duties. This was February 28, 1894. That day he charged himself with a trust fund amounting to \$5,753.44. Since that date he has not rendered any account as executor or trustee. He did, however, pay to the beneficiaries of the trust, under the provision of the will the sum of \$236.09, Nov. 9, 1895 which reduced the principal of the trust fund to \$5,715.80.

Trustee Lacey died March 31, 1898, and David S. Lacey was appointed his executor.

July 3, David S. Lacey, as executor, rendered an account on the Goodsell estate, charging Rowland B. Lacey with \$1,047.08, as income received up to Dec. 10, 1896, and also crediting him with \$1,047.08 as income paid to the beneficiaries, showing the principal of said fund to be \$5,367.88, presented by notes against M. L. Hunter, Eli L. Goodsell and Herman B. Goodsell.

July 19, 1897, Benjamin F. Squire, of Monroe, was appointed trustee in place of David S. Lacey. Mr. Lacey turned over to him notes of the Hunters and Goodsell amounting to \$3,083.42. He also gave him a note of no actual value, amounting to \$1,600. There is now due the estate \$2,392.96, with interest.

The Probate court of Westport brings the suit to recover, through Judge George P. Carroll.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know that one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, and all diseases of the throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on Druggist, John A. Riggs, 11 Main street, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c. and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

OXLEY WILL CONFESS.

A Great Sensation Promised in the Nancy Guilford Case.

SILENT LONG ENOUGH.

Will No Longer Shield Prominent People at His Own Expense.

Will Harry Oxley, the Southington young man who is alleged to have been implicated in the Emma Gill case, tell what he knows? If reports are true he will. A special despatch to the New Haven Leader which may or may not be a correct view of the situation, sent from this city says:

"Harry Oxley of Southington, the young man who furnished Emma Gill with money to procure Dr. Nancy Guilford's services, was here yesterday. Last fall when arrested he refused to implicate others supposed to be connected with the case. It is understood that to-day he is disposed to tell what he knows of the case. It should not be inferred that Oxley has at any time sought to shield those responsible for Emma Gill's death, his reticence pertaining to the Southington end of the story. There it is known that Emma Gill had relations with more than one young man, and that behind Oxley were men—married as well as single—who are believed to be as much, if not more, implicated than Oxley.

"It is understood that Oxley is now not so strongly disposed to shield them at his own expense and that when he goes on the stand Southington

will have another sensation. In addition, it is not improbable that a New Haven physician will be implicated in the case and that Harry Gill, the father of Emma Gill, may have his one desire gratified. That desire is that the one who dismembered Emma Gill's body, whether Dr. Nancy Guilford or someone else, may have to suffer for the crime.

"In connection with the tragic death of Emma Gill comes the story that her death means that of her mother, Mrs. Gill, having never since the terrible revelations of last September, been a well woman. To-day she is at death's door, her condition being such that she will never have to go on the witness stand. A cancerous trouble, aggravated greatly by worry, because of her daughter's untimely end, absolves her from having to stand the ordeal of giving testimony against the character of her daughter.

"A large number of witnesses will be served with summons Saturday. Among them will be Harry Foster, the yeast agent and Emma Gill's lover, who was first arrested for the crime, who was speedily acquitted."

A despatch from Southington says that Detectives Arnold and Cronan were there Wednesday and visited the home of Emma Gill's parents, requested and obtained an interview with Emma Gill's sister, Clara. They then called on Lillian Katzung, who was Emma Gill's most intimate friend, and whom it has all along been thought knew a great deal about the case.

If the police here have learned anything new in regard to the case, they are keeping it very quiet and are as mysterious in their movements as they were in the few weeks following the discovery of the unfortunate girl's dismembered remains in Yellow Mill pond last September. But it may be that they have not been so discreet in the presence of people from outside places.

THE WHEEL CONTEST.

Hope Hose Captures Fourth Place and Pioneer Enters New Candidate.

In the contest for Chief Prowitt's Rambler wheel to-day, Hope Hose's candidate takes a jump into fourth place, while the Pioneers enter a new candidate in the person of their popular captain, Charles M. Smith. As all ballots printed this month must be deposited by Tuesday next in order to be counted, the contest will prove most exciting.

The positions of the several candidates for Chief Prowitt's Rambler wheel have not changed to-day, but the votes of several have increased.

Irving H. Reed, Pioneer	267
J. J. Goodwin, Old Well	211
Smith Northrop, Phoenix	126
J. H. Magner, Hope Hose	103
Elbert W. Clark, Putnam Hose	57
Charles M. Smith, Pioneer	25
Geo. S. Grumman, Phoenix	15
F. W. Darmer, Old Well	9
D. Hart Weeks, Phoenix	9
H. D. Cornell, Fire Police	2
L. M. Smith, Mayflower	2
Samuel McGowan, Putnam Hose	2
D. W. Harford, Old Well	2
Chief F. M. Wheeler, E.N.F.D.	1
Patrick F. Slatery, Hope Hose	1
E. V. Baker, Old Well	1
Joseph Matheis' Pioneer	1
Harry Mitchell, Pioneer	1
Fred Weiselt	1
Leo Davis, Old Well	1
Howard L. Lowdnes, Old Well	1
Geo. F. Foote, Old Well	1

Notice.

On March 1st the ballots in the Rambler wheel contest will be dated March, and all ballots printed during February must be handed in on or before Tuesday, February 28th, else they will not be counted.

Miss Sarah Miller of High street, is entertaining Mrs. James H. Barley.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. George Geist of Roton Hill.

BOSTON STORE!

JACKETS AT HALF PRICE

A Good Jacket, \$2.98

Genuine Shawl Golf Capes,

Worth \$22.00. To close, \$14.50.

Worth \$15.00. To close, \$10.00.

DRESSING SACQUES,

To close, 67c., 77c. and 97c.

\$39.00 FUR CAPES, at \$25.00.

\$3.75 CORDUROY WAIST, to close, \$2.00.

WOOL WAISTS at Greatly Reduced Prices.

STAMFORD MURDER.

Kostos Likely to be Taken to Bridgeport on Bench Warrant.

STAMFORD, Conn. Feb. 24.—The Greek colony which was considerably wrought up by conflicting conditions on account of the murder of Theodoras Manox by a countryman, named Kostos has again resumed its normal condition, but the authorities in their search for evidence have been confronted with a lot of conflicting stories by alleged eye witnesses as well as to rumors of frequent quarrels between the men.

The consensus of opinion among the Greek people is that the murder was the outcome of a series of quarrels between the men, resulting from a rivalry in their work. Both were of an excitable and, it is said, quarrelsome disposition. While many of the Greeks are free to confess that, in their opinion, the affair was premeditated, most of the people who are acquainted with both men say that it was an ordinary quarrel that both men indulged in, and when Kostos realized he was getting the worst of it, must have been induced to draw the knife.

Coroner Doten will have an autopsy made to-day, and at its conclusion it is probable the accused will be taken to Bridgeport on a bench warrant.

The Weather.

Generally fair to-night and Saturday.

Many People Cannot Drink

coffee at night. It spoils their sleep. You can drink Grain-O when you please and sleep like a top. For Grain-O does not stimulate; it nourishes, cheers and feeds. Yet it looks and tastes like the best coffee. For nervous persons, young people and children Grain-O is the perfect drink. Made from pure grains. Get a package from your grocer to-day. Try it in place of coffee. 15 and 25c.

STAMFORD ASSOCIATION.

Business Men of That City Meet and Organize One.

Last night a business men's association was formed in Stamford; the charter membership numbered 30. Visitors from Norwalk, New Haven and Bridgeport participated. The guests arrived at Stamford about 7 o'clock and were received by an entertainment committee who escorted them to the Stamford house and from thence to the council chamber in the town hall where they were received by Mayor Bohannon.

Will Rally.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Congregational church held in the chapel last night, it was voted to entertain the other societies of the Norwalk Union on March 7. The rally which was to have been held in the South Norwalk Congregational church on February 14 will be held and the same program will be rendered. The Stamford Union will be invited.

License Attached.

An attachment was placed on the liquor license of John Gormley, a Main street saloon keeper, yesterday, by Constable Keeler, to satisfy a claim for \$400 brought through Attorney Veburgh for the Childs Brewing company. An attempt will be made to bring about a satisfactory settlement.

THE MODERN WAY

Commends itself to the well-informed to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. Made by California Fig Syrup Co.

A RAGE FOR LIVES

By W. W. WILLIAMS.

THE following narrative describes an actual occurrence on one of our railways very recently. The truth of the story is vouched for by an engineer who took a prominent part in the exciting events. It was suppressed by the officials of the road upon which it occurred. The only outward manifestation that something unusual had happened was the discharge in disgrace of a telegraph operator. Not one of the 800 or more persons, whose lives were involved and whose existence held by very attenuated threads is aware or will know, unless he reads this account, how narrowly he escaped a horrible fate in the mountains on a transcontinental road recently. The incident was as follows:

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 on this line were behind time in the mountains owing to a furious snowstorm, which had continued without ceasing for more than 24 hours, it now being near midnight. Together they carried about 800 passengers, many of whom were sleeping in seats or in berths. They were both proceeding under orders from the train dispatcher miles away, most of the freight trains on the division having been suspended on account of the heavy storm. They were rapidly approaching each other and the watchful dispatcher saw that he must make a meeting point. No. 1 had laboriously climbed the summit of the mountain with the aid of a big mogul as a pusher. As she approached the station at the summit, the dispatcher at the summit station received a dispatch for her conductor and engineer ordering them to pass No. 2 at siding No. 47, M— being the next telegraph station beyond that point. This he delivered to the conductor, taking his receipt therefor in the usual manner. The mogul had gone to the round house, it being the end of a freight division. The conductor, congratulating himself that the worst was over and that in a short time he could crawl into a warm bed at home, turning his lantern, cried: "All aboard!" and the huge train began to move down the mountain, having been preceded by a snowplow. Gradually the engineer opened the throttle and in a few moments the train was in full swing down a steep grade, steam having been shut off and the heavy train sliding down the mountain at a rapid rate.

The operator lighted his pipe, tilted back with his feet on the desk and sadly ruminated on the fact that while Thanksgiving was drawing near he was 2,000 miles from home, with a prospect of remaining there for some time at least. Suddenly he was startled by the call for his office in a hurried manner. Answering, he received this message as fast as it could come:

"No. 2 has left M— without orders. Send engine to catch No. 1 quick."

Not waiting to copy the order or to put on his hat or coat, the now frightened operator seized his lantern and dashed through the storm for the round house, which was not far away. Reaching that building, he jumped through the door and yelled at the top of his voice:

"Get that engine out and catch No. 1—No. 2 has left M— without orders!" Fortunately steam was still "up" on the mogul. Under the orders of the foreman of the round house the "hostler" was banking the fire in anticipation of some storm emergency, while the engineer and fireman were washing off preparatory to going to their homes and beds, this being their place of abode. Both seized their coats and hats and sprang on the engine with their dripping faces and hands. The operator ran for the switch while the hostler threw the big doors open. The engineer reversed the throttle, the fireman shored coal into the firebox and the big machine responded quickly by moving out across the turn table, which was still in place.

The switch was quickly reached, the engine ran out on the main track, the operator closed the switch, the engineer again reversed his throttle, threw it as wide open as he dared, gave a blast which threw a shower of sparks 50 feet high and a roar from the double-voiced whistle which echoed and re-echoed from peak to peak among the lonely mountain canyons even above the voice of the storm, starting down the mountain almost like a ball fired from a big siege gun.

The fireman rang the bell all he could in the intervals between the firing up, while the engineer, with one hand on the throttle, peered anxiously into the storm and gave frequent short, sharp blasts on the whistle in the hope of attracting the attention of the engine No. 1. The distance between the two stations is about 30 miles, and No. 1 had some minutes the start.

The problem that presented itself to the pursuing engine was, how to attract the attention of the engineer of No. 1 and induce him to stop without running into the rear of his train, still proceeding himself at a faster rate than that of No. 1. Had the track been straight, or even comparatively so, much of the difficulty of this problem would have been eliminated, but it was not. The job of getting down the mountain on easy grades had made it necessary to take a very sinuous course across deep gulches, and along mountain sides, with deep, gorges on the side of the track in some cases more than 1,000 feet deep. A rear or head-end collision in many of these places meant the destruction of nearly if not every life on the trains, for both were likely to be thrown down the great embankment, at the bottom of which was often a deep and rapid mountain torrent. While the brave engineer was revolving this complex problem in his mind No. 1 was literally sliding down the

mountain at a rapid rate, much of the time by her own immense momentum. Occasionally this was so great that the engineer was compelled to put on air to decrease it. The big rotary snowplow had lately gone down and was sidetracked in the mountains near M—, awaiting the passage of No. 2. Beyond that point the storm was light and No. 2 engine was able to clear the track.

Suddenly the fireman, who was sitting on the left side of the cab peering into the storm ahead, not much firing being required going down the mountain, exclaimed: "George, there's something coming down the mountain behind us. I heard a sharp whistle. There it goes again!" The engineer listened a moment, and said:

"Jump on top of the train and run back and tell Tom," meaning the conductor, as there was a "blind baggage" next the engine.

The fireman seized his lantern and made his way back through the storm to the front end of the "smoker." Here he dropped down onto the railing and rushed into the car. Fortunately, the conductor was right there, helping a foreigner look for his ticket, which he had lost or mislaid. The fireman quickly explained his presence to the surprised conductor. That individual's mind acted quickly. He said:

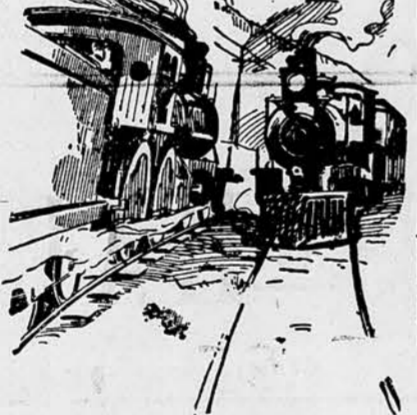
"Go back and tell George to slow up gradually, keeping a lookout at the rear. They must know we are here and will be looking for our red light. Tell him to watch the gong."

The fireman did as he was told and lost no time at it. The conductor ran to the rear of the train, told the brakeman to take the red light and prepare to get off. Asking no questions, the brakeman prepared to obey. The train in the meantime was slowing up, and as soon as possible the brakeman jumped off and started on the run back on the track, still having no instructions, which were not necessary, for he knew that his order meant that the train was about to stop on the main line and that his business was to protect it from a rear-end collision.

He had gone but a short distance when he saw the mogul come around a curve in the distance, her big headlight throwing a strong ray even through the storm, which was lessening as the foot of the mountain range was being approached. He swung his red light across the track, the conductor on No. 1 saw it, pulled the bell cord and the train came to a standstill.

Just as this happened a man hove in sight in front, frantically waving a red light. The engineer of No. 2 had heard No. 1 and the mogul coming down the mountain. He had stopped his train, the conductor had sent out red lights both in front and rear and the engineer was hustling to get his train on a sidetrack near by.

The two conductors held a hurried consultation which, you may be sure, was not overheard by anybody. No. 2 pulled out on the main track and commenced to climb the mountain. No. 1 resumed her journey down the mountain, passing the snowplow on the side-



ON A SIDE TRACK NEAR BY.

track. The mogul, in the meantime, had gone back up the mountain, after the engineer had explained the situation to the flagman from No. 1.

All this trouble was caused and an awful accident risked by the criminal carelessness of the operator at M—, in failing to put out a signal for No. 2 to stop, he having an order for her to meet No. 1 at siding No. 47. He discovered his error just as the rear end of the train was passing his window. Seeing her lantern he rushed out and made a frantic attempt to stop her, but without avail. Then he did the only sensible thing he could do by sending this message to the dispatcher:

"Have made a mistake and let No. 2 go by. What shall I do?"

He got no reply save a quick acknowledgment of his message, but he heard the operator at the Summit called up and the order given regarding the pursuit of No. 1. And not a word did he hear from that dispatcher until he called that official up with a glad heart and said:

"Train coming around curve, must be No. 1."

Then he got this reply: "Conductor and engineer No. 1; Pass No. 94 at J."

Then he got this message: "Be ready to turn over your office on arrival No. 6 to-day. Report here." Then he sent this message: "No. 1 arrived 1:57."

When that message went over the line all the night operators on that division "applauded," and a tired dispatcher, with the sweat running down over his face, sank back in his chair, drew a long sigh and said: "Thank God!"

A SHAMEFUL PEACE.

Another Stormy Debate In the Spanish Chamber.

CESSION OF PHILIPPINES OPPOSED.

Senor Sagasta Defends His Position. Says the United States Drove Spain to War—Linares Has Challenged Count d'Almenas to a Duel.

MADRID, Feb. 23.—The meeting of the bureau last evening to appoint a commission to examine the bill for the cession of the Philippines resulted in only a nominal ministerial success. Although the ministerial candidates chosen were four and the opposition candidates only three, yet on a division the opposition will muster 92 votes as against 87 ministerialists. The opposition will therefore submit a counter measure.

The Republican motion in favor of summoning the constituent assembly led to a stormy debate in the chamber of deputies. Professor Salmeron, the Republican leader, in the course of a violent speech, said the Republicans had resumed their seats in parliament in order to force the government to accept its responsibilities. In his opinion not only those governing, but present institutions themselves, would fall victims to the present disasters. He severely censured the ministers for endeavoring to save the monarchy rather than the country.

"Your colonial policy," he said, "was disastrous because you joined sword and cassock in order to restore a feudal theocracy with all sorts of privileges. The government has surrendered to the United States Spain's whole colonial empire, and the peace that has been signed is the most shameful recorded in history."

Senor Sagasta, replying, said: "We lost the colonies, but we have avoided civil war. When you were in power, greater calamities occurred. The United States drove us to war, for which no regime is blamable, and no regime could make a nation, weakened by two colonial rebellions, strong."

"I will oppose reaction with all my force. I am incapable of destroying the nation's liberties. It is the Republicans alone who endanger the liberties of the country by breaking the law."

The result of the debate in the chamber upon the motion of Senor Silvea, leader of the Conservatives, censuring the government for "indifference to the country's troubles" was the withdrawal of the resolution.

Professor Salmeron, after being called to order for a veiled reference to the crown, declared that the Conservative party was primarily responsible for the country's disasters, since it had failed to apply in Cuba reforms voted by all parties, and that the present government must also be held responsible for making a dishonorable peace. He advocated calling the constituent assembly, which, he said, would "kill forever both Carlism and any attempt at dictatorship." He appealed to all the Liberal and Democratic forces to cooperate and so "prevent the triumph of the Vatican and the reactionaries."

General Linares, who was in command of the Spanish troops at Santiago at the time of the capitulation, has challenged Count d'Almenas to a duel on account of the attacks which the count made upon him Monday and yesterday in the senate in connection with his arraignment of the conduct of the Spanish generals engaged in the war in Cuba.

President Faure's Funeral.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—President Loubet has notified M. Dupuy of his intention to accompany the funeral procession from the beginning to the end of the route, though his friends have vainly tried to dissuade him by pointing out the danger of a hostile manifestation. The League of Patriots applied for a place in the procession, but M. Dupuy refused the request on the ground that "the league is a center of anticonstitutional agitators and has already insulted the president." The followers of M. Deroulede are very angry and are talking of revenge. Troops have been pouring into the city for the ceremony, and it is estimated that no fewer than 100,000 are already here. The police are ready for any emergency. Seats along the route are being sold at extravagant prices.

Noted Engineer Dead.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Feb. 23.—John Kreusi, one of the best known mechanical engineers in this country, died at his home in this city yesterday, aged 56 years. At the time of his death Mr. Kreusi was the chief mechanical engineer of the General Electric company. He was a native of Switzerland. Coming to this country in 1870, he entered the employment of Thomas A. Edison at Menlo Park, N. J., and in a short time became the inventor's confidential man. It was to him that Edison gave the task of constructing the first phonograph. Mr. Kreusi was the inventor and perfecter of the underground tubing system that is now in general use.

Germany's Army Bill.

BERLIN, Feb. 23.—The budget committee of the reichstag, which has rejected the government's proposal in the army bill for an increase of ten squadrons in the cavalry, yesterday rejected the proposal to increase the infantry. Both rejections were made at the instance of the Centrists. The minister for war, General von Gessler, at the close of yesterday's sitting said, "It is imperative that something should be done to arrive at an understanding, as it is impossible to agree to abandon for five years all prospect of strengthening the cavalry."

Still Another Ballot.

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 23.—One ballot for senator yesterday showed no change.

TAKE care of your stomach, and your stomach will take care of your health. Take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and then there will be an end to Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation and Malaria. It drives all poisons from the blood and builds up the broken-down body and shattered nervous system.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK.

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

Statement for the Year Ending Dec. 31, '98.

According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

INCOME.

Received for Premiums	\$42,318,748 51
From all other Sources	12,687,880 92
Total	\$55,006,629 43

DISBURSEMENTS.

To Policy-holders for Claims by Death	\$13,265,908 00
To Policy-holders for Endowments, Dividends, etc.	11,485,751 35
For all other Accounts	10,493,379 53
Total	\$35,245,038 88

ASSETS.

United States Bonds and other Securities	\$160,956,141 33
First Lien Loans on Bond and Mortgage	68,503,580 90
Loans on Bonds and other Securities,	9,396,619 00
Real Estate, appraised by Insurance Superintendents	
at \$23,334,826.88: Book Value	20,604,649 61
Cash in Banks and Trust Companies	11,621,377 36
Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Premiums, etc.	6,434,957 10
Total	\$277,517,325 36

LIABILITIES.

Policy Reserves, etc.,	233,058,640 68
Contingent Guarantee Fund,	42,238,684 68
Divisible Surplus	\$2,220,000 00
Total	\$277,517,325 36
Insurance and Annuities in Force	\$971,711,997 79

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be correct. Liabilities calculated by the Insurance Department. **CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor.**

From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned as usual.

Board of Trustees.

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| SAMUEL D. BARCOCK | FREDERIC CROMWELL | HENRY H. ROGERS | ADRIAN ISELIN, Jr. |
| RICHARD A. McCURDY | JULIEN T. DAVIES | JNO. W. AUCHINCLOSS | GEORGE S. BOWDWIN |
| JAMES C. HOLDEN | A. N. WATERHOUSE | THEODORE MORFORD | WILLIAM C. WHITNE |
| HERMANN C. VON POST | CHARLES R. HENDERSON | WILLIAM BARCOCK | WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER |
| WILLIAM J. SEWELL | RUFUS W. PECKHAM | STUYVESANT FISH | JAMES N. JARVIE |
| OLIVER HARRIMAN | J. HOBART HERRICK | AUGUSTUS D. JULLIARD | CHAS. D. DICKEY, JR. |
| ROBERT OLYPHANT | WM. P. DIXON | CHARLES E. MILLER | ELBRIDGE T. GERRY |
| GEORGE F. BAKER | ROBERT A. GRANISS | WALTER R. GILLETTE | JAMES SPEYER |
| DUDLEY OLOOTT | GEORGE G. HAVEN | H. WALTER WEBB | |

ROBERT A. GRANISS, Vice-President.

- | | |
|---|---|
| WALTER R. GILLETTE, General Manager. | DUER du-P. BRECK, Corresponding Secretary. |
| ISAAC F. LLOYD, 2d Vice-President | ALBERT KLAMROTH, Assistant Secretary |
| WILLIAM J. EASTON, Secretary. | FREDERIC CROMWELL, Treasurer. |
| JOHN A. FONDA, Assistant Treasurer. | JAMES TIMSON, 2d Assistant Treasurer. |
| WILLIAM P. SANDS, Cashier. | EDWARD P. HOLDEN, Assistant Cashier. |
| | EMORY McCLINTOCK, Actuary. |
| CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor. | JOHN TATLOCK, Jr., Assistant Actuary. |
| C. CLIFFORD GRETTSINGER, Assistant Auditor. | WILLIAM W. RICHARDS, Comptroller. |
| JOHN C. ELLIOT, Superintendent of Domestic Agencies. | HENRY S. BROWN, Assistant Comptroller |
| EDWARD LYMAN SHORT, General Solicitor. | |

NICHOLS & GILBERT, General Agents.

A. H. CAMP, Local Agent.



NORWALK GAZETTE.

"Truth above all things."

Entered in the Post office as a Newspaper.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1899.

Norwalk's morning paper is now sporting patent "inards."

The weather clerk has our thanks for continued good weather.

A six mill tax will prevent extravagance in town affairs.

Stamford murder cases are becoming entirely too frequent.

Norwalk should get up a boom of some kind before warm weather arrives.

A consolidation of trolley companies would please more people than a consolidation of cities.

It is to be hoped that next Monday night's town meeting will not be controlled by "heelers."

"Holdovers" will probably be in vogue at the Yacht club annual election to-morrow night.

Connecticut appears to be getting the worst of the river and harbor bill pruning.

Only two months more of the gay and festive oyster, but there R other shell fish on the beach.

This compulsory vaccination of the heathen with Krag-Jorgensen virus is disagreeable, but it seems to be necessary for the public health.

The '99 Bryan boom started in Washington is likely to burst before the

ground hog makes his second appearance.

There are ten applications for divorce down for a hearing in Bridgeport to-day. Fairfield County appears to keep up her record in both murder and divorce cases.

Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it will wear them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 25c and 50c. Trial size free. At all druggists

THE OTHER FELLOWS.

Not all the people who stop playing cards in Lent have had their halos fitted.—Meriden Record.

We regret to have to say it, but a good deal of the sympathy for Mrs. Place is misplaced.—Hartford Post.

Great is the name of Barnum. Just now our English cousins are struggling with each other for a chance to buy shares in a circus that bears his name.—New Britain Herald.

By using smokeless powder Gen. Otis is enabled to distribute his "benevolent assimilation" packages among the Filipinos with much more telling effect.—Kansas City Journal.

As a study in comparative language it would be interesting to know what General Egan would say if he was a motorman these days blocked by a coal cart.—Stamford Telegram.

The death is announced of the originator of angel cake, who made a fortune out of the invention. Cherubim and Seraphim will welcome him to their celestial choir.—Boston Herald.

This country cannot continue a long war with a contracted currency. The condition of the treasury is going to be as interesting to the people before

long as what is being done in the Philippines.—New Haven Union.

Good roads will not stay good without timely, skillful and non-political care. Legislation that will provide for such care is proposed. It should be adopted and enforced. Good roads are worth keeping good, and it is much cheaper to keep them good than to make new ones.—New Haven Courier.

The joke seems to be on those "sports" who, having been flim-flammed by a faked fighting exhibition engineered by "Al" Woods at Bridgeport, came over to New Haven Monday night in the full confidence that they would be assured of the genuine article.—New Haven News.

A woman in Reading, Pa., poured water on the front and back doors of her neighbor in one of the coldest nights of the recent blizzard. Naturally, the water became ice and the neighbor was frozen in for hours before she discovered the cause. For dainty feminine revenge this case stands all by itself.—New York Press.

If the country does not get sick of this embalmed beef cry before long we shall be surprised. Let us have a rest until the matter is officially decided, and then let no guilty man escape. Besides the talk that we are making is just fun for the Germans who have been complaining about our beef for a considerable space of time.—Portland Express.

USE BRUMMELL'S Celebrated COUGH DROPS

Sure relief for all throat troubles. One of them put in the mouth on retiring gives the patient immediate relief and a comfortable night's rest. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Hoyt's Theatre!

Three Days Only. Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 23d, 24th, 25th. WITH SPECIAL BARGAIN COUNTER MATINEE, SATURDAY, at 2:30

ELMER E. VANCE'S COMEDY COMPANY

with the incomparable BEATRICE

in a series of BIG SCENIC and MECHANICAL PRODUCTIONS never before seen at popular prices.

THURSDAY, the great realistic railroad Comedy-Drama, THE LIMITED MAIL.

FRIDAY, the well-known big scenic and mechanical marvel, PATENT APPLIED FOR.

SATURDAY, Elmer E. Vance's own spectacular version of the HIDDEN HAND.

PRICES—10, 20, and 30 cts. Seats on sale at Plaisted's and Weed's.

PLYMOUTH ROCK ICE

STRICTLY PURE!

Stores and families supplied. Low rates.

ELLS & CO., 11 North Ave. Norwalk.

HERE'S YOUR CHANGE.

A fine building lot on Wilton avenue. If you intend to build, look at this before purchasing.

Water, gas and sewer on the avenue. Will be sold at a Bargain.

W. H. BYINGTON, Real Estate and Insurance Room 1, Gazette Bldg

SUN CHOP TEA

DINNER SET FREE (decorated or white, 112 & 125 pcs.) or GOLD WATCH, with only 30 pounds of our CELEBRATED SUN-SUN CHOP

This Tea is packed in 1 pound Decorated Tin Containers to preserve the rich, fine delicate flavor and great strength. Warranted to suit all tastes. Best imported. Send this "ad" and 15c. and we will mail you a 14 lb. sample or send in your order for 30 pounds. Remember this is a Special Offer. The Great American Tea Co. 31 & 33 Vesey St., N. Y. P. O. Box, 269. S. L.

MILLINERY

New STORE

Main Street.

Elegant assortment of trimmed Hats Bonnets, Walking Hats, Turbans, Sais, etc.

All are cordially invited to call. Ladies own Material made and trimmed by first class New York milliners

MRS. W. FAWCETT, AGT.

FALL AND WINTER SUITINGS

TROUSERS \$5.50 UP.

Old Suits made to look as good as new. Repairing, Altering, Cleaning and Pressing a Specialty. Fit and Workmanship guaranteed.

FRANK COCA,

49 Main Street, - - Norwalk

FOR SALE!

A STEAM RADIATOR in good condition. Just the thing for a hall or large room. Will be sold cheap. Apply at this office.

Desirable Property FOR SALE!

The homestead of the late Dr. Brady on Belden Hill, Wilton, consisting of about 3 acres of land, large, dwelling house, barn, carriage house, grainery, smoke house, henry, etc., will be sold cheap if applied for at once. Is excellently located and would make a fine health resort. Address:

MRS. F. BRADY, or R. H. FITCH, Wilton, Conn.

W. H. HAYWARD & CO

Prussian Attorneys and Solicitors 709 East Capitol Street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

All classes of claims prosecuted before the Interior Department. Rejected pension claims a specialty. Correspondence solicited.

Asthma Can Be Cured.
J. R. Niblo, ex-school superintendent of Rochester, Pa., says: "I have been a great sufferer from asthma for years, but I have had a splendid winter, owing to the surprising efficacy of Brazilian Balm." A lady in Cincinnati, who had suffered with asthma for 17 years, could not lie down; was perfectly cured with Brazilian Balm.

Grippe Cured.
"Last winter I had a bad cold and severe cough. I was lame in every joint and muscle. I was sick and felt as though I was coming down with typhoid fever. It was no doubt a bad case of grippe. Mr. E. P. Budge gave me a bottle of Brazilian Balm, saying he was sure it would help me. The relief was almost instantaneous. It quickly stopped my cough and took the grippe with all the pains and soreness out of my system. I gave the balance of the 50-cent bottle to Mrs. Bishop Wiley for her daughter. It proved so beneficial she says she never intends to be without it."—Edwin Fitz Jones, Cincinnati, Ohio.

BRAZILIAN BALSAM!

For Rheumatism, Catarrh, Asthma, Coughs, Colds, Croup & Erippe

Brazilian Balm
THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALSAM!
... CURES ...
Coughs, Colds, Croup & Erippe
LIKE MAGIC.
RADICALLY CURES
CATARRH!

It clears the head of foul mucus; heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and drooping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes HAY FEVER.

making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the grippe germ and quickly removes all the after bad effect.

INFALLIBLE in ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID and SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is inflammation, Fever or Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stops sneezing in 2 minutes. Stops ringing in the head and relieves deafness. As an injection invaluable in female troubles. For outward use heals Cuts, Sores and Burns like magic. Prevents lock-jaw from wounds. **QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION AND PILES.**

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence.
50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.
\$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50c. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:
"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 20 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—Gen. J. Parko Postles. "In croup, cold and the worst form of gripp we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable."—Jno. W. S. Boothie, D. D., Pastor, Del. Ave. Ep. Ch. "Mrs. Lore has used the Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—Hon. Chas. B. Lore, Chief Jus. of Del. "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—Thos. M. Culbert. "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—Mrs. John Scotten, Chester, Pa. "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—Judge Edward Wootten. "I was worn almost to the grave with a racking cough that all the remedies and the doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—Mrs. J. Galloway, Pottstown, Pa. "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten 50-cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—Anson Burrell, aged 84. A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.

B. F. JACKSON & CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

Saves Doctor's Bills.
Families in the country should always keep Brazilian Balm on hand. It is the doctor in the house, always ready and reliable. For colds, coughs, croup, catarrh, asthma, pleurisy, rheumatism, constipation, female troubles, and all kinds of fevers it acts like magic, and saves many a doctor's bill and many a long sickness.

A Remarkable Cure.
Mr. Alexander Moore, a reliable business man, of 1230 S. 15th St., Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I contracted a violent cold which settled all over me. The pain in my chest and side was excruciating. The doctor gave me medicine and blistered my side, but I only grew worse. Then you gave me a bottle of Brazilian Balm. I had little or no faith in it, but decided to try it. I took 3 or 4 good doses before bed time, and rubbed it well over my blistered side. That night I slept like a top—my first good rest for over a week—and awoke in the morning cured. Brazilian Balm is simply invaluable."

Why Suffer with Dyspepsia?
Chas. Broome, 850 South Second St., Philadelphia, says: "It took only two months for Brazilian Balm to cure me of dyspepsia with which I suffered over 30 years. Now I have no pain or stomach cough, and can eat anything. Brazilian Balm beats the world."

Had Catarrh 36 Years.
Josiah Bacon, conductor on the P. W. & B. R. R., says: "I had suffered with catarrh for 36 years and regarded my case as hopeless. One day I saw the testimonial of Geo. H. Hearn in a Brazilian Balm circular. Hearn was the engineer on my train and I knew his case was desperate. I talked with Hearn and his cure gave me hope. I began the use of the Balm at once. I began to see much change for the first two months but then I began to improve and in six months, to my inexpressible satisfaction, I was entirely cured."

Cured in One Night.
Charles H. Connelle, Esq., leading lawyer of York, Pa., says: "Your Brazilian Balm cured me of one of the worst colds I ever experienced, in one night. I think it the greatest medicine in the market, and you can use my name any way you like."

A Blessing For the Ladies.
Thousands of ladies are using Brazilian Balm. For soreness, pain, bearing down and many kinds of trouble, it acts like a charm. A 50 cent or dollar bottle often does more good in one week than any other remedy does in months. It goes right to the spot, removing all inflammation. Mrs. Geo. W. Roberts, of Wilmington, Del., says, "A strong solution of Brazilian Balm and warm water used as an injection has done me more good than all the remedies and prescriptions I ever tried."

For sale by EDWARD P. WEED, 38 Wall Street.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

LOCAL AND OTHER NEWS

Sherman Council, Royal Arcanum held a regular meeting last night.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Saunders spent Wednesday in New York.

Tallmadge Baker of West street, has been confined to his home by illness.

Porterhouse steak 15c, 6 Water St.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James Cook of Spring Hill.

Eureka Lodge, Daughters of Rebekah will enjoy a supper in Odd Fellows hall to-night.

Miss Madeline Rice is recovering from her recent serious illness.

Norwalk has two women notaries Miss Lucy Downs and Miss Louise Curtis. Miss Downs was commissioned about two years ago.

In St. Mary's church this evening the service "The Stations of the Cross" will be held.

The Rowayton public school will give an entertainment on Friday and Saturday evenings.

J. M. Benedict of West Main street, is sick with a cold.

Miss Clara L. Ryder of the selectmen's office has been enjoying a few days visit with her sister, Mrs. Warren L. Atherton, of Woodstock.

Miss Antoinette Wiswall, of Brooklyn, and Miss Amiee Balcom, of this city spent the holiday visiting friends in Stratford.

Mrs. Charles F. Boutwell, of Quintard avenue, has been visiting in Derby.

Mrs. Charles E. Ferris of Bayview avenue, has been spending a few days with relatives in New York.

—12 lbs. fresh pork \$1.00, 24 Main St.

George L. Sullivan has left town, to join his regiment at Savannah, Ga.

Irving Horton entertained a few of his friends at his home Friday night.

Miss Lena Merritt of Main street, entertained friends at her home Tuesday evening.

Col. Samuel Daskam has been visiting in Meriden.

Miss Clara Kellogg and Miss Josie Pink, of Norwalk, went to New York Wednesday, and witnessed the performance of The Christian.

James Barrett, of West Norwalk, and Miss Annie Brit, of Winnipauk, were married at St. Mary's church Tuesday evening, February 14. Rev. J. J. Furlong performed the ceremony.

—Fresh hams 10c, 6 Water St.

Ned Tuttle has secured a position with the D. M. Read company, of Bridgeport.

Mrs. Paddock of Camp street, is entertaining the Golden Rule circle, K. D., this afternoon.

Harry Monroe, the twelve year-old son of George and Emma Monroe, died Tuesday afternoon at his home in West Norwalk, after a lingering illness of consumption. The funeral will be held this afternoon in West Norwalk, and the interment will be in High Ridge cemetery.

WHAT SHALL WE DO

A serious and dangerous disease prevails in this country, dangerous because so deceptive. It comes on so slowly yet surely that it is often firmly seated before we are aware of it.

The name of this disease which may be divided into three distinct stages is, First, Kidney trouble, indicated by pain in the back, rheumatism, lumbago, frequent desire to urinate, often with a burning sensation, the flow of urine being copious or scant with strong odor.

If allowed to advance, this reaches the second stage, or Bladder trouble, with heavy pain in the abdomen low down between the navel and the water passage, increasing desire to urinate, with scalding sensation in passing, small quantities being passed with difficulty, sometimes necessary to draw it with instruments. If uric acid or gravel has formed, it will prove dangerous if neglected.

The third stage is Bright's Disease. There is comfort in knowing that Dr. Kilmer, the great kidney and bladder specialist, has discovered a Remedy famous for its marvelous cures of the most distressing cases and known as Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

It is sold by all druggists. As a proof of the wonderful virtues of this great discovery, Swamp-Root, a sample bottle and book of valuable information will be sent absolutely free by mail on application to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing kindly mention that you read this liberal offer in THE NORWALK GAZETTE.

The Emanon Whist club met Wednesday at the home of Mrs. W. E. Osborn, on East avenue. The next meeting will be with Mrs. Howard Doty.

Mrs. W. H. Swords, of South Main street, is recovering from a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

The Farther Lights of the South Norwalk Baptist church will be guests of the Norwalk society at the First Baptist church, Monday. Rev. T. DeWitt Van Doren will address the meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Selkirk, of Brooklyn, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Kimmey, of West avenue.

A delegation of Professor W. G. Newell's Bridgeport dancing school will come to South Norwalk next Wednesday evening.

Miss Meda Adams, of Taylor avenue, spent Washington's birthday with friends in Danbury.

William G. LeCount, of East Norwalk, has awarded the contract for the foundation of his new house to William Sheldon, the plumbing to John F. Griffin and the heating to The Jones Plumbing Co.

Mrs. E. H. Gumbart has been ill at her home in East Norwalk.

The Men's Sunday Evening club of the South Norwalk Congregational church will hold a reception in the church parlors next Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Smith, of New York, were guests of C. O. Miller Union place, Monday.

Rev. J. T. Winters and M. W. Barry attended the pontifical high mass celebrating the anniversary of the episcopacy of the Rt. Rev. Bishop Tierney at Hartford, Wednesday.

Superintendent R. A. Kline, of the Tramway, has recovered from his recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace MacQuhae of South Norwalk, have moved to Scranton, Pa.

The Aspetuck Lodge of Westport, were guests of Olive Branch Lodge, K. of P. last night.

Humboldt Lodge Sons of Hermann, met last night in Germania hall.

The Monday Afternoon Whist club will be entertained by Mrs. A. J. Meeker, Mott avenue, next week.

Mrs. Burr Glover is ill of the grip at her home on Cross street.

Miss Agnes Littlejohn attended the concert given in Carnegie Hall, New York, Wednesday afternoon, at which Lady Halle, the violinist, made her first appearance in this country. Miss Littlejohn is in New York this afternoon attending the Philharmonic concert at the same place.

Mrs. Davis Hatch, Jr., entertained a few friends at a social afternoon tea, Tuesday. Among the guests were Mrs. James Fielder, of Jersey City, Mrs. W. Shelton Stevenson, Mrs. Samuel L. Weed, Mrs. Robert G. Wilson, Misses Agnes Ross Gibbs, Inez Keeler and Sadie Keeler.

The pet dog of undertaker D. W. Raymond died Washington's Birthday, from the effects of drinking a quantity of embalming fluid, which the animal took for water. The dog suffered great agony for a few minutes and then died.

Mr. and Mrs. John Arnold, of Orchard street, entertained a party of friends, Wednesday. A gramophone was operated by F. E. Lockwood, and the selections were greatly praised. A collation was served.

The relatives in Norwalk, of William H. Ayres will be sorry to hear that he is critically ill at his home at Hopeton, Ill. Mr. Ayres is a native of New Canaan and a brother of the venerable Dr. Chauncey Ayres, of Stamford. Mr. Ayres is 87 years old, this age makes his recovery doubtful. His wife died about a year ago since which time he has gradually failed.

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brower of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by John A. Riggs, druggist, 11 Main street. Guaranteed.

Attorney Joseph A. Gray is in Bridgeport to-day.

—Prime rib roast 12 1/2c, 24 Main St.

Mrs. Charles Hendrickson is visiting her sister in Oyster Bay, Long Island.

Mrs. C. A. Freeman has temporarily resigned as organist at St. Joseph's R. C. church, and is succeeded by Calvin T. Purdy.

Charles Gilbert has recovered from a protracted illness of pneumonia.

The Meeker Coal barge the "Worden" arrived in South Norwalk, from Whitestone yesterday.

The Rev. T. M. Bannon of Lakeville, is visiting Rev. Father Barry.

E. L. Gregory of Cranbury, set a trap last evening, for a big fat rabbit which he has seen around his place several times. He succeeded in catching it but his dog Spot, spotted the rabbit and left Mr. Gregory a part of the skin.

The Water street barber has leased the store in the Lockwood building on Main street, recently vacated by Walters the harness maker.

The following delegates will attend the Hibernian county convention to be held in Bridgeport next Sunday, as representing the South Norwalk branch of the order: M. J. McNeerney, F. M. Riordan, M. J. Lyons, J. H. Magner, J. F. Condon.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Clark of Arch street, have gone to New York city for the remainder of the winter; their daughter Miss Rita will stay at the home of Dr. A. H. Baldwin during her parents absence from home.

The council of the Norwalk club will meet to-night.

Miss Margaret Wardwell has been visiting friends in New Canaan.

Mrs. John Goodsell, of Lyons Plains, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. William Hawkins, of West Main street.

New water pipes are being laid to the house of E. Gusowski in Main street.

The Norwalk Street Railway company is taking advantage of the warm weather and is varnishing and refitting its open cars.

Chief Engineer J. T. Prowitt is recovering from an attack of the grip.

Mrs. C. S. Baldwin and son Henry, of Cranbury, are visiting Mrs. Baldwin's daughter, Mrs. Shrive, of Stamford.

Miss Clara Bartram is ill with grip at her home in Harriet street.

Mrs. William A. Vogel spent Washington's birthday in town, the guest of Mrs. Charles O. C. Betts. Mr. and Mrs. Vogel gave changed their plans and will not sail for their home in Paris until the middle of March.

Miss Lucia Warner, of Hillside, is the guest of Miss Marjorie Bishop.

A cottage prayer meeting was held at the home Mrs. D. M. Fallow in Cranbury last night. There was a good attendance.

The Klondike club will hold an "at home" to members only this evening at their club rooms.

James H. Farrington of New York, is in town to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Norton of Brooklyn, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Benedict, Jr., of East Norwalk.

F. V. Buser of York, Pa., F. P. Warner of Boston and E. A. Ingalls of Cincinnati, are in town to-day.

There is now a fairly good supply of pure Norwalk water. From past experience, it behoves consumers to not waste it.

Mrs. Fred S. Church is critically ill at her home on Orchard street.

A very interesting letter from Miss Stella Seymour, who is in South Africa, was read by Mrs. A. B. Hill at the Wednesday afternoon meeting in the Congregational chapel.

Lecture To-Night.

Mr. Stoyan Vatralsky, the Bulgarian missionary, will lecture at the Norwalk Methodist church, to-night, on Bulgaria. He will speak of her history, people, music, manners and customs. Mr. Vatralsky will lecture in the garb of a Bulgarian priest, and a young lady in the national picturesque garb of a Bulgarian peasant will appear before the audience.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/2 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Local News on 8th page.

MADE A MISTAKE.

Miss Helen Finch Takes Colic Mixture for Cod Liver Oil.

Miss Helen Finch, daughter of William Finch, of Van Zandt avenue, East Norwalk, took four teaspoonfuls of what she thought was cod liver oil, early yesterday morning, but it proved to be a poisonous colic mixture for horses, and it required two hours' steady work on the part of physicians to save the woman's life.

She fainted several times and was left in a complete state of exhaustion from the emetics and rigorous work to which she had been subjected.

Miss Finch's life was undoubtedly saved by the prompt action of her brother, Lester Finch, who not only discovered his sister's mistake but promptly administered an emetic of mustard and water, and it was an almost miraculous chain of lucky circumstances that the accident was not fatal.

An Epicurean's Testimony

The Norwalk Gazette says "Bridgeport is famous for big dinners and a miserable depot." Well, Norwalk is not particularly famous for her railway station, but she is notoriously infamous for bad dinners, illy served and vilely cooked.—Bridgeport Post.

It is plain that the epicure of the Post, who pretends to know a good thing when he sits down to it, has never partaken of one of "the Widow Sholes'" shore dinners. Bridgeport has nothing to compare with them, not even at Chippie Island.—New Haven News.

Detective in Town.

Detective Wilkes is in town gathering up the "strings of evidence" for the trial of the case of the State vs. Max Brockhaus, which is to take place in Bridgeport next week. Brockhaus was an accomplice of Ben. Willis in the murder of Professor S. R. Lambert in Wilton, in December, 1897, and for which Willis was sentenced and hanged last December.

Another Stroke.

Edward Thompson, who formerly conducted the old Connecticut hotel in the building now occupied by the Boston Store, was taken with a paralytic shock while eating breakfast with his family in the hotel at Lake Kenosia, Danbury, yesterday morning. This is the second time Thompson has been afflicted in this way, he having had a shock last summer.

Quarantines Raised.

The quarantine at the home of Harry Young, on Ely avenue, was raised this morning, the diphtheria patient having recovered.

The quarantine on the Perry home on Day street, was raised yesterday. The cause of the quarantine was a case of scarlet fever.

He Fooled The Surgeons.

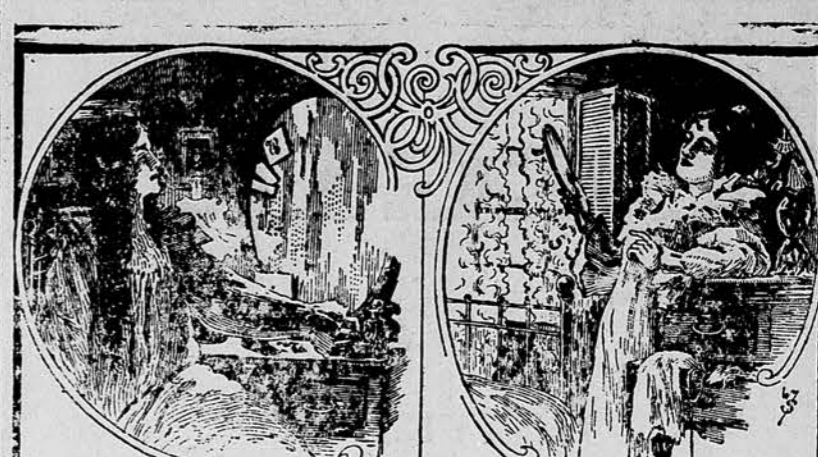
All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve the surest Pile cure on Earth, and the best Salve in the World 25 cents a box. Sold by John A. Riggs, druggist 11 Main street.

Ran Away.

Richard O'Grady whose parents live on Chapel street, is reported as having run away from the State School for Boys, and Chief Bradley has been asked to apprehend him. Later word was received that the boy had been found.



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
NEW YORK, N. Y.



AT NIGHT TAKE Brandreth's Pills. IN THE MORNING Look in the Mirror.

You know the Scotch superstition about the "little people," the "pixies," who creep into the house when all are asleep and sweep it, clean it and put it in perfect order to the amazement and joy of the mistress in the morning. There are Pixy Pills. They're Brandreth's. While you sleep they are cleansing the house of the body, getting into neglected corners, scouring them and carrying away the refuse. Just a regular course of Brandreth's Pills, one or two every night, is often all that is needed to put the whole body in a condition of perfect health.

Brandreth's Pills are sold throughout the world, both sugar coated and plain.

Sons of American Revolution.

A meeting of the board of managers of the Connecticut Sons of the American Revolution preceded the annual banquet of this organization which was held in Meriden Wednesday. Sylvester C. Durham, Hartford, was elected a member of the board to succeed the late Jonathan F. Morris. In order to add to the general convenience, President Trumbull declined to serve further on the prize essay committee as all should be in the same city. F. B. Gay of Hartford, was chosen to act with Joseph G. Woodward and Lewis F. Robinson. It was voted to raise if possible among the members at least \$1,000 for the proposed monument to Lafayette to be erected by Americans in Paris in 1900. The following were appointed a special committee to put the matter through: General G. H. Ford of New Haven, Judge Morris B. Beardsley of Bridgeport, E. J. Doolittle of Meriden, Colonel L. R. Cheney and the secretary, C. G. Stone of Hartford.

Professional Card.

LADIES' NURSE, Apply 9 Warren street

WANTED.

WANTED—Houses and Real Estate to sell. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. N30

WANTED—Contractors to know that the Fidelity and Deposit Co., of Maryland, furnishes surety. W. H. Byington, agent, GAZETTE Building. N30 t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Farm, 24 acres land, buildings, barn; good place, will be sold cheap. Enquire of J. T. HAYES, 5 Main street.

FOR SALE—A house on Wilton avenue, 6 rooms. Will be sold cheap. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. N30 t

FOR SALE—Residence on West avenue, about half way between the Two Cities. Will be sold cheap. Enquire of J. T. HAYES, 5 Main street.

FOR SALE—Three fine building lots on Wilton avenue. O. E. Wilson, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. N30 t

FOR SALE—One of the best building lots in the city; five minutes walk from Bridge. Water and gas on street. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. N30 t

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE. Dwellings, Farms, in most any location you desire. Also a mill with water right, ice pond and house. Enquire of J. T. HAYES, 5 Main street.

FOR SALE—House at Broad River, 6 rooms and basement; new barn; lot 75x200; chicken house and fruit. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. M8 t

FOR SALE—House on Franklin avenue, water and sewer connection; barn and henry. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. M8 t

FOR SALE OR RENT—House on Camp street; 13 rooms, modern improvements; barn and large carriage house. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. M8 t

FOR SALE—On Newtown avenue, a fine house of 10 rooms, hot and cold water, furnace, etc. Lot 95x400. Will be sold cheap if taken at once. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. D29

TO RENT.

TO RENT—A small 7 room cottage on Union Place to rent cheap. Apply to Chas. Olmstead or W. H. Byington, Room 1, GAZETTE Building.

TO RENT—Two Small Farms, in West Norwalk, 12 acres in each, adjoining. Rent reasonable. Also, another small farm in Cranbury. Enquire of J. T. HAYES, 5 Main street.

TO RENT—Three Rooms on Spring Hill, and five rooms, on Camp street; also, six rooms on Belden avenue. Enquire of J. T. HAYES, 5 Main street.

TO RENT—A large hall in the GAZETTE Building. Apply to Charles Olmstead, Masonic Building. N39 t

TO RENT—Whole House, on High street; 7 rooms on Orchard street; 5 rooms on Union place. Enquire of J. T. HAYES, 5 Main street.

—No claims, no affidavits, but a GAZETTE advertisement gets there every time.

Sherman Council.

A regular meeting of Sherman Council, No. 1342, was held last evening. It was voted to attend a meeting of the Stamford Council on Tuesday evening, March 7th, and assist in degree work. After the adjournment of the meeting the members indulged in whist. The prizes were won by Mrs. F. B. Raymond, Farron S. Betts and W. S. Sturtevant, the latter being content with the consolation prize. Light refreshments were served.

Jackets at Half Price.

At the Boston Store next week a great reduction in the prices of street garments will be made. Jackets and shawl golf caps and fur capes will go at half price. Corduroy waists and dressing sacques are also going at a reduction.

BEGIN

THE YEAR

1899

RIGHT

BY

SUBSCRIBING

FOR THE

WEEKLY GAZETTE

AND

N. Y. WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

BOTH PAPERS

Sent to any Address

FOR

One - Dollar!

Address All Orders to "Gazette."

ALGER WILL RESIGN

It Is Reported the President Has Decided to Change.

THE CUBAN TRIP QUITE IMPROBABLE

Relations Between McKinley and His War Secretary Strained—A Serious Embarrassment to Success of the Administration.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The Herald this morning has the following from its Washington correspondent:

"The days of Algerism in the war department are numbered. The resignation of Secretary Russell A. Alger, voluntary or by request of the president, will occur within a fortnight.

"President McKinley has practically made up his mind as to Secretary Alger's successor.

"These positive statements have been made by a gentleman usually well informed and were subsequently admitted as a probability by a member of the cabinet, who has talked with the president confidentially on the subject.

"Secretary Alger is in Detroit. It is believed he is making plans for returning there and resuming his old business engagements. He is expected to return here tomorrow, and it is not unlikely that his resignation and the appointment of his successor may be formally announced by that time.

"Secretary Alger's contemplated junket to Cuba and Porto Rico is also said to be off.

"This is one of the reasons for believing his resignation is to occur immediately. It is said by one of his close personal friends that he made up his mind some days ago to make an extensive inspection tour of Cuba and Porto Rico, to submit a report to the president and then to resign from the cabinet on the ground of ill health. His idea was that he could then retire without a suspicion that he was forced to do so under fire.

"This same gentleman said last night that the secretary had practically determined to abandon his inspection trip, for what reason he did not seem to know, or, rather, was unwilling to admit. The invitations issued to the members of the military committee and their families still hold good, but if the secretary does not go himself it is probable the trip will be abandoned entirely.

"In spite of statements to the contrary, it can be positively asserted that the relations between the president and Secretary Alger are decidedly strained. "President McKinley has felt for a long time the serious administration caused by Alger's mismanagement of the war department, and his close political friends have advised him more than once to find some way of getting a new secretary of war.

"Finding that the public comment on the report of the war commission emphasized the demand for the relief of Secretary Alger, the president has found a way of impressing upon that official the desirability of his early retirement."

Rudyard Kipling Ill.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—Rudyard Kipling is seriously ill in this city at the Hotel Grenole. He is suffering from inflammation of the lungs. His doctors, however, hope that the distinguished author, with his strong constitution, will be able to pull through all right. The following bulletin was issued at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon by his physicians, Drs. Jaenway and Dunham: "Mr. Kipling has an inflammation of the right lung. This produces the usual fever. There are at present no complications."

Khalifa Marching on Nile.

CAIRO, Egypt, Feb. 23.—The khalifa has left Sher Keila and is moving northward with a considerable force. He has been fiercely raiding the Arabs along the route he is following, and the latter have become panic stricken. Major MacDonald, the head of the British expedition which has been exploring east Africa, has started for Omdurman, and Major General Hunter, the recently appointed governor of Omdurman, and other British officers on furlough have been recalled.

Michigan in the Lead.

DETROIT, Feb. 23.—The reports of officers submitted yesterday afternoon to the annual meeting of the Michigan League of Republican Clubs show that Michigan leads all states in the number of active members of the league. A total of 12,000 active members was reported. Ohio, Indiana, Pennsylvania and New York come next in order.

Increased Salary For Aldermen.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—According to the text of a bill to be introduced soon at Springfield by Representative George M. Boyd of Cook county, all Chicago aldermen are to enjoy a salary of \$5,000 per year instead of \$1,500, but they must open offices in their respective wards and keep these offices open six days in the week.

Money For the Exposition.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—The ways and means committee has reported the substitute bill for the Pan-American company incorporation bill, which reduces the amount to be appropriated to \$300,000, of which \$250,000 is to be devoted for exhibition purposes and \$50,000 for the erection of buildings.

Bridge Bill to Be Reported.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—The assembly committee on commerce and navigation has voted to report favorably the Brennan bill providing for a bridge over the East river between New York city and Brooklyn, with an amendment that the bridge commission shall not be bipartisan.

Whistles May Cause Trouble.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—The anti-dreyfusites have ordered 20,000 whistles to be used during the funeral procession of President Faure today. Extraordinary precautions are being taken to prevent a disturbance, and important arrests are imminent.

Safety Fenders For Cars.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—Mr. Rogers' bill making it compulsory for electric or cable car corporations to equip its cars with safety fenders in all cities of the state has been reported favorably by the assembly railroad committee.

GOMEZ AT MATANZAS.

Advices the Forgetting of the War and All Enmities Buried.

MATANZAS, Cuba, Feb. 23.—General Gomez dined at noon yesterday at the Spanish club, where a committee of Spaniards waited upon him to say that they desired to express their acceptance of his policy of amalgamation, but had not been invited to be present at the function of the previous evening. In reply he expressed his pleasure, saying that the war should be forgotten and all the enmities of the past buried.

In the afternoon he visited the American camp with General Sanger, governor of the city of Matanzas, and an escort. General Chaffee, the governor general's chief of staff, and the other military men accompanying him are expected to arrive by the Hartford. Last evening a ball was given at the local theater by Major General Wilson and the officers of his staff in return for the many courtesies they have received in Matanzas. All the prominent people of the city, Cubans and Spaniards without distinction, were invited, 500 invitations having been issued.

General Gomez, with the generals and officers accompanying him, expects to leave for Havana today, arriving there in the course of the afternoon. He may stop for a short time at Guines.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Eggs were selling in Chicago at 35 cents a dozen, a record figure.

The Paris police seized 10,000 medals bearing the head of the Duke of Orleans.

General Brooke has determined on plans for giving the Cubans more direct charge of civil affairs.

The Thomas Iron company of Allentown, Pa., has advanced the wages of its employees 10 per cent.

Mr. Charles Denby, member of the United States Philippine commission, sailed from San Francisco.

The St. Louis court of appeals decided that schoolteachers had disciplinary authority over pupils while going to or returning from school.

President Low of Columbia made the address at the Washington birthday celebration of the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia.

Fatal Accidental Shooting.

TRENTON, Feb. 23.—A fatal accidental shooting occurred at Peddie institute, Hightstown, yesterday. George Titter, a student of the school, whose home is in Harlem, was shot by Arthur Bertolett of Philadelphia. The boys were in the gymnasium, where were stored the guns of the cadet company of the institution, and they began pointing the guns at one another. The guns were supposed to be unloaded. The one handled by Bertolett was loaded with shot and went off. Titter was shot in the forehead and had both eyes put out. Warren Cook, another student from New York, received some of the shot in the face.

London Takes Hopeful View.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Times, in its editorial comments upon the statement of the British foreign office regarding the adjournment of the joint high commission, does not take a serious view of the matter. It says, "Even if the commissioners had agreed, the agreement would have been submitted to the new congress, entailing about equal delay." The Times believes that neither country would quarrel over the Alaskan dispute, and it is therefore still hopeful that some means may be found of resuming the negotiations and arriving at a satisfactory settlement.

The Russell Verdict.

BOSTON, Feb. 23.—The jury in the Russell case reported a verdict of guilty in the second degree with reference to John H. Chance and a verdict of not guilty with reference to Arthur Hagan, after about 22 hours' deliberation, just before 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The men were accused jointly of the murder of Charles L. Russell, a clerk, who was shot while on duty in Chapin's drug store, in this city, April 4, 1898, for the purpose of robbery. The object of the shooting was not accomplished.

Remains of the First Victim.

CLYDE, O., Feb. 23.—The remains of George Burton Meeks, the first American killed in the Spanish-American war, arrived here yesterday, having been brought from the national cemetery at Key West, where they were buried last May. The body was placed in a receiving vault here and will be buried either on Memorial day or on May 11, with appropriate ceremonies. Members of the Sixth Ohio acted as pallbearers, and an immense throng gathered at the depot to receive the body.

Praise For Miles.

TRENTON, Feb. 23.—The annual reunion of the Veteran Association of the Second New Jersey Cavalry was held here yesterday. The association adopted a lengthy resolution praising General Miles for the stand he has taken in connection with the food supply to the army, condemning those who seek to enrich themselves at the cost of the lives of our soldiers and calling on all veterans to rally to the support of General Miles.

Soldier Accidentally Killed.

FORT HANCOCK, Sandy Hook, N. J., Feb. 23.—John H. Meier, aged 52 years, born in Hanover, Germany, a private of Battery C, Fifth artillery, accidentally fell down the barracks cellar last evening. His skull was crushed. He was carried to the hospital, where he died shortly after without regaining consciousness. He had been in the United States army for a period of 25 years.

America's Low Bid.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Odessa correspondent of The Daily Mail, referring to the order which has gone to the United States for 80,000 tons of rails for the Manchurian railway, says: "The American price was 57 kopecks per pound. The lowest European tender was 72 kopecks, and the Russian tender was very much higher."

Prefer Charity to Work.

HAVANA, Feb. 23.—According to a dispatch from Pinar del Rio, while some 200 women were waiting yesterday to receive government rations a citizen tried to hire one to do housework, offering a home and \$8 in gold a month as wages. Every one he asked refused to be hired.

HOW TO CURE ACOLD

Simply take Otto's Cure. We know of its astonishing cures and that it will stop a cough quicker than any known remedy. If you have Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption or any disease of the throat or lungs, a few doses of this remedy will surprise you. If you wish to try, call at our store, and we will be pleased to furnish you a sample bottle free of cost. Large bottles 50c and 25c. Edward P. Weed, Norwalk; Mrs. Scott Williamson, Darien.

When the Southern veteran pinned a Confederate badge upon the manly breast of the president he fairly beat the president at his own game. Surely, the Union has been restored! If Jeff Davis should now rise from his grave and wave the Stars and Stripes it would not astonish us.—New Haven Palladium.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Edward P. Weed, 28 Wall street, W. C. Baur, 55 Wall street, Druggists, Norwalk.

Photographing Elevated Objects.

Officers of the Italian engineer corps are making effectual use of the telescopic objective in taking photographs of objects high above the ground. Among other things they have been enabled to discover French batteries in the Alps, which had not been known to exist before that, and to make photographs of their external construction. The application of the telescopic lenses for such purposes was demonstrated for the first time when the scaffolding was built on top of the dome of St. Peter's in Rome to repair the lightning rod. Despite the great height, an excellent photograph was made of the scaffolding, showing a man in clear detail at the top.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

LOCAL DIRECTORY.

NORWALK POLICE DEPARTMENT Chief, Thomas Bradley; Captain, Wallace Dann. Headquarters, Water street.

SOUTH NORWALK POLICE DEPARTMENT. Chief, William Vollmer; Captain, George W. Glaastone. Headquarters, Haviland street.

NORWALK FIRE DEPARTMENT. Chief Engineer, J. T. Prowitt; First Assistant Engineer, Fred. W. Smith; Second Assistant Engineer, Thomas S. Murray; Fire Inspector, George H. Allen.

SOUTH NORWALK FIRE DEPARTMENT. Chief Engineer, Edward V. Baker; First Assistant, D. W. Harford; Second Assistant, George W. Bogardus; Secretary Department, Andrew J. Crossman.

PUBLIC LIBRARIES. City of Norwalk—Librarian, Miss Doha Stone Pinneo, 20 Wall N. South Norwalk—Librarian, Miss Angeline Scott, 103 Washington, S. N.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS. Allen, Lauren M., 15 Wash'n., S. N. Allen, Sarah E., Mrs. 11 New, E. N. Baker, Frederick B., 12 F. P., E. N. Baldwin, Arthur H., 82 Wall, N. Bean, Wright B., 5 W. ave., S. N. Benedict, George W., 25 W. ave., S. N. Bohannan, Chas. G., 64 S. M., S. N. Bohannan, John C., 64 S. M., S. N. Bruff, F. L., 57 E. verside ave., E. N. Burke, W. C., Jr., Wash'n., S. N. Burrall, Francis L., 76 S. Main, S. N. Clark, Arthur N., 47 S. Main, S. N. Coburn, J. M., 56 S. Main, S. N. DeWolfe, D. C., 64 S. Main, S. N. Dumortier, John, 9 Wash'n., S. N. Fairchild, J. B., Winnipauk, Gilnes, W. C., 59 Wall, N. Gregory, James G., 5 W. ave., N. Higgins, Royal L., 55 W. ave., N. Hitchcock, Dexter, 16 W. ave., N. Hitchcock, Walter, 68 Wall, N. Huntington, S. H., 129 Main, N. Kennedy, John T., 18 S. Main, S. N. McGonegal, G. R., 59 West ave., N. Pardee, E. V. D., 35 N. Main, S. N. Peck, Eli J., 66 Gregory P. R., E. N. Phinney, L. N., 26 W. ave., N. Schavoir, Fredk., 9 Wash'n., S. N. Sherer, Henry C., 10 Wash'n., S. N. Smith, Edwin E., "Kensett," N. Titto, V. G., 2 Burbank, S. N. Tracey, William J., 23 W. ave., N.

CHURCHES. First Baptist—Pastor, Rev. Frank E. Robbins, 71 East ave., N. First Baptist—Pastor, Rev. F. V. Atkinson, Main street, Rowayton. South Norwalk Baptist—Pastor, Rev. Richard O. Starwood, 7 West ave. S. N. First Congregational—Pastor, Rev. Thomas K. Noble, corner Park and Lewis streets, N. Congregational—Pastor, Rev. Gerald H. Beard, West street, Junction North Main and West ave. Swedish Bathshew Cong.—Pastor Adv. Otto Swenson, Riverside avenue

German Evangelical St. Peter's—Pastor, Rev. Mr. Kohler, North Main E. N. street, S. N. St. Paul's Episcopal—Rector, Rev. F. B. Pond, East avenue and Church st and 1 Chapel of Our Holy Savior, Berk ley street, N. Grace Protestant Episcopal—Rector, Junction Belden avenue and Cross street, N. Trinity Protestant Episcopal—Rector, Rev. F. W. Norris, Fairfield avenue corner of West street, S. N. East Avenue Methodist Episcopal—Pastor, Rev. Arthur J. Smith, East avenue corner Henry street, E. N. Norwalk Methodist Episcopal—Pastor, Rev. F. A. Scofield, West avenue corner Moff avenue, N. First Methodist Episcopal—Pastor, Rev. A. S. Kavanaugh, West ave., S. N. West Norwalk Methodist Mission—Pastor, Rev. Isaac B. Brown, West N. Methodist Episcopal—Pastor, Rev. Henry C. Whitney, Main corner Main avenue, Rowayton. African Methodist Episcopal—Pastor, Rev. I. S. Sands, 15 Knight street, N. St. Mary's R. C.—Pastor, Rev. John J. Furlong, West ave. corner Chapel N. St. Joseph's R. C.—Pastor, Rev. J. J. Winters, Music Hall, S. N. Advent—Pastor, Van Zandt avenue, E. N. Christian Union Association—West Norwalk. Union Church Society—Cranbury.

SOCIETIES, ASSOCIATIONS, ETC.

Alpha Wheel Club, 51 Main N. American Legion of Honor, 92 Washington, S. N. A. O. H., Division No. 1, 18 W. D. of E., Ladies' Auxiliary, A. 18 Wall, N. A. O. K., of M. C., Pioneer Castle, Gazette Building, N. A. O. K., of M. C., Palestine Castle, 102 Washington, S. N. Arion Singing Society, Madison, S. N. Catholic Club, West avenue, N. C. B. L., Bishop McMahon Council, 18 Wall, N. D. A. R., Norwalk Chapter, Central Club, N. D. of H., Louis Lodge, 102 Washington, S. N. Germania Saengerbund, 162 Washington, S. N. Hat Trimmers' Association, G. A. R. Rooms, Washington, S. N. Improved Order Heptasophs, 162 Washington, S. N. I. O. R. M., Uncas Tribe, 118 Washington, S. N. Independent O. R. M. Schiller Stamm, 102 Washington, S. N. K. of C., Catholic Union Council, 26 Wall, N. K. of H., 118 Washington, S. N. K. of P., Olive Branch Lodge, 82 Washington, S. N. K. of G. E., Union Castle, 83 Washington, S. N. Knob Outing Club, Club House near Wilson Point. Naromake Gun Club, 9 Main, N. N. A. S. E., 8 North Main, S. N. N. P. U., Security Council, Gazette Building, N. N. E. O. P., P. C. Lounsbury Lodge, 83 Washington, S. N. Norwalk Barbers' Union, 66 Washington, S. N., 13 Main, N. Norwalk Club, 63 & 65 Wall, N. N. H. F. A., of the U. H. of N. A., 102 Washington, S. N. Norwalk Hospital Assoc., 24 Leonard N. Norwalk Lawn Tennis Club, Moff avenue. Norwalk Medical Assoc., 68 & 69 Wall, N. Norwalk Yacht Club, Hickory Bluff S. N. O. B. A. Lodge, 100 Washington S. N. O. D. H. S., Humboldt Lodge, 101 Washington, S. N. Painters' and Decorators' Union, 44 Wall, N. Pequonock Club, 13 Main, N. Pine Lodge Outing Club, Roton Point N. Robert Emmet Club, 20 Wall, N. S. A. R., Norwalk Branch, No. 5. Sons of St. George, Welcome Stranger Lodge, 13 Main street, N. Twin City Wheelmen, 83 Washington, S. N. O. U. A. M., Defender Council, N. U. B. of C. & J., of America, Norwalk Local, Gazette Bldg., N. U. O. G. C., Sherman Commandery, Gazette Building, N. Central Club, 57 West avenue, N. Woman's Exchange, 57 West ave

MASONIC.

St. John's Lodge, Masonic Bldg., N. Old Well Lodge, 29 S. Main, S. N. Washington Chapter, R. A. M., Masonic Bldg., N. Butler Chapter, 26 S. Main, S. N. Clinton Commandery, K. T., Masonic Bldg., N.

ODD FELLOWS.

Our Brothers Lodge, 16 Wall, N. Butler Lodge, 130 Washington, S. N. Kabaosa Encampment, 16 Wall, N. Colfax Encampment, S. N. Eureka Rebekah Lodge, 130 Washington, S. N. Norwalk Lodge, O. W. O. of O. F., 83 Washington, S. N.

FORESTERS OF AMERICA.

Court Mahackemo, 83 Wash'n., S. N. Court Narruck, Gazette B'ld, N. Star of Columbia Circle, 82 Washington, S. N.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Ponarus Council, Water, S. N. Sherman Council, 126 Wash'n., S. N.

TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES.

O. G. T., Washington Lodge Cranbury. Concord Division, Gazette B'ld, N. Minnehaha Division, 83 Wash'n., S. N. Rising Star Division, Crow's Nest Rowayton. W. C. T. U., City Mission Room, 31 Y. W. C. T. U., City Mission Room, S. N. G. A. B. Buckingham Post, Wall, N. Buckingham, W. R. C., A. R. E. N. Douglas Bowler Post, 152 Washington, S. N. Douglas Fowler Post, W. R. C., 2 Washington, E. N. O. S. Ferry Command, 152 Washington, S. N.

REBELS FIRE MANILA

A Thousand Houses and Many Business Places Burned.

ANOTHER MANIFESTO BY AGUINALDO.

Manila's First Celebration of Washington's Birthday - Negros Commissioners Received by Otis. They Profess Friendship.

MANILA, Feb. 23.—Notwithstanding the close watch that has been kept upon the natives in the city, they, as the result of a conspiracy among their leaders, attempted last night to destroy Manila with fire.

Santa Cruz, San Nicolas and Tondo were the quarters selected for the starting of the fires, and those who were chosen to apply the torch did their work only too well.

The troops and foreign residents worked manfully to check the fires, but it was not until this morning that the flames were under control and the city was out of danger.

During the confusion attendant upon the work of fighting the fire, native sharpshooters who were concealed in the vicinity of the burning quarters fired upon the troops.

There was the wildest excitement among the natives, and they were primed for a general uprising.

Aguinaldo Issues Another Manifesto.

HONGKONG, Feb. 23.—Aguinaldo has issued a manifesto accepting the situation caused by the "unexpected provocation of the Americans," while lamenting the hostilities, which, he says, he "tried to avoid by every means" in his power.

The rebel leader further alleges that the country is unanimous in his support, that the people "will perish rather than accept the odious American dominion" and that "even the corrupt Spanish dominion is preferable."

The Philippine commission is considered by Aguinaldo to be a farce, and Otis, Denby, Dewey and Secretary Harden are classed as "pronounced annexationists."

Finally Aguinaldo expresses the wish to "proclaim to the world and officially dispel the false rumors that Germany or any other power has rendered assistance, moral or material, to the Filipinos, adding "nor have the Filipinos solicited it."

Negros is Loyal to Us.

MANILA, Feb. 23.—While the guns on the city walls and those on board the ships of Rear Admiral Dewey's fleet in the bay fired a salute in honor of Washington's birthday, four commissioners from the island of Negros had an interview with Major General Otis and informed him that the American flag had already been raised over that island and that its inhabitants were ready, anxious and willing to accept any proposition the Americans might offer.

Although the Iloilo rebels have given the people of Negros much trouble, especially in the matter of demands for financial assistance, the inhabitants of Negros have persistently held aloof and now, through the commissioners, announce that they want the advice and help of General Otis.

The Agoncillo Mystery.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—It has developed that Sixto Lopez, Agoncillo's secretary, left here quietly Monday night on the train for New York. Since then nothing has been heard from him.

First Hawaiian Vessel.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The first Hawaiian vessel that has visited this port since the annexation of the islands arrived yesterday. She is the Fooning Suey, from Shanghai and Hongkong.

Suffrage For Women.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—There was a gathering of distinguished women in the senate chamber yesterday, who participated in the joint hearing given by the judiciary committee of both houses on the three measures that have been introduced in the legislature extending the right of suffrage to women.

To Increase the Forest Preserve.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—A large delegation from Ulster county, headed by ex-Judge Clearwater, Senator Davis and Deputy Attorney General Hasbrouck, waited on the ways and means committee yesterday to urge the passage of the bill for increasing the state forest preserve in the Catskills.

THE BIRTHDAY IN BERLIN.

EMBASSADOR White Gives a Reception—Other Celebrations Held.

BERLIN, Feb. 23.—The United States embassy and consulate were beautifully decorated with flags yesterday in honor of Washington's birthday.

The banquet in honor of Mr. Frank Mason, the recently appointed United States consul general in Berlin, was attended by nearly all the American consuls in Germany.

Embassador White made a felicitous response to "The Day We Celebrate," the speech being in an historic vein, but sparkling with humorous touches.

Mr. James C. Monaghan, consul at Chemnitz, responded to "Our Country."

Washington's Birthday in New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The one hundred and sixty-seventh anniversary of the birth of George Washington, despite adverse weather conditions, was generally observed as a holiday throughout the city.

Remembered in Stockholm.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 23.—Washington's birthday was celebrated here by a brilliant ball, given by the American minister, Hon. William W. Thomas, and Mrs. Thomas, at the new American legation, directly opposite the royal palace.

San Francisco Celebrated.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 23.—Washington's birthday was observed in this city by a general suspension of business and the closing of the public schools and the holding of literary exercises in several districts.

The Birthday at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—Washington's anniversary was observed here generally. All government departments were closed and also most of the stores.

Saved From the Bulgarians.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 23.—The British steamship Vittoria, Captain Wetherall, arrived here yesterday from Hull via Hampton Roads, with four of the crew of the foundered Hamburg-American liner Bulgaria.

The Bennington at Manila.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—The Solace has sailed from Manila on her way to Manila. Admiral Dewey announced the arrival of the gunboat Bennington at Manila yesterday.

Embassador Choate Sails.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—Embassador Choate sailed yesterday on the American liner St. Paul for his new post at the court of St. James.

Canadians Decline to Talk.

OTTAWA, Feb. 23.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Louis Davies and Sir Richard Cartwright returned yesterday from Washington.

Company L Mustered Out.

NEWBURG, Feb. 23.—Company L, First New York volunteers, was mustered out yesterday by Captain E. E. Hardin of the Seventh Infantry.

Germany Wants Chambers Removed.

BERLIN, Feb. 23.—According to the remedial Hamburgischer Correspondenz, the German foreign office, complying with a petition of Germans in Samoa, has requested the Washington government to supersede Chief Justice Chambers.

OFFICERS NOMINATED.

To be Voted for at the Annual Meeting of the South Norwalk Club.

Richard H. Golden, John H. Ferris, Robert H. Rowan, Matthew Corbett, S. C. Palmer, Frank C. VanScoy and Frederick H. Quintard, the nominating committee of South Norwalk club, has selected the following list of names to be presented at the club's annual meeting, March 7th:

President—John H. Light. Vice President—Richard H. Golden. Secretary, treasurer and collector—F. H. Quintard.

Board of Directors—S. C. Palmer, James Golden, William H. Smith, Frank VanScoy, Albert E. Winchester, Christian Swartz, Dr. L. M. Allen, Elbert W. Fitch.

Council—John H. Ferris, Robert H. Rowan, Matthew Corbett, V. A. Scofield, Stephen S. Hatch, John A. Slater, Milford A. Giffin, E. H. Mathewson, Robert A. McDonald, Harrie Morehouse, Mack Roth, William C. Foote.

Entertainment committee—R. H. Golden, F. A. Ferris, K. W. Mansfield, Frank VanScoy, F. D. Layton and M. A. Giffin.

Auditors—Charles E. Hoyt and Robert G. Mitchell. House committee—S. C. Palmer, W. H. Smith, C. T. Dimond, C. Swartz and F. H. Quintard.

24th ANNIVERSARY.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Rider Entertain Their Friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Rider celebrated the 24th anniversary of their marriage at their home in Westport avenue, Tuesday evening.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Sherwood, Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Ruscoe, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rider, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Phillips, Mrs. Sarah Sherman, Mrs. Petit, Mrs. Harry Byington, Mrs. E. J. Wadhams, Miss Daisy Wadhams, Miss Anna Rider, Wilbur Byington and William Rider.

BUSINESSMEN MEET.

The Board of Directors Increased to Nineteen.

An adjourned meeting of the Business Men's association was held Tuesday evening.

There was not a large attendance but considerable important business was transacted.

By vote the number of directors was increased from fifteen to nineteen.

The election of new directors was deferred until the next meeting of the association.

Dues to the amount of \$10 were ordered paid to the treasurer of the State association.

F. D. Lawton stated that he had secured the payment of an old account through the instrumentality of the association.

The meeting adjourned until next Tuesday evening.

Good Templars.

The annual election of Washington Lodge, Good Templars, was held Tuesday evening, at the hall in Cranbury.

Chief Templar—Edward S. Taylor. Vice Templar—Miss Hattie Crawford. Chaplain—Miss Anna Knorr. Secretary—Miss Julia Crawford. Financial Secretary—Miss Emma Englehardt.

Marshal—Albert Saunders. Deputy marshal—Miss Emily Taylor.

Guard—Henry Baldwin. Sentinel—Samuel Crawford.

Right supporter to chief templar—Augustus Knorr. Left supporter to chief templar—Marshall Baxter.

Miss May Diver, of Colby College is spending a few days with Miss Ogden, of West avenue.

How This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

R. J. CHENEY & Co., Props, Toledo, O. We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by him.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Birthday Party.

A birthday party was tendered Clark Ely, of Cranbury, Tuesday night, by the members of the Male chorus of the Norwalk Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sons of St. George.

Welcome Stranger Lodge, Sons of St. George, gave a home social in honor of their sisters, the ladies of Perseverance Lodge, Tuesday evening.

Masquerade Balls.

The annual masquerade ball of the Germania Saengerbund was held in Germania hall, Tuesday evening.

Basket Ball and Hockey.

The basket ball teams of the St. Joseph's T. A. B. society of South Norwalk, and Co. E. Bridgeport, played a match game in Music hall, Tuesday night.

The visitors were defeated by a score of 11 to 0. There were several brilliant plays and the game was quite exciting.

In the hockey game the Steegmuller's defeated the O'Brien's by a score of 3 to 2. The game was closely contested.

To be Enlarged.

Mr. Frank Bishop is thinking seriously of utilizing the vacant space between the Jackson building and the Bishop building on Wall street, and adjoining the store of F. R. Starr, by the erection on the same of an addition to the main building.

Advertisement for Renne's Pain-Killing Magic Oil, Dr. Herrick's Liver Pills, and other medical products. Includes an illustration of a man holding a bottle.

Advertisement for The SUN and The Sunday SUN newspapers. Includes contact information and pricing.

OLD PEOPLE

Should Maintain Their Strength and Health in Their Declining Years.

Vinol Will Do This For Them Because It Acts Favorably on the Stomach.

People who have reached an advanced age of life feel that their strength, their weight, and in fact all their energies are waning.

When Vinol is taken, this is easily done because of its digestive promoting qualities. The stomach will be enabled with the least effort to obtain the nourishment it needs to make new flesh tissue and rich red blood.

Old people will find in Vinol a tonic and restorer such as they have never before experienced. We guarantee the effect of Vinol and will refund to anyone his money if not satisfactory. Vinol tastes delicious.

PLAISTED'S drug store, 43 Washington St., So. Norwalk

Advertisement for New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, listing train schedules and fares.

Advertisement for 'GOT THE GRIP?' featuring an illustration of a hand holding a bottle.

The sudden Epidemic of Grip has startled the country. The doctors confess they have no sure Cure for it, and this is seen to be true in the sudden death of Garcia and Ex-Senator Brice and the alarming increase in the death rate.

Brazilian Balm.

No fatal disease of Grip was ever known where BRAZILIAN BALM was promptly used. It kills the germs, arrests the progress of the disease at once, and takes all the evil effects out of the system.

Colds, Grip, Influenza, Old Coughs, Asthma, Catarrh, Pleurisy, Bronchitis IT IS A PERFECT REMEDY

For Sale by EDWARD P. WEED, Wall Street.

WE BECOME SOLE SURETY ON ALL BONDS.

If You Want a Bond As Executor, Trustee, Administrator, Guardian, Receiver, Assignee or in Replevin, Attachment Cases, etc., As a Letter Carrier, As a Contractor, As a United States Official, As State, County, Town or City Official, As an Officer of a Fraternal Society As an employee of a Bank, Corporation or Mercantile establishment,

The Fidelity & Deposit Company OF MARYLAND, WILL FURNISH IT.

Don't Give or Accept Personal Surety. WILLIAM H. BYINGTON, Agent, Gazette Building, Norwalk, Conn

Large advertisement for 'The SUN' newspaper, including 'GET YOUR JOB PRINTING AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE. GOOD WORK, PRICES RIGHT'.

NO EXTRA SESSION.

Senators Will Prepare a New Army Measure.

TO RETAIN MAIN POINTS OF HULL BILL

To Meet the Wishes of Democrats the Time Limit is Fixed at July 1, 1901. Naval Appropriation Passed. Rank of Admiral Revived.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—That there is to be an adjustment of the differences on the army reorganization bill in the senate was the general understanding among senators last night. Few, however, will attempt to give details, if indeed these have been arranged. The Democratic senators have contended for little more than the fixing of a time limit for the continuance of the existence of the enlarged army, being willing, as they say, to give the administration all the men and money necessary to its purposes for the present. Accordingly the time for the continuance of the increase has been fixed at July 1, 1901. There is a mutual understanding that the new army shall not number to exceed 97,000 men, as provided in the Cockrell bill, and that the staff provisions of the Hull-Hawley bill shall be retained in substantially the same form as reported from the military committee. Of the troops authorized 35,000 are to be raised, subject to the discretion of the president and may be natives of the new possessions or otherwise, as he may determine.

The present understanding is that the bill shall be a new measure, not a substitute for the Hull bill. To make it a substitute would leave the matter open to a conference committee, and the Democrats are not willing to take their chances in a conference. Hence, after the bill shall have passed the senate, it will have to go to the house and be acted upon there as if no army bill had passed that body.

House Passes the Naval Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The naval appropriation bill finally passed the house yesterday afternoon after four days' acrimonious debate, most of which was spent upon the question of rehabilitating the Naval academy at Annapolis in accordance with the scheme inaugurated by the appropriation of \$500,000 in the last naval bill and the proposition to increase the maximum price to be paid for armor plate to \$545 per ton, existing law limiting it to \$400. Upon both propositions the naval committee suffered signal defeats. The amendment to build a great armor plant was ruled out upon a point of order, but after a rancorous debate the price to be paid for armor was cut down from \$545, the price which the committee insisted was being paid for the new Krupp armor, to \$445, and a proviso was also added precluding the government from paying more than was paid by any foreign government for similar armor. When the bill was reported to the house, Mr. Boutelle attempted to secure a reversal of the verdicts of the committee of the whole on the Naval academy and armor plate amendments, but in both cases he was defeated.

Another victory over the naval committee was secured by the adoption of a provision to the naval bill creating the rank of admiral of the navy. This was accomplished by Mr. Moody of Massachusetts, who offered a copy of the senate bill creating this rank as an amendment to the naval bill. The amendment was clearly subject to the point of order raised against it by Mr. Boutelle, but the sentiment of the house was so apparently unanimous in favor of the amendment that he withdrew the point of order, and it was adopted without a dissenting vote. The naval committee had amended the senate bill so as to also create the rank of vice admiral, but Mr. Moody's amendment was the original senate bill without the latter provision.

Mrs. Boole Favors the Ambler Bill.

ALBANY, Feb. 24.—The first hearing on the numerous propositions for amendment of the Raines liquor tax law was given by the senate committee on taxation and retrenchment yesterday afternoon to Mrs. Ella Boole, president of the state W. C. T. U. She appeared in advocacy of Senator Ambler's bill to prohibit the sale of liquors in quantities of less than five gallons in grocery stores or other stores where provisions or articles of household furniture are sold. The committee, however, took no action upon the bill.

Potomac Sees Many Bergs.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Many icebergs were sighted in midocean from the British oil tank steamer Potomac, which came into port last night. The steamer left Swansea on Feb. 8 in ballast. From north latitude 48 and west longitude 46 to north latitude 45 and west longitude 48 no fewer than a dozen large arctic wanderers were counted, and a number of smaller ones were seen. The big bergs, Captain Anderson says, were between 150 and 200 feet high.

To Examine Her Place.

ALBANY, Feb. 24.—Dr. William M. Polk and Dr. W. S. Dana of New York city have been appointed a commission by Governor Roosevelt to examine Mrs. Martha Place, the condemned murderer of Brooklyn, who is awaiting execution, with a view of determining if she is sane or insane and what her mental condition was at the time of the murder of her stepdaughter.

Milk Producers' Association.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Feb. 24.—Two hundred farmers attended the meeting of the Five States Milk Producers' association at Goshen, N. Y., yesterday. No local organization was perfected, but the plans of the association were explained to the farmers by members of the executive committee.

New Jersey Red Men.

TRENTON, Feb. 24.—The Improved Order of Red Men held their annual general council meeting here yesterday. The report of the great chief of records, Daniel M. Stevens of Camden, showed a total membership in the state of 16,152 and \$82,000 paid out during the year for benefits.

Mrs. George's Trial.

CANTON, O., Feb. 24.—No jury will be required to pass on the technical points raised in the prosecution of Mrs. George. Her attorneys say the trial probably will commence within 30 days.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Limited Mail.
The Elmer E. Vance company opened a three nights' engagement at Hoyt's Theatre last night the opening play being "The Limited Mail." A large audience witnessed it. The entire play was excellently portrayed the cast being strong in every particular. The scenery was fine a goodly part of it of the spectacular order. To-night the company will present "Patent Applied for and to-morrow night "The Hidden Hand."

NORTH WILTON.

A combination of blizzard and whooping cough has kept the local school closed the past week.

Ernest Ruscoe, legislative messenger, had a hard fight to reach Hartford blizzard week, but was on hand among the first.

CRANBURY.

The cottage prayer meetings, which have been postponed for the last three weeks on account of the weather, will be resumed to-night at the home of Mrs. D. M. F. J. w.

An addition is to be built to the Hendricks place.

Wreck on Union Pacific.

LARAMIE, Wyo., Feb. 24.—The Union Pacific east bound flier No. 2 is in the ditch 35 miles east of Rawlins, at Weed, a small station. The sleeper, dining car and chair car are completely wrecked and the passengers all injured more or less. Three passengers and the conductor are reported killed, but it is feared the casualties will prove much greater. The latest report was that at least a dozen were seriously injured.

Burglar Identified.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Feb. 24.—John J. Gleason, the burglar who was shot by Postmaster Hauser of Delaware Water Gap, Pa., and who died from the effects of the wound, was born in this city. He had just completed a ten year sentence for shooting a Newburg policeman. Gleason belonged to the "Bridge Bandits" and was a chum of the so called "King of the Bandits," Tony Sarvis, who is now imprisoned at Sing Sing.

Carnegie Buys a Team.

CHICAGO, Feb. 24.—The attraction at the Splan-Newgass sale yesterday was the Donovan team, Wert and B. C., each with a race record of 2:15 1/2. They were started at \$2,500. The bids were raised until finally H. N. Van Voorhis, of Pittsburg secured them at \$9,500, which is the highest price paid for a team for a number of years. The horses were bought for Andrew Carnegie.

Fatal Explosion and Fire.

HARTFORD CITY, Ind., Feb. 24.—By a mysterious explosion following a fire discovered in the Dick building yesterday four persons lost their lives and three were injured. The explosion lifted the third floor and dropped it down on the second. Flames enveloped the Dick, the Williams and the Mason buildings.

Fire Takes Half of Muscogee.

WAGGONER, I. T., Feb. 24.—A fire at Muscogee, I. T., has destroyed almost one-half that town, entailing a loss aggregating nearly \$500,000. The fire began in a negro's hut near the courthouse. It destroyed the greater portion of the business district and many private residences.

For Honorary Attaches.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—Senator McMillan yesterday introduced a bill authorizing the secretary of state to appoint honorary attaches of embassies and legations, who are to act without pay. The bill requires that such appointees shall be Americans and qualified.

Weather Probabilities.

Partly cloudy; colder; fresh north-westerly winds.

New York Markets.

FLOUR—State and western slow, but steady; winter patents, \$3.75@4; winter straights, \$3.55@3.65; Minnesota patents, \$3.55@4.25; winter extras, \$2.50@2.85.
WHEAT—No. 2 red stronger on cables, foreign buying and cold weather; March, 83¢@83 1/2¢; May, 77 1/2¢@77 15-16¢.
RICE—Steady; state, 62 1/2¢; No. 2 western, 66 1/2¢. f. o. b., afloat.
CORN—No. 2 moderately active and steady with other markets; May, 40 1/2¢@40 3/4¢.
OATS—No. 2 dull; track, white, state, 36 1/2¢@40 1/2¢; track, white, western, 36 1/2¢@40 1/2¢.
PORK—Quiet; mess, \$9@10.75; family, \$10.75@11.
LARD—Firm; prime western steam, \$5.55, nominal.
BUTTER—Steady; state dairy, 13¢@21¢; state creamery, 16¢@22¢.
CHEESE—Steady; large, white, 10 1/2¢; small, white, 11¢@11 1/4¢.
EGGS—Firm and excited; state and Pennsylvania, 29 1/2¢; western, 29¢.
RICE—Firm; domestic, 4 1/2¢@7¢; Japan, 5¢@5 1/4¢.
TURPENTINE—Easy at 46¢@46 1/2¢.
TALLOW—Quiet; city, 4 1/4¢; country, 4 1/4¢@4 1/2¢.
HAY—Quiet; shipping, 40¢@50¢; good to choice, 55¢@65¢.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

WILTON.

Miss Marianna Middlebrooks and H. S. Ogden, of New York, were the guests of D. B. Ogden, over Sunday.

W. K. J. Hubbell visited T. T. Merwin at "The Gunner," Washington, Conn., on Washington's birthday.

Miss Roxie Mann has returned from an extended trip to Brooklyn.

T. F. Gilbert is slowly recovering from a recent accident in which his back was quite severely injured.

Rev. William E. Hooker attended services at St. James's, Danbury, Tuesday evening, when a large class was confirmed by Bishop Brewster.

R. H. Fitch has given the contract for a building to be used as a post office to F. S. Banks. It will be situated on Frank Comstock's property opposite the residence of the Misses Darling.

Miss Helen Middlebrooks has returned from Binghamton, N. Y.

Evening service will be said at St. Matthew's on St. Matthew's day, Friday, February 24th, at 7:30 o'clock.

At the service at St. Matthew's on Sunday morning, February 26th, the sermon will be in memory of the late Bishop of the Diocese.

Mrs. S. P. Fitch is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Belden, in Danbury.

F. D. Benedict has returned from a trip to Brooklyn.

Two large, healthy robins were herding the approach of spring near the post office on Tuesday.

Miss Correlia Raymond, of Norwalk, is the guest of R. H. Fitch.

A sociable will be held by the Y. P. S. C. E. at the Congregational chapel on Friday evening.

Edwin Cable, who has been seriously ill for the past month, is again able to attend to his business.

Michael Wolf died at the home of his son Albert Wolf on Sunday, aged 75 years. The funeral was held from the Catholic church, Ridgefield on Wednesday.

DARIEN.

The postoffice was broken into Monday night. The intruders did not make much for scarcely anything was taken save a few cigars. As far as can be learned, no effort was even made to procure any stamps or money.

Early Wednesday morning fire caused damage estimated at \$4,000 on the place of Herman Hofer of New York. The flames had their origin in one of the barns, from some cause unknown, and before they were extinguished two barns, a carriage house, and the green houses were destroyed. The loss is covered by insurance.

BELDEN HILL.

Mrs. Francis Brady, and Mrs. Annie Whitlock are visiting relatives in Newark.

Walter Gregory of East Orange is in town.

After a week of hard digging this street is again open to travel.

An Excellent Combination.

The few remedies which have attained to world-wide fame, as truly beneficial in effect and giving satisfaction to millions of people everywhere, are the products of knowledge of the most eminent physicians, and presented in the form most acceptable to the human system by the skill of the world's great chemists; and one of the most successful examples is the Syrup of Figs manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Unlike a host of imitations and cheap substitutes, Syrup of Figs is permanently beneficial in its effects, and therefore lives and promotes good health, while inferior preparations are being cast aside and forgotten. In olden times if a remedy gave temporary relief to individuals here and there, it was thought good; but now-a-days a laxative remedy must give satisfaction to all. If you have never used Syrup of Figs, give it a trial, and you will be pleased with it, and will recommend it to your friends or to any who suffer from constipation, or from over-feeding, or from colds, headaches, biliousness, or other ills resulting from an inactive condition of the kidneys, liver and bowels.

In the process of manufacturing the pleasant family laxative made by the California Fig Syrup Co., and named Syrup of Figs, figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste; but the medicinal properties of the remedy are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially. As the true and original remedy, named Syrup of Figs, it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The Company has selected for years past the leading publications of the United States through which to inform the public of the merits of its remedy, and among them the GAZETTE is included, as will be seen by reference to its advertising columns.

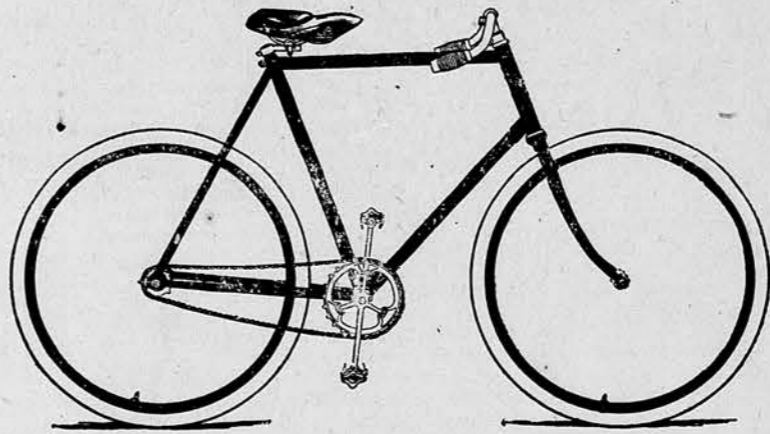
—Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

ATTENTION FIREMEN!

A Word

FROM

Chief Prowitt!



A RAMBLER FOR YOU!

To the Members of the Norwalk, South Norwalk and East Norwalk Fire Departments:

The year '98 was a great year for bicycles. I sold more wheels during that year than ever before, but I desire to make the year '99 a record breaker, and in order to do it I want your assistance in booming the *Rambler Wheel*; to spread its name and fame into every nook and corner of our town.

To obtain your help I propose to give away *Absolutely Free*, to the most popular member of either the Norwalk, South Norwalk or East Norwalk Fire Departments a celebrated *High Grade '99 Rambler Wheel*, the fleetest, the handsomest, the most graceful, the most durable and most reliable wheel built, up to date.

The popularity will be decided by ballot, and in order to vote for candidates the name of the member to be voted for together with the name of the fire company of which he is a member must be written on the coupon below and deposited in the ballot box at my store No. 45 Main street, Norwalk.

Ballots for members of the South Norwalk department can be deposited in the ballot box at the store of Whelpley & Clark in the Lauder building.

Ballots for members of the East Norwalk department can be deposited in the ballot box in Haffner's Cigar and News store at the east end of the Washington street bridge.

The contest is open to every member of the several fire departments, including members of the Fire Police.

All ballots must be deposited by 7 o'clock sharp, on the evening of May 29th, and the name of the winner will be announced on May 31st.

J. T. Prowitt,

Agent RAMBLER WHEELS,
No. 45 MAIN STREET, NORWALK, CONN

RAMBLER COUPON.

Name.....

Address.....

THE GAZETTE covers the cream of the trade in this section. An advertisement in its columns will pay.

MEEKER COAL CO.

—DEALERS IN—

COAL, WOOD, BRICK BUILDING MATERIAL, FARMING UTENSILS, ETC.

MEEKER COAL COMPANY

Smith Street, Norwalk.

O. E. Wilson,

GENERAL INSURANCE

Real Estate and Investment Agent, ..

Room 3 GAZETTE BUILDING, NORWALK, CONN MONEY TO LOAN

AT

P. W. BATES'
42 WATER STREET,

You can find as fine an assortment of

Monumental & Cemetery Work

As can be found in any Yard in the State. Look it over and get prices before going elsewhere

W. FERNALD,

Practical Bookbinder

Books Called For and Delivered.

Postal Orders Promptly Attended to.

32 FRANKLIN STREET, SOUTH NORWALK.

Orders for Bookbinding can be left at the GAZETTE OFFICE.

J. D. JENNINGS,

UNDERTAKER!

No. 7 MAIN STREET. NIGHT BELL AT OFFICE

Norwalk Hotel

HOLIDAYS ARE HERE

And as the year closes we naturally turn back and ask what has been done.

BEER is the subject upon which our thoughts dwell and we can truthfully claim "All Standards have been kept."

Highland over the bar or on the bottle, means PUREST and BEST. PILSENER, BAVARIAN AND EXPORT LAGERS.

GOLDEN STOCK AND CREAM ALES AND PORTER. HIGHLAND MALT AND MALT WITH IRON.

Hunter or Corstair Whiskies and Kentucky Taylor in full quarts for the holidays.

C. H. Mumm's Champagne and Domestic Wines. Highland Brewery Bottled Beer delivered to families.

I. G. HAMILTON, Proprietor.

HARPER'S BAZAR

is invaluable to every modiste and indispensable to every dressmaker. For gowns in every issue are furnished two or more

CUT PAPER PATTERNS

The patterns have been pronounced the simplest made, and in point of practical utility they

ARE THE BEST

One needs only to give them a trial to be convinced that they are the most convenient

AND SIMPLEST

Price—Waist, with sleeve, 25 cents; Skirt, 25 cents; Complete Costume, 50 cents.

10 Cents a Copy \$4 00 a Year

HARPER & BROTHERS, Publishers NEW YORK, N. Y.

Local News.

Mrs. Margaret A. Vothees, of Betts place, is quite sick.

Thomas Finnerty is critically ill at his home in South Norwalk.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James Smith, of Cross street.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Brennan of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry W. Mather have returned from their wedding tour.

George F. Pierce of Maple street, spent Sunday at his home in Danbury.

J. Hubert Dunning of New York spent Sunday at his home in South Norwalk.

J. T. Prowitt is renovating the parsonage of the South Norwalk Baptist church.

Alfred Stevens of Bethel, spent Sunday with James Brundage of Main street.

Mrs. George Saunders, is ill at the home of A. A. Raymond, of Elm Grove street.

Mrs. Larkin and Miss Helen Bishop of Newark, N. J., are visiting friends in town.

Arion O. Hoskins of West Main street, has been a guest of his daughter in Westport.

Mrs. Marsh, of Georgetown, is visiting her sister, Mrs. David Gould, of Main street.

Mrs. Frank Willmot and son Charlie, of Elm street, are spending a few days in New York.

Joseph Ellis succeeds Spencer Adams as assistant book-keeper at the Central National bank.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cunningham of Springfield, have returned from a visit in Danbury.

Rev. Dr. Baldwin is expected to speak at the Norwalk M. E. church, Thursday, March 2.

Miss Lena Isbell, of Stamford, sang at the South Norwalk Congregational church Sunday evening.

Miss T. W. Laylor, assistant principal at the Over River school, spent Sunday at her home in Albany.

Miss Mabel Ballard was surprised by a party of friends at her home on Main street, Friday evening.

John Cavanaugh, of Maple street, has re-enlisted in the hospital corps, U. S. A. His brother, E. E. Cavanaugh, will be home in a few days.

At Trinity church, Sunday morning Rev. F. W. Norris preached a sermon memorial of the late Bishop Williams.

Miss Florence Brotherton, of Main street, has accepted a position with the Graphophone company, of Bridgeport.

Mrs. Bertha Merkle of Brooklyn, formerly Miss Bertha Pink of Norwalk, is the proud mother of a little girl.

Mrs. William E. Montgomery and Mrs. William Palmer and daughter, of Norwalk, are spending a few days in New York.

The Misses Lane, who have been spending the past six weeks in New York, have returned to their home on the Green.

Mrs. Barbara Stegmuller and brother, J. J. Snellbach attended the funeral of their nephew, J. C. Flag in New York Sunday.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Clark of Margaretsville, N. Y., Mrs. Clark was formerly Miss Julia Burnham of South Norwalk.

Bailwitz and King, Main street grocers have closed their store voluntarily. It is said that they have \$8,000.00 in bills on their books.

Mrs. William Pattee and daughter of Ansonia, who have been guests of Mrs. Edward Warren, of Van Zandt avenue, East Norwalk, have returned home.

Miss Florence May Diver, of Colby University, formerly of South Norwalk, is spending a few days with her sisters, Misses Daisy and Eunice Diver, in Bridgeport.

L. St. John Keeler, of the Gilbert & Bennett Mfg. Co., of Georgetown, arrived at his home in Westport from a business trip through Vermont and New Hampshire, Saturday afternoon.

George Richmond, of Westport, who has been seriously ill with rheumatism at the home of E. A. Taylor in Union avenue, was out yesterday for the first time in several weeks.

The A. P. C. held its last regular meeting before its consolidation with the Chess, Checker and Whist club, last night. Three new members, William Dixon, Ross Malkin and Harry Sterling, were voted in. A final "blow out" will be held in the club rooms Wednesday evening. The clubs will be consolidated March 1.

No more pitiful exhibition of cowardice can be conceived than that of the man who is willing to take his life to escape the duties and responsibilities placed upon him by the divine act of creation.—New Haven Union.

The Lynn Item says a young "lady" of that city was arrested the other day for keeping liquor with intent to sell. If this is the kind of "ladies" they have in Lynn the rest of the sex would probably prefer to be common every day women.—Newburyport News.

CASHED A FORGED CHECK.

George Van Ness, of Newark, N. J., who has recently been visiting his cousin, Charles Bouton, of Cranbury, has disappeared and with him has gone \$42.60 which he raised by means of a forged check.

Van Ness was a frequent visitor at Cranbury and was very popular with the young ladies of that locality. He was a good banjo player and was often called upon to play at the church entertainments, and was in fact an all round good fellow with everybody.

Shortly after Van Ness arrived he exhibited to his cousin a check for \$42.60, upon the strength of which he succeeded in negotiating a loan of \$10. The check was drawn by a party named Collins upon a bank in Madison, N. J., to the order of A. C. Bailey, a wealthy wholesale and retail meat dealer of Bascom Ridge, New Jersey, and Van Ness' father-in-law, who had apparently endorsed it over to Van Ness.

When the last of the borrowed \$10 disappeared Van Ness concluded it was time to cash the check and wind up his visit in Cranbury. This was on Wednesday, February 8.

On the above day Van Ness took the check to Mr. Bouton, to whom he had previously stated that he had taken a load of meat to the said Collins and received the check in payment and it had been made over to him by his father-in-law in payment of his, Van Ness' salary, and Mr. Bouton promptly endorsed the check under Van Ness' signature.

The two then presented the check at the Fairfield County National bank, but as neither Mr. Bouton nor Van Ness were known to the bank officials Teller Hoyt refused to cash the check unless some one identified them.

Mr. Bouton thereupon took the check to Mr. O. E. Wilson, the real estate dealer in the GAZETTE building and after introducing Van Ness as his cousin and assuring Mr. Wilson that everything was all right the latter placed his name under that of Mr. Bouton.

The check was next taken to the Central National bank where the endorsement of Mr. Wilson was promptly accepted and the \$42.60 paid over to Van Ness.

The next day Mr. Bouton was taken sick and remained at his home in Cranbury while Van Ness came to Norwalk. He remained at Mr. Bouton's shoe shop a short time and then left, saying to Joseph McCormack, who works with Mr. Bouton, that he was going to Saugatuck. Since then he has disappeared from town and nothing has been heard from him.

The Central bank forwarded the check for collection and received a notice of protest from the Madison bank on Wednesday last. Mr. Bailey also received a notice of protest, as he had no customer by the name of Collins, and his, Bailey's, signature on the back of the check was declared a forgery.

Mr. Wilson was advised of the protest and he at once notified Mr. Bouton, who went to New Jersey but failed to find any trace of the missing Van Ness. Mr. Bouton, however, saw Van Ness' father in Newark and the latter promised to make the amount good.

Van Ness had talked of Cuba considerably while here, and it is surmised that when he skipped town he started for that place, although his father is of the opinion that he has enlisted in navy.

A search will be made for the missing man by Mr. Bouton, who promises to cause his arrest if he can be found.

MILES AS A WITNESS

The Court of Inquiry Hears the General's Story.

STATEMENTS CAREFULLY CONSIDERED

Certain Newspaper Interviews Did Not Fairly Represent His Opinions, but He Agreed With Much Contained Therein.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The Miles court of inquiry yesterday made a good start in its work. The court was comfortably quartered in the old meeting room of the war investigating commission in the Lannon building, with accommodations for representatives of the press associations and the local papers. Calls of ceremony on the president and general commanding the army occupied a large part of the forenoon, and immediately thereafter General Nelson A. Miles appeared as the first witness. He and three other army officers summoned as witnesses were examined and disposed of before the court closed its session at 3 o'clock. General Miles' testimony, of course, was the feature of the day's proceedings. Colonel Frank Michler, his chief of staff, and a gentleman in citizen's clothes who took a seat by the fireplace and gravely watched the course of proceedings, retiring with the general as silently as he had come, accompanied the general to the courtroom. General Miles appeared in fatigue uniform, rather striking in its contrast with the display of scarfs, bullion and buttons on the full dress uniforms of the court. He submitted to the questioning of Colonel Davis, recorder of the court, with equanimity except for a flash of mingled indignation and irony when he informed the recorder that he was not compelled to "report" to the commissary general of the army. This was in reply to a question as to whether or not he had reported to the commissary department the fact that complaints had been made to him as to the quality of meat being issued to the troops. An instant later General Miles resumed his cool and carefully considered replies to the inquiries of the court.

As indicated by a letter of the adjutant general, read by the recorder for the information of the court, the scope of the inquiry was limited to the allegations of General Miles before the war commission as to the quality of the army beef "and the matter purporting to have been furnished to the public press by the same official." Only two interviews were called up by New York Journal representative early in the beef controversy, in which General Miles was quoted as charging that certain chemicals were used in the preservation of the army meat, and another of the New York Herald, under date of Feb. 1, covering about the same ground.

General Miles was very slow and careful in his replies to the recorder's questions on this point. He called attention to the fact that in both instances he was credited in the interviews with refusing to answer certain questions and insisted that these refusals should be given due weight in considering the questions to which he did reply. He said in the case of the interview of Feb. 1 that he had a letter from the man who wrote the story offering to swear that General Miles had refused to be interviewed and that the whole story was made up in the office from the writer's general knowledge of the facts. Notwithstanding this, when his final answer was asked as to the authenticity of the interview General Miles did not specifically deny it, but merely said that it did not quite fairly represent his own opinion in the case. The same qualified denial as to The Journal interview of Dec. 23 was made, leaving the witness on record as not assuming any responsibility for the newspaper statements, but tacitly admitting that there was a good deal in them with which he agreed.

The trend of questions put to the other witnesses of the day indicate that so long as they agreed with General Miles as to the quality of the meat furnished the troops in the field the only criticism of their position the court had to make was why they had not taken some official steps to have the matter remedied at the time. In every instance the reply was that the circumstances in which the army was placed in a sickly foreign country with a large amount of fighting and a great scarcity of transportation at hand precluded the possibility of any such action. In each case the question was pushed no further on this line. It was said after the court adjourned that Dr. Daly, whose original "embalmed beef" report was the genesis of the meat controversy, probably would appear at today's session.

Employees Without Pay.

SANTIAGO, Cuba, Feb. 21.—No salaries for January have been received by the employees of the customs and postal services, and the local papers daily urge General Wood, the governor of the department, to do something for the relief of the many very poor employees. Another order has just been issued prohibiting the payment of any provincial officials except from Havana. This order includes the gendarmery, judges and many others.

Too Late For the War.

ALBANY, Feb. 21.—Governor Roosevelt yesterday received a pair of self cocking Smith & Wesson revolvers from that firm. They were presented to him when he announced his intention to resign as assistant secretary of the navy and join the regiment of Rough Riders. They reached Washington just after his departure to the front, and he did not receive them until yesterday.

Smallpox in Providence.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 21.—Eugenie Santiago, a longshoreman, applied at the Rhode Island hospital yesterday for treatment for an eruption on his face. When the physicians examined him, they found that the man was suffering from smallpox and that probably he had been sick with the disease for five days. The patient was immediately isolated.

Publishing House Falls.

BOSTON, Feb. 21.—The firm of well known publishers, Lamson, Wolfe & Co., has failed. No statement of the assets and liabilities are obtainable at present. The firm was organized about five years ago. Besides the office here the firm also has an office in New York.

DRIVEN FROM MACATI.

Insurgents Fire on Hospitals and Red Cross Workers.

MANILA, Feb. 21.—Early this morning the insurgents with shout and bugle call opened fire at long range on Anderson's left. Sharpshooters across the river made the headquarters at Macati a hot place, but there was no one wounded.

The enemy were concentrating all day at the waterworks and in front of King's brigade. They finally became so nagging in front of King's position that the general sent two companies of the First Washington infantry over the Pasig river.

They swept the country for two miles and then swung over to the river bank, opposite the insurgent trenches facing the American position at Macati, and opened a flank fire on the insurgents across the river.

Two guns of the Sixth artillery, under Lieutenant Scott, at Macati, pounded the insurgent positions, while the troops from Macati charged and drove the enemy before them. Fifteen Filipino dead were found and four wounded. Two American soldiers were wounded by the explosion of Springfield rifles.

The declaration of Aguinaldo that he has made a humane war is another fabrication. In the past few weeks the Red Cross has been like a red flag to the insurgents.

Chaplain Pierce of MacArthur's staff testifies that he has been shot at by sharpshooters 50 times in the provisional hospital. Not an ambulance or a litter came which was not the signal for a shower of bullets.

The surgeons of the hospital corps, who were giving aid to the Filipinos as well as to the American wounded, were a target for the sharpshooters.

A wounded man who was being carried from the field was killed by insurgents concealed in a tree.

Memorial Service in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—M. Thiebaut, the charge of the French embassy, called at the state department yesterday and gave notice that the embassy had arranged to have a religious service at St. Matthew's Roman Catholic church in this city next Thursday at 11 o'clock a. m. in memory of President Faure, that being the time fixed for the funeral services in Paris. The secretary was requested to extend invitations to attend to the president of the United States, the members of the cabinet, congress and the higher officials of the government.

Ice Previews Burial of Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Another attempt will be made today, if the conditions are favorable, to take the bodies that have accumulated at the morgue to Hart's island. Charities Commissioner Keller said yesterday that it might be necessary to hire some strong tugs to break a way through the ice. There are about 170 bodies now at the morgue, but Commissioner Keller said that the morgue's capacity had by no means been reached.

Mrs. Ellis Returns.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Late yesterday Mrs. Ellis, who had been missing from her rooms in the Rainier hotel since Friday last, returned in a dazed and helpless condition and unable to offer explanation as to her absence. She merely asked for food and then went to bed. Her appearance, however, denotes that for three days she has been without shelter and possibly without food.

Cheaper to Burn Them.

BOSTON, Feb. 21.—Mayor Quincy proposes that the city shall build a municipal crematory in which to incinerate the bodies of paupers, criminals and others whose burial devolves upon the city. The idea is to do away altogether with the Potter's field. It is asserted that the city could cremate bodies at a cost of only \$1 each, while it costs \$3 to dig a grave.

Where Is Agoncillo?

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Agoncillo, the agent of Aguinaldo, left Montreal late Sunday night, according to the dispatches, for this city. With Captain Marti, his traveling companion, he left the train at Albany. The train hands are very sure that the Filipinos did not get aboard again. They were not to be found when the train got here.

Senator Burke's Trial.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 21.—The trial of Senator Vernon H. Burke upon the disbarment proceedings instituted against him by the Cleveland Bar association began in the circuit court yesterday. Both prosecution and defense were represented by a brilliant array of legal talent.

The Tanner Indictments Quashed.

CARLINVILLE, Ill., Feb. 21.—The state attorney has dropped the three indictments found against Governor Tanner by the grand jury which investigated the Virdeu coal miners' strike. No explanation was made of this action.

Governor Roosevelt in Boston.

BOSTON, Feb. 21.—Governor Roosevelt of New York is in Boston. He is here to keep social engagements, among others a visit to Judge Francis C. Lowell of the United States district court.

New York Markets.

FLOUR—State and western ruled quiet, but steadier; winter patents, \$3.75 @4; winter straights, \$3.55@3.65; Minnesota patents, \$3.90@4.15; winter extras, \$2.50@2.55.

WHEAT—No. 2 red opened steady on crop damage reports, eased off under foreign selling, but recovered at noon on big clearances; March, 82½@82¾c.; May, 76½@77½c.

OATS—No. 2 dull; track, white, state, 37@41c.; track, white, western, 37@41c.

RYE—Dull; state, 61½c.

CORN—No. 2 opened steady with wheat and sold off under liquidation, but later rallied on covering; May, 40½@40¾c.

PORK—Quiet; mess, \$9.50@10; family, \$10.75@11.

LARD—Weak; prime western steam, \$5.52½, nominal.

BUTTER—Steady; state dairy, 13@21c.; state creamery, 16@22c.

CHEESE—Steady; large, white, 10½c.; small, white, 11@11½c.

EGGS—Steady; state and Pennsylvania, 24½@24c.; western, 23½c.

RICE—Firm; domestic, 4½@7c.; Japan, 6@6½c.

TALLOW—Quiet; city, 4½c.; country, 4½@4¾c.

HAY—Steady; shipping, 40@50c.; good to choice, 55@56c.

ADJOURNED UNTIL AUGUST.

The Lumber and Alaskan Boundary Questions Hard to Settle.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The American-Canadian joint high commission after a session yesterday adjourned to meet at Quebec Aug. 2 unless the chairmen of the respective commissions agree upon another date. The commission first began its labors nearly six months ago in Canada and has, with the exception of probably a month, been earnestly at work endeavoring to accomplish the object for which it was appointed—an agreement with a view to the formulation of a treaty covering the many perplexing questions of differences affecting the business interests of the United States and Canada existing between them.

There were several reasons which prompted the action taken yesterday. From a statement made public with the sanction of the two commissions it appears there were serious differences of opinion between them regarding the important matter of the delimitation of the Alaskan boundary, the Canadians in this connection being anxious to obtain a seaport on the Lynn canal so that its shippers would not be subjected to the petty annoyances which they asserted they experienced at the hands of United States officials.

It also became apparent that there was little likelihood of the possibility of the ratification of the United States senate at its present session of any treaty which might be framed, which also probably figured in the decision to adjourn. A dozen important questions were referred to the commission for its consideration, and the commissioners assert that substantial progress in the settlement and adjustment of many of them has been made. Probably those which have given the most serious trouble and proved a stumbling block to a final agreement on all have been the two relating to the lumber and the Alaskan boundary question, on both of which the Canadians have demanded concessions which the Americans felt it would be prejudicial to the best interests of the United States to grant.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The Cretan chambers were opened at Khania by Prince George.

The khedivial of Egypt gave birth to a son, and there was much rejoicing in Alexandria.

The annual meeting of the Daughters of the American Revolution was opened in Washington.

There was no quorum at Harrisburg. The vote for senator resulted: Quay, 9; Jenks, 4; Grow, 1.

Mr. Ethan Allen Hitchcock, the new secretary of the interior, has entered upon the duties of his office.

A plea was made at Albany to Governor Roosevelt for commutation of the death sentence of Mrs. Place.

Professor Stephens, convicted of setting fire to Pardee hall, Lafayette college, was sentenced to nine years in prison.

The war department has ordered the muster out of the Two Hundred and First, Two Hundred and Second and Two Hundred and Third New York, Fourth New Jersey and Third Connecticut.

Relief For Cubans.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—The Cuban industrial relief fund, with headquarters in this city, will begin relief operations in Cuba immediately. Mr. William Willard Howard, general manager of the association, started for Cuba last night to make preliminary arrangements. A careful survey of the field by American and Cuban observers has led to the selection of the province of Havana as the place for first establishing the system of relief farms for the employment of rural Cubans. Land will be secured and cleared, and with tools and seeds that will be taken to Cuba planting will be begun at once. The fertility of the soil and the readiness of the Cubans to accept opportunities for paid labor in preference to charity give promise of results in the form of crops in a very short time.

Gaspesia in the Ice to Stay.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Feb. 21.—All the maritime authorities here agree that it is impossible, from the quantities of ice in the gulf of St. Lawrence and the north Atlantic, for the Canadian liner Gaspesia to escape from the gulf before April and that it is impossible that any rescue ship can reach her at the present time. Sealing steamers entering the gulf early in March will be instructed to render the Gaspesia any assistance possible and to take off her crew if there is any danger of her being crushed by the ice floes.

Mrs. Rogers Questioned.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—Seven witnesses were examined yesterday in the coroner's investigation into the poisoning of Mrs. Kate J. Adams without apparently throwing any new light upon the mystery. The feature of the day was the testimony of Mrs. Rogers, daughter of Mrs. Adams, who told the story of her mother's death as it has already been made known. She was on the stand when the inquest was adjourned. She will be cross examined today, after which Mrs. Mollneux will be put upon the stand. Mrs. Rogers was very much agitated, appearing to be ill, and the attorneys were not severe with her.

Postoffice Burglar Captured.

ST. PETER, Minn., Feb. 21.—A daring attempt to burglarize the St. Peter postoffice was frustrated by the bravery of W. H. Gresham, head clerk in the postoffice. Gresham sleeps in the office and was awakened by some one entering a window. When discovered, the burglar fired five shots, and Gresham fired twice, wounding the burglar. Gresham then overpowered the burglar and marched him off to the jail. The prisoner gave his name as Charles Valentine. Young Gresham is a nephew of the late Secretary of State Walter Q. Gresham.

Duke of Orleans at Brussels.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 21.—The Duke of Orleans has unexpectedly arrived here. It is reported that he considers the moment opportune for a monarchist attempt in France. He will consult with the leaders of his party, who will arrive today. Three millions of the duke's portraits decorated with the tricolor have arrived here and will be dispatched to France for distribution.

Weather Probabilities.

Fair Tuesday; continued warm weather Tuesday and Wednesday; fresh southerly winds.

SCHLEY TALKS BACK

Story of the Destruction of Cervera's Fleet.

SAMPSON'S LANGUAGE UNCALLED FOR

The Admiral Says That the Run of the Brooklyn Was the Deciding Feature of the Combat—His Ship Led at All Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, having been granted permission to answer the charges recently made against him in the communication sent to the senate, yesterday handed to the committee on naval affairs his statement, in which he disclaims any purpose of controversy with the navy department. The letter of the department, he says, so far as it relates to him can be summarized under the following heads:

"The delay of Cienfuegos, the alleged slow progress toward Santiago from Cienfuegos, the retrograde movements on the 26th and 27th of May, the battle off Santiago and the destruction of Cervera's fleet."

The admiral says his orders from Sampson on May 19 were to blockade Cienfuegos, which he proceeded to do. He had no knowledge that there were any insurgents about Cienfuegos who were friendly until the Marblehead arrived on the 24th. Even had he had this knowledge on the 23d of May the surf would have prevented communication. On his arrival he sent Commander McCalla of the Marblehead ashore to establish relations with the insurgents, the result of which was made known to him at 3:40 of May 24. Then for the first time he learned definitely that the Spanish fleet was not at Cienfuegos. Within two hours he started for Santiago.

"What possible ground of criticism," he says, "adverse to me there can be in all this I do not see. I was on the spot acting under orders which gave me entire discretion and yet clothed me with the responsibility of going to Santiago only after I was satisfied that the fleet was not at Cienfuegos."

Speaking of the "retrograde movements," which the secretary, adopting the language of Admiral Sampson, characterizes as "reprehensible conduct," Admiral Schley says that in 42 years' service "never was such language used to characterize conduct of mine, and I see no reason for it now."

Admiral Schley quotes the department's dispatch of May 29 in these words, "The department looks to you to ascertain the fact of the presence of the enemy and that the enemy, if in the harbor at Santiago, does not leave without decisive action." Commenting on this, the admiral says:

"In obedience to the above order and without any further order or instruction from any one I did ascertain the fact that the enemy was at Santiago, and the enemy did not leave without a decisive effort."

Detailing events connected with the battle of July 3, he says that at 5:45 of that day Admiral Sampson made signal from his flagship, "Disregard movements of the commander in chief" and steamed eastward to Siboney. "This," says Admiral Schley, "left me the senior officer present and necessarily clothed me with the responsibility of the command."

Continuing, he declares that when the enemy's vessels came out of the harbor a signal was made from the Brooklyn (his flagship) to the fleet to "clear ship for action." Then followed the signal, "Close action," and this by the signal, "The enemy escaping to westward." Following the appearance of the Spanish fleet there was a general inward movement of the American vessels closing in and engaging it.

Explaining the movements of the vessels in both fleets, he says the Spanish fleet was coming westward under high speed and "changing course more to westward brought the Brooklyn, heading eastward to meet it, into a position where she would have blanketed the fire of the eastern vessels of our force, now changing their courses to the westward. Instant decision," he continues, "was therefore necessary to avoid interfering in any way or cutting off any of the fire of our vessels as would have occurred if she had turned toward the Spanish fleet, now approaching the Brooklyn. Turning outward left the enemy's ships unmasked by the Brooklyn and exposed them to the concentrated fire of our squadron. The result of this maneuver was that in 30 minutes from the opening of the combat four of the enemy's vessels were on fire and riddled with projectiles. All the vessels of the enemy's fleet were a little forward of the Brooklyn's beam when they turned toward the beach on fire. At the final capture of the Colon at 1:15 p. m. the Brooklyn was nearest. The Oregon next and then the Texas and Vixen. The New York arrived at 2:23 p. m., and the commander in chief assumed command of the squadron. Signals were made from the Brooklyn to the squadron until all signal halyards were shot away and then by the Myers army code."

In conclusion, Admiral Schley contends that the turn of the Brooklyn in the battle of the 3d was "the crucial and deciding feature of the combat and decided advantage." Furthermore, he says, it is a mistake to say that the vessel's distance from the enemy was increased to the extent of 800 yards and adds, "Though this may not be of record, it is a fact nevertheless." He cites the fact that the charts of the board of navigators show that the Brooklyn was nearest when the enemy emerged from the harbor, nearest at every stage of the battle and nearest the Colon when it surrendered and gives many confirmatory details of his flagship's action and effective participation in the battle.

"On May 31 I received a telegram from the commander in chief congratulating me upon my success in locating and blockading the enemy's fleet at Santiago. If it were worthy of commendation at that time, I am at a loss to understand how it could have grown into reprehensible conduct as suggested by Admiral Sampson in his letter of July 10, 1898, some six weeks later."

Insane From the Gulp.

PERRY, Ia., Feb. 21.—Yesterday while insane as the result of Gyp Frank A. Liddell, an engineer, who has been pushing the Milwaukee flier from here to Omaha, killed his wife with a cleaver.

COL. HAY'S LAWSUIT.

The New Secretary of State Fighting About Lake Sunapee.

John Hay, the new Secretary of State, is the leading plaintiff in an important case, the facts in which are now being ascertained by a referee appointed by the New Hampshire Supreme Court.

Legally associated with Mr. Hay are Professors John D. Quackenbush and William A. Dunning, of New York, Colonel W. S. B. Hopkins of Worcester, Mass., and others.

These gentlemen have built summer homes on the shores of Lake Sunapee, the most beautiful jewel in New Hampshire's garland of lacustrine gems. So far as variety of scenery, vigor of climate and ease of access are concerned, this lake is an ideal summer resort, and every succeeding year finds its charms more widely known and more warmly praised.

But for land owners upon its shores there is one black cloud in Sunapee's blue sky. By an old grant of the New Hampshire Legislature a corporation known as the Sunapee Dam Co. was given power to regulate the flow of the lake through its principal outlet, Sugar River. This stream furnishes water power for several large manufacturing and the Sunapee Dam Company keeps the water in the lake at a convenient height for that purpose. The result is that the summer residents, whose boat-houses, wharves and grounds line the lake shore, find their property submerged for a part of the time, and, again, separated from the water's edge by a stretch of unsightly beach.

In fact, the corporation has caused so much complaint that the inhabitants around the lake frequently transposed the first two words of the company's title, in referring to it.

Other means of redressing their grievances having been tried and found wanting, the summer residents decided to take their case into court. Its decision will establish an important legal principle as to the riparian rights throughout New Hampshire, and perhaps in other states as well.

The distinguished gentlemen named as plaintiffs think they have invested sufficient money on the shores of this New Hampshire lake to be justified in expecting to draw dividends of undisturbed enjoyment.

Secretary Hay's villa is commodious, comfortable and suited to its surroundings, though it would not look out of place if transported to Newport or Bar Harbor. Twenty-five miles across the country, at Holderness, is the summer home of John G. Nicolay, who was Colonel Hay's co-worker on the monumental life of Lincoln.

A little colony of musical, literary and theatrical personages make Sunapee their home of a summer season. It has had, however, no Whittier to sing its charms and no persistent railroad advertising to bring it into national notice and popularity. In the minds of Col. Hay and his companion plaintiffs, this freedom from publicity is one of the lake's chief charms.

Try It and See.

A man in a light check suit stopped at the corner and looked intently upward.

His gaze appeared to be directed at the roof of a tall building directly opposite.

Two men stopped and began to look in the same direction. A moment later several others joined them.

Business men hurrying along the road on the way to their offices were seized with like curiosity, and stopped short to gaze with the others.

"What's the matter?" "What is it?" "What's the excitement?"

These questions flew from lip to lip, but nobody seemed able to answer.

"Move on, there!" exclaimed a policeman. "What are you blocking up the road for?"

But the crowd was too big to be dispersed by a single policeman. "I say," asked the officer, forcing his way to the centre of the throng, and grabbing the man in the light check suit, "what are you all looking at?"

"I'm not looking at anything," replied the other, without lowering his head. "I've a stiff neck, and I always carry my head this way. I stopped to rest a minute. I don't know what these chumps are doing here." And the crowd melted silently away.

Battleships and Cruisers.

"There are not many men outside the Navy who thoroughly understand the difference between a 'battleship' and a 'cruiser,'" said a naval captain to the writer.

"The battleship is a fighting machine pure and simple, and speed and coal-carrying capacity are sacrificed to guns and armour. One-half of the weight of the average battleship consists of the ship herself, three-tenths of armour and guns, and only two-tenths of engines and coal. She can steam, without re-coaling, an average distance of 7,000 miles.

"The cruiser is built on quite different lines. Fully half her entire weight is made up of propelling machinery and coal; her average rate of steaming is about twenty knots an hour, and she can, if necessary, steam round the world without re-coaling.

"The average battleship in the present war is roughly 350ft. long, 70ft. wide, and 43ft. deep. She weighs 11,000 tons, carries about forty-five guns, ranging from the 13in. gun, with its projectile weighing half a ton, to the Gatling, with its tiny bullets, three of which barely weigh an ounce. She carries steel armour varying from 4in. to 18in. in thickness, has a crew of 500 men, and can steam fifteen knots an hour."

Do not always commence a conversation by allusion to the weather.

Just the Same "Old" Woman.

"One hears a good deal about the new woman," said a Washington woman who has had long and varied social experience in England and America, "but it seems to me that the women I meet to-day are very much like the women I knew fifty years ago. There may be more who are highly educated, or self-supporting; but the well-bred woman doesn't talk entomology or Greek roots or shoo in society, and I can't tell a pretty girl who knows about bugs from the one who doesn't."

"But I do notice in society one sign that women are changed and I'm delighted with the change. When I was a girl the half hour or whole hour after dinner was the abomination of desolation. The men stayed with their wines and cigars. The women adjourned to the drawing rooms and manifestly did penance for their sins. Some of them tried to be amiable and kept up an invertebrate conversation. Some were openly, frankly bored, and the advent of the men was hailed with undisguised joy and relief. Now things are altogether different in this day and generation. To be sure, the men often leave the table with the women, but even when they don't there is no dull hour for the women. Women are more interested in each other than they used to be, or else they are more interested in themselves. Whichever it is, the result is the same—increased animation and fluent conversation. When a number of women are together nowadays they seem to have a most hilarious time, and conversation never flags for a moment. I suppose it is because there are more interests in the lives of women than there were in the old days. One doesn't need to talk jam or servants or children or clothes—though those staple topics are still hard worked, I notice. I've often seen a look of actual regret on the women's faces when the doors opened and the men came in. It is a wholesome sign.—Philadelphia Press.

A Handsome Velvet Waist.

This corsage is made of black velvet and white satin, embroidered with black silk cord. It is also very handsome when made of duck blue, green or red velvet and the black embroidered satin.



The front can be made of wash cloud lace trimmed with rows of gathered white satin baby ribbon, instead of the embroidered satin, if one prefers the change.

An Indian Child's Prayer.

Miss Mary P. Lord, a teacher on the Sioux reservation, North Dakota, relates this touching little scene of wig-wam life:

The infant daughter of One Bull lay in her father's arms, sick unto death. The face of the stoical Indian gave no sign, but the tender grief of a parent was as keen in his breast as in the heart of a white man.

A little daughter of a few years older stood by, looking pitifully at the sick baby. Presently she said:

"Papa, little sister is going to heaven to-night. Let me pray."

She knelt at her father's knee, and prayed in her Indian tongue: "Father God, little sister is coming to see you to-night. Please open the door softly and let her in. Amen."

Miss Lord's little pupil is one example of the education that begins with the children to Christianize a pagan race. This tiny girl is a granddaughter of the famous Sitting Bull. He was a capable warrior and chief, but a ruthless man and a savage. Her father, One Bull, is one of the so-called "good Indians," who have felt the influence of civilization, and the child herself, only three removes from barbarism, has declared herself a young disciple of the great teacher who seeks the highest welfare of men, whether civilized or uncivilized, "bond or free."—Youth's Companion.

A Year in Mourning.

Woman has taken to wearing her heart on her sleeve in earnest. According to one fashion she no longer swathes herself in gowns and veils of sombre and unwholesome black when someone dies, but wears instead a band of black on the coat sleeve, which is preferably made of tan cloth. Two New York women who are now in mourning for their mothers, adopted this plan, and their friends are exclaiming—"How sensible!"

A TALE OF GOLD.

Dawson City Miners Are Remarkable For Their Honesty.

Much has been written of the wonders of the Klondike goldfields, a correspondent writes, but practically nothing has been said of the almost phenomenal honesty of the miners. What amazed me most during my first few days in Dawson City was the reckless way in which miners left thousands of pounds' worth of gold exposed in empty cabins and tents, as if inviting the first comer to help himself. There were millions lying about without anyone looking after them, and so far as one could see, they belonged to nobody.

I explored many of these cabins during their owners' absence, and in the very first cabin I entered I saw a dirty, tattered blanket carelessly thrown over two mackerel kits. I lifted the blanket and found that the kits were almost full to the brim with gold dust and nuggets to the value of at least £5,000. The miner was out prospecting on Bear Creek, and had no more anxiety about his pile than if it were safely housed in the Bank of England.

It was the same in nearly every cabin I entered. Gold greeted me everywhere. There were shelves full of oil-cans, meat-tins, fruit-jars, and buckskin and walrus bags packed with the precious metal, all as unprotected as if they were full of potatoes.

One Norwegian miner on Hunker Creek had made a strong-box of a pair of canvas overalls, the legs of which he had sewn up. I lifted the uncanny "safe" and found that it weighed a good 100lb., every ounce of which was virgin gold; and the least value I could place on those dirty overalls was £5,000.

There were five gallon oil-cans full of gold carelessly pushed under the miners' bunks, every one of which held a fortune, for which most men strove a lifetime.

Out on Eldorado Creek there is a settlement of miners who have no fewer than fourteen rich claims, and are washing out gold at the rate of many thousands of pounds a week. Their strong room is a common galvanized washing-tub, and when I was there it was three-quarters full of gold, and much too heavy for two strong men to lift. Had I been inclined I might have pinched thousands of pounds' worth. Gold abounded on every side which seemed to belong to nobody.

Even if a miner leaves his cabin for a week or more, he simply leaves a notice to this effect attached to the walls. He never thinks of putting a guard over his pile.

Of course there have been attempts at theft, but the perpetrators have been invariably detected. In one recent case the thief managed to carry his booty a distance of ten miles, when cold and exhaustion compelled him to take shelter at the cabin of one of the miners. His host's suspicion was aroused by the man's conduct and by the bags of gold, for which he could not satisfactorily account.

The miner detained his guest, communicated with some of his fellows; and fifteen of them assembled in the hut and sat in judgment on the thief. He was found guilty, and half-a-dozen bullets put a sudden end to his career. Such cases, however, are very rare; and it speaks volumes for the honesty of the 40,000 men who are now gathered in Dawson City that they can see hundreds of thousands of pounds' worth of gold lying about, without even thinking of laying hands on it.

To my mind by far the luckiest man in the Klondike is a man you have probably never heard of—Halsey Putnam. Before coming to the Klondike, Halsey had tried and failed in almost every calling a man can follow, from blacksmith to laborer in the Brooklyn parks, and from printer to barman. When he reached Dawson he had not the necessary 50 cents for a shave; and 1/4th of meat at 70 cents a pound would have put him in the "Bankruptcy Court."

Within a few months Halsey had mined and sold £14,000 worth of gold; and to-day, after little more than a year at his last lucky venture, he could write you a cheque for £50,000, and yet retire on a fortune.

BISMARCK STATUE FOR BERLIN.



The proposed statue to Bismarck to be erected in the public square of Berlin is to be of bronze, of heroic proportions, and designed by Herr Begar.

THE HORSE'S GRIEF.

A Faithful Animal That Committed Suicide When Neglected.

"Speaking of the grief that some horses will exhibit when left in a strange place and neglected for a short time by their masters," said an old miner, "I recall seeing a horse deliberately commit suicide in three feet of water because he had been deserted for three days.

"The horse was owned by a man named Jim Kelly, a well-known prospector, who in July 1897, came into Grand Forks, B. C., after an absence in the mountains of several weeks. The animal was nothing but a common cayuse, on which Kelly sometimes rode and sometimes packed his outfit when the trails were steep and difficult. Naturally, the man and horse became attached to each other by their close companionship and the little marks of kindness shown in their lonely camps, when Kelly would pet the tired cayuse and perhaps give him a handful of sugar before he fed him for the night. It was remarked by those who met them that the cayuse showed an uncommon attachment for Kelly.

"Well on arriving in town Jim staked out his horse and betook himself to the Cosmos Hotel and proceeded to sample all kinds of liquor, prolonging his spree until Sunday afternoon. All day Friday, and during Friday night and until late Saturday afternoon the cayuse waited, whinnying when anyone approached, but viciously resented any attempts to feed him. About sunset Saturday, his master not returning, the horse strained at his picket rope until he finally succeeded in pulling the picket pin, and, trailing the rope behind him, he trotted up to the Cosmos, keeping up a prolonged whinny. He walked up the steps and peered anxiously through the windows in search of his master. For fifteen or twenty minutes he walked up and down the porch, whinnying as though in great pain. Then, after a long look into the windows, he left the porch, and with head hanging near the ground, he walked into a stream of water about three feet deep, lay down on his side and buried his head under the water.

"The act was witnessed by me and by a number of others who were attracted by the horse's strange conduct. We followed him down to the creek. There is no doubt he deliberately committed suicide. When Kelly came off his spree on Sunday and learned of the cayuse's death he secured assistance and buried the faithful animal."—Washington Star.

AN AGED ROYAL PARROT.

Ducky, Owned by the Princess of Wales, Was Over 125 Years Old.

One of the longest lived birds on record died recently in London. It was a parrot named Ducky, the property of the Princess of Wales, and its age was put at more than 125 years. Ducky was a native of the United States of Colombia, whence he was transported to England in 1783, and bought by Prime Minister Pitt, who, in 1800, presented him to his master, George III. From this date on the bird was recognized as part of the royal household, with quarters at St. James. Ducky, however, developed amazing conversational powers, unaccompanied with the proper leaven of discretion, and in 1850 he was sentenced to banishment from St. James on the charge, it is said, of divulging family secrets. In his new dwelling place, Windsor Castle, Ducky acquired even worse habits. Windsor accommodates a small garrison, and the parrot was quick to acquire the vernacular of Tommy Atkins. The result was considered unsuitable to the well-known decorum of the British court, and sentence of banishment to Australia was passed on the offender. The amiable Princess of Wales, however, came to the rescue, and Ducky was removed to Sandringham, where he remained until the day of his death. Great age though it be, 125 years is not considered by scientific men as the absolute age limit of a parrot. So reliable an observer as Humboldt, whose statement in this manner is accepted without question by Darwin, tells of a parrot that must have lived 200 years. The naturalist came across the bird in South America, and his reasons for crediting it with such extraordinary longevity were that he heard it use some words of a language spoken only by a tribe of Indians which have been extinct more than 200 years.—New York Sun.

Widespread Whispers.

The university of Michigan possesses an architectural curiosity in the shape of a whispering gallery. It is not so well known as that in the Capital at Washington, but it is one of the largest and most perfect in the world. Its length is perhaps greater than any other.

The gallery of Gloucester Cathedral transmits sounds a distance of seventy-five feet, and in the famous gallery of St. Paul's, London, the sound of the voice can be heard across a diameter of one hundred feet, but the gallery at the University of Michigan outdoes both, for it carries the faintest whisper through a corridor one hundred and sixty-four feet in length.

The gallery runs in the form of a half oval, about the north end of the university art gallery, and was originally intended for storage purposes. Its capabilities as a whispering gallery were accidentally discovered by a student, now a member of the faculty, who was examining the building while it was in process of construction.—Youth's Companion.

She—Why should my past worry you? It all over. "Yes, all over the country."—Detroit Free Press.

The Most Beautiful Must Fade.

The late Empress Elizabeth of Austria, like her namesake of England, was sensitive about her personal appearance, and regretted the ravages of time to more than the ordinary degree. Her passion for violent riding and long, very quick walks was connected with her dread of becoming stout. She had brought on her recent ill health by the rigidity with which she dieted herself in order to avoid adding to her weight. Although she was rather tall, she made a point of weighing less than seven stone, and would practically starve herself for sometime if she turned the scale of the weighing machine, that always stood in her bed room, at anything beyond that figure. This in her case had produced the anemia that was the direct cause of the disorder of the heart; for which she had lately been treated.

The unfortunate Empress, like Queen Elizabeth, forbade her portrait to be taken when she had passed her bloom. Tradition says that Elizabeth for many years before her death refused to look in a mirror, but she had the responsibilities of a queen regnant, and could not exclude herself from the eyes of her courtiers as the modern monarch did. It a curious example of the irony of fate that the most hideous portrait ever produced of Queen Elizabeth is one of the few that may now be seen in the National Portrait Gallery, notwithstanding that she ordered the absolute destruction of every reproduction of it. It appears in the form of a coin, showing her very aged and perfectly hideous, with a "nut-cracker" nose and thin, hollow cheeks and sunken eyes. The only example of the coin, I believe, is the specimen now on show in that most prominent position. The Empress Elizabeth was under no obligation to appear on ordinary coins, and on the few medals and orders on which she appears in the company of the emperor a youthful portrait is always to be seen. Growing old is hard to all of us, no doubt, but to the beauty it is a terrible tragedy.—Illustrated London News.

All the Truants Love Her.

Mrs. M. E. R. Alger, who is doing some remarkable missionary work among the truant schoolboys of the West Side, accomplishes many a conquest by her ability to adapt herself to the boys' comprehension. The way she talks to these little rascals is perfectly charming, says Harper's Bazar.

The other morning one of them was captured by an attendance officer and reprimanded severely for milking the cows in the stock yards on the sly. His long harangue had no effect, but when Mrs. Alger appeared, things assumed a different aspect. In her sunny way she said:

"I don't believe that you are a naughty boy, really; you're just naughty in spots. When you walked out of school to play truant, the badness was in your feet; when you stole those flowers in the park last month, and when you milked those cows this morning, it was in your hands. Just now, when you sat there thinking what to do next, it was in your head. Don't you think so?"

The boy nodded. This novel method of procedure was making an impression.

"Now, I'm willing to give you another chance," continued Mrs. Alger. "I think your teacher down at the Truant School can tell you something that will get that badness out of your head; then you will be good all over. Your heart's all right, I know, because you love your mother, and you're fond of me; so help your teacher all you can, and she will pull you through all right."

The boy seemed to grow an inch taller under the encouragement, and walked away with a brisk step and a determination in his eye that promised well for his future behavior.

White Shirt Waists.

White waists promise to find even greater favor than formerly, and some of the shirt waist girls have already declared their intention of wearing no other.

The white waist certainly has some advantages. It does not fade and as a rule takes starch well, which those made of the soft gingham refuse to do. On the other hand, white is not so becoming generally as some of the soft shades, and it is especially trying in thick cotton goods, such as are used in the swell waist. Most women who, last season tried shirt waists made of washable silk say that they will never wear cotton ones again. The silk waist looks extravagant to one who looks no further than first cost, for silk at less than seventy-five cents or one dollar a yard cannot be depended upon to wash well. But such silk wears at least three seasons and does not fade in the least. Added to this, it has the merit of being soft, cool and becoming, and is to be had in the most exquisite colorings. The plain silks make quite dressy waists, while those that are striped have no end of style.

A Debutante Idea.

Now and then a debutante has a really clever idea.

Recently one of our Boston girls distinguished herself for her graceful tact. She was beautifully remembered with bouquets of the rarest and choicest flowers. They were effectively banked near her. Instead of carrying just one bouquet the entire evening, the tactful maiden changed bouquets every little while, and thus she did honor to as many of her friends as possible.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A DIFFERENCE.



He—Have you ever had your ears pierced? She—No; but I've often had them bored.

AN APT PUPIL.



Miss Thirdseason—Come to see you going into society, darling. You are so young and sweet and good. Miss Budd—Never mind, I can learn.

PLENTY OF 'EM LEFT.



"Ah! James, you've broken all the good resolutions you made last Thanksgiving." "Yes, sir; but I am thankful I can make others just as good."

A LUCID EXPLANATION.



He—Ah, I saw you on the street yesterday. She—Yes, I saw that you did; and you saw that I did not see you, did you not?—Truth.

DARKTOWN REGIMENT IN CAMP.



Sergeant—Put out dat light. Voice Within—Dat's the moon, sahgent. Sergeant—Don't keer what it am; put it out.—New York Herald.

DIDN'T FORGET HIS MANNERS.



"If you'll excuse me, mum, I'll leave the table."—Harpers Weekly.

THE SPANISH CORTES

Opening Session Thronged by an Expectant Crowd.

AMERICA'S CONDUCT CRITICISED.

Bitter Attack on the Spanish Generals Who Commanded in the Cuban Campaign—"An Army of Lions Led by Asses."

MADRID, Feb. 21.—The cortes reassembled yesterday. The galleries in both chambers were thronged with an expectant crowd. The senate was very full, hardly a single general being absent.

Senor Montero Rios, president of the senate, in opening the proceedings pronounced a eulogy upon M. Faure, and a resolution of condolence with France was unanimously adopted.

Senor Sagasta, the premier, then proposed to refer the bill providing for the cession of the Philippines to the United States to a special committee, but this the Conservatives protested against, declaring that the bill ought to be conscientiously discussed, and Senor Sagasta withdrew his proposal.

Count d'Almenas then brought up the question of the conduct of the generals engaged in the war in Cuba, declaring that General Primo de Rivera, General Weyler, General Blanco, Admiral Cervera and General Linares had proved failures. This declaration elicited much applause from the public galleries, in consequence of which several of the spectators were expelled from the chamber.

Observing that he would deal with the "shameful capitulation of Santiago," Count d'Almenas asked the house whether he should proceed and was answered with cries of "Yes!" and "No!" and a general uproar ensued. A repetition of the query provoking still greater tumult, Senor Sagasta rose and defended the government and its Spanish peace commission. The premier criticised America's "unjustified conduct" and said that everything might be discussed about the war because the cases of the generals were still sub judice.

Count d'Almenas resumed his attack upon the generals and complained that "five months had elapsed and not a single general had been shot." This gave rise to another tumult, and Count d'Almenas was called to order. Again he asked why the generals who capitulated had not been executed. It is quite true, he declared, that the army is an army of lions led by asses. Captain General Blanco's administration in Cuba was deplorable, he said, but he was not responsible for the surrender of Santiago.

Recriminations continued between Count d'Almenas and Lieutenant General Correa, the minister of war, and there was renewed disorder. Then General Primo de Rivera arose and denounced Count d'Almenas as "a contemptible calumniator."

General Blanco followed, defending the generals and accepting full responsibility for events in Cuba during his command in the island. General Barges also denounced Count d'Almenas as a calumniator.

After a promise on the part of Count d'Almenas to produce proofs of his assertions today the senate adjourned.

In the chamber a resolution of condolence with France over the death of President Faure was unanimously adopted.

Senor Silveira, leader of the dissident Conservatives, moved a vote signed by the Conservative deputies censuring the government for its indifference to the country's troubles.

Senor Annix, in seconding the motion, denounced the ministry for accepting the war through fear of the Carlists and declared that the country was now suffering the consequences of the government's pusillanimity. He proceeded to detail the lack of preparations and of war materials and charged the government with responsibility for the surrender of Santiago, "which they ordered although the garrison there numbered 23,000 and there was sufficient provision in the place for three months."

This declaration created a sensation. In proof that the government was responsible for the surrender of Cuba Senor Annix read telegrams from Senor Sagasta and Lieutenant General Correa to General Blanco ordering the surrender of Cuba as a means of saving Porto Rico and the Philippines and preserving order in the peninsula. He also read General Blanco in reply, opposing the surrender, but agreeing to obey the government's order.

Senor Annix added that President McKinley had telegraphed to General Shafter that the surrender of Santiago had been arranged with the Madrid government and that therefore he must make a sort of sham attack.

Captain Anon, minister of marine, interposed at this point, saying he believed this story to be incorrect, whereupon Senor Annix repeated the statement that Premier Sagasta had ordered the surrender of Cuba in order to save the monarchy.

Postmasters Appointed. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed: Connecticut—Brookfield, Julius F. Smith; Pocumtuck Bridge, William B. Manierre; New Jersey—Swartswood, John P. Hendershot. New York—Euclid, Chauncey M. Soule; Hortonville, William Gardner; Kern, William C. Moore; Lakeside Park, Henry M. Bolton; Manorville, Ernest M. Robinson; New Lebanon, J. H. McGrath; Woodard, A. B. Kline. Pennsylvania—Angels, A. C. Angel; Buttercup, Albert A. Barnhart; Whites town, R. I. Nevlin.

Ex-Governor Fletcher Stricken. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—Ex-Governor Thomas Clement Fletcher of Missouri suffered a stroke of apoplexy in Willard's hotel yesterday and now lies at the Emergency hospital in a serious condition on account of his age, having celebrated his seventy-first birthday Jan. 27 last. The chances for his recovery are regarded as small. He has been in bad health for some time past.

The Helena Reaches Dewey. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—The navy department has received a dispatch from Admiral Dewey announcing the arrival at Manila of the gunboat Helena. The Helena left Boston on Nov. 3, going to Bermuda and from there to Funchal, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Athens, Port Said, Aden, Colombo, Singapore to Manila. The trip occupied 109 days.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

The House Votes the Peace Treaty Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.—During almost six hours yesterday afternoon the postoffice appropriation bill was under discussion in the senate, the time being consumed largely by Mr. Butler (Pop., N. C.) and Mr. Pettigrew (Silver Rep., N. D.) on an amendment providing that the postal commission should present its final report to congress by March 1, 1900. Failing after many trials to obtain unanimous consent for the insertion of the amendment in the bill, Mr. Butler permitted it to come to a vote. It was defeated—27 to 19. An agreement was reached to vote on the bill and amendments at 2 o'clock today.

At 2 o'clock Mr. Hawley, chairman of the military affairs committee, moved to take up the army reorganization bill, unanimous consent having been refused to take up the measure without displacing the unfinished business, the antiscaling bill. Mr. Hawley's motion prevailed—44 to 26—thus making the army bill the unfinished business. It is agreed that this action disposes finally of the antiscaling bill for the present session.

A separate bill appropriating \$20,000,000 for payment to Spain under the provisions of the treaty of Paris was passed yesterday by the house under suspension of the rules. No amendment was in order, and an attempt to secure unanimous consent to offer an amendment declaratory of our policy not permanently to annex the islands was objected to. Mr. Wheeler of Kentucky, upon whose point of order the appropriation went out of the sundry civil bill, made the only speech in open hostility to the measure, but upon the roll call 34 members—31 Democrats, 2 Populists and 1 Silver Republican—voted against it. The votes of 213 members were cast for it. The senate bill to reimburse the governors of states for expenses paid by the states in organizing volunteers for service in the war with Spain before their muster into the service of the United States also was passed under suspension of the rules. The bill appropriating \$500,000 for the Pan-American exposition to be held at Buffalo in 1901 was before the house on a motion to suspend the rules, but it was antagonized by the chairman of the appropriations committee, Mr. Cannon. Owing to the lateness of the hour a quorum had disappeared, and advantage was taken of this fact to compel an adjournment.

DISCHARGE OF VOLUNTEERS.

They Will Be Sent Home From Cuba When Transports Are Ready.

HAVANA, Feb. 21.—An order to send home the Two Hundred and Second New York, stationed at Guanajay; the Third Georgia, at Puerto Principe, and the First Maine artillery, from Quemados, was received by Governor General Brooke yesterday, and the troops will leave as soon as arrangements for their transportation can be made. The recall of the Two Hundred and Second was expected, as every man in the command with the least influence has been making strong efforts to obtain the mustering out of the regiment. Colonel Seymour, the regimental commander, said at headquarters ten days ago, so it is asserted, that he could not hold the regiment much longer. The boys had seen in Cuba nothing but routine—no romance—and would not stay.

A battalion of the First regulars from Pinar del Rio will replace the Two Hundred and Second at Guanajay.

As previously cabled, the experts investigating the outbreak of supposed yellow fever in the Two Hundred and Second regiment have disagreed. Lieutenant Colonel O'Reilly has a number of documents supporting and contesting the yellow fever theory.

The Cuban military assembly convened at Marianao yesterday, but no quorum being present adjourned at once.

It is asserted that a foreign syndicate has come to the aid of the Banco Espanol and is acquiring the stock of that institution. The bank, according to the report, will change its name and continue business.

Circus Stock Sells Well. LONDON, Feb. 21.—The application for shares of the company floated by the proprietors of Barnum & Bailey's circus appear to have exceeded expectations. The rush on the bank continued all day long and was so great as to necessitate the employment of a number of extra clerks. Among the applicants for shares were members of royalty and nobility. It is impossible at present to ascertain, even approximately, the amount of the subscriptions, but Mr. George Starr, who is one of Mr. Bailey's associates in the directorate of the new company, said last night that it looks as though the capital, which is fixed at \$2,000,000, will be over subscribed six or seven times. The shares are already quoted at 30s. 6d.

Model For the Sheldon Statue. ALBANY, Feb. 21.—The committee in charge of the erection of a statue in the state capitol in honor of the memory of the late Dr. Edward A. Sheldon, who for 45 years was principal of the State Normal school at Oswego, on behalf of the school children of the state, has selected John F. Brines, who made the models for the statuary of the grand western stairway of the state capitol, to prepare the model for the statue.

Cereal Company Incorporated. TRENTON, Feb. 21.—Articles of incorporation have been filed with the secretary of state for the American Cereal company, with an authorized capital of \$33,000,000. The company is empowered to buy, sell and grind and otherwise manufacture oats, grain and cereals of all kinds, as well as to buy, build and operate elevators, mills and structures.

North American Review Sold. NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—George B. M. Harvey has bought The North American Review from General Lloyd S. Bryce and David A. Monroe. The price is reported at \$25,000. Mr. Harvey took possession of the property yesterday and will assume editorial direction of the magazine with the May number.

Armour Increases His Gift. CHICAGO, Feb. 21.—Mr. Philip D. Armour has given \$750,000 more to the endowment fund of the Armour institute of this city. This makes his total gift to the institute \$2,250,000.

Fifty-seven Ballots, No Choice. SACRAMENTO, Feb. 21.—The fifty-seventh ballot for United States senator resulted in no change.

Weather Probabilities. Fair; warmer; fresh to brisk southerly winds.

A PRESIDENT CHOSEN

M. Loubet Elected to Succeed Felix Faure.

DISORDER AT THE FRENCH CAPITAL

Newly Elected President is Accused of Being a Defender of Dreyfus. A Crowd of Bonapartists Also Protest Against His Election.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—By a vote of 483 to 279 for his nearest competitor Emile Loubet becomes the seventh president of the French republic. The fact that as he passed through the streets of Paris to the palace of the Elysee he was honored by insults and derision from the public enemies of the present form of government in France may not be a happy augury, but it is an incident of which he may be proud and not ashamed.

The new president is a genial, honest and sincere gentleman, whereas France needs above all else at this moment in her history a man of iron. It is not necessary, however, to give expression to foreboding when the new chief magistrate has scarcely undertaken his herculean task. The record of Saturday's events suffices for the occasion.

The ballot for president Saturday afternoon at Versailles was taken without debate, as is the custom, and it was plain from the first that M. Loubet would be elected by a large majority. M. Meline, his chief opponent, withdrew his ballots early in the vote. There was some disorder during the balloting, Paul Deroulede being responsible for much of it. He mounted the tribune to make an attack on M. Loubet and drew a pistol when an attempt was made to put him out. A serious clash was avoided.

In the course of the excitement and rioting Saturday night over the election to the presidency of M. Loubet 46 persons were injured, including 14 policemen.



M. LOUBET.

One journalist received a blow on the head with a loaded stick and was so badly injured that he was removed to a hospital, where he now lies in a serious condition. Two hundred and fifty arrests were made, and 142 of those taken into custody are still at the station houses, being held on charges of carrying concealed weapons.

Sunday morning editions of the anti-revisionist papers accuse M. Loubet of being a defender of Dreyfus and express the deepest dissatisfaction with the result of the election, while the revisionist organs are surprised that the election of a man who never expressed an opinion regarding Dreyfus' case is not better received.

Police measures for the maintenance of order have been taken on an extensive scale, and the city is quiet. M. Loubet did not quit his residence at the Luxembourg until 6 o'clock last evening.

Toward 7 o'clock demonstrations occurred in front of the office of Sebastian Faure's anarchist paper, the Journal du Peuple, on the Boulevard Montmartre, for and against Loubet. There was a collision between the rival factions, and several persons were injured. The partisans of the newly elected president were worsted in the conflict and moved to the Cafe Brebant, where they were again attacked and dispersed by their opponents. Many arrests were made.

Similar encounters occurred at about 9 o'clock at the offices of the Libre Parole and more serious disorders later at the Brasserie Maxeville, on the Boulevard Montmartre, where several women were trampled and injured.

Toward midnight crowds broke the windows of the Rothschilds' offices, in the Rue Lafitte, and another group wrecked the offices of the Anti-Julif.

Today M. Dupuy, the premier, will ask the chamber of deputies to vote £6,400 (\$32,000) for the obsequies of M. Faure. This was the amount voted for President Carnot's funeral. President Loubet, following the precedent set by President Casimir-Perier, will attend the obsequies.

M. Loubet will preside at the first cabinet council of the new administration tomorrow.

In the course of the demonstrations the Dreyfusards attempted to invade the offices of the Petit Journal. Finding the doors barred against them, they smashed the windows.

At the Hall of a Thousand Columns 700 Bonapartists met to protest against the election of M. Loubet. Speeches were made by Baron Legoux, M. Lasies and M. Cuneo d'Ornano. Several persons who interrupted the proceedings were ejected. When the meeting broke up, there were some slight disorders, and several arrests were made.

Trouble Predicted For France. LONDON, Feb. 20.—The Paris correspondent of The Daily Mail describes the scenes at the Versailles election as a "Donnybrook fair, with a touch of tragedy therein—the tragedy of a newly chosen ruler attempting to ignore his own unpopularity and smilingly returning thanks for congratulations. I believe," says the correspondent, "that the riotous scenes in Paris are only a foretaste of what is coming. Last night the boulevards were battlefields, and nowhere was a voice to glorify the new president. Today the press is uncommonly rancorous. Here are some of the titles of honor conferred upon Loubet: 'Imbecile,' 'Panamaist,' 'wretch,' 'far,' 'perjurer' and 'avowed protector of the Dreyfusards.'"

HID IN THE JUNGLES

American Gunboats Fail to Dislodge the Filipinos.

INTENSE HEAT AFFECTS THE TROOPS

An Attack Expected at Any Moment on the Right Flank—No Philippine Port Open For Trade Except Iloilo.

MANILA, Feb. 20.—The California volunteers at 5 o'clock yesterday morning abandoned Guadalupe church, which has since been set on fire, and retired to San Pedro Macati. The rebels still hold the country in the vicinity of Guadalupe, Pasig and Patero, despite the efforts of the gunboats to dislodge them from the jungle on both sides of the river.

The heat is intense and is increasing perceptibly daily. Under present conditions it is impossible to provide shade for the troops in certain parts of the line, particularly MacArthur's division. King's brigade is also exposed from San Pedro Macati to Culicui, where it joins Ovenshine's brigade.

Mr. Higgins, the manager of the Manila-Dagupan railroad, is believed to be safe at Bayambang, although no communication has been received from him since Feb. 9. He was then housed at Mr. Clark's place, with his wife and family and about six other Englishmen, some of whom are accompanied by their wives. While it is unlikely that the natives of the locality will harm them, it is feared that others from distant provinces might wreak vengeance at their expense.

In view of the fact that the enemy are concentrating on the American right flank preparations have been made to give them a warm reception in the event of attack. General Ovenshine's line, consisting originally of the North Dakota volunteers, the Fourteenth infantry and two troops of the Fourth cavalry, stretching from the beach at Camp Dewey to General King's right, was re-enforced by two battalions of Oregon volunteers and three troops of the Fourth cavalry as infantry.

The Buffalo, discovering the rebels unusually active about 10 in the evening, signaled the flagship for permission to fire upon them, and, this being granted, bombarded the enemy's trenches for 20 minutes. The only effect of the fire was apparently to drive the rebels farther inland. Beyond a few ineffectual volleys from the trenches, which were returned with interest, the enemy was undemonstrative, and all is quiet along the rest of the line.

Scouts claim to have seen General Pio del Pilar, who commanded the rebels at Paco, with his arm in a sling, directing the troops. General Montenegro, the insurgent commander in chief, is reported to be personally conducting the movements in front of General King's line at San Pedro Macati. The signal corps is arranging signals with the navy for future operations on the left.

With the exception of the port of Iloilo trade with Philippine ports is still blocked.

Much Gold on Hand. WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—In regard to the condition existing in many places in the country, except the far west, in that the supply of gold in circulation is very large while that of paper currency is too small, United States Treasurer Roberts says: "There is now in the treasury and in the subtreasuries \$227,000,000 in gold and \$23,000,000 in paper. Pains are being taken to distribute as much paper as possible among the subtreasuries. Applicants for paper in return for gold are informed, however, that they will be required to pay bankers' rates for transportation in such exchanges, and this information seems to prevent continued calls for paper money."

General Grant's Double Dead. NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—John S. Rockwell, long known as General Grant's double, who for 30 years was the proprietor of a hotel in this city, died at his home, 127 Lexington avenue, on Saturday morning, after an illness of ten days, from kidney trouble, which affected his heart. He had suffered from sciatic rheumatism for seven years. The Reviver hotel, at Twenty-ninth street and Lexington avenue, was personally conducted by Mr. Rockwell for more than a quarter of a century.

Miller Breaks All Records. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—One of the greatest, if not the greatest, long distance races ever contested ended here last night. It was the six day bicycle race begun in the Mechanics' pavilion on Monday night last, with 19 competitors. Of these 12 were left in at the finish, and Charles W. Miller, twice winner of similar contests in Madison Square Garden, New York, was a comparatively easy victor over a splendid field. Miller was nearly 200 miles ahead of previous records.

Inn MacLaren In New Haven. NEW HAVEN, Feb. 20.—The Rev. Dr. John Watson (Ian MacLaren), the noted Scotch divine and writer, preached in Battell chapel, at Yale university, yesterday morning. The commodious auditorium was not adequate to accommodate all the students who came in from the several departments to hear him. Dr. Watson delivered an eloquent sermon.

The Steamer Dewey Safe. VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Feb. 20.—The hauling of the Boston Fruit company's new steamer, the Admiral Dewey, Saturday afternoon from her perilous position on the ledges of Cuttyhunk was none too soon, for yesterday a westerly gale set in, and all day a fearful sea was breaking on the rocks where the steamer rested for three days.

A Heavy Assignment. LEONMINSTER, Mass., Feb. 20.—The Leominster Shirt company has made an assignment to D. Curtis Nickerson for the benefit of its creditors. The liabilities are placed at \$150,000, the heaviest creditors being New York parties. The company probably will be able to settle every claim in full.

Frank A. Vanderlip Very Ill. CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Frank A. Vanderlip has been lying ill at his home, 5331 Madison avenue, for several weeks, and the probabilities are he will not recover.

THE QZAR'S PEACE PLAN.

Ex-Minister Hitchcock Puts the Matter in a New Light.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Hon. Ethan Allen Hitchcock, who is to succeed Secretary Bliss as the head of the interior department, reached Washington from New York last evening. Secretary Bliss, who has been in New York, accompanied him. The new secretary expects to call on President McKinley today and will assume the duties of his office whenever it is the pleasure of the president. The new secretary in an interview last night corrected what he said was a popular wrong impression regarding the czar's so called disarmament proposal made to the powers of the world.

"This proposition," said he, "is not for a disarmament, but for the calling of a conference for the purpose of reaching an agreement not to increase armaments. Such was the intention of the circular issued by him in August last. The czar believes that the vast amounts



HON. ETHAN ALLEN HITCHCOCK.

of money required to adapt the armament of nations to new devices which are constantly being brought forward to bring them up to that of each other could be much better utilized for the benefit of the people of the countries affected. The suggestion for a conference has met with approval, and I think most of the nations of the world will be represented at the meeting to be held at The Hague very soon to consider the czar's proposition."

Mr. Hitchcock was averse to discussing for publication European politics, but he said in answer to questions that the accomplishments of this country in raising an army from 25,000 to 260,000 men during the Spanish war challenged their admiration and astounded and amazed the nations of the world. It had increased the admiration for the flag, and, he added, "The American flag never flew higher in Europe than it does tonight."

Russia, he said, was friendly to America and during the late war maintained an attitude of strict neutrality.

OUR FOREIGN RELATIONS.

Mr. Porter Makes Known the Purpose of His Trip Abroad.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—In an interview last evening Mr. Robert P. Porter, who goes to Berlin today, explained at some length the objects of his mission, pre-facing his remarks with the statement that since the war with Spain many continental countries had shown a disposition to make unfriendly discriminations against American products.

Referring to the recent statement in the Reichstag by Count von Bosadowsky-Wehner, German imperial secretary of state for the interior, on the subject of the development of the trade of the United States with Germany, he said that a close study of the question did not warrant the conclusions drawn by Count Posadowsky-Wehner. On the contrary, it showed most satisfactory and profitable trade conditions so far as Germany was concerned.

"In 1897," said Mr. Porter, "German imports into the United States reached high water mark, £12,000,000 or £15,000,000 higher than any other year during the decade then ending. The decline for 1898 was almost wholly due to the decreased sugar importation. The healthy feature of American imports into Germany, in my opinion, lies in the fact that of the \$150,000,000 in 1898 over half was composed of raw cotton, petroleum, tobacco, copper and the like, mostly for conversion into manufactured articles, giving employment to German labor."

"Large imports of raw material, especially when a country does not produce raw material itself, are a source of wealth rather than loss to a country like Germany. There can be no commercial difficulty between the United States and Germany, because apart from Great Britain America is knit more closely to Germany by bonds of kinship or mutual interests than to any other power."

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Severe earthquakes continue in the state of Querroque, Mexico. A railway collision in Brussels caused the death of 30 passengers. The senate has refused to extend pneumatic tube service to Chicago. The output of gold from the Klondike for the present year is estimated at \$19,000,000.

The Continental Worsted mills, Philadelphia, were damaged by fire Sunday. The loss was \$20,000. The North Carolina legislature has adopted an amendment to the constitution to disfranchise negroes.

Sir R. Lambert Playfair, formerly British consul general for the territory of Algeria and the author of several books of travel, is dead in London.

Would Be Murderer Arrested. WATERBURY, Vt., Feb. 20.—Charles Doherty, who, it is claimed, attempted to kill Fred Murphy, his rival, by shooting, was arrested at Montpelier Junction, disguised as a tramp, at an early hour yesterday morning. Murphy was alive yesterday afternoon, with his sweetheart, Julia Rock, nursing him, but the physicians entertain little hope of his recovery.

Ohio After the Trusts. COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 20.—A suit has been prepared and will be filed in the supreme court today by the attorney general to oust the Continental Tobacco company from its charter on the ground that it is a trust. The company is doing business in this state under the foreign corporation act, the incorporation fee having been paid on a capital stock of \$75,000,000.

Wreck on the Great Northern. SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 20.—News has been received here of the wreck of the Great Northern flier near Spokane. A number of people are reported injured.

WORK BEFORE CONGRESS.

Much Remains to Be Done During the Next Twelve Days.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The week will be a busy one in the senate. With only 12 days of the session left, all senators appreciate the necessity of very strict and close attention to business in order to get through the bills which all admit must become laws in order to prevent an extra session of congress. Very rarely has it occurred that there have been so many important measures on the senate calendar so short a time before the final adjournment of the last session of a congress. There are, however, only comparatively few of these bills outside the appropriation bills which must necessarily be acted upon before adjournment, and if the senate disposes of these with the same facility that it has used in getting rid of other important bills during the past week the session will be closed up in good order and with time to spare. The army reorganization bill and the census bill are in reality the only two measures aside from the appropriation bills upon which final action would seem absolutely necessary. The census bill has passed both houses and is now in conference and is reasonably sure of enactment in some shape. The army bill is yet to receive the attention of the senate. Other measures which will be pressed to a certain extent are the Alaska code bill, the Hawaiian territorial organization bill and various other bills pertaining to Hawaii.

The house enters upon the last two weeks of the session today with three appropriation bills—the army, fortifications and general deficiency—unacted upon and the naval bill but half completed. The army bill must be held back until the senate decides upon its course relative to the reorganization bill, but it is not anticipated that either of the other bills will cause trouble. The situation in the house, however, has been greatly complicated by the action of the senate in placing the Nicaragua canal bill upon the river and harbor bill as a rider. This will doubtless precipitate a bitter fight in the senate and may result in the loss of the bill. The failure of the river and harbor bill will not make an extra session incumbent. But the contest over it will develop bad blood and produce friction which may make it all the more difficult with the other measures which must of necessity pass to avoid an extraordinary session.

ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

Lord Berosford Makes Some Interesting Statements in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—In the course of a speech in this city Saturday evening Admiral Berosford said in regard to future relations between England and the United States:

"In my opinion China is certain to be bankrupt in three or four years unless they have a new source of revenue. They have a magnificent source of revenue there if they would only allow it to be developed. If we help them with their army we get our quid pro quo and something which gives a chance to all the nations of the world to invest their capital in China and develop her resources. That is a chance which the two other great powers would have which they have not at present."

"I most earnestly hope that the settlement of this question will make an everlasting friendship between the two great English speaking nations."

"We are of the same blood; we have the same literature; we have the same laws; we have the same language; we have the same—may I call it grand—honest sentiments with regard to trade and commerce, and we have the same sentiments with regard to what is good to the community at large. I believe if we keep the door open that we are adopting a policy which is absolutely fair and square to all the nations of the earth and is absolutely good for China itself. I believe that we shall do good not only to trade and commerce, but to humanity and Christianity and the whole world at large."

Reed to Leave Politics. PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 20.—Weston F. Milliken, whose appointment as collector of customs here was recently secured by Thomas B. Reed after several years' opposition by Senators Hale and Frye, is reported to have received a letter from the speaker, in which he announces his intention of withdrawing from politics. Mr. Milliken will neither deny nor affirm the report and declines to discuss the matter, but several of his intimate friends positively assert that he has received such a letter and that in it Mr. Reed declared his fixed purpose not again to accept a nomination to congress and outlined a plan to form a partnership with a Portland lawyer and open an office in New York.

Honor For Captain Evans. CINCINNATI, Feb. 20.—Captain Robley D. Evans will be the guest of honor at the banquet of the Stamina Republican club here on Washington's birthday. He will be tendered a public reception at the Burnet House during the forenoon and a reception by invitation at the Queen City club in the afternoon. At noon he will be escorted to the Chamber of Commerce. Governor Bushnell, Lieutenant Cole, members of the Loyal Legion and others will be guests at the banquet Wednesday night.

Secret Society Founder Dead. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—Luther Chapin, the founder of the Senior Order of United American Mechanics, died yesterday at his home in this city. He was 83 years old. His death was due to general debility. His organization of the first lodge followed the Native American riots of 1844.

Increased Postal Receipts. WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The statement of the gross postal receipts for January, 1899, as compared with the receipts for January, 1898, at 50 of the largest postoffices, shows a net increase of \$20,676. The total receipts for January, 1899, were \$3,644,523, against \$3,441,300 for January, 1898.

Automobiles For Boston Aldermen. BOSTON, Feb. 20.—The city of Boston has ordered two automobile carriages for the use of city officials, and more will be purchased if they are a success. This is partly a result of the great cost to the city of the team hire for the aldermen last year.

Transport Sheridan Sails. NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—The United States transport Sheridan sailed yesterday for Manila, passing out at quarantine at 2:45 p. m.

THE CATHOLIC CLUB.

It is proposed to build a new and more modern building on the present site of the Norwalk Catholic club headquarters on West avenue, but it is safe to say that the chances are that it will seldom if ever be filled with a happier and more contented gathering of the club members and friends than assembled last Monday night in the quaint but "roomy old house" in attendance at the second annual banquet of the club.

Previous to the banquet the guests were shown about the building, and various games and social intercourse whiled the time away until 9 o'clock, when the committee having the matter in charge escorted the guests to the banquet hall, the walls of which had been tastefully draped with American flags, standing out in bold relief being a large and handsomely framed picture of George Washington.

Nearly all of the available space on the floor was covered by the "banquet board" and chairs. In a remarkably short space of time the guests were seated.

Toastmaster John J. Cavanagh welcomed the guests in a pretty speech in which he voiced the sentiment of those present by saying "The club though young is bound to prove a permanent institution of the town." He said that the membership included priests and laymen, physicians and lawyers, Catholics, non-Catholics, Democrats and Republicans.

A blessing was then asked by Rev. John T. Winters, which all received standing with bowed heads.

And then, to pleasing strains of music by the Twin City Mandolin club, the Blue Points began to disappear.

The menu complete and which was heartily enjoyed was as follows:

- MENU. Blue Points. Cold Roast Turkey Cranberry Sauce Chicken, Croquettes Cold Spring Pig Boiled Ham Saratoga Chips Pickles Celery Assorted Cakes Lady Fingers Macaroons Confectionery Nuts Raisins Neapolitan Ice Cream Coffee Cigars

The after-dinner speeches were preceded by a vocal selection by John Wehle, entitled "Will o' the Wisp;" the applause was universal. As an encore, he sang equally as well "I Love You the Same Old Way." He was accompanied on the piano by Prof. E. F. Hands, who also presided at the instrument during the evening in a highly satisfactory manner.

The several speakers were introduced in turn, to those present by the toastmaster, the first toast being, "The Church," which was responded to by Rev. T. M. O'Brien, who spoke feelingly on the subject, and was warmly applauded.

Attorney John J. Walsh responded to the toast, "The United States." He started off by saying that he had been provided with a large subject, but he handled it in an eloquent manner and proved beyond peradventure that he had delved in history in a no small way, succinctly giving a history of the United States from its founding to the present day. He was warmly applauded.

Harry Pepper then sang "Mollie Bawn" with such voice and expression that it elicited for him spontaneous applause, and in answer sang "The Low Backed Car," and was again greeted by richly deserved plaudits.

Attorney John H. Light was down to answer to the toast of "The Greater Norwalk." Mr. Light prefaced his remarks with some very pat stories. He was heartily in favor of consolidation, and thought that the greatest stumbling block in the way of bringing such result about was selfishness.

He said that he considered it the duty of every citizen to investigate, and do all in his power for a change.

Rev. John T. Winters replied to the toast, "Clubs and Their Influences." He said that he was in favor of clubs with one qualification, and that was that they should not take the place of home associations. He thought that the club might be made of much value to young men in the way of their intellectual and moral advancement.

The toast "Woman" was assigned to P. F. Masterson, and a stranger to have heard his address would not for a moment imagine that he was a bachelor of a pronounced order. He paid a high

tribute to the sex in general and spoke especially of the great amount of good the women had and were still doing in Norwalk. He was warmly applauded.

Attorney H. W. Gregory responded to the toast, "Abraham Lincoln." He commenced by saying that when first asked to answer to the toast he had hesitated, but on being assured that Mr. Masterson was to answer to the toast, "Woman," he gained courage, (and those who heard him last night are glad that he did.) He handled his subject in a masterful way.

Mr. Harry Pepper then sang "Daddy." "Our Anniversary" was assigned to Dr. W. J. Tracey, the president of the club. He said that never before was he more proud of the club. He complimented all who had taken part in speech and song, and spoke of the rapid progress of the club since its inception.

John Wehle then sang "Queen of the Earth."

Rev. J. J. Furlong was to have replied to the toast "The Future of the Club," but was unable to be present.

Two and three line speeches were made by R. H. Golden, John W. McMahon, Stephen S. Hatch and E. S. Adams.

Auld Lang Syne was sung and the second annual banquet of the Catholic club was a thing of the past.

Restauranteur F. A. Lane was the caterer, and he filled the bill to perfection.

Among those present were: Rev. T. M. O'Brien, J. B. Costello, Daniel Slattery, Frank Finnegan, Dr. T. A. Riordan, B. C. Feeney, William McCann, Edward Barrett, Henry Malone, E. R. Benedict, John J. Hanlon, Peter Guigue, Harry Dwyer, J. T. Powell, P. J. Carney, Edward Hayes, Charles O'Reilly, Bernard Tully, Frederick Steeb, J. T. O'Brien, John Henry, O. A. Reilly, R. H. Golden, John J. Walsh, William Howard, Patrick Slattery, M. F. Powers, Edward E. Sheehan, Edward Rooney, Edward O'Brien, John McGlone, Charles Williams, E. F. Hands, E. J. Finnegan, M. J. Riordan, Mayor J. M. Coburn, George Williams, J. W. Scully, Rev. J. T. Winters, Charles Dimon, Thomas Cavanagh, H. W. Gregory, P. F. Burns, E. J. Thomas, Fred A. Taylor, J. H. Magner, T. W. Powell, Frank Donovan, W. H. Malone, J. T. Sheehan, John McMahon, M. J. Burns, Frank Howard, C. H. Bracken, E. S. Adams, Frank Kelly, W. J. Fealey, Dr. J. T. Kennedy, C. E. Curtis, W. E. Sheehan, Jerry Ahearn, Frank Madden, P. F. Masterson, Thomas Hunt, E. W. Kelly, W. H. McMahon, John Maginn, J. P. Sheehan, J. F. McMahon, Bernard Natterford, W. A. Brown, William Ford, William McCormick, E. W. Kelly, Jr., Michael Howard, William Cahill, John T. Hayes, John Shea, Edward Cahill, J. J. Cavanagh, Daniel Hurley, Stephen S. Hatch, E. J. Hands, W. F. Tammany, Thomas Duffy, and others.

ELECTRIC FLASH.

Nearly Blinds Engineer Johnson of the Electric Light Plant.

Chief engineer Charles E. Johnson of the Norwalk and South Norwalk Electric Light station, while attending to his duties at the station, Saturday afternoon, received severe injuries.

Johnson was standing near a circuit breaker, when suddenly there was a flash of electricity in his face, almost blinding him for life as might have been the case had he not, from similar experiences, taken the precaution of holding his hands near his face.

Even as it was, he received severe injuries to his eyes, and was compelled to go to his home on Isaacs street, incapacitated for work.

He suffered so much pain that Dr. S. H. Huntington was summoned and succeeded in relieving the unfortunate man's sufferings. The physician does not think that the accident, which was caused by the crossing of two wires, will result in his patient's loss of eyesight.

It will, however, probably be some days before he is able to resume his duties.

Appeals From Decision.

Herman E. Malm, of South Norwalk, has given notice of appeal from the decision of the County commissioners. The commissioners refused him a license at 152 Washington street on account of the unsuitability of the place.

No hearing was held as the commissioners had been all over the ground and decided against a previous applicant. Attorney Cuneo represents Malm.

Horton vs. Tramway Company.

In the Norwalk side of the Town court, Saturday, arguments in the case of Mrs. Gilbert Horton vs. the Norwalk Tramway Co., were heard by Judge Downs of Stamford. Attorney Joseph A. Gray appeared for the plaintiff and Judge Robert DeForest of Danbury appeared for the defendant. Decision was reserved.

TWIN CITY COUNCILS.

A special meeting of the city council was held at 7:30 o'clock last Monday, pursuant to a warrant issued, for the purpose of electing a successor to Councilman Simons, deceased.

The full board was present, The warrant was read by the clerk.

On motion a ballot was taken, B. C. Feeney being appointed teller. The ballot was formal and resulted as follows:

- Goold Hoyt, 4 E. J. Finnegan 1

The Mayor declared Mr. Hoyt elected.

The board then discussed the matter of appropriations to the several departments, in an informal manner, as well as the date of holding the regular annual city meeting. The grand list also received like attention. The board being considerably enlightened in reference to the latter by assistant clerk Leo Davis.

An adjourned meeting of the board was called to order at 8 o'clock.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read by the clerk.

A city note for \$10,000 which had been paid on January 1st, was ordered destroyed, together with the coupons. And they were burned then and there.

A petition, numerous signed, asking that the matter of appropriating a sum of money sufficient to secure band concerts on the Green during the coming summer be incorporated in the call for the annual city meeting was read, and so ordered.

City clerk Hurlbutt stated that a notice had been filed at his office stating that damages would be asked from the city by Charles Adams, who fell and broke his left arm on February 5th, 1899, by reason of a defect in the sidewalk in front of the gas-holder on Harbor avenue. The matter was referred to the city attorney.

Councilman Meeker suggested that an investigation be made in the matter by a committee. He said that he did not believe in the city's getting into a lawsuit if it could be prevented.

Corporation counsel Hurlbutt thought that it would be the wiser plan to discuss the question in executive session. The usual batch of bills including something like \$117 for the highway department, were ordered paid.

Councilman Avison moved that a president of the board to succeed Councilman Simons, deceased, be elected and it was so voted.

The result of the ballot was:

- A. J. Meeker, 4 F. E. Buckley, 1

Mr. Meeker was declared elected and changed his position to the first chair at the left of the Mayor.

On motion, Mayor Glover appointed Councilman F. E. Buckley, O. E. Wilson and A. H. Hoyt, to draft suitable resolutions on the death of Councilman Simons.

The board then went into executive session and soon after adjourned.

SOUTH NORWALK COUNCIL.

The South Norwalk council also met to consider the resignation of Councilman W. S. Smith, but the matter was left over to February 27.

After the special meeting the regular meeting was called to order by Mayor Coburn.

A number of communications were received and read and the usual batch of bills ordered paid. Street Commissioner Reed asked for an appropriation of \$1,000 over that of last year for the streets and the amount was inserted in the budget for the coming year, and the clerk was instructed to advertise the various appropriations.

Councilman Smith presented the following resolution.

Whereas, the Norwalk Street Railway company and the Norwalk Tramway company have made application to the General Assembly for amendments to their charters, asking for power to extend their roads over several additional streets of the city; and

Whereas, in the opinion of the Council the said companies ought not to be granted such amendments, unless they can give satisfactory proof that they propose to construct their roads over and through the streets named in said amendments within a reasonable time; therefore,

Resolved, that our Senator and Representatives are hereby requested to oppose said amendments to the charters of said companies unless satisfactory evidence is given that they propose to

construct and build their roads over the streets and highways named in said amendments within a reasonable time.

The petition of A. E. Austin to build a one story building on Washington street, was rejected.

Fire Inspector Baker submitted his annual report which was accepted and placed on file.

Councilman Bean recommended the renumbering of the houses on Woodward avenue, and also a request from Rev. Gerald H. Beard for a sidewalk on Ely avenue, as far as the Springwood chapel. Both matters were left to the committee on streets.

The next meeting will be held next Monday evening, February 27.

The annual meeting will be held in Arion Hall, March 1st.

AT THE CLUB.

Hon E. J. Hill, who had attended the Bridgeport board of trade dinner Friday night in company with Congressmen Jerry Simpson, J. Hamilton Lewis and W. A. Calderhead, brought those men to Norwalk Saturday, evening as his guests at the Norwalk club.

A large number of club members and their invited guests were present and enjoyed an introduction and hand shake with the congressmen, who were introduced by Congressman Hill.

After an introduction all around Mr. Hill made a humorous address and then introduced Mr. Calderhead, who also made a short speech filled with jocular remarks interlarded with funny stories.

The celebrated Jerry Simpson was next introduced by Mr. Hill, and he, too, entertained the assemblage with humorous remarks, and several complimentary allusions to Congressman Hill.

The last speaker introduced was J. Hamilton Lewis, and his speech, while filled with funny stories, was the best of the evening and was greeted with great applause at his close.

As Mr. Lewis took his seat Mr. Hill arose and proposed three cheers for the speakers and the assemblage responded with a will. The company then broke up many going to their homes while others enjoyed cards and billiards for a time before exchanging good nights.

Officers To Be Examined.

Governor Lounsbury has issued a general order directing a board of officers to convene in Hartford, New Haven and Bridgeport respectively, for the examination of officers, of the National Guard for commission. The board to consist of Brigadier-General Russell Frost, Colonel Augustus C. Taylor, Third Regiment, New London, and Captain Thomas T. Welles, adjutant Second Regiment. Commander Edward V. Reynolds of the Naval Battalion will meet with the board at New Haven for the purpose of participating in the examination of officers of his command. The board will convene at Fourth Regiment Armory, Bridgeport, March 10 and 11.

John Meyers, whose apprenticeship as a hat maker at the factory of Hoyt & Wolhausen, Day street, expired last week, on Saturday entertained his friends and shop-mates at a reception in Germania Hall. Refreshments were served and an excellent time enjoyed.

ETNA INSURANCE CO., of Hartford, incorporated 1812. Capital Paid up \$1,000,000. Assets, \$5,902,372.64. Insures against loss and damage by fire. Terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with the laws of compensation. COWLES & MERRILL, Sole agents for Norwalk and vicinity.

ADAM EXPRESS COMPANY. Low Rates. Prompt Delivery. Branch Office, Norwalk, at Morris street. Main Office, depot South Norwalk. L. HUNT, Agent.

The Norwalk Fire Insurance Co. Has now Completed its 32d SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS YEAR. And has not outstanding a dollar of unpaid losses or claims for losses. No soon company insures for less. A. G. McIlwaine, Pres., G. B. St. John, Vice-Pr., F. E. Shaw, Sec. Geo. R. Cowles, Resident S.

PETERL. GUIGE, Florist and Nurseryman Union Avenue, north of Union Center, Norwalk, Conn. Dealer in green House Hot House and Bedding and Vegetable Plants, Fruit and Ornamental Trees and all sorts of designs in flowers arranged to order. Grading and refilling cemetery lots attended to.

Raymond & Son. Successors to George H. Raymond. Furniture Dealers and General Funeral Directors. 45 and 49 Main St., Norwalk, Conn. Residence, Berkeley Place. Telephone No. 77-4.



SHIRT WAIST AND HABIT SKIRT FROM HARPER'S BAZAR

Shirt-Waists and Habit Skirt. The shirt-waist design published with habit skirt in this issue and taken from HARPER'S BAZAR is modelled upon the latest designs for the coming season. It has a pointed back yoke, from the point of which six narrow box-pleats extend to the waist-line. The front of the waist is without a yoke, but has a group of outward turning tucks on each side of the centre box-pleat. The sleeves are easy fitting about the upper arm, and fit almost smoothly into the cuffs, without gathers. The pattern consists of six pieces, carefully marked and numbered. In using the BAZAR patterns our readers are cautioned to observe the following rules: Always begin to sew bodice seams from the waist-line up, and if the garment extends below the waist, begin again at the waist-line and sew downward. In applying collars or collar-bands always begin at the centre of the back, and stitch first one side and then the other. Full cuff, collar, and belt piece accompany all patterns which call for such portions. To make shirt-waists of silk it will require 4 1/2 yards 20 inches wide; or to make of gingham or organdie, 30 inches wide, it will require 3 1/2 yards. The habit skirt will be found an excellent model where a front gored skirt is desired. As the name implies, this garment has all the elegance of fit required for a riding-habit. There is a centre seam in the back, but the opening of the garment is at the left side of the front breath, where a flap is added which serves for the button-holes. This pattern which is published by HARPER'S BAZAR will prove an admirable one for any clinging cloth garments, or for linens, gingham, or other wash fabrics which have a heavy body. To make this skirt for a person of medium size requires 4 1/2 yards of material 44 inches wide.

THE GAZETTE covers the cream of the trade in this section. An advertisement in its columns will pay.

The New York Weekly Tribune

FOR

EVERY member of EVERY family in EVERY farm, in EVERY village, EVERY State or Territory.

Education, FOR Noble Manhood, FOR True Womanhood.

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

IT GIVES all important news of the Nation. IT GIVES all important news of the World. IT GIVES the most reliable market reports. IT GIVES brilliant and instructive editoria. IT GIVES fascinating short stories. IT GIVES an unexcelled agricultural department. IT GIVES scientific and mechanical information. IT GIVES illustrated fashion articles. IT GIVES humorous illustrations. IT GIVES entertainment to young and old. IT GIVES satisfaction everywhere to everybody.

We furnish The Weekly Gazette and New York Weekly Tribune (both papers), ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$1.00, CASH IN ADVANCE. ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO THE GAZETTE, Norwalk, Ct. Write your name and address on a postal card, send it to Geo. W. Best, No. 215 Tribune Building, New York City, and a sample copy of the NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be mailed to you.