



NORWALK AT HARTFORD!

A BIG DELEGATION VISITS THE CAPITAL TO PLEAD FOR THE NEW INSANE ASYLUM FOR THIS TOWN.

Norwalk went to Hartford in force yesterday and as the delegation marched up the hill to the capitol, each member wearing a blue badge, it was evident that the new insane hospital would come to Norwalk if it could be brought here by determination and persuasion.

The trip was planned and carried out by Representative Clarence Osborn, who has given his time and money to further the interest of his town by securing the proposed new state building.

The size of the delegation was a surprise to the committee on humane institutions, and it was necessary to secure the senate chamber in which to hold the hearing.

Besides the Norwalk delegation, the Norwich representatives backed up the petition in favor of that city, ex-Senator Brown appearing at the hearing with an array of citizens. Moreover, the friends of a homeopathic insane asylum had a hand in the hearing. To them it apparently makes no great difference where the institution is located.

Attorney J. Belden Hurlbutt managed the Norwalk part of the hearing and called upon Drs. J. G. Gergory, W. H. Baldwin, and W. F. Acton to tell the committee the advantages of the Ratchford farm in Winnipauk.

In addition to the medical gentlemen Messrs. R. H. Golden and O. E. Wilson, dealers in real estate, were called upon to speak for Norwalk.

Water Commissioner Lester Hyatt

told the committee about the water facilities for the Ratchford farm, and Postmaster J. C. Randle of Winnipauk further described its location.

A. E. Austin was called upon by Mr. Hurlbutt to state as to the facilities of reaching Norwich, which in his opinion was against locating the asylum in that city. Mr. Austin is a frequent visitor at Norwich and was able to speak intelligently upon the subject, and his remarks evidently made an impression upon the committee.

Representative Osborn was unexpectedly called upon by the opposition, but he was equal to the occasion and very cogently expressed Norwalk's attitude substantially as follows:

"We offer the state a magnificent site of 100 acres in either of three localities, all within the town of Norwalk, however. They are all convenient to trolley lines and yet sufficiently retired for asylum purposes. Moreover, we offer \$20,000 toward the building. We maintain that Norwalk is the proper place for the institution because it is in the southwestern part of the state and is easily reached from any point in Litchfield, Fairfield and New Haven counties in two hours. The railroads come to Norwalk in very much the same way that the fingers of your hand diverge from the wrist. Ther, too, Fairfield and New Haven counties send 51 per cent. and Litchfield 9 per cent., a total of 60 per cent. of the number of inmates to the state asylum."

Mr. Hurlbutt presented figures to

show that New Haven and Fairfield counties, for which localities inmates would come from, constituted more than half the population of the entire state, while the addition of Litchfield county which would also furnish inmates, five-eighths of the state was represented.

Mr. Hurlbutt's remarks were apt and to the points and his figures beyond dispute.

The hearing was not concluded, and the committee adjourned until Tuesday next.

In the Norwalk party were Senator E. O. Keeler, Robert H. Rowan, John H. Ferris, R. H. Golden, V. A. Scofield, James Golden, Geo. B. St. John, J. P. Francis, Isaac Selleck, A. H. Baldwin, W. H. Baldwin, Ephraim Thomas, P. H. Merrill, Samuel Lynes, Samuel L. Weed, Thomas I. Raymond, A. E. Austin, M. H. Glover, J. Belden Hurlbutt, Mayor J. M. Coburn, W. F. Acton, Bradley S. Keith, John Greenwood, F. S. Ambler, H. R. Smith, C. E. Curtis, A. J. Meeker, A. H. Hoyt, A. A. Avison, James Sutherland, Dr. C. F. Boutwell, Ira Cole, E. H. Morehouse, Willis H. Selleck, H. P. Price, D. W. Fitch, Leo Davis, E. J. Thomas, Levi Hanford, J. C. Randle, Lester Hyatt, H. E. Dann, J. S. Seymour, O. E. Wilson, Frank Leonard, K. W. Mansfield, Jeremiah Donovan, B. W. Maples, W. F. DeKlyn, G. S. Grumman, G. H. Allen, and Gen. Russell Frost.

Central Club Doings.
This week Saturday at 3:30 p. m. the children who are depositors in the Penny Provident Bank, are to be entertained. A number of little folks are to recite or give musical numbers, some older persons are to recite children's stories and there will be a phonograph for the amusement of the youngsters.

Wednesday evening from eight to ten the formal opening of the club's new home is to take place. All the clubs in town have had formal invitations, and each member is allowed a guest card upon application to the secretary. A number of cards have been placed at the Norwalk Library where members may procure them.

On May 2nd, all members of federated clubs are to be invited to hear Miss Grace H. Dodge, of New York, speak upon the work of the Consumer's League.

Funeral of J. H. Olmstead.
The funeral of the Hon. James H. Olmstead took place, yesterday afternoon, from the Stamford Presbyterian church. The remains lay in state in the church from noon until 3 o'clock. The services were conducted by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Vail, assisted by the Rev. H. A. Davenport, of Bridgeport, a cousin of Mr. Olmstead.

Death in Bonfire.
NEW HAVEN, CONN., April 14.—Isadore Levendroff, three years of age, was fatally burned in the yard of her home on Commerce street yesterday afternoon. She was playing with several other children about a bonfire when her clothes took fire. The little child died at the hospital a few hours after the accident.

New Sunday Trains.
Vice-president Hall of the N. Y., N. H. & Hartford Railroad announces that the increased Sunday train service will be inaugurated April 23. Express trains will start both from New York and Boston at 10:03 a. m.

In Memoriam.
A meeting of the Fairfield County Bar association was held in the supreme court room in Bridgeport this morning in memoriam of the late James H. Olmstead, formerly state attorney. Eulogistic addresses were made.

What Do the Children Drink?
Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called Grain-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about 1/4 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

—Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

No One Denies It!

In every city there is ONE PAPER, that leads—that reaches the best class of citizens—people with money to buy what they want, and to pay for it. One paper that gives advertisers the best result. In Norwalk that paper is the GAZETTE.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Sawtelle Dramatic Co.

The Sawtelle Dramatic company presented "Slaves of Gold" at Hoyt's theatre last night. This afternoon at the matinee performance they will play "Uncle Sam in Cuba" and to-night "A Race for Life."

Opposed by Mr. Fessenden.

State's Attorney Samuel Fessenden of Stamford, was before the committee on incorporations in Hartford yesterday to oppose house joint resolution No. 229, incorporating the Glenbrook Water, Light and Power Co. Hon. Samuel Fessenden is general counsel for the Stamford Gas and Electric Co., and the Stamford Water Co. He said two companies were already working in the territories the resolution mentioned. No one appeared to advocate the bill.

Tools Stolen.

Some tools valued at \$25, the property of W. F. Hoyt, a carpenter, were stolen from a tool house near the new house being erected on the Marvin property in the vicinity of the schoolhouse in East Norwalk, last night. The door of the house was pried open with a railroad spike. The guilty parties are supposed to be tramps.

It is reported that Governor George E. Lounsbury will appoint Friday, May 5th, as bird and arbor day.

THE WHEEL CONTEST.

The Positions of the Several Candidates Remains Unchanged To-day.

In the contest for the Rambler wheel, the positions of the several candidates remain unchanged.

The ballot at noon to-day was as follows:

Irving H. Reed, Pioneer	1950
J. J. Goodwin, Old Well	1151
J. H. Magner, Hope Hose	890
Smith Northrop, Phoenix	227
Albert W. Clark, Putnam Hose	158
D. Hart Weeks, Phoenix	84
Charles M. Smith, Pioneer	72
Leo Davis, Old Well	69
Samuel McGowan, Putnam Hose	18
Geo. S. Grumman, Phoenix	15
F. W. Darner, Old Well	16
H. D. Cornell, Fire Police	2
L. M. Smith, Mayflower	2
D. W. Harford, Old Well	2
Chief F. M. Wheeler, E.N.F.D.	1
Patrick F. Slattery, Hope Hose	1
E. V. Baker, Old Well	1
Joseph Matheis' Pioneer	1
Harry Mitchell, Pioneer	1
Fred Weisheit	1
Howard L. Lowdes, Old Well	1
Geo. F. Foote, Old Well	1
John Yost, Putnam Hose	1

The Weather.

Showers and probably thunder storms to-night; followed during Saturday by fair and cooler.

THE TRAMP NUISANCE.

Residents of East Norwalk Annoyed and Houses Broken Into.

East Norwalk is infested with a gang of tramps who hang about and inhabit the woods of that place. At night they make themselves a nuisance and menace the peace and safety of the neighborhood. After nightfall the fellows descend upon the different houses and demand food, and not receiving what they ask for become insolent and insulting. Twice lately some of the gang have broken into the residence of Le Grand Benedict and last night for the third time. It has not been ascertained that they have stolen anything, but the nuisance should be abated as it is an annoyance and disturbs the comfort of the residents. A constable was sent for last night but he did not succeed in arresting anybody. There is another gang of the same ilk in the vicinity of Whistleville.

Tailor Made Garments.

The Boston Store has added children's suits and separate skirts to their tailor made garment department, and have a fine stock from which to select. Their tailor made garments are the superior of any to be found in town and the immense stock carried enables one to find just what is desired.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain fog into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by John A. Riggs, Druggist, 11 Main street.

A special communication of Old Well Lodge, A. F. and A. M., was held last night. The third degree was conferred and a banquet was enjoyed after work.

OUR TAILOR-MADE GARMENTS

BOSTON STORE!

The Big Store of the County

NOW ARE THE TALK OF THE TOWN.

The comparisons have been made, and the verdict is that our Suits are made and finished as Tailor-made Suits should be.

Not only the Jackets of our Suits fit but the hang of the Skirt is perfect. We have added

Children's Suits and Separate Skirts

to this growing department.

Children's Garments.

25 children's spring jackets the	\$2.00
ones for	\$1.50
10 separate skirts just to start them	\$2.75
for 6 to 10 years old	\$7.50
16 suits made as a dress trimmed with	\$3.25
silk. Made of blue, red and green	
cashmere.	\$3.25
10 Eton suits for children 8 to 12 years	\$7.50
15 spring jackets for children 6 to 12	\$3.50

Shirt Waists.

Now is your time; pick your style. 350 dozen to choose from. 50c. to \$2.

Misses' Suits, Tailor Made.

12 to 16.	
Blue, cadet and red reefer jacket and	
skirt	\$7.50.
Venetian cloth suits 12 to 16	\$10.00 and \$13.50
Covert jackets	\$5.00

Ladies' Spring Jackets.

Covert cloths. 500 covert cloths lined	
with silk	\$7.50 to \$10.00
Black Cheviots.	\$7.50 to \$10.00

Silk Capes.

5 silk capes	\$2.98
8 silk capes,	\$7.50
6 silk capes,	\$10.00
7 silk capes,	\$12.00
8 velvet capes,	\$4.98
10 " capes,	\$5.98
cloth capes,	\$3.50 to \$12.00
Bicycle separate skirts,	\$3.98 to \$5.00

Notice.

The two piece lawn house dresses have arrived. You remember that you could not get them last season after the

first week of the opening. We have twenty-five dozen, all the late shades. They make a beautiful suit. Three ruffle skirt and a shirt waist, price

\$15.00

Ladies' Suits Tailor Made.

The greatest stock in the county.	
10 suits, Eton jacket, Covert and Ladie's cloth	\$7.50
15 suits Covert cloth, blue and brown	\$9.00
10 black Venetian cloth suits	\$10.00
15 Scotch effects in small checks	\$13.50 and \$15.00
10 black silk lined cheviot suits	\$18.00
10 different shades of fine broad cloth suits,	\$22.00

Silk Waists.

Black silk waists,	\$3.50 to \$7.50
Colored silk waists,	\$3.50 to \$8.50

Cloth Waists.

Black brilliantine sizes 32 to 42,	\$1.98
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Separate Skirts.

375 to choose from.	\$1.75 to \$12.00
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THE BOSTON STORE

We will save you \$3.00 to \$5.00 on a Suit, that is the difference between our prices and New York price on the same Garment.

An Old Commuter.

David Edson Smith, an affable and courteous Georgetown gentleman, has probably been a commuter on the Danbury division of the Consolidated road longer than any other man. Mr. Smith began commuting in 1859 when he made daily trips between Georgetown and Danbury. He went back and forth between these places for a year or two and then business took him to South Norwalk in 1861 or '62, since when he has been a daily commuter except for a period in 1863 when he went to the front serving under Gen. "Ben" Butler. Mr. Smith is a brother of Conductor Smith of the Danbury road and is a well known man, especially among commuters. He is a hatter by trade and is at present employed in Hubbell's hat shop South Norwalk.

Osborn a Hustler.

Representative Clarence F. Osborn of Norwalk, is a hustler of the most pronounced type. He led a delegation of 80 representative Norwalk citizens to Hartford yesterday, to show why Norwalk should have the new hospital for the insane. Each member of Representative Osborn's delegation wore a badge of blue ribbon, upon which appeared in red lettering, "Norwalk Asylum Committee." The hearing on this matter, before the committee on humane institutions, was held in the senate chamber, which was packed to the doors. The general opinion is that Norwalk made out a good case.—Bridgeport Telegram.

Euchre.

The Matinee Euchre club was entertained by Mrs. Fred. H. Quintard and Mrs. D. W. Raymond at the former's residence on Washington street, yesterday afternoon. The club prizes were won by Mrs. George R. Byington, Mrs. George A. Jennings, Mrs. Herbert A. Mathewson and Mrs. Edwin H. Mathewson. The guests prizes were won by Mrs. Thomas Benedict Jr., and Mrs. Robert A. McDonald.

Surprise Party.

A surprise party was given to Edwin Carr, of Orchard street, Wednesday evening. Games and dancing were enjoyed, music for dancing being furnished by Worden Brothers. At midnight refreshments were served. The following persons were present: Misses Jessie Cole, Carrie Dixon, Laura Lawrence, Marion Hawley, Louise Sutton, Mabel Ballard, Jennie Dixon, Bessie Hoyt and Birdie Wildman; William Rowe, Fred Hawley, Edward Sanford, Howard Godfrey, William Cavanagh, Fred Hoyt, William Dixon, Clifford Judson and Fred Godfrey.

Walsh—Jennings.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Caroline Estella, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James J. Walsh of Newburgh, N. Y., and Harry Banks Jennings of Southport, which takes place at the home of the bride on Wednesday evening, April 26.

Bicycle Collision.

A young man named George Ingam, living in East Norwalk, collided with a lady bicyclist on Fort Point street about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The lady's wheel was smashed and Ingam received a badly injured eye, his wheel, however, escaping. Ingam was taken into Dr. Baker's house where his eye was dressed.

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c. Sold by John A. Riggs, druggist, 11 Main street



Wrappers. Spring Wrappers, just in; 500 dozen. Come and look at them. 50c. to 1.98c.

PALE WOMEN.

Bloodless Cheeks Denote Indigestion and Other Disorders.

Vinol Should Be Taken In Order to Make New, Rich Red Healthy Blood.

If you are pale, you may make up your mind there is something serious the matter. In such cases Vinol should be taken. It gives tone, health and strength to every organ of the body. By enabling all of the organs to act as they should, and at the same time facilitating the discharge of poisonous secretions from the system, the blood is naturally purified, becomes rich and healthy, and an obvious improvement is plainly discerned in the face of the patient.

We guarantee that Vinol will cause red cheeks to displace a pallid countenance. If you do not find this is so, we will refund you your money in every instance. The taste of Vinol is most delicious.

PLAISTED'S drug store, 43 Washington St., So. Norwalk

NEW YORK NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD RAILROAD.
—NEW YORK DIVISION.
DECEMBER 4, 1898.

Trains leave South Norwalk as follows:
FOR NEW YORK — Accommodation trains at 9.36, 11.40 a. m., 1.11, 3.04, 4.07, 5.33, 6.41, 8.11, 10.20 p. m. Express trains at 4.55, 5.45, 6.15, (local), 6.55, (local), 7.13, (local), 7.54, (local), 8.16, 9.03 (local), 9.58, 10.35, 11.35, (local) a. m. 12.47, 2.25, 5.10, 5.55, 7.55 p. m. For Washington via Harlem River 12.53 a. m. (daily)
SUNDAYS — Accommodation 9.05 a. m., 5.35, (local), 7.20, (local) 10.10 p. m. Express 4.55, 5.45 a. m.

FOR NEW HAVEN AND THE EAST — Accommodation trains at 6.28, 7.42, 8.46 and 11.42 a. m., 1.12, 2.42, (to B'k'n), 4.18, 5.27, 6.27, 7.28 (to B'k'n), 9.15 and 11.15 p. m. Express trains at 1.11, 1.20, 9.11, 10.05, 11.08 a. m., 12.02, 3.05, 5.04 (Naugatuck Express) 7.05, 9.05 p. m.

SUNDAYS — Accommodation 7.42, 9.12 a. m. and 7.15 p. m. Express 11 and 1.20 a. m.

C. T. HEMPSTEAD, Gen. Pass. Agent.

SPRING and SUMMER SUITINGS

TROUSERS \$5.50 UP.

Old Suits made to look as good as new. Repairing, Altering, Cleaning and Pressing a Specialty. Fit and Workmanship guaranteed.

FRANK COCA,

49 Main Street, NOBWALK

W. H. HAYWARD & CO.

Pension Attorneys and Solicitors.

709 East Capitol Street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

All classes of claims prosecuted before the Interior Department. Rejected pension claims a specialty. Correspondence solicited.

O. E. Wilson,

GENERAL INSURANCE

Real Estate and Investment Agent, . . .

Room 3 GAZETTE BUILDING, NORWALK, CONN.

MONEY TO LOAN

HERE'S YOUR CHANGE.

A fine building lot on Wilton avenue. If you intend to build, look at this before purchasing.

Water, gas and sewer on the avenue.

Will be sold at a Bargain.

W. H. SYINGTON,

Real Estate and Insurance

Room 1, Gazette Bldg. '11.

News and Opinions

National Importance,

The SUN

ALONE CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, \$6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail, . . . \$8 a year

The Sunday SUN

is the greatest Sunday Newspaper in the world.

Price 5c a copy. By mail \$2 a year
Address THE SUN New York

SAMOAN COMMISSION

Will Sail For Apia on the 25th of April.

GERMANY APPOINTS VON STERNBURG

Announcement Gives Satisfaction In Washington—He Is Now Secretary of the German Embassy—Early Agreement Looked For.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Samoan commission will sail for Apia on the United States naval transport Badger, leaving San Francisco on the 25th inst. This arrangement was made yesterday after Baron Speck von Sternburg, first secretary of the German embassy, had called on Secretary Hay and advised him of his appointment as the German member of the high commission. This completed the body. As the plan to have the members get away on the Mariposa, sailing on the 19th, was no longer feasible, the transport Badger, now at Callao, Peru, on her way to San Francisco, was placed at the disposal of the commission. She is a large, serviceable ship, with first class accommodations for the commissioners.

On her trip out she probably will take supplies for the Philadelphia. The formal announcement of Baron Sternburg's appointment was received from the German foreign office and gave general satisfaction among officials and diplomats, as throughout the recent troubles he exerted his influence in such a manner as to win the heartiest approval of the state department as well as the British ambassador. His choice therefore was accepted as an evidence that the commissioners would be able to co-operate and to reach the unanimous decision called for by the agreement. The early sailing of the commission is regarded as evidence that the recent collision at Apia will be settled diplomatically.

Baron Sternburg comes of a distinguished German family, his grandfather, M. Baron Speck Sternburg, achieving prominence by introducing scientific farming into Germany, Russia and Austria. The present Baron Sternburg devoted his early life to the study of military and naval science. He fought through the Franco-German war in the Second Saxon dragons, was promoted lieutenant at the age of 17 and was decorated for personal bravery. He served as military attaché in Washington prior to entering the diplomatic service. He was appointed secretary of the German legation at Peking, serving as charge d'affaires during the important period of the China-Japanese war. Later he was appointed charge at Belgrade, Servia. In 1897 he was appointed counselor and first secretary of the embassy in Washington and has served here since then.

Large Navy Favored.

BERLIN, April 14.—The newspapers continue their bitter comments on Great Britain. The semi-official Post strongly urges the reichstag to place at the government's disposal forthwith the whole amount of the appropriations, passed in annual installments, for the naval increase last year and to hasten the work of construction, arguing that "with a respectable navy Germany need not fear a repetition of the humiliating occurrences at Samoa."

A number of leading papers, like the Deutsche-Zeitung, Schlesische-Zeitung and Hanover Courier, point out the necessity of a larger navy and urge the hastening of the present increase in its strength and the adoption of an additional bill for the construction of new vessels.

Could Not Let It Cool.

READING, Pa., April 14.—The iron boom of east Pennsylvania had an unusual sequel yesterday morning at Lebanon. The news dispatch said that so great was the demand for pig iron that the metal was loaded on cars while still hot in the hurry to ship it away. At 4:30 o'clock in the morning five freight cars took fire from hot pig iron with which they had just been loaded. The cars were burned, and the large mill of the East Lebanon Iron company also took fire and was destroyed. Loss, \$25,000.

A Call For Troops.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The president has announced to a leading southern senator that the call for 35,000 volunteer troops would probably be issued within the next few weeks. The situation in the Philippines might be such, he said, that the additional troops would be imperatively necessary. It was said in this connection that all the volunteers now in the service would be first mustered out and the new troops enlisted without reference to existing volunteer organizations.

Porto Ricans Pay Burial Tax.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The president has been appealed to by the alcalde of the city of Guayama, Porto Rico, to issue an order turning over the cemeteries in the island to the municipalities. He declares that while the church authorities hold the cemeteries and tax the people heavily for burial privileges the grounds have been purchased and maintained with moneys raised by the people through special taxes.

Freight Offices to Consolidate.

LYONS, N. Y., April 14.—The West Shore and Central freight offices will be consolidated here next week, Samuel R. Palmer, the Central freight agent, taking charge of both. Four men of the West Shore will lose positions. The yards and roundhouses of the West Shore at Newark will be closed on May 1, and all the works are being transferred here.

Kipling Drives Out.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Rudyard Kipling has so far advanced toward complete recovery from his recent attack of pneumonia that he drove in Central park for an hour yesterday morning. He will remove to Lakewood next week.

King of Saxony Honored.

DRESDEN, April 14.—A series of festivities began yesterday in celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the "baptism of fire" of King Albert of Saxony in 1849. Nine hundred veterans of 1849 are attending the celebration.

Weather Probabilities.

Probably showers and thunderstorms; increasing and high southerly winds; fair and cooler tomorrow.

Yes or No

People are Respectfully Asked to Answer These Questions.

Is there anything in the evidence of one's senses?
Is there anything in the testimony of one's friends?

Can reliance be placed upon statements from people we know?
Are the opinions of local citizens of any greater moment than those of strangers?

Would you sooner believe people living in some faraway place than citizens of your own city?
We think not, for home proof can easily be investigated.

Mr. C. A. Owens, No. 190 Main street, is a painter and paper hanger by trade. Like the majority of men who follow this occupation, he was troubled with disordered kidneys. The requisites to his calling benzine, turpentine and other dryers excite and inflame these organs and he found himself suffering with a recurrence of his old complaint. Mrs. Owens very mindful of her husband's welfare, procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Hale's drug store (now Glendening & Co.'s) and he used them. Mrs. Owens says "my husband was greatly benefited by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. Constant working in white-lead and mixing paint brought on kidney trouble and a severe headache. Relief in any form was always welcome and we are pleased to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills for what they did."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers; price 50 cents a box. Mailed on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

TIRED OF PROMISES.

The Filipino Junta Objects to the American Proclamation.

HONGKONG, April 13.—The Filipino junta here regards the proclamation of the United States Philippine commission as being objectionable and has issued a grandiloquent statement to the effect that it is a "tissue of generalities, bristles with Pharisaism and cant, vaguely promises much and grants nothing to the Filipinos, who are tired of promises and surfeited by Spanish promises similar to the American."

Continuing, the statement reads:

"The proclamation proves that the fair promises of independence under a protectorate and President McKinley's declaration of the objects of the Spanish war were only a mask of humanitarianism to cover the real intention. The invitation of the United States Philippine commissioners to the Filipinos to meet them for an exchange of views is meaningless, as during the hostilities the representative Filipinos are necessarily absent from Manila assisting the struggle for independence.

"The Filipinos continue to resist a violent and aggressive usurpation not because they expect a complete victory, but to emphasize their rights and to protest against a ruthless invasion.

"We emphatically deny that the aims of the American government have been misinterpreted. The proclamation of General Otis showed those aims clearly. We also deny the legality of the sale of sovereignty over the Philippines by Spain, and we reiterate positively that the Americans began the hostilities on Feb. 4."

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The hospital ship Relief arrived at Manila.

Governor Roosevelt returned to Albany from Michigan.

Thirty cases of smallpox were reported in Windber, Pa.

Jockey Tod Sloane rode two winners at the Newmarket races.

Hon. James Service, ex-premier of Victoria, Australia, is dead.

The United States furnished Argentine Republic 2,500 bicycles last year.

Elder John A. Hock, a widely known Advent preacher and missionary, died at Concord, N. H.

Rev. John J. McDonnell, rector of St. Peter's Roman Catholic church, Saratoga, died suddenly.

Dr. Minton Warner, professor of Latin at Johns Hopkins university, has accepted the Latin professorship at the Harvard university.

The Greater Chicago project, having in view the consolidation of the municipal and county government in that district, has been defeated.

American Newspaper in Trouble.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, April 13.—The supreme court has confiscated an issue of the San Juan News, an American newspaper published here, for criticizing the court last week. The News published an extract from General Grant's report stating the Porto Rican judiciary is corrupt and referring particularly to the lower courts. General Henry warned The News to desist, but the action of the supreme court was taken without the consent of General Henry, who has countermanded it. The same supreme court also demanded that The News submit all its articles to it before publication. General Henry disapproves of this, and there is much feeling among Americans on account of the incident.

Bostonians Buy Syracuse Property.

SYRACUSE, April 13.—Wood, Harmon & Co., real estate dealers of Boston, with offices in many eastern cities, have purchased 50 acres of suburban land in this city for improvement. The consideration was about \$25,000.

SOUL and BODY

are closely connected. A sick body means bad temper, unhappiness—in fact, a sick soul. One reacts on the other. Strengthen the body by cleansing and purifying the stomach, evil thoughts will fly away and you'll find life a merry song. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a blood purifier and stomach tonic. Honestly used, it never fails to cure the worst troubles resulting from weak stomachs.

APPETIZING
STRENGTHENING
PURIFYING

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF NEW YORK.

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

Statement for the Year Ending Dec. 31, '98.

According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

INCOME.	
Received for Premiums	\$42,318,748 51
From all other Sources	12,687,880 92
	\$55,006,629 43

DISBURSEMENTS.	
To Policy-holders for Claims by Death	\$13,265,908 00
To Policy-holders for Endowments, Dividends, etc.	11,485,751 35
For all other Accounts	10,493,379 53
	\$35,245,038 88

ASSETS.	
United States Bonds and other Securities	\$160,956,141 33
First Lien Loans on Bond and Mortgage	68,503,580 90
Loans on Bonds and other Securities,	9,396,619 00
Real Estate, appraised by Insurance Superintendents	
at \$23,534,826.88 : Book Value	20,604,649 61
Cash in Banks and Trust Companies	11,621,377 36
Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Premiums, etc.	6,434,957 10
	\$277,517,325 36

LIABILITIES.	
Policy Reserves, etc.,	233,058,640 68
Contingent Guarantee Fund,	42,238,684 68
Divisible Surplus	\$2,220,000 00
	277,517,325 36
Insurance and Annuities in Force	\$971,711,997 79

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be correct. Liabilities calculated by the Insurance Department. **CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor**

From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned as usual

Board of Trustees.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| SAMUEL D. BARCOCK | FREDERIC CROMWELL | HENRY H. ROGERS | ADRIAN ISELIN, JR. |
| RICHARD A. McCURDY | JULIEN T. DAVIES | JNO. W. AUCHINCLOSS | GEORGE S. BOWDOIN |
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| HERMANN C. VON POST | CHARLES R. HENDERSON | WILLIAM BABCOCK | WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER |
| WILLIAM J. SEWELL | RUFUS W. PROEHAM | STUYVESANT FISH | JAMES N. JARVIS |
| OLIVER HARRIMAN | J. HOBART HERRICK | AGUSTUS D. JULLIARD | CHAS. D. DICKEY JR. |
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| DUNCAN OLGOTT | GEORGE G. HAVEN | H. WALTER WEBB | |

ROBERT A. GRANNISS, Vice-President.

- | | |
|--|---|
| WALTER B. GILLETTE, General Manager. | DUEK du-P. BRECK, Corresponding Secretary |
| SAAC F. LLOYD, 2d Vice-President | ALBERT KLAMROTH, Assistant Secretary |
| WILLIAM J. EASTON, Secretary. | FREDERIC CROMWELL, Treasurer. |
| JOHN A. FONDA, Assistant Treasurer. | JAMES TIMPSON, 2d Assistant Treasurer. |
| WILLIAM P. SANDS, Cashier. | EDWARD P. HOLDEN, Assistant Cashier. |
| EMORY McCLINTOCK, Actuary. | JOHN TATLOCK, Jr., Assistant Actuary. |
| CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor. | WILLIAM W. RICHARDS, Comptroller. |
| C. CLIFFORD GRETSINGER, Assistant Auditor. | HENRY S. BROWN, Assistant Comptroller |
| JOHN C. ELLIOT, Superintendent of Domestic Agencies. | EDWARD LYMAN SHORT, General Solicitor. |
| MEDICAL DIRECTORS: | |
| ELIAS J. MARSH, M. D. | GRANVILLE M. WHITE, M. D. |
| G. S. WINSTON, M. D. Consulting. | |

NICHOLS & GILBERT, General Agents.

A. H. CAMP, Local Agent.

THE GEORGE TRIAL.

Damaging Testimony Given Against the Defendant.

CANTON, O., April 13.—A short session of court was held in the George trial yesterday. An adjournment was taken at noon on account of the funeral of L. V. Beckius, father-in-law of Prosecuting Attorney Pomerene and a relative of Attorney Welty for the defense.

Former Policeman Charles Dickerhoff testified that on the night before the murder he met Mrs. George, who asked him to go with her to look for Saxton.

E. J. Rex and M. M. Herbst testified to having seen the policeman and a woman in the vicinity of the Saxton block. William F. Cook, who lived in the Saxton block, often saw Mrs. George there.

Once late in the evening she was standing near Saxton's room holding a revolver in her hand. Again he found the hall lights out and Mrs. George standing near Saxton's room. Again, at Meyers Lake, he saw Mrs. George following Saxton and Mrs. Althouse.

Troops Sail For Honolulu.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—Four batteries of the Sixth artillery sailed on the steamer Nippon Maru yesterday for Honolulu, where they will relieve the Second battalion, United States volunteer engineers. Four transport steamers are being prepared here for departure to the Philippines. They are scheduled to sail in about the following order: The Hancock on the 17th, the Warren on the 18th, the Newport on the 20th and the Georgian City on the 22d.

Fatal Arkansas Feud.

LITTLE ROCK, April 13.—In a free fight at Deview, Ark., B. C. Ashburn has been instantly killed. A. J. Black and his son Lee were fatally wounded, Alex Miller had his arm broken, and Henry Miller was badly shot in the arm. E. M. Ashburn and several others were shot and more or less seriously wounded. The senior Ashburn had been prosecuted by A. J. Black for perjury, and during the trial great feeling between the friends of the principals was aroused. After court adjourned the factions met.

Candy Contained Arsenic.

HASTINGS, Neb., April 13.—Chemical analysis of the candy the eating of which nearly cost Mrs. C. F. Morey and several other women their lives shows that each piece contained four grains of arsenic, enough to kill three people. Everything points to the fact that a woman's hand pinned the note on the card. Mrs. Morey and the other victims are slowly recovering.

Fierce Wisconsin Fire.

OSHKOSH, Wis., April 13.—A large portion of this city's business district was wiped out by a fierce fire yesterday afternoon. The flames were got under control after a hard struggle. The fire started in Choate & Hollister's large furniture factory and immediately spread to adjoining buildings. All of the neighboring towns within a radius of 20 miles were asked to send fire engines and hose. The loss to property alone will likely reach \$200,000.

The Raleigh Due Saturday.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, April 13.—The United States cruiser Raleigh took on 280 tons of coal yesterday and sailed at daylight for New York, where she expects to arrive on Saturday afternoon. All are well on board. The officers all express gratification for the courtesies shown to them in Bermuda by both the naval and army authorities and by American visitors.

Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed: Pennsylvania—Bridge Valley, William P. Ely; Fallston, James P. Mowry; Indian Run, Anna Tait; Klondike, E. T. Lauderdale; Millbrook, Anna Glenn; West Liberty, R. H. Fisher. New York—Hibernia, George E. Parks; Ingham Mills, Meral H. Guile; Ridge Mills, J. La Fountain.

Killed by Dock Collapse.

NEW YORK, April 13.—One man was killed and 14 others had narrow escapes yesterday afternoon through the collapsing of a newly built dock at Port Richmond. The men who escaped death rushed to safety through falling timbers and with the floor of the dock sinking under them.

Another Furnace Fire Lighted.

READING, Pa., April 13.—The Reading Iron company yesterday put into blast the Emaus furnace, which has been idle a long time. The furnace has a capacity of 800 tons weekly. By reason of this resumption of operations the company will give employment to 150 additional men.

The Detroit Reaches Columbia.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The Detroit has arrived at Cartagena, Colombia. She will proceed forthwith to Bluefields, Nicaragua, to look after the interests of the American merchants there.

Four Departments Instead of Seven.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The war department has decided to make four departments of the island of Cuba. Heretofore the seven different provinces have been departments. General Brooke is now arranging for the consolidation.

Everybody Knows About

Pain-Killer

A Household Medicine

Used by millions in all parts of the world A SAFE and SURE REMEDY for

Cramps Coughs Bruises
Diarrhoea Colds Cuts
Dysentery Croup Burns
Sprains and Strains.

Gives instant relief. Cures quickly.

Two sizes, 25c. and 50c.
There is only one Pain-Killer, 'Perry Davis'!
Sample bottle mailed
(Mention this paper.)

LENT IN PARIS.

Marked Contrast Between the Liberty of the Present Day and 100 Years Ago.

Cardinal Richard allows Parisians during Lent a regimen that is not very hard. They may have meat every day except Wednesdays and Fridays, though never meat and fish at the same repast; eggs every day, except during the last three days, and the poor are authorized to use fat for their cooking. We are here very far from the extraordinary regimen that once ruled Paris in this matter. Up to the very moment of the revolution it was the prefecture of police that forced a Lenten diet on Paris, and a very rigorous one it was. The butchers' shops were closed and the police spent their 40 days in nosing round the kitchens to see if they smelled meat. It was thus, as history records, Marquis de Bauffremont had her kitchen invaded and all the succulent viands with which it was stuffed confiscated for the benefit of the Hotel-Dieu, which alone had the privilege of possessing meat in Lent, and this, of course, for the purpose of dealing it out to the sick.

Norwalk Fire Insurance Co. — IN — SUCCESSFUL OPERATION SINCE 1860. NO DISCONTINUING PLAN

FIRE INSURANCE

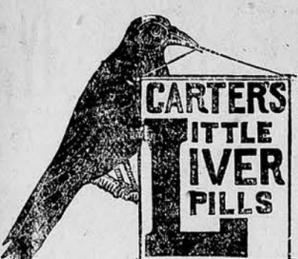
A Wise Man Keeps his Home Insured Against Fire.

THE BEST COMPANIES REPRESENTED

W. H. BYINGTON,

ROOM 1, GAZETTE BUILDING, . . . NORWALK, CONN.

YOU read this advertisement. If it had been yours and others had read it, how much good it might have done. Send in your adv and we will do the rest. Rates on application.



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Prowess, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Favor Eight Hour Work Day.

BOSTON, April 12.—The Federation of Textile Workers in convention here endorsed the measure of Congressman Lovinger for a national eight hour work day, and legislative committees were appointed for Maine, New Hampshire, Connecticut and Rhode Island to organize a movement for the reduction of the hours of labor to 58 per week for women and miners and to secure other labor laws similar to those adopted in Massachusetts.

A Tramp Murderer.

SOUTH CHARLESTON, O., April 12.—A tramp bent on robbery entered the home of Mrs. James Hutseiler on a farm near here yesterday and shot her four times in the presence of her children. The man was captured at Jeffersonville and hurried to the London jail to escape lynching at the hands of neighbors of the murdered woman. A mob of 75 citizens is in pursuit.

United States Forest Reservations.

The 30 forest reservations of the United States embrace an area of 40,000,000 acres in 13 states and territories. Seven are in the state of California, the largest of which, the Sierra forest reserve, includes 4,006,000 acres. Within the past 35 years it is estimated that 11,000,000,000 feet B. M. of timber on public land have been destroyed by forest fires.

Asthma Can Be Cured.

J. R. Niblo, ex-school superintendent of Rochester, Pa., says: "I have been a great sufferer from asthma for years, but I have had a splendid winter, owing to the surprising efficacy of Brazilian Balm." A lady in Cincinnati, who had suffered with asthma for 17 years, could not lie down; was perfectly cured with Brazilian Balm.

Grippe Cured.

"Last winter I had a bad cold and severe cough. I was lame in every joint and muscle. I was sick and felt as though I was coming down with typhoid fever. It was no doubt a bad case of grippe. Mr. E. P. Budge gave me a bottle of Brazilian Balm, saying he was sure it would help me. The relief was almost instantaneous. It quickly stopped my cough and took the grippe with all the pains and soreness out of my system. I gave the balance of the 50-cent bottle to Mrs. Bishop Wiley for her daughter. It proved so beneficial she says she never intends to be without it."—Edwin Fitz Jones, Cincinnati, Ohio.

BRAZILIAN BALM!

For Rheumatism, Catarrh, Asthma.



Brazilian Balm

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALSAM!
... CURES ...
Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grippe
LIKE MAGIC.
RADICALLY CURES

CATARRH!

It clears the head of foul mucus; heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and drooping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes

HAY FEVER, making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the grippe germ and quickly removes all the after bad effect.

INFALLIBLE in ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID and SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is Inflammation, Fever or Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stops EARACHE in 2 minutes. Stops ringing in the head and relieves deafness. As an injection invaluable in female troubles. For outward use heals Cuts, Sores and Burns like magic. Prevents lock-jaw from wounds. QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION AND PILES.

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence. 50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh. \$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50c. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 20 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—Gen. J. Parko Postles. "In croup, cold and the worst form of grippe we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable."—Jno. W. S. Boothe, D. D., Pastor Del. Ave. Ep. Ch. "Mrs. Lore has used the Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—Hon. Chas. B. Love, Chief Jus. of Del. "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—Thos. M. Culbert. "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—Mrs. John Scotten, Chester, Pa. "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—Judge Edward Woolten. "I was worn almost to the grave with a racking cough that all the remedies and the doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—Mrs. J. Galloway, Pottstown, Pa. "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten 50-cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—Anson Burrell, aged 84. A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.

B. P. JACKSON & CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

Why Suffer with Dyspepsia?

Chas. Broome, 850 South Second St., Philadelphia, says: "It took only two months for Brazilian Balm to cure me of dyspepsia with which I suffered over 30 years. Now I have no pain or stomach cough, and can eat anything. Brazilian Balm beats the world."

Had Catarrh 36 Years.

Josiah Bacon, conductor on the P. W. & B. R. R., says: "I had suffered with catarrh for 36 years and regarded my case as hopeless. One day I saw the testimonial of Geo. H. Hearn in a Brazilian Balm circular. Hearn was the engineer on my train and I knew his case was desperate. I talked with Hearn and his cure gave me hope. I began the use of the Balm at once. There was not much change for the first two months but then I began to improve and in six months, to my inexpressible satisfaction, I was entirely cured."

Cured in One Night.

Charles H. Connelle, Esq., leading lawyer of York, Pa., says: "Your Brazilian Balm cured me of one of the worst colds I ever experienced, in one night. I think it the greatest medicine in the market, and you can use my name any way you like."

A Blessing For the Ladies.

Thousands of ladies are using Brazilian Balm. For soreness, pain, bearing down and many kinds of trouble, it acts like a charm. A 50-cent or dollar bottle often does more good in one week than any other remedy does in months. It goes right to the spot, removing all inflammation. Mrs. Geo. W. Roberts, of Wilmington, Del., says: "A strong solution of Brazilian Balm and warm water used as an injection has done me more good than all the remedies and prescriptions I ever tried."

For sale by EDWARD P. WEED, 38 Wall Street.



Entered in the Post office as a Newspaper.
FRIDAY, APRIL 14 1899.

GOOD EVENING.

The new insane hospital must come to Norwalk.

We are still waiting for some fisherman to catch those 31 trout.

A purple cap and yellow star is now the fashion with Norwalk students.

Col. William Jennings Bryan's sword must sympathize with his overworked pen.

A game of ball between the merchants of Wall and Main streets would prove interesting on Decoration Day.

The daily cleaning of Wall street is an improvement for which the merchants on that street should give thanks.

We are expecting to hear of some enterprising corporation gobbling up the right of way for a wireless telegraph line.

Memphis' professional bad man is dead. He made a mistake of trying to free a gentleman who knows how to shoot.

If Norwalk succeeds in securing the new hospital the town will owe Representative Osborn a debt of gratitude for his untiring efforts.

Mr. Quay may be a very wicked person, but at the same time it is shown by the evidence that there is considerable politics in his prosecution.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!
Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from the pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it with out distress. The price of coffee, 15c and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

THE OTHER FELLOWS.

The matter of Sunday trains for Derby is now being agitated. As is usual in such cases there are as many different trains wanted as there are people to express opinions. A train leaving Derby for the shore somewhere about 10 o'clock is one which seems to be needed about as much as any.—Derby News.

In Stockholm, Sweden there is one telephone subscriber to every fourteen persons in the total population. In Hartford, there is one telephone in use for every eighty-five of population. But in Stockholm a resident can have a public telephone for \$10 a year. We suppose there would be three or four times as many telephones here if the rates were as low as in some foreign cities.—Hartford Times.

Chairman Jones declares the "Chicago platform is stronger than it ever was." Of course Mr. Jones doesn't wish to be understood as intimating that the Chicago platform's strength is due, as was the case with some of the army beef, to age.—Chicago News.

Here's another clear case of hereditary genius. A murderer was hanged in Missouri the other day on the same scaffold as that on which his father was hanged a few years ago.—Boston Herald.

Well, if worst comes to the worst, Aguinaldo may claim sanctuary in the sacred precincts of his strong-siding champion, the one and only Massachusetts Reform Club.—Boston Globe.

Reports of immense profits in the stock markets are causing the creditors of quite a number of men to make unprofitable calls.—Washington Post.

"Yes," said little Archie, addressing the visitor, "mamma will be down pretty soon. She said, when she seen you comin', that she s'posed she must slick up a little, or you'd think she done her own work and hurry around and tell the neighbors about it."—Chicago News.

A Bridgeport doctor, in a talk to the "Mothers in Council," advised women to take a hand in the agitation for road sprinkling and the enforcement of a law against spitting in public places. That doctor has the right idea. If the women can be started on a crusade for sprinkling and against expectoration, the public will soon be swallowing less dust and more tobacco juice.—New Haven Palladium.

Probably it was merely a coincidence but nevertheless it was worth noting, that just one year from the sending of a war message to congress President McKinley exchanged peace treaties with our late foe, and issued a peace proclamation. What a twelve months it has been, and what a lot of history has been made in that time.—Ansonia Sentinel.

The Homeliest Man in Norwalk,
As well as the handsomest, and other he is invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is guaranteed to cure and relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Price 25c and 50c.

—Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

WILTON.

Miss Lou Montgomery of Norwalk, is the guest of R. H. Fitch.

Miss Bessie Thomas of Stamford has been visiting Miss May Morehouse.

Miss Marianna Middlebrook of New York, has been visiting Miss Agnes Ogden.

Walter Gregory of East Orange was in town on Saturday.

Mrs. William Steiger, who has been the guest of P. S. Ackerman, has returned to Newark.

The evening mail south arriving at 7:16 which had been discontinued during the winter was resumed on Wednesday, and the office will close at 7:30 until further notice.

We are glad to report the continued improvement of Mrs. George W. Ogden, who has been dangerously ill for several weeks.

CRANBURY.

Word has been received here that George Van Ness is wanted in Bristol for having uttered a forged check. He was in that place under the assumed name of William McVeigh and passed a forged check at the Ashland house cafe, purporting to have been drawn by George R. Evans. He is the same young man who some weeks since cut quite a dash in this place and suddenly left after getting a forged check cashed which Charles F. Bouton was called upon to make good as an endorser, he not having any suspicion that the paper was fraudulent.

Edward Taylor has purchased a new bicycle.

Dayton Bouton and family have removed to New Canaan.

Henry Baldwin of Stamford spent Sunday with relatives in this place.

CANNON.

Willis Betts was awarded the contract for the building of the new hall here.

For so small a place Cannon shows great activity. Several new buildings are being erected and the grist mill which was completed a short time ago is in operation.

Rev. John Bryan of Zion's Hill Methodist church is attending the conference in Mount Vernon.

—Advertise in THE GAZETTE.



An Excellent Com

The pleasant method and effects of the well known CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

DO YOU WANT IT?

A lady's wheel, in first class condition. Will be sold for \$15 if applied for at once. Call at GAZETTE office, m 17 31.

Hoyt's Theatre.

TUESDAY, APRIL 18th.

THE GREAT
KELLAR!

"The Astounder of All Nations."
Presenting Everything New in the Magic World.

**New Illusions!
New Mysteries!
New Features!
New Magic!**

A Grand, Weird and Marvelous Exhibition, Baffling Human Effort.

Prices, 25c., 50c., 75c.

*Seats on sale at Plaisted's and Weed's Drug Stores.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—In suite of four, five or six rooms; nicely prepared and painted; water and sewer connection. Inquire of Chas. T. Leonard, 33 Water street. A. 61 m

TO RENT—House and 12 acres land near old Fair Ground; also house and 5 acres land in Cranbury. J. T. HAYES, 5 Main street.

TO RENT—Cottage on Wilton avenue; also cottage on Harbor avenue. J. T. HAYES, 5 Main street, Norwalk.

TO RENT—Four rooms on Newtown street; 5 rooms on Academy street; 4 rooms on Belden avenue. J. T. HAYES, 5 Main street, Norwalk.

TO RENT—A small 7 room cottage on Union Place to rent cheap. Apply to Chas. Olmstead or W. H. Byington, Room 1, GAZETTE Building.

TO RENT—A large hall in the GAZETTE Building. Apply to Charles Olmstead, Masonic Building. N30 tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A house on Wilton avenue, 6 rooms. Will be sold cheap. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. N30 tf

FOR SALE—Residence on West avenue, about half way between the Twin Cities. Will be sold cheap. Enquire of J. T. HAYES, 5 Main street.

FOR SALE—Three fine building lots on Wilton avenue. O. E. Wilson, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. N30 tf

FOR SALE—One of the best building lots in the city; five minutes walk from Bridge. Water and gas on street. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. N30 tf

FOR SALE—House at Broad River, 6 rooms and basement; new barn; lot 75x200; chicken house and fruit. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. M8 tf

FOR SALE—House on Franklin avenue, water and sewer connection; barn and henry. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. M8 tf

FOR SALE OR RENT—House on Camp street; 13 rooms, modern improvements; barn and large carriage house. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. M8 tf

FOR SALE—On Newtown avenue, a fine house of 10 rooms, hot and cold water, furnace etc. Lot 95x400. Will be sold cheap if taken at once. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. D29

FOR SALE—Double house; 14 rooms; good investment; easy terms. J. T. HAYES, 5 Main street, Norwalk.

FOR SALE—Residences and farms of every description for sale. Think we can suit you. J. T. HAYES, 5 Main street, Norwalk.

WANTED.

WANTED—Houses and Real Estate to sell. W. H. Byington, Insurance, GAZETTE Building. N30

WANTED—Contractors to know that the Fidelity and Deposit Co., of Maryland, furnishes surety. W. H. Byington, agent, GAZETTE Building. N30 tf

Professional Card.

LADIES' NURSE. Apply 9 Warren street O10 tf

NOTICE!

CALL of BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that the City of Norwalk, in the County of Fairfield and State of Connecticut, intends to redeem bonds issued by the Borough of Norwalk dated July 1st, 1886, consisting of one hundred and seventy-five (175) bonds of the denomination of one thousand dollars (\$1000) each, numbered from one (1) to one hundred and seventy-five (175) both inclusive, payable at the Fairfield County National Bank in the then Borough of Norwalk, now in the City of Norwalk aforesaid, on the first day of July 1926, or upon the first day of any July or January after the first day of January 1896. Said bonds being issued under authority of a resolution of the General Assembly of the State of Connecticut, approved February 19th, A. D. 1886.

Also that it will redeem seventy-five (75) one thousand (\$1000) bonds issued by the Borough of Norwalk, dated the first day of July 1887, and numbered from one hundred and seventy-six (176) to two hundred and fifty (250) both inclusive, payable at the Fairfield County National Bank in the then Borough of Norwalk now the City of Norwalk aforesaid, on the first day of July 1927, or upon the first day of any July or January after the first day of January 1897 which bonds were issued under authority of a resolution of the General Assembly of the State of Connecticut, approved February 19th, A. D. 1886.

Said City has called for a redemption on the first day of July, 1899, and will then pay, redeem and discharge all of the two hundred and fifty (250) one thousand dollar bonds above referred to. Interest on all said bonds will cease on the first day of July 1899; and payment of the principal sum named in each of said bonds with all the then accrued unpaid interest will then be made at the Fairfield County National Bank in said city of Norwalk to the legal holders of said bonds on presentation, and a surrender of the same.

By vote of the Common Council of said City of Norwalk, passed March 31st, 1899.

OLIVER E. WILSON,
Chairman of Finance Committee.

Hoyt's Theatre!

FOUR NIGHTS!
BEGINNING APRIL 12th
Daily Matinees, commencing Thursday

MISS
JESSIE SAWTELLE

AND MR. GEORGE H. SUMMERS supported by the superb

**SAWTELLE
DRAMATIC
COMPANY.**

REPERTOIRE:

WEDNESDAY NIGHT—"Buckeye Tavern."

THURSDAY MATINEE—"Captain's Mate."

THURSDAY NIGHT—"Leaves of Gold."

FRIDAY NIGHT—"A Race for Life."

SATURDAY MATINEE—"Dangers of a Great City."

SATURDAY NIGHT—"Little Miss Military."

OUR SPECIALTIES: Little Queen Mab, 5 years old; Belle Stevenson, Illustrated Songs; Fred C. House, Topical Vocalist; and Mr. George H. Summers in his own budget.

Prices, 10c., 20c., 30c.

Seats now on sale at Plaisted's and Weed's Drug-stores.

DANN & BANKS

Have just received
**Twenty-five First Class
Horses!**
Specially Selected for this Market.

A complete assortment of every kind and grade. They are thoroughly broken in all harness and weigh from 1100 to 1750 pounds.

REMEMBER, if Horses are not as guaranteed the purchase money will be cheerfully returned.

OUR CARRIAGE REPOSITORY

contains the finest assortment of Carriages and Wagons of all kinds.

AT SPECIALLY LOW PRICES.
RUNABOUTS, SURREYS, BUSINESS WAGONS, FARM WAGONS, &c.

MEEKER COAL CO.

—DEALERS IN—

COAL, WOOD, BRICK BUILDING MATERIAL, FARMING UTENSILS, ETC.

MEEKER COAL COMPANY

Smith Street, Norwalk.

HAVE YOU A DOG ?



If you have we can fit him with the handsomest collar you ever saw. We can fit a big dog just as easily as we can a small one.

Bring him in and we'll do the rest.

HUBBELL & KEELER,
GENERAL HARDWARE,
Water Street, Norwalk.
Oldest Stand in Town.

IT IS AN UNDENIABLE FACT

that a dollar will buy more groceries of better quality at the Lynch stores than any other place in town. A glance over our price list, and better still if you are not already trading with us, a trial order will prove this to your satisfaction.

If you want Flour buy now, or you will pay more for it.
Our famous White Rose Flour, 57c. a bag; \$4.50 a barrel.

Jones' Superlative or Pillsbury's Best, at rockbottom prices.
Best Creamery Butter, gilt edge, 23c. lb.

- Blue Label Catsup, large size... 17c.
- Colman's English Mustard... 12c.
- Walter Baker's or Huyler's Cocoa... 22c.
- Cross and Blackwell's Pickles... 25c.
- Imported Sardines, finest French, 2 for 25c.
- Quart Cans Golden Syrup... 10c.
- Five pound pails Assorted Jellies... 15c.
- Finest Messina Lemons, 2 doz. for 25c
- Solid Packed Jersey Tomatoes... 7c. can.
- Four cans Sweet Corn... 25c.
- Four cans Early June Peas... 25c.
- Two lb. can Roast Beef... 18c.
- Two lb. can Corned Beef... 20c.
- Codfish Shreds, per package... 5c.
- Three lbs. French Mixed Candy... 25c.
- Two cans White Cherries, large... 25c.

SPECIAL OFFER—Bring this adv. to either store and you will get a Pink Cup and Saucer Free with one-half pound of best Tea.

THE P. J. LYNCH CO.

118 Washington St., South Norwalk.

19 Main St., Norwalk.

FOR YOUNG MEN.

Haman & Son, and Johnson & Murphy's latest up to date styles in nobby shoes for young men, The handsomest ever manufactured.



MEN'S RUSSETS.

The latest and best styles in Men's Russets, for \$3.00.

LADIES' 10-inch BICYCLE BOOTS, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

All of the newest styles in Ladies' and Gents' Fine Shoes now displayed in our window

OUR STOCK

We carry the largest and finest line of ladies' and gents' shoes to be found in the Twin cities.

**Olsen Bros.
WHITE SHOE STORE,
Gazette Building, Norwalk.**



Bull Dog Toes in Tan and Black V. 10 1/2

FOR LADIES.

Lounbury & Mathewson's kid tip bull dog toes, cloth tops, at \$3.00 Russia leather, \$2.50 to \$1.00.



LADIES' KID TIP.

The latest styles in ladies' kid tip at \$2.50 and \$1.00.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

LOCAL AND OTHER NEWS.

A. H. Hoyt is in New York state after trout to-day.

The creditors of the estate of Peter J. O'Brien will receive about two cents on the dollar.

Officer Walter Hall intends to move from Hamilton avenue to Elm Grove place.

The resignation of Mrs. Frank J. Mooney from the Bridgeport teachers' corps has been accepted and Miss Etta Foley formerly of South Norwalk, appointed to fill a vacancy in the corps.

Miss Fredrica Quelsch entertained a few friends at her home on Franklin street last evening. Music was a feature of the evening's entertainment and refreshments were served.

William LeCount has begun raising the frame of his house on Riverside avenue.

—Fresh pork, 12lbs for \$1, 6 Water St.

Mrs. Winfield Scott, of Norwalk, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Stevens, in Ridgefield.

Miss Marie Slattery, of Providence, and Miss Katherine Sullivan, of New Haven, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Burns, 57 Main street.

Miss Edith M. Graham, of Kensington, who was a guest of Miss Clara M. Ryder, of Lynes place, returned to her home last evening.

The Norwalk Musical Union will hold a meeting next Sunday afternoon, in its rooms in the Swartz & Corbett block.

Mrs. John J. Warren fell from her wheel and sprained her ankle, while riding on Haviland street, Tuesday.

John H. Dakin of Brooklyn, George A. DuBree of Philadelphia, and A. E. Post of Lynn, were in town yesterday.

The dressmaker's class of the Business Women's club will meet to-night in the United Bank building.

—Roe shad 10c. 6 Water street.

The South Norwalk Fife and Drum band will furnish music on the occasion of the celebration of the fifth anniversary of the reorganization of Hope Hose Co., next Monday evening.

C. A. Freeman intends to move his printing establishment from Water street to the second floor of the Manderville building, on Washington street.

Miss Laura Doty, of East avenue, was the victim of a surprise party, Wednesday evening, the surprisers being the members of the East Avenue Wheel club. A variety of games were played and refreshments were served.

Hope Hose company is getting everything in readiness for the celebration of the company's reorganization which takes place next Monday evening. Paints, oils and varnish and elbow grease have been used at the company's quarters with telling effect.

—Fresh hams 10c; fresh shoulders 8c, 6 Water street.

There will be a meeting of the Pine Ledge Outing club, Tuesday, April 18, at 8 p. m., at the residence of Robert Van Buren, 58 West avenue, for the purpose of deciding on the lease of the club house, and to do any other business proper to be done at said meeting. A full attendance is desired.

The Kidney Complexion.

The pale, sallow, sunken-cheeked, distressed-looking people you so often meet are afflicted with "Kidney Complexion."

Their kidneys are turning to a pearly color. So is their complexion.

They may also have indigestion, or suffer from sleeplessness, rheumatism, neuralgia, brain trouble, nervous exhaustion, and sometimes the heart acts badly.

The cause is weak, unhealthy kidneys.

Usually the sufferer from kidney disease does not find out what the trouble is until it is almost too late, because the first symptoms are so like mild sickness that they do not think they need a medicine or a doctor until they find themselves sick in bed.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root will build up and strengthen their weak and diseased kidneys, purify their diseased, kidney-poisoned blood, clear their complexion and soon they will enjoy better health.

You can get the regular sizes at the drug store, at fifty cents and one dollar, or you may first prove for yourself the wonderful virtues of this great discovery, Swamp-Root, by sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent to you absolutely free by mail. When writing kindly mention that you read this liberal offer in THE NORWALK GAZETTE.

Samuel Olmstead of West avenue has recovered from an attack of grip.

Miss Grace Snyder is confined to the house with quinsy sore throat.

A special meeting of St. Joseph's Temperance Society was held in Music hall, last night, to complete arrangements for a dance, Wednesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Startevant and Mrs. George A. Whelpley attended the Wild West show in New York yesterday.

George H. Vosburgh, Victor Ferris and Dr. L. M. Allen went to Long Island yesterday duck hunting.

Philip Stalford, of Ridgefield, has been visiting Oliver Stanley of Main street, Norwalk.

The Consolidated road is using from 75 to 100 more cars a day at the present time for hauling freight than was the case a year ago.

The lower end of Bayview avenue is badly in need of repairing.

John Oldenschlager is in Orange, N. J., visiting his mother.

—North River shad 20c apiece, 6 Water street.

Captain Charley Brotherton took Fred Whitlock and Vet Taylor down the harbor yesterday after flat fish. To-day Whitlock's market is swarming with fish which Fred tells his friends he caught.

Isaac Hamilton of the Norwalk hotel has been commissioned by E. T. Bedford to purchase him a handsome pony.

To-morrow will be pay day at the selectmen's office.

The entertainment committee of the Norwalk Yacht club will meet with Representative C. F. Osborn, Tuesday night, to arrange for the opening smoker of the season, and the series of season's dances at the club-house at Hickory Bluff.

Foundryman Meeker reports business as booming at his plant on Smith street.

Cockenoe tribe of Red Men will confer the adoption degree on six candidates to-night.

Mrs. A. A. Altenbrandt, of Spring street, is visiting her mother, Mrs. John Decker, in New York.

J. Belden Hurlbutt, John J. Walsh and R. H. Golden are in Bridgeport, to-day.

The Royal Arcanumites met last night, in Odd Fellows hall. Only routine business was transacted.

Dr. T. K. Noble is so much improved as to be able to go out to drive.

John Morris and bride have returned home from their wedding tour and are residing at Mr. Morris home in East Norwalk.

William Hawkins, of Pratt's Institute, is visiting relatives at Seaside Place, East Norwalk. Mr. Hawkins enters West Point in June to take a course of study.

Rev. J. J. Foust will arrive in East Norwalk to-morrow, and preach at both services on Sunday.

Miss Laura Pollard, of Winnipauk, returned this morning to her studies in the New Britain Normal school.

Rev. A. S. Kavanagh presided at the prayer meeting in the First Methodist church last night. Mr. Kavanagh made a short address and bid farewell to a number who went forward to shake hands.

Samuel J. Miller, superintendent of the Gilbert & Bennett M'fg. Co. Georgetown, has returned from a business visit to Chicago and work will be started on Cannon's public hall of which Mr. Miller has charge, next Monday.

Discovered by a Woman.

Another great discovery has been made, and that, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly, and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery, by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking the first dose, that she slept all night; and with two bottles, has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus writes W. C. Hamnick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at John A. Riggs' drug store, 11 Main street. Regular size 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

Calvin D. Purdy has purchased a Stearns racer.

—Roe shad 10c, 6 Water street.

E. H. Fox is in New York on business to-day.

William Palmer has purchased a Spaulding chainless.

The South Norwalk Fife and Drum band will meet in A.O.H. hall to-night.

The Lockwood M'fg. Co. is in receipt of a cargo of white sand.

The United American Mechanics will meet to night in U. A. M. hall.

Olive Branch Lodge, No. 19, K. of P. met last night.

Superintendent Martin of the Danbury Division was in town to-day.

—Fine shad 20c each, 6 Water St.

Miss Lizzie Scudder of Westfield, N. J., is the guest of the Misses Scudder of West street.

To-day is the thirty-fourth anniversary of the assassination of President Abraham Lincoln.

Louis Heintz, the aged carpet weaver, died at his home on Merwin street this morning.

Dr. C. F. Boutwell is grading the grounds around his newly built house on Crescent Terrace.

Bethany Chapter of Trinity church, met with Miss Howard of Washington street last night and sewed on a quilt for the hospital.

A much needed crosswalk is being laid on Spring Street at the end of West and Washington streets.

The National Association of Engineers will meet to-night.

Juror George Gregory continues to improve. He is now able to sit up a little every day and take stronger nourishment. There is every reason to believe that he is on the road to complete recovery.

Red Hot From the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman of Newark, N. J., in the Civil War. It caused horrid ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Boils, Felons, Corns, Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by John A. Riggs, Druggist 11 Main street.

O. M. Wells of New York was in town yesterday.

Herbert Strong of New York, is in town to-day.

Mrs. J. P. Treadwell, of North avenue, and her two sons spent yesterday in New York.

The Norwalk pupils of Prof. Newell contemplate giving a dance at Lockwood's Hall about the middle of May.

Mrs. Alfred Knapp has been visiting Miss Flora May Jennings, of West street.

At the South Norwalk Congregational church last night Mr. Samuelian lectured on Turkey.

Humboldt Lodge, Sons of Herman, met in Germania hall last night.

Rev. A. J. Smith and family have gone to Monroe to spend a few days previous to Mr. Smith's taking up his charge at Shelton.

Uncas Hayloft will meet next Monday night.

Daniel Lane has sold his house on the Rocks Road to T. Marshall Andrews.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union will hold its regular weekly meeting with Mrs. Joseph Richards, 31 Chestnut street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

David Hanford of Lowe street, will give a reception to a large number of friends to-night in honor of the 84th anniversary of his birth.

Miss Louise Smith, teacher in the East Norwalk High school, has been called away. Mrs. Leo Davis is substituting for her.

The Emanon Whist club met at Howard W. Doty's, St. John avenue, Wednesday afternoon. Miss Annie Smith and Miss Ada Golding secured the prizes.

The Taylor block on Water street is being torn down in order that Haviland street can be extended to the river. The present entrance to the steamboat dock will be closed by a new block.

When Traveling

Whether on pleasure bent or business take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

Norwalk Business Directory!

P. H. DWYER,
Harness Maker,
16 Main Street.

The best of satisfaction guaranteed.
Repairing done in first-class manner.

DR. T. A. RIORDAN,
DENTIST,
COR. WALL AND KNIGHT STS.,
Norwalk, Conn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.



FOR NEW YORK.

EXPRESS TRAINS—4.55, 5.45, 8.16, 9.58, 10.55, A. M., 12.47, 2.25, 5.10, 5.55, 7.55 P. M.

ACCOMMODATION—9.36, 11.40 A. M., 1.11, 3.04, 4.07, 5.33, 6.41, 8.11, 10.20 P. M.

LOCAL EXPRESS—6.15, 6.55, 7.15, 7.54, 9.03, 11.35 A. M.

FOR WASHINGTON VIA HARLEM RIVER—12.55 A. M.

SUNDAYS—EXPRESS, 4.55, 5.45 A. M. ACCOMMODATION, 9.05 A. M., 10.10 P. M. LOCAL EXPRESS, 5.35, 7.20 P. M.

FOR NEW HAVEN.

EXPRESS TRAINS—1.11, 1.20, 6.11, 10.05, 11.08, A. M., 12.02, 3.05, 5.04, (Naugatuck,) 7.05, 9.05 P. M.

ACCOMMODATION—6.28, 7.42, 8.46, 11.42 A. M., 1.12, 2.42, (to Bridgeport,) 4.18, 5.27, 6.7, 7.28, (to Bridgeport,) 9.15, 11.15 P. M.

SUNDAYS—EXPRESS—1.71, 1.20 A. M. ACCOMMODATION, 7.42, 9.12, A. M., 7.15 P. M.

FOR DANBURY.

[FROM SOUTH NORWALK.]

6.35, 10.10 A. M., 1.30, 4.25, 5.10, 6.00 P. M.

FOR DANBURY.

[FROM NORWALK.]

6.41, 10.15 A. M., 1.25, 6.15, 6.05 P. M.

Norwalk Hair Cutting and Shaving Parlors.

First-class hair cut, any style, 15c.
First-class Shave, with bay rum, 10c.
Clean towel to every customer.
Special attention to children's work.
31 Main Street, Norwalk.

Whelpley & Clark,
Wholesale and Retail
TOBACCONISTS,
Cor. Main and Washington Sts.,
SOUTH NORWALK.

Oleander Garden,
20 Main Street.

QUICK LUNCH.

Titicus post office in the central part of the town of Ridgefield has been changed to North Ridgefield by the postal authorities.

—Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

Big Coal Combine.
PITTSBURG, April 14.—The big combination of all the coal interests on the Monongahela river predicted in these dispatches several weeks ago is now an assured fact. Options have been secured on practically all the river mines, mine property, coalboats, towboats, etc., and appraisements will begin within ten days. Whitney & Stevens, brokers of this city, who are engineering the scheme, say the combination will be capitalized at \$30,000,000.

Mason & Hamlin Pianos

appeal to the most critical taste because of their beauty of tone and correct design of case, combined with perfection of workmanship and great durability. A variety of odd styles of pianos at reduced prices always on hand. Write for particulars.

MASON & HAMLIN CO.,
3 & 5 West 18th St.,
Near Fifth Avenue, NEW YORK.

DISTRICT OF NORWALK, ss.,
Probate Court, April 14th, A. D., 1899.

Estate of Eli B. Bennett, late of Norwalk in said District, deceased.
WHEREAS, written application has been made to this Court for the appointment of an administrator with the will annexed of the estate of said deceased not heretofore administered.

ORDERED, That said application be heard and determined at the Probate Office in Norwalk, on the 22d day of April, 1899, at 2 o'clock afternoon; and that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested therein by publishing this order in a newspaper having a circulation in said District, at least seven days before said day of hearing.

ASA B. WOODWARD,
Judge.

Spring Goods.

Have just received a big line of Spring Goods. They are the handsomest ever offered in town.

Cheviots and Plaids

Among them for the ladies. The finest English imported goods for tailor made suits.

Ladies' Suits, \$25 to \$50. When cloth is furnished, \$12 to \$15.
Large stock of Ladies' cloth, all styles and colors.
Patterns cut any style to order. Fit guaranteed.

For Men,

Suits from \$15 up. Trousers, \$5 up.
Spring Overcoats, \$18. The noblest styles we have ever seen.
BICYCLE SUITS.

L. BIRMAN,

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailor
33 Main Street,
NORWALK, CONN.

"No LONG Waits,
No SHOR" Weights."

When you order a TON of COAL you'll get it, get it PROMPT, get a TON, get well screened COAL, get COAL that will BURN. There's many grades of COAL, we sell but ONE, it gives SATISFACTION. Thinkover these several seemingly LITTLE points 'till you see the BIG point, and you'll economize by buying at \$5.00 per TON, of

IRVING LOCKWOOD & CO.,

Successor to B. HARRIS,
Coal Yard and Office, Water St.; Branch,
Office, corner Washington and Main
Sts., South Norwalk, Conn.
Telephone Call 31-5.

MILLINERY

New STORE

Main Street.

Opposite the N. Y. Grocery Store.
Elegant assortment of trimmed Hats, Bonnets, Walking Hats, Turbans, Suits, etc.
All are cordially invited to call.
Ladies own Material made and trimmed by first class New York milliners.
MRS. W. FAWCETT, AGT.

J. D. JENNINGS, UNDERTAKER!

No. 7 MAIN STREET.
NIGHT BELL AT OFFICE

DISHES WASHED



Gold Dust does it. Morning, noon and night. Makes all dull things bright. Housework's a delight with

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

It gives to an humble home or a palace the cleansing touch that both alike require. It's woman's best friend and dirt's worst enemy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philada.

QUAY PROSECUTION.

The District Attorney Scores a Decided Point.

"RED BOOK" MAY YET BE ADMITTED.

Officers of the Broken People's Bank on the Stand—Quay's Deposit Book Never Seen—Defense Will Claim His Account Fictitious.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—Proceedings in the trial of Senator Quay yesterday were tedious, but nevertheless interesting in their bearing upon the future of the case. District Attorney Rothermel placed upon the stand in succession the paying teller, receiving teller and bookkeepers of the broken People's bank to prove the books. All of these, in answer to questions, made reference to Senator Quay's account, and the bookkeepers said they had entered the figures, but none of the books were opened to show what the nature of the account was. This will be done later. All of the bank employees on cross examination stated that they had never seen Senator Quay's deposit book, and they did not believe there was one. It has been hinted that the defense will claim that Senator Quay's account in the ledger was fictitious so far as he was concerned and that the senator's name was used by Hopkins as a cloak for his own personal transactions. The cross examination yesterday would seem to bear out this theory.

The "red book" was a big feature of the day's proceedings, figuring indirectly in the testimony of several witnesses. Its pages were gone over repeatedly, and the question of its identification with the business of the bank was discussed, and when court adjourned a handwriting expert was on the stand identifying the writing in it as the work of Hopkins.

All of this was accomplished by the district attorney in spite of the protests of the three acute, aggressive lawyers employed by Senator Quay, who fought in vain against the web of circumstantial evidence, involving the red book to such an extent that it seems almost certain that this necessary piece of evidence will have to be admitted after all.

It was evident from the district attorney's attitude that he proposes to formally offer the book in evidence in a day or two, and he appears confident of his ability to introduce the testimony which its pages contain and which is so vital in the establishment of the charge of conspiracy between Quay, Haywood and Hopkins to use the money of the state for illicit gains. As the latter two are dead, only Senator Quay remains to face the charge.

The most interesting witness of the day was Clay Kemble, son of William H. Kemble, deceased, the founder of the People's bank. Mr. Kemble was assistant cashier and a director as well. He did not take a very active part in the operation of the bank, being there as a representative of his father's estate. On cross examination he denied having any bias against anybody connected with the failure of the bank and said neither he nor his mother was behind the prosecution. When asked what Hopkins' duties were, he replied, "He was the whole thing."

While this witness was on the stand the district attorney gained a signal victory by securing the admission of the minute book of the bank in which Cashier Hopkins kept a record of the meetings of the board of directors. The particular entry bearing on the Quay case which the district attorney was anxious to get in, is under date of Aug. 3, 1896. It reads:

"The only offering for a loan before the board was the note of (Senator) Arthur Kennedy and R. R. Quay, indorsed by M. S. Quay, with stock of — attached. It was agreed to make this loan provided R. R. Quay complied with the president's request for a certain letter."

The "certain letter" is the one which is regarded as the most damaging evidence against Senator Quay's son. It is dated at Harrisburg, July 31, 1896, and addressed to James McManes, People's bank, Philadelphia. It is signed by D. J. Haywood, state treasurer, and reads as follows: "Dear Sir—On Monday we will mail you a check for \$100,000 for credit of commonwealth of Pennsylvania general fund, which will make a credit to our account of \$600,000. The understanding is that I am not to draw against any part of this deposit until the Hon. R. R. Quay has paid or arranged satisfactory to you the loan of \$100,000 which you are to make him next week."

The defense objected strenuously to the minute book, saying that although the \$100,000 note bears Senator Quay's indorsement he knew nothing whatever of the letter from Haywood and had nothing to do with the juggling of state money indicated by it. The district attorney claimed that the loan was virtually made to Senator Quay and that Haywood received interest on the deposit. Judge Biddle said he would overrule the objection, as the offer tended to prove the existence of a conspiracy.

Jefferson's Birthday in Milwaukee.
MILWAUKEE, April 14.—The Jefferson club of Milwaukee observed the natal day of the founder of Democracy by a banquet at the Plankinton last night, attended by over 400 guests. Colonel William J. Bryan of Nebraska was the guest of honor and delivered the principal address. Delegations of Democrats were in attendance from many towns throughout the state, and nearly all the Democrats from the state legislature were present. Colonel Bryan was escorted on an early train from Chicago by a large delegation from that city, and Mayor Carter Harrison came later, also with a large number of escorts.

Lineman Electrocuted.
ELMIRA, N. Y., April 14.—William H. McClure, a lineman in the employ of the Elmira Illuminating company, was electrocuted by a live wire yesterday afternoon on a pole in the rear of 1,004 Hall street. It is supposed he lost his balance and grasped the wires in an endeavor to save himself.

Fifty Years a Minister.
NEW YORK, April 14.—Rev. Dr. William B. Decker, one of the fathers of the New York conference of the A. M. E. Zion church, has celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his ordination to the ministry. Many clergymen were present.

A NIGHT ATTACK.

Two Americans Killed—Rebels Capture Spanish Gunboats.

MANILA, April 14.—At about 4 o'clock yesterday morning a small body of rebels attacked the camp of the Third artillery from the swamp near Paonbon, a mile and a half west of Malolos.

Two privates were killed and a lieutenant and two others were wounded. With the coming of daylight the American forces scoured the district, driving the rebels northward and killing several of them.

A private soldier of the Montana regiment was wounded.

Francisco Reyes, the man who recently purchased the Spanish gunboats at Zamboanga, island of Mindanao, has received advices to the effect that the fleet sailed for Manila and returned a few days later with the vessels stripped of their guns and ammunition.

The purchaser's agents and native crews for the vessels, on board the American steamer Butuan, were conveyed to Zamboanga by the United States cruiser Boston and were instructed to wait for the arrival there of the United States gunboat Petrel. Instead of so doing, after the Boston sailed from Zamboanga the Spaniards transferred the gunboats to the agents of Senor Reyes, and the fleet left Zamboanga unescorted. They soon after returned and reported having been boarded by the rebels, who removed the gunboats' armaments.

If the instructions of the American naval commander had been obeyed, their capture would have been impossible.

Zamboanga is fortified and still garrisoned by Spaniards, and the affair is regarded as suspicious.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Union hatmakers struck at Newburg, N. Y.

Vice President Hobart was reported better.

Prairie fires are doing much damage in Nebraska.

The cruiser Raleigh sailed from Bermuda for New York.

Jockey Tod Sloane rode five winners at the Newmarket races.

The Boston museum was damaged by fire to the extent of \$75,000.

The north Atlantic squadron sailed from Port of Spain for Barbados.

In New York city a house was set on fire by the sun's rays focused through an electric light bulb.

Boston is undergoing a smallpox scare, and fears are entertained that the disease will become epidemic.

Artist Sargent Not Dead.

LONDON, April 14.—The Press association of this city yesterday announced in unmistakable terms the death of Mr. John Singer Sargent, the American artist, and all the afternoon newspapers here printed the announcement. Some of them contained lengthy and appreciative reviews of Mr. Sargent's career. The statement, naturally, was cable to the United States. Investigation, however, showed the report to be untrue. Mr. Sargent is alive and enjoying good health.

General Strike Threatened.

BRIDGETON, N. J., April 14.—The window glass workers met yesterday and voted to quit work unless the hollow ware manufacturers recognize the union or stop trying to run their works with nonunion labor. A committee was appointed to call on the manufacturers today and notify them of the action of the meeting. The Cumberland, the Cohansey and the More-Jonas corporations have window glass works, and a general strike would throw 800 men and boys out.

New Yorkers Buy Nova Scotia Mine.

HALIFAX, April 14.—The Tunnel, or "Barrel," lode mine at Waverly, with other property adjacent, has been sold to a syndicate of New York capitalists represented by D. C. Hood. The mine is of embraces over 200 acres, and there are besides several thousand acres of land, a hotel and other buildings and extensive water power rights at Fablever and Fletcher's Lock.

Renne's Killing Magic Oil,

the most wonderful medicine to-day, positively curing Colds, Sore Throat, Rheumatism and all pain. Wholly free from oily taste, pleasant to use either as an internal or external remedy. Get a trial bottle and satisfy yourself of the great curative powers of

RENNE'S MAGIC OIL



For Sick Headache, Biliousness and that miserable feeling, use **Dr. Herrick's Liver Pills** the old reliable and sure cure.

HELP FOR BRONCHITIS

That is almost instantaneous, and nearly always permanent. To overcome the cough, soreness, inflammation and purulent discharges that accompany this affliction, take

PANCIER'S PETROLEUM EMULSION With Hypophosphites.

It invariably relieves the cough. It counteracts and expels the poisonous secretions that are the cause of the trouble, and fortifies the system against its recurrence.

If you are interested in our Emulsion, send us your name and address and we will mail you free a copy of our book entitled "Building a New Body."

Sold by all druggists, etc. and by the Angier Chemical Co., Allston District, Boston.

Allcock's POROUS PLASTERS

Why are Allcock's the best plasters? Because they make the cures where all others fail. Why do they make the cures? Because they contain the right materials. Compare their fine aromatic odor with the nasty smell of all other plasters. Your sense of smell will tell you which is the best. Did you know that Allcock's have a greater sale than all the other kinds put together? Did you know that all makes and brands of so-called porous plasters are in imitation of Allcock's? But they imitate in appearance only. Don't waste your money in buying the false. Get ALLCOCK'S, the standard plaster of the world.

SAFEGUARD OF THE NATION



U.S. ARMY & NAVY TABLETS

CHOCOLATE COATED

PACKED IN GELATINE CASE WILL NOT BREAK

SURE CURE FOR

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COMMENCEMENT '99.

Center High School Graduates Hold Exercises in the Congregational Church.

VINCIT QUI SE VINCIT.

The Church Crowded With the Friends of the Graduates.

The class of '99 of the Center High school held its commencement exercises in the First Congregational church last night. The chancel of the church was prettily decorated with roses of the class color, red and white, and palms. The motto, "Vincit qui se Vincit," "He Conquers Who Conquers Himself" was suspended above the red and white letters. The church began to fill at 7:30 o'clock and before 8 o'clock was crowded. An air of expectancy pervaded the church and as the time rolled by and the scholars did not appear, the audience became slightly impatient.

At 8:15 Rev. C. M. Selleck, Rev. Frank A. Scofield, Mrs. S. H. Huntington, Edmund E. Crowe, Principal C. A. Tucker and Prof. A. S. Gibson took their places upon the platform.

The exercises were begun by an organ prelude by Prof. A. S. Gibson and then four of the class, Miss Edith C. Huntington, Miss Harriet L. Keith, Harry G. Davis and Edward J. Miller, and Miss Barnum, the teacher, came forward and took the places that had previously been assigned them.

The young ladies were beautifully dressed in white swiss gowns and each had a red and a white rose fastened in her gown.

Rev. F. A. Scofield offered a prayer of thankfulness for the fine educational facilities with which we were blessed after which prayer, Principal C. A. Tucker explained that two of the class had been unavoidably delayed by an unforeseen obstacle and that the exercises would go on until their arrival.

The program then proceeded with a most excellent essay on the "Advancement in Juvenile Literature," by Miss Harriet L. Keith. She spoke of the first child's book, a single page, pasted on a board and covered with a thin sheet of horn to prevent soiling; how the literature for children gradually advanced until 1719, when the celebrated Robinson Crusoe by Daniel Defoe, the Swiss Family Robinson and Arabian Nights appeared. The books written since, renowned for their universal use among children in the nursery, Miss Keith said, were the fairy tales of Grimm and Anderson and Mother Goose rhymes.

The two belated graduates Miss Daisy Williams and Miss Emily Mott arrived at this time and Miss Williams read an essay on "Public Education in Cuba and Porto Rico." Miss Williams' essay was an interesting account of the bad condition of things in both places and the lack of good schools and the facilities for education. She also gave it as her opinion that it is the duty of this country to improve their condition. Following this essay an alto solo by Mrs. S. H. Huntington, "Happy Days," was well received.

Edward Miller then delivered an essay on "The Future of Central Africa." He told of the great field there was for development. He thought the Africans were not naturally lazy but did not have to work as nature supplied their wants. His essay was a concise treatise worth hearing and showing much study and thought on the part of its author. The next essay was one by Miss Emily E. Mott "Defense of Poetry." It was an able effort and well written.

Mr. E. E. Crowe followed with a tenor solo, "Time and Tide." Harry Davis delivered an essay on "Photography." He told of how photography was used as a science and also as an art.

Miss Edith C. Huntington's essay on "The Influence of Dreams" was most delightful and was a gem of good language and excellent composition. The young lady was well deserving of the applause it called forth.

Mrs. Huntington and Mr. Crowe closed the program with a duet, "The Land of Dreams."

C. A. Tucker made a very appropriate speech thanking the audience for its attendance and close attention.

Rev. C. M. Selleck read a charge to

the class in his usual eloquent language.

He exhorted them to do their duties and expend their best efforts for their advancement on the road of life, and said that every boy and girl in the town could be successful if he would only exert his energies to that end. He also complimented and extolled Principal Tucker on the fine class he had before him and then distributed the diplomas, after which he gave a benediction.

The last number was the organ "Lude "March Pontificale" by Prof. Gibson.

The pupils then received the congratulation of their friends and many beautiful flowers and other presents.

The ushers were George Woodward, Frederick Ells, George Comstock, Oliver S. Stanley, Seymour Curtis, Chester Selleck.

Dr. Nancy Guilford is Depressed, but Didn't Complain.

Sheriff Hawley has not announced the time at which he will take Dr. Nancy A. Guilford to the state prison, as he is desirous of avoiding the crowd of curious persons who would assemble at the railroad station to look at the prisoner if the time were known. Very probably he will make the trip to Wethersfield some time to-day.

Mrs. Guilford is bearing up well under the shock which very naturally resulted from the sudden ending of the trial and the passing of sentence upon her. She is much depressed, of course, but is making no complaint and is talking but little. Her former experiences have evidently stood in her good stead. Twice before she has been sentenced to penal confinement, but in neither instance was the penalty so severe.

The cases of Harry Oxley, who was charged as a principal in causing the death of Emma Gill, of Harry Guilford, Eudora Guilford and Rose Dayton, all of whom were indicted on the charge of murder in the second degree, will go over the May term of the court.

Juror George Gregory, whose illness with pneumonia served to bring about the ending of the Guilford trial, is improving. He is still very weak, however, and some time will elapse before he will regain his strength.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

End of Beef Court in Sight. WASHINGTON, April 13.—Generals Adna R. Chaffee and A. R. Arnold, Dr. Huidekoper and Captain Williams of the commissary department were before the Wade court of inquiry yesterday. General Chaffee said that while he considered the refrigerator beef supplied to the army at Santiago wholesome, the officers and men of his command refused generally to eat it. He attributed this largely to the fact that most of them were sick. Dr. Huidekoper said the canned beef was generally of poor quality. Captain Williams told of the condemnation of the beef on board the transport Panama. General Arnold's testimony dealt with the beef supplied at Jacksonville, which was, he said, generally wholesome. Members of the court express confidence of being able to conclude the taking of testimony by the early part of next week. There will not be much delay after that in the presentation of the report.

No G. A. R. Commander Chosen. PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—The executive committee of the national council of administration of the Grand Army of the Republic last night failed to elect a successor to the late James A. Sexton, commander in chief of the Grand Army. There was a deadlock on the names of Colonel W. C. Johnson of Cincinnati and General John C. Black of Illinois. Colonel Johnson will continue to act as acting commander in chief until the encampment here in September, when a commander will be chosen.

Molineux Indictment Dismissed. WATERTOWN, N. Y., April 13.—Justice Pardon C. Williams has handed down his decision in the motion made to dismiss the indictment against Roland B. Molineux, charged with sending poison to Harry Cornish which caused the death of Mrs. Adams. Justice Williams dismisses the indictment on the ground that other than legal evidence was received and considered by the grand jury and directing that the case be resubmitted to the grand jury now sitting or to the next grand jury that shall sit in New York.

Hospital Notes. For some months past little Freddie Fahey has been at the Norwalk hospital for treatment of a fracture of his right leg, caused by his falling from a window. Efforts to save the injured member proved fruitless, and yesterday it was amputated. The sufferer is doing as nicely as could be expected. There are at present three patients at the institution.

WILL TEST LAW.

Herman Malmo Will go to Supreme Court For a License.

COMMISSIONERS REFUSE.

Claim Law Authorizing Review of Their Decision is Unconstitutional.

With intent to test thoroughly the law providing for an appeal from decisions of the county commissioners in regard to the issue of liquor licenses, Canfield & Judson as attorneys for Herman E. Malmo of South Norwalk have secured a writ of mandamus ordering the commissioners to show cause why they should not issue a license to Malmo. The mandamus was signed by Judge Ralph Wheeler and under a reservation will come up before the supreme court of errors at the session which opens in Bridgeport next Tuesday. The agreement to bring it up so soon resulted in the abandonment of contempt proceedings which it had been proposed to bring against the commissioners.

Late last fall Malmo applied for a license to carry on the saloon business on Washington street in South Norwalk. The commissioner in December refused to give a license and he appealed from that decision to the superior court. The matter was fought out there during February and a decision was finally handed down sustaining Malmo and directing the commissioners to issue a license to him. This the commissioners refused to do, despite the order of the court.

Mr. Malmo held a consultation with his attorneys, Canfield & Judson, and it was decided to take aggressive measures to decide the legality of the statute under which the appeal from the decision of the commissioners to the superior court had been made. Accordingly the writ of mandamus was drawn up and at the same time papers in an attachment of the commissioners for contempt of court, were also prepared.

Armed with these Attorney Judson appeared before Judge Wheeler Tuesday afternoon and soon secured his signature to the writ of mandamus. But the contempt papers were not served. There was a consultation between Attorney Judson and Judge Carroll counsel for the county commissioners and it was agreed that the matter should come before the supreme court next Tuesday on reservation. This agreement was satisfactory to Judge Wheeler and the reservation was made. The contempt proceeding was then abandoned.

It is believed that a result of this proceeding will be to settle a long standing controversy. Ever since the law was passed allowing appeals from the decisions of the county commissioners there has been more or less friction. There have been no disputes that have been carried to the point reached by this one but a decision in the present suit will clear the air very considerably.

It is the contention of the commissioners that the statute permitting appeals is unconstitutional for the question on which it allows an appeal is not a judicial one. Then too the statute is alleged to be obscure in its meaning and the superior court is asserted not to be entitled to any jurisdiction over the county commissioners who are not its officers in any sense.

Then too the point is taken that even if the court has jurisdiction and decides that the commissioners erred in refusing a license, the court should not order the commissioners to issue a license against their own best judgment but the court should issue the license itself. Thus it can be seen that the matter possesses many interesting phases and a decision upon the suit will be of more than ordinary interest.

Hospital Notes. For some months past little Freddie Fahey has been at the Norwalk hospital for treatment of a fracture of his right leg, caused by his falling from a window. Efforts to save the injured member proved fruitless, and yesterday it was amputated. The sufferer is doing as nicely as could be expected. There are at present three patients at the institution.

—Advertise in THE GAZETTE.

BANK BOOKS COUNT.

Judge at Quay Trial Decides Them Admissible.

DISAPPOINTMENT FOR THE DEFENSE.

The "Red Book" Not Admitted—This Was Found in Cashier Hopkins' Desk After His Suicide and the Closing of the People's Bank.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—Senator Quay gained a partial advantage in court yesterday by the apparent refusal of Judge Biddle, for the present at least, to admit as evidence against him the famous "red book" which has figured so prominently in the trial and which is alleged to contain the key to the case of the commonwealth. This book was found in the desk of Cashier Hopkins of the People's bank after the institution had closed its doors and that individual had taken his own life. It is an ordinary daybook, about 12 inches long and 8 inches wide, with about 200 pages. Twelve pages are devoted to what the prosecution charges is Hopkins' record of his transactions in money deposited by the state treasurer for the advantage of Senator Quay. It contains entries extending over several years, and figures are written in it which apparently show the calculation of interest on sums of money approximating the state deposit, less certain deductions, for the benefit of Senator Quay. These figures, the prosecution alleges, were "posted" from the red book to the regular ledger of the bank containing Senator Quay's account. In passing upon the question of the admissibility of the red book Judge Biddle said:

"It does not strike me that knowledge of the book has been brought home to Senator Quay. It was not found among the books of the bank at all. It was found in a drawer not in the orderly shape in which books of a public institution are kept, but crowded in with a sort of rubbish, and an investigation of the book revealed these figures. I am not satisfied, therefore, that this book has been made competent evidence against Senator Quay."

This decision was part of an oral opinion by the judge in which he established the point that the regular books of the bank were admissible as testimony. District Attorney Rothermel quickly saw the disadvantage the latter part of the opinion placed him in, and he sprang to his feet to assure the court that he had not argued for the admission of the red book, had not formally offered it in evidence and might not find it necessary to make such offer. Judge Biddle replied that he had understood the argument of Tuesday and yesterday morning to be on the admission of all of the books and papers, but in view of Mr. Rothermel's statement he would withhold his decision on this book until it is regularly offered and the question argued. Counsel for Mr. Quay, seeing their advantage, insisted that they had included the red book in their argument against the admission of the books, but the judge dismissed the matter for the present.

The commonwealth contends that although the red book was kept by Cashier Hopkins in a separate compartment away from the eyes of the other employees it was necessarily a part of the bookkeeping system of the bank, and it will have to be admitted to corroborate and explain entries in Senator Quay's account in the ledger.

The lawyers for the defense were evidently disappointed at their failure to secure the exclusion of all of the books of the bank and thus practically destroy the case of the prosecution. It has been understood that Lawyer Watson's presence in the case was for the purpose of making the fight against the books. All of the evidence practically against Senator Quay is documentary in the shape of letters and book entries, and the attitude of his counsel has clearly indicated a purpose to fight to the bitter end against the introduction of such evidence.

Vice President Hobart Worse. WASHINGTON, April 13.—A change for the worse occurred in the condition of Vice President Hobart yesterday, and at midnight he had not improved. His physician and two nurses remained with him through the night. At 1 o'clock it was stated at the vice president's residence that he was somewhat better, and the house was shut up for the night, indicating that nothing serious was anticipated.

Will Be Buried Here. WASHINGTON, April 13.—The remains of the late Godfrey Bland, first secretary of the British embassy, will be interred in Washington, the burial taking place probably tomorrow. The only near relative of the deceased is his father, who is infirm and very old, so that it was determined not to send the remains to England.

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When you awake more tired than when you went to bed, with an unpleasant taste in the mouth, your tongue coated and dry, and having no appetite for breakfast, you are suffering from Dyspepsia. Numbers of people are suffering seriously from this complaint and its result, when one package of U. S. ARMY & NAVY TABLETS will bring about a prompt cure. A few doses will do more for a Weak or Sour Stomach than a prolonged course of any other medicine. Nothing can be used with so much certainty in obstinate cases of Constipation. These tablets are the outcome of years of study, and are compounded of the finest drugs only, purely vegetable, they do not gripe, produce no reaction. Take no substitute. 10 CENTS PER PACKAGE. If you cannot get them at your drug store, send 10 cts. for a package of 13 to the U. S. ARMY & NAVY TABLET CO., 17 EAST 14th St., New York.

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GOT THE GRIP?

The sudden Epidemic of Grip has startled the country. The doctors confess they have no sure Cure for it, and this is seen to be true in the sudden death of Garcia and Ex-Senator Brice and the alarming increase in the death rate.

Brazilian Balm.

No fatal disease of Grip was ever known where BRAZILIAN BALM was promptly used. It kills the germs, arrests the progress of the disease at once, and takes all the evil effects out of the system.

Colds, Grip, Influenza, Old Coughs, Asthma Catarrh, Pleurisy, Bronchitis IT IS A PERFECT REMEDY.

For Sale by EDWARD P. WEED, Wall Street.

CENTRALIZED INDUSTRY.

May Lead to the Transfer of Control to the Operator.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The industrial commission recently requested ex-Mayor Abram S. Hewitt of New York to appear before it and give his views on industrial questions. In a letter of response Mr. Hewitt says in part:

"I am an old man, practically retired from public affairs and striving to close up such private interests as still require attention. The condition of my health does not admit of absence from home."

Speaking of trusts, he says: "Corporations have continued to grow, and at the present moment they threaten to absorb the entire industrial business of the country which is capable of being administered by centralized management. This is precisely the direction which I anticipated and seems to me to be in accordance with the evolution which has taken place within the last half century and which may be in accordance with a natural law if there be natural laws involved in the progress of modern civilization. My own view is that when industry has been sufficiently centralized and the ownership widely diffused through the distribution of shares the workman will gradually acquire these shares and control the property which they represent."

"In fact, I cannot see any other outcome for the present movement toward the consolidation of industrial enterprises than the transfer of the control to those who are actually engaged in the work of operation. How far legislation can be made to promote this desirable end I am unable either to predict or suggest. As a general proposition I regard legislative interference with capital and labor as pernicious. Women and children may properly be protected from abuse, but I think individual interests are best safeguarded by compelling the parties concerned to settle their own differences and decide upon their own interests. The corporate movement, however, seems to me to be altogether advantageous to society."

Corrigan Calls on McKinley.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Archbishop Corrigan of New York reached Washington yesterday with ex-Postmaster General Thomas L. James and John R. Van Wormer of New York, and the three called on President McKinley at the White House, Archbishop Martelli at the apostolic delegation headquarters and on Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith.

Painter Killed by Live Wire.

NORWICH, Conn., April 14.—John Loomer, a painter, was killed by coming in contact with a live wire while working on a telegraph pole here shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The man was on the pole painting the cornice of a building, when he slipped and came in contact with the wire. He hung suspended in the air and had to be taken down.

President Sits For Portrait.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The president has given Mr. Charles Ayre Whipple of New York a sitting for a full length portrait of himself. The portrait is being painted in the private apartments of the White House. Mr. Whipple painted the portraits of ex-President Harrison, General Miles and Secretaries Sherman, Herbert, Tracy and Elkins.

An Iowa Town Burned.

FORT DODGE, Ia., April 14.—The town of Pomeroy has been almost destroyed, causing a loss of between \$75,000 and \$100,000; partially insured. The town was without any means of fighting fire, and the blaze burned all night, destroying the five leading business places. Pomeroy was destroyed by a cyclone in 1893 and 49 people killed.

Gladstone Chief Whip.

LONDON, April 14.—The Right Hon. Herbert John Gladstone, son of the late William E. Gladstone and member of parliament for the west division of Leeds, has accepted the position of chief whip of the Liberal opposition in succession to Thomas Edward Ellis, member of parliament for Merionethshire, who died April 5.

Barnes Remarries.

CLEVELAND, April 14.—John A. Barnes, the former husband of the wife of Frank A. Magowan, former mayor of Trenton, N. J., has been secretly married to Miss Anna Minch of this city. The wedding occurred at Warren, O., whether the couple went without letting their friends into the secret.

Russian Emigration Likely.

LONDON, April 14.—According to a dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from Berlin, there is likely to be a wholesale emigration of Russians from the Volga provinces, in eastern and southeastern European Russia, owing to the terrible famine which has long been afflicting that region.

New York Markets.

FLOUR—State and western gained strength and was held 5@10c. higher, with a moderate trade at the advance; winter patents, \$3.75@4; winter straights, \$3.50@3.65; Minnesota patents, \$3.90@4.15; winter extras, \$2.60@3.

WHEAT—No. 2 red strong and active on continued unfavorable crop news, outside buying and bullish cables; May, 77½@78½c.; July, 75 15-16@77 11-16c.

RYE—Firm; state, 61c.; No. 2 western, 65½@66c., f. o. b., aloft.

CORN—No. 2 stronger on cables and further shipping demand; May, 40¼c.; July, 40½@40¾c.

OATS—No. 2 dull; track, white, state, 35@38¼c.; track, white, western, 35@38¼c.

PORK—Easy; mess, \$9@9.50; family, \$10.50@11.

RUSSIAN AGGRESSION.

Young Finlanders Leave Because of the Emperor's Decree.

HULL, England, April 14.—There is a great rush of young Finlanders for the United States to avoid the recent decree of Emperor Nicholas regarding Finland, which provides for an increase of the Russian military and naval forces and the extension of construction. The steamer Arcturus landed 315 men here yesterday from Hango, 202 arrived a few days ago, and all report that many more are coming as soon as possible.

All the attempts of the Finns to check the recent Russian aggression in Finland have proved futile. General Bobrikoff, the new governor general, has compelled the Finnish senate to send orders to all ministers throughout Finland forbidding them even to criticize the imperial ukase. He has himself supplemented the ukase, which makes the Russian language obligatory in the University of Helsingfors and in the schools of the provinces, with an order introducing Russian coinage and directing that all old Finnish coins shall be returned to the mint and removed from circulation. The Swedish professors at the university have been replaced by Russians.

Throughout Scandinavia, which is warmly sympathetic with Finland, this attitude of Russia has provoked a feeling of intense indignation, and the Swedish press calls upon the government to abstain from taking part in the disarmament conference, which meets next month at The Hague, a congress which they stigmatize as hypocritical in the face of decrees which contemplate an increase of armament and would attain it by destroying all hope of perpetuating the Finnish nationality, which the czars are under the most solemn pledges to maintain.

Two Opinions of Canned Beef.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Dr. W. D. Bigelow, chemist of the agricultural department, told the Wade court of inquiry yesterday that the canned corned beef was a wholesome and nutritious product—even more nutritious than fresh beef, because of the preponderance of proteids. He also gave the details of his general investigation into the canned beef supply, showing the meat to be a generally satisfactory ration. Professor Mallet, professor of chemistry at the University of Virginia, presented a contrary view. He expressed the opinion that a chemical analysis was not a sufficient test of the character of a food product, saying that various conditions necessarily must be considered. He did not regard the canned roast beef a desirable ration. Rudolph K. Spicer, an undertaker of Harrisburg, said he had discovered crystalline salts on the refrigerator beef in Porto Rico, which reminded him of powders used in embalming.

Tammany's Big Dinner.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Tammany Hall's feast in honor of Thomas Jefferson, the apostle of Democracy, took place last night in the Metropolitan Opera House, under the auspices of the Democratic club. It was a feast of flowers, of good cheer, and Tammany men congratulated the organization on the successful issue of what was undoubtedly the most stupendous effort of the kind ever attempted in this city. The gathering was a success from a numerical point of view, the food was excellent, the service was beyond the fondest expectations of the planners of the feast and the speeches were of the kind that Tammany Hall men like to hear. Judge Van Wyck was the principal speaker of the evening.

A Coal Mine Caves In.

NANTICOKE, Pa., April 14.—A serious cave in occurred near No. 7 breaker in the Millman vein, No. 2 slope of the Susquehanna Coal company, on the western side of the borough, yesterday. The opening is about 500 feet in length and 200 feet wide and is rapidly extending. Forge creek, which was directly over the cave, is now pouring into the opening. The slope is an old one, and no one was working in it at the time. As it connects with all the other mines the water may do considerable damage before a channel can be dug around it.

Trusts Ruin the Town.

ALTOONA, Pa., April 14.—A month ago A. R. Whitney & Co. sold out their wire mill at Duncansville to the Wire Trust, and the works were closed down. One hundred hands were obliged to move away. It is now announced that A. R. Whitney & Co. have sold their cotton tie and hat iron mill at the same place to the Cotton Tie trust. One hundred more hands will be thrown out of work and Duncansville left without any industrial support.

King and Queen on Foot.

CAGLIARI, Sardinia, April 14.—King Humbert and Queen Margherita, whose visit to Sardinia this week is developing many interesting and not a few significant features, went on foot yesterday morning to hold a review of the garrison. Their majesties stood throughout at the saluting point in a soaking rain and then returned on foot to the palace. Going and coming they were greeted with enthusiastic cheers from the populace.

Decrease of Exports.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The monthly statement of exports of domestic products of the United States issued by the bureau of statistics shows that during March the total was \$53,365,427, a decrease of \$18,144,000 as compared with March, 1898. For the nine months of the present fiscal year the exports of these articles amounted to \$574,725,291 against \$612,296,104 for the same period in 1898.

Judgment Against the Dolges.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Judgment for \$110,647 has been entered in the county clerk's office against Alfred and Rudolf Dolge, felt manufacturers of Dolgeville, N. Y., who failed in 1898, in favor of John K. Kreis, Henry Merz and Henry Freygan, as executors of Gustav Freygan, on a balance due on stock transactions and for money advanced between September, 1896, and April 2, 1898.

Charles Dudley Warner Worse.

NEW ORLEANS, April 14.—Charles Dudley Warner, who is lying dangerously ill in this city with pneumonia, is worse. Mr. Hart of the Hartford Courant and his wife, who were telegraphed for, reached here yesterday, but the doctors would not allow either of them to see Mr. Warner.

GOMEZ AT THE HEAD

Will Represent the Army in All Negotiations.

CUBAN ARMY ROLLS DELIVERED

A Conference Held With General Brooke—Officers as Well as Men Will Share in the \$3,000,000 Mortgage Question Vital.

HAVANA, April 14.—The Cuban generals yesterday waited upon General Maximo Gomez officially and informed him that they desired him to represent the army in any negotiations with the United States military authorities in Cuba. General Gomez accepted the trust, after which all waited upon Governor General Brooke to discuss with him the details of disarmament and payment.

General Gomez in his response said: "Since by the dissolution of the military assembly the Cuban army has been without a representative in a position to serve its interests and the general interests of Cuba as connected with those of the army, I gladly accept the post you offer for the purposes specified, but I insist upon a council of generals to advise and assist me and that these generals shall receive the arms of the soldiers and hold them as trophies and souvenirs of the last glorious Cuban struggle for liberty."

"As soon as this work is completed I desire full liberty to withdraw to a foreign country or to any part of Cuba, there to spend the remainder of my days. We must recognize that the only power today in Cuba is the power of those who have intervened, and, therefore, for the present thoughts of a Cuban independent government can be no more than dreams."

General Gomez also proposed that after the work of disbanding was completed the council of generals should be continued under the presidency of General Bartolome Maso, as the head and front of Cuban interests, a provisional Cuban government assisting in promoting Cuban welfare under the control of the Americans. In his opinion the Cuban officers as well as the men of the rank and file should receive a share of the \$3,000,000, especially as many of these, he said, were today in extreme want. His suggestion was that such officers as did not need the money allotted them might turn it back to the account of the soldiers.

On the suggestion of Gomez that they should all visit General Brooke, communicate to him their resolutions and talk the matter over in his presence, each one freely expressing his opinion, the generals repaired to the Hotel Trocha, where the governor general received them cordially. The conference lasted two hours. With regard to the payment of Cuban officers the fact was developed that the American authorities had already decided to make them a payment after the soldiers had been settled with. The preparatory details will probably be agreed upon today.

The land owning and banking interests are keenly anxious as to what Washington will decide in the matter of the mortgage extensions. The debtors, who probably owe from \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000, predict a general as well as a personal ruin if the mortgages are enforced. The creditors, on the other hand, insist upon their contract rights and assert that it will be impossible for the island to contract further loans for its restoration unless existing debts are collectible. The question is considered vital by all.

The original rolls of the Cuban army were delivered to Governor General Brooke at 8 o'clock last evening.

President Schurman Heard From.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—President McKinley has received a dispatch from Dr. Schurman, president of the Philippine commission, now at Manila. The message says that the proclamation recently issued has done great good and that Filipinos are visiting the commissioners every day to express their satisfaction and their desire to become citizens of this country. The message also stated that Filipinos coming into Manila declare that Aguinaldo's government is tyrannical and that many natives are deserting from his standards each day.

New Greek Cabinet.

ATHENS, April 14.—M. Theotokis, who was entrusted by King George with the formation of a cabinet to succeed that of M. Zaimis, which resigned on April 3 owing to a declaration by a committee of the boule that the election of M. Zaimis was invalid because of bribery and intimidation, has announced to his majesty the construction of a cabinet in which M. Theotokis, as president of the council, takes the portfolio of the interior and M. Athos Romanos that of foreign affairs.

Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed: Connecticut—Ballouville, Walter E. Frissell, Massachusetts—East Lee, Byron L. Devarenes; Lancaster, George T. Bailey; South West-Creek Locks, Egbert Mack; Glencairn, Elias Seales; Ulster Heights, Augustus D. Rode. Pennsylvania—Hill, W. S. McConnell; Sondersburg, H. D. Kreider.

Negro Soldiers Commissioned.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The president has directed the appointment of William H. Robinson as first lieutenant and Joseph F. Jones as second lieutenant in the Ninth United States volunteer infantry (colored immunes), now in Cuba. These men are negroes and are promoted in recognition of their merit and efficiency.

Wheeler Wants Fighting.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—General Joseph Wheeler was at the White House yesterday. He said that he desires active duty in the Philippines and if not assigned to active duty will resign. He expects to resign before the fifty-sixth congress meets to take his seat in the house of representatives.

Alonso Fled to Chile.

LONDON, April 14.—The Lima correspondent of The Times confirms the report that President Alonso of Bolivia fled to Chile after the defeat of his forces near Oruro at the hands of General Pando, commanding the Federalists, or insurgents.



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Finest brands for medicinal use.

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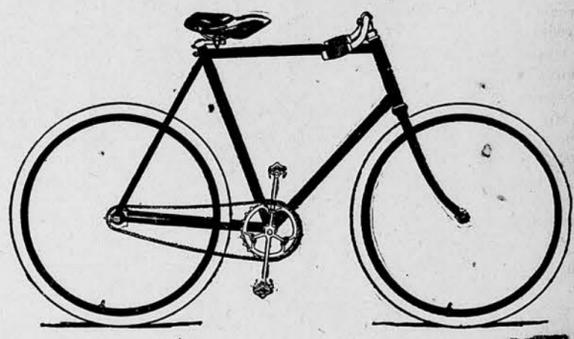
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ATTENTION FIREMEN!

A Word

FROM
Chief Prowitt!



A RAMBLER FOR YOU!

To the Members of the Norwalk, South Norwalk and East Norwalk Fire Departments:

The year '98 was a great year for bicycles. I sold more wheels during that year than ever before, but I desire to make the year '99 a record breaker, and in order to do it I want your assistance in booming the **Rambler Wheel**; to spread its name and fame into every nook and corner of our town.

To obtain your help I propose to give away **Absolutely Free**, to the most popular member of either the Norwalk, South Norwalk or East Norwalk Fire Departments a celebrated **High Grade '99 Rambler Wheel**, the fleetest, the handsomest, the most graceful, the most durable and most reliable wheel built, up to date.

The popularity will be decided by ballot, and in order to vote for candidates the name of the member to be voted for together with the name of the fire company of which he is a member must be written on the coupon below and deposited in the ballot box at my store No. 45 Main street, Norwalk.

Ballots for members of the South Norwalk department can be deposited in the ballot box at the store of Whelpley & Clark in the Lauder building.

Ballots for members of the East Norwalk department can be deposited in the ballot box in Haffner's Cigar and News store at the east end of the Washington street bridge.

The contest is open to every member of the several fire departments, including members of the Fire Police.
All ballots must be deposited by 7 o'clock sharp, on the evening of May 29th, and the name of the winner will be announced on May 31st.

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THE GAZETTE covers the cream of the trade in this section. An advertisement in its columns will pay.

Local News.

Miss May D. Smith, of Haviland street, is visiting in Bethel.

Mrs. Norman Merritt has returned from a visit in Middletown.

Rev. Garrett Haulenbeck preached in Darien Methodist church Sunday.

Mrs. A. H. Camp is in New Haven visiting her daughter, Mrs. Redgate.

Mrs. J. T. Bean of Monroe street has gone to New Jersey to spend a few days.

Mrs. Sarah Cleveland of Franklin street, has returned from a visit in New Haven.

Trinity church society will hold a calendar party on Tuesday evening, April 25.

Mrs. William Hanna, of Winnipauk, has been entertaining Mrs. M. Flood, of New York.

Homer Jones of New York, was a guest of Levi Jones of East avenue over Sunday.

Mrs. W. S. Sturtevant of Elmwood avenue, has returned from a visit in Brooklyn.

Mrs. Frank Hoffman and family, of South Norwalk, have gone to Danbury to spend two weeks.

Mrs. John Tryon, of Riverside avenue, East Norwalk, is slowly recovering from a severe illness.

Mrs. A. S. Kavanagh and daughter, Olivia, will leave for their new home in Brooklyn on Saturday next.

Fred Brady of Fort Wadsworth, spent Sunday the guest of his cousin Arthur D. Ferris of Riverside avenue.

William Mellor and son of Meriden, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Miller of Winnipauk, over Sunday.

Mrs. Edmund Zeluff and daughter, Anna, of Chestnut street, South Norwalk, are visiting in Newark, N. J.

Miss Gussie Jackson of East Norwalk, has been spending a week in Long Ridge.

Charles M. Betts of Main street, spent Sunday visiting his brother N. P. Betts of New York.

Mrs. Frederick A. Keyser of West Norwalk, is visiting relatives in Hackensack, N. J.

Miss Elizabeth Hurlbutt of Main street, who has been ill for some time slightly improved.

Judson Vale of Brooklyn, spent Sunday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Dale Vale of Elm street.

George Collard, of Banksville, N. Y., is visiting his sister, Mrs. E. Osterlins on Main street.

Erving Finch of Providence, R. I., spent Sunday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. William A. Finch of Van Zandt avenue.

The semi-annual session of the Grand Jurisdiction, S. of T., will convene at Hartford in G. A. R. hall, April 27, at 8 a. m.

Patrick Joseph Cahill, of Norwalk, and Miss Sadie Reed, of Danbury, will be married in Norwalk on Wednesday evening, April 19.

Miss Nellie Weeks, who has been visiting Miss Anna Brockway, of South Main street, has returned to her home in Bloomburg, Pa.

Miss Catherine Thomas, of South Norwalk, has returned home after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Littlesey, in Danbury.

Thomas Duffy, of Norwalk, formerly of this city, is visiting his son, John M. Duffy, the druggist at 56 River street, a few days.—Danbury News.

An application for an order of sale of property of the late Susan Anderson of New Canaan will be heard before the Probate office on April 17th, 10 p. m.

The South Norwalk Methodist parsonage is being renovated and put in condition for the occupancy of it by the new minister, Rev. Dr. Montgomery and family.

Edward H. Knapp, son of James H. Knapp, of South Norwalk, will deliver a course of lectures in the Yale Law school on "Connecticut Practice," beginning next Monday night.

Miss Florence Haviland of Livingstone place has secured a position as a teacher of the Grace M. E. church in Westport, of which Rev. H. E. Burnes is pastor, for the year commencing 1st.

The engagement of Miss Israella Hayden, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Worden, of Orchard street, and Robert Olmstead, of Hartford, is announced. The wedding will take place in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. T. I. Raymond entered the Rev. W. H. Thomas at their home on West street, over Sunday.

Thomas preached in the First Methodist church at the morning and evening services.

Grace church, Sunday morning, J. McClure Bellows reported that Easter offering amounted to \$750 the regular offerings and \$150 from private sources—also, that the carpet was paid for and would shortly be laid.

Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Donaldson, of 14th Main street, have been entertaining a bride and groom, Mr. and Mrs. Bennett, of Johnstown, N. Y., the bride being a cousin of Mrs. Donaldson. Mr. Bennett is connected with Johnstown Republican.

KNOW THE GAME.

Two Strangers Who Were Acquainted With the Mysteries of Poker.

CAPTURED A BOODLE.

Faced Judge Gregory and After Returning the Money Were Allowed to Leave.

Edward Anderson and Fred Goodwin, two strangers, arrived in town Tuesday and representing themselves as drummers soon made the acquaintance of several local young men.

A game of poker was suggested and soon the party was engaged in the mysteries of that fascinating money vanisher. The strangers were first class players and it was not long before they had scooped in \$85 from "Mit" Northrop, one of the local parties.

A short time after the cleaning out process "Mit" was given the "tip" that he had been "done up" by a pair of sharpers.

Upon receiving the information "Mit" secured the services of Captain Dann, and together they visited the Norwalk Hotel in search of the strangers. They were found in the bar room enjoying a glass of Landlord Hamilton's refreshing lager, but as soon as the Captain and "Mit" appeared Goodwin ran out the door and down Isaacs street closely followed by Northrop who soon overtook him and brought him back.

In the meantime Anderson had made an indignant denial of the accusation that he was a card sharper, but he was arrested and the two lodged in the cells at police headquarters.

The men were searched and several packs of cards and \$28 was all that could be found.

Later, however, it was learned that Anderson in throwing his coat over the bar had thrown some \$30 with it, which was found and turned over to Captain Dann.

This morning Anderson and Goodwin together with Northrop, who had also been arrested on the charge of card playing, were brought before Judge Gregory and pleaded guilty and were fined \$5.

Upon returning the money found, the strangers obviated a civil suit on the part of Northrop and were allowed to leave town.

Surprise Party.

A surprise party was given to Mr. Linguist, of 21 Wood street Monday night. Those present were Mary Kuslik, Lizzie Kuslik, Lody Amber, Mrs. Anderson, Bessie Hershfield, Emma Donnelly, Mrs. Ireland, Katie Ireland, Pauline Anderson, Mrs. Kelly, Mrs. Lindquist, George Williams, Willie Courist, Benjamin Murphy, Arthur Bussill, Albert Boutin, Lester Hunt, Joseph Manning, Fred Curtis, Charlie Williams, John J. Foster, John Reynolds, Harrie Mazy, Tony Disese, John Hempany. Refreshments were served at 2 o'clock and there was dancing until the party broke up at 4 o'clock.

Teachers' Association Meets.

At the meeting of the South Norwalk Teachers' Association in the Franklin street Kindergarten Tuesday night, an interesting program had been prepared which consisted of piano selections by Miss May Kelley and solos by John Whele, Mrs. F. W. Norris read several selections from Charles Dickens' works. Mrs. Norris is a great lover of Dickens' writings and numbers the great author's family among her friends having known the family in England. The meeting was largely attended and proved interesting as well as instructive.

Y. M. C. A.

At the meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association in the rooms, Monday night, arrangements were made by Harry Pepper for the entertainment to be given some time in June for the benefit of the association. One of the features will be a male chorus of one hundred voices. The first rehearsal will be held on Monday, April 24th, in the rooms. There will also be a farce, a male quartet, gymnasium exhibition, and many other novel features.

Miss Lola S. Meeker, Miss Eleanor Hoyt and Miss Laura Pollard of the New Britain Normal school are spending a few days vacation at their homes in town.

Rev. Herbert E. Brown preached two splendid sermons in the Congregational church, Sunday, and they were listened to with interest by those assembled.

SHE PLEAD GUILTY.

The State Accepts Dr. Nancy Guilford's Suggestion.

PRISON FOR 10 YEARS.

Juror Gregory's Illness Brings the Celebrated Case to a Sudden Close.

The state has accepted a plea of manslaughter from Dr. Nancy A. Guilford and the famous case which has interested two continents is at an end.

Previous to the opening of the court Tuesday morning State's Attorney Samuel Fessenden and Judge George W. Wheeler had been in conference. The judge had also had a long talk with Dr. C. Lincoln Banks.

From the doctor the court learned that Juror George Gregory would not be able to again appear in court until some time in May.

This would mean that the jury would have to be excused for at least four weeks and in the opinion of the court this was altogether too long a time for them to retain the evidence and give it proper consideration.

It was then that the state decided to consider a suggestion which was the willingness of the defendant to plead guilty to manslaughter.

After a long consultation with the court it was decided that this plea would be accepted.

State's Attorney Samuel Fessenden arose and said:

"Your honor, in the case of the state against Guilford, I have decided to accept with your honor's approval, a plea of guilty of manslaughter. I do this after a full consideration of the case and a full recognition of the trouble and expense to which the case has been put."

Judge Wheeler said in reply: "I do approve of the course of the state's attorney in accepting this plea and in doing so I wish to take this opportunity to give a few reasons for so doing."

Judge Wheeler then said that in many of the states the law made the offense charged against Dr. Guilford manslaughter, but in this state it was murder in the second degree. However, juries were at liberty to change the verdict and find for a lower degree of crime. Other juries had done so and it was possible that this one might. Then if another trial was ordered it would seriously disarrange the affairs of the courts and also put the state to greater expense.

In conclusion Judge Wheeler said: "The court should always give due consideration to the opinion of the state's attorney for he is always familiar with all the facts connected with any case. And in this instance even more weight should be given because the court was aware of the marked ability in which the state's case had been conducted and with the zeal shown for the public service."

When the court had finished Mrs. Guilford was told to stand up. Clerk Shelton said to her:

"To the indictment which has been read are you willing to change your plea?"

After a slight hesitation Mrs. Guilford said: "I am guilty of manslaughter."

She was asked by Judge Wheeler whether she had anything to say and she made no reply. Judge DeForest said a few words in her behalf and pleaded for leniency.

In passing sentence Judge Wheeler said that with the evidence before the court there was no question that the state had made out that a criminal operation had been performed.

In view of all the circumstances Judge Wheeler said he would impose a sentence of ten years in the state prison with a fine of \$1 and costs.

Mrs. Guilford was given the maximum prison penalty while the fine was made the lightest possible. The statute permits of a sentence of ten years in the state prison, or a fine of \$1,000, or both.

Dr. Guilford bore up very well under the sentence. She gave one long sigh when her counsel was pleading for her, but after that she showed no emotion.

And so ends the great case of the State against Guilford.

George W. Selleck, Stephen H. Holmes and Miss Mary Selleck attended the Methodist conference at Mt. Vernon, Monday.

NEW MINISTERS.

Norwalk Assigned Through New York East Conference.

REV. BEILER COMES HERE.

Rev. J. J. Foust to East Avenue and Rev. James Montgomery to South Norwalk.

The last session of the New York East Conference closed in Mount Vernon, N. Y., last evening.

At the evening session the following appointments for the New York District were announced.

Presiding Elder, Joseph Pullman; Bethel, B. M. Adams; Bridgeport, First Church, H. E. Burnes; Grace, M. O. Lepley; Newfield, Samuel Guernsey; North Main, L. M. Lounsbury; Summerfield, C. E. Carpenter; Washington Park, N. G. Cheney; Cannon and South Wilton, John Brien; Danbury, W. W. Bowdish; Easton, E. J. Curtis; Georgetown, R. J. Beach; Greenwich, W. W. Gillies; Litchfield, F. M. Moody; Mamaroneck, S. F. Upham; Mianus, W. C. Wilson; Mount Vernon, Chester Hill; Royal W. Raymond; First Church, George C. Leck; North Church, Robert Crook; New Canaan, B. C. Pillsbury; New Milford, R. D. Putney; New Rochelle, First Church, to be supplied; St. John's, Arthur H. Goodenough; Newton Circuit, F. H. Sawyer; New York City, Allen Street Memorial, B. F. Saxton; Beekman Hill, D. W. Couch; City Island, A. C. Bowdish; Cornell Memorial, C. P. Tinker; Eleventh Street, E. L. Fox; Forsyth Street, F. J. Shackleton; Grace, J. J. Moffitt; Italian Mission, F. A. Tagliatela; John Street, W. C. Blakeman; Olin, H. F. Kasiendeck; Prospect Avenue, Nathan Hubbell; Second Street, A. C. Moorhouse; Seventeenth Street, J. H. Fairchild; Seventh Street, E. G. Richardson; Sixty-first Street, E. A. Dent; Thirty-seventh Street, E. C. Hoag; Westchester and West Farms, to be supplied; Willett Street, W. C. Steele; Willis Avenue, W. B. Barton; Nichols, G. W. Servis; Norwalk, East Avenue, J. J. Foust; Norwalk, S. L. Beiler; Rowayton, H. Ewing; South Norwalk, James Montgomery; Portchester, King Street, B. T. Abbott; Summerfield, W. T. Pray; Redding, E. A. Burns; Ridgefield, G. C. Boswell; Rye, Nelson Edwards; Saugatuck, W. H. F. Fleming; Southport, F. P. Tower; Stamford, W. F. Crowder; Stepney, J. S. Rollins; Stratford, W. E. Jeffries; Westport, L. W. Holmes.

Rev. F. A. Scofield of the Norwalk M. E. church is assigned to the Eighteenth Street church, Brooklyn; Rev. A. S. Kavanagh of the South Norwalk M. E. church goes to the New York Avenue church, Brooklyn, and Rev. A. J. Smith of the East avenue M. E. church goes to Shelton, Conn.

Vesper Service.

The following is the program rendered at the Vesper service in the South Norwalk Congregational church Sunday.

Ten minutes of Song, led by Fred J. Force.

Opening Hymn—Coronation. Perronet-Holdon.

Anthem—O Taste and See Sullivan. Prayer.

Bass Solo—O God, Have Mercy, from St. Paul.

Frank Comstock.

Responsive Reading, led by Marshall H. Tolles.

Soprano Solo—Just for To-day, Abbott, Miss Lucy M. Marks.

Organ Offertory—Serenade Widor, Harry J. Zehm.

Hymn—A Soldier of the Cross Sankey. Address—No Cross, No Crown, by the pastor.

Bass Solo—Hark, Hark, My Soul, Marston.

Closing Hymn—In the Cross of Christ, Conkey, Rink.

Postlude, in C Mr. Zehm.

The Socialistic Labor party met last evening.

James E. Ells returned on Saturday from a winter sojourn in Starke, Florida.

Frank Spaulding has returned to Wilmington, Del., where he teaches in a private school.

E. C. Benedict, of Greenwich, celebrated on Monday the fiftieth anniversary of his entrance into Wall street.

Frederick T. Betts captured honors at a meeting of the Domino club, Monday night.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of The King's Daughter's Circles of the First Congregational Church.

MRS. HILL PRESIDES.

The Reports Show Large Sums of Money in Treasuries and Good Work Done.

The Central Union of Kings' Daughters of the First Congregational church held its ninth annual meeting in the chapel on Saturday afternoon.

The meeting was held in conjunction with that of the Ladies Benevolent Association.

The president of the Union, Mrs. T. K. Noble being absent and also the vice-presidents, Mrs. Arthur B. Hill acted as presiding officer.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and the following reports were read and accepted:

Ladies Benevolent Association, read by Mrs. Josiah Gregory; Golden Rule, Miss Carrie Seymour; Doorkeeper's Circle, Miss Helen Curtis; Visiting committee of L. B. A. Mrs. Julia Wilson; Ministering Circle, Read by Mrs. Hunter; Kind Words Circle, Miss Lillian Gude.

The reports read were all highly satisfactory and showed goodly sums of money in the several treasuries of the circles. The reports were also creditable for showing the amount of good work done which was the result of the untiring efforts of the King's Daughters.

Philip Haugh, of Newtown, is Not of Jury Age.

In the superior court, before Judge George W. Wheeler, Tuesday morning Attorney John C. Chamberlain moved that the sentence of death in accordance with which Frederick Max Brockhaus would be hanged on Sept. 6, for the murder of David S. R. Lambert of Wilton in 1897, be set aside and a new trial ordered. He made the motion on the ground that Philip Haugh of Newtown, one of the jurors who sat on Brockhaus's case and rendered the verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree, is not yet 25 years of age.

Mr. Chamberlain said that he had heard rumors of the youth of the jurymen, and that he caused an investigation to be made which established the fact that he will not be 25 years old until next autumn.

The statutes of the state, as amended by the 1895 session of the general assembly, require that a jurymen shall be an elector, at least 25 years old and of good repute for sound judgment and integrity in the community in which he resides.

State's Attorney Fessenden asked Mr. Chamberlain if he did not know at the time of the trial how the statute read. "I did not," said Mr. Chamberlain.

The statute, before it was amended, required only that a jurymen should be an elector and a man of good repute and of sound judgment and integrity.

Mr. Haugh, the jurymen whose age is in question, is a young farmer. He is rugged faced and weather beaten, and would easily pass for 27 or 28 years of age.

At the request of Mr. Fessenden, the case went over until April 24, for further discussion.

The Monday Afternoon Whist club will meet with Mrs. L. N. Phinney, West avenue, next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Yarnell of Boston were guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Newkirk over Sunday.

George F. Butterworth and family of New York are expected in town this week to spend the summer months.

Miss May and Elsie Wicke of East Norwalk and August G. Wicke, of Westport, spent Tuesday in New York.

Thomas P. O'Brien left Norwalk this morning for Pueblo, Col., where he has gone for the benefit of his health.

Andrew Stevens wishes it authoritatively published that he was married to Miss Kate McCarthy in St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York, on Tuesday, April 4th, by Rev. Father Newey.

New York dogs won nearly half the prizes at Boston's dog show. This shows that Boston is capable of recognizing merit wherever it comes from.—Norwich Bulletin.

REFUSE A LICENSE.

County Commissioners in Conflict With Court Over Malmo Case.

DECISION REVOKED.

Nevertheless the County Commissioners Refuse to Recognize the Court's Decision.

The Fairfield County commissioners are at a variance with the superior court over the granting of a liquor license, and the case is to be taken to the supreme court of errors for a decision.

The applicant in the case is Herman E. Malmo of South Norwalk. The commissioners refused to grant him a license, and Judge Elmer of the Superior court has revoked their decision. Malmo is without a license, however, because the commissioners refuse to give him one.

Malmo applied for a license for a saloon on the Washington street bridge. There is one saloon in the vicinity now, but this board of commissioners and that preceding it have refused to grant any more. When Malmo applied there was a remonstrance from prominent property owners and the commissioners decided that the place was unsuitable for liquor business.

Malmo is represented by Attorney Stiles Judson, Jr., who took an appeal to the superior court. The remonstrants failed to appear in the Superior court, and Judge Wheeler after hearing the evidence for the application issued an order revoking the decision of the commissioners.

Since then the County commissioners have refused to issue the license and will make a test case of it. Attorney Judson will probably mandamus the commissioners and the question will then be taken to the Supreme court for an opinion.

The law passed in 1893 provides that any person aggrieved by the decision of the County commissioners refusing to grant him a license to sell spirituous and intoxicating liquors, or in revoking any such license already granted to him, may appeal from such decision to the Superior court. There is nothing in this section compelling the commissioners to grant a license upon the finding of the court.

In section 2 of the same act there is a provision that any taxpayer may appeal to the Superior court from the decision of the County commissioners in granting a license to sell liquors or in refusing to revoke a license already granted, and then adds:

"Such appeal shall not vacate a license already granted; provided that if the superior court shall on hearing refuse to confirm the granting of such license, the same shall thereupon be vacated and the proportion of license money paid by the appellant for the unexpired term for which such license was originally granted shall be returned to him."

The commissioners refuse to issue the license now upon the ground that there is nothing in the law compelling them to grant a license after the superior court has revoked their decision.

The supreme court will be asked to say whether the power of granting a license rests in the superior court or whether it is vested with authority under the law to order the commissioners to grant a license.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Temporary Aberration Causes Charles Whitford of Ridgefield to Attempt to Take His Life.

Charles Whitford of Titicus District, of Ridgefield, attempted to commit suicide Sunday by shooting himself. The bullet entered his left side below the heart and at latest reports had not caused his death. Whitford has been in poor health for sometime and at the time of his attempt to take his life was probably laboring under temporary aberration. He was attended by Dr. B. A. Bryon.

George S. Miller, of Ridgefield, formerly of South Norwalk, has been appointed to arrange for the giving of a farewell reception to assistant chief Frederick B. Platt, of the Ridgefield fire department. Mr. Miller has secured a position with Adams Express Co. in Larchmont and will remove there soon.

SANTA CRUZ TAKEN.

Lawton's Expedition Successful After Sharp Fighting.

INSURGENTS SUFFER HEAVY LOSS.

The Capture Considered One of the Most Important of the Campaign. Telegraph Lines Destroyed. Filipinos to Be Pursued.

MANILA, April 11.—Santa Cruz was the Filipinos' stronghold on the Laguna de Bay, and it fell into the hands of General Lawton's expedition after some sharp, quick fighting, forming one of the most interesting and important battles of the war.

The plans of the American commanders worked perfectly, with the exception that the progress of the expedition was delayed by the difficult navigation of the river. About 1,500 picked men composed the expedition, which was under the personal command of General Lawton, on account of the illness of General Kitch.

These troops partly surrounded the city, while the gunboats Laguna de Bay, Napidan and Oeste, under the command of Captain Grant of the Utah battery, shelled the city and outlying trenches.

General Lawton and his staff accompanied the troops, sometimes leading charges in Indian fighting tactics, which eventually resulted in the complete rout of the rebels, with the smallest amount of damage to the city and slight loss to the Americans.

The expedition started from San Pedro Macati at dusk on Saturday, intending to capture Santa Cruz by assault at daybreak, but in navigating the shallow, tortuous Pasig river, perhaps through the cunning of the native pilots, who were not anxious to see the Americans successful, several boats grounded, and it was nearly dawn when the troops reached the lake.

The expedition then steamed cautiously forward, the Napidan and the Oeste a mile ahead and the Laguna de Bay guarding the rear. A casco—a square-ended flat-bottomed boat—with a force of 200 picked sharpshooters under Major Weisenberger, mostly belonging to the First Washington regiment, was run into a shallow inlet about five miles south of the city. Then a number of Americans jumped into the water and, wading for about 100 yards, crept forward and formed in line, covering the landing of the remainder, which finished about 5 o'clock.

The three troops of the Fourth cavalry, unmounted, were sent ashore on a dangerous marshy point directly south of the city under fire from the enemy's trenches.

Meanwhile in the town itself there was utter silence and not a sign of life. General Lawton, desiring to make an inspection and to give the inhabitants an opportunity to surrender, went on board the Laguna de Bay and steamed slowly to the dock, the whole fleet watching anxiously. When it was discovered by the glasses that the trenches and stone buildings were swarming with white clad soldiers, the Laguna withdrew, receiving volleys from the trenches thrown up on the marshy plain north of the city.

The flotilla anchored in compact formation for the night, ready to resist any surprises from the rebel gunboats supposed to be in the lake. At sunrise yesterday the assault commenced. The American line south of the city stretched two miles inland, and, with its left sweeping the shore, moved north, while the Fourth cavalrymen on the point advanced toward the city, pouring volleys into the trenches. Simultaneously the gunboats hovered along the shore, shelling the woods ahead of the troops and driving the Filipinos inland. The Gatlings cleared several trenches.

General Lawton, with the Fourteenth infantry battalions, approached a narrow iron bridge across a creek on the south border of the town. Here a company of Filipinos was entrenched across the stream and behind a stone barricade at the entrance to the bridge. The Americans rushed forward in single file in the face of a galling fire, demolished the barricade with their hands and drove the enemy from the trenches, killing a dozen.

The Filipino soldiers in the town, scattered in various buildings and firing from the windows, gave the invaders an interesting hour. There was a regular nest of them in the stone jail, which is hedged in by a wall. This was a veritable pepper pot.

A considerable body of Filipinos fled northward, crossing the open marshes, but the Gatlings poured upon them a deadly hail until they disappeared in the woods, slaying dozens.

Major Weisenberger deployed the sharpshooters along the shore, and they crept steadily forward, aiding the Gatlings. Finally a large body was sent against the enemy in the woods, driving them toward the mountains.

General Lawton established headquarters at the elegant palace of the governor, and a guard was immediately placed in the church, as the sacred edifices are always the first objective of looters. Within an hour the town was patrolled and all looting rigidly prevented.

Almost all the inhabitants had fled during the two preceding nights, and only a few Chinese shopkeepers have emerged from hiding and resumed business.

On the marshes north of the town were found 40 dead Filipinos, some terribly torn by shells, and many others wounded, to whom the Americans offered their canteens, as though they were comrades. A surgeon who traversed the field counted 80 killed, and General Lawton will report at least 68.

One Filipino, attempting to make his escape, slashed viciously at Major Weisenberger, who shot and killed him.

The gunboats have been searching the Santa Cruz river for shipping. The expedition will push forward, the Americans having destroyed miles of telegraph lines, cutting off insurgent communication east and west.

The President's Yellowstone Trip. WASHINGTON, April 11.—Senator Carter and Major Alderson of Bozeman, Mont., have seen the president in regard to his proposed trip to the Yellowstone National park. The president expressed the hope that he would be able to leave here about the middle of July, but could not say definitely. As to what other points he would visit no plans whatever had been made.

NOT IN DEWEY'S HAT

Presidential Bee Disturbeth Not the Admiral.

A SAILOR, NOT A POLITICIAN.

The Hero of Manila Says a Sentiment in America to Nominate Him Must Be Stemmed—His Life Work Has Been Along Different Lines.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Admiral Dewey has given to the Manila correspondent of Leslie's Weekly a very free and full interview regarding the suggestion that the admiral be made a candidate for the presidency next year. The correspondent says:

"After talking of the previous day's experience, of the war and of minor matters, I asked Dewey if he objected to speak upon the subject that was interesting the millions of people to whom his name was a household word—upon the subject of his possible candidacy for the presidency in 1900.

"No, I have no objection to talking on that subject, but, you see, they want to know whether I am a Democrat or a Republican.

"And which, then, are you?" I said. Dewey looked at me a moment and smiled.

"Well, you see, I am a sailor. A sailor has no politics. The administration is his party, and Republican or Democrat, it makes no difference. Then, again, I come from Vermont, and you know what that means. To be anything but a Republican in Vermont is to be a man without a party. My flag lieutenant comes from Georgia. He tells me that to be anything but a Democrat in the south is to be nobody. If I lived south I would probably be a Democrat."

"Have you ever voted?" I asked. "Yes, years ago, but my vote was usually influenced by personal preference or local conditions. I am not a politician, have never held political office and am totally ignorant of party intricacies and affiliations."

"I understand Senator Proctor says Vermont will propose you for the presidency," I continued.

"Is that so? How do you know?" the admiral questioned me.

"I then read him an article referring to an interview to that effect. Had Senator Proctor reason to think you would accept such a nomination?" I said.

"The senator is an old, staunch friend of mine. I have known him all my life. He has written me on this subject. Others have asked permission to use my name. Don't you think it would be presumptuous to accept a nomination before it is offered? Perhaps it would be equally presumptuous to reject it?"

"But I hadn't received an unequivocal answer yet, so I again referred to the question of the presidential candidacy. An entire half hour the admiral talked on this subject. I will not quote his words. It is too momentous a question to dispose of in a few sentences. No man, however strong in his purpose, can throw the thought of such a possibility over his shoulder lightly. Nor did Admiral Dewey. He discussed it gravely and seriously. He dwelt upon the great responsibility of the office, the necessity of a life's training to equip the most able of men to occupy such an exalted and arduous office, and finally he said that neither by vocation, disposition, education or training was he capable to fill such a position. He said that he was too well along in life to consider such a possibility. His health would not admit it. All his life's work was in different lines of effort, and, while the kindness and enthusiasm of his friends were grateful to him and the generous tributes of the American people were dear to him, he could not and would not be a candidate for the presidency of the United States under any conditions. I make this statement with the full consent and on the authority of Admiral Dewey. If there is such a tide of sentiment, it must be stemmed."

"Whether this interview will stem the tide or not it is not within my province to contemplate. I believe, though, that what Admiral Dewey said to me was with all sincerity."

Western Union Refused to Pay Tax. LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., April 10.—Instruments and furniture in the Western Union office in this city were sold Saturday on a tax levy made some weeks ago for the state and county, the tax amounting to \$70. The company refused to pay the tax on the ground that it was exorbitant. The sale realized the sum of \$12. New instruments were put in after an interruption of four hours. The city authorities threaten to levy on the new instruments unless the full tax is paid.

Flood in Montana. CHICAGO, April 10.—A Record special from Glendive, Mont., says: "An ice gorge in the Yellowstone river at this point caused that stream to overflow last night, drowning four persons. Eight more are missing. Three spans of the steel bridge are washed out, causing a loss of \$25,000. The Northern Pacific tracks are inundated and possibly washed away for some distance, and the loss of live stock by drowning will involve a large sum."

Massachusetts Troops Home. BOSTON, April 10.—The Eighth Massachusetts regiment, United States volunteers, Colonel William Pew commanding, the last body of volunteer soldiery from this state to return from active duty, arrived home yesterday afternoon on the United States transport Meade and was welcomed with unbounded enthusiasm.

Senator Teller Ill. DENVER, April 10.—United States Senator Henry M. Teller has been quite ill of fever resulting from a severe cold contracted while in Chicago, but it is announced that the crisis has been passed and that he will be able to be out again in a few days.

A Glass Blowers' Strike. BRIDGETON, N. J., April 10.—The blowers at all the glass factories in this locality except one will go on strike today. The one factory which will be in blast is that of Parker Bros., who have recognized the union.

Weather Probabilities. Fair; warmer; fresh westerly, shifting to southwesterly, winds. Tuesday, increasing cloudiness and warmer.

THE WAR NOW OVER

Spanish - American Conflict Lasted 355 Days.

PEACE RATIFICATIONS ARE SIGNED.

M. Cambon Acts For Spain, Secretary Hay For the United States—An Interesting Historical Ceremony. Minister to Spain Appointed.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The condition of war which has existed between the United States and Spain since April 21, 1898, terminated yesterday, when the last formalities in the restoration of peace were performed by the exchange of ratifications of the peace treaty. Coincident with this President McKinley issued his proclamation declaring that the war was at an end, and the appointment of Bellamy Storer as minister to Spain. The principal ceremony of the day occurred in the reception room at the White House when the exchange of ratifications took place at 3 o'clock. In anticipation of the historic character of the event many members of the cabinet and officials prominent in the administration gathered at the White House. They included Secretaries Hay, Wilson and Hitchcock, Senator Davis, one of the peace commissioners who negotiated the treaty; Assistant Secretaries Hill, Adee and Crider of the state department, Acting Secretary of War Meiklejohn, Adjutant General Corbin, Solicitor General Richards, Hon. Wayne MacVeagh and Mr. Sidney Smith, chief of the bureau of diplomatic correspondence of the state department, who had prepared the American copy of the treaty.

Shortly before 3 o'clock the French ambassador, M. Cambon, arrived in company with M. Thiebaud, the first secretary of the embassy, the latter bearing the Spanish copy of the peace treaty. Mr. McKinley cordially greeted the ambassador, and after a brief exchange of well wishes the formal ceremony began. The president stood back of the large desk presented to the government by Queen Victoria, while Secretary Hay and Ambassador Cambon occupied places at the desk. Around this central group were ranged the cabinet officers and others already mentioned and officials of the household. The powers of M. Cambon and Secretary Hay were examined, a protocol concerning the day's ceremony signed and other formalities concluded.

These preliminaries took some time, so that it was nearly 3:30 before the actual exchange began. The signing of the protocol of exchange occurred at 3:23 p. m., Ambassador Cambon signing for Spain and Secretary Hay for the United States. The protocol was in French and briefly recited the circumstances leading up to the exchange. This cleared the way for the exchange itself, constituting the final act. The president took from the desk the American copy of the treaty, handsomely engrossed, bound in dark blue morocco and incased in a black morocco portfolio, and handed it to Mr. Cambon. At the same time M. Cambon handed to the president the English copy of the treaty, also engrossed, bound in morocco and incased in a maroon colored morocco box. These were deferential bows as each received from the other this final pledge of peace. This exchange of ratifications occurred at 3:55 p. m.

The effect of the action taken is to completely renew the peaceful relations, trade, official, diplomatic, consular and in all other ways, between this country and Spain.

The Madrid Mission. WASHINGTON, April 12.—The selection of Bellamy Storer for the Madrid mission is a distinct promotion in the diplomatic line. The new minister to Madrid will have very important duties to perform, including the early negotiation of a general treaty of trade and commerce. Mr. Storer is 52 years of age, having been born in Cincinnati in 1847. He was graduated from Harvard in 1867 and two years later from the law school of Cincinnati college. He was admitted to the bar in the same year and until he entered public life as a member of the Fifty-second congress from the First Ohio district gave his time to the pursuit of his profession.

Bridal Party Burned Out. NEW YORK, April 12.—Idle Hour, the country seat of William K. Vanderbilt at Oakdale, N. Y., where Mr. and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., have been spending their honeymoon, was burned to the ground yesterday morning. It is believed that the fire was started by an incendiary, whose motive was robbery. The fire spread with great rapidity and seemed to have been set in several places at the same time. Young Mr. Vanderbilt and his bride escaped, clad only in their night clothing.

Harlem Bridge Disaster. NEW YORK, April 12.—The wooden trestle which was erected for the purpose of building the new First avenue bridge over the Harlem river fell at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Twenty-two men who were working on it were thrown into the water 40 feet below. Six of them were instantly killed, 12 were badly injured and four are still unaccounted for. There is little doubt but most of the missing were drowned.

Thousands For Charity. DEDHAM, Mass., April 12.—The will of Mrs. Harriet Frothingham Wolcott, stepmother of Governor Roger Wolcott, which has been filed for probate here, distributes \$25,000 to various charities. After bequests to other relatives and servants the residue of the estate is given to Roger Wolcott for his personal use. The latter is named executor.

General Wheeler to Speak. LEXINGTON, Va., April 12.—General Joseph Wheeler has accepted an invitation to deliver an address here before the literary societies of Washington and Lee university on the final day of the commencement exercises, June 14.

Americans Get Another Contract. LONDON, April 12.—An important engineering firm at Sheffield has just placed a large order for heavy machinery in the United States, the British makers being unable to promise sufficiently quick delivery.

THE MAZET INQUIRY

Richard Croker's Son on the Witness Stand.

THE TAMMANY CHIEF WILL TESTIFY.

Chief of Police Devery Thoroughly Probed by Counsel Moss With Small Results—Adjourned to Friday Next.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Only two witnesses of any importance were put on the stand before the Mazet legislative investigating committee yesterday, and though the investigation continued for a number of hours into the afternoon, no particularly convicting evidence was brought out. The investigating committee adjourned its sessions until next Friday, when the chief witness will be Richard Croker.

Frank Croker, son of Richard Croker, was on the stand all morning, and he made a good witness for himself. He testified that he had paid \$17,000 to enter the Ribbing Fireproof company and was drawing a salary of \$2,500 from it to "learn the business." Young Croker first said that he had given for his 170 shares of stock a check for the amount mentioned, but when asked if he would produce the canceled check he gracefully worked into an admission that the stock was paid for in cash furnished by his father in the Democratic club and that he took the money to his home and kept it in his room all night. He told of having been presented with \$6,000 worth of stock in the United company "because," he said, "they knew we had lots of friends in railroads and such places."

Chief of Police William S. Devery was again put upon the rack after Frank Croker had given his testimony. Much of the questioning of the police chief was similar to that of Saturday when he was asked to explain the existence of many disorderly resorts in the city that flourish at all hours of the night. Devery said that the police department had done all it could do with the evidence that it had before it to close such places. He flatly gave the lie to Mr. Moss when the Mazet counsel asserted that during his term as police commissioner he had closed all the poolrooms. Devery further denied that he knew of any high official of the city who was interested in poolrooms.

The last witness of the day was Leo Freedman, who confessed that he was a retired, policy "sub-banker." He laid bare secrets of the business, gave names and addresses and told how, by payments of money, he had for several years evaded trial, although he had been several times indicted. He said the last payment was of \$300 to Max Hochstein, who was to hold the money for his lawyer. He also named Max Gombossy, a concert hall keeper.

During the progress of the session Dr. O'Sullivan said to the committee:

"Mr. Richard Croker desires me to say that he will be at the disposal of this investigating committee at any time up to April 18, when he is to sail for Europe."

Mr. Moss evidently took this for a challenge, and he promptly informed Dr. O'Sullivan that Mr. Croker's presence was desired at the very next meeting of the committee, which would be on the coming Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

Coal Miners Strike. DUBOIS, Pa., April 11.—The miners at Berwind-White shaft, near this city, struck for an advance yesterday. Last week a demand was made upon the company for an advance from 19 2-10 cents per gross ton to 22 1/2 cents. The demand was refused by the company. Two hundred miners are employed at this shaft. The Clearfield and Jefferson Coal company's miners are also asking for an advance, and a strike throughout the region may result. All mines in this region have been working full time the past few months, a condition that has not heretofore existed for years.

The Twenty-first Leaves For Manila. PLATTSBURG, N. Y., April 11.—The Twenty-first infantry, 1,400 men, left here yesterday on their way to Manila in command of Colonel Jacob Kline. They left on three trains, composed of 14 sleepers and two baggage cars each. About 5,000 people witnessed the departure, and great enthusiasm was manifested. The regimental colors were carried, also a handsome silk flag presented to the regiment by Mrs. McKinley two years ago during the stay of the president and his party at the Hotel Champlain. The troops are due in Manila about June 1.

Long Illness Ended. YORK, Pa., April 11.—The iron ore mines at Smith's Station, 15 miles from York, have been put into operation by the Leary & Denny company after an illness of ten years. The ore will be converted into pig at the Aurora furnace at Wrightsville. The furnace at Wrightsville, which has been idle for nearly ten years, will resume operations as soon as the necessary repairs are completed.

Postmasters Appointed. WASHINGTON, April 11.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed: New York—Allegheny, Henry W. Sutton, Sr. Pennsylvania—Campton, Richard J. Fuller; Crooked Creek, Ross H. Miller; Eagleville, Elmer E. Brown; Farmington Center, Mrs. Emily Cass; Herrville, Alfred Thomas; Reamstown, Thomas J. Rhoades.

Captain Clark at the White House. WASHINGTON, April 11.—Captain Charles E. Clark, who commanded the battleship Oregon, called at the navy department yesterday and met with a cordial welcome from all. Secretary Long accompanied him to the White House and introduced him to President McKinley.

Amsterdam Avenue Bill Passed. ALBANY, April 11.—In the senate last night, when the calendar of bills on the order of final passage was taken up, the first bill passed was the Amsterdam avenue bill of the commons. Without a word of comment the bill was passed by a unanimous vote of those present.

Commissioner to Samoa. WASHINGTON, April 11.—The president has selected Bartlett Tripp of South Dakota, formerly minister to Austria, as the American member of the Samoan commission.

READY TO PAY ARMY

Soldiers Now Civilly Employed Will Get Nothing.

THE RAILROAD STRIKE CONTINUES.

Scarcity of Engineers to Fill Places Made Vacant by Strikers—Business Greatly Hindered—Havana Death Rate Below Normal.

HAVANA, April 11.—The military authorities have been informed that they will receive today the Cuban army muster rolls now held by the so called executive committee appointed by the late military assembly before its dissolution. With General Gomez as the army's representative to be dealt with in the matter of payment and disbanding and with the rolls in their possession the Americans will then be in a position to push forward energetically, which they are fully prepared to do. Clerks employed several weeks ago are waiting at headquarters at El Vedado to copy and compare the rolls.

Doubtless there will be considerable criticism among the Cubans when it is announced that the United States is fully resolved not to make any payments to former soldiers now in civil employment and to eliminate also all who enlisted after July 17 last. The widows of Cuban officers have presented an address to the military authorities asking what they must do to obtain their share in the disbursement.

It is not probable that the United railroads will be able to find the requisite number of engineers in Cuba to drive their trains, and there are no signs of an end of the strike. On the contrary, the strikers say they will issue a proclamation alleging that certain railway officials were guilty of dishonesty in the transportation of the Spanish troops at the end of the Spanish regime. Meanwhile shippers are claiming damages for the loss of fruits and vegetables that have perished while awaiting transportation.

Work on the new barracks for the United States troops at Guanajay, province of Pinar del Rio, is interrupted by the strike, but assistant engineers will move trains enough to carry materials for this purpose. The strikers, it should be said, are altogether orderly.

The official report of deaths in the city of Havana for the month of March shows an annual rate of 42 per 1,000. The census, as taken by 100 health inspectors under Major John G. Davis, surgeon first brigade, Second division, Seventh army corps, shows a population of 216,750, of whom 62,091 are children. These returns are considered below the average of normal times. The number of families is 41,094 and of dwellings 16,482, of which 5,243 are without sewer connections.

General Ludlow has announced the appointment of Aristides Aguerre to take charge of the distribution of rations in the department of Havana at a salary of \$500 a month, chargeable, like the rations, to the Cuban customs. Aguerre was one of the most violent members of the Cuban military assembly and vigorously denounced General Gomez. He is regarded as an able man and was for some time during the revolution the Cuban agent in South America.

The Glass Workers' Strike. BRIDGETON, N. J., April 11.—A large number of striking glass workers and sympathizers gathered outside the Cumberland Glass works at noon yesterday and hoisted and jeered the hands as they came from the works, but there was no other disturbance. The Cumberland and the Moore-Jonas companies are working part of their bottle factories, and they have some journeymen. Most of the work, however, is being done by green hands and apprentices. The Cumberland is operating one large furnace in full and say they have applications enough to start another, which they claim will be done in a few days.

Big Failure in Penn Yan. PENN YAN, N. Y., April 11.—Announcement was made yesterday that the firm of Russell & Bickett, conducting the large flouring mills in Penn Yan, and Russell & Son, controllers of the Seneca paper mills near this village, had ceased operations. Yesterday morning the mills were not opened and probably will not be for some time to come, if ever, by these firms. The reason for the failure is the fact that the creditors have been pressing very hard of late, and there was no other alternative but to close the doors and discontinue business. The firms will go into voluntary bankruptcy.

Philadelphia Wants the Raleigh. HARRISBURG, April 11.—The house last night adopted a resolution requesting the secretary of the navy to gratify the desire of the citizens of Philadelphia that the cruiser Raleigh, the first of Dewey's victorious vessels to return to the United States, be ordered to Philadelphia to participate in the ceremonies attending the unveiling of the statue to General Grant in that city on April 27.

New York State Insane. ALBANY, April 11.—The annual report of the state commission in lunacy for the fiscal year of 1898 was presented to the legislature last evening. The commission reported that the public and private hospitals, at the close of the year was 22,386, of which number 20,845 were in the state hospitals, 686 in the Matteawan State Hospital for Insane Criminals and 855 in private institutions.

Italy Invited. ROME, April 11.—Italy has been formally invited to the disarmament conference at The Hague and has appointed as one of her delegates Marquis Visconti Venosta, minister of foreign affairs in the late Rudini cabinet. This is held to imply that the Vatican will not be invited to send a delegate.

Great Nationalist Victory. DUBLIN, April 11.—The complete returns of the Irish county council elections are now to hand and show an overwhelming victory for nationalism. The Nationalists having elected 544 candidates as against 119 Unionists, the representatives of landlordism and Toryism.

Weather Probabilities. Partly cloudy and warmer; fresh southerly winds; warmer Wednesday, with increasing cloudiness and probably showers.

NOTED JURIST GONE

Justice Stephen J. Field Dies at a Ripe Age.

MEMBER OF A FAMOUS FAMILY

He Was Appointed to the Supreme Court Bench by President Lincoln, and Held the Office For More Than Thirty-five Years.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Justice Stephen J. Field (retired) of the United States supreme court died here at 6:30 o'clock last evening from ailments incident to old age.

Stephen Johnson Field was born Haddam, Conn., Nov. 4, 1816. He was the son of David Dudley Field and one of four brothers who became famous. David Dudley, Cyrus W. and Henry M. Field being the other members of the great quartet that made their name known throughout the world. His early boyhood was spent at Stockbridge, Mass.

At the age of 13 Stephen J. Field went to Smyrna, where his sister had married a missionary, the Rev. Josiah Brewster, who had undertaken an educational mission to the Greeks, and he acquired a knowledge of oriental languages. Returning to this country after two and a half years he later entered Williams college, from which he graduated in 1837 at the head of his class. He then went to New York where he entered the law office of his brother, David Dudley Field. He was admitted to the bar and became a partner in the firm, remaining as such for seven years. In 1848 he went to Europe and spent some time there traveling. In November, 1849, he sailed for San Francisco, around Cape Horn, and entered upon the practice of law in the occidental metropolis. After a short time he moved to Marysville, a small mining camp, and became one of the founders of what afterward grew to be a thriving town. When the little city was organized Justice Field was elected the judge of the place. This office carried with it the dignity of mayor and at the same time imposed all the duties of a bench. Here the future jurist dispensed justice and made his name widely known throughout the length and breadth of the growing commonwealth. He was fond of talking of his early days in California and often said that the happiest days of his life were when he dealt out justice in Marysville behind dry goods boxes.

He was elected a member of the first legislature of the state and made member of the judiciary committee that body. He was influential in securing legislation favorable to miners and aided in the passage of laws regulating the civil and criminal procedure of the state. At the close of the session he returned to Marysville and devoted years to the practice of his profession. He was elected a judge of the supreme court of California in 1857 for the term of six years. In 1859 he became chief justice, succeeding Chief Justice David S. Terry. In 1863 President Lincoln appointed him associate justice of the preme court of the United States, he held that position until his retirement on Dec. 1, 1897.

During the latter years of his service on the bench he was in feeble health. His term was the longest in the history of that tribunal. The great chief justice, John Marshall, wore the ermine for a period extending over 34 years was the ambition of the late Justice Field to surpass this record, and succeeded in doing so by a few months.

During his service of more than a century he was concerned in some of the most important cases ever decided upon by the supreme court. Among the prominent decisions was the famous test oath case, in which he held the casting vote and wrote the opinion of the court, annulling the validity of the "ironclad" oath. His dissenting opinions in the confiscation cases, legal tender cases and in the New lenns slaughter house case attracted the widest attention.

During his long service on the bench he was also before the public eye in other ways than as a judge of the United States supreme court. He was a member of the Hayes-Tilden election commission in 1877 and voted with Democratic minority. In 1880 he received 65 votes for the presidential nomination at the Cincinnati Democratic convention on the first ballot.

In 1889 one of the most sensational events of a remarkably active and glorious career brought his personality before the public. Judge Field, as related, succeeded David S. Terry as chief justice of the preme court of California in 1858. He had just killed Senator Broderick, Field's friend, in a duel. Thirty-two days later, Sept. 4, 1858, Judge Field arrested Terry to imprisonment. Sarahtha Hill had sued Senator Sharrow breach of promise of marriage. He was her counsel and married her. The case was upon appeal, and Justice Field was to announce the decision.

Mrs. Terry declared in open court that Justice Field had been bribed justice ordered her removed. Terry interposed and attacked the officers with a bowie knife. Justice sentenced him to prison for six months and then gave his decision in favor of Senator Sharon.

Terry swore vengeance. In the dining room at Lathrop, Cal., Apr. 18, 1859, Field and Terry met for the first time after the incident in the San cisco courtroom. Terry stooped Field, who was sitting at a table slapping his face. Deputy Marshal was with Justice Field. He Terry dead. Terry's threats had so frequent that Nagle had been ordered to accompany the justice and protect him. Nagle was exonerated coroner's jury.

A Bicyclist Stricken. WATERBURY, Conn., April 11.—Daniel D. Daley, aged 24, son of Daley, a prominent business man stricken with heart failure, the result of overexertion while bicycling yesterday, and died almost instantly. He was trying to keep up with scorers when stricken.

Big Real Estate Sale in Mexico. GUADALAJARA, Mexico, April 11.—The famous Providencia hacienda situated in the state of Jalisco, has been sold to an American syndicate for \$5,000,000. St. Louis, Chicago and New York capitalists comprise the co-

QUAY TRIAL BEGUN.

Defense Tries to Exclude the Bank Books.

THE JUDGE'S DECISION AWAITED.

Barlow Testifies to Having Broken Open the Dead Cashier's Desk and Taken Possession of Papers Relating to the Senator's Trial.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12.—In the trial of ex-Senator Quay yesterday his lawyers began what is regarded as the all important contention in their fight for his acquittal—namely, that the books of the broken People's bank are not competent testimony against the accused man and therefore should not be admitted in evidence. On the decision of this point rests the entire fabric of the prosecution's case. Should Judge Biddle decide the point well taken the commonwealth's case will necessarily collapse.

In order to secure the most effective presentation of this phase of the defense Mr. Quay brought to his aid the skill of David T. Watson of Pittsburgh, one of the ablest attorneys in Pennsylvania and ranking in fact with the best in the country. Mr. Watson spoke on his subject for nearly two hours and had the almost breathless attention of a room filled with the legal lights of the local and state bar. Many of these lawyers expressed the opinion that Mr. Watson made a very strong argument. What its effect will be upon the judge remains to be seen.

The district attorney opened the proceedings in this phase of the case by offering in evidence the books of the bank extending over a number of years and along with them the account books, letterpress book and letters from Senator Quay and State Treasurer Hayward found in the desk of Cashier Hopkins after that official had committed suicide. He read a long summary of what the books and papers showed and stated what he expected to prove by them—to wit, that through a conspiracy with Cashier Hopkins, State Treasurer Hayward and other state treasurers and possibly other officials of the bank Senator Quay used a certain fixed amount of state money deposited in the institution and received interest on another fixed portion of the state deposit.

Mr. Watson contended that the mere fact that bank clerks with no personal knowledge of the truth of what they were writing entered certain figures in a book, which figures purported to represent interest paid to Senator Quay, was no proof that the money had been received by him or that there had been any intention to pay it to him. This argument is in line with the defense's contention that Mr. Quay was the victim of Hopkins, who used the senator's name to cover up his own illegal transactions. Mr. Watson also attacked the indictment, declaring it to be fatally defective.

If Judge Biddle decides the books of the bank are admissible, Mr. Quay's lawyers will next take up the memorandum books and letters belonging to Hopkins and oppose their consideration as valid testimony.

Previous to the presentation of the bank books by Mr. Rothermel the examination of Receiver Barlow was concluded, and ex-Judge James Gay Gordon, who, the adherents of Senator Quay declare, is responsible for what they term the conspiracy against their favorite, gave testimony in corroboration and explanation of Mr. Barlow's statement.

Mr. Barlow created a sensation by the statement that he had broken open the dead cashier's desk and taken therefrom the books and letters pertaining to the Quay trial at the behest of a mysterious informant, who spoke to him over the telephone from Harrisburg and stated that there was a plan on foot to steal the compromising documents that night. He was, he said, never able to learn who his mysterious friend was. The fact was gleaned from Mr. Barlow that the bank books and letters were practically in the control of Judge Gordon from April until September of last year. He considered this proper, as Judge Gordon was the confidential adviser of President McManes of the bank.

Judge Gordon gave his testimony in a quiet, convincing manner. He deprecated the stories of conspiracy against Senator Quay that have been persistently put in circulation and frankly answered every question asked regarding the use he made of the papers while he had them. He admitted that they had been photographed at his suggestion, but merely for purposes of safety in the event of the originals being destroyed. He also admitted showing them to David Martin, the leader of the anti-Quay faction; to John Wanamaker, a bitter opponent of Senator Quay, and to others, including a partial exhibition of letters to James M. Guffey, the democratic leader of this state, but not in the manner hinted at by the defense.

Judge Gordon asked permission of the judge to make a statement of his connection with the case, but the entire array of Quay counsel objected instantly, and what would have undoubtedly proved interesting reading was thus shut off.

Illegal Pension Drawing.

LYONS, N. Y., April 12.—Mrs. Robert Reynolds of Alton is under arrest here, charged with drawing a pension as the widow of James Perce, a civil war veteran, although she has been the wife of Robert Reynolds for the past three years. Those who had to do with the vouchers in the pension matter, including the magistrate before whom these vouchers were executed quarterly, it is stated, will have to answer for false certification.

No Indictment Found.

ALBANY, April 12.—It is reported in this city that the grand jury of Herkimer county has failed to find an indictment against Charles Snyder, who was removed as section superintendent on the Erie canal by Superintendent John N. Partridge of the state department of public works for having padded his pay rolls.

Abductors to Be Exhibited.

CHICAGO, April 12.—John Collins and Mrs. Ann Ingersoll, who are under indictment for the kidnapping of little Gerald Lapner Decoration day, have been released on bonds of \$10,000 each. The alleged abductors will be placed on exhibition in a local dime museum.

FRENCH REPUBLIC STABLE.

Premier Dupuy Says Agitations Are Only on the Surface.

PARIS, April 10.—The premier, M. Charles Alexandre Dupuy, in the course of an important speech to his constituents yesterday at Le Puy, capital of the department of Haute-Loire, said that the situation both at home and abroad was eminently satisfactory. "The spontaneous election of a stalwart and worthy Republican as president of the republic," he continued, "proves the stability and vitality of the republic and has disconcerted the factions who dreamed of chimerical plebiscites and futile restorations."

He referred approvingly to the recent agreements with Italy and Great Britain and said that France was "now free for industrial and commercial development and a large field of colonizing." Reverting to home affairs, he said:

"The agitations are only on the surface. Beneath are calm industry and security. The end of the Dreyfus affair appears to be in sight, and the complication will be unraveled by the court of cassation, whose judgment will be acknowledged by all."

"If certain people think otherwise, let us leave them to their despicable folly and, for ourselves, continue to look toward the army, full of gratitude and confidence."

SOUTHERN RACE PROBLEM.

Professor Washington Counsels Less Opposition to the Whites.

TUSKEGEE, Ala., April 10.—Professor Booker T. Washington, answering the request of a prominent colored man in North Carolina as to what should be done to allay the present conflict between the races, says:

"I have been asking myself lately some rather serious questions, and I want to put one or two of them to you. Is there any reason why the negroes in the south should continue to oppose the southern white man and his politics? Is this not the source of nearly all our troubles? Unconsciously we seem to have gotten the idea into our blood and bones that we are only acting in a manly way when we oppose southern white men with our votes."

"In some way, by some method, we must bring the race to the point where it will cease to feel that the only way for it to succeed is to oppose everything suggested or put forth by the southern white men."

"This I consider one of our real problems. I believe that there are thousands of white Democrats in North Carolina who are 50 per cent better friends to the negro than Governor Russell, and I see no necessity in continuing to follow Governor Russell, who has no power to protect or, if he has the power, does not exercise it, rather than those other white men who can protect us if we cease to continually and forever oppose them."

THE MAZET INQUIRY.

Startling Revelations Promised in the Tammany Tiger Hunt.

NEW YORK, April 10.—The Herald this morning says: "Revelations of such a sensational nature as will startle the city, state and nation are confidently expected by the members of the Mazet investigating committee to be the outcome of the present inquiry into the affairs of this city."

"Surprising as were the evidences of blackmail and corruption laid before the Lexow committee, those exposures, it was said yesterday, are likely to seem tame and unimportant when the Mazet committee shall have finished its work. "Exposures, arrests, criminal prosecutions and state prison, it was learned from a New York politician who is in every sense competent to speak, may overtake some of the political celebrities to whom wide influence in city affairs has been ascribed for years."

"The full significance of the statements made by the Republican leader in question cannot be given at this time. These statements were most sweeping. If they should be borne out by subsequent events, those politicians who have regarded the present investigation as insincere or as an inquiry started merely for the purpose of being 'called off' before any one is hit are likely to be genuinely disappointed. "Men high in Tammany Hall, who enjoy the confidence and support of some of the leading financial and business men of the city, are mentioned as among those who will figure conspicuously in the exposures which are expected to be made and in the arrests which are likely to follow."

Fierce Chicago Rats.

CHICAGO, April 10.—An army of sewer rats, fierce and desperate, attacked Frank Morgan, a lodger in the South Chicago Avenue police station, and lacerated him terribly before he could be rescued. Morgan screamed with terror and pain. His cries were heard in the police headquarters above, and several policemen rushed down stairs. They found Morgan half unconscious, with the big, gray rodents clinging to all parts of his body. Nearly a dozen of them were killed by the policemen.

The Irish Elections.

DUBLIN, April 10.—Returns received from the Irish county council elections show that 300 Nationalists, 83 Unionists, one labor candidate and one Liberal have been returned. The Earl of Dunraven and Mount-Earl, Baron Monteagle of Brandon and Baron Emly, Unionists, were elected in the Limerick district. The results of the elections in a few places is not yet known.

Insane Man Shoots Two.

BOSTON, April 10.—Christopher Champion, aged 61 years, while temporarily insane, early yesterday morning shot David Throps through the head and Timothy F. Clifford through the body in a west end lodging house. Both patients were taken to the hospital, but their condition at this hour is unknown. Champion was arrested after he had tried to shoot two officers.

Nordfarer Saves Twenty-six Men.

LONDON, April 10.—It is learned here that the Danish steamer Nordfarer, Captain Brunnich, Galveston for Hamburg via Norfolk, took off 26 men from the French fishing schooner Eugenie, which foundered.

A Double Drowning.

OROVILLE, Cal., April 10.—John D. Sims and Leonard Hale were drowned in Feather river. They attempted to cross the stream, which was swift and very rough, in a canvas boat.

Speels on La Bretagne.

NEW YORK, April 10.—The French steamer La Bretagne from Havre, which has just arrived here, brought 154,746 francs in specie.

AFTER ANOTHER CITY

An Expedition Fifteen Hundred Strong Under Lawton.

SANTA CRUZ TO BE CAPTURED.

The Expedition Expected to Reach the City Sunday Morning—Rebels Attempt to Break the Lines at Culiculi, but Are Repulsed.

MANILA, April 10.—The expedition of 1,500 men under Major General Henry W. Lawton, which started Saturday night with the intention of crossing Laguna de Bay, capturing Santa Cruz, on the eastern shore of the lake, and then sweeping the country to the south, consists of 200 picked sharpshooters chosen from the various regiments, Hawthorne's mountain battery, Gale's squadron, three troops of the Fourth Cavalry, unmounted, with Brooke's and Tappen's battalions of the Fourteenth infantry, Linck's battalion of the First Idaho infantry and Fraime's battalion of the First North Dakota infantry under General King.

The flotilla of 20 canoes, towed by tugs and conveyed by the gunboats Laguna de Bay, Oeste and Nappidan and preceded by the launch containing General Lawton and General King, started from Pedro Macati, on the river Pasig, moving toward the lake just as evening was setting in. It was a truly picturesque scene. The men were all in high spirits and carried rations for ten days, with the lightest marching equipment.

General Lawton's plan was to reach Santa Cruz yesterday morning at daybreak, to capture or destroy any rebel gunboats or shipping, to take the town and then to scour the country to the south of the lake, a district not yet explored by the Americans. The tactics will be those of the old time frontier fighting, and it is probable that the command will be divided into squads of 12 under noncommissioned officers.

In General Lawton's absence the Second division is temporarily commanded by General Owenshine, whose lines extend from the beach near Malate, south of Manila, to the shore of Laguna de Bay, beyond Pasig, a distance of about seven miles.

The withdrawal of the 18 companies constituting the expeditionary force made a gap in the line from the beach to Culiculi, just southwest of San Pedro Macati, which was subsequently filled by the Fourth regular infantry. The rebels on the extreme right had evidently been informed of the withdrawal of the troops, and they attempted to sneak through after night, but they met with a warm reception and fell back in disorder on discovering that the line was still intact.

Washington Officials Expectant.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The war department authorities look for important news from Manila today, announcing, in all probability, the capture of the city of Santa Cruz, a leading town in a country as yet untouched by the American and now in the hands of the Filipino forces. The move is looked upon as one of the natural steps in General Otis' carefully laid plans against the insurgents. Santa Cruz is a place of considerable importance in several respects. It is the capital of the province of Laguna and has a population, according to the best available information here, of considerably more than 13,000 persons.

Must Talk Spanish.

MADRID, April 10.—The following dispatch from Manila is published here: "Aguinaldo has issued a decree directing that Spanish shall be the official language throughout the archipelago and protesting against the American pretension to force the use of English on the natives, who do not know it."

Noted Printer Dead.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Alon M. Clapp, at one time United States government printer, died at his residence here at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the eighty-eighth year of his age. Mr. Clapp was born in Killingly, Conn., in 1811 and came from one of the oldest families in New England. He established the Aurora, New York Standard and later the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser, and still later the Buffalo Express. He was delegate to the Pittsburgh convention that founded the Republican party and in 1869 was appointed public printer. On retiring from that office in 1877 he bought an interest in The National Republican of Washington.

Wheeler to Be U. of C. President.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 10.—During the last two or three days it has been reported among the members of Cornell's faculty and student body that Professor B. I. Wheeler of Cornell university is likely to be the next president of the University of California. He lately made a trip to the Pacific coast, where, it was said, he went to deliver some lectures at the California institution. It is now thought that the main object of his visit west was to see the western institution and negotiate with its authorities.

Death of a Prominent Merchant.

CANTON, O., April 10.—L. V. Bookius, one of the oldest merchants in Canton, died yesterday, aged 73 years. He was vice president of the Diebold Safe and Lock company, a director of the Cleveland Terminal and Valley Railroad company and was closely connected with a number of other local concerns. His death was due to paralysis. He was father-in-law of the prosecuting attorney in the George trial.

Vice President Improving.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Vice President Hobart is slightly better, but is not yet out of bed. He is slowly regaining strength through his constant rest and succeeds in gaining considerable sleep. His progress, however, it is admitted, is not as rapid as had been hoped for, and he continues very seriously ill.

Hotel Fire in Missouri.

HANNIBAL, Mo., April 10.—The Park hotel was practically destroyed by fire Saturday. J. E. Carr, train dispatcher for the St. Louis, Keokuk and North-west railroad, and Mrs. Fay Gerald received injuries in jumping. Both will recover. The building cost \$45,000.

Specie on La Bretagne.

NEW YORK, April 10.—The French steamer La Bretagne from Havre, which has just arrived here, brought 154,746 francs in specie.

RAILROAD TIED UP.

Suban Employees Strike For More Pay—Gold Found in Matanzas.

HAVANA, April 10.—All railway communication from Havana eastward is suspended, because the strike of the 200 employees of the United roads affects the provinces of Matanzas and Santa Clara, as well as the routes to Guanajay, province of Pinar del Rio, and to Batabano, on the southern coast of Havana province, where the steamships make their communication with Havana. No freight, passengers or even milk could be moved yesterday. Many people, in ignorance of the situation, went to the city stations and waited long in the hope that trains would be started. The inconvenience resulting is very great. It is hoped, however, that the strike will be settled by the company acceding to the demand of the strikers, who want a re-establishment of the wage scale that existed before the war.

The Cuban generals who elected General Gomez commander in chief were to have notified him officially of their action yesterday. They had not done so up to 7 o'clock last evening, but it is reported that he is to be waited upon by a committee later. There are so many contradictory reports as to their intentions and doings that the fact of their accomplishing little or nothing is beginning to discredit in advance whatever action they may ultimately take, which at the best will be merely conferring an honorary distinction, as General Brooke is preparing to handle the payment of the Cuban army quite independently of General Gomez.

A soldier at Matanzas yesterday, one of a squad cleaning the courtyard of the castle, found a Spanish gold piece. The members of the squad immediately staked off claims in the western style and dug up the whole yard, finding coins dated all the way from 1730 to 1808 and worth \$306.

NEW YORK LAWMAKERS.

They Make Haste Slowly, and Adjournment Is Not In Sight.

ALBANY, April 10.—As time passes and the most important measures of the session remain unacted upon the date of final adjournment of the legislature grows more remote. Today no one hopes for adjournment before the 1st of May, and it would not be surprising were the end postponed until the middle of May. Nearly all the bills affecting municipal interests which must receive the consideration of the local authorities still slumber in the upper branch, and their sponsors have manifested no disposition to press them. That this postponement of the date of final adjournment is appreciated by the members is manifest in a cessation of the feverish anxiety of senators over the progress of their individual measures, which was a feature of the early sessions of last week. So thoroughly was this appreciated that on Friday, with a calendar of 25 pages of bills awaiting final action, the senate adjourned without a protest after a 40 minute session with less than six pages of these bills disposed of.

Most important of the bills requiring consideration by the mayor and local authorities are the Amsterdam avenue bill, the rapid transit bill and the New York city police bills. The first of these is now in condition for final passage, both houses having accepted the conference committee report, and should there be a full senate it is likely to be passed on tonight. This, however, is a contingency which causes not a little anxiety to Republican leaders.

Meanwhile there still remain in committees of the two houses over 600 bills, but a great majority of them will die there and consume no time of the open session. These bills are being daily added to in the number introduced in each house, and there are a sufficient number of private and local bills to occupy any interim in the discussion of the more important measures.

German View of Samoa Trouble.

BERLIN, April 10.—The National Zeitung, discussing the situation at Samoa, declares that all changes which have occurred there since the middle of March are invalid and that the conditions established by the joint proclamation of the consuls on Jan. 4 are still legally in force. While admitting the "amicable attitude of the American government," the National Zeitung says: "It must remain undecided for the present whether Admiral Kautz has assailed the honor of the German flag. If this should prove to have been the case, we have the fullest confidence in the ability of the government not only to keep the actual solution of the Samoan question in view, but also to secure adequate satisfaction for the moral interests of the German empire."

Elephant Killed His Keeper.

KANSAS CITY, April 10.—"Rajah," a mammoth elephant owned by Lemen Bros. Circus company, which has been wintering in Argentine, Kan., near here, yesterday killed his keeper, Frank Fisher. Fisher had returned to the tent intoxicated and tried to make the different animals perform. Coming to the elephant he hugged the beast's trunk and ordered it to open its mouth. Becoming enraged, Rajah crushed Fisher's arm and throwing him to the ground made repeated efforts to pierce the prostrate trainer's body with its tusks. Unable to reach him, Rajah finally knelt upon Fisher, crushing his life out before assistance could arrive. He is said to be Rajah's ninth victim.

For G. A. R. Commander.

CINCINNATI, April 10.—Colonel W. C. Johnson, senior vice commander in chief and acting commander in chief of the G. A. R., who resides in this city, is a candidate for election as the successor of the late General J. A. Sexton of Chicago before the executive board of administration, which meets in Philadelphia next Wednesday. Quite a delegation from the department of Ohio and from the departments of adjoining state will be in Philadelphia this week in the interest of Colonel Johnson, who has an excellent record as a veteran who rose from the ranks to a commissioned officer because of meritorious services.

A New Lincoln Monument.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 12.—The house has passed a bill providing for the erection here of a new Lincoln monument at a cost of \$1,000,000. The bill appropriates \$100,000 and provides that \$400,000 be raised by popular subscription. Congress will be asked to appropriate the balance.

INSURGENTS ATTACK

General Wheaton's Arrival Saves the Day.

MORE TREACHERY OF FILIPINOS.

Pretended Friendly Noncombatants Cut the Telegraph Lines Before the Attack—Five Oregon Men Ambushed—Two Are Killed.

MANILA, April 12.—Early yesterday morning a large force of insurgents from the eastern foothills made an attack upon the First Minnesota infantry, which was guarding the railroad in the vicinity of Bocave, and the fighting soon became general between Maricao and Guiginto. General Wheaton came down from Malolos with re-enforcements as soon as possible, and an armed railway train was also brought into the rebels were routed and put to flight. The losses of the enemy in killed and wounded are estimated at over 50. The losses of the Americans were three killed and 15 wounded.

Previous to the insurgents' attack the telegraph wires had been cut by non-combatant Filipinos pretending to be friendly, and this considerably hampered the Americans in communicating with Malolos for re-enforcements.

Monday night five men of the Twenty-first Oregon infantry who were patrolling the railroad near Malinta were ambushed by the insurgents, and two of them were killed and three wounded.

For several nights past signal fires have been burned in the mountains to the east, so that the attack of the insurgents was not altogether unexpected.

Otis Sends Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—War department officers are greatly pleased over the capture of Santa Cruz by the expedition under General Lawton. General Otis cabled Adjutant General Corbin yesterday the results of the battle. It is regarded here as a much greater victory than was at first supposed. Santa Cruz is the military key of the Laguna de Bay, and its capture is of the greatest importance.

The victory of the Americans was complete. After the battle 93 dead Filipinos were counted on the field. Ten American soldiers were wounded. The enemy was utterly routed and fled eastward to the marsh lands.

Following are the dispatches received from General Otis, under date of April 11:

"Lawton's success at Santa Cruz more complete than reported yesterday. Enemy left 93 uniformed dead on field and number seriously wounded. Lawton captured city without destruction property. His loss is ten wounded, slight, except two. One since died. Lieutenant Erling only officer wounded, slight, in hand. Enemy retired eastward. Lawton in pursuit early this morning. "Insurgents attacked MacArthur's line of railway communication last night with considerable force; repulsed by Wheaton with heavy loss. Wheaton's casualties three killed, 20 wounded."

Rochester Schoolhouse Bill Vetoed.

ROCHESTER, April 12.—The bill passed by the legislature in consequence of the governor's message directing the common council of this city to appropriate \$100,000 for school purposes goes back to Albany for repassage. By the act of the local authorities the bill was officially vetoed by the mayor last night in the common council. The council on direct vote stood yes 12, nays 8. His honor, Mayor George P. Warner, in explaining his veto, said in part, "The passage of the bill was not requested by local authorities, and it therefore violates every principle of home rule for cities."

Electric Vehicles For Western States.

NEW YORK, April 12.—The Electric Storage Battery company of Philadelphia and the Electric Vehicle company of New York have completed in this city their plans for electric vehicle and transportation companies to cover the middle, northern and western states. There will be about six of these companies formed. The first one to go into operation will be known as the Illinois Electric Vehicle and Transportation company, with a capital stock of about \$25,000,000.

Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed: New York—Cedarhurst, Winfield S. Vandewater; North Hammond, S. N. Young; West Day, James Green. Pennsylvania—Chautauque, John H. Mease; Childs, John F. Walker; East Riverside, Frank A. Carsten; Hetterville, S. H. Harter.

A Speedy Torpedo Boat.

LONDON, April 12.—The Albatross, a new type of torpedo boat destroyer just built at the yards of Messrs. Thornycroft & Co. at Chiswick, has attained a speed of 33 knots, making this record on her trial trip, with the admiralty officials on board. This is the highest speed reached by any war vessel.

Press Clubs Meet.

BALTIMORE, April 12.—The International League of Press Clubs has begun its ninth annual convention in this city. About 150 delegates, representing 60 press clubs in all parts of the United States and Canada, are in attendance.

Valuable Mail Astray.

BOSTON, April 12.—A mail bag containing checks aggregating between \$25,000 and \$40,000, drawn by three Newport banks and payable to their Boston correspondents, has gone astray between Newport and Boston. Payment on the checks has been stopped.

Woolen Manufacturer Dead.

CONCORD, N. H., April 12.—Daniel Golden, the founder and for many years the general manager of the Concord Manufacturing company, with large woolen mills at Penacook and West Concord, died yesterday, aged about 90 years.

Heavy Dry Goods Failure.

CHICAGO, April 12.—John York, dealer in dry goods, has failed. His liabilities are estimated at \$143,000, and there are no assets.

Weather Probabilities.

Warmer and partly cloudy, with showers; brisk to high southerly winds; fair tomorrow.

MILES CONTRADICTED.

A Reporter Claims His Article Correctly Represented the General.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Mr. Sidney Reid, a reporter in the New York office of the Associated Press, gave the particulars of an interview he had with General Miles at the Waldorf-Astoria on the 31st of January last. In this interview General Miles was represented as telling of the inquiries he had set afoot concerning the beef supplied to the army, as saying that the canned roast beef was nothing more than the refuse of beef from which beef extract had been made and as stating he had overwhelming evidence that the embalmed beef was treated with chemicals.

Mr. Reid presented the court with a correct copy of the interview as prepared by him. Referring to an interview with General Miles printed in the New York Herald Mr. Reid said it was not a correct reproduction of his report of the Miles interview. "I saw portions of my interview in the Herald," he said, "combined with other matter which I did not write."

In reply to questions from Major Lee Mr. Reid said he did not have General Miles' testimony before the war investigating commission in mind when he talked with him or when he wrote his article. His conversation with General Miles had occurred in the office of the hotel, and the latter had at first declined to be interviewed, excusing himself several times. Upon a later attempt on his part General Miles had consented to read what purported to be interviews with him in the New York evening papers of that date and had then expressed himself as represented in the Associated Press dispatches.

Mr. Reid said that General Miles knew he represented the Associated Press and that he was taking notes. On the way to his office he had compared his memoranda with that made by the reporter of the New York Times, who was present at the time, and had found that they agreed substantially.

"I don't claim that the verbiage is absolutely correct," he said, "but I do claim that it is correct in substance and that it does not misrepresent what General Miles said."

Moreover, he had volunteered to submit the interview to General Miles when written out, but the general had said that it was too busy to give attention to it or had made some other excuse. Consequently the general had not seen the article after it was prepared.

The court then adjourned for the day. General Shafter was in the courtroom for a time during the day. He will testify today.

Cancer Microbe Found.

PARIS, April 11.—The Figaro announces that Dr. Bra has discovered the cancer microbe and says there is reason to hope the discovery will soon lead to a certain cure for that dread disease. In an interview on the subject Dr. Bra was modest and cautious in his statements. He said that experiments were proceeding in several hospitals, some of which had had favorable results, but it must be months before a definite announcement will be possible. "What I have succeeded in doing," added Dr. Bra, "is to isolate and cultivate a parasite from cancerous tumors and to produce therefrom cancer in animals."

Negro Preacher Shot.

WAYNESBORO, Ga., April 11.—Three white men Sunday night called R. L. Ellison, a negro preacher, out of his church, where he was conducting services. They abused him on account of testimony which he had given and which had caused the indictment of Allen and Joseph Robinson for assault on W. H. Miller, another colored minister. Ellison insisted that he had told the truth and started toward the church. Just as he reached the door he was fired on and fell on his knees inside the office. He is not expected to survive.

Acting Governor Woodruff Acts.

ALBANY, April 11.—The first act of Lieutenant Governor Woodruff as governor of the state of New York in the absence of Governor Roosevelt was to grant a requisition from the governor of New Jersey for the extradition of John Scott, alias John Robinson, who is under arrest in New York city on the charge of larceny. It is alleged that he stole a valuable watch from his employer in Bergen county, N. J.

Assaulted by a Negro

NO CONSOLIDATION!

Consolidation, or a greater Norwalk, was defeated by a vote of the town last Monday by a small majority of 20, the vote standing 162 in favor to 182 against.

Gen. Russell Frost, the chairman, called the adjourned special town meeting to order at 8 o'clock, and Town Clerk Herbert R. Smith read the minutes of the last meeting and they were approved without amendment.

The chairman stated that through an oversight the appropriation for the highways had not been made at the previous meeting, and upon motion of Selectman Merrill \$5,000 was voted for that purpose.

This cleared the way for the business of the evening, and Chairman Frost stated that the committee provided for at the February meeting had been called together at the rooms of the Norwalk club, all the members being present excepting one. As the former meeting had voted to meet April 10th, the report of the committee was in order.

The chairman or the secretary of that committee failing to respond, Attorney J. Belden Hurlbutt was recognized.

Mr. Hurlbutt started to respond, but was interrupted by Jere Donovan with a point of order to the effect that it was the secretary of the committee who should make the report.

The chairman ruled that inasmuch as neither the chairman of the committee or the secretary had responded when called upon Mr. Hurlbutt was entitled to the floor.

Mr. Hurlbutt said that when he was appointed upon the committee he understood that he was instructed with the others to carry out the wishes of the meeting and formulate a charter. When the committee met it was found that a majority had determined not to carry out those instructions and adjourned.

He had followed the meeting's instructions and prepared a synopsis of a charter in the direction of the meeting and they could adopt or reject it.

Gen. Olmstead moved that the meeting hear the synopsis Mr. Hurlbutt had prepared.

Mr. Donovan inquired if the secretary of the committee was in the room, and received an affirmative answer from that individual.

Gen. Olmstead said he understood that the chairman and secretary had been given an opportunity to report and had not done so and he refused to give way to the secretary.

Harry Payne of Broad River said it was right and proper that Mr. Hurlbutt should go on with the matter. He was the only member of the committee who had followed his instructions and should receive credit for it. George W. Mills said he had resolutions which he desired to frame in charter. He was a member of the committee, but was not allowed to do it. He claimed the privilege to have something to say about it.

Upon motion Mr. Hurlbutt, was empowered to report his charter. On taking the platform Mr. Hurlbutt explained his charter as follows: The first section contained the ordinary form providing for the consolidation of all of the towns of Norwalk into one city.

The second, set forth, who may vote at city elections and meetings.

The third, that annual city meeting be held on the first Monday in October for election of officers. The election to be by plurality instead of majority, and the business meeting be adjourned until the following March when assessments would be completed.

Fourth, contained the method of holding and manner of calling meetings.

Fifth, the election of board of registration.

Sixth, posting notices as required by laws and cities.

Seventh, how and where voting places are designated by wards: Norwalk, South Norwalk, East Norwalk fire district, Five Mile River, Middle Five Mile River and West Norwalk, Broad River, Silvermine and Winnipauk, North Center and Cranbury Plains district.

Ninth, division of town into wards viz., city of Norwalk 7 wards, city of South Norwalk 6, East Norwalk 3, Five

Mile River 1, Middle Five Mile River and West Norwalk 1, Winnipauk 1, Broad River and Silvermine 1, North Center and Cranbury 1, making a total of 21 wards with 200 voters to each ward; some would, however, have an excess of that number and some less, but it was as an equal division as could be arranged.

Mr. Hurlbutt concluded his charter with numerous other sections relating to election of officers, number of councilmen, registrars, assessors, fire department, etc. and their duties and explained their authority, etc. He suggested that the mayor receive a salary of \$500, councilmen \$25, clerk \$1500, treasurer \$300 and collector \$1500. His statements were warmly applauded.

B. W. Maples moved that Mr. Hurlbutt be authorized and instructed, at the expense of the town, to complete a charter on the lines of his synopsis and give the complete charter to Representative Light to present to the Legislature for action.

Mr. Donovan was recognized and called attention to several previous town meetings at which committees had been appointed to carry out certain instructions, but had never reported. This in reference to the failure of the majority of the committee on consolidation to report.

Mr. Hurlbutt raised the point of order that the reference was not germane to the question, some one else not having done his duty was no excuse for others failing to do as instructed.

Mr. Donovan continuing said that he was not constituted with that intellectual disease like some of those who advocated consolidation. He believed Gladstone called it megalomania. He then read several abstracts from Lord Salisbury on the consolidation of the city of London, and referred to the capable government of the city of South Norwalk, saying, "All we ask in South Norwalk is that you take in all the area you can, but leave us out." He referred to the water works, electric light system, and concluded by saying, "Why prepare a charter when the citizens of every hamlet have said that they do not want it?"

Mr. Donovan's remarks were warmly applauded.

William Worden, of East Norwalk, following Mr. Donovan in favor of consolidation, making several telling hits against South Norwalk. He was followed in turn by Harry Payne, who opposed the charter. Then the question was ordered.

Thomas Hopper suggested that a vote be taken by ballot.

E. M. Lockwood amended the suggestion that the vote be had by a show of hands.

Mr. A. Solman amended Mr. Lockwood's motion by substituting "standing," which amendment Mr. Lockwood accepted and the vote was ordered to be taken by standing and holding up the hand.

The vote was taken by sections, the chair appointing Messrs. R. H. Golden, Gould Hoyt, J. E. Russell, C. J. Ferris, H. A. Mathewson and W. H. Smith tellers.

The vote resulted as follows:

Whole number, 344
Yes, 162
No, 182

Consolidation was declared defeated and the meeting adjourned amidst the cheers of the anti-consolidationists.

JAS. H. OLMSTEAD DEAD.

Former State's Attorney for Fairfield County Dies of Paralysis.

James H. Olmstead, who was stricken with paralysis nearly a year ago, died at his home in Stamford Monday night. He was born in Ridgefield about 70 years ago, studied law in the office of Charles Hawley, who was afterwards lieutenant governor, and was admitted to the Fairfield county bar in 1854. He had been judge of probate and a member of the general assembly that abolished New Haven as the state capital.

In 1874 he was appointed state's attorney for Fairfield county and held that office until succeeded by Samuel Fessenden, the present official. He was a Democrat. He is survived by a widow, one son and three daughters.

Canning Factory Proposed.

At a meeting of Danbury farmers Saturday, twenty shares of \$25 each were pledged for a company to establish a canning factory. The farmers are greatly interested, for it will mean an additional market for vegetables and fruit.

Forty-five Drowned in Collision.

MALTA, April 12.—The British steamer Kingswell, Captain Humphreys, has arrived here and reports being in collision with the Greek coaster Maria in latitude 36, longitude 22, on April 9, in the Mediterranean, off the coast of Tripoli. The Maria was sunk, 45 persons going down with her. The Kingswell left Alexandria last month for Suva.

She was uninsured.

THE NORWALK CLUB.

Annual Meeting and Election of Officers Held Last Evening.

THE CLUB PROSPEROUS.

Henry P. Price Re-elected President—Reports Read Were of a Satisfactory Nature.

The annual meeting of the Norwalk club was held Monday evening. The attendance was not large, possibly owing to the fact that many of the members were at the town meeting.

The annual reports showed the club to be in a prosperous condition both as to membership and finance.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

- President—Henry P. Price. Vice-president—H. Whitmore Gregory. Secretary—Seymour Curtis. Treasurer—Charles E. Curtis. Directors—Charles Olmstead, George M. Holmes, Edward Street, Joseph C. Randle, James G. Gregory, James Golden, William F. Bishop, Charles F. Tristram. Council—Horace E. Dann, Gould Hoyt, John P. Treadwell, Frederick H. Quintard, Robert Van Buren, Jr., Frank Street, James W. Maples, William M. Betts, Allen G. Betts, Victor S. Selleck, Winfield H. Baldwin, D. Warren Fitch. Auditors—Lewis C. Green, Samuel Lyles.

Sunday Service on Consolidated Will Be Increased On April 16.

The Consolidated road will begin on next Sunday to run the Sunday trains which the new law allows.

In all probability the two express trains leaving Boston and New York at 10:03 in the morning will be the trains selected for the new Sunday service. These trains are the regular week day expresses and will run on their usual schedule.

No other new trains will be run at present but they will be put on as fast as the demand for them makes itself known. It has been the intention, so it is said, of the officials of the road to put on the new trains as soon as Governor Lounsbury signed the bill, and it was generally expected that the new trains would have started in Sunday. The amount of traffic which each of these trains will haul will be considered with interest, as its size will indicate in a way the real demand for the trains.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Former United States Senator Tabot died at Denver.

The glassblowers' strike at Bridgeton, N. J., has begun.

Dr. James B. Gibson, a well known oculist, died at Colorado Springs.

The United States industrial commission has decided to investigate trusts.

Floods in Montana have done great damage, 12 lives being lost at Glendive.

The auxiliary cruiser Yosemite has arrived at New York to fit out for Manila.

New industries are to be introduced in Sing Sing prison to employ the idle convicts.

Richard Derrick, a clerk in the New York assembly, was stricken at his desk and died in a few moments.

The Jefferson day banquet of the Monticello club of Chicago has been abandoned because of Democratic dissensions.

Naval Repairs Discussed.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The board of naval bureau chiefs yesterday decided to alter the cruiser Cincinnati by taking out the present Scotch shell boilers and replacing them with water tube boilers aggregating 7,500 horse power. The board also discussed at length the feature of the new 3,000 ton cruisers to be built, particularly the degree to which electricity shall be used, but no definite conclusions were reached.

A Gift For Oberlin.

BERLIN, O., April 12.—President Barrows of Oberlin college has announced the gift of \$50,000 for the purpose of building and equipping a chemical laboratory. Dr. Barrows received the pledge shortly after he was elected to the presidency in January, but the conditions were that the affair should be kept quiet until some other matters are consummated. The building is to be ready for use by next fall.

SHAFTER TESTIFIES.

He Tells the Beef Court That the Beef Was Good.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Major General Shafter, who conducted the campaign against Santiago, was the principal witness before the beef inquiry board yesterday. His statements differed little from his testimony before the war investigating committee. He said he ate canned roast beef cold and found it not disagreeable. The refrigerated beef was as fine as any he had ever eaten. The men who suffered for lack of food had only themselves to blame. If there had been mistakes, congress, which provides the rations and clothing of soldiers, was responsible. He admitted that he had never heard of canned roast beef before the war. While it was not very palatable in the tropics, he thought it would be very good in a cold climate. Some of the Pennsylvania volunteers gave direct testimony as to the tainted character of the refrigerated beef and the canned roast beef. One of them testified that beef aboard the Mississippi had maggots in it.

General Shafter sneered at Colonel Roosevelt's complaints of the food furnished to the Rough Riders and intimated that if supplies for Roosevelt's regiment were short it was the fault of the officers.

Sensation at the George Trial.

CANTON, O., April 12.—Counsel for the prosecution in the trial of Mrs. Annie E. George for the murder of George D. Saxton created an immense sensation yesterday by making known that witnesses for the state were the objects of intimidation. Surprise was general when it became known that the alleged interference is charged against one who is in a sense an official of the court and whose neutrality both sides had a right to expect. Sheriff Zaiser is greatly incensed at the affair, and if the charges are sustained there will be a vacancy in his staff if contempt of court proceedings are not taken.

The Glass Blowers' Strike.

BRIDGETON, N. J., April 12.—Some of the glass blowers who went out on strike from the factories are leaving to take places at the union factories in other cities. It is expected that by the end of the week at least 150 will have left. President Hayes says he has plenty of applications and that most of the striking blowers will be provided with places. Everything is orderly. The Cumberland factory is the only one in operation here, but the Cohasney company is getting ready to start up. The companies have agents out endeavoring to employ blowers.

The Stars and Stripes in Africa.

NEW YORK, April 12.—Rear Admiral Howison, commanding the south Atlantic squadron, expects to leave the navy yard in Brooklyn on the cruiser Chicago next week to circumnavigate Africa. The Chicago, which is the flagship of the south Atlantic squadron, will reach Cape Town, it is expected, in six months. The purpose of the cruise is to show the United States flag to the people in Africa.

Leased by New York Capitalists.

KINGSTON, N. Y., April 12.—The plant of the Diamond Truck company here has been leased by a company of New York capitalists and will be used for the manufacture of autotrucks and automobiles. Former State Banking Superintendent Charles M. Preston of the Diamond Truck company will be one of the directors of the new company. Two hundred men, it is said, will be employed.

Railway strike imminent.

TORONTO, April 12.—Unless the demands of the locomotive engineers and firemen on the Grand Trunk railway are met there is every probability that a strike will be inaugurated shortly. The two principal demands of the men are a readjustment of working hours and an increase in wages.

Germany Wants Answer First.

LONDON, April 11.—Germany, according to the Berlin correspondent of The Standard, will not appoint the German member of the Samoan commission until her protest has been answered by Great Britain and the United States.

Catholic Educators Meet.

CHICAGO, April 12.—Roman Catholic educators from half a hundred American colleges and universities met in Chicago today to attend a conference which opened with solemn high mass at St. James' church at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

ATNA INSURANCE CO., of Hartford, Incorporated 1812. Charter perpetual. Capital and Assets, \$5,902,272.64. Insures against loss and damage by FIRE terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with the laws of compensation. COWLES & MERRILL, Sole agents for Norwalk and vicinity.

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PINK AND WHITE OUTING COSTUME FROM HARPER'S BAZAR

Pink and White Outing Costume. Among the most dainty of summer fabrics are the light colored jeans. Like the popular pique this material may be obtained in the very deep shades of bright colors as well as in white and medium shades. Black jeans is a summer novelty which is scarcely likely to prove as popular as black pique, because of the brownish tint which is always seen upon it, even while new. In the lighter shades of gray, blue, rose pink and reds the satiny finish becomes an especial attraction. Our design taken from HARPER'S BAZAR and for which cut paper patterns are furnished is described as follows. The skirt has a gored front breadth and two side gores making in all three pieces in the skirt. There is an allowance at the bottom of this garment for a six-inch hem. The position for the trimming, which consists of double folds of dotted jeans stitched at the upper edge of the skirt, is marked upon the pattern. The folds have a further finish of white cotton braid stitched flat upon the edges. Where desired this trimming scheme may be reversed, and the braid made to cover the stitching upon the top of the fold. The folds should be made of bias material, and care should be exercised in fitting the points in back and front of the gown and of the collar. The skirt is finished with two single pleats in the back which meet in the centre. The bodice is a kind of bloused and belted Eton. It has a seamless back, with but the merest suggestion of gathering in the centre at the waist. The front is slightly full, and even suggests a pouch; but where this is not desired the material may be drawn smooth, so that the small flaring revers will just meet the band. In the original design these began above this point, as may be seen in the illustration. The collar is a dainty development of the sailor-shaped neck garniture. The revers and collars are edged with bands of the dotted material outlined with braid. This jacket may be worn with blouse or chemisette, as may be preferred. The front meets just below where the collar points converge, and a fancy tie, of which a pattern is included with the costume, is tied in a sailor-knot at this point. This tie does not pass around the neck of the bodice, but is attached just under the points of the collar. It may be made of taffeta, mousseline, or of bright Persian silk. The sleeve is large enough to admit of wearing a thin under-blouse sleeve if desired. They are box-pleated at the shoulder, and finished at the wrist with deep turned-back cuffs edged with cotton braid. The design is one which would be effective if treated in blue flannel for yachting purposes, or in such lightweight black or colored material as Henrietta cloth or cashmere. This costume will require 12 1/2 yards of pique or jeans to make it as represented in the illustration.

The New York Weekly Tribune

FOR EVERY member of EVERY family on EVERY farm, in EVERY village, EVERY State, or Territory. Education, FOR Noble Manhood, FOR True Womanhood.

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